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THE

STATUTES

OF

THE UNITED KINGDOM

OF

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Passed in the FIFTH Session of the FOURTH Parlament

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31. An Act to continue, during the present War and until the Expiration of Six Calendar Months after the Ratification of a A 3 Definitive of the City of *Dublin*, by making wide and convenient Paffages through the fame.

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31. An Act to continue, during the present War and until the Expiration of Six Calendar Months after the Ratification of a A 3 Definitive

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108. An Act to revive and continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and amend for much of an Act, made in the Thirty ninth and Fortieth Year of His present Majerty, as grants certain Allowances to Adjutants and Serjeant Majors of the Militia of England, disembodied under an Act of the same Session of Parliament.

100. An Act for making Allowances in certain cases to Subaltern Officers of the Militia in Great Britain, while disembodied. 327

10. An Act to prevent the counterfeiting of Silver Pieces denominated Tokens, intended to be iffued and circulated by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, for the respective Sums of Five Shillings and Six Pence, Three Shillings, and One Shilling and Six Pence; and to prevent the bringing into the Kingdom or uttering any such counterfeit Pieces or Tokens.

101.

11t. An A& for permitting Sir William Bifbop and George Bifbop to continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, the Manusacture of Maidsone Geneva; for charging the same with certain Duties; and for rectifying a Mis-

take

take in an A& of this Session, for empowering the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury to exonerate Diffillers of Spirits from Sugar from the Excess of Duties therein mentioned. 212. An Act for enabling His Majesty to raise the Sum of Three Millions for the Service of Great Britain. 113. An Act for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lotteries. 114. An Act to permit the Services of the Regiment of Miners. of Cornwall and Devon to be extended to Ireland. 115. An Act for amending the Act Forty third George Third, to promote the building, repairing or otherwise providing the Churches and Chapels, and of Houses for the Residence of Ministers, and the providing of Church Yards and Glebes. 216. An Act to enable His Majesty to grant a Piece of Ground within the Tower of London, to be used as an additional Burial Ground for Persons dying within the said Tower. 217. An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Sums of Money out of the Confolidated Fund of Great Britain; and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Sellion of Parliament. 218. An Act to permit the Interchange of the British and Irish Militias respectively. a19. An Act for repealing Two Acts made in the Forty second and Forty seventh Years of His present Majesty, for the more effectual Administration of the Office of a Justice of the Peace, in such Parts of the Counties of Middlesex and Surrey as lie in or near the Metropolis, and for the more effectual Prevention of Felonies; and for making other Provisions in lieu thereof; to continue in force until the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and from thence until the Expiration of Six Weeks from the Commencement of the then next Session of Par-220. An Act to amend an Act of the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, for more effectually preventing the stealing of 121. An Act to suspend the Payment of all Drawbacks on Spirits made or distilled in Great Britain or Izeland, and exported from either Country to the other respectively; and to suspend the lmportation into Great Britain of any Spirits made or distilled in Ireland, except such as shall have been warehoused according to Law; and for regulating the Exportation of Home-made Spirits from Great Britain to Ireland and from Ireland to Great Baitain, until Three Months after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament.

222. An Act to continue, until the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, an Act for appointing Commissioners to enquire and examine into the Nature and Extent of the several Bogs in Ireland, and the Practicability of draining and cultivating them, and the best means of effecting the same.

123. An Act for the Relief of certain Insolvent Dentors in Ireland.

Ibid.

124. An Act further to extend and render more effectual certain Provisions of an Act passed in the Twelsth Year of the Reign of His

frivolous and vexatious Arrefts; and of an Act passed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second, to explain, amend and render more effectual the said former Act; and of Two Acts passed in the Nineteenth and Forty third Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, extending the Provisions of the said former Acts.

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125. An Act for the Relief of certain Insolvent Debtors in England.

126. An Act to extend an Act made in the Eighteenth Year of His late Majesty King George the Second, to explain and amend the Laws touching the Elections of Knights of the Shire to serve in Parliament for England, respecting the Expences of Hustings and Poll Clerks, fo far as regards the City of Westminster.

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the Current Gold Coin of the Realm from being paid or accepted for a greater Value than the Current Value of fuch Coin; for preventing any Note or Bill of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England from being received for any smaller Sum than the Sum therein specified; and for staying Proceedings upon any Distress by Tender of such Notes.

128. An Act to explain an Act patied in this present Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act to permit the Interchange of the British and Irish Militias respectively.

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LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS

TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED;

OR PRINTED COPIES WHEREOF ARE DECLARED TO BE EVIDENCE.

i. A. N Act for enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty for rebuilding the Parish Church of East Grinslead, in the County of Suffex.

Page 436

ii. An A& for more effectually repairing the Road from the Seffions House in the Town of Buckingham to Hanwell, in the County of Oxford.

1bid.

iii. An Act to continue the Term and enlarge the Powers of Three Acts of the Twentieth Year of His late Majesty, and the Eighth and Twenty ninth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Sanderland near the Sea to the City of Durham.

iv. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from Beverley to the Ferry at Hessle, and from the Malton Guide Post to the Gravel Pit at Cottingham, in the County of York. 437

v. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His prefent Majesty, for repairing the Road from Odibam, in the County of Southampton, to Farabam, in the County of Surrey. Ibid. An Act for continuing and amending an Act of His present Majesty for repairing the Road from Bishop Wearmouth to Norton,

the County of Durbam.

Ibid.

vii. An

mi. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Hamlet of Rangeworthy. in the Parish of Thornbury, in the County of Gloucester. Page 437 viii. An Act for lighting, watching and improving the Streets and other public Passages within the Town of Ware, in the County of Hertford.

ix. An Act for better paving, lighting, cleanfing, watching and otherwife improving the Town of Bury Saint Edmund's, in the County

of Suffolk. Ibid. x, An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Bridge on the Old River at Barton to Brandon Bridge, in the County of

Suffolk. gi. An Act for enabling the Company of Proprietors of the Croydon Canal to raise Money to complete the said Canal and Works, and for amending the former Acts passed relative thereto.

Itid.

zii. An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and amending the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Golden Grove Park to the Turnpike Road leading from the new Bridge to the Lime Kilns, and other Roads in the faid Acts mentioned, in the County of Carmarthen; and for making Two new Branches of Road to communicate with the faul Roads.

miii. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Hyde Park Corner to Counter's Bridge, and certain other Roads in the County of Middlesex.

ziv. An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of so much of an Act of His late Majesty, for making a Road for the Passage of Troops and Carriages, from the City of Carlifle to the Town of Newcastle upon Tyne, as relates to the County of Cumberland.

Ibid. Ev. An Act for widening and improving the Street called the Nethergate, in the Burgh of Dundee, in the County of Forfar. Ibid,

zvi. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from the South Gate of King's Lynn into the Parishes of East Walton, Narborough, Stoke Ferry and Downham Market, in the County of Norfolk.

wii. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from the East Gate of King's Lynn to the North End of Babingley Lane, and to extend the Road from thence to Darfingbam in the County of Norfolk.

Ibid. aviii. An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts for making and repairing the Roads from Living flune, by the Kirk of Shotts, to the City of Glasgow, and other Roads and Bridges therein mentioned. Ibid.

xix. An Act for repairing the Road leading from Shankbill in the County of Kilkenny, to the City of Waterford.

xx. An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of Three Acts of His present Majesty, for making and repairing the Roads from the New Bridge over the Water of Almond, on the Confines of the Counties of Edinburgh and Linlithgow, by the Town of Bathgate to Baillieston, in the County of Lanark, and several other Roads mentioned in the faid Acts. xxi, An

226, An A& for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Whichham, in the County of Durham.

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226. An A& for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Barnham Broom, and Parish or Hambet of Bickerflone, in the County of Norfolk.

Ibid.

226. An A& for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Finchley, in the

County of Middleses Ibid.

Exiv. An Act for inclosing and exonerating from Tythes, Lands in the Townships of Lune, Holwick and Romaldkirk, in the North

the Townships of Lune, Holwick and Romaldkirk, in the North Riding of the County of York.

1bid.

22v. An Act for inclosing certain Lands in the Hamlets of Chadi

Ington West, Chadlington East and Chilson, in the Parish of Chadlington West, Chadlington East and Chilson, in the Parish of Charlbury, in the County of Oxford.

xxvi. An A& for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Bywell Sains.

Peter, in the County of Northumberland.

Ibid.

exvii. An Act to continue and amend an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Norwich to Aylfham, in the County of Norfold; and to make and maintain the Road from Aylfham to Cromer, and Part of the Road leading towards Wolterton, branching off from the Gromer Road, to the Eagle Inn in Erpingham, in the said County.

1bid,

xxviii. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His prefent Majesty, for repairing the Road from Dudley to the New Inn, Pattingham, and also the Road from Shut End, to join the Wolverhampton Turnpike Road, in the Counties of Worcester, Stafford and Salop.

Ibid.

Exist. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts for repairing the Road from Harlow Bush Common, in the Parish of Harlow, to Woodford, in the County of Essex, and the Road from Epping, through the Parishes of Northweald, Bassett, Bobbingworth, High Ongar, Chipping Ongar and Shelley, to the Four Want Way, in the Parish of Shelley, and from thence through the Parishes of High Ongar and Norton Mandeville, to the Parish of Writtle, in the laid County.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Hatfield, Thorne and Fishlake, in the Manor of Haitefeld, in the West Riding of the County of Tork.

of the County of Tork.

Ibid.

Exxi. An Act for amending the Road from Barton Bridge into the Manchester and Altrincham Turnpike Road; and also a Branch therefrom, into the said Turnpike Road; all in the County of Lancaster.

Ibid.

Rates in the Parish of Christ Church in the County of Surrey; for better regulating the Poor thereof; and for cleansing, watching, lighting and otherwise improving the Streets, Lanes and other Public Passages and Places in the said Parish, and for other Purpose relating thereto.

Exxiv. An Act for erecting and maintaining a Harbour and Works connected therewith, at Dunyre, in the County of Ayr. Ibid.

maxiv. An Act for paying, lighting and cleanfing the City of Perth, and for maintaining Police and good Order within the faid City.

Repair the Streets, Lanes and other Passages in the Royal Burgh

of Kirkcaldy, in the County of Fife, for the better supplying the Inhabitants thereof with Water; and for other Purpoles of Utility

to the faid Burgh.

xxxvi. An Act to amend an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Twenty fixth Year of His present Majesty, for making and repairing Public Roads in the County of Dublin, with respect to the Roads within those Parts of the Baronies of Uppercross and Newcastle, which are situate on the South East Side of the great Turnpike Road leading from Dublin to Cork, by Rathcoole and

xxxvii. An Act for continuing several Acts for laying a Duty of Two Pennies Scots, or One Sixth Part of a Penny Sterling, on every Pint of Ale, Beer or Porter, that shall be vended or fold

within the Town of Dumfries and Privileges thereof.

xxxviii. An Act for building and maintaining a Bridge over the Water of Doon, which runs between the Parishes of Ayr and Maybole, in the County of Ayr.

maxix. An Act for building a Bridge over the River North Esk near the Village of Marykirk, in the County of Kincardine. al. An Act for more effectually repairing certain Roads in the County of Berwick, and for building a Bridge over the River

Whitadder, in the faid County.

ali. An Act to continue and enlarge the Term and Powers of Two Acts of Ilis present Majesty, for repairing the Road leading from Berwick upon Tweed, by Ayton Bridge, to Dunglas Bridge; and the Roads from Billie Caufeway and Preston Bridge, to join the faid Road at or near Cockburnspath Tower, in the County of Ber-

xlii. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts of His present Majesty, for making and maintaining the Roads communicating with the West India and East India Docks, and for repairing the Cannon Street Road, and for making and maintaining 2 Hew Road to Barking, and a Road from the Romford and Whitechapel Road to Tilbury Fort, in the Counties of Middlesen and

xlin. An Act for improving the Navigation from the Hythe at Colshefter to Wivenboe in the County of Effex; and for better paving, lighting, watching, cleanfing and improving the faid Town of Colchester.

aliv. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from the Wem and Whitchurch Road, to the Sandford and Hodnet Road, both

in the County of Salop.

alv. An Act to continue and amend Two Acts of His present Majesty for repairing several Roads leading from the Bell, in Stoke Ferry, in the County of Norfolk, and the Road from Methwold Warren House to a Place called the Devil's Ditch, in the said County.

slvi. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Abingdon to Swinford, in the County of Berks.

xIvii. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Vinehall, in the County of Suffex, to Cripps's Corner, and from thence to Staplecross, and from Cripps's Corner to the Town of Rye, in the Itid. izid County.

zlviii. An

xlviii. An Act for repairing and improving the Roads leading to and from Tiverton, in the County of Devon.

Page 442 xlix. An Act for regulating the Rates and Charges to be received by the London Dock Company, upon Wines and Spirits landed

and warehoused in the London Docks. Ibid

1. An Act for vefting certain Estates late of the Right Honourable George Lord Viscount Sackville deceased, situate in the Borough Town and Parish of East Grinstead, in the County of Sussex, in Trustees, upon Trust to sell the same; and to lay out the Monies thence arising in the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled to the same Uses as the Estates so sold.

li. An Act for effectually separating the several Churches or Chapelries of Nailsea and Bourton otherwise Flax Bourton otherwise Boreton, in the County of Somerset, from the Rectory and Parish Church of Wraxball, in the said County, and for uniting the several Churches or Chapelries of Nailsea and Bourton otherwise Flax Bourton otherwise Boreton asoresaid, into and making the same one distinct and separate Rectory.

1bid.

lii. An A& for inclosing Lands in Scarning, Hoe, Worthing and Dillington, in the County of Norfolk. Ibid.

liii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor, Lordship or Forest of Westward, in the Parish of Westward, in the County of Cumberland. Ibid.

liv. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of Cholmondestun, in the Parish of Allon, in the County of Chester. Ibid.

Iv. An Act for inclosing certain Tracts, or Parcels of Common and Waste Grounds, called Fulwood Moor and Cadeley Moor, within and Parcel of the Forest of Fulwood, in the County Palatine of Lancaster. Ibid.

Ivi. An A& for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Long Compton, in the County of Warwick.

Ivii. An Act for inclosing and exonerating from Tythes, Lands in the Parishes of Great Paxton and Tofeland, in the County of Huntingdon.
Ibid.

Iviii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships of Wigton, Woodfide and Waverton, within and Parcel of the Barony of Wigton in the County of Cumberland.

1bid,

lix. An Act for including Lands in the Parish of Saint John the Baptist, Peterborough, in the County of Northampton. Ibid.

Ix. An Act for making a Navigable Canal from the River Avon, at or near Morgan's Pill, in the Parish of Easton in Gordano otherwise Saint George's, in the County of Somerset, to or near the River Tone, in the Parish of Saint James in Taunton, in the said County, and a certain navigable Cut therein described. Ibid.

lxi. An A& for paving, lighting, cleanling, widening and otherways improving the Streets of the Burgh of *Dunfermline*, increasing the Supply of Water, extending the Royalty of the iaid Burgh; and for other Purposes therein mentioned relative thereto. *Ibid.*

1xii. An Act for repealing so much of an Act of the Thirty ninth and Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Village of Magor to the Bridge Foot in the Town of Chepstow, in the County of Monmouth; and several other Roads in the Counties of Monmouth, Gloucester, Hereford and Bracon, as relates to the Newport District of Roads; and for granting 51 GEO. III.

further and other Powers for repairing the Roads in the faid District. Page 450 lxiii. An Act for rendering more effectual feveral Acts for repairing the Turppike Road from Cramond Bridge to the Town of Queensferry in the County of Lialithgow; and for altering and repairing the High Road leading from the West End of the Town of Queensferry to the Town of Linlithgow. lxiv. An Act for providing a Workhouse for the Use of the Parish of Saint Mary le Strand, in the County of Middlesex, and Liberty of Wellminsler; and for better paving, lighting, cleanling and watching the faid Parish; and for other Purposes therein mentioned. lxv. An Act for continuing the Term and amending the Powers of an Act for repairing the Road leading from Robeston Wathan to Saint Clears, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of Pembroke and Carmarihen. Ibid. lxvi. An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act of His present Majesty, for maintaining and improving the Docks and Warehouses, called The Commercial Docks, in the Parish of Saint Mary Rotherbithe, in the County of Surrey; and for extending the Powers of the faid Act. Ibið. lavil. An Act for velting in the Justices of the Peace for the County of Rulland the New Gaol and Bridewell for that County, and the Ground purchased for the Scites thereof, and for confirming certain Rates and Proceedings relative thereto. kwiii. An Act to repeal certain Parts of an Act of His present Majesty for building Two Chapels, and providing Burial Grounds thereto, in the Town of Birmingham, in the County of Warwick, and for amending the faid Act. lxix. An Act for building and establishing a Church or Chapel of Ease, at Buxton, in the County of Derby. Ibid. Ixx. An Act for erecting and maintaining a Bridge over the River Clyde, near Garion and Dalferf, in the County of Lanark. Ibid. Ixxi. An Act for repealing to much of an Act of His present Majesty, as relates to making a Public Way over Fofdyke Wash, in the County of Lincols; and for granting further Powers for building a Bridge over the faid Wash. Ibid. laxii. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majetty, for repairing the Road from Bramban Bridge, in the County of Bedford, to Olacy, and other Places, in the County of Bucks. Ibid. Ixxiii. An A& for cularging the Term and Powers of Two A&s of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Derby to Manifield, and several other Roads in the County of Nattingbam. laxiv. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from the Guide Post below Haddon, out of the Bakewell Turnpike Road, by Grange Mill, into the Bentley and Afbbourne Tumpike Road, in the County of Derby. kexy. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from Little Sheffield, in the County of York, to Sparrow Pit Gate, and several other Places in the County of Derby; and for amending and making certain other Roads to communicate therewith. Ibid.

lexvi. An

Ixxvi. An Act to continue and amend an Act of His present
Majety for repairing the Road from Fosbrook, in the Parish o
Dillorn, to Chedleton, in the County of Stafford. Page 46.
lxxvii. An Act for continuing and amending Two Acts of Hi present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from Baldock to Royston
and from Royston to Bourn Bridge, in the Counties of Hertsore
and Cambridge. Ibid
lxxviii. An Act for continuing and amending several Acts for re
pairing the Roads from Stevenage, in the County of Hertford, to
Biggleswade, in the County of Bedford; and other Roads therein
described. Ibid
Ixxix. An Act for reviving, continuing and enlarging the Term and
Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road
from Wimborne Minster to Blandford Forum, in the County of Dorfet.
IXXX. An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from or
near a Place called The Five Oaks, in the Parish of Billing burft
in the County of Suffex, to join the Horsbam and Guildford
Turnpike Road on Broadbridge Heath, in the faid County. 465
lxxxi. An Act for continuing and amending Two Acts of His
present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from Golford Green, in
the Parish of Cranbrooke, to the Tumpike Road in the Parish of
Sandburst, and from the Green near Beneaden Church to Rolvenden Cross, in the County of Kent. Ibid.
Ixxxii. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of Two Acts of
His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads to and from
Shawbury, in the County of Salop. Ibid.
Ixxxiii. An Act for allotting and inclosing Lands in the Parish of
Brightwell, in the County of Berks.
lxxxiv. An Act for enclosing Lands in the Parish of Fyfield, in the
County of Berks. Isxxv. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Garfington in the
County of Oxford. Ibid
lxxxvi. An Act for enclosing, and exonerating from Tythes, Lands
in the Parish of Little Ponton otherwise Little Paunton, in the
County of Lincoln. Ibid.
lxxxvii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manors of Llanfyllin and
Mechen Uchoed, in the County of Montgomery. Ibid. lxxxviii. An Act for inclosing, and exonerating from Tythes, Lands
in the Parish of Somerby, in the Country of Lincoln. Ibid.
Ixxxix. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of Teirtref, in the
County of Montgomery. Ibid.
xc. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of Beeley, in the
County of Derby. 466
xci. An Act for inclosing, and exonerating from Tithes Lands in
the Parish of Wilden, in the County of Bedford. Thid.
xcii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Affley, in the
County of Warcester. Zciii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Westbury upon
Trym, Henbury and Compton Greenfield, in the County of Gloucefter.
Ibid
xciv. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manors and Townships of
Leighton and Thornton, in the Parish of Great Nesson, in the County
of Chefter. Ibid

xcv. An Act for allotting, and exonerating from Tithes, Lands in the Parishes of Great Chishill and Little Chishill, in the County of Effex. Page 466. xcvi. An Act for inclosing, and exonerating from Tithes, Lands in the Parish of Pirton, in the County of Hertford. Ibid. sevii. An Act for inclosing, and exonerating from Tithes, Lands in the Township of Osgodby, and Parish of Hemingbrough, in the East Riding of the County of York. xcviii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Lyons, Kill, Clonoclis, Celbridge and Donnacomport, in the County of Kildare. xcix. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Stewkley, in the County of Buckingham. c. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Woolhampton, and other Parishes and Places therein mentioned, in the County of Berks.ci. An Act for more effectually repairing and improving certain Roads in the County of Stirling, and the Road from or near from the West End of the Town of Linlithgow to Stirling, in the Counties of Linlithgow and Stirling. cii. An Act for improving the Town of Plymouth, in the County of Devon. ciii. An Act to enable Doctor Robert John Thornton to dispose of his Collection of Paintings, Drawings and Engravings, together with several Copies of certain Books therein mentioned, by way of Chance. Ibid. civ. An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for paving, cleansing, lighting and watching the Parish of Saint Michael, in the Liberties of the City of Limerick, and adjoining the faid City, and for preventing and removing Nuilances therein. cv. An Act for enlarging the Powers of several Acts of His present Majesty, for making and maintaining the Birmingham Canal Navigations, and for further extending and improving the same. cvi. An Act for making and maintaining a navigable Canal and a Railway or Tram Read from the River Burry, at or near the Village of Penclawdd, in the Parish of Lanridian, into the Township or Borough of Loughor; and divers Branches therefrom, all Ibid. in the County of Glamorgan.

cvii. An Act for better affelling and collecting the Poor and other Parochial Rates of the Parish of Clapham, in the County of Surrey; and to alter, enlarge, rebuild or repair the present Workhouse, and to regulate the Poor thereof, and for other Purposes relating thereto; and to amend so much of an Act of the Fourteenth Year of His present Majesty, for rebuilding a Parish Church,

cviii. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from Ipjwich to the Scole Inn Road, and from Claydon to the Bury St. Edmund's Road, and from Taxley Bull to Eye and Lauthorn Green, in the County of Suffolk.

Ibid.

as relates to the affeffing the Church Rates by the Land Tax.

cix. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from Kingflow upon Thames to Leatherhead, in the County of Surrey.

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23 cx. An

ex. As Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads leading to and through the Town of Goudburft, in the County of Kent. Page 468 exi. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from Long Prefton to Sawley, in the West Riding of the County of York. exii. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts, of . His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from Brimmington and Chefterfield, to several Places, all in the County of Derby. Ibid. exili. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act, of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Little Yarmouth to Blythburgh, and from Brampton to Halesworth, in the County of Suffolk. exiv. An Act for effectuating an Agreement between the Reverend Anthony Hamilton Doctor of Divinity, Rector of the Rectory and Parish Church of Great Hadham, in the County of Hertford, and James Gordon Esquire; and for accelerating the Sale to the said James Gordon of certain Lands heretofore enjoyed, as Parcel of the faid Rectory, for the Purpose of redeeming the Land Tax of fuch Rectory. exv. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township and Parish of Seaton Ross, in the East Riding of the County of York. exvi. An Act to enable the Master and Brethren of the Hospital of King James, in Gate/head, in the County of Durham, to grant Leases of Lands thereto belonging, and to enable the Lord Bishop of Durbam to make Statutes and Ordinances for the Government of the faid Hospital. exvii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Newmarket and Com, in the County of Flint. exviii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Llanarmon. Llandegla and Bryneglewys, in the Counties of Denbigh and Flint. Ibid. exix. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Fundenhall and Ashapellthorpe, in the County of Norfolk. exx. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Stoke Talmage, in the County of Oxford. exxi. An Act for inclosing and embanking Lands within the Townships of Warton with Lindeth and Silverdale, in the Parish of Warton, in the County Palatine of Lancaster. exxii. An Act for making and maintaining a Railway from or near the Public Wharf of the Brecknock and Abergavenny Canal, in the Parish of Saint John the Evangelist, in the County of Brecon, to or near to a certain Place called Parton Crose, in the Parish of Eardissey, in the County of Hereford, caxiii. An Act for making a Railway from the Brecknock and Abergavenny Capal, in the Parish of Llanwenarth, to or near to Llanvihangel Crucorney, in the County of Monmouth. exxiv. An Act for inclosing, draining and embanking Lands in Braunton, in the County of Devon.

Ibid. exxv. An Act for more equally affelling and collecting the Poor Rates, in the Parish of Bromley Saint Leonard, in the County of gexvi. An Act for repairing, enlarging and improving the Parish Church of Hungerford, in the Counties of Barks and Wilts. Ibid.

cxxvii. An

cxxvii. An Act for more effectually making and repairing certain Roads in the County of Haddington; and for rendering more effectual the Statute Labour of the faid County. Page 470 cxxviii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of Pudfey, in the

Parish of Calverley, in the West Riding of the County of York.

Ibid.

exxix. An Act for inclosing Lands in, or belonging to the Parishes of Caissor, North Kelsey, South Kelsey, Clixby, Grassy and Searby cum Owmby, in the County of Lincoln.

1bid.

exxx. An Act for dividing, allotting and inclosing Lands, in the several Parishes of Biddestone Saint Nicholas, Biddestone Saint Peters

and Slaughterford, in the County of Wilte.

cxxxi. An Act for inclosing Quernmore Moor within and Parcel of the Forest of Quernmore, in the Parish of Lancaster, in the County Palatine of Lancaster.

Ibid.

exxii. An Act for enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His prefent Majefty, for inclosing and embanking the Marsh called Malldraeth and Corfddaugou, in the County of Anglesey; and for draining and preserving the inclosed Lowlands contiguous thereto. Ibid.

exxxiii. An Act for making and maintaining a Railway from or near Spittal, in the County of Durbam, to Kelfo, in the County of Roxburgh; and for erecting and maintaining a Bridge over the River Tweed from the Parish of Norbam, in the County of Durbam, to the Parish of Coldstream, in the County of Berwick.

1bid.

exxxiv. An Act for providing a Chapel of Ease and an additional Burial Ground for the Parish of Saint Mary Islington, in the County of Middlesex.

1866.

exxxv. An Act for authorizing the Payment into the Bank of England, under the Direction of His Majesty's High Court of Chancery, in the Name of the Accountant General of the said Court, of the Portions provided for the younger Children of the Most Honourable Arthur late Marquis of Downshire, by the Most Honourable Mary now Marchioness Dowager of Downshire and Baroness Sandys, by the Settlement made after, in pursuance of Articles executed before their Marriage, and for exonerating the Estates comprised in the said Articles and Settlement from the same.

exxxvi. An Act for enabling the Archbishop of Canterbury to grant Building and Repairing Leases of Estates at Deal and Cliffe, in the County of Kent, belonging to the See of Canterbury; and for other Purposes.

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CXXXVII. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Elmswell, Great Ashheld, Hunston and Norton, in the County of Suffolk. Ibid. CXXXVIII. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Hampton, in the County of Middlesex.

the County of Middlefex.

exxxix. An Act for allotting Lands in the Parishes of Wells next the Sea, Warham All Saints, Warham Saint Mary Magdalen and Warham Saint Mary the Virgin, in the County of Norfolk. Ibid: exl. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of Killington, in the Parish of Kirkby Lonfdale, in the County of Westmorland.

exli. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Tileburs, in the County of Berks.

County of Berks.

Ibid:

cxlii. An Act for inclosing several Open and Common Fields, Mea-

dows,

(2011) 0 11/5/100 / 31 0201 1201		
dows, Pastures and other Commonable and Waste Lands in Parishes of Beenham and Padevorth, in Berks. exclusion. An Act for the Improvement of the Port and Toperpool, and amending the several Acts relating to the Quays and other Works belonging to the said Port. exclusion. An Act for making a Harbour and Wet Dock, at on Nicholas Bay, in the Parish of Saint Nicholas and All the Isle of Thanet, in the County of Kent; and for Navigable Canal from the said Harbour to the City of the County o	Paga own of the D near I Sain maki	e 471 of Li- ocks, Ibid. Saint ts, in
exlv. An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the ter Works to raise a further Sum of Money, and to enlarge the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, the said Water Works, and to extend the same. exlvi. An Act for paving, cleansing, lighting and watching the and otherwise regulating the Police of the Town of L.	o alte for ma he Sti <i>umfri</i>	Wa- r and iking <i>Ibid</i> . reets,
exivii. An Act for improving the Harbour of Dumfries, a vigation of the River Nith. exiviii. An Act for extending the Horse Towing Path on of the River Severn from Worcesser Bridge to a certain P the City of Gloucesser, called the Lower Parting, fith Corner of Portham Mead, in the County of Gloucesser. exit. An Act for inclosing and draining Lands in the Llanasa, in the County of Flint. ed. An Act for amending an Act of King Charles the Semaking the Precinct of Covent Garden Parochial; and for the Stipends of the Rector, Curate, Clerk and Sextofaid Parish. edi. An Act to enable the Vestrymen of the Parish of Sain	the Blace blace brate a Paris	Na- Ibid. Banks below t the Ibid. h of Ibid. f, for afing f the Ibid. ry le
Bone, in the County of Middlefex, to build a new Paris and Two or more Chapels; and for other Purposes relati- clii. An Act for repairing the Parish Church of Sevenor	h Chi	urch, reto. <i>Ibid</i> .
County of Kent. cliii. An Act for amending an Act of His prefent Majesty equally and effectually assessing and collecting the Po within the Parish of Saint Botolph without Aldgate, in the of Middlefex.	r, for oor R he Co	473 more lates,
cliv. An Act for paving, improving and regulating the S Public Places in the Borough and Parish of Barush for the better Regulation of the present Markets, and others therein. clv. An Act for paving and improving the Streets and ot Passages and Places which are or shall be made upon Ground belonging to the Brewers' Company, in the Saint Pancras, in the County of Middlesen.	able; prov her P a Pie Parii	and iding <i>Ibid</i> , ublic ce of
clvi, An Act for making a Public Carriage Road from Ke 23 Upper Holloway, in the County of Middlefex. clvii. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from in the County of Kent, to the Turnpike Road leading from to Maidfione, in the faid County. clviii. An Act for repairing the Road through the Parish Michael, Saint Alban, Saint Peter, Shenley Ridge and Sain the Counties of Hertford and Middlefex.	ntifb I n Ighi om La es of outh A	Town Ibid thum, indon Ibid. Saint
ад	V.14	

clix. An Act to continue and amend Two Acts of His present Majesty for repairing several Roads leading to and through the Borough of Bodmin, in the County of Cornwall, and for amending certain other Roads passing through the said Borough and the Parish Page 473 of Lanhydrock, in the faid County. clx. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of Kirtlington, in the County of Oxford. Ibid. clxi. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of New Radnor, in the County of Radnor. claii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Dolgelley* and Llangelynin, commonly called Celynia, in the County of Merioneth. Ibid. clxiii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of Langlet otherwife Langside, in the Parish of Penisson, in the West Riding of the County of York. clair. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Burham, in the County of Kent. clav. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Llanarthney, Lianon, Llandebye and Llanfibangel Aberbytbick, in the County of Garmarthen. clavi. An Act for erecting a Bridge over the River Thames from or near the Three Cranes, in the Parithes of Saint James Garlick Hythe and Saint Martin Vintry, in the City of London, to the opposite Bank of the said River, in the Parish of Saint Saviour, in the County of Surrey; and for making proper Streets and Avenues to communicate therewith. Įbid. clavii. An Act for making a navigable Canal between the Cities of Bath and Briffol, and also for supplying with Water the Inhabitanta of the City of Briftol and its Neighbourhood. claviii. An Act to vary and alter the Line of a Cut authorized to be made by an Act of the Thirty fixth Year of His present Majesty, for making a Canal from the River Exe near Top/bam, in the County. of Devon, to the River Tone near Taunton, in the County of Somerset; and to amend the said Act. clair. An Act for confirming certain Articles of Agreement entered into between the Company of Proprietors of the Grand Junction Canal and certain Persons, for supplying with Water the Inhabitants of the Parish of Paddington, and the Parishes and Streets adjacent, in the County of Middlesex. clxx. An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the Grand Surrey Canal to make a Collateral Cut, communicating therewith, in the Parish of Saint Mary Rotherbithe, in the County of Surrey, and to enable the faid Company to complete the faid Canal; and for amending the several Acts relating thereto. Ibid. claxi. An Act for completing and maintaining The East Country Dock at Rotherhithe, in the County of Surrey. clausi. An Act for erecting a new Market Place in the Town or Borough and Manor of Gosport, in the County of Southampton. 574 claxiii. An Act for paying and improving the Streets and other public Passages and Places in the Parishes of Saint John the Baptist and Saint Benedia, in the Town of Glastonbury, in the County of Somerfet. claxiv. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Doncaster to Bawtry, in the County of York. Ilid.

clxxv. An

class. An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act of His present Majesty, for making and maintaining a Road from the Borough of Southwark to the Kent Road, in the County of Surrey.

Page 574

elxxvi. An Act for inclosing certain Lands called Coe otherwise Come Fen Leys, in the Parish of Saint Mary the Less, in the Town of Cambridge, in the County of Cambridge. Ibid.

clxxvii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Tilfhead, in the County of Wilts.

clausify and the country of Down, in Ireland, Elquire, deceased, in Trustees to be fold, for Payment of Debts and Legacies, and for laying out the Surplus of the Monies arising from such Sale in the Purchase of other Estates in Ireland, to be settled to the same Uses as the Estates so fold.

1 Ibid.

claxix. An Act for making, under the Direction of His Majesty's High Court of Chancery in *Ireland*, a Partition of Part of the *Irifb* Estates of the Right Honourable Edward late Earl Bean-lieu, in conformity to an Award therein mentioned.

1bid.

clxxx. An Act for vefting certain Estates in the County of Tyrone, in Ireland, devised by the Will of Sir George Savile, Baronet, deceased, in Trustees to be sold, and for laying out the Purchase Money under the Direction of the High Court of Chancery, in other Estates to be settled in lieu thereof, and to the same Uses.

clxxxi. An Act to enable the Dean of the Cathedral Church of the Holy and Undivided Trinity, Dublin, to accept Surrenders and grant Leases of certain Lands called The Dean's Grange, in the County of Dublin, and to remove Doubts respecting the Validity of Leases heretofore made thereof.

1 bid.

clxxxiii. An Act for vesting in John Theophilus Daubuz Esquire, an undivided Moiety of certain Premises situate at Low Layton, in the County of Essex, and for applying the Purchase Money in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the subsisting Uses of the Will of Edward Martin deceased.

1bid.

Clauxiv. An Act for empowering the Trustees of certain Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments in the Counties of Lincoln and Nottingham, called The Decreed Lands, to make Sale of a fufficient Part thereof for paying off Incumbrances.

cleant Part thereof for paying on Incumbrances, 576 claxxv. An Act for verting Part of the devided Estates of Henry

Vipont deceased, in Trustees to be fold, and for laying on the whole Purchase Money, under the Direction of the High Court of Chancery, in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled in lieu thereof, and to the same Uses.

Ibid.

clause. An Act to enable the Trustees of the Will of Thomas Peter Legh Esquire, deceased, to purchase Estates for the Benefit of their Trust, and to sell certain of the Estates devised by the Will of the said Thomas Peter Legh, for raising Money to pay for such purchased Estates, and for re-imbursing a Sum expended

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in the Redemption of the Land Tax, charged on other Effater
  of the faid Thomas Peter Legb.
clxxxvii. An Act for including and dividing the Commons and Wafte
 - Lands in the Parishes of Horneburch, Romford and Havering,
 within the Manor and Liberty of Havering atte Bower, in the
  County of Effex.
clxxxviii, An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor or Township of
  Norbury, in the Parish of Stockport, in the County of Chester.
                                                            Ibid.
clxxxix. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Kingflon, in
 the County of Hereford.
                                                           Ibid.
exc. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Brombam, in the
  County of Wilts.
exci. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Minty, in the
  County of Gloucester.
                                                            Ibid.
excii. An Act for inclosing, and exonerating from Tithes, Lands'
  in the Parishes of Great Wymondley, Little Wymondley, and Ippol-
 ' litts, in the County of Hertford.
                                                            Ibid.
exciii. An Act to enable the Severn and Wye Railway and Canal
  Company to raise a further Sum of Money for the Completion
 of their Works, and for levying a Tonnage Rate on certain Veffels
  and Goods now exempted, and further to extend the Powers
 granted to the faid Company.
exciv. An Act for erecting Five diffinct Rectories and Parishes
 within the Rectory and Parish of Simonburn, in the County of
  Northumberland, and for separating the same from the Rectory
  and Parish Church of Simonburn, and for providing Parish
  Churches, Church Yards, and Parsonage Houses for the same:
  and for restraining the Commissioners and Governors of the Royal
  Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich, in the County of Kent, from
  presenting to the Rectory of Simonburn, or the said new Rectories,
  any other Persons than Chaplains in the Royal Navy.
excv. An Act for constructing a Harbour at Porthleven in Mounts
· Bay, in the County of Cornwall.
excvi. An Act for the Improvement of the Harbour of Sutton
  Pool in the Port of Plymouth, in the County of Devon. Ibid.
exceii. An Act for regulating and converting the Statute Services
in the County of Perth, and for more effectually making and regu-
Isting the Highways, Bridges and Ferries within the faid County.
                                                           Ibid.
excerni. An Act for more effectually repairing and maintaining cer-
tain Roads and Bridges in the County of Perth.
excix. An Act for establishing a Ferry across the River Thames at
  Woolwich, in the County of Kent.
ec. An Act for building a Church in and for the Parish of Newry,
 in the Counties of Down and Armagh.
cci. An Act to amend an Act of the Forty ninth Year of His pre-
  fent Majesty, for erecting a new Gaol and House of Correction
  and new Court Houses, for the County Palatine of Durham, and
· making an equal County Rate for those Purposes.
ecii. An Act for increasing the Rates on Coals conveyed on the
River Itchin, in the County of Southampton, and for amending
  and rendering more effectual the several Acts relating thereto. . 578
ecili. An Act for raising an additional Sum of Money for carrying
into Execution the several Acts for widening the Entrance into
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the City of London, near Temple Bar, for making a more commodious Street at Snow Hill, and for raifing Money on the Credit of the Orphans Fund for those Purposes, and for extending the Powers of the said Acts.

Page 578 cciv. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His

present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Bawtry to Selby, in the West Riding of the County of York Ibid.

ccv. An Act for repealing an Act of His prefent Majesty, for repairing and maintaining the Road from the Eynesford Turnpike Road, in the Parish of Shoreham, in the County of Kent, to the Turnpike Road in the Parish of Farnborough, leading from

· Sevenoaks to Bromley, in the faid County.

ccvi. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Bick Kilns on East Malling Heath to Pembury Green, and from Branbridges to the Four Wents, in the County of Kent; and for making a Road therefrom into the Mereworth and Hadlow Road, in the same County.

1bid.

cevii. An Act to confirm certain Articles of Agreement between the Most Noble John Duke of Atholl, the Right Honourable Edward Earl of Derby, the Right Reverend Claudius Lord Bishop of Sodor and Man, the Honourable Edward Stanley commonly called Lord Stanley, the Reverend Daniel Mylrea, William Scott, John Cofnahan, and the Clergy of the Isle of Man; and for other Purposes.

ceviii. An Act for extinguishing all Rights of Common and other Rights in respect to the Glebe Land belonging to the Church of Hartbill, in the County of Chester, in, upon or under the uninclosed Waste Lands in the Township of Hartbill, in the same County; and such other Lands in the fame Township as have been heretofore inclosed, and taken from the Waste Lands in the same Township; and for vesting a Piece or Parcel of Land, called Hook Loont, situate in the same Township (subject as therein mentioned) in the very Reverend Hugh Cholmondeley, and his Successions, perpetual Curates of Hartbill aforesaid, in lieu and Satisfaction of such Rights.

1bid.

ccix. An Act for confirming certain Building Leases of Lands in Newington, in the County of Surrey, granted by the Dean and Chapter of Canterbury, jointly with their Lesse, Thomas Brandon Esquire, not warranted by the Provisions of an Act made in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty; and for empowering the said Dean and Chapter, and their Lesses for the Time being of their Estates in Newington, to grant Building Leases of Parts of the said Premises; and for other the Purposes therein mentioned.

ocx. An Act for verting in the Trustees of the Charity Schools of the Parish of Saint Mary Matselon otherwise Whitechapel, in the County of Middlesex, the legal Estate of Two undivided Third Parts belonging to the said Charity Schools in a Farm and Lands at Sandon and Much Baddow, in the County of Essex, and to enable the said Trustees to perfect a Partition of the said Farm and Lands, and for other Purposes.

1bid.

ccxi. An Act for vefting certain Parts of the entailed Estates of Thomas Graham Esquire in Trustees in Trust, to sell the same,

and to apply the Money to arise by such Sale in purchasing the Debts and Incumbrances affecting certain Lands belonging to the said Thomas Graham in Fee Simple, and thereafter to entail those Lands, freed from Incumbrances, in lieu of those Parts of the entailed Estates hereby directed to be sold.

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ccxii. An Act for vesting in the surviving Trustees of the Will of John Wallinger Arnold Wallinger Esquire, deceased, in ancient Demesse, to be holden of the Liberty, Honour, or Manor of Havering atte Bower, in the County of Esse, a certain Estate called Hare Hall, in Trust to sell.

1866.

ccxiii. An Act for vefting in Trustees the Two undivided Sixteenth Parts, and One thirty second Part, late of John Ulric Collins Esquire, deceased, of a certain Messuage, Farm and Lands, in the Parishes of Tottenham and Edmonton, in the County of Middlesex, in Trust, to convey the same, respectively, unto William Horton Esquire, as to certain Parts thereof; and as to the remaining Parts to James Clark Esquire, upon Payment by them, respectively, of a certain Sum of Money for the Purchase of the same, and for investing such Monies in the Purchase of Lands and Hereditaments in the Names of the Trustees, for the Benefit of Charlotte Collins, the Widow, and of the infant Children of the said John Ulric Collins, the Devisees named in his Will.

ccxiv. An Act for exchanging an Eftate belonging to Michael Hicks Beach Esquire, in Fee, for Part of his Estate under Settlement.

ccxv. An Act for effectuating an Exchange between William Squire Esquire, and William Thomas Squire, an Infant, of a Fee Simple Estate, belonging to the said William Squire, and situate in the Parish of Yaxley, in the County of Huntingdon, for an undivided Moiety belonging to the said William Thomas Squire, in certain Public Houses and Lands situate in the several Counties of Northampton, Lincoln, Huntingdon, and the Isle of Ely in Cambridgeshire.

ccxvi. An Act to enable the Trustees of certain Lands, called The Stone Fields, fituate in the Parish of Saint Mary Islington, in the County of Middlesex, to grant Building Leases thereof. Ibid. ccxvii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Drayton, in the

County of Berks.

CCXVIII. An Act for inclosing Lands in the United Parishes of Sulbamstead Abbotts and Sulhamstead Bannister otherwise Meales, in
the County of Berks.

Ibid.

ccxix. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Great Waddingfield cum Chilton and Great Coniard, in the County of Suffolk. Ibid. ccxx. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from the Kent Road, in the County of Surrey, to Deptford, in the County of Kent, and a Branch therefrom to Horsleydown, in the said County of Surrey.

ccxxi. An Act for dividing, and exonerating from Tythes certain Lands in the Parish of Ecclesfield, and West Riding of the County of Tork.

Ibid.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS

NOT PRINTED.

1. A NAC for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Brilley, Eardifley and Huntington, in the County of Hereford.

2. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Mattiskall Bergh,

in the County of Norfolk.

3. An Act for inclosing the Commons and Waste Lands in the Townships or Hamlets of Over Stonnall and Lynn, Lower Stonnall and Thornes, Shenstone, Woodend, and Footherley, Little Hay, Chesterfield, and Little Asson, in the Manors of Shenstone and Little Asson, in the Parish of Shenstone, in the County of Stafford.

4. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Cabourne, in the

County of Lincoln.

[And for making Compensation for Tithes.]

5. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Overbury, in the County of Worcester.

[And for making Compensation for Tithes.]

6. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of Thoralby, and Parish of Aisgarth, in the North Riding of the County of Tork.

7. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Stradbrooke, in the County of Suffolk.

County of Sufform.

8. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Bathley otherwise Bale, in the County of Norfolk.

9. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Barney, in the County of Norfolk.

10. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Marloes, in the County of Pembroke.

11. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Thrushborpe and Hannah cum Hagnaby, in the County of Lincoln.

[And for making Compensation for Titles.]

12. An Act for inclosing Lands in Greffenhall, East Bilney and Great Bittering, in the County of Norfolk.

13. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Hail, in the County of Gumberland.

[And for making Compensation for Tithes.]

14. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of Threapland, in the County of Cumberland.

[And for making Compensation for Tithes.]

15. An Act to amend an Act (a) of His present Majerty, for inclosing Lands in Chapel Allerton, in the West Riding of the County of York.

16. An Act for dividing Lands in the Parish of Powerstock, in the

County of Dorset.

27. An Act for inclofing Lands in the Parish of Welborne, in the County of Norfolk.

18. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Boston, in the County of Norfolk.

19. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Great Snoring, in the County of Norfolk.

(a) [48 G. 3. c. v.]

20. An Act for inclosing Bailey Hope Passure, in the Parish of Bew-cassle, in the County of Cumberland.

21 An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of Righton, in the

East Riding of the County of York.

[And for making Compensation for Tithes.]

22. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Shapewick, in the County of Dorfet.

23. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Foulfbam and Themelthorpe, in the County of Norfolk.

24. An Act for inclosing a certain Open Field called Mints Feet, in the Parish of Kirkby is Kendal, in the County of Westmoreland.

25. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of William Doidge Taunton with Henrietta Taunton his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

26. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Allensmore, in the County of Hereford.

27. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Askbam Bryan,

in the County of the City of York.

[And for making Compensation for Tethes.]

28. An Act for inclosing, and exonerating from Tithes, Lands in the Parish of Croxton, in the County of Cambridge.

29. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Faraborough, in the

County of Southampton.

[And for making Compensation for Titles.]

30. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Hindolveston, Swanton Novers and Wood Norton, in the County of Norfolk.
31. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of Westerdale, in

the North Riding of the County of York.

32. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of Great Broughton, in the North Riding of the County of York.

33. An Act for inclosing, and exonerating from Tithes, Lands in the Parish of Ashby juxta Partney, in the County of Lincoln.

34. An Act for inclosing Bawdfey Common, in the County of Suffolk.

35. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of North and Middle Littleton, and South Littleton, in the County of Worcester.

. [And for making Compensation for Tithes.]
36. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Longstanton All Saints, in the County of Cambridge.

37. An Act for inclosing Lands in Wymington, in the County of Bedford.

[And for making Compensation for Tithes.]

38. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Cheddar, Priddy, and Rodney Stoke, in the County of Somerset.

39. An AA for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Stalbridge, in the County of Dorfet.

40. An Act for allotting Lands in the Parish of Shepreth, in the County of Cambridge.

41. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of Caverswall, in the County of Stafford.

42. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of Perry Barr, in the County of Stafford.

43. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Tythings or Hamlets of Thatcham Borough, Henwick, Colthrop, Parsonage and Awberg Street.

Street, and a certain Common called Ham Marsh, in the Titling of Greenbam, in the Parish of Thatcham, in the County of Berks.

44. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Drayton and Bamburyh, in the County of Norfolk, and in the Parish and Hamlet of Hellesdon, in the same County and in the County of the City of Norwich.

45. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Wickbampton, in the

County of Norfolk.

46. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of Clifton, in the County of Westmoreland. [And for making Compensation for Tithes.]

47. An A& for inclosing Butler's Wood, in the Parish of Lockerly, in the County of Southampton.

48. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of High Ireby, in the

Parish of Ireby, in the County of Cumberland.

[And for making Compensation for Tithes.] 49. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Aberdaron, and other Parishes and Places therein mentioned, in the County of Carnarwon.

[Allotment to His Majefly.]

50. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of East Down, in the County of Devou.

51. An Act for inclosing Lands in Paybill, otherwise Paull, in the East Riding of the County of York.

52. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Great Ever des and Little Eversden, in the County of Cambridge.

[And for making Compensation for Tithes. No Lease of Vicar's Allotment quitbout Confest of the King, as Patron of the Vicarage of the Parish Church of Great Eversden,

53. An Act for inclosing Lands in Hungerford, in the Counties of

Berks and Wills.

54. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of Battlefball, within the Liberties of the Borough of Colchefter, in the County of Effect, 55. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Heybridge, in the

County of Effex. 56. An Act for allotting Lands in the Parish of Great Bradley, in

the County of Suffolk.

57. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Llanfibangel Rhôfycorn, and Llanybyther, in the County of Carmerthen.

38. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Brinkley, in the

County of Cambridge.

[And for making Compensation for Tithes.]

59. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Churchill, in the County of Worcefter. [And for making Compensation for Tithes.]

60. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Wheatacre Burgh otherwise Burgh Saint Peter, in the County of Norfolk.

61. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Hamlet of Fiddington, in the Parish of Asbeburch, in the County of Gloucester.

[And for making Compensation for Tithes. No Lease of Vicar of Tewkesbury's Allotment without Confent of the King as Patron of the faid Vicarage.]

62. An Act for enabling the acting Truftees and Executors of the Will of Chalener Arcedeckne Esquire, respectively to invest the Monies by such Will directed to be invested in the Purchase of Freehold Freehold Hereditaments in Suffolk, in the Purchase of Freehold

and Copyhold Hereditaments in the fame County.

63. An Act for fettling and securing certain Parts of the Barony and Estate of Logic Elphinstone, in the County of Aberdeen, to and in favour of Robert Dalrymple Horn Elphinstone Esquire, and the Series of Heirs entitled to take by certain Deeds of Entail made by John Horn of that Ilk, deceased, and under the Conditions and Limitations specified in the said Deeds; and, in heu thereof, for vesting certain Parts of the Barony and Estate of Horn, lying in the said County, in the said Robert Dalrymple Horn Elphinstone, and the Series of Heirs described in the Marriage Contract between him and Grame Dalrymple Horn Elphinstone his Wife.

64. An Act for effecting the Sale of certain Estates in the County of Glamorgan, Part of the Estates settled pursuant to the Will of Thomas Pryce Esquire, and for laying out the Monies to arise by such Sales in the Purchase of more convenient Estates to be settled

to the former Uses; and for other Purposes.

65. An Act for establishing and confirming an Exchange of Glebe Lands belonging to the Rectory of Little Plumstead, with the Rectory of Witton with Brundall annexed, in the County of Norfolk, for Lands of Charles Whaites Esquire, in the Parishes of Little Plumstead, Great Plumstead and Witton, in the same County.

66. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Harefield, in the

County of Middlesex.

67. An Act to empower the Master, Brothers and Sisters of the Royal Hospital or Free Chapel of Saint Katherine, near the Tower of London, to sell a certain Piece or Parcel of Land with the Appurtenances, situate and being in the Parish of Stepney otherwise Stebonbeath, in the County of Middlesex, unto William Mellish, of Shadwell, in the said County of Middlesex, Esquire, and to apply the Money arising upon such Sale in the Purchase of other Lands, to be subject to the like Uses.

68. An Act for enabling the Co-heireffes of Edward Sulyarde Efquire, deceased, and their Husbands, to pay the Sum of Three thousand Pounds for the Benefit of His Majesty, in Satisfaction of the Claim of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to the Manor

and Estate of Haughley, in the County of Suffolk.

69. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Chaddleworth, in

the County of Berks.

70. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Eardisland, in the County of Hereford.

71. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manors of Sway Quarr, Sway Romfey and Arnewood, in the Parishes of Boldre and Hordle, in

the County of Southampton.

[And for making Componfation for Tithes.]

72. An Act for confirming and establishing the Division and Allotment of a certain Commonor Parcel of Waste Land, called Marston Common, within the Parish of Pembridge, in the County of Hereford.

73. An Act to diffelve the Marriage of the Right Honourable Valentine Browne Lord Clonclurry with Eliza Georgiana Lady Cloncurry, his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

74. An Act to enable William Butcher (now called William Rodbard)
Esquire, and his Issue, to use the Surname and Arms of Rodbard,
pursuant to the Will of Henry Rodbard Esquire, deceased.

STATUTES AT LARGE.

Anno Regni GEORGII III. Britanniarum Regis, Quinquagelimo Primo.

T the Parliament begun and holden at Westminster, the Twenty second Day of June, Anno Domini 1807; in the Forty leventh · Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith; and from thence con-4 tinued, by feveral Prorogations and Adjournments, to the Fifteenth Day of January 1811, being the Fifth Session of the Fourth Par-Ilament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

CAP.

An A& to provide for the Administration of the Royal Authority, and for the Care of His Majesty's Royal Person, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Illness; and for the Resumption of the Exercise of the Royal Authority by His Majesty. [5th February 1811.] THEREAS by reason of the severe Indisposition with which

it hath pleafed God to afflict the King's Most Excellent Majesty, the Personal Exercise of the Royal Authority by His Majesty is, for the present, so far interrupted, that it becomes ne-· ceffary to make Provision for affifting His Majesty in the Administration and Exercise of the Royal Authority, and also for the Care of his Royal Person during the continuance of His Majesty's Indisposition, and for the Resumption of the Exercise of the Royal • Authority by His Majesty; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That His Royal Prince of Wales Highnels George Augustus Frederick Prince of Wales shall have full appointed Power and Authority, in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty, and under the Stile and Title of "Regent of the United "Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland," to exercise and administer the Royal Power and Authority to the Crown of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland belonging, and to use, execute and perform all Authorities, Prerogatives, Acts of Government and Administration of the same, which lawfully belong to the King of the faid United Kingdom to use, execute and perform; subject to such Limitations, Exceptions, Regulations and Restrictions, as are hereinafter specified and contained; and all and every Act and Acts which shall be done by the faid Regent, in the Name and on the Behalf of 51 Gso, III.

His Majesty, by virtue and in pursuance of this A&, and according to the Powers and Authorities hereby vested in him, shall have the same force and Effect to all Intents and Purposes as the like A&s would have if done by His Majesty himself, and shall to all Intents and Purposes be full and sufficient Warrant to all Persons acting under the Authority thereof; and all Persons shall yield Obedience thereto, and carry the same into Effect, in the same manner and for the same Purposes as the same Persons ought to yield Obedience to and carry into Effect the like A&s done by His Majesty himself; any Law, Course of Office, or other Matter or Thing to the contrary notwithstanding.

Form of Signature of Regent.

II. And be it further enacted, That as to all Authorities given and Appointments made in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty, and all other Acts, Matters and Things usually done under the Authority of the Royal Sign Manual, the Signature of the Regent in the Form following; that is to say, George P. R. or in cases where the Royal Signature has usually been affixed in Initials only, then in the Form G. P. R., shall be as valid and effectual, and have the same Force and Effect as His Majesty's Royal Sign Manual, and shall be deemed and taken to be to all Intents and Purposes His Majesty's Royal Sign Manual, and be obeyed as such.

When Powers of Act to cease.

III. And be it further enacted, That when His Majesty shall by the Bleffing of God be reftored to such a State of Health as to be capable of refuming the Personal Exercise of his Royal Authority, and shall have declared his Royal Will and Pleasure thereupon, as hereinafter provided, all and every the Powers and Authorities given by this Act, for the Exercise and Administration of His Royal Power and Authority, or for the using, executing and performing the Authorities, Prerogatives, Acts of Government and Administration of the fame, which belong to the King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland to use, execute and perform, or for the Care of His Majesty's Royal Person, shall cease and determine; and no Act, Matter or Thing, which, under this Act, and previous to fuch Declaration might be done in the Administration of His Majesty's Royal Power and Authority, or in the using, exercising or performing any such Authorities, Prerogatives, Acts of Government or Administration as aforesaid, or in the Care of His Majesty's Royal Person, by virtue and in pursuance of this Act, shall, if done after such Declaration of His Majesty's Royal Will and Pleasure, be thenceforth valid or effectual.

Acts of Regent to remain, initels countermanded by His Mijefty.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all Persons holding any Offices or Places, or Pensions during His Majesty's Pleafure, at the time of such Declaration, under any Appointment or Authority of the Regent, or Her Majesty, under the Provisions of this Act, shall continue to hold the same, and to use, exercise and enjoy all the Powers, Authorities, Privileges and Emoluments thereof, notwithstanding such Declaration of the Resumption of the Royal Authority by His Majesty, unless and until His Majesty shall declare his Royal Will and Pleasure to the contrary; and all Orders, Acts of Government or Administration of His Majesty's Royal Authority, made, issued or done by the said Regent, before such Declaration, shall be and remain in full Force and Esset, until the same shall be countermanded by His Majesty.

V. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Acts of In what cases Regal Power, Prerogative, Government or Administration of Go-only Acts of Revernment, of what Kind or Nature soever, which might lawfully be sent valid. done or executed by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, personally exercifing his Royal Authority, shall, during the Continuance of the Regency by this Act established, be valid and effectual, unless done and executed in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty, by the Authority of the faid Regent, according to the Provisions of this Act, and subject to the Limitations, Exceptions, Regulations and Restrictions hereinafter contained.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the faid Regent, before he Regent to take shall act or enter upon his said Office of Regent, shall take the fol-the following

lowing Oaths:

I DO fincerely promife and fwear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George.

So help me GOD? I DO folemnly promise and swear, That I will truly and faithfully execute the Office of Regent of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, according to an Act of Parliament passed in the Fifty first Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled, An Act [bere insert the Title of this Att]; and that I will administer, according to Law, the Power and Authority vested in me by virtue of the said Act; and that I will in all Things, to the utmost of my Power and Ability, consult and maintain the Safety Honour and Dignity of His Majesty and the Welfare of his People. So help me GOD.

DO faithfully promife and fwear, That I shall inviolably maintain and preferve the Settlement of the true Protestant Religion. "with the Government, Worship, Discipline, Rights and Privileges of the Church of Scotland, as established by the Laws made there 6 in Profecution of the Claim of Right, and particularly by an Act, intituled, An All for securing the Protestant Religion, and Presbye terian Church Government, and by the Acts passed in the Parlia-" ment of both Kingdoms, for Union of the Two Kingdoms.

' So help me GOD.'

Which Oaths shall be taken before His Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council; who are hereby required and empowered to administer the same, and to enter the same in the Books of the said Privy Council.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the said Regent shall, at Regent on taking the time of his taking such Oaths as aforesaid, and before the Mem. Oaths, to subbers of the Privy Council administering the same, make, subscribe, scribe Declaand audibly repeat the Declaration mentioned in an AA made in the Stat. 2. and Thirtieth Year of King Charles the Second, intituled, An AB for the produce Certifimore effectual preferving the King's Person and Government, by disabling case of having Papilles from litting in either House of Papillament, and A. W. Papills from fitting in either House of Parliament; and shall produce a taken the Sara-Certificate of his having received the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper ment. in any of the Royal Chapels, figned by the Person administering the fame; which Certificate shall be sufficient Evidence of the said Re-. gent's having received the Sacrament; and fuch Declaration and Certificate shall respectively be registered in the Books of the Privy Council.

VIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That until after the Proviso as to First Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve, if Regent granuing

Parlia. Peerages, &c.

Parliament shall be then assembled, and shall have been sitting for Six Weeks immediately previous to the faid First Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve, or if Parliament shall be then affembled, but shall not have been so sitting for Six Weeks, then until the Expiration of Six Weeks after Parliament shall have been so affembled and been fitting; or if Parliament shall not then be affembled, then until the Expiration of Six Weeks after Parliament shall have been affembled and sitting, next after the said First Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve, the Regent shall not have or exercise any Power or Authority to grant, in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty, any Rank, Title or Dignity of the Peerage, by Letters Patent, Writ of Summons, or any other manner whatever, or to summon any Person to the House of Lords by any Title to which such Person shall be the Heir Apparent, or to determine the Abeyance of any Rank, Title or Dignity of Peerage, which now is or hereafter shall be in Abeyance, in favour of any of the Coheirs thereof by Writ of Summons, or other-

As to Regent granting Offices in Revertion, &c. Exception.

Provilo.

39 G. 3. c. 110.

8 G. 3. 145.

IX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That the said Regent shall not, until after the faid First Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve, or the Expiration of fuch Six Weeks as aforesaid, have Power or Authority to grant, in the Name or on the Behalf of His Majesty, any Office or Employment whatever, in Reversion, or to grant for any longer Term than during His Majesty's Pleasure, any Office, Employment, Salary or Pension whatever, except such Offices and Employments in Possession for the Term of the natural Life, or during the good Behaviour of the Grantee or Grantees thereof respectively, as by Law must be so granted: Provided always, that nothing herein contained, shall in any manner affect or extend to prevent or reftrain the granting of any Pensions under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Thirty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An A& for the Augmentation of the Salaries of the Judges of the Courts in Westminster Hall, and also of the Lords of Session, Lords Commissioners of Justiciary, and Barons of Exchequer in Scotland; and for enabling His Majesty to grant Anunities to Persons in certain Offices in the Said Courts of Westminster Hall, on their Resignation of their respective Offices; and of another Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for enabling Ilis Majesty to grant Annuities to the Judges of the Courts of Seffion, Justiciary and Exchequer in Scotland, upon the Refignation of their Offices; and of another Act passed in Ireland, in the G. 3. (J.) c. Fortieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An At to enable His Majesty to grant Annuities to the Lord High Chancellor, and to the Judges of the Court of King's Bench, Master of the Rolls, Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas and Exchequer, Judge or Commissary of the Court of Prerogative, the Judge of the Court of Admiralty, the Chairman of the Quarter Seffions of the County of Dublin, and Affistant Barriflers of the several other Counties, on the Resignation of their respective Offices; and to amend an Att passed in the Thirty fixth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, An All for encreasing "the Salaries of the Chief and other Judges of the Courts of King's Bench and Common Pleas, and of the Chief Baron and other Barons of the Court of Exchequer in this Kingdom; or to prevent or restrain the granting of any Pensions out of the Revenues of the British Territories in the East Indies, under the Provisions of any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, to such Persons as may have held the Office of Chief Justice or other Judge in the Supreme Courts of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal and at Madras, and the Office of Recorder of

X. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Proviso as to Ac contained, shall in any manner affect or extend to prevent or re- granting of Penstrain the granting of any Pensions under the Provisions of an Act fions under 41 passed in the Forty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, c.96. intituled, An At for the better Regulation of His Majesty's Prizt 43 G. 3. c. 160. Courts in the West Indies and America, and for giving a more speedy and effectual Execution to the Decrees of the Lords Commissioners of Appeals, and of another Act passed in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for the Encouragement of Seamen, 45 G. 3. c. 72 and for the better and more effectual manning His Majesty's Navy; for regulating the Payment of Prize Money, and for making Provision for the Salaries of the Judges of the Vice Admiralty Courts in the Island of Malta, and in the Bermudas and Bahama Islands; and also of another Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, An Att for the Encouragement of Seamen, and for the better and more effectually manning of His Majesty's Navy.

XI. And be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall As to empower in extend or be construed to extend to empower the said Regent, in the to give the Royal Assent to any Bill or Bills in Parliament, for repealing, changing, or in any 12 & 13 W. 31 respect varying the Order and Course of Succession to the Crown of ca this Realm, as the fame stands now established by an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King William the Third, intituled, An A& for the further Limitation of the Crown, and better fecuring the Rights and Liberties of the Subject; or to any Act for repealing or altering the Act made in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An All for the Uniformity of 13 Car. 2. c. 4 Public Prayers and Administration of Sacraments, and other Rites and Ceremonies, and for establishing the Form of making, ordaining and confectating Bifbops, Priests and Deacons in the Church of England; or the Act of the Fifth Year of the Reign of Queen Anne, made in Scotland, intituled, An All for securing the Protestant Reli- Scotch Act. gion and Presbyterian Church Government.

XII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That if His said Royal Regent residing Highnels George Augustus Frederick Prince of Wakes shall not continue in the Kingdom. to be resident in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Marrying a Pa-or shall at any time marry a Papist, then and in either of such cases, pist. all the Powers and Authorities vested in His said Royal Highness by this Act, shall cease and determine.

4 XIII. And whereas it is expedient that the Care of His Majesty's Care of His Ma-Royal Penson should be committed to the Queen's Most Excellent' jesty's Person, Majefty, together with the fole Direction of fuch Portion of His and Direction of Majefty's Household as shall be deemed requisite and fuitable for of a Part of His the due Attendance on His Majefty's Sacred Person, and the Main-Majefty's 4 tenance of his Royal Dignity; Be it therefore enacted, That the Household, well-.Care of His Majesty's Royal Person, and the disposing, ordering and ed in Her Man managing of all Matters and Things relating thereto, shall be, and jeftys the same are hereby vested in the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Indisposition; and that the

G. 3. (U. K.)

fole Direction of His Majesty's Household, except the Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household, the Captain of the Yeomen of His Majesty's Guard, and the Captain of the Honourable Band of Gentlemen Pensioners. shall be and is hereby vested in Her Majesty; and Her said Majesty shall have the full and sole Power and Authority, by any Instrument or Instruments in Writing signed and sealed by Her Majesty, to nominate and appoint, in case of any Vacancies arifing by Refignation or Death, all the Officers and Persons belonging to His Majesty's Household, in the respective Departments thereof, whose Appointment, Nomination or Removal have heretofore been made by His Majesty; except the Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household, and the Gentlemen and Grooms of His Majesty's Bedchamber, His Majesty's Equerries, the Captain of the Yeomen of His Majesty's Guard, and the Captain of the Honourable Band of Gentlemen Pensioners; and the Nomination and Appointment by Her Majesty, in Manner and Form aforesaid, shall be valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes as if the same had been made or done by His Majesty in the accustomed manner; and the several Persons so appointed shall be entitled to the like Precedence, Privileges, Salaries, Wages, Profits and all other Emoluments, as the feveral Perfons now holding and enjoying the fame Offices are respectively entitled to: Provided always, that the Power and Authority given by this Act to Her Majesty, to nominate and appoint such Persons of His Majesty's Household as are not hereinbefore excepted, shall continue in force until the faid first Day of February, or the Expiration of fuch Six Weeks as aforelaid, and no longer: Provided also, that Her faid Majesty shall not have any Power or Authority to remove any Officer in any Department of His Majesty's Household, by this Act made subject to the Nomination or Appointment of Her Majesty, who shall have been nominated and appointed by His Majesty: Provided also, That until the Expiration of such Period as aforesaid, no Appointment shall be made to the Office of Lord Chamberlain of His Majesty's Household, now vacant, but that all the Duties of the faid Office shall be performed by the Vice Chamberlain; and that during such Period as aforesaid, no Person holding the Office of Gentleman or Groom of His Majesty's Bedchamber, or being One of His Majesty's Equerries, shall be subject to be removed; and no Vacancy which shall arise by Death or Resignation of any of the Grooms or Gentlemen of His Majesty's Bedchamber, or of His Majesty's Equerries, shall be supplied or filled up, or any Appointment or Nomination made to supply any such Vacancy.

Officers of Household making Appointments.

Provise.

Provile.

Provilo

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Officer in His Majesty's Household who is by this Act put under the Direction of Her Majesty, to make any Appointment to any Office to which such Officer may have the Power of Appointment for any longer Period than during His Majesty's Pleasure.

Council appointed to affift Her Majefty. « XV. And whereas the Execution of the weighty and arduous of Trusts by this Act committed to the Queen's Most Excellent of Majesty, may require the Assistance of a Council, with whom Here of Majesty may consult and advise; Be it therefore enacted, That in order to assist and advise Here said Most Excellent Majesty in the several Matters aforesaid, there shall be, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Illness, a Council, consisting of Charles Lord Archaeles.

bishop of Canterbury, Edward Lord Archbishop of York, James Duke of Montrose, George Earl of Winchelsea and Nottingham, Heneage Earl of Aylesford, John Lord Eldon, Edward Lord Ellenborough, and the Right Honourable Sir William Grant; which Council shall from time to time meet as Her Majesty shall be pleased to direct, and shall also have Power to meet in manner by this Act directed; and if it should happen that any of them the said Charles Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, Edward Lord Archbishop of York, James Duke of Montrofe, George Earl of Winchelsen and Nottingham, Heneage Earl of Aylesford, John Lord Eldon, Edward Lord Ellenborough, or the Right Honourable Sir William Grant, should depart this Life, or by Instrument in Writing communicated to Her Majesty, fignify their Intention to decline to act, then and in such Case it shall be lawful for the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, from time to time, by an Instrument in Writing signed and sealed by Her Majesty, revocable at her Will and Pleasure, to nominate and appoint fome one Person, being or having been a Member of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, to be a Member of the said Council, to advise and affift Her Majesty as aforesaid, in the Room and Place of each and every of the faid Councillors fo departing this Life, or declining to act as aforefaid; which Nomination and Appointment shall be forthwith certified by an Instrument in Writing, signed and fealed by Her Majesty, to the Lords of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and shall be entered in the Books of the faid Privy Council.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That each and every Member Members of Her of Her Majesty's Council shall, within the Space of Five Days after Majesty's Counhis Appointment by virtue of this Act, or by virtue of Her Majefty's. cil to take Oath. Nomination and Appointment in manner aforefaid, take an Oath before the Lord High Chancellor or Keeper of the Great Seal, or Commissioners for keeping the Great Seal of Great Britain, or the Lord President of His Majesty's Privy Council, or the Chief Justice of the Court of King's Bench, for the time being respectively, or either of them, who are hereby feverally and respectively required. and empowered to administer the same, when required so to do by any Person so appointed a Member of Her Majesty's Council as aforefaid; and the Person administering such Oath, shall give to the Member of Her Majesty's Council taking the same, a Certificate of the same having been so taken, signed with his Hand; which Certificate shall be forthwith transmitted to His Majesty's Privy Council, and entered in the Books of the faid Privy Council; and fuch Oath shall be in the Form following; that is to fay,

A. B. do folemnly promise and swear, That I will truly and Cather faithfully counsel and advise the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, according to the best of my Judgment, in all Matters and Things e relating to the Truits committed to Her Majesty, touching the

Care of His Majesty's Royal Person, and the Resumption of the Personal Exercise of the Royal Authority by His Majesty.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That Her Majesty's Council, Her Majesty's or any Three or more of them, shall have Power and Authority at all times, when they shall judge it necessary, to meet, and call before Physicians and them and examine upon Oath, the Physicians and all other Persons others upon attendant on His Majesty, during the Continuance of his Illness, Oath, touching

touching the State of His Majesty's Health; and all Matters relating. thereto (which Oath any Member of the said Council is hereby authorized and empowered to administer); and to ascertain the State. of His Majesty's Health by all such other ways and means as shall appear to them to be necessary for that Purpose.

Council to meet, and declare State of His Majesty's Health; Copy of Declaration transmitted to Prefident of Privy Council

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That Three or more of the Members of the Council appointed to affift Her Majesty in the Execution of the Trusts committed to Her Majesty by this Act, shall, in case such Trusts shall then be in force, meet on some Day in the first Week in April One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and some Day in the first Week of every Third Month thereafter; and shall, whilft the faid Trusts shall continue in force at every such Meeting, declare the State of His Majosty's Health at the time of each of such Meetings respectively, and shall forthwith transmit a Copy of such Declaration to the Prefident of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, or in his Absence to one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, who shall thereupon cause the same to be inserted. in the Books of the Privy Council.

Her Majesty and Courcil to notify His Majetty's Restoration to Health,

6 XIX. And whereas it is necessary that effectual Provision should be made that His Majesty may resume the Personal Exercise of his · Royal Authority, as foon as His Majesty is restored to such a State of Health as to be capable of refuming the same; Be it therefore enacted, That when it shall appear to Her Majesty the Queen, and to any Four or more of the Council, appointed by this Act to affile Her Majesty in the Execution of the Trust committed to Her Majesty by this Act, assembled at any Meeting held in pursuance of Her Majesty's Royal Will and Pleasure signified for that Purpose, or affembled under the Direction of this Act, or in pursuance of His Majesty's Royal Will and Pleasure signified to Her Majesty and her Council for that Purpole; which Council of Her Majesty is hereby required to affemble in the Presence of Her Majesty, upon His Majesty's Royal Will and Pleasure being signified for that Purpose, that His Majesty is restored to such a State of Health as to be capable of reluming the Personal Exercise of the Royal Authority, it shall and may be lawful for Her said Majesty, by the Advice of any Four or more of her faid Council, to notify the same, by an Instrument under Her Majesty's Hand, and signed also by the said Four or more of Her Majesty's said Council, and addressed to the Lord President of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council for the time being, or in his Absence to One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State; and the faid Lord Prefident or Secretary of State shall and is hereby required, on the Receipt thereof, to communicate the same to the said Regent, and to summon forthwith a Privy Council, and the Members of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council are hereby required to affemble in confequence of to be entered in such Summons; and the faid Lord President, or in his Absence the faid Secretary of State is required, in the Presence of any Six or more Privy Councillors fo affembled, to cause the faid Instrument to be entered on the Books of the faid Privy Council.

Books of Privy Council

After fuch Entry, His Majetty may, by Sign Manual, require l'rivy Council to affemble.

XX. And be it further enacted, That if at any time after the faid Instrument under the Hand of Her Majesty, and of sour or more. of her faid Council, shall have been received and entered as aforefaid, His Majesty shall think proper, by an Instrument under his Sign Manual, to require the Lord President of His Majesty's Most Honourable

nourable Privy Council for the time being, or, in his Absence, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, to summon a Council in His Majesty's Presence, consisting of any Number of Persons not less than nine, whom His Majesty shall name, and who shall be or shall have been Members of His Majesty's Most Honourable Council, not being Members of Her Majesty's Council, the said Lord President or Secretary of State shall and he is hereby required to summon fuch Persons accordingly; and as well the said Lord President or Secretary of State, as the other Persons so summoned, shall and they are hereby required to attend at the Time and Place appointed by His-Majesty; and such Persons so assembled shall be and be deemed to be a Privy Council for the Purpose hereinanter mentioned.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That if His Majesty, by the When Powers Advice of Six or more of fuch Privy Council so assembled, shall, of Act to cease, fignify his Royal Pleasure to resume the Personal Exercise of his. Royal Authority, and to iffue a Proclamation declaring the same, fuch Proclamation shall be issued accordingly, countersigned by the, faid Six or more of the faid Privy Council, and all the Powers and Authorities given by this Act shall from thenceforth cease and determine, and the Personal Exercise of the Royal Authority by His Majesty thall be and be deemed to be resumed by His Majesty, and shall be exercised by His Majesty, to all intents and purposes, as if

this Act had never been made.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That if His Royal Highness Death of Regent George Augustus Frederick Prince of Wales shall depart this Life dur- or H. r Majesty, ing the Continuance of the Regency by this Act established, or cease Proclamation. to be Regent under any of the Provisious thereof, the Lords of His. Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council shall forthwith cause a Proclamation to be iffued, in His Majetty's Name, under the Great. Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, declaring the same: And if Her Majesty the Queen shall depart this Life during the time that the Care of His Majesty's Royal Person shall be committed to Her Majesty according to the Provisions of this Act, the Regent shall forthwith order and direct a Proclamation, under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, to be issued and published, declaring the same: And in case the Par- Resumption of liament in being at the time of the iffuing of any Proclamation declar- the Royal Au-ing the Death of the Regent or of Her Majesty, or at the time of thority. Parliathe issuing of any Proclamation for the Resumption of the Personal ment to meet Exercise of the Royal Authority by His Majelty, shall then be separated, by any Adjournment or Prorogation, such Parliament shall forthwith meet and fit.

XXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case Proviso for Difany such Proclamation as aforesaid shall iffue in any or either of tolution or Exfuch cases as aforesaid, at any time subsequent to the Dissolution or Parliament. Expiration of a Parliament, and before the Day appointed by any Writs of Summons then issued for assembling a new Parliament, then and in such case the last preceding Parliament shall immediately convene and fit at Westminster, and be a Parliament to continue during the Space of Six Months and no longer, to all intents and purpofes, as if the same Parliament had not been dissolved or expired, but fubject to be sooner prorogued or dissolved: Provided also, that if any fuch Proclamation as aforefaid shall iffue in any or either of such cases as aforesaid, upon or at any time after the Day appointed by any

Writ of Summons then issued for calling and assembling a new Parliament, and before such new Parliament shall have met and sat as a Parliament, such new Parliament shall immediately after such Proclamation convene and sit at Westminster, and be and be deemed to be a Parliament in being, to all intents and purposes, under the Provisions of this Act.

In case of Death of Her Majesty, in whom Care of His Majesty's Person vetted.

XXIV. And be it also enacted, That in case of the Death of Her Majesty the Queen, the Care of His Majesty's Royal Person, and all and every the Powers and Authorities in and by this Act wested in Her Majesty, touching the Care of His Majesty's Royal Person, and the disposing, ordering and managing all matters and things relating thereto, shall be and the same are hereby vested in Her Majesty's Council, until due Provision shall have been made in relation thereto by Parliament: Provided nevertheles, That in such case nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to empower the Regent, or the said Council, to nominate, appoint or remove any of the Officers or Persons of His Majesty's Household, by this Act made subject to the Nomination, Appointment or Removal of Her Majesty, until due Provision shall have been made by Parliament in that behalf.

in what Case Election of Members void. XXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person, being a Member of the House of Commons, shall accept of any Office of Profit from the Crown, by the Nomination and Appointment of the Regent in the Name and on behalf of His Majesty, or of Her Majesty the Queen, during the Continuance of the Regency hereby established, the Election of such Member shall be and is hereby declared to be void, and a new Writ shall issue for a new Election, in such and the like manner as if such Person had been appointed to such Office by His Majesty.

Iffues of Money from Civ Lift to Her Majeffy and the Royal Family.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That the feveral Letters Patent, Letters of Privy Seal, and all other lawful Authorities, of what Nature or Kind foever, which have been granted or iffued by His Majesty, by virtue whereof any Payments of any Sum or Sums of Money are directed to be paid out of the Monies applicable to the Use of His Majesty's Civil Government, for the Use of the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, or for the Use of any of the Branches of His Majesty's Royal Family, shall continue to be, and the same are hereby enacted to continue and be of full force and effect respectively, during the Continuance of the Regency by this Act established; and that Warrants shall be issued by the Lord High Treasurer, or Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, for the Payment of the several Sums therein respectively contained; which Warrants the said Lord High-Treasurer, or Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, are hereby respectively required to issue at the usual and accustomed Times, and in the usual and accustomed Manner.

60,000l. iffued annually out of Civil Lift to His Majetty's Privy Purts. XXVII. And be it further enacted, That the Lord High Treafurer or Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, shall direct, and they are hereby required annually to direct the Sum of Sixty thousand Pounds to be issued out of the Monies of the Civil List Revenues to the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse for the time being, in like manner, and at such Times and in such Proportions as has heretofore been usual and accustomed in respect to the Issue of the Sum of Sixty thousand Pounds as aforesaid; and that the said Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse shall, and he is

Application thereof.

hereby authorized and directed, during the Continuance of His Majesty's Indisposition, out of the Monies so issued to him, to make fuch Payments, and iffue and apply fuch Sums, not exceeding the Sum of fifteen thousand four hundred and fixty one Pounds in the Whole in the Year, to such Persons, in such Proportions, and at such Times, for fuch Purposes, and on such Accounts and in such manner as he hath heretofore usually paid, iffued and applied the same by the Authority and Direction of His Majesty; and the said Keeper Part thereof at of His Majesty's Privy Purse shall, and he is hereby authorized and the Disposal of directed to issue and pay to such Person as Her Majesty may think Her Majesty. proper to appoint for this Purpole, out of such Sixty thousand Pounds as aforefaid, fuch Sums of Money, not exceeding Four thoufand two hundred and fifteen Pounds in each Quarter of the Year in the Whole, the First Payment whereof shall be made for the current Quarter as foon as may be after the passing of this Act, as Her Majesty shall, by any Order or Orders in Writing made for that purpose, direct, to be by such Person so to be appointed as aforesaid, paid and applied in such Sums and Proportions, and to fuch Persons and for such Purposes, and upon such Accounts, and in such Manner, as the same have been heretofore accustomed to be paid and applied, under the immediate Direction and Authority of His Majesty; and such Person, so appointed as aforesaid, shall, before any such Money shall be issued to him after the passing of this Act, take an Oath before some one of Her Majesty's Council (which Oath each of Her Majesty's said Council is hereby authorized to administer), that he will faithfully apply and will justly account to Her Majesty for the faithful Application of such Sums of Money so issued to him as aforesaid; and such Person, so appointed as aforesaid, shall, from time to time, within One Month after the Receipt of every such Sum as aforesaid, render to Her Majesty a just and true Account of the Application thereof: Provided also, that the Re- Proviso. mainder of the aforefaid Sum of Sixty thousand Pounds shall be invested by the said Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse in some of the Public Funds or Government Securities, in the Name of the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse for the time being, in Trust for His Majesty; and that the net Surplus of the Revenues of the Application of Duchy and County Palatine of Lancaster shall be from time to time Revenues of paid under the Order of the Chancellor and Council of the faid Duchy of Lan-Duchy, into the Hands of the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse, whose Receipt shall be a sufficient Discharge for the same, and shall by him be invested in some of the Public Funds or Government Securities, in Manner aforesaid; and that the Governor and Company of the Bank of England shall place the said several Sums on an Account to be raifed in the Books of the faid Governor and Company, intituled, " The Account of the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse;" and that upon the Death or Refignation of the present and every other Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse hereafter to be appointed, all and every the faid Stock or Stocks and Sum or Sums of Money arising from the Dividends which shall accrue thereon, shall immediately vest in the Successor of the present or any future Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse respectively, and the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse for the time being is hereby required to lay out and invest the Dividends so accruing as aforesaid, from time to time, in the Purchase of other Stocks and Securities on the like. Account,

Account, and that the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse for the time being, shall from time to time execute Declarations of Trust of all fuch Funds and Securities, declaring that the fame are held in Trust for His Majesty, by Instruments to be executed under his Hand and Seal, to be deposited with Her Majesty.

Keeper of Privy Purse and Perfon appointed by Her Majesty to take Oath.

XXVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the faid Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse, and such Person so to be appointed as last aforesaid by Her Majesty, shall, on or before the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and on or before the First Day of January in every succeeding Year during the Continuance of this Act, respectively take an Oath before the Barons of the Court of Exchequer, or one of them, in the Form following:

Oath.

* I A.B do swear, That according to the best of my Knowledge, Belief or Information, no Part of the Money which has been Belief or Information, no Part of the Money which has been issued to me for the Service of His Majesty's Privy Purse, by virtue of an Act, intituled, An Ad [here insert the Title of this Ad], between the First Day of January

and the First Day of January

has been applied directly or indirectly for the Benefit, Use or Behoof of any Member of the House of Commons, or, so far as I am concerned, applicable, directly or indirectly, to the Purpose of supporting or procuring an Interest in any Place returning Members to Parliament.

So help me GOD.

39 & 40 G. 3. ς. 88.

* XXIX. And whereas an Act passed in the Thirty ninth and Fortieth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, Air. · All concerning the Disposition of certain Real and Personal Property: of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and also the Real and Perfonal Property of Her Majesty, and of the Queen Confort for the Time being: And whereas it is necessary that Provision should be * made for the Care of the Real and Personal Estate and Property of His Majesty, during his Indisposition, and for the Preservation thereof for the Use and future Disposal of His Majesty; Be it therefore enacted, That all Persons having the Care or Management of His Majesty's Real or Personal Estate or Property, or any Part thereof, now vested in any Trustees for the Use of His Majety, shall Property, under be and are hereby made and declared to be subject to the Controll, Order, Direction, Appointment and Removal of the several and respective Trustees of the Real and Personal Estate and Property of. which they are respectively in the Care and Management; and shall from time to time, and whenever required so to do, account to the respective Trustees of the several and respective Parts of the Real and . Personal Estate and Property of which they so have the Care and Management, for all the Rents, Issues, Profits, Dividends, Interest. and Sums of Money arising or accruing therefrom respectively; and. shall apply, pay over, lay out, invest or otherwise dispose of the same, for the Use of His Majesty, in such manner as shall be from time to time ordered and directed by fuch Trustees respectively, and, as to fuch Trustees shall appear most adviseable and beneficial for the Care and Improvement of such Real and Personal Estate and Property, and the Preservation thereof, for His Majesty's Use and, future Disposal; and all the Real and Personal Estate and Property;

Care of His: Majesty's Real and Personal Estate, and 39 & 40 G. 3. c. 88.

of His Majesty, in relation to which no Disposition shall have been made by His Majesty before his Illness, and which shall not now be vested in any Trustee or Trustees for His Majesty's Use, shall immediately from and after the passing of this Act vest in the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, His Royal Highness the Regent, and the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse for the time being, as Trustees thereof for the Ule of His Majesty, and for the Protection and Care thereof during His Majesty's Illness, and the Preservation thereof for His Majesty's Use and suture Disposal; and Her said Majesty, and His said Royal Highness the Regent, and the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Purse, may appoint a Secretary and such other Persons as may appear to them to be necessary for the Management of and keeping the Accounts of the faid Truft, with fuch Salaries, to be paid out of the Proceeds of the Trust Property, as may appear to the faid Trustees to be proper; and all Persons in the Care and Management of any Real or Personal Estate or Property, so vested in such Trustees as last aforesaid, under this Act, shall in like manner as aforesaid be subject to the Order, Controul, Direction, Appointment or Removal of fuch Truftees as last aforefaid, and shall account to such Trustees in like manner as is hereinbefore directed, in relation to such Real and Personal Estate and Property as was vested in Trustees before the passing of this Act; and shall in like manner as aforesaid apply, pay over, lay out, invest or otherwise dispose of the Rents, Issues, Profits, Dividends, Interests and Sums of Money arising or accruing therefrom respectively, according to the Order and Direction of such Trustees as aforesaid: Provided always, that all Dividends arising from any Public FundsProviso. or Securities shall be from time to time invested and laid out in the Purchase of other like Funds or Public Securities, unless any other Order or Direction shall be given by the Trustees thereof respectively; and all Trustees in whom any Real or Personal Estate or Property was vefted, before the passing of this Act, or in whom the same is welled by the Provisions of this Act, shall hold all such Estates and Property for the Use and Benefit of His Majesty, and preserve the Produce thereof, and of all Rents, Issues, Profits, Dividends, Interest and Sums of Money arising and accruing therefrom, for His Majesty's Use and Benefit, and for the future Disposal of His Majesty, in case no Disposition shall have been made thereof by His Majesty before his Illness; and all such Real and Personal Estate and Property, and Rents, Issues, Profits, Produce, Dividends, Interest and Sums of Money aforefaid, arifing and accruing therefrom, whereof no Disposition shall have been made by His Majesty before his Illness, shall, if no Disposition thereof shall hereafter be made by His Majesty, go and be disposed of according to Law: Provided always, Provise, that nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to invalidate or in any manner to affect any Disposition which shall have been made, or which shall hereafter be made, by His Majesty, by Deed, Will or otherwise, of any such Property or Proceeds thereof as aforesaid, either before or after His Majesty's Illness, which would have been or would be a good and valid Disposition of such Property, if this Act had not passed.

 XXX. And whereas His Majesty hath been accustomed from Power to Retime to time, by the Advice and on the Recommendation of the gent to dispose' Commissioners of the Treasury, to make Grants out of the Droits of Oroits of the Crown and

the Admiralty.

the Crown and of the Admiralty to Persons concerned or interested in the Capture of any Vessels and Cargoes, or other Property, condemned to or becoming vested in His Majesty, as Droits of the * Crown or of the Admiralty, or to Persons praying for Relief as of His Majesty's Bounty in any cases of Damage or Injury sustained by them on account of or in any manner connected with any Capture or Prize, or occasioned by any Engagement with Ships of the * Enemy; Be it therefore enacted, That the faid Regent shall have full Power and Authority, by the Advice and on the Recommendation of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, out of the Droits of the Crown or the Droits of the Admiralty, or any Part or Parts thereof, from time to time to make any fuch Grants to Persons concerned or interested in the Capture of any Vessels or Cargoes, or other Property, which have been or may hereafter be condemned to or become vefted in His Majesty as Droits of his Crown, or of the Admiralty, or to any Person or Persons praying for Relief in any Cases of Damage or Injury sustained by or on account of any Matter or Thing arising out of or in any manner connected with Capture or Prize, or occasioned by any Engagement with Ships or Vessels of the Enemy, in such manner as His Majesty hath heretofore by the Advice of the said Commissioners been accustomed to make any Grants of the same.

CAP. IL.

An Act for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Malt, Sugar, Tobacco and Snuff, in Great Britain; and on Pensions, Ossices and Personal Estates in England; for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven.

[8th March 1811.]

Bills placed in Exchequer iffusble thereout in common with other Monies.

XLV. AND it is hereby also enacted and declared, That the said Exchequer Bills in the Hands of the said Tellers shall be locked up, and secured as Cash, according to the Course of the Exchequer, and shall be taken and ofteemed as so much in part of the Remains, is real Money, wherewith each of the said Tellers shall from time to time stand charged, in common with other the Monies in the said Exchequer; any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding; and that it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of the Treasury to issue and apply the same from time to time to such Services as shall then have been voted by the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in this present Session of Parliament.

[This As, except the Clause above inserted, is similar to 50 G. 3. c. 1.]

CAP. III.

An Act for raising the Sum of Ten millions five hundred thoufand Pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven. [8th March 1811.]

"Treasury empowered to raise \$10,500,000 by Exchequer Bills, in manner prescribed by 48 G. 3. c. 1. § 1, 2. Treasury to apply the

"Money raised. § 3. Principal of said Bills charged on first Supplies of next Session. § 4. Interest thereon of 31d. per Cent. per

" Diem. § 5. Said Bills to be current at the Exchequer, &c. after " April 5, 1812. § 6. Bank of England empowered to advance £6,500,000 on the Credit of this Act, notwithstanding 5 & 6 W.

" & M. c. 20. § 7. Act may be altered or repealed this Session. § 8.

CAP. IV.

An Act for raising the Sum of One million five hundred thoufand Pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven. [8th March 1811.]

[On the like Terms as under c. 3. of this Seffion.]

CAP. V.

An Act for raising the Sum of One million, by Treasury Bills, for the Service of Ireland for the Year One thousand eight [8th March 1811.] hundred and eleven.

" Iri/b Treasury may issue Bills to a certain Extent to bear In-" terest. § 1. Bills iffued not to exceed £1,000,000. Bills, if not " paid off, shall be taken in Payment of the Revenue in Ireland, after " fuch Time as the Treasury shall appoint, and Interest shall cease. § 2, 3. Money to be carried to the Irish Consolidated Fund. § 4. " Said Bills to be chargeable thereon: § 5. Bank of Ireland em-" powered to advance £1,000,000 on the Credit of this Act. \$6.

CAP. VI.

An Act for taking an Account of the Population of Great Britain, and of the Increase or Diminution thereof.

[22d *March* 1811.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to take an Account of the total Number of Persons now within the Kingdom of Great Britain, together with the progressive Increase or Diminution thereof from the Year One thousand eight hundred to and for the Year One thousand eight hundred and ten: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That within that Overseers of the Part of Great Britain called England the respective Overseers of the Poor. &c. to Poor, or some substantial Householder of every Parish, Township and take Account Place to be appointed as hereinaster mentioned, and within that Part of Persons, &c. of Great Britain called Scotland, such Persons as shall be for that Purpose appointed in the manner hereinafter mentioned, to act in and for every Parish and Place, shall, at the Time and in the Manner hereinafter directed, severally take an Account of the Number of Persons who shall be actually found at the time of taking such Accounts to be within the Limits of such Parishes, Townships and Places respectively, and shall set down the several Particulars respecting the same. according to the Form prescribed in the Schedule annexed to this

II. And, for the more speedy and effectual obtaining of such Ac- Printed Copies: counts, be it further enacted, That a sufficient Number of printed of Act, &c trans-

Copies mitted by King's

Act and Schedules to be diftributed.

Printerto Clerks Copies of this Act and of the Schedule thereto shall, so soon as conof the Peace, &c. veniently may be after the passing of this Act, be transmitted by His Majesty's Printer to the Clerks of the Peace and Town Clerks of the feveral and respective Counties, Ridings, Divisions, Precincts, Sokes, Franchifes, Liberties, Cities, Boroughs, Towns and Counties Corporate in that Part of Great Britain called England; and that the faid feveral Clerks of the Peace and Town Clerks shall and they are hereby required, with all convenient Speed, to cause the said Act to be distibuted amongst the Clerks of the Divisional Meetings within their respective Limits; and also to cause a sufficient Number of the Schedule to this Act annexed to be delivered to the High Constables, or where there are no High Constables to fuch other proper Officers who have the Execution of Precepts from Justices of the Peace to inferior Officers within their respective Limits, at the Easter Quarter-Sessions of the Peace in the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven; and within that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, a sufficient Number of printed Copies of this Act and of the Schedule thereto, shall in like manner be transmitted to the Sheriff Deputes, Stewart Deputes and Provofts of the Royal Burghs of Edinburgh and Glasgow, who shall cause a sufficient Number of the said Schedule to be delivered to fuch Persons and at such Times as are for that Purpose hereinafter mentioned.

High Constables to deliver the Schedules, to officiating Minister,

Overleer, &c.

and to take an Account of Number of Persons therein,

III. And be it further enacted, That within that Part of Great Britain called England, the High Constables or other proper Officers so described as aforesaid, within their respective Jurisdictions aforefaid, shall, at the said Easter Quarter-Sessions of the Peace in the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven, pursuant to the Directions aforefaid, receive from the Clerks of the Peace or Town Clerks, the faid printed Schedules, and forthwith deliver or cause to be delivered One such Schedule to the Rector, Vicar, Curate or other officiating Minister, and One other such Schedule to One of the Overfeers of the Poor of every Parish, Township or Place, as well within Towns Corporate as without, in their respective Limits, and also One fuch Schedule to the Overseer or Overseers of every Extra-parochial Place within the faid Limits, or instead thereof to some One substantial Householder residing within the said Parish, Township or Extraparochial Place, and well acquainted therewith, if he shall be directed To to do by any Justice of the Peace within the District; and thereupon the said Overseers or substantial Householders as aforesaid, taking to their Assistance the Churchwardens or Chapelwardens, Sidesmen, Parish Clerk and Vestry Clerk (if any) and employing, if they shall think fit, the Constables, Tythingmen, Headboroughs, or other Peace Officers, for fuch Parishes, Townships or Places (such several Perfons being hereby required to be aiding and affifting therein for that Purpose) shall, upon the Twenty seventh Day of May in the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven, proceed to take an Account in Writing of the Number of Persons at that time being within the Limits of fuch Parishes, Townships and Places respectively, and inform themselves of the several Particulars relating to the Matters specified in the Six first Questions in the said Schedule, by proceeding together or separately from House to House, or otherwife, as they shall judge expedient for the better Execution of this and prepare An. Act; and from such information shall prepare an Answer or Return to the said Questions, according to the Form prescribed in the said Schedule,

fwers to Quel-

Schedule, and shall fign the same with their Names and respective Additions, as such Overseers or substantial Householders as aforefaid; and the better to enable the said Overseers or substantial Householders as aforesaid, to make such Answers and Returns, they, and the Persons so affishing them as aforesaid, are hereby authorized and empowered to ask all such Questions of the Persons within the faid Parish, Township or Place respecting themselves and the Number and Quality of the Persons constituting their respective Families, as shall be necessary for stating the Particulars required to be stated concerning them, in the said Answers and Returns; and Penalty. every such Person refusing to answer, or wilfully giving a false Answer to such Questions, or any of them, shall, for every such Refusal or false Answer, forfeit a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, nor less than Forty Shillings, at the Discretion of the Justice or

Justices before whom Complaint thereof shall be made.

IV. And be it further enacted, That every Rector, Vicar, Curate Officiatine Mior other Officiating Minister of every Parish, Township or Place nisters to trans-(Extra-parochial or otherwise) in England, including Free Chapels, mit Answers to Donatives and Peculiars, to whom such Schedule shall have been tive to Baptisms, delivered as aforesaid, shall forthwith prepare an Answer or Re- &cc. to Bishop. turn to the Questions relative to Baptisms, Burials and Marriages in the faid Schedule fet forth, and shall, on or before the Twentieth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, duly transmit fuch Answer or Return to the Bishop, within the Limits of whose Diocel: the faid Parish, Township or Place is situate; and the Transmitted to feveral Bishops shall, on or before the Tenth Day of July One Archbishop. thousand eight hundred and eleven, transmit the same to the Arch. Laid before bishops of their respective Provinces, and thereupon the said Arch-Abstract laid bishops shall, on or before the First Day of August One thousand before Parliaeight hundred and eleven, cause the same to be laid before His ment. Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, who shall cause an Abstract thereof to be prepared and laid before both Houses of Parliament, within Three Months after the faid First Day of August. or if Parliament shall not be then sitting, within the first Fourteen

Days of the Session next ensuing.
V. And be it further enacted, That the Justices of the Peace, or Justices to apany Two or more of them, within their respective Jurisdictions in point a Time England, shall, at or so soon as conveniently may be after the said Engler Quarter-Sessions in the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven appoint a Time and Place or Time eleven, appoint a Time and Place, or Times and Places, (which Time Returns and shall be not sooner than the Twenty fourth Day of June, nor later Answers. than the Twentieth Day of July, in the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and may be at the Midsummer Quarter-Session if they shall think sit), for the Overseers of the Poor of the several Parishes, Townships and Places, within their respective Divisions or Limits, or for fuch Rubstantial Householders as aforesaid, as the case may be, to attend them for the Purpole of this Act, with Returns and Answers to the said Six first Questions stated in the Schedule to this Act annexed, and cause Notice of such Time and Place to Notice. be given to such Overseers and Householders respectively, according to the Form in the Schedule to this Act, and also to the High Constables, or where there are no High Constables, to such other proper Officers as aforesaid; and thereupon the said Overseers or Overseers, &c. . Substantial Householders as aforesaid, or some One of them, in and to deliver Re-

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for every such Parish, Township or Place, shall and they are hereby required to attend the Justices of the Peace at such Meeting or Meetings respectively, and then and there deliver to the said Jultices in Writing, figured by himself or themselves, a just and true Answer and Return to the faid Questions upon Oath, (or being of the People called Quakers, on Affirmation), as hereinafter directed; and the faid High Constables, or other proper Officers to described as aforefaid, shall, and they are hereby required to attend the fald telpective Meetings for the Purpoles hereinafter directed.

Juffices to receive Aniwers, &c.; to administer Oath.

Power to examine Overfeers, &c.; to adjourn Meetings; to deliver Answers, &c. to and transmit to Clerks of the Peace, &c.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the said Justices of the Peace shall and they are hereby required to receive and take, at fuch Meetings fo to be appointed by them as aforefaid, the Answers and Returns to be made pursuant to the Directions aforesaid, and then and there to administer to the said Overseers or substantial Householders respectively, the Oath or Affirmation contained in the faid Schedule; and, if they see Cause, to examine such Overseers and Householders upon Oath or Affirmation, touching any of the Matters contained in fuch Questions and Answers, and, if necessary, to adjourn the faid Meetings to any Time or Times, not later than the faid Twentieth Day of July, and to any Place or Places, in High Constables, order that the faid Returns may be rendered more complete or indorse Returns, fatisfactory; and shall then deliver such Answers and Returns to the respective High Constables or other proper Officers as aforesaid, who shall thereupon indorse on each of such Returns the Name of the County, and also of the Riding, Division, Rape, Wapentake, Lathe, Precinct, Soke, Franchise, Liberty, City, Borough, Town or County Corporate, wherein the Parish, Township or Place therein mentioned, is fituate, and shall deliver or transmit such Returns, together with a true and perfect Lift of every Parish, Township and Place, and also of the Overseers and Householders aforesaid, to whom such Schedule shall have been delivered as aforesaid, to the feveral Clerks of the Peace and Town Clerks for the Jurisdiction in which the faid Juffices are authorized to act, at their respective Offices, on or before the Twenty feventh Day of July One thoufand eight hundred and elèven.

Sheriff Deputes. &c. in Stotland, to appoint Bchoolmasters, &c. to take Account.

&c. to deliver Schedules to Persons fo appointed, who shall take Acof Perions, &c. and prepare Answers to Queftions.

VII. And be it further enacted, That within that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, the Sheriff Deputes and Stewart Deputes, or their Substitutes, in their respective Counties and Stewartries, and the Provost of the Royal Burghs of Edinburgh and Glasgow within the faid Burghs, shall nominate and appoint, in Writing under the Hand of their respective Clerks, the Schoolmaster, or other fit Person or Persons, in each Parish or Place, to take account of the several Sheriffs' Officers, Matters required by this Act; and the Sheriffs' Officers, Stewarts' Officers and Town Officers respectively, are required forthwith to deliver the faid Schedule to the Schoolmaster, Person or Persons so appointed; and on the faid Twenty feventh Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, the Schoolmaster, Person or count of Number Persons so appointed, shall proceed to take Account of the Number of Persons at that time within the Limits of their respective Parishes and Places, and inform themselves of the several Particulars relating to all the Matters specified in the said Schedule, by proceeding from House to House, or otherwise as they shall judge expedient, for the better Execution of this Act, and from fuch Information as aforesaid, shall prepare an Answer or Return to all the said Questions, according

C. &.

according to the Form prescribed in the said Schedule, and shall then exhibit the same to the Minister of the Parish for his Correction and Approbation, and for any Observations which he may think fit to write thereupon; and the several Schoolmasters and other Persons appointed shall thereafter sign the same with their Names and ordinary Defignations; and the better to enable them to make fuch Answers or Returns as aforesaid, they are hereby authorized and empowered to ask all such Questions of the Persons within their respective Parishes, respecting themselves and the Number and Quality of the Persons constituting their respective Families, as shall be necessary for stating the Particulars required to be stated concerning them in the said Answers and Returns; and every such Person refusing to answer, or wilfully giving a salse Answer to such Questions, or any of them, shall, for every such Refusal or false Answer, forfeit a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, nor less than Forty Shillings, at the Discretion of any Justice of the Peace before

whom the Complaint thereof shall be made.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Sheriff Deputes and Sheriff Deputes, Stewart Deputes, or their Substitutes, for Scotland, and the Provosts of the Royal Burghs of Edinburgh and Glusgow, within their respective Jurisdictions, shall appoint a Time or Times, which shall after the formation of the Royal Burghs of Edinburgh and Glusgow, within their masters, &c. to attend with Renot be sooner than the First Day of June, nor later than the last turns, &c. Day of June, in the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven, for the Schoolmaster, Person or Persons appointed by them as aforefaid, to attend at their Offices, or at such other Places as they shall appoint, with the Returns and Answers to all the Questions stated in the Schedule to this Act; and the faid Sheriff Deputes, Stewart Sheriff, &c. to Deputes or their Substitutes, and Provosts, shall cause Notice to be receive same given to them respectively for that Purpose accordingly; and shall upon Oath; then and there receive the Answers and Returns to be made as Oath, and cause aforesaid, and administer the Oath contained in the faid Schedule Return to be to the Schoolmaster, Person or Persons appointed to make such indersed; may Returns as aforesaid; and such Sheriff Deputes, Stewart Deputes direct Returns or their Substitutes, and Provosts aforesaid, if they see Cause, may and Answers to be verified upon the faid Schoolmaster Person or Person upon Ooth examine the faid Schoolmaster, Person or Persons upon Oath Oath before touching any of the Matters contained in such Questions and Justice of the Answers, and shall thereafter direct their respective Clerks to indorse Peace. the same with the Name of the County or Stewartry, or District thereof, wherein the Parish or Place therein mentioned is situated; or otherwise, in Cases where the said Sheriff Deputes, Stewart Deputes or their Substitutes shall think proper, they shall direct the Schoolmasters and other Persons aforesaid, to verify the said Returns and Answers upon Oath, before any Justice of the Peace within the County or Stewartry, and thereafter to transmit the Schedule, previous to the faid last Day of June, in any convenient manner to the faid Sheriff Deputes, Stewart Deputes, or their Substitutes, who shall direct the same to be indorsed as aforesaid.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the several Accounts to taken Accounts token in Writing by the Overseers and Schoolmasters, or other Persons so throughout appointed as aforefaid, in every Parish, Township or Place within G.B. for pre-Great Britain, for the Purpose of preparing the aforesaid Auswers, ac. preserved by and Returns, shall be fafely kept and preserved by the Church-Churchwardens, wardens or Chapelwardens in England, and by the Schoolmasters or &c.; and deother Persons appointed as aforefaid in Scotland, for the time being, livered over to

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Peace, &c. and Sheriff Deputes, &c. to transmit Returns to Secretary of State fore Parliament.

of the feveral Parishes, Townships or Places to which the same relate, and shall be delivered over by them to their Successors in Office respectively; and that the said Clerks of the Peace and 'Town Clerks throughout that Part of Great Britain called England, and the Sheriff Deputes, Stewart Deputes or their Substitutes, and Provosts Abstract laid be- in Scotland, shall on or before the First Day of August One thoufand eight hundred and eleven, transmit, with all convenient Speed, fuch Answers and Returns as they shall have received in manner aforesaid (together with a List of the Parishes, Townships and Places within their respective Counties, Stewartries, Ridings or Divisions, from whence no Returns have been made to them) to the Office of His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department; and that the same shall be digested and reduced into Order by such Officer as such Secretary of State shall appoint for the Purpose; and that an Abstract thereof shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament, within Three Months after the said First Day of August, or if Parliament shall not then be sitting, within the First Fourteen Days of the Session next ensuing.

Allowance for Trouble and Expences:

X. And be it further enacted, That there shall be paid and allowed for the Trouble and Expences of the several Persons emplayed in the Transactions aforesaid, for every Return which shall be so made and transmitt d to the Clerks of the Peace and Town Clerks respectively, pursuant to the Directions aforesaid, the Sums following; videlicet, To the Clerk of the Peace or Town Clerk, for the Return which shall be made from every such Parish, Township or Place in England, the Sum of One Shilling; to the High Constable or other proper Officer in England, for the like, the Sum of One Shilling and Six Pence; to the Clerks of the Justices of the Peace throughout England, for the like, the Sum of One Shilling; and that the Justices of the Peace in England, at their respective Midfummer Quarter-Sessions, or at the Michaelmas Quarter-Sessions following, in the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall and they are hereby required to make an Order upon their respective Treasurers, to pay the same out of the Rates to be made and collected for the respective Counties, Ridings, Divisions, Precincts, Sokes, Franchises, Liberties, Cities and Counties Corporate, or shall cause the same to be paid out of the Poor Rates of and for such Counties Corporate, or Places as have no County Rates; and also, that the faid Justices in England, at their said Midsummer Quarter-Seffions or at the Michaelmas Quarter-Seffions following, may and they are hereby required to allow to the feveral Overseers, Householders, Parish Clerks or Vestry Clerks, in England, a reasonable Compensation for the Trouble necessarily taken, and also for the Expences (if any) by them necessarily incurred in the Execution of this Act, and shall order Payment thereof to be made out of the Poors Rate of the several Parishes, Townships or Places respectively, and shall thereafter allow the same in the Annual Accounts of the several Overseers of the Poor.

In Scotland from Land Tax

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Sheriff Deputes, Stewart Deputes or their Substitutes, and Provosts of the Royal Burghs of Edinburgh and Glasgow in Scotland, may and they are hereby required to allow to the Sheriff Clerks or Town Clerks respectively, for the Return which shall be made and transmitted from every Parish or Place in Scotland, the Sum of One Shilling; and to the

Sheriffs' Officer or Town Officer, who shall distribute the Schedule to the Schoolmasters and others, for the like, the Sum of Two Shillings and Six Pence; and the faid Sheriff Deputes, Stewart Deputes or their Substitutes, and Provosts, may and they are hereby required to allow to the Schoolmasters and others a reasonable Compeniation for the Trouble by them necessarily taken, and also for the Expences (if any) by them necessarily incurred in the Execution of this Act; and to order Payment thereof, and also of the Sums respectively payable to the Sheriffs' Clerk, Stewarts' Clerk or Town Clerk, and to the Sheriffs' Officer or Town Officer, to be made by the Collector of the Land Tax of and for the Shire, Stewartry or other Place, (as the case shall require) out of any Money in his Hands; and fuch Collector shall and is hereby authorized to pay the fame accordingly.

XII. And be it further enacted, That every such Clerk of the Clerks of the Peace, Town Clerk, High Constable, Constable, Tythingman, making Default. Headborough or other such Officer as aforesaid, and also every fuch Churchwarden, Chapelwarden, Sidesman, Parish Clerk, Vestry Clerk, Overfeer of the Poor, Householder, Schoolmatter or other Person so appointed as aforesaid, making wilful Default in any of the Matters required of them respectively by this Act, shall, for every such wilful Default, forfeit a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, Penalty. nor less than Forty Shillings, at the Discretion of the Justice or Justices before whom Complaint then of shall be made: And in case Other Persons any of the before mentioned Officers and other Persons shall have so appointed. made Default, or shall have omitted to attend with or respecting the Answers and Returns at the appointed Time, the said Justices in England, and Sheriff Deputes, Stewart Deputes or their Substitutes, and Provosts, in Scotland, may, and they are hereby required forthwith to nominate and appoint some other Person or Persons in their Stead, to execute the Provisions of this Act; and the Person or Persons so nominated and appointed shall, instead of the Officer or Person so making Default, or omitting to attend as asoresaid, be entitled to receive the Fces or Compensation hereinbefore mentioned; and shall also be liable to the same Penalty in case of making wilful Default.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the several Forseitures Recovery and and Penalties inflicted by this Act shall, if not immediately paid, Application of be levied by Diffress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, Penalties. by virtue of a Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any Justice of the Peace, having Jurisdiction where such Offender shall dwell, rendering to the said Offender the Overplus (if any) after the Charge of fuch Distress and Sale shall be deducted; and in case fufficient Distress shall not be found, then it shall be lawful for fuch Justice to commit such Offender to the Common Gaol, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for a Term not exceeding Three Calendar Months, unless the said Forfeiture and Charges shall be fooner paid; and the faid Forfeitures, when recovered in England, shall be paid, One Half to the Informer, and the other Half to the faid respective Treasurers, to be applied in Aid of the Rates aforefaid; and any Person shall be deemed a competent Witness for the Execution of any of the Purpoles of this Act, notwithstanding his paying or being liable to pay towards fuch Poors Rate or County Rates; and in case the said Forfeitures shall be recovered in Scotland. Ç 3

they shall be paid. One Half to the Informer, and the other Half to the Collector of the Land Tax of such County or Stewartry, wherein the said Default shall be committed, to be by him applied in Aid of the Expenditure incurred by reason of this AA.

SCHEDULE.

- QUESTIONS to which, by Directions of an Act passed in the Fifty first Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled, An AB for taking an Account of the Population of Great Britain, and of the Increase or Diminution thereof, written Answers are to be returned by the Rector, Vicar, Curate or Officiating Minister, and Overseers of the Poor, or by some other substantial House holder of every Parish, Township and Place (including those Places also which are Extra parochial) in England; and by the Schoolmasters or other Persons to be appointed under the said Act for every Parish and Place in Scotland; signed by them respectively, and attested upon Oath or Assirmation by the said Overseers, or by such other substantial Householders as aforefaid, in England, and by the Schoolmasters or other such Persons as aforesaid in Scotland.
- QUESTIONS addressed to the OVERSEERS in England; and to the Schoolmasters in Scotland: Who are respectively required to take an Account of the Resident Population by proceeding from House to House on the Twenty seventh Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and on the Days immediately subsequent thereto, if one Day shall not be sufficient; and they are also required to specify in Writing the Name of the Parish or Place in the Schedule, and whether it be usually called a Parish, Township, Tything, Quarter, or by what other Denomination.

ift. How many Inhabited Houses are there in your Parish, Township or Place; and by how many Families are they

occupied?

2d. How many Houses are now building, and therefore not yet inhabited?

3d. How many other Houses are uninhabited?

4th. What Number of Families in your Parish, Township or Place, are chiefly employed in and maintained by Agriculture; how many Families are chiefly employed in and maintained by Trade, Manufacture or Handicrast; and how many Families are not comprized in either of the Two preceding Classes?

N. B. The total Number of Families in answer to this Question must correspond with the Number of

Families in answer to the 1st Question.

arth. How many Persons (including Children of whatever Age) are there actually found within the Limits of your Parish, Township or Place, at the time of taking this Account, distinguishing Males and Females, and exclusive of Men actually serving in His Majesty's Regular Forces, in the Old Militia, or in any Embodied Local Militia, and exclusive of Seamen either in His Majesty's Service, or belonging to Registered Vessels!

6th. Referring to the Number of Persons in 1801, To what Cause do you attribute any remarkable Difference in the Number at present?

7th. Are there any other Matters, which you may think it seceffary to remark, in Explanation of your Answers to any

of the preceding Questions?

QUESTIONS addressed to the Officiating Minister in England, by whom a Return is to be made to the Bishop on or before the Twentieth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven.

- 1st. What was the Number of Baptisms and Burials in your Parish, Township or Place, in the several Years 1801, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10; distinguishing Males from Fermales?
- 2d. What has been the Number of Marriages in your Parish, Township or Place, in the several Years 1801, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10?
- 3d. Are there any Matters, which you think it necessary to remark, in Explanation of your Answers to either of the preceding Questions? Especially whether any and what annual Average Number of Baptisms, Burials and Marriages, may, in your Opinion, take place in your Parish, without being entered in the Parish Register?

FORM of Answers by the Overseers, &c. in England, and Schoolmasters, &c. in Scalland, to the Questions contained in the Schedlue to an Act, 51 Geo. III. intituled, An Act for taking an Account of the Population of Great Britain, and of the Increase or Diminution thereof.

fcrip-	Question Ift.	Question 2d.	Question 2d. Question 3d.	3	Queflion 4th.	ds.	Perfons	Question 5th. Persons, including Children, of whatever Age.	h. Children, Ige.
Parift, &c. Inhabit	By how many Families occupied.	Houfes now building	Other Houses uninhabited.	Inhabited By how many Houtes now Other Houtes Families building uninhabited. Agriculture.	Families chiefly All other Families employed in Trade, not comprized in the Manufactures and Two preceding Handicraft.	Families chiefly All other Families employed in Trade, act comprised in the Males. Females. Perfons. Handicraft.	Males.	Females.	Total of Perfons.

Referring to the Number of Perfons in 1801, To what Caufe do you attribute any remarkable Difference in the Number at prefent? 6th Question.

7th Question. Are there any other Matters, which you may think it necessary to remark, in Explanation of your Answers to any of the preceding Questions?

GEO. III.

ATTESTATION on Oath [or, Affirmation] by the Overfeers or fubflantial Householders in England, and by the Schoolmaffers in Scotland.

I, A. B. One of the Overfeers, Schoolmafter [or, a fubflantial Householder] of the Parish, Township, &c. of in the County of do swear [or affirm] That the above Return contains, to the best of my Knowledge and Belief, a full and strue Answer to the Questions contained in the Schedule to an Act, intituled, An All for taking an Account of the Population of

The abovementioned A. B. was fworn [or affirmed] (in England) before us the Justices of the Peace in and for the of this Great Britain, and of the Increase or Diminution thereof.

C. D. and E. F. - (in Scotland) before me the Sheriff Depute of the Day of

chedule to an Act, \$1° GEO. III.	increase or Diminution thereof.
Juestions contained in the So	Great Britain, and of the Increal
ORM of Answers by the CLERGYMEN in ENGLAND to the (intituled, An Act for taking an Account of the Population of

Diocefe of	and County, &c.		Deanry, or Jurisdiction, &c.	City, Town, &c.	,	Parish or Chapelry, &c.
		QUESTION 1ft.	,		QUES	QUESTION 2d.
	BAPTISMS.	ISMS.	BURLALS.	ALS.		NIMBER OF
YEARS.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	YEARS.	MARRIAGES.
1801					1801	
1802 -			٠		1802	
1803 -					1803	
1804 -					1,804	
1805 -	•	•	•		1805	
- 908I	1		•		1806	
1807					1807	xI
- 808I					1808	
- 6081					1809	
1810	•	_	•		1810	

REMARKS in Explanation of the Matters stated in Answer to the several Questions.

uefton.

Queltion.—Annual Average Number of unentered Baptisms—Burials—Marriages.— (Here assign Reason of Non-entry.)

I, A.B. [Rector, Vicar, Curate, or Officiating Minister,] of the Parish, Chapelry, &c. of in the County of do certify, That the above Return contains, to the best of my Knowledge and Belief, a full and true Answer to the feveral Questions contained in the Schedule to an Act, intituled, An Act for taking an Account of the Population of Great Britain,

CER'I'IFICATE of the CLERGYMAN.

and of the Increase or Diminution thereof. Witness C. D. One of the Overseers [or, substantial Householder] of the Parish of

this

A. B. Day of

Sentence of **Fransportation** in India, & c, notified by Judge of One of the Supreme Courts.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That, whenever any Sentence of Transportation passed by any Court Martial holden in the Eust Indies, or in His Majesty's Settlements of the Cape of Good Hope or Ceylon, or in any Settlements occupied by His Majesty's Forces beyond the Cape of Good Hope, is to be carried into Execution, or Mercy shall be extended to any Offender liable to the Punishment of Death by the Sentence of any Court Martial in the East Indies, upon Condition of Transportation, the same shall be notified in Writing by the Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Forces in India, or, in the Absence of the Commander in Chief, then by the Adjutant General for the time being to some Judge of One of the Supreme Courts of Judicature of the Presidencies of Fort William, Fort Saint George or Bombay, or the Chief Justice or other Judge at the Island of Ceylon or the Cape of Good Hope, or any such Order for Trans- other Settlement as aforesaid; and thereupon such Judge shall make an Order for the Transportation of such Offender, upon the Terms and for the Time which shall be specified in such Notification, and shall also make such other Order or Orders, and do all such other Acts consequent upon the same as any such Judge is authorized to make or do under an Act passed in a Parliament holden in the Thirty ninth and Fortieth Years of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, An All for establishing further Regulations for the Government of the British Territories in India, and the better Administration of Justice within the same, with respect to Offenders ordered to be transported by Sentence of the Criminal Courts in India, and the Governor and Council of fuch Prefidency respectively shall and they are hereby required to take Order for the Transportation of all such Offenders ac-

39 & 40 G. 3. c. 79. § 13.

portation.

Officers and Soldi rs mprifoned upon a Charge of a Criminal Ofentitled to Arrears. Convicted, Penalty.

cordingly. XVII. And be it further enacled, That no Officer, Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier who shall be arrested and committed to Prison upon a Charge of any Criminal Offence, shall receive any Part of his Pay from the Day of such Commitment till the Day of his fence, acquitted, Return to the Regiment, Troop or Company to which he shall belong, provided that if he shall be acquitted of the Offence for which he was committed, he shall upon his Return to his Corps be entitled to receive all Arrears of Pay which were growing due during the Time of his Confinement; but if he shall be convicted, he shall forfeit all Right to any Pay from the Day of his Commitment during the Time of his Confinement, as well under the original Commitment as under any Commitment consequent upon such Conviction, and until the Day of his Return to the Regiment, Troop or Company to which he shall belong: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Secretary at War for the time being, to order the Issue and Payment to any such Officer, Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier, during any fuch Commitment or Imprisonment, or either of them, or any Part thereof, of the Pay of any fuch Officer, Noncommissioned Officer or Soldier, or of any Proportion of such Pay, or of any Arrears thereof, either during such Commitment or Imprisonment, or after the Discharge of such Officer, Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier after Conviction or otherwife, as shall appear to the Secretary at War to be proper, and the Order of the Scretary at War for the Payment of such Pay or Arrears, shall be a suffigient Discharge for such Payment.

XXII Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall General Courts be lawful for any such General Courts Martial, by their Sentence Martial may or Judgment to inflict corporal Punishment, not extending to Life inflict corporal Punishment. or Limb, or Imprisonment, as such Court shall think sit, on any

Soldier for Immoralities, Misbehaviour or Neglect of Duty.

XXVII. And whereas it may also be expedient that Officers of His Officers of the Majesty's Land Forces when employed in conjunction with Officers in King's Forces the Service of the United Company of Merchants of England trading and Officers in to the Fall India, thould in certain Cafes, he afficiently for the Pur. E. I. Service to the East Indies should, in certain Cases, be affociated for the Purmay fit in conpole of holding Courts Martial; Be it enacted and declared, That when junction at and as often as there may be Occasion, it shall and may be lawful for Courts Martial, Officers of His Majesty's Land Forces, and of the Forces in the &c. Service of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, to fit in conjunction at Courts Martial, and to proceed in the Trial of any Officer or Soldier, in like manner, to all intents and purposes, as if such Courts Martial were composed of Officers of His Majesty's Land Forces, or of Officers in the Service of the faid United Company only; with this Distinction that, upon the Trial of any Officer or Soldier of His Majesty's Land Forces, Regard shall be had to the Regulations and Provisions made by or in pursuance of this Act; and the Oaths administered to the several Members of the Court Martial shall be in the Terms by this Act prescribed; and upon the Trial of any Officer or Soldier in the Service of the faid United Company, Regard shall be had to the Regulations and Provisions made by or in pursuance of an Act passed in the Twenty 27 G.2. c.9. feventh Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An All for punishing Mutiny and Defertion of Officers and Soldiers in the Service of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and for the Punishment of Offences committed in the East Indies, or at the Island of Saint Helena; and the Oaths administered to the several Members of the Court Martial shall be in the Terms prescribed by the same Act.

LXXV. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby enacted and de- Proviso for clared by the Authority aforesaid, That, from and after the said Persons hastily Twenty fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ele- inlifting. ven, when and as often as any Person or Persons shall be enlisted as a Soldier or Soldiers in His Majesty's Land Service, he or they shall, within Four Days, but not sooner than Twenty four Hours, after fuch inlifting respectively, be carried or go with some Officer, Noncommissioned Officer or Private Soldier belonging to the Recruiting Party by which he shall be inlisted, or with the Person employed on the Recruiting Service with whom he shall have inlisted, before some Justice of the Peace of any County, Riding, City or Place, or Chief Magistrate of any City or Town Corporate, residing or being next to or in the Vicinity of the Place and acting for the Division or District where such Person or Persons shall have been inlisted, and not being an Officer in the Army, and before such Justice or Chief Magistrate, he or they shall be at Liberty to declare his or their Diffent to fuch inlifting; and upon fuch Declaration, and eturning the inlifting Money, and also each Person so differting In what case paying the Sum of Twenty Shillings for the Charges expended or such Persons aid out upon him, together with such full Rate allowed by Law deemed to be or the Subfishence or Diet and Small Beer furnished to such Recruit inlined. ubsequent to the Period of his having been inlisted, such Person or

Perfous

A.D.1811.

Juffices to read over to them certain Bechiens of the Articles of War, and adsunister Oaths.

Recruits inlifted under 39 G. 3. c. 109. for E. I. C. Service, &c. take Oath of Allegiance.

Recruits inlifted under 50 G. 3. c. 87. take Oaths In Schedules (G.) and (H.)

Persons so inlisting shall be forthwith discharged and set at Liberty, in the Presence of such Justice or Chief Magistrate; but if such Person or Persons shall refuse or neglect, within the Space of Twenty four Hours, to return and pay such Money as aforesaid, he or they shall be deemed and taken to be inlisted, as if he or they had given his or their Assent thereto before the said Justice or Chief Magistrate; and if such Person or Persons shall declare his or their having voluntarily inlifted himself or themselves, then such Justice or Chief Magistrate shall, and he is hereby required forthwith to read over, or in his own Presence to cause to be read over, to such Person or Perfons the Third and Fourth Articles of the Second Section, and the First Article of the Sixth Section of the Articles of War against Mutiny and Defertion, and to tender and administer to such Person or Persons respectively, not only the Oath of Fidelity mentioned in the said Articles of War, but also the Oath mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (A.), or if the Person shall be defirous of inlifling without any Limitation of Period of Service. the Oath in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (B.); and if such l'erson or Persons shall take the said Oaths, then such Justice or Chief Magistrate shall, and he is hereby required forthwith to certify under his Hand the inlifting and swearing, together with the Place of the I irth, Age and Calling, if known, of fuch Perfon or Persons, in the Form mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (C.), if the Oath in the Form marked (A) shall have been taken, and in the Form marked (D.) if the Oath in the Form marked (B.) shall have been taken, except in the case of Recruits inlifted to ferve either in His Majesty's Troops, or in the Forces of the East India Company, according as His Majelly shall think fit, in purioance of an Act passed in the Thirty ninth Year of the Reign of His Majesty, intituled, An Ast for better recruiting the Forces of the East India Company, in which case every such Recruit shall, instead of the faid Oath of Fidelity, and of the Oath contained in the Schedule (A.) or (B.) to this Act annexed, take the Oath of Allegiance directed by the faid Act of the Thirty ninth of His Majefty, and contained in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (E.); and the Justice or Chief Magistrate shall certify such Inliftment and Swearing accordingly in the Form mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (F.); and except also in the case of Recruits enlisted for the special Purpose of serving in the East Indies, in the Forces of the Eeft India Company only, in pursuance of an Act passed in the Fiftieth Year of the Reign of His Majesty. intituled, An All to amend I wo Ads relating to the raising Men for the Service of the East India Company, and the quartering and billetting fuch Men, and to Trials by Regimental Courts Martial, in which cafe every such Recruit shall, instead of the faid Oath of Fidelity, take the Oath directed to be taken by the faid Act of the Fiftieth Year of His present Majesty aforesaid, and contained in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (G.), and inflead of the Oath of Service contained in the Schedule (A.) or (B.) to this Act annexed, shall take the Oath directed to be taken by the laid recited Act of the l'iftieth Year aforesaid, and contained in the Schedule to this Act annexed marked (H.), and the Justice or Magistrate shall certify such Inlitment and Swearing accordingly, in the Form mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (I.); and if any fuch Person

or Persons so to be certified, shall wilfully refuse to take the said Oath of Fidelity before the faid Juffice or Chief Magistrate, it shall and may be lawful for fuch Officer, from whom he has received fuch Money as aforefaid, to detain and confine fuch Person or Persons until he or they shall take the said Oath of Fidelity; and every Military Officer that shall act contrary hereto, or offend herein. shall incur the like Penalty and Forfeiture as is by this Act to be inflicted upon any Officer for making a false and untrue Multer; and the Penalty and Forfeiture shall be levied and recovered in the same manner as any Penalties or Forfeitures are by this Act to be levied or recovered: Provided always, that every Non-commissioned Officer or Name and Resi-Private Soldier, who shall inlift any Recruit, shall, at the Time of dence of Refuch inlifting, enquire the Christian and Surname, and Place of Abode cruits taken of such Recruit, and either take the same down in Writing, or give down. the same to the Non-commissioned Officer commanding the Recruiting Party to be so taken down: Provided also, that it shall be lawful for Justices may difany Justice of the Peace to discharge any Person who shall have thirge Persons hastily inlifted, and who shall apply to him to declare his Dissent hastily inlifting within such Four Days as aforesaid, upon Payment of the Sum of themselves, on Money required to be paid by any Recruit declaring his Diffent Money. under this Act, notwithstanding no Officer, Non-commissioned Officer or Private Soldier, belonging to the Recruiting Party shall be with the Recruit, if it shall appear to such Magistrate upon the Examination of fuch Recruit or of any other Person that the Reeruiting Party has left the Place where fuch Recruit was inlifted, or that such Recruit could not procure any Non-commissioned Officer belonging to fuch Party to go with fuch Recruit before the Justice of the Peace; and the Sum paid by fuch Recruit upon his Dif-charge shall be kept by the Justice of the Peace, and paid when demanded to any Person belonging to the Recruiting Party entitled thereto demanding the same.

paying Inlifting

LXXIX. And be it further enacted, That any Person who shall Persons surrens voluntarily furrender or deliver himself up as a Deserter, from any dering as Deserter Regiment or Corps of His Majesty's Forces, or who upon being ters deemed to apprehended for Defertion or any other Offence shall in the Presence enlifted. of the Magistrate confess himself to be a Deserter from any such Regiment or Corps, shall be deemed to have been duly inlisted and to be a Soldier, and shall be liable to serve in any such Regiment or Battalion or Corps of His Majesty's Forces, as His Majesty shall think fit to appoint, whether fuch Person shall have been ever actually inlisted as a Soldier or not.

4 XCIII. And whereas feveral Soldiers, being duly lifted, do Justices may afterwards defert, and are often found wandering or otherwise commit Deferabsenting themselves illegally from His Majesty's Service,' it is ters. hereby further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Constable, Headborough or Tithingman, of the Town or Place where any Person, who may he reasonably suspected to be such a Deserter. shall be found; or for any Officer or Soldier in His Majesty's Service, to apprehend, or cause such suspected Person to be apprehended, and to bring or cause him to be brought before any Justice of the Peace, living in or near such Town or Place, who hath hereby Power to examine such suspected Person; and if, by his Confession, or the Testimony of One or more Witness or Witnesses upon Oath, or by the Knowledge of such Justice of the

Peace, it shall appear or be found that such suspected Person is a lifted Soldier, and ought to be with the Troop or Company to which he belongs, fuch Justice of the Peace shall forthwith cause him to be conveyed to the Gaol of the County or Place where he shall be found; or the House of Correction, or other public Prison in such Town or Place where such Deserter shall be apprehended; or to the Savey, in case such Deserter shall be apprehended within the City of London or Westminster, or Places adjacent; or to the Provost Marshal in case such Deserter shall be apprehended within the City or Liberties of Dublin, or Places adjacent; and transmit an Account thereof to the Secretary at War for the Time being, in London, or if the Deferter be apprehended in Ireland, to the Chief Secretary to the Chief Governor or Governors thereof, to the End that such Person may be removed by an Order from the Office of the said Secretary at War, or Chief Governor or Governors, and proceeded against according to Law: And the Keeper of every Gaol, House of Correction or Prison, in which such Deserter shall at any time be confined, shall receive such Subsistence for the Maintenance of fuch Deferter during the time that he shall continue in his Custody, as by His Majesty's Regulations is or shall from time to time be directed in that behalf, and the Keeper of every Gaol, House of Correction or other public Prison of the City, Town or Place at or in which the Party or Person conveying such Deserter shall halt on the March, shall and he is hereby required to receive and confine every fuch Deserter who shall be delivered into his Charge and Custody by any Non commissioned Officer or Soldier, who shall be conveying fuch Deserter under any lawful Order, Warrant or Authority, while on the Road from the Place where he was apprehended to the Place to which he is to be conveyed, without any other Warrant or Authority for so doing than the Production of the Warrant of the Justice of the Peace on which fuch Deferter shall have been taken, or some Order from the Office of the Secretary at War, or of the Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, and shall be entitled to One Shilling for the fafe Cuftody of the faid Deferter, while the Party or Person conveying him shall halt on the March; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding. CIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That

Officers, &c. embezzling, &c. Military Stores, &c. may be tried by a Court Martial.

Affiliant Commissary, or other Person employed in the Commissariat Department, or in any manner in the Care or Distribution of any Money, Provisions, Forage or Stores, belonging to His Majesty's Forces, or for their Use, that shall embezzle or fraudulently misapply, or cause to be embezzled or fraudulently misapply, or cause to be embezzled or fraudulently misapplied, or shall knowingly or wilfully permit or suffer any Money, Provisions, Forage, Arms, Clothing, Ammunition or other Military Stores to be embezzled or fraudulently misapplied or to be spoiled or damaged, may be tried for the same by and before a General Court Martial, and it shall be lawful for such Court Martial to adjudge any such Person to be transported as a Felon for Life, or for any certain Term of Years, or to suffer such Punishment of Pillory, Fine, Imprisonment, Dismissal from His Majesty's Service, and Incapacity of serving His Majesty in any Office Civil or Military as any such Court shall think sit according to the Nature and Degree of the Offence, or that such

Person shall forseit Two hundred Pounds, and that such Person shall,

every Commission Officer, Storekeeper or Commissary, or Deputy or

Penalty.

in addition to any other Punishment, make good, at his own Expence, the Loss and Damage thereby sustained, to be ascertained by fuch Court Martial; which shall have Power to seize the Goods and Chattels of the Person so offending, and sell them for the Payment of the faid Two hundred Pounds, and fuch Damage: And if For want of fufficient Goods and Chattels cannot be found and feized, then the Diffreis Offender Person so offending shall be committed to Prison or the Common committed. Gaol, there to remain (in addition to any other Punishment or Imprisonment) for Six Months without Bail or Mainprize, and until he shall pay such Deficiency; and after the said Sum shall be Application of recovered and levied, the same shall be applied and disposed of as Forfeiture.

His Majesty shall direct and appoint.

CVI. And, for the Encouragement of the due and well clothing Treasury may of the Troops, be it hereby further enacted, That the Lord iffue out Money High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time for Clothing. being, may, if he or they fee convenient, at the End of every Six Months, issue the Money due for the Clothing of the several Regiments, Troops and Companies: And the Paymaster General P for the time being is hereby directed to pay the same to such Person neral to pay or Persons only as have a regular Assignment from the Colonel or Clothing Commandant or Person authorized by Law to make such Assignment, and the Receipt of the Person or Persons having or being lawfully entitled to fuch Aflignment, shall be from time to time taken for the fame.

SCHEDULE (A.)

Form of Oath.

do make Oath, That I am or have been (as the case may be) [state Occupation if any, or state if of none] and to the best of my Knowledge and Belief was born in [state County, Parish, Place, &c.] and that I am of the Age of Years; that I do not belong to the Militia, or to any other Regiment, or to His Majesty's Navy or Marines, and that I will Ierve His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for the Period of [this Blank to be filled up by the Magistrate with Seven Years for Infantry, Ten Years for Cavalry, and Twelve Years for the Artillery, if the Person enlishing is of the Age of Eighteen Years or upwards; but if under Eighteen Years, then the Difference between his Age and Eighteen to be added to fuch Seven, Ten or Twelve Years, as the case may be Years, provided His Majesty should for fo long require my Service; and also for such further Term, not exceeding Six Months, as shall be directed by the Commanding Officer on any Foreign Station, and not exceeding Three Years, as shall be directed by any Proclamation of His Majesty: Provided always, that in the latter case the said additional Period shall determine whenever Six Months of continued Peace, to be reckoned from the Ratification of any Definitive Treaty, shall have elapsed subsequent to the Expiration of the faid [Seven, Ten or Twelve, as the tase may be] Years.

SCHEDULE (B.)

Form of Oath.

do make Oath, that I am, or have been, (as the case may be) [state Occupation if any, or state if of none] and to the best of my Knowledge and Belief was born in [state County, Parish, Place, &c.] and that I am of the Age of Years; that I do not belong to the Militia or any other Regiment, or to His Majesty's Navy or Marines; and that I will serve His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, until I shall be legally discharged.

SCHEDULE (C.)

Form of Justice's Certificate.

I A.B. One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of (or Chief Magistrate of

) do hereby certify, That C.D. appearing to be Years old, Feet Inches high,

Complexion,
on the
Day of
One thousand eight
hundred and
, and stated himself to be of the Age of
Years, and that he had no Rupture, and was not troubled with Fits,
and was no ways disabled by Lameness, Deafness or otherwise, but
had the perfect Use of his Limbs and Hearing, and was not an
Apprentice; and acknowledged that he had voluntarily enlisted

himself for the Bounty of to serve His Majesty King George the Third, his Heirs and Successors, in the

Regiment of commanded by and did engage to serve for the Period of This Blank to be filled up by the Magistrate with Seven Years for Infantry, Ten Years for Cavalry, and Twelve Years for the Artillery, if the Person enlisting is of the Age of Eighteen Years or upwards; but if under Eighteen Years, then the Difference between his Age and Eighteen to be added to fuch Seven, Ten or Twelve Years, as the cafe may be Years, provided His Majesty should for so long require his Service; and also for such further Period as His Majesty shall please to direct, not to exceed in any case Three Years, and to determine whenever Six Months shall have elapsed of continued Peace subsequent to the Expiration of the Term of [Seven, or Ten, or Twelve] Years. And I do hereby certify, That in my Presence the Third and Fourth Articles of the Second Section, and the First Article of the Sixth Section of the Articles of War against Mutiny and Desertion were read over to him, and that he took the Oath of Fidelity mentioned in the said Articles of War, and also the Oath above set forth, and that he received the Sum of on being attefted; and that I have given to the faid C.D. a Duplicate of this Certificate, figned with my Name.

SCHEDULE (D.)

Form of Justice's Certificate.

I A.B. One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of
(or Chief Magistrate of
), do hereby certify, That C.D. appearing to

Years old, be Feet Inches high, Complexion, Eyes, Hair, came before , on the me at Day of One thousand eight hundred and , and stated himself to be of the Age Years, and that he had no Rupture, and was not troubled with Fits, and was no ways disabled by Lameness, Deafness or otherwise, but had the persect Use of His Limbs and Hearing, and was not an Apprentice, and acknowledged that he had voluntarily enlifted himfelf for the Bounty of to serve His Majesty King George the Third, his Heirs and Successors, in the Regiment of commanded by he should be legally discharged: And I do hereby certify, that in my Presence the Third and Fourth Articles of the Second Section, and the First Article of the Sixth Section, of the Articles of War against Mutiny and Defertion, were read over to him, and that he took the Oath of Fidelity mentioned in the faid Articles of War, and also the Oath to the Effect above set forth, and that he received the on being attefted, and that I have given to the faid C.D. a Duplicate of this Certificate figned with my Name.

SCHEDULE (E.) [39 G. 3. c. 109. the fume as Schedule (C.)
of 47 G. 3. Seff. 1. c. 32.]

SCHEDULE (F.) [Form of Justice's Certificate, the fame as Schedule (D.) of 47 G. 3. Seff. 1. c. 32.]

SCHEDULE (G.)

Oath of Allegiance.

I A.B. being enlifted to ferve in the [Infantry or Artillery, as the case may be] of the East India Company, do swear, That I will bear true Allegiance to our Sovereign Lord King George, and that I will, as in Duty bound, defend him in his Person, Crown and Dignity, against all his Enemies; and I swear that I will also be true to the said United Company, and will duly observe and obey all their Orders, and the Orders of their Generals and Officers who shall be lawfully set over me.

SCHEDULE (H.)

I A.B. do make Oath, That I am (or have been, as the case may be) [state Occupation if any, or state if of none], and to the best of my Knowledge and Belief was born in [state County, Parish or Place, &c.] and that I am of the Age of Years, and that I do not belong to the Militia or to any Regiment in His Majesty's Service, or to His Majesty's Navy or Marines, and that I will serve the United Company of Merchants of England, trading to the East Indies, until I shall be duly and legally discharged [or if the Recruit enlists for limited Service, then leave out the Words scored under and insert] for the Period of Twelve Years [if the Person enlisting is of the Age of Eighteen Tears or upwards, but if under Eighteen Tears, then the Disserted between his Age and Eighteen to be added to such Twelve Years, as the case may be, and such Period to be inserted instead of Twelve

Years] provided the faid United Company should so long require my Service.

SCHEDULE (I.)

One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of [or Chief Magistrate of do hereby certify, that appeared to be Years old, Feet Inches high, Com-Hair, came before me at plexion, Eyes, , and stated himself to on the Day of be of the Age of Years, and that he had no Rupture, and was not troubled with Fits, and was no ways disabled by Lameness, Deafness or otherwise, but had the perfect Use of his Limbs and Hearing, and was not an Apprentice, and acknowledged that he had voluntarily inlifted himself for the Bounty of to serve the United Company of Merchants of England trading to

the East Indies, and did engage to serve for the Period of

[this Blank to be filled up by the Magistrate either until difcharged, or for Years, as in the preceding Form of Enlishment] and I do hereby certify, that in my Presence the Third and Fourth Articles of the Second Section and the First Articles of the Sixth Section of the Articles of War against Mutiny and Defertion, were read over to him, and he took the Oath of Fidelity mentioned in the Act of the Fiftieth Year of His present Majesty, and also the Oath above fet forth, and that he received the Sum of being attested, and that I have given to the faid

a Duplicate of this Certificate, figned with my Name.

SCHEDULE (K.) [Form of Master's Oath, the same as Schedule (E.) of 47 G. 3. Seff. 1. c. 32.]

SCHEDULE (L.) [Form of Justice's Certificate, the fame as Schedule (F.) of 47 G. 3. Seff. 1. c. 32.]

SCHEDULE (M.)

Form of Oath.

do hereby make Oath, That I have not applied any Money or Stores, or Supplies, under my Care or Diftribution, to my own Use, or to the private Use of any other Person by way of Loan to such Person, or otherwise, or in any Manner applied them, or knowingly permitted them to be applied to any other than public Purposes, and according to the Duty of my Office.

Sworn before me by the within named Day of A. B. [Justice of the Peace for the County of or Commander in Chief, or Second in Command, &c. the Army ferving in ೮c. as the Case may be.]

CAP. IX.

An Act for the Regulation of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore. [22d March 1811.]

THEREAS it may be necessary, for the Sasety of the United Kingdom and the Defence of the Possessions of the Crown of Great Britain and Ireland, that a Body of Royal Marine Forces ' should

C.9.

 hould be employed in His Majesty's Fleet and Naval Service, under the Direction of the Lord High Admiral or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United King. 6 dom of Great Britain and Ireland: And whereas the faid Royal Marine Forces may frequently be quartered on Shore, where they will not be subject to the Laws relating to the Government of His 'Majesty's Forces by Sea; yet nevertheless it being requisite, for the retaining of such Forces in their Duty, that an exact Difcipline be observed; and that Marines who shall mutiny or stir up Sedition, or shall defert His Majesty's Service, be brought to a 6 more exemplary and speedy Punishment than the Law will allow 3' Be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, if any Person being entered or in Pay as an Officer of Royal Marines, or who is or shall be lifted or in Pay as a Non-commissioned Officer or Private Man, in any Division of Royal Marines in His Majesty's Service, and on the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall remain in such Service, or during the Continuance of this Act, shall be voluntarily entered and in Pay, as a Marine Officer or Private Man in His Majetty's Service; and being ordered or employed in fuch Service, at any time during the Continuance of this Act, on Shore in any Place within the faid Kingdom, or in any other of His Majesty's Dominions, or in Foreign Parts, shall begin, excite, cause or join in any Mutiny or Sedition in the Company to which he doth or shall belong, or in any other Company, Troop or Regiment, either of Marine or Land Forces, in His Majesty's Service; or shall not use his utmost Endeavours to suppress the same, or coming to the Knowledge of any fuch Mutiny, or intended Mutiny, shall not, without Delay, give Information thereof to his Commanding Officer; or shall desert His Majesty's Service, or, being actually entered as a Marine in any Company, shall list himself in any other Company, Troop or Regiment, or enter as a Scaman in His Majesty's Service, without first having a Discharge in Writing from the Officer commanding in Chief the Company in which he last served as a Marine, in which case he shall be reputed a Deserter; or shall be found sleeping upon his Post; or shall leave it before relieved; or shall hold Correfpondence with any Rebel or Enemy of His Majesty, or give them Advice or Intelligence of any Kind, by any ways or means, or in any manner whatsoever; or shall treat with such Rebels or Enemies, or enter into any Condition with them, without His Majesty's Licence, or Licence of the Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or Three or more of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being; or shall strike or use any Violence against his Superior Officer being in the Execution of his Office; or shall disobey any lawful Command of his Superior Officer; all and every Perion and Perions so offending in any or either of the Matters before mentioned, on Shore, in any Part of this Kingdom, or in any other of His Majesty's Dominions, or in Foreign Parts, shall suffer Death, or such other Punishment as by a Court Martial shall be inflicted.

Admiralty empowered to make Articles for Punishment of Mutiny and Defertion, &c.

and to constitute Courts Martial. Articles of War transmitted to Judges.

Oaths to be taken by Mem-Courts Martial,

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid Lord High Admiral, or Three or more of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral, at any time during the Continuance of this Act, to make and establish Rules and Articles in Writing, under his or their respective Hand or Hands, for the Punishment of Mutiny and Defertion, Immorality, Misbehaviour and Neglect of Duty, in any of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore, in any Part of this Kingdom, or in any other of His Majesty's Dominions or in Foreign Parts, and for bringing Offenders against the same to Justice; and to erect and constitute Courts Martial, with Power to try, hear and determine any Crimes or Offences specified in such Rules and Articles, and inflict Punishments, by Sentence or Judgment for the same, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; and all fuch Articles of War shall from time to time, as soon after the same shall have been established as the same can be done, be transmitted by the Secretary of the Admiralty for the time being to the Judges of His Majesty's Courts at Westminster and Dublin and into Scotland respectively.

VI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That in all Trials by any Divisional or Detachment Courts Martial which shall be bers of Divisional held by virtue of this Act, or of any Articles of War established in pursuance thereof, every Member affishing at such Trial, before any Proceedings be had thereupon, shall take the Oaths hereinafter mentioned upon the Holy Evangelists (which Oaths shall and may be administered by the President of the Court to the other Members thereof, and to the Prefident by any Member having first taken the faid Oaths); that is to fay,

YOU shall well and truly try and determine according to your Evidence in the Matter now before you.

So help you GOD.

I A. B. do fwear, That I will duly administer Justice according to the Rules and Articles for the better Government of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces when on Shore, and according to an Act of Parliament now in force for the Punishment of Mutiny

and Defertion, and of other Crimes therein mentioned, without · Partiality, Favour or Affection; and if any Doubt shall arise

• (which is not explained by the faid Articles or Act of Parliament) * according to my Conscience and the best of my Understanding, and the Custom of War. So help me GOD.

And the President of every such Court Martial (not being under the Rank of a Captain) shall be appointed by the Commanding Officer of the Division or Detachment directing such Court Martial; and every fuch Divisional or Detachment Court Martial is hereby authorized and directed to administer an Oath to every Witness that shall appear before them.

[This Act, except the Clauses above inserted, is similar to 50 G. 3. c. 14,]

CAP. X.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirty three, certain Acts of the Parliament of Ireland, so far as the same relate to the Improvement

provement of the City of Dublin, by making wide and convenient Passages through the same. [25th March 1811.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Parliament of Ireland 21 & 22 G. 3. in the Twenty first and Twenty second Years of His pre- (1.) c.17. fent Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Ad for the Improvement of the 30 G. 3. · City of Dublin, by making wide and convenient Passages through the fame, and for regulating the Coal Trade thereof, which was to continue in force until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand feven hundred and eighty eight; which faid recited Act, by an Act 23 & 24 G. 3. • made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Twenty third and Twenty (1) = 31. for th Years of His present Majesty's Reign, was amended and continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten; and by another Act made in the Parlia- 30 G 3. (1.) ment of Ireland in the Thirtieth Year of His Majesty's Reign, • was further amended; and by another Act made in the Forty ninth "Year of His present Majesty's Reign was further continued: And whereas it is expedient that the faid feveral recited Acts should be further continued, fo far as the same relate to the Improvement of the City of Dublin; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this prefent Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said So far as they feveral recited Acts, and every of them, so far as the same relate to the the Improvement of the City of Dublin, by making wide and convenient Both and the City of Dublin, by making wide and convenient Both and the City of Dublin, nient Paffages through the fame, and all Clauses, Provisions and Regulations in the faid recited Acts, or any of them contained, and all Powers and Authorities whatever given or created by the faid recited Acts, or any of them, for the Purpose of carrying into Essect such Improvement of the faid City of Dublin, and for the making such wide and convenient Paffages through the same, shall be and the same are bereby further continued, and shall remain and be in force until the continued till Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirty March 25.

three, and no longer. II. And be it further enacted, This this Act, and the faid several Acts may be recited Acts hereby continued, or any of them, may be amended, altered, &c. altered or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this present

Seffion of Parliament.

CAP. XI.

An A& to continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirty two, certain Acts of the Parliament of Ireland, fo far as the fame relate to the Duty on Coals imported into the Harbour of Dublin, and to the regulating the Coal Trade thereof. [2:th March 1811.]

HEREAS by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, 21 & 22 C.3. holden in the Twenty first and Twenty second Years of (1.) c. · His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for the Improvement of the City of Dublin, by making wide and convenient Pallages

through the same, and for regulating the Coal Trade thereof; it was, among other Things, enacted, That, from and after the First

Day of May One thousand seven hundred and eighty two, until the Twenty fifth Day of March which should be in the Year One D 4 'thousand

 raised, levied and paid to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, a net Additional Duty of One Shilling for and upon every Ton of Coals, not being the Produce of Ireland, which should be im-

ported or brought into the Harbour of Dublin during the time

or any of them.

· aforefaid, and fo in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity; the faid Duty to be paid over and above all Duties then payable on the same: And whereas by an Act made in the Parliament of · Ireland, in the Twenty third and Twenty fourth Years of His for present Majesty's Reign, for continuing and amending the said recited Act of the Twenty first and Twenty second Years, the said Duty was further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten; and by an Act made in

the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirtieth Year of His Majesty's

49 G. 3. c. 72.

23 & 24 G 3. (I.) c.

30 G. 3. (I.) c.

· Reign, the faid recited Act of the Twenty first and Twenty second · Years was further amended; and by an Act made in the Forty 'ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, all the said recited · Acts were further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven: And whereas it is exe pedient that the said Duty should be further continued;' May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Twenty fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirty two, and no longer, the faid additional Duty of One Shilling for and upon every Ton of Coals not being the Produce of Ireland, which shall be imported or brought into the Harbour of Dublin during the time aforesaid, shall continue to be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and that the said Duty shall be raised, levied and applied in fuch Manner, and by fuch Ways and Means, and for fuch Purposes and with fuch Exceptions, Limitations and Restrictions, and subject to such Account, as is mentioned and

Additional Duty of is. per Ton of Coals, not the Produce of Ireland, continued till March 25, ¥832,

ar & 22 G. 3. (I.) c repealing so much of Irish A& 6 G. 3. #\$ relates to the buying and felling of Coals,

· II. And whereas by the faid recited Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Twenty first and Twenty second Years of His present Majesty's Reign, so much of an Act made in · Ireland in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King · George the First, intituled, An Att for the more effectual preventing the engroffing and regrating of Coals in this Kingdom, and of every other Act or Acts of Parliament theretofore made in the faid Kingdom, was repealed and made null and void, as tended in any Degree to prevent any Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Coroporate, from buying or laying up in One Year more than a certain · Quantity of Coals, or to give the Lord Mayor or any Magistrate, Minister or Churchwarden, a Power to enter the Cellars, Houses or Yards, or any Persons buying Coals, and to direct the Coals therein to be fold, or to give the Lord Mayor of the City of Dub-! lin, a Power to compel to be brought up to the Quay and fold, any Coals on board any Ship or Gabbard, which Coals should · have

provided by the said hereinbefore recited Acts, or any of them, with respect to the Duty granted or continued by the said recited Acts, have been previously fold to any Person resident in the said City of Dublin, or to any Person or Persons trading or dealing in Coals, or to limit the Number of Factors, Burlers or Agents, for buying and felling of Coals in the City of Dublin, or to require them or any Person purchasing Coals for Sale, or keeping any Yard therein for felling Coals, to take out any Licence on account of the same or give Security, or take any Oath as a Factor, Burfer or Agent, or to prevent any Person keeping a Gabbard, Lighter or Boat, for the Purpose of carrying Coals; and it was also by the said recited · Act of the Twenty first and Twenty second Years aforesaid enacted, 6 that every Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, should be at full Liberty to buy and fell Coals at fuch Prices and Times, in fuch Manner and Quantities and Form, and to fuch Perfons as he, she or they should choose, any Law to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding; Be it further enacted, That so much and continued till fuch Parts of the faid recited Act of the Twenty first and Twenty March 25, second Years aforesaid, as is and are hereinbefore last rehearsed and 1832. fet forth, shall be and the same are hereby continued, and shall be and remain in full Force and Effect until the faid Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirty two, and no longer.

III. And be it further enacted, That this Act and the faid Act may be feveral recited Acts hereby continued, or any of them, may be altered, &c. amended, altered or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

CAP. XII.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, an Act for regulating the Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from Ireland. [25th *March* 1811.]

* WHEREAS the Act hereinafter mentioned has by Ex-perience been found useful and beneficial, and it is expedient that the same should be further continued in manner hereinafter men-' tioned;' Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That an Act made in the Forty feventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An As to pro- 47 G. 3. Seff. 1. vide more effectually for regulating the Drawbacks and Bounties on the c. 19. Exportation of Sugar from Ireland, and for allowing British Plantation Sugar to be warehoused in Ireland, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight; and which, by an Act made in 50 G. 3. c. 17. the last Session of Parliament, was continued until the Twenty-sisth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall be and the same is hereby further continued from the said Twenty sisth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, until and upon the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, except only so much of the faid recited Act of the Forty seventh Year aforesaid as relates to the allowing British Plantation Sugar to be warehoused in Ireland, and which, under the Provisions of an A& made in the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for 49 G. 3. c. 30. continuing the faid Act of the Forty seventh Year, is directed to

48 G. 3. c. 32.

be warehoused, under the Provisions of an A& made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for permitting Goods imported into *Ireland* to be warehoused or secured without the Duties due on the Importation thereof being first paid.

Act may be altered, &c.

II. And be it further enacted, That this Act, and the Act hereby continued, may be amended, altered or repealed by any Act passed in this Session of Parliament.

CAP. XIII.

An Act for further continuing, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, certain Bounties and Drawbacks on the Exportation of Sugar from Great Britain; and for suspending the Countervailing Duties and Bounties on Sugar, when the Duties imposed by an Act of the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty shall be suspended; and for continuing so much of an Act of the Twenty seventh Year of His present Majesty as allows a Bounty upon Double Resined Sugar exported, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and so much of the same Act as allows a Bounty on Raw Sugar exported, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve.

[25th March 1811.]

43 G. 3. c. 11.

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for discontinuing certain Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from Great Britain, and for allowing other Drawbacks and Bounties in lieu thereof, until the Fisteenth Day of January One thousand eight bundered and four: And whereas an Act passed in the Forty sitth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act to amend Two Acts passed in the Forty third and Forty fifth Years of His present Majesty, for

45 G. 3. c. 93.

49 G.3 c.11.

Forty fixth, Forty seventh and Forty eighth Years of His present Majesty, for further continuing the said Act of the Forty third Year of His present Majesty: And whereas another Act passed in the Forty winth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for further continuing until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and ten, certain Bounties and Drawlacks on the Exportation of Sugar from Great Britain; and for suspending the Coun-

* regulating the Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar * from Great Britain: And whereas Three other Acts passed in the

49 G. 3. c. 98.

tervailing Duties and Evanties on Sugar when the Duties imposed by an AB of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty shall be suffered and whereas an Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An AB for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for

50 G. 3. c. 18.

granting other Dulies in lieu thereof: And whereas by another Act passed in the Fistieth Year of His Majesty, intituled, An Act for further continuing, until the Twenty sist Day of March One thousand eight bundred and eleven, certain Bounties and Drawbacks on the Exportation of Sugar from Great Britain; and for suspending the Countervailing Duties and Bounties on Sugar, when the Duties imposed

by an A8 of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty shall be " fuspended: the Drawbacks allowed by the faid recited Act passed in the Forty ninth Year aforefaid, and the Bounties allowed by the · faid recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present · Majesty, were further continued; and it is expedient that the faid Drawbacks and Bounties so continued by the said last recited Act flould be further continued; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the several Drawbacks in the Schedule to the said last recited Drawbacks in Act of the Forty ninth Year aforesaid annexed, and the Bounties Schedule of in the Schedule to the faid recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of and Bounties in the Reign of His present Majesty annexed, shall be respectively paid Schedule to and allowed in like manner in every respect, and subject to and 45 G. 3. c. 93. under, and according to the like Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, allowed (Excep-Penalties and Forfeitures, (except where any Alteration is made by this Act) as the faid Drawbacks and Bounties were respectively paid

or allowed before the passing of this Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That if it shall appear by Notice If by Notice in in the London Gazette published on the Saturday which shall happen Gazette the next after the first Wednesday in May, the first Wednesday in September Average Prices One thousand eight hundred and eleven, or the first Wednesday in of Brown or January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, that the Average Muscovado Su-Prices of Brown or Muscovado Sugar taken in manner directed by an gar shall not Act made in the Thirty second Year of the Reign of His present have exceeded 70s. per Cwt. Majesty, intituled, An Att for regulating the Allowance of the Draw- Drawbacks als back and Payment of the Bounty on the Exportation of Sugar and for lowed, &c. permitting the Importation of Sugar and Coffee into the Bahama and 32 G 3. c. 43. Bermuda Islands in foreign Ships, for the Four preceding Months computed to the Wednefday immediately preceding such Saturday as aforesaid, shall not have exceeded Seventy Shillings for an Hundred Weight exclusive of the Duties of Customs paid or payable thereon on the Importation into Great Britain, then and in every such case, the Drawback or Bounty in the Schedules to the faid recited Acts passed in the Forty ninth and Forty sisth Years of His present Majesty aforefaid respectively annexed mentioned, as corresponding to or with the Price of which such Notice in the London Gazette shall have been given as aforefaid, shall be paid or allowed until Notice of any other Average shall in like manner appear in the London Gazette on any other of such Saturdays as before mentioned, and such Drawback or Bounty shall be paid or allowed in like manner in every respect, and subject and under and according to the like Rules and Regulations, Reltrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures as any Drawbacks or Bounties were paid or allowed before the paffing of the faid first recited Act . (except as any fuch Rules or Regulations are altered by the faid recited Acts of the Forty ninth and Forty fifth Years aforefaid) and the whole of the Duty granted by an Act passed in the Forty sirst 41 G.3 (UK) Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for c. 28. granting to His Majesty certain Duties of Customs on Timber, Sugar, Raisins and Pepper, imported into and on Lead exported from Great Britain, upon Sugar imported into Great Britain by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and warehoused according to Law, and sold at the Sales of the said Company

tion) as hereto-

March

Company after the Thirtieth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and one, shall, upon Delivery thereof out of Warehouse for Exportation during the time of any Drawbacks or Bounties being paid or allowed under this Act in respect of British Plantation Sugar, be wholly drawn back under fuch Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures, as any former Drawbacks are paid and allowed; any thing in an Act passed in the Thirty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

39 G. 3. c. 63.

49 G. 3. c. 98.

III. And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An All for repealing the feveral Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof, the Lord High Treasurer or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, are authorized to suspend the Payment of the additional Duties of Customs on Sugar, granted by the said last

recited Act, either in the Whole or in Part, whenever the Average Price of Sugar ascertained as directed by the last recited Act, and by another Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of His Majesty,

intituled, An All for regulating the Mode in which the Average · Price of Brown or Muscovado Sugar, exclusive of the Duty thereon, is to be ascertained under the Provisions of an Att passed in the Forty fixth Year of His present Majesty shall be below the Prices men-

tioned in the faid first recited Act of the Forty ninth Year aforefaid: And whereas it is expedient, that, during the Period of fuch Suspension, the Countervailing Duties on Refined Sugar imported

from Ireland into Great Britzin, and the equivalent Drawback or Bounty on the Exportation to Ireland of Refined Sugar of the Ma-6 nufacture of Great Britain, and also the additional Bounty on the

Exportation of Refined Sugar from Great Britain, other than to Ireland, imposed and allowed by the faid last recited Act, should in

When Treasury ' like Manner be suspended;' Be it therefore further enacted, That whenever the Lord High Treasurer, or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, shall exercise the Power vested in them, and shall, according to the Directions of the said Act, suspend the Payment of the Whole or Part of the Duties on Sugar thereby imposed, it shall be lawful for them and they are hereby authorized and required in like manner and for the like Period, to fuspend either the Whole of the additional Countervailing Duties of Cultoms on Refined Sugar of the Manufacture of Ireland, imported from thence into Great Britain, and of the additional Drawback or Bounty on the Exportation to Ircland of Refined Sugar of the

> Manufacture of Great Britain, and of the additional Bounty on the Exportation of Refined Sugar from Great Britain other than to Ireland, imposed and allowed by the said last recited Act, or such Part thereof respectively as shall bear a just Proportion to the Amount of Duty fo suspended.

1V. And be it further enacted, That the faid recited Act of the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, and all the Powers, Provifions, Authorities, Regulations, Clauses, Matters, and Things in the faid Act contained, except as the same are varied or altered by this Act, shall be and the same are hereby further continued from the G. B. till March 'Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and shall be and remain in full Force until the Fistcenth Day of

49 G. 3. c. 43.

fuspend Payment of Duty on Sugar granted by 49 G. 3. c. 98. they shall also fulpend Countervailing Duties, &c.

43 G. 3. c. 11. continued, for Port of London, till March 15, 1812. and for other Parts of 25, 1812-

March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, for the Port of London, and until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, for other Parts of Great Britain.

V. And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of 47 G. 3. Sess. 1. His present Majesty, intituled, An All to allow for Two Years, from c. 22. and after the passing of this A8, an additional Bounty on Double Refined Sugar, and to extend former Bounties on other Refined Sugar to such as shall be pounded, crashed or broken; and to allow for One · Year certain Bounties on British Plantation Raw Sugar exported, a certain Bounty was allowed upon the Exportation of Double Refined Sugar, and also a Bounty was allowed upon the Exportation of Raw Sugar; and it was enacted, that so much of the said recited · A& as related to the allowing of a Bounty upon Double Refined Sugar, should continue in force for Two Years from the passing of the faid Act, and so much thereof as related to the allowing of a Bounty upon Raw Sugar, should continue in force for One Year from the passing of that Act: And whereas by another Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, An Al 48 G. 3 c. 12. to amend and continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight bundred and nine, so much of an A& of the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty as allows certain Bounties on British Plantation Raw Sugar exported, so much of the said first recited Act as related to the faid Bounties upon Raw Sugars, was further continued with certain Alterations till the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine: And whereas so much of the said recited Act of the Forty seventh Year 47 G. 3. Self 1. aforesaid, as relates to the Bounties upon Double Refined Sugar, c. 22. and fo much thereof as relates to the Bounties upon Raw Sugar, tinued. as altered and continued by the faid last recited Act, and also the · faid last recited Act altering and continuing the same, have been by subsequent Acts continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven; and it is expedient that the said Bounties should be further continued; Be it therefore enacted, That so much of the said recited Act of the

Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve. VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That, from and Bounty on Raw after the Fourth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and Sugar governed eleven, the Allowance of the Bounty granted upon the Exportation Prices of Brown from Great Britain (except to Ireland) of British Plantation Raw Sugar. Sugar by the faid last recited Act of the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, shall be governed by the Average Prices of Brown or Mulcovado Sugar, computed and published in the London Gazette, for the Periods, at the times, and in the manner bereinbefore directed.

Forty seventh Year aforesaid, as relates to the Bounties upon Double Refined Sugars shall be further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and so much of the faid last mentioned Act as relates to the Bounties on Raw Sugars, as altered and continued by the faid recited Act of the Forty eighth Year aforesaid, and also the said last mentioned Act altering and continuing the same, shall be further continued until the

VII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, Act may be alvaried or repealed by any Act to be passed in this present Session of tered, &c. Parliament.

§ 21.

CAP. XIV.

An Act to continue feveral Laws relating to the granting a Bounty upon certain Species of British and Irish Linens exported from Great Britain, and taking off the Duties on the Importation of Foreign Raw Linen Yarns made of Flax into Great Britain, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty one; to the prohibiting the Exportation from and permitting the Importation into Great Britain of Corn, and for allowing the Importation of other Articles of Provision without Payment of Duty during the Continuance of the War, and until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace; and to the permitting the Importation of Tobacco into Great Britain from any Place whatever until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve.

[25th March 1811.]

THEREAS the Laws hercinafter mentioned have by Experience been found useful and beneficial, and it is expedient that the same should be further continued; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That an Act made in the Twenty ninth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An At for granting a Bounty upon certain Species of British and Irish Linens exported, and taking off the Duties on the Importation of foreign Raw Linen Yarus made of Flax; which faid Act was by Two other Acts of the Tenth and Nineteenth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty extended and continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand seven hundred and eighty six, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament, and which by several subsequent Acts was further continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and one, and revived and further continued by an Act of the Forty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and further continued by Two Acts of the Forty fixth and Forty eighth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall, from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, be and the same is hereby further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twenty one.

59 G. 3. c. 87. further continued during Continuance of the War, &c.

29 G. 2. c. 15. continued till

March 25, 1821.

II. And be it further enacted, That an Act made in the Thirty ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Ast for enabling His Majesty to prohibit the Exportation and permit the Importation of Corn, and for allowing the Importation of other Articles of Provision without Payment of Duty, to continue in force until Six Weeks after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament, which was continued by an Act of the Thirty ninth and Fortieth Years of His present Majesty, and amended and further continued by several subsequent Acts until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall, from and after the said Twenty fifth

Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, be and the fame is hereby further continued during the Continuance of the War, and until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace.

III. And be it further enacted, That an Act made in Forty 49 G. 3. c. 25. ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An All continued till to permit until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hun- March 25,1812. dred, and eleven, the Importation of Tobacco into Great Britain from any Place whatever, shall, from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, be and the same is hereby continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thoufand eight hundred and twelve.

CAP. XV.

An Act for enabling His Majesty to direct the Issue of Exchequer Bills to a limited Amount, for the Purposes and in Manner therein mentioned. [2d April 1811.]

WHEREAS from the present State of Commercial Credit, and other Causes, great Inconvenience and Pressure are experienced by the Manufacturers of Cotton Goods, and by the Importers of Produce from the Foreign West India Islands and South America, and also by Persons engaged in some other Branches of Trade, which have been subject to peculiar Difficulty and In-' terruption, and it is expedient that Your Majesty be enabled to direct Exchequer Bills, to the Amount of Six Millions, to be iffued to Commissioners, to be by them advanced under certain Regulations and Restrictions, for the Assistance and Accommodation of fuch Manufacturers and other Persons as ought in the Judgment of the faid Commissioners to receive the same, on due Security being given for the Repayment of the Sum so advanced within time to be limited; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it His Majesty may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent may empower Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spi- Treasury to diritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assem- rect Exchequer bled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful Bills for 6,000,000l for the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by Warrant or Warrants agreeable to under his Royal Sign Manual, to authorize and empower the Com- 48 G. 3. c. 1. missioners of His Majesty's Treasury now or for the time being, Exception. or any Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer for the Time being, to cause or direct any Number of Exchequer Bills to be made out at His Majesty's Exchequer, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Six Millions; in the same or like Manner, Form and Order, and according to the same or like Rules and Directions (except where other Directions for making out the same are contained and particularly expressed in this Act) as in and by an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Att for regulating the issuing and paying off of Exchequer Bills, are enacted and prescribed.

II. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Clauses, 48 G. 3. c. 1. Provisoes, Powers, Privileges, Advantages, Penalties, Forfeitures extended to Exand Disabilities, contained in the said last mentioned Act, shall be chequer Bills under this Act. applied and extended to the Exchequer Bills to be made in pursuance of this Act, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Pur-

poses, as if the said several Clauses or Provisoes had been particularly

repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act.

Bills to bear Interest of 2½d per Cent. per Diem.

When payable.

III. And be it further enacted, That the faid Bills to be made out in pursuance of this Act shall and may bear an Interest not exceeding the Rate of Two Pence Halfpenny per Centum per Diem, upon or in respect of the whole of the Monies respectively contained therein; and that One-fourth Part of each Class or Denomination of fuch Bills shall be made payable on the First Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve; One other Fourth Part thereof, on the Third Day of May One thousand eight hundred and twelve: One other Fourth Part thereof, on the Fourth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twelve; and the Residue thereof on the Second Day of November One thousand eight hundred and twelve; and that the Principal Sum contained in every such Bill, together with such Interest as aforesaid to be computed from the Day of the Date thereof until the time by this Act appointed for Payment thereof, shall be paid off and discharged upon the Days and Times respectively appointed for the Payment thereof.

Proviso as to receiving Bills in Payment of Taxes.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all and every the Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, or so many of them as shall from time to time remain undischarged and uncancelled, after the respective Days on which they shall become due and payable, shall and may after that time pass and be current to all and every the Receivers and Collectors in Great Britain, of the Customs, Excise, or any Revenue, Supply, Aid or Tax whatfoever, due or payable to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, and also at the Receipt of Exchequer of Great Britain, from the said Receivers or Collectors, but no fuch Receiver or Collector shall exchange at any time before the faid Day of Payment thereof, for any Money of fuch Revenues, Aids, Taxes or Supplies, in his Hands, any Exchequer Bill which shall have been issued as aforesaid by virtue of this Act; nor shall any Action be maintained against such Receiver or Collector for neglecting or refusing to exchange any such Exchequer Bill for ready Money before the faid Day of Payment thereof; any thing in this Act to the contrary contained in any wife notwithstanding; and that such of the same Bills as shall be received at the Exchequer, shall and may be locked up and secured as Cash, according to the Course of the Exchequer, settled and established by Law, for locking up and securing Monies received in Specie there.

Commissioners.

V. And be it further enacted, That Thomas Hamilton Esquire. commonly called Lord Binning, the Honourable William Lamb, the Honourable William Beauchamp Lygon, Joshua Jonathan Smith Esquire, Sir James Shaw Baronet, Sir John Perring Baronet, Harvey Christian Combe Esquire, Charles Grant Esquire, John Smith Esquire, Thomas Hughan Elquire, John Christian Curwen Esquire, George Bellas Greenough Elquire, James Brogden Elquire, Charles Bofanquet Esquire, John Thornton Esquire, Job Matthew Raikes Esquire, Charles Pole Esquire, John Inglis Esquire, Thomas Bainbridge Esquire, John Josiah Holford Esquire and Benjamin Harrison Esquire, shall be, and are hereby constituted Commissioners for advancing and lending to any Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, or to the Merchants, Bankers and Traders, refident within the Kingdom of Great Britain, upon the Deposits and Securities, and under the Terms and Conditions, and subject to the Regulations herein mentioned, the ExcheFee, Reward, Emolument or Gratuity whatever.

VI. And be it further enacted, That any Two of the faid Com- Commissioners missioners in this Act named, before they enter upon the Execution to take Oath. of the same, shall take an Oath before the Chancellor of the Exchequer or the Master of the Rolls for the Time being, which they or either of them are and is hereby authorized and required to administer; the Tenor whereof shall be as followeth; that is to say,

C. 15.

I A. B. do swear, That according to the best of my Judgment I will faithfully and impartially execute the feveral Powers and Trusts vested in me by an Act, intituled, An All [here set forth the Title of this A8] according to the Tenor and Purport of the · faid Act.

And every other of the said Commissioners in this Act named, shall likewise take the same Oath before the said Two Commissioners, who are hereby authorized and required to administer the same, after

they shall themselves have taken the said Oath as aforesaid.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the faid Commissioners ap- Commissioners pointed by this Act shall have Power to meet and sit, from time may meet. apto time, in such Place or Places as they shall find most convenient, point Officers, with or without Adjournment; and they or any Seven or more of Oaths, &c. them, shall and may appoint and employ a Secretary, and so many Clerks, Brokers, Messengers and Officers as they shall think meet, and allow to fuch Secretary, Clerks, Brokers, Messengers and Officers; with the Confent and Approbation of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, in Writing, under their Hands, fuch reasonable Salaries as the said Commissioners appointed by this Act shall think meet; and shall and may also employ a Solicitor, and allow to fuch Solicitor fuch Salary or Reward as the faid Commifsioners shall think reasonable for his Care and Labour; and shall and may give and administer to such Solicitor, Secretary, Clerks, Brokers and Officers respectively an Oath for their faithful Demeanor in all things relating to the due Performance of the Trusts reposed in them by the faid Commissioners, and in all other things touching the Premiles; and from time to time at their Discretion difinifs and oilcharge fuch Solicitor, Secretary, Clerks, Brokers, Messengers and other Officers, and appoint others in their Place; and the faid Soli- No other Recitor, Secretary, Clerks, Brokers and Officers are hereby required ward than Safaithfully to execute and perform the faid Trufts, in them severally and laries. respectively reposed, without taking any thing for such Service, other than such Salaries or Reward as the said Commissioners shall direct and appoint in Manner aforefaid.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That no Officer or other Person Officers in Exor Persons whatsoever, employed in and about the Execution of this chequer not to Act, in the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, shall demand, receive Fees. take or accept any Fee or Gratuity whatfoever, for their Care and Labour, other than fuch Allowances or Rewards as shall or may be granted to them under the Authority of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the

Lord High Treasurer for the time being.

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Commissioners may examine upon Oath, and receive Depositions made before Magistrates.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the faid Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, to examine upon Oath or Affirmation (which Oath or Affirmation they or any One or more of them, are and is hereby authorized to administer) all Persons who shall be willing to be examined touching all such Matters and Things as shall be necessary for the Execution of the Powers vested in the said Commissioners by this Act; and also to receive any Assidavits or Depositions in Writing upon Oath or Affirmation, touching such Matters or Things as aforelaid, which shall be made before any Justice of the Peace of any County or Shire, or any Magistrate of any City, Borough, or Town Corporate in Great Britain or Ireland, where or near to which the Person making such Assidavit or Deposition shall reside, and certified and transmitted to the said Commissioners appointed by this Act, under the Hand and Seal of such Justice or Magistrate (which Oath or Affirmation every such Justice or Magistrate shall be and is hereby authorized and empowered to administer): Provided that in every such Assidavit or Deposition there shall be expressed, the Addition of the Party making such Assidavit or Deposition,

and the particular Place of his or her Abode.

Perjury.

Provide.

X. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, upon Examination upon Oath or Affirmation before the faid Commissioners respectively, or if any Person or Persons making any such Affidavit or Deposition as before mentioned, shall wilfully and corruptly give false Evidence, or shall in such Assidavit or Deposition wilfully and corruptly swear, affirm or alledge any Matter or Thing which shall be false or untrue, every such Person or Persons so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be and is and are hereby declared to be subject and liable to such Pains and Penalties as by any Law now in being Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable to.

Treasury to issue Money for Execution of AćL

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, or Lord High Treasurer for the time being, are hereby respectively authorized and required to issue and cause to be advanced all fuch Sums of Money to fuch Person or Persons, in such Manner and in fuch Proportions, as the faid Commissioners appointed by this Act, or any Seven or more of them, shall, by Writing under their Hands from time to time, defire, out of any Part of the Public Monies remaining in His Majesty's Exchequer, to be replaced in the Manner hereinafter mentioned; which Sums so to be issued and advanced shall be employed for the Payment of Allowances, and in defraying all other necessary Charges and Expences in and about the Execution of this Act, without other Account than before the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, and which Money so to be issued shall not be subject to any Tax, Duty, Rate or Assessment whatsoever, imposed by Authority of Parliament; but that an Account of the faid Charges and Expences shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament within Two Months after the Expiration of the Commission, if Parliament shall be then sitting, and if Parliament shall not be sitting. then within Fourteen Days after the Commencement of the then next Seffion of Parliament.

Account laid before Parliameht.

> XII. And be it further enacted, That on the Day next after this Act shall have received the Royal Assent, or as soon after as the said Com-

Commiffiquers to receive Ap-

Commissioners or any Seven of more of them, who shall have taken plications in the faid Oath as aforefaid, shall meet on the Day next after the passing Writing for of this Act, or as soon after as any Seven of the said Commissioners Loan of Exchenges. can affemble, and receive or appoint a proper Person for receiving or certify all fuch Applications in Writing as shall be made to them from any Amount wanted. Body of Bodies Politic or Corporate, or from any Merchants, Bankers or Traders in Great Britain, for the Loan and Advance of Money by Exchequer Bills as aforesaid; and shall also then fix and appoint a Day not later than the Fourth Day from the Day of their First Meeting as aforefaid, for taking into their Confideration all such Applications, and shall meet together for that Purpose, and shall proceed with all convenient Dispatch to ascertain the Amount of the Sums in Exchequer Bills, which in their Judgment will be immediately requifite to be advanced under this Act, in pursuance of Applications then delivered, and shall forthwith certify such Amount to the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury or the Lord High Treasurer for the time being, by One or more Certificate or Certificates under the Hands and Seals of the faid Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them; and the faid Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Treasury to di-Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer for the time rect Exchequer being, shall, on Receipt of such Certificate or Certificates, direct the to iffice Bills proper Officer or Officers at the faid Exchequer, to deliver out, in tificates of Comthe Manner and under the Regulations hereinafter mentioned, Exche-millioners. quer Bills, in equal Proportions as nearly as may be, of Bills payable at the different Periods specified in this Act, to the Amount specified in fuch Certificate or Certificates, in case the same shall not exceed the Value of One Fourth Part of the Exchequer Bills to be isfined in pursuance of this Act; and in case the Amount specified therein as aforesaid shall exceed such Fourth Part, then to such Amount as the faid Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, or Lord High Treasurer for the time being, shall, on a Statement of the Causes to him or them to be made by the faid Commissioners appointed by this Act, deem expedient and shall direct.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the faid Commissioners Commissioners appointed by this Act shall, and they are hereby required, before to cause applicaany Apportionment of such Exchequer Bills shall be made, to cause tions to be all the Applications then delivered to be classed according to the classed, and to establish Regula: Amount of the Sums respectively applied for, and the Nature of the tions for ap or-- Securities tendered, and the Circumstances, Situation and Connections tioning Sums adof the Parties applying, as far as the fame shall appear upon the faid vanced, &c. Applications; and thereupon to draw up and establish such general Rules and Regulations for their own Government, in the apportioning and distributing the Sums to be advanced and lent in Exchequer Bills under this Act, to the several Persons applying for the same, as they in their Discretion shall deem equitable and juil, all which Rules and Regulations shall, within a convenient time, he entered in a Book or Books to be prepared and kept by such Commissioners for that Purpose; and the said Commissioners appointed by this Act according to the true Purport and Meaning of such general Rules and Regulations as aforesaid, shall proceed to take into their Consideration all fuch Applications, which shall specify the Particulars of the Sums required to be advanced as aforefaid, not being in any cafe less than the Sum of Four thousand Pounds, and which shall tender any Security which the faid Commissioners are authorized by this Act to take

for the Payment of the Sums to be advanced, and which shall also specify the Nature and Amount thereof; and from time to time, on Enquiry into the fame respectively, shall determine what Persons shall in their Judgment be entitled to any Part of the Exchequer Bills to be advanced or lent under this Act, and to what Amount, and shall ascertain the Nature and Amount of the Securities to be required from them for the same respectively; and that all such Exchequer Bills shall be distributed in such Proportions, according to the respective Sums and Periods of Payment expressed therein, that the Repayment thereof to be made on each Loan may be made as nearly as may be by equal Inftalments.

Commissioners to give to Perfons to whom Bills apportioned, Certifisates of Amount, which shall be sufficient Warrant for Delivery.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the faid Commissioners appointed by this Act shall deliver to all Persons to whom any of the faid Exchequer Bills shall be apportioned as aforesaid by the said Commissioners, Certificate or Certificates, under the Hands and Seals of Two or more of fuch Commissioners, specifying the Amount of the Sums to be advanced and lent, to be respectively numbered and marked, in the Course and Order in which the same shall be delivered : which Certificate or Certificates being deposited with the proper Officer or Officers, shall be a sufficient Authority, without other Warrant, to fuch Officer or Officers, to deliver fuch Exchequer Bills to the like Amount and Value, as shall be described in and by fuch Certificate or Certificates of fuch Commissioners; provided that the total Amount to be issued by virtue of such Certificates shall not at any one time exceed the Amount of Exchequer Bills directed to be iffued by the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, as herein mentioned; and every such Exchequer Bill shall bear Date on the Day on which the faid Certificates shall appoint and direct, and shall and may be figured by the Auditor of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, or, in his Name, by any Person duly authorized by the faid Auditor to fign the same, with the Approbation of the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, in Writing under their Hands, or of any Three or more of them; and the said Commissioners appointed by this Act shall have Power and Authority from time to time to revise and alter such Rules and Regulations as aforesaid, as they shall see occasion; but that no such Revision or Alteration shall be valid, unless agreed to at a Board of the taid Commissioners, confishing of Eleven or more of them, convened upon three Days Notice for that Purpose.

Bills to bear Date when iffued.

Commiffioners may alter Regulations.

Commissioners may appoint Days for confidering further Applications.

Treefury may direct further

XV. And be it further enacted, That the faid Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, shall fix and appoint other proper and convenient Days for taking into Confideration such further Applications as shall from time to time be made to them, and shall ascertain the Amount of fuch Exchequer Bills as shall be required to be from time to time issued for the Purposes of this Act, and by like Certificate or Certificates as aforefaid, certify the same to the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury or the Lord High Treasurer for the time being, who shall and may, on Receipt thereof, direct further Exchequer Bills to be iffued to fuch Amount, from time to time, Bills to be iffued, as the Exigency of the Case shall in their or his Judgment require to be iffued, in equal Proportions, as nearly as may be, of Bills payable at such of the different Periods specified in this Act, as shall be subsequent to the time when such Issues shall be to be made respectively. until the whole of the Bills to be made out in pursuance of this A&

shall have been issued for the Purposes aforesaid; and the said Commissioners by this Act appointed shall from time to time proceed to determine to what Amount such Exchequer Bills shall be advanced to the Person respectively applying for the same under this Act, and shall grant Certificates thereof to the proper Officer or Officers at the faid Receipt of the Exchequer, in fuch Form and under the like Rules and Regulations as are hereinbefore mentioned, concerning the Exchequer Bills to be first issued as aforesaid; and such Officers shall from Time to Time deliver fuch Exchequer Bills in the Form and in the Manner before directed.

XVI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That in case all the Account of Bills Exchequer Bills authorized by this Act to be iffued and directed to be payable on aft respectively made payable either on the First Day of February now Feb., 3d May or next enfuing, the Third Day of May then next enfuing, or the Fourth and not then Day of August, shall not be istared from the said Exchequer, in pur- issued, delivered fuance of this Act, before fuch Days respectively, the proper Officer to Treatury. or Officers of the faid Exchequer shall from time to time deliver an Account of the same to the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, or the Lord High Treasurer for the time being; and it shall be lawful for the faid Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer for the time being, to Bills made out in direct a like Number of Exchequer Bills to the same Amount to be lieuthereof, &c. made out at the faid Exchequer, in lieu of the Bills not iffued there as aforefaid, and that the same shall be made payable in equal Proportions, as near as may be, upon the feweral Days then to come on which Exchequer Bills are by this Act directed to be made payable, and shall be iffued and applied in like manner and to the like Purposes as the Exchequer Bills, in lieu whereof the same are to be made, are by this Act directed to be issued and applied.

KVII. And be it further enacted, I'hat fuch Officers by whom fuch Lifts of Exche-Exchequer Bills shall be delivered, shall from time to time, upon the quer Bills made Requisition of the faid Commissioners hereby appointed, deliver to Commissioners. them at their Office complete Lifts of all the Exchequer Bills made out by them, specifying therein the respective Dates and Sums expreffed therein, and the Periods appointed for the Payment of the same; and distinguishing therein the Persons to whom and the Numbers of the Certificates by virtue whereof the same were issued respec-

tively.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Personsto whom Persons to whom such Exchequer Bills shall be advanced or lent, shall previously enter into such Security, in such Sum or Sums of Money, curity, &c. and with fuch Sureties or fuch Deposits of Goods as the Case may require, and the faid Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, shall deem necessary; which Securities the faid Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, shall by their Discretion have full Power and Authority to cause to be taken as hereinaster is mentioned; and that every Security to be taken in pursuance of this Act, as well of the Principal Party as of fuch Sureties respectively, shall be by Writing obligatory to our Sovereign Lord the King, in such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be directed by such Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, by virtue of this Act to be paid to our faid Lord the King, by fuch Form of Words as Obligations to the King's Majesty have been used to be made, and with such Conditions to be there underwritten, as by such Commissioners shall be deemed proper; and

Bills advanced to enter into SeC. 15.

that all such Obligations to be so made shall be good and effectual in the Law, and shall be of the same Quality, Force and Effect, to all intents and purposes, as any Obligation made to our Sovereign Lord the now King, or his Predecessors, or any of them, hath at any Time heretosore been or now is adjudged, received or taken to be, any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

How Securities thall be given,&c.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That all Securities which shall be entered into by the Person or Persons to whom or to whose Account any fuch Exchequer Bills shall be advanced, shall be made in such Sum, not less than Double the Amount of the Principal Sums contained in fuch Exchequer Bills, as the faid Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, shall in their Discretion direct; and that in every fuch case, if the Party or Parties shall enter into such Security, without any Surety or Sureties, then such Party or Parties shall, over and above such Security, deposit or cause to be deposited in the Custody of the said Commissioners, or of such Persons as they shall appoint by Writing under the Hands of the faid Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, Wares or Merchandize of the proper Goods of fuch Party or Parties, or in his or their Possession and Disposition, and wherein he or they shall have a specific Interest to a certain Amount, which shall be proved to the Satisfaction of such Commisoners, (the Duties of Customs and Excise payable upon the same, in case any such Duties shall by Law be payable upon such Goods, being first duly satisfied, and which shall be proved to the Satisfaction of the faid Commissioners, or such Person or Persons as they shall appoint) bearing a Proportion not less than is hereinafter mentioned, to the Value of the Principal Sums so to be advanced, and which Wares or Merchandize shall be delivered to the said Commissioners, or to such Persons as they shall appoint as aforesaid, at such Place or Places hereinafter mentioned, as the faid Commissioners or any Seven or more of them shall appoint; and shall be secured and kept in proper Ware. houses, at such Places respectively, to be approved of by the said Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, under such Regulations as the faid Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, shall prescribe; and such Wares and Merchandize shall not be liable to be attached or feized, or removed or taken from or out of the Custody of the faid Commissioners, by any Process, either in Law or Equity, or by the Custom of the City of London, or other Place in this King dom, or by or under any Commission of Bankruptcy not actually issued at the Time when such Deposit shall be made, unless the Principal Sums contained in such Exchequer Bills as shall be advanced or lent on the Security of the faid Wares or Merchandizes, together with fuch Interest as shall be directed to be paid by this Act, shall be first paid or fatisfied, at the Times or in the Manner hereinafter mentioned; or without having obtained the previous Consent of the faid Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, under their Hands, for such Attachment or Seizure, or for the Removal of the same, according to the Directions of this Act, or by the Order of the Court of Exchequer at Westminster, or the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, or the Court of Exchequer in Ireland, as hereinafter is mentioned.

Commissioners may lend Excheener Bills to

XX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall lawful for the said Commissioners appointed by this Act to advance and lend such Exchequer Bills to any Person or Persons on the Security

of any Wares or Merchandize, the Property of any other Person or Person on Pro-Persons, with the Consent of the lawful Owner or Owners thereof, perty of others. such Consent to be testified and proved to the Satisfaction of such Commissioners in such Manner as they or any Seven or more of them shall think proper; and that such Wares or Merchandize being pledged with such Consent as aforesaid, shall be bound as fully and effectually as if such Exchequer Bills were advanced and lent to the true Proprietor or Proprietors thereof respectively under this Act.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Question shall arise How Questions respecting the Property of any Wares or Merchandize which shall be respecting Prodeposited as aforesaid, or any Interest therein, or the Money arising per deposited by Sale thereof, or any Part thereof are Persons or Person all interests. by Sale thereof, or any Part thereof, any Persons or Person claiming such Wares or Merchandize, or any Interest therein, or the Produce thereof, or any Part thereof, shall and may apply in a summary way, by Motion or otherwise, touching the same, to the said Courts of Exchequer respectively as the Case may require; which Courts shall proceed to enquire into the Validity of such Claims, and shall thereupon order such Wares or Merchandize, or any Part thereof, or any Money which shall have arisen by Sale thereof, or any Part thereof, to be delivered or paid to fuch Person or Persons, upon such Terms and in such Manner as the said Courts respectively shall direct.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners faid Commissioners appointed by this Act to advance and lend Ex- may advance chequer Bills, to be made out in pursuance of this Act, on Wares or Merchandize that are or may be lodged and fecured in the King's lodged as herein Warehouses or in Warehouses or Places under the King's Lock, and shell not be reunder the Management or Controll of the respective Commissioners moves without of Customs and Excise, or either of them in England or Scotland their Authority. respectively, in the Port of London, or in any other Port in Great Britain, wherein Wares or Merchandize are or may be allowed by Law to be secured without Payment of Duty in the first Instance, or any of them, but not elsewhere, on the estimated value of the faid Wares or Merchandize, exclusive of the Duties chargeable thereon; and that such Wares or Merchandize shall remain in such Warehouses or Places respectively wherein they shall have been fecured under the King's Lock, and under the Management or Controll of fuch respective Commissioners of Customs and Excise, under the several Rules, Regulations and Restrictions now established by Law, except as is by this Act excepted; provided that no fuch Wares or Merchandize shall be removed from any such Warehouses without the Authority of the faid Commissioners appointed by this Act, figuified to such respective Commissioners of Customs and Excise, by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of any Seven or more of the faid Commissioners appointed by this Ast,

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That the principal Officers of Officers of Customs or Excise resident at any of the Places hereinbefore men. Customs or Extioned, or any other Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise at Deposits, and fuch Places respectively, being duly authorized by the respective transmit Certifiprincipal Officers as aforesaid, shall receive into their Custody cates to Comrespectively any Wares or Merchandize intended to be deposited missioners. as a Security for any Loan to be advanced under this Act, and forthwith transmit a Certificate under their or his Hands to the said Commissioners appointed by this Act, certifying the Nature, Quan-

E 4

tity and Quality thereof.

XXIV. Pro.

Duties on Deposits not demanded, or Warelwuse room for Tobacco, while ware. housed under Act.

Commifficaters Merchandize depolited in Warehouses belonging to E. L.C.

How far Surety refrantible.

No Bills issued, uniels Sums let against Names of Sureties amount to double the Sum advanced.

Commissioners to provideWarehouses.

And appoint Officers to take Care thereof.

XXIV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That the Duty payable by Law for fuch Wares or Merchandize shall not be required or demanded during fuch Time as fuch Wares or Merchandize shall remain in any fuch Warehouses or Warehouse, under the Authority of this Act; nor shall any Warehouse Rent in case of Tobacco, be demanded, by reason of its continuing in any such Warehouses or Warehouse, under the Authority of this Act, other than what is now payable by Law on any fuch Tobacco; any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall may advance on be lawful for the faid Commissioners appointed by this Act to advance and lend Exchequer Bills to be made out in pursuance of this Act, on Wares or Merchandize deposited in any Warehouse or Warehouses in Great Britain, belonging to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, on delivering to the faid Commissioners all such Warrants or Warrant, under which such Party or Parties to whom such Exchequer Bill shall be advanced shall have become entitled to such Wares or Merchandize, without being compelled to remove the same from or out of such Warehouse or Warehouses into the Custody of such Commissioners.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where such Security shall be entered into with such Surety or Sureties as the faid Commissioners or any Seven or more of them shall in their Difcretion approve, then each of the Sureties in fuch Security shall be bound in such Sum and no more, as he shall set and subscribe against his Name upon fuch Security: Provided that no Exchequer Bills shall be issued on the Security last mentioned, unless the Amount of all the Sums fet and subscribed against the Names of the several Sureties upon the faid Security, shall amount in the whole to Double the Sums contained in such Exchequer Bills so to be advanced on the Credit thereof; nor on any Deposit of Goods to a greater Amount than the Proportion of Fifty Pounds per Centum, in case the faid Goods are manufactured, or of Sixty Pounds per Centum, in case the said Goods are unmanusactured, on the Value of such Deposit, or on the Value of the specific Interest which the Party or Parties depositing the same shall have therein as aforesaid.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That the faid Commissioners or any Seven or more of them shall and they are hereby authorized and required to provide from time to time fuch Warehonfes or Places as they shall deem requisite for lodging and securing all such Wares or Merchandize, in which the full Duties of Customs and Excise shall have been paid, as shall be deposited with them under the Directions of this Act, at such Cities, Towns and Places as are hereinbefore described, and not elsewhere, in regard to such Wares and Merchandize as may have been imported into this Kingdom from foreign Parts, but in such Towns and Places as may appear to the faid Commissioners to be convenient and proper, as to such Warea and Merchandize as are of the Manufacture of the United Kingdom, and to appoint the necessary Officers to attend and have the Care of such Wares or Merchandize at such Warehouses or Places respectively, and to cause all such Wares or Merchandize, or the respective Packages containing the same, to be numbered, marked, weighed or taken an Account of, in such Manner and from time to time at fuch times as the faid Commissioners shall deem necessary,

so us to avoid any Damage or Loss to the respective Proprietors thereof by reason of such Deposits; and it shall be in the Discretion and Power of the faid Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, to make all necessary Regulations from time to time for the Receipt, fafe Custody, and Delivery out of such Wares and Merchandize deposited in such Warehouse or Warehouses, or other Places, and from time to time to permit the Proprietor or Proprietors thereof, or their respective Agents on Factors, or other Persons duly authorized to inspect, examine, and take reasonable Samples of the same; provided, that upon the Application of the Proprietor or Proprietors of any Wares or Merchandize deposited under this Act, and upon Proof made before the Commissioners or any Seven or more of them, or before such Person or Persons 22 they shall appoint; but nevertheless to the Satisfaction of such Commissioners, of the Expediency of redelivering the same to such Proprietor or Proprietors, his or their Assignee or Assigns, for the Purpole of Trade, before the Sums advanced or lent thereon shall be paid or satisfied; and upon a Tender of such Security for the due Payment thereof, as is herein mentioned; or of other Goods of equal Value to be deposited in like Manner, it shall be lawful for the faid Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, in their Discretion, to change the Security for such Loan, and to direct and order fuch Wares and Merchandize to be redelivered to fuch Proprietor or Proprietors, his or their Affignee or Affigns, on depositing other Goods as aforesaid, or giving such Security as by this Act is directed to be taken for the Payment of all the Principal. Sums advanced and lent on the faid Wares and Merchandize, and which shall be then unpaid, together with such Interest for the same, as by this Act is limited, at the respective Days or Times appointed for Payment of the same; and further, that where any Payment of the faid Principal Sums with Interest shall have been duly made on or before the Day appointed for Payment thereof, the faid Commissioners or any Seven or more of them, upon the Application of the Proprietor or Proprietors of any Wares or Merchandize deposited as aforesaid, his, her or their Assignee or Assigns, shall direct and order a Part of such Wares and Merchandize, the estimated Value whereof shall as near as conveniently may be in the Judgment of such Commissioners bear the same Proportion to the estimated Value of the Whole which such Principal Sum so repaid shall bear to the whole of the Principal Sums advanced and lent on any fuch Wares and Merchandize, to be redelivered to fuch Proprietor or Proprietors, his or their Assignee or Assigns, and so from time to time on every fuch respective Instalment being so paid and satisfied, on or before the Day when the same shall respectively become payable; and in like Manner shall redeliver the whole of such Wares or Merchandize on Payment of all the Principal Sums advanced and lent thereon, together with Interest; and that upon producing the Certificate or Certificates of the faid Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, with the Receipt of the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of England thereunto annexed, fignifying the Payment thereof as aforefaid, the Officer or Officers having the Care of such Wares or Merchandize, shall deliver out of the Warehouse or Warehouses or other Places wherein the fame shall be so deposited, the whole or so much of the said Wares or Merchandize as shall be mentioned

tioned or expressed in such Cortificate or Certificates of such Commissioners.

Commissioners to provide Warehouses within Ten Miles of London. XXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the laid Commissioners shall and they are hereby authorized and required to provide from time to time such Warehouses or Places as they shall deem requisite for lodging and securing Wares or Merchandize deposited with them, and on which the full Duties of Customs and Excise shall have been paid, at any Place not more than Ten Miles distant from the Standard in Cornbill, in the City of London; and that such Custody shall be as valid and effectual as if the same were deposited in London, in pursuance of this Act.

Deposits in Warehouses of Owner, under Custody of Officers deemed Deposit by this Act.

XXIX. And be it further enacted and declared, That all Wares and Merchandize which are or shall be placed under the Custody of any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise, or in any Rooms, Warehouses or Places belonging to any Owner or Owners of such Wares or Merchandize, in any of the Places mentioned in this A& for the Deposit of Wares and Merchandize, and which shall be approved by the faid Commissioners as a Security for any Loan under this Act, shall be deemed a Deposit of Wares and Merchandize within the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, and shall and may be kept and secured in the Custody of such Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise, in such Warehouses, Rooms or Places of fuch Owner or Owners respectively, as a Security for such Loan and until Payment thereof, under fuch Rules and Regulations as shall be from time to time prescribed by the said Commissioners, and under the feveral Restrictions, Conditions, Exemptions, Privileges and Advantages, and as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purpoles, as if the same Wares and Merchandize were deposited as such Security in the Custody of the said Commissioners under this Act.

Permits.

XXX. Provided also, and be it further cuached, That in all Cases where a Permit shall be required by Law for the Removal of any Wares or Merchandize from Place to Place within this Kingdom, such Permit shall be required in all Cases for the Removal of the like Wares or Merchandize to or from any Warehouse or Ware, houses to be provided or used under the Authority of this Act.

Persons devositing Wares to insure them. XXXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Person or Persons depositing or causing to be deposited any Wares or Merchandize under this Act, shall at his and their proper Charges, if required so to do by the said Commissioners appointed by this Act, cause the same to be insured from any Lois by Fire, for and during such time as the said Wares or Merchandize shall be deposited in any Warehouse or Warehouses or other Place in pursuance of this Act, for such Sum or Sums of Money, and with such Person or Persons as the said Commissioners shall direct or approve,

Committioners empowered to take, as additional Security, Deposits of Bills of Eachange, &c.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, in all Cases where they shall see occasion, to accept and take as a further and additional Security for any Loan to be made of any such Exchequer Bills, or any Part of such Loan, over and above the Security required by this Act, any Exchequer Bills, India Bonds, Bills of Exchange, or other negociable Securities for Money whatever, which shall be deposited for that Purpose, as the said Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, shall direct and all such Exchequer Bills, India Bonds, Bills of Exchange, or other negociable Securities for Money so deposited shall, in Default

of Payment of such Loan, in the manner directed by this Act, become and be vested in the said Commissioners, and shall and may be fold and disposed of, or the Monies due and payable by virtue thereof shall and may be sued for in due Course of Law, in the Name of their Secretary for the time being, for the Use of the said Commillioners under this Act

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for Commissioners the faid Commissioners, in all Cases where they shall see Occasion, to may take, as adaccept and take as a further and additional Security for any Loan ditional Security, to be made of any Sum in such Exchequer Bills as aforesaid, or Part, rities on Estates of fuch Loan, from any Principal or Surety in fuch Loan, or other in Scotland, and Person or Persons having Lands, Heritages, or other Real Estates Affignments in Scotland, any Heritable Security whatever, which may affect, in, thereof. cumber, or charge the faid Real Estates of such Principals or Sureties, or fuch other Persons as asoresaid, by the Laws of Scotland; and also to accept and take as a like further and additional Security, from any fuch Principal or Surety, or other Person or Persons possessed of any Heritable Security affecting, incumbering or charging any Real Estates in Scotland, any Assignment of such Heritable Security, prepared according to the Forms prescribed by the Laws of Scotland; and that every fuch Heritable Security which shall be so granted or constituted, and every Assignment of any Heritable Security which shall be so made, as any such further and additional Socurity for such Loan as aforesaid, shall respectively be granted, constituted, and made to and in the Name of the Secretary to the faid Commissioners for the time being, in Trust for the said Commissioners, in Terms of the Loan for which the same shall be a Security; and the faid Secretary for the time being shall, under the Directions of the faid Commissioners, have full Power and Authority to perform, execute and carry into Effect any Acts, Matters and Things whatever, which shall be requisite for the further and better assuring and validating any such Heritable Security or Assignment thereof as aforefaid, and for enforcing, profecuting and purfuing the same, for the Recovery of the Sums for which such Securities were respectively granted, constituted and made in all Courts of competent Jurisdiction in Scotland, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same Securities respectively were granted, constituted and made to the Secretary for the time being, as a Security for his own proper Debt in Scotland; and that on Payment or Satisfaction of the Principal Sums for which such Security shall be given, with Interest for the same, and all Costs incurred in recovering the same; and the said Secretary for the time being shall, and he is hereby authorized, under the Direction of the faid Commissioners, to execute, on Behalf of the faid Commissioners, a Discharge and Reaunciation of the faid Money so paid or satisfied, to be prepared at the Coits of the Party or Parties making such Payment or Satisfaction, according to the Forms prescribed by Law for discharging and senouncing an Heritable Debt or Incumbrance upon a Real Estate in Scotland; and that such Discharge and Renunciation shall be good and valid in Law to all Intents and Purposes whatspever.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person or Partners to give, Persons carrying on Trade in a Partnership or Firm with any other besides required Person or Persons, shall apply for any Exchequer Bills to be advanced Promissory Note by virtue of this Act, on any of the Securities herein mentioned, and for such Sum as

shall Commissioners thall direct.

Ç. 15.

shall shew to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, that such Exchequer Bills are to be advanced to fuch Person or Persons, for the Use of the said Partnership, it shall be lawful for the Person or Persons so applying for such Advance, to give to the said Commisfioners, over and above the Security required by this Act, a Promissory Note or Promissory Notes, in the Partnership Firm, in such Sum or Sums of Money respectively, not exceeding in the whole the Amount of the Sum to be advanced to such Person or Persons, with Interest for the same, according to this Act, as the said Commissioners shall direct; which Promissory Notes as aforesaid shall respectively be made payable to the Secretary of the said Commissioners for the time being, at such Times and in such Proportions as the Advance to be made to the Person or Persons so applying shall be stipulated to be paid, by the Obligation or Obligations, to be entered into by such Person or Persons pursuant to this Act; which Notes shall be respectively made in the Form following; that n to fay,

* WE promise to pay to the Secretary of the Commissioners for the Issue of certain Exchequer Bills for the time being, the Sum of with Interest for the same, at the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum by the Year, from the Date hereof, on Day of now next ensuing.

Provided that separate and distinct Notes shall be made and given by such Person or Persons as aforesaid, in respect of each Instalment to be paid of the Sum advanced pursuant to this Act; and it shall be lawful for the Secretary to the said Commissioners for the time being to sue upon every such Note.

Partners Effates hable for Advances made them on Secutity of others, &c.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Advance in Exchequer Bills shall be made to any Person or Persons concerned in any Partnership, upon the Application of any Person or Person to the faid Commissioners to make such Advance to the Use of the faid Partnership, and such Advance, or any Part thereof, shall have been actually applied to the Use of the said Partnership, then the Estate and Estates of such Partnership shall be liable and subject to. and are hereby made chargeable with the Payment of the Sums advanced and actually applied as aforefaid, with Interest for the fame, and all Costs attending the Recovery thereof, as in case of Debt sound on Record to the King's Majesty, notwithstanding the said Commissioners shall have taken Securities for the same Debt in the Name or Names of any other Person or Persons than the Persons concerned in fuch Partnership, or in the Name or Names of any One or more of fuch Partners; and in case it shall be made appear by Affidavit to any Baron of the respective Courts of Exchequer in England, Scot, land and Ireland, that such Advances or such Part thereof as alone, said, was actually applied to the Use of the said Partnership, and the same being found on Record, it shall be lawful for such Baron to cause an Extent to be issued against the Estate and Essects of such Partnership, to the Amount of the Sum so actually applied, with Interest thereupon and Costs as aforesaid, in the same manner as if the Advance so actually applied was an immediate Debt from all the Persons concerned in such Partnership to the King's Majesty, hie Heirs or Successors.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for Commissioners the faid Commissioners to advance and lend to the respective Companies of the incorporated Banks in Scotland, called The Bank of Scotland, and The Royal Bank, and for the said Banks respectively to the incorporated Banks in Scotland.

The Royal Bank, and for the said Banks respectively to the incorporated Banks in Scotland. chequer Bills, or any of the Securities mentioned, in the same Manner as if such Sums respectively were lent and borrowed in Scotland; any Charter, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding; and that any Obligation to the King's Majesty in the Form mentioned in this Act, being under the Seals of such Corporations respectively, and every other Security made in the usual Form of such Securities for Money borrowed by such Corporations respectively in Scotland, which shall be entered into or given to or deposited with the said Commissioners as a Security for such Loans respectively, shall be good and valid in Law, and shall be respectively proceeded upon for the Recovery of such Loans, with Interest referved thereon, and Costs attending the Recovery of the same, in the Manner directed, as fully and effectually as if fuch Money had been borrowed in Scotland, under the Powers, Limitations and Provisions contained in any Charter or Charters relating to the said

Corporations respectively.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That the Principal Sums Principal Sums contained in the Exchequer Bills which shall be advanced or lent by of Exchequer the faid Commissioners under the Authority of this Act, shall be Bills, with Incerepaid without Deduction or Abatement, together with Interest for Inflalments. the fame, by Instalments as hereinaster is mentioned; that is to fay, the Principal Sum in each and every Exchequer Bill shall be repaid to the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of England, at their Office, together with Interest for the same, at and after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, by the Space of Fifteen Days at least before the Time when each such Exchequer Bill shall become payable, according to the Provisions of this Act, such Interest to be computed on the said Principal Sum from the Date of such Exchequer Bill to the Time of Payment thereof; and If not duly paid if any Default shall be made by any Person or Persons in the Pay- Commissioners ment of any fuch Sum or Sums of Money within the respective may order Part Times hereinbefore limited for Payment thereof, according to the be fold. true Intent and Meaning of this Act, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners hereby appointed, or any Seven or more of them, by any Warrant or Warrants under their Hands and Seals, to cause so much as they shall think necessary of the Wares and Merchandize deposited or being in any such Warehouse or Warehouses, or other Places, by or on account of fuch Defaulter or Defaulters, as a Security for such Payment, such Wares and Merchandize not bearing a greater Proportion to the estimated Value of the whole, than the Sum so due and in Arrear shall bear to the whole Sum advanced on the Credit of such Wares or Merchandize, to be appraised and fold at publick Auction to the highest Bidder, under such Terms and Conditions of Sale as such Commissioners shall direct, for and towards satisfying such Part of the Sums advanced on such Wares and Merchandize as shall be then due, together with Interest as aforesaid, and with such Costs and Charges attending such Sale as shall be allowed by the said Commissioners; and the Money arising from such Sale shall be forthwith paid to the said Cashier or Cashiers

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Cashiers of the Bank of England, towards satisfying the Sum or Sums directed by such Commissioners to be raised thereby; and the Residue thereof shall be reserved at the said Bank of England, and carried to the Account of future Payments to be made by fuch Defaulter or Defaulters, if any shall remain to be made; and the Overplus (if any he after fatisfying all Sums advanced on fuch Wares or Merchandize, with the Interest, Costs and Charges as aforesaid) shall be paid to such Defaulter or Defaulters, or such other Person or Persons as shall appear to such Commissioners to be entitled to the same, or such Person or Persons as he or they shall respectively appoint to receive the same; and further, that in case any such Default shall be made, and no Wares or Merchandize shall be deposited with the said Commissioners, or that the same shall be found or shall become insufficient in Value to satisfy the whole of the Demand from fuch Defaulter or Defaulters, it shall also be lawful for the faid Commissioners, and they are hereby required, without further Delay, to iffue their Warrant or Warrants from time to time to the proper Officer or Officers of the Crown having the Direction or Management of Proceedings upon Obligations to His Majesty, requiring such Officer or Officers presently to proceed against all or any of the Persons who shall have entered into any Security for the Sum advanced, his, her and their Heirs, Executors and Administrators, for the Recovery of such Parts of the Sums advanced on such Securities as shall be then due, together with Interest as aforesaid; and fuch Costs and Charges attending such Proceeding as shall be by Law payable for the same, the Amount of which Principal Sums fo to be levied, the faid Commissioners shall cause from time to time to be testified by their Note in Writing under the Hands of any Two or more of them to such Officer or Officers, and which Sum shall be inserted in the Writ of Process, and the like Process shall and may from time to time issue as aforesaid, as Occasion shall require; and the Sums fo recovered (the Costs and Charges aforesaid excepted) shall be paid to the said Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of $E_{n\pi}$ land, without Abatement, Deduction or Delay, in Satisfaction of fuch Demands; and it shall be in the Discretion of the said Commissioners to direct against which of the Obligors in such Security fuch Proceedings shall be from time to time commenced or profecuted; and the faid Commissioners shall have the Controll and Superintendance of such Profecutions, and the same shall not be discontinued, quashed or abated upon any Pietence whatever, without the Authority of the faid Commissioners, testified under the Hands and Seals of any Two or more of them, and exhibited to the Barons of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer at Westminster, or to the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, as the Case may require.

In Proceedings against Obligors, no Writ of Scire Facias requilite.

XXXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where any Proceeding shall be directed by the said Commissioners as aforesaid, against any of the Obligors or Obligor named in any such Obligation, no Writ or Writs of Scire Facias shall be required to be issued; but that upon the Production of the Warrant or Warrants of the said Commissioners as before mentioned, before any of the Barons of the said respective Courts of Exchequer; and in case any such intended Proceeding shall be against any Sureties or Surety, then upon Proof of Notice having been served upon such Party or Parties, or left at his or their usual Place or Places of

Abode respectively, Ten Days at least before such Application shall be made to such Baron, an Extent shall and may issue in the first Process upon the Fiat of such Baron, without any Affidavit or other Verification or Proof of the Caule of such Proceeding than such Warrant or Warrants as aforesaid.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That after the due Pay- After Payment ment of the Sums advanced with Interest as aforesaid at the Times of Sums adand in the Manner herein specified, every such Obligation entered vanced, with into in pursuance of this Act, being fully satisfied according to Interest, Obligathe true Intent and Meaning of this Act, shall be forthwith delivered tions cancelled. up to be cancelled; and in case any such Obligation shall have been profecuted according to the Directions of this Act, the faid Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, shall by their Warrant or Warrants direct the proper Officer or Officers of the faid respective Courts of Exchequer, to enter up Satisfaction on such Obligation or Obligations, so being satisfied as aforesaid, upon the Record or otherwise, to deliver up the same to be cancelled, as the Case may require.

XL. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Pay. How Instalments ment of any of the Inftalments of the Sums advanced by virtue of Paidthis Act, may be made either in Money, or in any of the Exchequer Bills to be iffued by virtue of this Act, which shall have become due at the Time of such Payment, or which shall be payable at a Period not later than Fifteen Days next after the Day appointed by this. A& for the Payment of fuch Instalment, in Discharge of which such

Exchequer Bills shall be paid.

XLI. And whereas the Parties to whom Exchequer Bills may Bills issued and be issued by virtue of this Act, may not have Occasion to make not used reuse of all their Bills: Be it further enacted, That such Exchequer turned to Exchequer, and Bills as may be tendered in Payment or Part of Payment of any cancelled, of the Sums advanced by virtue of this Act, shall be returned to the Office at the Exchequer from which they were issued, and forthwith cancelled by the proper Officer or Officers by whom the faid Bills were issued, he or they giving a Certificate to the Person returning such Exchequer Bills, for the Information of the Commissioners for carrying this Act into Execution.

XLIL Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall be Commissioners lawful for the faid Commissioners appointed by this Act, by Writing Bank to employ under the Hands and Seals of any Seven or more of them, to autho- Monies paid, in rize the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of England, to employ any Purchate of Monies which shall be paid as aforesaid, in the Purchase of any Ex- Eschequer Bills. chequer Bills which shall be payable at the Period then next ensuing, and shall write thereon in Words at Length, the Day of the Month and Year in which he or they so purchased such Bills; to which respective Days the said Cashier or Cashiers shall be allowed the Interest, upon his or their paying the same into the Receipt of Exchequer as aforesaid: Provided that no Interest shall run or be paid Provise. upon or for any fuch Bills during the Time they shall remain in the Hands of such Cashier or Cashiers, but for such Time the Interest on every fuch Bill shall cease.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That every Obligation with After Payment any Sureties or Surety to be taken according to this Act, after Payment or Recovery thereupon by the faid Commissioners of the Sums
missioners, Oblimissioners, Obliment or Recovery thereupon by the man Costs, in the Manner reagations with advanced or lent, with all Interests and Costs, in the Manner reagations with quired Sureties to fland

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been

as further Secu-Titles.

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quired by this Act, shall stand and remain as a further Security for the Purpoles and in the Manner hereinafter mentioned; that is to fay, if any Surety or Sureties upon such Obligation, his, her or their Executors or Atlministrators, shall have paid or satisfied any Part: of fuch Sums, Interest or Costs, then such Obligation, as against the principal Obligor or Obligors, his or their Heirs, Executors or Administrators, shall stand as a Security as aforesaid for the Re-imbursement of slich Sureties respectively, their Executors or Administrators, of the whole of the Sums so paid or satisfied, and so from Time to Time until fuch Re-imburfement shall be fully made, according to the Intent of this A&; and if any such Sureties or Surety, their or his Executors or Administrators, shall have paid or satisfied a Sum which shall bear a greater Proportion to the whole of the Sums recovered upon fuch Obligation than the Sum for which fuch Surety respectively shall have been bound, shall bear to the total Amount of the feveral Sums of Money for which all the feveral Sureties shall have been bound by such Obligation, then such Obligation, as against each and every of the Sureties who shall not have paid or satisfied an equal Proportion of the whole Sum recovered, according to the Sum for which he shall have been respectively bound, their and every of their Heirs, Executors and Administrators respectively, shall stand as a Security for the Benefit of such Sureties or Surety, their Executors or Administrators respectively, who shall have paid or fatisfied any fuch Sums as aforefaid, for the Purpole of enforcing a Contribution amongst such Sureties in an equal Proportion to the feveral Sums for which they shall have been respectively bound; and so from time to time until such Contribution shall be fully made according to the Intent of this Act; and that in every fuch Case, upon the Application of any Sureties or Surety to the faid Commissioners for any of the Purpoles aforesaid, the faid Commissioners shall cause the respective Claims of such Sureties or Surety respectively, and the Sums to be recovered from such Principals or Sureties respectively, their and every of their Heirs, Executors or Administrators, to be adjusted and settled as herein is mentioned, so that the whole Sum recovered shall be distributed in an equal Proportion, according to the Sums for which each Surety respectively shall have been bound in the same Obligation, and so from time to time as the Case shall require; and thereupon the faid Commissioners. or any Seven or more of them, by Warrant or Warrants in Writing under their Hands, shall from time to time direct Process to iffue for the Recovery of such Sums as they shall have so adjusted and fettled, to be respectively recovered from and paid to such Persons respectively, as they shall specify in such Warrant or Warrants, under and subject to the several Regulations and Directions in this A& contained as aforefaid.

Process may iffue against Principals, for Benefit of Sureties.

XLIV. And be it further enacted. That fuch Process as aforesaid shall and may lawfully iffue on any such Obligation as aforesaid, against any fuch Principals or Principal, their or his Heirs, Executors or Administrators, for the Benefit of any such Sureties or Surety, their or his Executors or Administrators, and against any such Surceies or Surety, their or his Heirs, Executors or Administrators as aforefaid, for the Benefit of any Co-fureties or Co-furety, their or his Executors or Administrators, notwithstanding the whole Sum which shall have been advanced to such Principals or Principal shall have been repaid; and in cafe any Sureties or Surety shall become bound by diffract Obligations or Obligation for the same Persons or Persons and for and on account of the same Advancement, all and every the Provisions aforefaid shall be applied in like Manner, as well for the Benefit of as against such Sureties or Surety and against such Principals or Principal, as if all fuch Sureties and Principals respec-

tively were named in the same Obligation.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person, as Surety, In what case shall give any such additional Security as in this Act is mentioned, so Remoty over and above such Obligation or other Security, for any Loan as against original is required by this Act and if any Parmott shall be made of this saids original is required by this Act, and if any Payment shall be made of any Debtor and Co-Part of such Loan, in consequence of such additional Security being Sureties. fo given, and in Discharge thereof, every such Payment shall be deemed and taken to be made under the Obligation entered into by fuch Surety, and in Discharge, or in Part Discharge thereof, for the Purpole of entitling such Surety, his Executors or Administrators, and such Payment shall entitle such Surety, his Executors and Administrators respectively, to the like Remedy from the principal Debtor or Debtors in the faid Loan, his or their Heirs, Executors or Administrators, for the Re-imbursement of the Sums so paid or fatisfied, and from the Co-sureties in the said Loan, for the like Contribution as if such Payment or Satisfaction had actually been made upon the Obligation entered into by fuch Surety; and if any Person, not being a Party to any Obligation entered into by virtue of this Act, shall give such further Security for any Loan as in this Act is particularly mentioned; and any Payment or Satisfaction of such Loan or any Part thereof, shall be made in consequence of such further Security being so given; and in Discharge thereof, every such Payment or Satisfaction shall entitle the Party making the same, his Executors or Administrators, to the like Remedy from the principal Debtor or Debtors in the faid Loan, his or their Heirs, Executors or Administrators, for the Re-imbursement of the Sums so paid or fatisfied, as if such Person had entered into an Obligation as Surety, and fuch Payment had been made thereupon; and that in every Case of such Payment upon or in consequence of such additional Security. as well the Obligation or Obligations of such principal Debtor or Debtors entered into by virtue of this Act, as all and every the additional Securities which may have been given by fuch principal Debtor or Debtors by virtue of this A&, shall severally and respectively stand and remain as Securities for the Purpose of such Reimbursement, in the Manner directed by this Act, in Cases of Payment by Sureties upon Obligations, and until the whole of the Sums fo paid or fatisfied shall be fully re-imbursed; and that such Proceedings shall be had upon any additional Securities given by such principal Debtor or Debtors, for the Recovery of the Sums so paid, for the Benefit of the respective Parties making such Payments, their Executors or Administrators, as might lawfully have been had for the Recovery of the Sums due and payable to the faid Commissioners, notwithstanding the said Loan shall have been fully repaid to the said Commissioners.

XLVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no such How far Ex-Exchequer Process under the Warrant of the Commissioners under chequer Process this Act in Favour of any Sureties against their Principal, or against shall have any Co-fureties, shall have any Priority over any other Debts to other Debts.

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which such Process would be by Law entitled, unless the said Process shall issue within Six Months after the Date of the last Instalment, for which such Surety shall have given Security; any Thing in this Act or in any Law contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Deposits vested in Commitsioners, who may sue and be sued in the Name of their Secretary.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That all Wares and Merchandize deposited with the said Commissioners under the Authority and for the Purposes of this Act, shall be for such Purposes vested in the faid Commissioners, by the Name of " The Commissioners for " the Issue of certain Exchequer Bills," and that the said Commisfioners shall and may sue and be sued in the Name of their Secretary for the Time being; and that no Action or Suit in Law or Equity to be brought or commenced by or against the faid Commissioners, on account of this Act, in the Name of their Secretary for the Time being, shall abate or be discontinued by the Death or Removal of fuch Secretary, or by the Act of fuch Secretary, without the Confent of the said Commissioners, but the Secretary to the said Commisfioners for the Time being shall always be deemed the Plaintiff or Defendant in fuch Action or Suit, as the Case may be; and no Action or Suit shall be brought against the said Commissioners collectively or individually, or against their Secretary, except in One of the said Courts of Exchequer, and with the Leave of such Court first had and obtained, and upon such Terms and Conditions as the faid Courts shall direct.

Securities of Perions becoming Bankrupts in Lingland.

Proceedings.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That every Obligation or other Security entered into or given from and after the passing of this Act, by any Person or Persons, either as Principal or Surety, who shall afterwards become Bankrupt within the true Intent and Meaning of the several Statutes made and now in force concerning Bankrupts, and against whom a Commission of Bankrupt shall be awarded, and iffued out in that Part of Great Britain called England, shall by reason and force of such Bankruptcy, and from the Time of such Bankruptcy become and be forfeited, and due and payable as against fuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts, and that all the Estate and Essects of fuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts which would be liable to fatisfy the Demands of the Creditors feeking Relief under fuch Commission of Bankrupt, shall be liable and subject to, and are hereby made chargeable with the Payment of the Principal and Interest due upon such Obligation or other Security, and all Costs attending the Recovery of the same; and that the Claims of the said Commissioners shall be first paid and satisfied out of the Estate and Essects of such Bankrupt or Bankrupts, and in Preference to the Claim of any other Creditor or Creditors; and it shall be lawful for the said Commisfioners, in the Name of their Secretary for the Time being, to apply by Petition in a summary Way to the proper Courts in England, having Jurisdiction of the Matters of such Commission of Bankruptcy, to make due Order accordingly; which such Courts respectively are hereby authorized and required to make.

In Scotland, &c.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That every Obligation or other Security entered into or given from and after the passing of this Act, by any Person or Persons, either as Principal or Surety, who shall afterwards become Bankrupt, and against whose Estate Sequestration shall be awarded in Scotland, shall by reason and force of such Bankruptcy, and from the Time of the Date of the first Deliverance on

the Petition to the Court of Session for awarding the Sequestration, become and be due and payable as against such Bankrupt or Bankrupts; and that all the Estate and Effects, Real and Personal, of fuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts, which would be liable to fatisfy the Demands of the Creditors feeking Relief under fuch Sequestration, shall be liable and subject, and are hereby made chargeable with the Payment of the Principal and Interest due upon such Obligation or other Security, and all Costs attending the Recovery of the same; and that the Claims of the faid Commissioners shall be first paid and fatisfied out of the Estate and Essects of such Bankrupt or Bankrupts, and in Preference to the Claim of any other Creditor or Creditors, nevertheless without Prejudice to Preferences duly obtained according to the Law of Scotland upon the Real Estates of Persons who shall become Bankrupts; and it shall be lawful for the said. Commissioners, in the Name of their Secretary for the time being, to apply by Petition in a fummary way to the proper Courts in Scotland having Jurisdiction of the Matters of such Bankruptcy, for making effectual the Payment of the Claims of the faid Commissioners accordingly, and the said Courts are hereby authorized and required to make the same effectual accordingly.

L. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be Commissioners lawful for the faid Commissioners to accept from the Assignees under may accept Seany Commission of Bankrupt issued, or from the Factor or Factors, due from Bank-Truftee or Truftees, under any Sequestration awarded against any rupts, principal Debtor or Debtors in any fuch Loan under this Act, fuch Security for the Payment of the Sum due from such Bankrupt or Bankrupts, out of his or their Estate or Essects, as the said Commissioners shall approve; and that the Acceptance of such Security by the faid Commissioners shall operate as a Release of the Estate of fuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts, for the Benefit of the Creditors under the faid Commission of Bankruptcy in England or Ireland, or Sequestration in Scotland, from all Claims whatever by the faid Commiffioners: other than and except such Part of the said Estate as shall be specified in Writing between the said Commissioners and the said Affignces under the faid Commission of Bankruptcy in England or Ireland, or between the faid Commissioners and the said Factor or Factors, Trustee or Trustees, under the said Sequestration in Scotland, to be referred by the faid Commissioners for such Security as aforefaid, in case the said Commissioners shall require such Security.

LI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That in case such Commissioners Debt shall grow due to the said Commissioners from any such Bank- may accept prorupt or Bankrupts as a Surety or Sureties upon any fuch Loan visional Security from Affiguees as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to accept from of Sureties, to the Affignees under fuch Commission of Bankruptcy in England, or be void on Payfrom the Factor or Factors, Truitee or Trustees under such Sequestra- ment of Money tion in Scotland, all fuch provisional Security for the Payment of the due by principal Sum due from such Bankrupt or Bankrupts, out of his or their Estate Debtor, &c. or Effects, as the faid Commissioners shall approve, such Provisional Security to be void on the Payment or Satisfaction of the Sum so due by the principal Debtor or Debtors, or by the Acceptance of other Surety or Sureties in lieu thereof, in the manner hereinafter mentioned: provided that such Acceptance of such provisional Security by the faid Commissioners shall operate as a Release of the Estate of such Bankrupt or Bankrupts, for the Benefit of the Creditors under the

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faid Commission of Bankruptcy in England, or Sequestration in Scotland, from all Claims whatsoever by the said Commissioners, other than and except such Part of the said Estate as shall be specified in Writing between the said Commissioners and the said Assignees under the said Commissioners and the said Ractor or Factors, Trustee or Trustees, under the said Sequestration in Scotland, to be referved by the said Commissioners for such provisional Security as aforesaid, in case the said Commissioners shall require such Security.

Release of Estate or Estects of Bankrupts not to discharge other Securities. LII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That any such Release of the Estate or Effects of any such Bankrupt or Bankrupts as aforefaid, whether Principals or Sureties, upon any such Loan as aforefaid, shall not be deemed or taken either in Law or Equity to discharge any other Person or Persons, or the Estate or Essects of any other Person or Persons, or to affect any other Security for the same Debt, or in any manner to prevent any Contribution amongst Sureties, or any Demand of Sureties against their Principals provided for by this Act.

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LIII. And be it further enacted, That if any fuch Surety or Sureties upon any fuch Loan by the faid Commissioners under this Act shall be declared Bankrupt as aforesaid, and the principal Debtor or Debtors thereon shall not, within Fourteen Days after Notice thereof, and Requisition made for that Purpose by the said Commissioners, produce another Surety or other Sureties, to be approved of by the said Commissioners, to become bound, and who shall accordingly become bound in the faid Sum, by the like Security or Securities in lieu of the Surety or Sureties fo becoming Bankrupt as aforfaid, or pay to the faid Commissioners One Half of the Sum for which fuch Surety or Sureties were bound by fuch Security or Securities, then the Security and Securities, given or entered into by fuch principal Debtor or Debtors, shall be deemed forseited, as far as to the Amount of One Half of the Sum or Sums in which fuch Surety or Sureties were bound respectively; and it shall be lawful for the faid Commissioners to cause Process to be issued in the manner prescribed by this Act against the principal Debtor or Debtors, his and their Heirs, Executors, and Administrators, for the Recovery of One Half Part of all and every the Sum and Sums in which such Surety or Sureties were bound respectively, together with Interest and Costs, to be directed by the said Commissioners in pursuance of this Act.

Commissioners may apply for Commissions of Bankruptcy or Sequestration. LIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, in the Name of their Secretary for the time being, to apply, by Petition or otherwise, to the proper Courts in England, or Ireland and Scotland respectively, for any Commission of Bankruptey or Sequestration against the Estate or Effects of any Bankrupt or Bankrupts, and to sue out and otherwise pursue the same respectively, in like Manner as any other Creditor or Creditors is or are by Law entitled to do in England and Scotland respectively.

Commissioners of Bankruptcy, &c to admit Proof of Debt upon Oath of Persons appointed by Commis-

LV. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners named in any Commission of Bankruptcy, which shall at any time hereafter be awarded and issued out in England or Ireland, and the Court of Session or Lord Ordinary officiating on the Bills for the time, and every Officer or other Person concerned in the Management of the fequentered Estate of any Bankrupt in Scotland, shall admit the Proof

of any Debt or Grounds of Debt under this Act, on the Oath, Affire fioners under mation or Affidavit of any Person appointed by the said Commissioners this Act. to act in the Execution of this Act; which Oath, Affirmation and Affidavit respectively, shall be taken and administered before any of the proper Officers having Authority by Law to administer Oaths of Affirmations, or to take Affidavits in cases of Bankruptcy, and shall permit such Person so authorized by the said Commissioners to vote in the Choice of an Affignee or Affignees, Factor or Factors, Trustee of Trustees, as the case may require, of such Bankrupt's Estate and Esfects, and do and execute every other Act, Matter and Thing relating to fuch Bankruptcy, as fully and effectually as if fuch Person so anthorized was the bona fide Creditor of such Bankrupt or Bankrupts.

LVI. Provided always and be it further enacted, That nothing Act not to delay herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to prevent, Execution of hinder or delay the Execution of any Commission of Bankruptcy, by the Commissioners therein named, according to the Laws now in Bankruptcy. force in those Parts of the United Kingdom called England and Ireland, or on the Proceeding to or under Sequestration in Scotland provided that every Assignment of the Estate or Essets of swell Bankrupt or Bankrupts, under the faid Commission in England and Ireland, and every Act of Sequestration of the Estate or Estate of fuch Bankrupt or Bankrupts in Scotland, shall be subject to the Claims of the said Commissioners appointed by this Act, and until the same shall be fully paid or fecured to be paid.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That every Provision in this Act extended to Act, made with Application to any Commission or Commissions of Sequestrations Bankruptey, shall be deemed and construed to extend to any Seques.

Reation awarded or to be awarded against the Estate on Essays of arrest Rration awarded or to be awarded against the Estate or Essets of any Scotland. Bankrupt or Bankrupts in Scotland, as fully and essectially as if such Provision had been expressly applied thereto by this Act.

LVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Acts, Matters and Seven Commis-Things which the faid Commissioners appointed by this Act are somers may act. hereby required or authorized to do or execute, shall and may be done and executed by any Seven or more of them, unless the same

fhall be otherwise specially provided by this Act.

LIX. And be it further enacted, That the Governors and Di- Bank to open rectors of the Bank of England, shall and they are hereby required Account with so open an Account in their Books with the Commissioners hereby Commissioners. appointed, under the Titles of Commissioners for the Issue of certain Buchequer Bills, and carry to the Credit of such Account, the several Monies by this Act directed to be paid to the Cashiers of the Bank; and whenfoever the faid Commissioners shall have advanced on lent any of the Exchequer Bills to be made out in pursuance of this Act to any Person or Persons, the said Commissioners shall at some Time before the Sums contained therein shall be to be repaid, deliwer to fuch Person or Persons at his or their Request, One or more Certificate or Certificates under their Flands, specifying the Value of every fuch Exchequer Bill, the respective Dates thereof, and the Times when they will respectively become payable by virtue of this Act: and the faid Cashiers of the Bank, or One of them, shall, upon the Production of Auch last mentioned Certificate or Certificates, by the Space of Fiftgen Days or more before such Exchequer Bills shall become payable, accept and receive from the Person or Persons producing the famethe Amount of the Principal Sums contained the rein, together

together with such Interest, to be computed from the Date thereof to the Time of Payment as aforesaid; and at the Foot of such last mentioned Certificate or Certificates acknowledge the Receipt of the faid Mouies; and that whenfoever the faid Commissioners shall by their Warrant or Order have directed such Monies to be raised or levied by Sale of any Wares or Merchandize deposited by virtue of this Act, or by any Proceedings on any Securities taken by virtue thereof, in default of fuch Payment as aforefaid, the faid Commissioners shall deliver to the Officer or Officers executing the fame respectively, a like Certificate as aforefaid, and further specifying therein the Amount of of the Monies to be raifed or levied, and the Substance of such Warrant or Order to raise or levy the same; and the said Cashiers of the Bank, or any One of them, shall, upon the Production of such last mentioned Certificate, accept and receive from such Officer or Officers the Monies so raised or levied, in Satisfaction of the Payments whereof Default shall be made as aforesaid; and at the Foot of such Certificate acknowledge the Receipt of the faid Monies, without Fee or Reward; and every such Receipt shall be afterwards brought to the Office of the faid Commissioners hereby appointed, and by them entered in proper Books to be provided and kept for that Purpose; and the faid Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, shall attest the same under their Hands, and return the same to the Perfon or Persons producing the same at the said Office; and every such Receipt so attested, and every such Entry in any of the said Books, shall respectively from thenceforth be an Acquittance and Discharge for the Sums expressed therein to have been received as against the said Commissioners and every of them, their and every of their Executors and Administrators, as well to the Person or Perfons to whom such Receipts shall be given, as to all and every the Persons who shall have entered into any Security in respect of the Exchequer Bills mentioned in such Certificate to which such Receipt shall be subscribed, their and every of their Heirs, Executors and Administrators respectively.

Money paid into Bank to be from Time to Time paid into Exchequer, and kept epart, &c.

LX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Sum and Sums of Money which shall be paid into the Bank of England, under or by virtue of this Act, shall from Time to Time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, distinctly and apart from all other Monies; and that there shall be provided and kept in the Office of the Auditor of the said Receipt of Exchequer, a Book or Books in which all the Monies paid into the faid Receipt by virtue of this Act, shall be entered separate and apart from all other Monies paid into the faid Receipt upon any other Account whatever; and that all the Monies so paid into the said Receipt, by virtue of this Act, shall be subject and liable to the Uses and Purposes hereinafter mentioned; that is to fay, in the first Place, for paying off and difcharging all the Exchequer Bills to be made out by virtue of this Act, with such Interest as shall be payable thereon at the respective Days and Times, and in the Order and Course in which the same are hereby directed to be discharged; and all such Exchequer Bills and Interest thereon as aforefaid, shall be and are hereby charged and chargeable upon, and shall be repaid and borne by and out of the furth Monies that shall arise in the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer accordingly; and after paying off and discharging the same, in the next Place to pay off all the Charges and Expences which shall be

incurred by the faid Commissioners hereby appointed in carrying this 'Act into Execution, and to make good all fuch Sums as shall have been iffued to the faid Commissioners out of the Publick Monies towards the faid Charges and Expences, in pursuance of the Orders of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any of them, or the Lord High Treasurer for the Time being, according to the Directions of this Act, and also to pay and satisfy all Charges and Expences incident to or attending the making out such Exchequer Bills; and if any Surplus shall remain of the Monies paid into the faid Receipt, by virtue of this Act, after fatisfying the several Sums hereby charged thereon as aforefaid, such Surplus shall be reserved

for the Disposition of Parliament.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That on the feveral Days and Treasury to Times on which fuch Exchequer Bills are hereby directed to be cause Accounts discharged; that is to say, on the First Day of February next ensu- to be taken of ing the paffing of this Act, the Third Day of May then next Exchequer Bills enluing, the Fourth Day of August, and the Second Day of No- and of Money in wember then next enfuing, or within Ten Days after fuch Days re- Exchequer to spectively, the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, or Three or discharge them. more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer for the Time being, shall cause a true and perfect Account in Writing to be taken and attested by the proper Officers, of all the Exchequer Bills to be made out in pursuance of this Act, which shall become payable on the refpective Days and Times before specified, and of the Monies which shall then be in the said Receipt applicable to the paying off and discharging the fame; and if the Money which shall have arisen in the said Exchequer for or on account of the Payments to be made by the Bank of England by virtue of this Act, on the respective Periods before mentioned, shall not be sufficient to discharge the whole Principal and Interest due as aforesaid, on the several Exchequer Bills to be iffued in pursuance of this Act, then such Deficiency shall and may be supplied and made good by and out of the Aids or Supplies which shall have been or shall be granted in this or any subsequent Session of Parliament; and in case the Monies arising from such Aids or Supplies shall not at the Time be sufficient for that Purpose, then all the faid Exchequer Bills remaining undischarged, with the Interest and Charges incident to or attending the same, shall be and are hereby charged and chargeable upon fuch Monies as at any Time or Times after any fuch Deficiencies shall happen, shall be or remain in the Receipt of the Exchequer of the Fund called The Confolidated Fund of Great Britain, except such Monies of the said Consolidated Fund as are appropriated to any particular Use or Uses, by any Act or Acts of Parliament in that Behalf; and such Monies of the faid Confolidated Fund shall and may be iffued and applied from Time to Time, as foon as the same can be regularly flated and ascertained, for and towards paying off, cancelling and discharge ing fuch remaining Exchequer Bills, Interest and Charges, until the whole of them shall be paid off, cancelled and discharged, or Money fufficient for that Purpole be kept and referved in the Exchequer, to be payable on Demand to the respective Proprietors thereof.

LXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That what Monies infued ever Monies shall be so issued out of the said Consolidated Fund, shall out of Consolifrom Time to Time be replaced by and out of the first Supplies dated Fund, reto be thenafter granted in Parliament; any Thing herein contained placed out of

to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided also, that whatever Monies. shall be afterwards paid by the Bank of England into the faid Receipt is pursuance of this Act, shall be applied towards replacing the Mosies before iffued of the faid Aids or Supplies, or out of the faid Confolidated Fund, as the case may be; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Bank may ad-Credit of 5 & 6 W. & M. c. 20,

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the vance Money on Governor and Company of the Bank of England, to advance or lend to His Majorty in like Manner, at the Receipt of the Exchequer, upon the Credit of any Loan granted by this Act, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Six Millions; any Thing in an Act made in the Fifth and Sixth Years. of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary, istituled, An Att for granting to Their Majesties soveral Rates and Duties upon Tonnage of Ships and Vestels, and upon Beer, Ale and other Liquons, for securing certain Recompences and Advantages in the faid Ad mentioned, ta fuch Performs as shall voluntarily advance the Sum of One Million from bundred thousand Pounds towards carrying on the War against France ; to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

Commissioners to give Account of Proceedings to Treasury.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That the faid Commissioners hereby appointed shall from Time to Time at their Discretion, or as aften as they shall be thereunto required, during their carrying on any Proceedings by virtue of this Ach, and as foon as possible. after the Determination of fuch Proceedings, without any further Requisition, give an Account of their Proceedings in Writing to the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or the Lord High Treaturer for the Time being.

Major Part of Commissioners may fill up Vacancies by Death. &c. with Consent of Treatury.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That if any of the faich Commissioners appointed by this Act, shall decline to act in the Execution of the Powers and Truths hereof, or having begun to act shall decline to act any further therein, or shall depart this Life during the Continuance of this Act, it that be lawful for the remaining Commissioners, or the major Part of them acting as aforesaid, by any Writing under their Hands and Seals, by and with the Confent and Approbation of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treafury, or any Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer for the Time being, to conflitute and appoint such Person or Perfons to be a Commissioner or Commissioners for the Purpose aforesaid. is the Place of the Commissioner or Commissioners so refusing to act, or declining further to act, or dying as aforefaid, as the faid. acting Commissioners, or the major Part of them, with such Consent and Approbation as aforefaid, shall think fit, and so often as such Cafe shall happen; and the Person or Persons so constituted and appointed by the faid Commissioners, with such Consent and Appro-bation as aforefaid, having first qualified to act by taking and sub-scribing the Oath hereinbefove provided and directed, shall be inwested with the same Powers and Authorities as are given or delegated by this A& unto the faid Commissioner or Commissioners conflicted by this Act respectively.

LXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lausful for all ing Exchequer Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, advancing any of the Exchequer Bills to be iffued by wirtue of this Act, by way of Loan, to say Person who may be willing to accept such Exchequer Bills, valuing the same at the Sum which shall be expressed therein respectively,

together

Persons advanc-Bills by Loan, may take Five per Cent, Interel.

C. 15.

together with such Interest as may have accrued thereon at the Time of advancing such Loan, to charge and receive Interest for such Loan at the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum; any Law

or Ufage to the contrary notwithstanding.

LXVII. And be it further enacted. That the faid Commissioners Commissioners shall and may receive and fend all their Letters and Packets free free of Postage. from the Duty of Postage; provided that such Letters and Packets as shall be sent to the said Commissioners, be directed to " The Commissioners for the Issue of Enchaquer Bells at their Office;" and that all such Letters and Packets as shall be sent by them be dated from their said Office, and shall be figured on the Outside of such Letters and Packets by fuch Person as the said Commissioners, with the Confent of the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall appoint, land under such Restrictions and Regulations as the faid Commissioners of the Treasury shall think proper and direct.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That any Wares or Mer- Deposit not chandise fold by Public Sale by way of Auction under the Autho-liable to Auction rity of this Act, shall and may be fold free of the Duty imposed Duty.

upon Sales by Auction.

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That no Obligation to His Obligations, &c. Majety taken by the faid Commissioners, nor any Heritable Securi- not liable to ties, nor any Assignment of any Heritable Securities taken by the Stamp Duty. faid Commissioners, or any Promissory Note to be given to the Secretary to the faid Commissioners under this Act as a Security for the Loan of Money in such Exchequer Bills as aforesaid, nor any Affidavit, Deposition or Receipt taken or to be taken or made under and by virtue of this Act, shall be liable to any Stamp Duty whatever.

LXX. And be it further enacted, That no Action or Suit shall Limitation of be commenced against any Person or Persons for any Thing done by Actions. virtue of or in pursuance of this Act, until Fourteen Days Notice thereof in Writing shall have been given to the Secretary for the time being of the faid Commissioners; nor after a sufficient Satisfaction or a Tender thereof hath been made to the Party or Parties aggrieved; nor after Six Calendar Months next after the Fact committed; and every fuch Action shall be brought in the faid respective Court of Exchequer, and shall be laid in the County of Middlesen or the City of Edinburgh respectively, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants of fuch Action or Suit shall and may plead the General Issue, and give this Act, and the special Matter in Evi. General Issue. dence, at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if the fame shall appear to to be done, or if fuck Action or Suit shall be brought after the time hereinbefore limited for bringing the same, or shall be brought without Fourteen Days Notice thereof, or shall be brought in any other County or Place, or after a sufficient Satisfaction made or tendered as aforefaid, that then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become monfuited or fuffer a Discontinuance of his, her or their Action or Actions, or if a Verdict shall pass against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs, and shall have Treble Costs. such Remedy for recovering the same as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for Costs of Suit in any other Cases by Law.

LXXI. And

Counterfeiting Certificates, &c. C. 15, 16.

LXXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall forge, counterfeit or alter, or cause or procure to be forged, counterfeited or altered, or knowingly or willingly act or affift in the forging, counterfeiting or altering any Certificate or Certificates of the faid Commissioners by this Act appointed as aforefaid, or any of them, or any Receipt or Receipts to be given by the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of England, in pursuance of this Act; or shall wilfully deliver to the Auditor of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer for the time being, or to any Officer appointed by him, or to the faid Commissioners by this Act appointed or any of them, or to any Officer or Officers appointed by them, or any of them, in the Execution of the Powers of this Act; or shall utter any such forged, counterfeited or altered Certificate or Certificates, Receipt or Receipts, knowing the same to be forged, counterfeited or altered. with Intent to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or any Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, or any Person whomsoever, then and in every such case, all and every Person or Persons so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as in cases of Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

Death. Affirmations.

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where an Oath may be administered by this Act, it shall be lawful to administer

an Affirmation in lieu thereof, as the cale may require.

Act may be altered, &c.

LXXIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act, or any of the Provisions thereof, may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. XVI.

An A& for granting Annuities to discharge certain Exchequer [4th April 1811.] Bills.

 Most Gracious Sovereign, * TE Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Com-W mons of the United Kingdom, in Parliament affembled, being · desirons of making Provision to satisfy the Principal Sums contained in certain Exchequer Bills, now outflanding, to the Amount of I Twelve Millions Sterling, have resolved, that all Persons interested in or entitled unto certain Exchequer Bills should be entitled, in respect of the Principal Sums contained therein, to such Capital Stock in Annuities as are hereinafter mentioned, subject to the ' Provisions of this Act;' We Your Majesty's most faithful Commons, do therefore most humbly befeech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and he it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Person interested in or entitled unto any Exchequer Bill or Bills dated between the First Day of April One thousand eight hundred and ten, and the Sixteenth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven; who shall between the Twenty first Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and the Twenty seventh Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, both inclusive, have carried the same to the Office of the Paymasters of Exchequer Bills, unless the faid Principal Sum of Twelve Millions Sterling shall have been fooner

Holders of cer. Lim Exchequer Bills corrying time to Exchequer thall recoive Certificates to the Bank.

fooner subscribed at the said Office, in such Exchequer Bills, shall be paid the Interest that shall have become due thereupon to the Ninth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eleven, in Money, as foon after the faid Ninth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eleven, as can conveniently be done, and shall have in Exchange for fuch Exchequer Bills from fuch Paymafters Certifacates to the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, expressing the Principal Sum contained in such Bill or Bills, entitling the Holders of such Exchequer Bills, in respect of the Amount of the Principal Sums contained therein, to the Sum of One hundred and Three Pounds Fourteen Shillings Capital Stock in Annuities after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, to commence from the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eleven, for each One hundred Pounds contained in such last mentioned Certificates, and so in Proportion for any greater Sum; and that all Persons interested in or entitled unto such Exchequer Bills as aforefaid, shall, by having delivered the same between the respective Days aforesaid, into the said Office of Paymasters of Exchequer Bills, be deemed to have accepted of the aforefaid Terms; which faid Amuities shall be paid and payable at the Bank of England, at the Times and in the Manner herein mentioned: Provided always, that the Provide Amount of the Principal Sums contained in fuch Exchequer Bills to be exchanged for Certificates in pursuance of this Act, shall not exceed the Sum of Twelve Millions Sterling.

" Exchequer Office to receive and cancel fuch Exchequer Bills, on er granting such Certificates. § 2. Certificates to entitle to certain "Annuities, payable at the Times herein mentioned. "Attachment. § 3. Annuities payable out of Consolidated Fund. # § 4. Certificates affignable before August 1, 1811. § 5. Bank, " on receiving Certificates, to give Credit in Books for the Capital "Stock therein mentioned; which Stock may be transferred. § 6. " Exchequer to iffue Money to the Bank for Payment of the An-" nuities. § 7. Accountant General to examine the Cashiers Accounts. § 8. Money converted into Five per Cent. Annuities to " be added to the Joint Stock of Five per Cent. already established. " § 9. Mode of transferring Stock. § 10. Penalty of counterfeit-"ing Certificates, &c. § 11. Bank to continue a Corporation for the Purpose of this Act. § 12. No Fee to be taken on Penalty " of 201. § 13. Bank to receive a Compensation for their Ser-" vices. § 14.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons General Issue. shall at any Time or Times be sued, moletted or prosecuted, for any Thing by him or them done or executed in pursuance of this Act, or of any Matter or Thing therein contained, such Person or Persons shall and may plead the General Issue, and give the special Matter in Evidence for his or their Defence; and if a Verdict shall pals for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall discontinue his or their Action, or be nonsuited, or Judgment shall be given against him or them upon Demurrer or otherwise, then fuch Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs to him or them Treble Costs. awarded against such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

[This A8, encept as to Dates and Sums, is in the same Words as 50 G. 3. c. 23.]

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CAP. XVII.

An Act to render valid certain Acts done for completing the Regular Militia, and to indemnify the Persons concerned therein.

[4th April 1811.]

49 G. 3. c. 53.

§ 24.

§ 29.

THEREAS an Act passed in the Forty minth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, An Att for completing the Militia of Great Britain: And whereas by the faid Act, every County, Hundred and Parish, for which the full Number of Men required ' shall not be enrolled, is made subject to a Fine of Forty Pounds for every Man deficient; and it is by the faid Act also enacted, that when and so foon as all, the Men required to be raised for the Militia of any County shall have been raised and enrolled, or at the Expiration of the Period allowed for raising Men, all further Ballot. and Enrolment should be suspended for a limited Time: And whereas in some of the Counties in which the full Number re-" quired had not been raised and enrolled before the First Day of 6 October One thousand eight hundred and ten, Men have been ' ballotted, raised and enrolled under the said last mentioned Pro-' vision, although no Order for continuing the Ballot had then been " made by His Majesty: And whereas all the Counties in which the full Number required have not been raised, are now directed, by an Order of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty in Council, under the Provisions of ' the faid Act, to raise the Number of Men deficient; and it is 6 therefore expedient, that all Doubts should be removed as to the Men raised after the First Day of Odober and before the issuing of fuch Order: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Enrolments of Men, raised in any County, Riding, Shire, Stewartry, City, Town or Place, for the completing the Militia under the faid Act, after the Thirtieth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and ten, before the isluing of any fuch Order of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty, and all Acts, Matters and Things done for the ballotting or enrolling of any such Men, or in any manner relating thereto, under any of the Provisions of the faid Act, or of any Act relating to the Militia, for the Purpose of raising fuch Men, shall be as good, valid and effectual as if the same had been done after the isluing of such Order of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty in Council; and all Persons who have acted in the Execution of the faid Acts, or any of the Provisions thereof, for the balloting, raising or enrolling of fuch Men, or in any matter or thing relating thereto. shall be, and they are hereby indomnified for and on account of the same, and shall be and are hereby released from all Actions, Suits, Penalties and Forfeitures whatever, incurred by them, or any of

Enrolments of Men for completing Militia after Sept 30, 1810, before iffining of any tuch Order of the Princa Regent, valid, &c.

CAP. XVIII.

them, in relation thereto.

An Act to indemnify such Persons in the United Kingdom as have omitted to qualify themselves for Offices and Employ-

ployments; and for extending the times limited for those Purposes respectively, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve; and to permit fuch Persons in Great Britain as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indentures of Clerks to. Attornies and Solicitors, to make and file the same on orbefore the First Day of Hilary Term One thousand eight handred and twelve. [4th April 1811.]

CAP. XIX.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, an Act of the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty for appointing Commisfioners to enquire into the Public Expenditure and the Conduct of Public Business in the Military Departments therein mentioned, and to extend the same to Public Works executed by the Office of Works and others.

[4th April 1811.]

HEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty fifth Year of 45 G. 3. c. 47. the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An All to appoint Commissioners to enquire and examine into the Public Expenditure, and the Conduct of Public Business in the Military Departments therein mentioned, and to report such Observations as shall occur to them, for correcting or preventing any Abuses and Irregu-· larities, and for the better conducting and managing the Bufiness of the faid Departments, to continue in force for Two Tears, and from thence until the Expiration of Six Weeks after the Commencement of the then " next Seffion of Parliament; which faid Act was continued by fub-· fequent Acts until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven: And whereas it is expedient that the * faid A& and the Powers of the faid Commissioners should be revived and further continued for a limited Period, and should be extended to an Enquiry into the Expenditure and Conduct of the Business in the Office of Works, and into the Execution of other Public Works hereafter mentioned: May it therefore pleafe Your Majeky, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said secited A& and all the Powers and Provisions therein contained, as extended by this Act, shall be and the same are hereby revived and Continued till further continued in full force from the Twenty fifth Day of March March 25th, One thousand eight hundred and eleven, to the Twenty fifth Day 1812. of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve.

II. And be it further enacted, That in addition to the feveral Commissioners Offices which the faid Commissioners are directed to enquire into by tempure into the faid recited Act, such Commissioners shall also enquire and examine Public Expendiinto the Public Expenditure and Conduct of Business in the Office duct of Business of Works, and allo into the Mode and System pursued in the in Office of Conduct and Execution of Public Works, the Expences of which Works, &c. are specially voted by Parliament, and are not included in the Estimates of any Public Department, and which may not come under the immediate

immediate Controll and Direction of the Office of Works; and whether any and what Abuses or Irregularities exist, and in any such Cases as appear to them to require it, whether any or what Abuses or Irregularities have existed in such Office or Department, or in the Execution of such other Works, or have been practifed or committed by any Person or Persons that now are or have been concerned in managing, conducting or transacting the Business of the said Office or Department, or other Works, or been in any Manner employed therein; and shall report upon and state the same to His Majesty and to both Houses of Parliament, and also report on the most effectual Means of remedying the same, and generally shall report on the State and Management of the faid Office and Department and other Works, and fuggest any such Regulations for the better carrying on the Public Service in regard thereto as may appear to them most conducive to the Public Interest.

45 G. 3. c. 47. extended to Inquiry into Office of Works.

III. And be it further enacted, That all Powers, Provisions, Penalties and Means of recovering the same Clauses, Matters and Things contained in the faid recited Act relative to the Inquiry into the Offices and Departments therein mentioned, shall be in force and be applied as far as the same are applicable to the conducting the Inquiry hereby authorized to be made into the Office of Works, and into the Execution of fuch other Works as aforefaid, in the fame Manner as if the faid Office of Works and other Works had been originally included in the faid recited Act.

CAP. XX.

An Act to allow a certain Proportion of the Militia of Great Britain to enlift annually into the Regular Forces; and to provide for the gradual Reduction of the faid Militia.

[11th April 1811.]

[7HEREAS it is necessary to provide a permanent Supply of Men for His Majetty's Regular Forces, and it is therefore expedient to allow a certain Proportion of the Militia of Great Britain annually to enlift into His Majesty's Regular Forces, under certain Restrictions; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament What Portion of affembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty annually to accept the Services of fuch Men of the Militia of England not exceeding Five thousand seven hundred and fourteen, and of the Militia of Scotland not exceeding One thousand one hundred and forty two, as shall respectively be willing to enlist into His Majesty's Regular Forces, and for such Numbers of Men from the Militias of England and Scotland respectively to enlist into His Majesty's Regular Forces, under the Regulations, and subject to the Restrictions hereinaster mentioned.

Militia of G. B. allowed to enlift.

> II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order or Orders signed by His Majesty's Secretary of State, to name and appoint such and so many of the Regiments of His Majesty's Regular Forces as His Majesty shall think fit, to receive Volunteers from the Militia in Great Britain under this Act, out of any Regiment or Regiments of Militia named in any such Order: and it shall be lawful for any Number of Private. Men of any fuch

His Majesty may appoint Regiments in which Militia Men may enlift.

Regiment of Militia, not exceeding the Proportion hereinafter mentioned, to enlift in the Manner and under the Regulations herein mentioned, into any Regiment as aforefaid, which in any fuch Order of His Majesty shall be named to receive Volunteers from such

Regiment of Militia.

III. And be it further enacted, That His Majesty's Secretary of Number of Men State shall annually ascertain the Number of Private Men that may to enlist. be allowed to enlift out of each Regiment of the Militia of Great Britain, so that the whole Number do not exceed Five thousand seven hundred and sourteen Men from the Militia of England, and One thousand one hundred and forty two Men from the Militia of Scotland; and that the Number taken from the Militia of each County shall be in the same relative Proportion to, and not exceed One Seventh Part of the Quota fixed for each County respectively, by Two several Acts passed in the Forty second Year of the Reign 42 G 3 cc. 90. of His present Majesty, relating to the Militias of England and Scot- 91. land, and by an Act passed in the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign 37 G. 3. c. 25. of Hispresent Majesty, relating to the Militia of the Tower Hamlets; and His Majetty's Secretary of State shall annually, on or before the First Day of February, fignify to the Commanding Officers of every Regiment of Militia, the Number of Private Men that shall be allowed to enlist under the Provision of this Act; and in case the Militia of any County shall consist of more than One .Battalion, His Majesty's Secretary of State shall ascertain the Number of Private Men that may be allowed to enlift out of each of fuch Battalions, by the Proportion which the Private Men ferving in each such Battalion bears to the whole Number of Private Men actually ferving in the Militia of each County.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall in what care be lawful for His Majesty by any Order figued by His Majesty's His Majesty Secretary of State, to allow of the enlisting into the Regular Forces may allow a of any greater Number of Men in Addition to such Proportion as greater Number aforesaid, out of the Militia of any County, in which by reason of the full Number of Men not having enlisted under any former A& or Acts of Parliament, the whole Number of Men serving shall exceed the Quota, and such Proportion of Supernumeraries as are by this Act specified for such County, until the Militia of such County shall be reduced to such Quota and Number of Supernumeraries

under this Act.

V. And he it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Appointment of Majesty to appoint such General or Field Officers, specially author Officers to aprized by His Majesty, or by the Commander in Chief of His Ma. prove or reject jesty's Forces, for that Purpose, to inspect, approve or reject the Private Men who shall be defirous of enlisting under this Act; and fuch Officers may approve of or reject such Private Men accordingly: Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to authorize any such Officers to reject any Private Men defirous of enlifting as aforefaid, who shall be of the Height of Five Height. Feet and Four Inches or upwards, and under the Age of Thirty Age. five Years, and not disabled by Lameness or other Bodily Infirmity.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every Commanding Officer His Majesty's of a Regiment of Militia shall, within Two Days after the Receipt Order, and of the Order as to Men enlisting, cause his Regiment to be drawn Terms of enlistout, and such Commanding Officer shall read or cause to be read by and explained

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Names of Men enlifting, taken down-

If Number enlisting shall not be the due Proportion, further Enlistment.

Where Number allowed shall not have enlisted, His Majesty may appoint suther Periods.

As from as Number enlifted is afcertained, they thall be ducharged, and, if approved, atmeited.

fome Commissioned Officer to the Regiment of Men so drawn out, His Majesty's Orders in relation to ensisting under this Act, and shall cause the same to be given out in Orders, and shall, in such Manner at His Majesty shall direct, explain to the Men the Terms upon which any Man serving in the Militia may enlist into His Majesty's Regular Forces under this Act; and shall on the Day next succeeding cause his Regiment to be drawn out, and the Names of the Men who shall then voluntarily declare their Intention of enlisting to be written down, and if the Number of Men shall exceed the Proportion allowed to enlist, such Excess shall be reduced by Ballot to the Number authorized to enlist.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if the Number of Private Men in any Regiment of Militia, who shall (when so drawn out as aforefaid) voluntarily declare their Intention to enlist, shall not amount to the Proportion authorized to enlist, then and in such Case a Book shall be opened by the Commanding Officer, and it shall be lawful for any other of such Men, not exceeding the Number necessary to complete the Number allowed to enlist under this Act, at any Time within Seven Days after the last Day of such Two Days on which such Regiment of Militia shall have been drawn out, to enter their Names in such Book as willing to enlist as aforesaid.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in case the whole Number of Men allowed to enlift in any one Year under the Provisions of this Act, from any Regiment of Militia, shall not have enlisted into His Majesty's Regular Forces within the said Seven Days as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order of the Secretary of State, fignified to the Commanding Officer of fuch Regiment, to appoint, from time to time, further Periods of Three Days each for enlifting into His Majesty's Regular Forces, until the whole Number allowed to enlift shall have declared their Intention of enlifting, and during any fuch Periods it shall be lawful for any Man to enlift under this Act from such Regiment in manner aforefaid: Provided always, that Ten Days' Notice shall from time to time be given to such Commanding Officer, and by him to his Regiment, of the several Days or Periods so to be appointed for enlifting, previous to each fuch Period, and that there shall be an Interval of Fourteen Days at least between each such Period of Three Days.

IX. And be it further enacted, That as foon as, the Number of Private Men to be enlifted from any Regiment shall have been ascertained in Manner by this Act directed, at each of such respective Periods as aforesaid, the Commanding Officer of such Regiment is hereby required to discharge all such Private Men so to be enlisted from the Militia; and every such Private Man so discharged as aforesaid, shall, if approved by the Officer appointed for that Purpose, immediately thereupon belong to the Regiment into which he shall have declared or shall declare his Intention to enlist, if he shall have enlisted into any Regiment of His Majesty's Regular Forces, specified in His Majesty's Orders, or shall belong, if he shall not have enlisted into any such Regiment, as an enlisted Soldier to His Majesty's Regular Forces; and every such Man shall be thereupon immediately attested for such Service in His Majesty's Regular Forces, and shall, as soon as conveniently may be, be transferred to

some Officer of the Regiment into which he shall have enlisted, or fuch Officer of His Majesty's Regular Forces as His Majesty may

have appointed to receive Men culifted under this Act.

X. And be it further enacted, That the Lieutenant, or in his Lord Lieutenant Absence the Vice Lieutenant, or any Three Deputy Lieutenants to transmit to authorized by His Majesty to act as Lieutenant of any County aforesaid, shall, within Ten Days after the receiving of any Order for Michael County Privy Council Number of Mén dicharged. that Purpose, from His Majesty, signified by His Majesty's Secretary of State, transmit to His Majesty's Privy Council, an accurate Account in Writing of the Number of Persons that shall have been discharged from the Militia of their respective Counties, and enlisted as aforefaid under this Act, which Account shall, in all Cases where the same may be necessary, be transmitted by the Commanding Officers of such Militia, to such Lieutenants, Vice Lieutenants or Deputy Lieutenants as aforesaid for that Purpose.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Private In what cases Militia Man shall be entitled to enlist under this Act, who shall be Persons in Cobin Confinement under any Sentence of any Court Martial, or with finement entia View to being tried by any Court Martial, until he shall have tled to enlate, fuffered the Sentence of fuch Court Martial, or shall have been acquitted, or until fuch Sentence shall have been remitted; and that no Private Militia Man shall be entitled to his Discharge, or to enlist under this Act, who shall have been sentenced to any Punishment by any Court Martial for any Offence committed within the Space of Three Calendar Months before the time of his so offering to enlift, unless he shall obtain the Consent of the Commanding Officer of the Regiment of Militia in which he shall be serving at the time of his being desirous of enlishing as aforesaid.

XII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Person Certain Persons ferving in the Militia, who shall be usually employed as Adjutant's not to enlist Clerk or Regimental Clerk, or as a Drummer, or as a Mufician in without Confent the Bard of the Regiment of Militia to which he shall belong, or of Commanding Officer. shall be usually employed as an Armourer in any such Regiment, or who shall have been trained as an Artilleryman or Matross, and as fuch shall be attached to any Artillery belonging to any Regiment of Militia, not exceeding Twenty Men in each Battalion, shall be entitled to his Discharge, or to enlist as aforesaid under this Act, unless he shall obtain the Consent for that Purpose of the Commanding Officer of the Regiment of Militia in which he shall be then ferving.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted. That it shall Seriesnes and be lawful, with the Consent of the Officer commanding any Re- Corporals may giment of Militia, for any Number of Serjeants and Corporals, not enlist exceeding the Proportion of One Serjeant and One Corporal for every Twenty Men enlitting from any Regiment of Militia, to enlift in like manner and at fuch Periods, as a Part of the faid Quota, into His Majesty's Regular Forces; and if any greater Number of Serjeants and Corporals than fuch Proportion as aforefaid shall be defirous of enlifting as aforefaid, fuch Number shall be reduced by Ballot to the Number authorized to enlift.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commanding Commanding Officer of any Regiment of Militia to discharge any Officers may re-Private Militia Man, who shall desire his Discharge for the Purpose full to discharge of being enlisted under this Act, upon affigning in Writing to the Men.

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General Officer commanding in the District within which such Regiment of Militia shall be quartered, or to the Adjutant General of His Majesty's Forces, where there shall not be such General Officer as aforesaid, such Cause for his Refusal as shall be deemed sufficient by such General Officer or Adjutant General, as the case may be.

Persons difcharged refusing to enlift, &c. to belong to Regiment from which discharged.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person discharged from the Militia, for the Purpose of being enlisted into any Regiment as aforefaid, or into His Majesty's Regular Forces, under this Act, shall notwithstanding refuse to enlist pursuant to any Declaration of being defirous to enlift fo made by him as aforesaid, or shall not be approved of by the Officer appointed by His Majesty for that Purpose, then and in every such case, such Person shall continue to belong to the Regiment of Militia from which he shall have been so discharged for the Purpose of enlisting as

aforesaid, notwithstanding any such Discharge.

Officers not to enlift, &c. other than fuch as shall have been duly difcharged.

XVI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall authorize any Officers appointed by His Majesty to enlist and receive Militia Men under this Act, or any Commanding Officer, or other Officer, or Non-commissioned Officer of any Regiment as aforefaid, or other Person, to enlift or persuade to enlift or receive any Militia Men, other than fuch as shall have been duly discharged by the Colonel or Commanding Officer of the Regiment of Militia to which the Persons desirous of enlisting shall belong; and if any Officer shall enlist or attempt to enlist any Militia Man, such Man shall not be permitted to enter into the Regiment to

which the Officer persuading him to enlist may belong.

No Person drafted from 'Regiment in which enlifted.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall be enlifted to serve in any Regiment so named and appointed as aforefaid, shall ferve in the Regiment in which he shall have originally enlisted to serve, and in no other Regiment whatever; and no Person enlisting in any such Regiment shall, on any Account or Pretence whatfoever, be drafted into or ferve in any other Regiment without his Consent, except in some Garrison or Veteran Battalion, in case it shall be necessary or expedient to transfer such Person into any Garrison or Veteran Battalion on account of his being disabled, or for any other sufficient Cause; and every such Person may be also transferred from one Battalion to another of any Regiment in which

he may be ferving.

Upon Production of Certifieate, Men voluntarily enlitted, discharged from Lift of Militia Men for that County.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That upon the Production to the Colonel or Commanding Officer of any Regiment of Militia, of a Certificate under the Hand of any Justice of the Peace of any County in Great Britain, or any Magistrate of any City, Borough, Town or Place therein, of any Private Man belonging to the Militia having voluntarily enlifted, and been attefted for His Majefty's Regular Forces as aforefaid (which Certificate every fuch Justice or Magistrate respectively is hereby required to give gratis) such Colonel or Commanding Officer is hereby required to cause the Person named in such Certificate to be discharged from the List of Militia Mea ferving for fuch County.

Returns of Men enlifted.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the Adjutant of every Regiment of Militia shall, after the Commencement of the emlishing of Men under this Act, and until the whole Number of Men allowed to enlift from his Regiment shall have enlisted, at the End of every Week after each Period of enlishing in each Year, transmit to the-re-**Spective** spective Clerks of the Subdivision Meetings for the County to which the Regiment belongs, or where the Men of more than one County shall be so serving, then to the Clerks of such respective Counties, an accurate Return of all the Private Men serving for their respective Subdivisions who shall have enlisted under this Act, specifying therein the Christian and Surname of each Private Man; and in every case of a Private Man, shall state in such Return whether such Man was a ballotted Man, Substitute, hired Man or Volunteer, and the Parish or Place for which he was serving at the time of such enlisting; and the faid Clerks shall, immediately upon the Receipt of such Returns, insert in the Lift of Militia Men serving for their respective Subdivisions, the Words, "Volunteered into the Line," after the Name of each Man fo returned to them as aforesaid; and all Allowances payable to the Wives and Families of fuch Private Men fo enlifting shall cease from the Days specified in such Returns to such Men respectively, as the Days upon which they were respectively enlifted for Service in His Majesty's Regular Forces; and the faid Clerks shall forthwith transmit to the respective Overseers of the Poor, or Governors or Managers thereof, if in England, and to the respective Clerks of Supply, and also to the Treasurers of the Kirk Session, if in Scotland, an Account of the Men serving for their respective Parishes or Places who shall have enlisted under this A&; and all Allowances payable to the Wives and Families of any fuch Private Men by virtue of any Acts of Parliament for providing Relief for the Wives and Families of Militia Men in England and Scotland respectively, in respect whereof any Re-imbursement shall be directed by the faid Act, shall be re-imbursed according to the Directions of the said Acts, up to the time such enlisting shall have taken place.

XX. And be it further enacted, That no Allowance under an 43 G. 3. c. 47. Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His Majesty, Allowances to intituled, An A& for consolidating and amending the several Laws Families. for providing Relief for the Families of Militia Men of England, when called out into adual Service, or under an Act passed in the same 43 G. 3. c. 89. Year, intituled, An Att for providing Relief for the Families of Militia Men in Scotland, when called out into actual Service, or under any other Act for granting Allowances to the Wives and Families of Militia Men in England or Scotland, shall be granted to the Wife or Family of any Man, who after the passing of this A& shall be raised to serve in the Militia either of England or Scotland, as a Substitute, hired Man or Volunteer; but all Allowances to be granted under any of the faid Acts, to the Wives or Families of any Men raifed after the passing of this Act, for the Militia of England or Scotland, shall be confined to the Wives or Families of ballotted

Men only.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That every Parish or Place which For Mon what has incurred any Fine for Men deficient on the First Day of OBober Proportion of One thousand eight hundred and ten as aforesaid, shall, for every Man Fines remixted. who shall be raised for such Parish or Place by Ballot or otherwise after the said First Day of October and before the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, be entitled to deduct or have a Return of Three fourth Parts of fuch Fine; and for every Man who shall be so raised before the First Day of July One thousaind eight hundred and eleven, shall be entitled to deduct or have a Return G 2

CAP. XVII.

· An Act to render valid certain Acts done for completing the Regular Militia, and to indemnify the Persons concerned therein. [4th April 1811.] WHEREAS an Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of His

present Majesty, intituled, An AB for completing the Militia of Great Britain: And whereas by the faid Act, every County,

49 G. 3. c. 53.

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Hundred and Parish, for which the full Number of Men required ' shall not be enrolled, is made subject to a Fine of Forty Pounda

for every Man deficient; and it is by the faid Act also enacted, that when and so foon as all the Men required to be raised for the Militia of any County shall have been railed and enrolled, or at the Expiration of the Period allowed for railing Men, all further Ballot. and Enrolment should be suspended for a limited Time: And. whereas in some of the Counties in which the full Number required had not been raifed and enrolled before the First Day of

* Öllober One thousand eight hundred and ten, Men have been ' ballotted, raised and enrolled under the said last mentioned Pro-' vision, although no Order for continuing the Ballot had then been " made by His Majesty: And whereas all the Counties in which the

full Number required have not been raised, are now directed, by an Order of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty in Council, under the Provisions of

' the faid Act, to raife the Number of Men deficient; and it is. therefore expedient, that all Doubts should be removed as to the Men raised after the First Day of Odober and before the issuing of such Order: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may

be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty. by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this prefent Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Enrolments of Men, raised in any

County, Riding, Shire, Stewartry, City, Town or Place, for the completing the Militia under the faid Act, after the Thirtieth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and ten, before the issuing of any fuch Order of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty, and all Acts, Matters and

Things done for the ballotting or enrolling of any fuch Men, or in

any manner relating thereto, under any of the Provisions of the faid

Act, or of any Act relating to the Militia, for the Purpole of raising. fuch Men, shall be as good, valid and effectual as if the same had been done after the issuing of such Order of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty in Council; and all Persons who have acted in the Execution of the faid Acte, or any of the Provisions thereof, for the balloting, raising

or enrolling of such Men, or in any matter or thing relating thereto. shall be, and they are hereby indomnified for and on account of the fame, and shall be and are hereby released from all Actions, Suits, Penalties and Forfeitures whatever, incurred by them, or any of them, in relation thereto.

CAP. XVIII.

An Act to indemnify such Persons in the United Kingdom as have omitted to qualify themselves for Offices and Erraploy-

Enrolments of Men for completine Militia after Sept 30, 1810, before i'lining of any tuch Order of the Princ: Regent, valid, &c. ployments; and for extending the times limited for those Purposes respectively, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve; and to permit fuch Persons in Great Britain as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indentures of Clerks to. Attornies and Solicitors, to make and file the same on orbefore the First Day of Hilary Tenm One thousand eight hundred and twelve. [4th April 1811.]

CAP. XIX.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, an Act of the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty for appointing Commisfroners to enquire into the Public Expenditure and the Conduct of Public Business in the Military Departments therein mentioned, and to extend the same to Public Works executed by the Office of Works and others.

[4th April 1811.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty fifth Year of 45 G. 3. c. 47. the Reign of His present Majerry, intituled, An At to appoint Commissioners to enquire and examine into the Public Expen-. diture, and the Conduct of Public Business in the Military Departments therein mentioned, and to report fuch Observations as shall occur to them, for correcting or preventing any Abuses and Irregu- larities, and for the better conducting and managing the Bufiness of the foid Departments, to continue in force for Two Tears, and from thence until the Empiration of Six Weeks after the Commencement of the then * next Session of Parliament; which said Act was continued by sub-· fequent Acts until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven: And whereas it is expedient that the faid Act and the Powers of the said Commissioners should be revived and further continued for a limited Period, and should be extended to an Enquiry into the Expenditure and Conduct of the Business in the Office of Works, and into the Execution of other Public Works hereafter mentioned: May it therefore pleafe Your Majety, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said secited A& and all the Powers and Provisions therein contained, as extended by this Act, shall be and the same are hereby revived and Continued till further continued in full force from the Twenty fifth Day of March March 25th, One thousand eight hundred and eleven, to the Twenty fifth Day 1812. of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve.

II. And be it further enacted, That in addition to the feveral Commissioners Offices which the faid Commissioners are directed to enquire into by tempure into the faid recited Act, such Commissioners shall also enquire and examine Public Expendi-Into the Public Expenditure and Conduct of Business in the Office duct of Business of Works, and also into the Mode and System pursued in the in Office of Conduct and Execution of Public Works, the Expences of which Works, &c. are specially voted by Parliament, and are not included in the Estimates of any Public Department, and which may not come under the immediate

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immediate Controul and Direction of the Office of Works; and whether any and what Abuses or Irregularities exist, and in any such Cases as appear to them to require it, whether any or what Abuses or Irregularities have existed in such Office or Department, or in the Execution of fuch other Works, or have been practifed or committed by any Person or Persons that now are or have been concerned in managing, conducting or transacting the Business of the said Office or Department, or other Works, or been in any Manner employed therein; and shall report upon and state the same to His Majesty and to both Houses of Parliament, and also report on the most effectual Means of remedying the same, and generally shall report on the State and Management of the faid Office and Department and other Works, and suggest any such Regulations for the better carrying on the Public Service in regard thereto as may appear to them most conducive to the Public Interest.

45 G. 3. c. 47. extended to Inquiry into Office of Works.

III. And be it further enacted, That all Powers, Provisions, Penalties and Means of recovering the same Clauses, Matters and Things contained in the faid recited Act relative to the Inquiry into the Offices and Departments therein mentioned, shall be in force and be applied as far as the same are applicable to the conducting the Inquiry hereby authorized to be made into the Office of Works, and into the Execution of fuch other Works as aforefaid, in the same Manner as if the faid Office of Works and other Works had been originally included in the faid recited Act.

CAP. XX.

An Act to allow a certain Proportion of the Militia of Great Britain to enlift annually into the Regular Forces; and to provide for the gradual Reduction of the faid Militia.

[11th April 1811.]

[THEREAS it is necessary to provide a permanent Supply of Men for His Majesty's Regular Forces, and it is therefore expedient to allow a certain Proportion of the Militia of Great Britain annually to enlift into His Majesty's Regular Forces, under ' certain Restrictions;' Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament What Portion of affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty annually to accept the Services of fuch Men of the Militia of England not exceeding Five thousand seven hundred and fourteen, and of the Militia of Scotland not exceeding One thousand one hundred and forty two, as shall respectively be willing to enlist into His Majesty's Regular Forces, and for such Numbers of Men from the Militias of England and Scotland respectively to enlist into His Majesty's Regular Forces, under the Regulations, and subject to the Restrictions hereinafter mentioned.

Militia of G. B. allowed to enlift.

> II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order or Orders signed by His Majesty's Secretary of State, to name and appoint such and so many of the Regiments of His Majesty's Regular Forces as His Majesty shall think fit, to receive Volunteers from the Militia in Great Britain under this Act, out of any Regiment or Regiments of Mikitia named in any fuch Order: and it shall be lawful for any Number of Private. Men of any such

His Majesty may appoint Regiments in which Militia Men may enlift.

Regiment of Militia, not exceeding the Proportion hereinafter mentioned, to enlift in the Manner and under the Regulations herein mentioned, into any Regiment as aforefaid, which in any fuch Order of His Majesty shall be named to receive Volunteers from such

Regiment of Militia.

III. And be it further enacted, That His Majesty's Secretary of Number of Mea State shall annually ascertain the Number of Private Men that may to enlist. be allowed to enlift out of each Regiment of the Militia of Great Britain, so that the whole Number do not exceed Five thousand feven hundred and fourteen Men from the Militia of England, and One thousand one hundred and forty two Men from the Militia of Scotland; and that the Number taken from the Militia of each County shall be in the same relative Proportion to, and not exceed One Seventh Part of the Quota fixed for each County respectively, by Two several Acts passed in the Forty second Year of the Reign 42 G 3 ec. 90. of His present Majesty, relating to the Militias of England and Scot- 91. land, and by an Act passed in the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign 37 C. 3. c. 25. of Hiseprelent Majesty, relating to the Militia of the Tower Hamlets; and His Majerty's Secretary of State shall annually, on or before the First Day of February, signify to the Commanding Officers of every Regiment of Militia, the Number of Private Men that shall be allowed to enlist under the Provision of this Act; and in case the Militia of any County shall consist of more than One Battalion, His Majesty's Secretary of State shall ascertain the Number of Private Men that may be allowed to enlift out of each of fuch Battalions, by the Proportion which the Private Men ferving in each fuch Battalion bears to the whole Number of Private Men actually ferving in the Militia of each County.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted. That it shall in what case be lawful for His Majesty by any Order signed by His Majesty's His Majesty Secretary of State, to allow of the enlifting into the Regular Forces amay allow a of any greater Number of Men in Addition to such Proportion as aforesaid, out of the Militia of any County, in which by reason of aforefaid, out of the Militia of any County, in which by reason of the full Number of Men not having enlisted under any former A& or Acts of Parliament, the whole Number of Men serving shall exceed the Quota, and such Proportion of Supernumeraries as are by this A& specified for such County, until the Militia of such County shall be reduced to such Quota and Number of Supernumeraries

under this Act.

V. And he it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Appointment of Majesty to appoint such General or Field Officers, specially autho- Officers to aprized by His Majesty, or by the Commander in Chief of His Ma- prove or reject jesty's Forces, for that Purpose, to inspect, approve or reject the Men; Private Men who shall be defirous of enlisting under this Act; and fuch Officers may approve of or reject such Private Men accordingly: Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to authorize any fuch Officers to reject any Private Men defirms of enlifting as aforefaid, who shall be of the Height of Five Height. Feet and Four Inches or upwards, and under the Age of Thirty Age. five Years, and not disabled by Lameness or other Bodily Infirmity.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every Commanding Officer His Majeftv's of a Regiment of Militia shall, within Two Days after the Receipt Orders, and of the Order as to Men enlifting, cause his Regiment to be drawn Terms of enlistout, and such Commanding Officer shall read or cause to be read by and explained

to.

Names of Men enlifting, taken down-

If Number enlifting shall not be the due Proportion, further Enlishment.

Where Number allowed shall not have enlisted, His Majesty may appoint suther Periods.

As foon as Number enlifted is aftertained, they that he ducharged, and, if approved, atseited. fome Commissioned Officer to the Regiment of Men so drawn out, His Majesty's Orders in relation to enlisting under this Act, and shall cause the same to be given out in Orders, and shall, in such Manner as His Majesty shall direct, explain to the Men the Terms upon which any Man serving in the Militia may enlist into His Majesty's Regular Forces under this Act; and shall on the Day next succeeding cause his Regiment to be drawn out, and the Names of the Men who shall then voluntarily declare their Intention of enlisting to be written down, and if the Number of Men shall exceed the Proportion allowed to enlist, such Excess shall be reduced by Ballot to the Number authorized to enlist.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if the Number of Private Men in any Regiment of Militia, who shall (when so drawn out as aforesaid) voluntarily declare their Intention to enlist, shall not amount to the Proportion authorized to enlist, then and in such Case a Book shall be opened by the Commanding Officer, and it shall be lawful for any other of such Men, not exceeding the Number necessary to complete the Number allowed to enlist under this Act, at any Time within Seven Days after the last Day of such Two Days on which such Regiment of Militia shall have been drawn out, to enter their Names in such Book as willing to enlist as aforesaid.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in case the whole Number of Men allowed to enlift in any one Year under the Provisions of this A&, from any Regiment of Militia, shall not have enlisted into His Majesty's Regular Forces within the said Seven Days as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order of the Secretary of State, fignified to the Commanding Officer of fuch Regiment, to appoint, from time to time, further Periods of Three Days each for enlifting into His Majefty's Regular Forces, until the whole Number allowed to enlift shall have declared their Intention of enlifting, and during any fuch Periods it shall be lawful for any Man to enlift under this Act from such Regiment in manner aforefaid: Provided always, that Ten Days' Notice shall from time to time be given to such Commanding Officer, and by him to his Regiment, of the several Days or Periods so to be appointed for enlisting, previous to each such Period, and that there shall be an Interval of Fourteen Days at least between each fuch Period of Three Days.

IX. And be it further enacted, That as foon as, the Number of Private Men to be enlifted from any Regiment shall have been ascertained in Manner by this Act directed, at each of such respective Periods as aforesaid, the Commanding Officer of such Regiment is hereby required to discharge all such Private Men so to be enlisted from the Militia; and every such Private Man so discharged as asoresaid, shall, if approved by the Officer appointed for that Purpose, immediately thereupon belong to the Regiment into which he shall have enlisted into any Regiment of His Majesty's Regular Forces, specified in His Majesty's Orders, or shall belong, if he shall not have enlisted into any such Regiment, as an enlisted Soldier to His Majesty's Regular Forces; and every such Man shall be thereupon immediately attested for such Service in His Majesty's Regular Forces; and shall, as soon as conveniently may be, be transferred to

fome Officer of the Regiment into which he shall have enlisted, or fuch Officer of His Majesty's Regular Forces as His Majesty may

have appointed to receive Men enlisted under this Act.

X. And be it further enacted, That the Lieutenant, or in his Lord Lieutenant Absence the Vice Lieutenant, or any Three Deputy Lieutenants to transmit to authorized by His Majesty to act as Lieutenant of any County aforesaid, shall, within Ten Days after the receiving of any Order for Minds of the His Majesty's Secretary S that Purpole, from His Majesty, signified by His Majesty's Secretary of State, transmit to His Majesty's Privy Council, an accurate Account in Writing of the Number of Persons that shall have been discharged from the Militia of their respective Counties, and enlisted as aforesaid under this Act, which Account shall, in all Cases where the same may be necessary, be transmitted by the Commanding Officers of fuch Militia, to fuch Lieutenants, Vice Lieutenants or Deputy Lieutenants as aforesaid for that Purpose.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Private In what cases . Militia Man shall be entitled to enlist under this Act, who shall be Persons in Conin Confinement under any Sentence of any Court Martial, or with finement entia View to being tried by any Court Martial, until he shall have tled to enlet. fuffered the Sentence of fuch Court Martial, or shall have been acquitted, or until such Sentence shall have been remitted; and that no Private Militia Man shall be entitled to his Discharge, or to enlift under this Act, who shall have been sentenced to any Punishment by any Court Martial for any Offence committed within the Space of Three Calendar Months before the time of his so offering to enlift, unless he shall obtain the Consent of the Commanding Officer of the Regiment of Militia in which he shall be serving at the time of his being desirous of enlisting as aforesaid.

XII. Provided also, and be it further enacled, That no Person Certain Persons ferving in the Militia, who shall be usually employed as Adjutant's not to enlist Clerk or Regimental Clerk, or as a Drummer, or as a Musician in without Consent the Band of the Regiment of Militia to which he shall belong, or of Commanding Officer. shall be usually employed as an Armourer in any such Regiment, or who shall have been trained as an Artilleryman or Matross, and as fuch shall be attached to any Artillery belonging to any Regiment of Militia, not exceeding Twenty Men in each Battalion, shall be entitled to his Discharge, or to enlist as aforesaid under this Act, unless he shall obtain the Consent for that Purpose of the Commanding Officer of the Regiment of Militia in which he shall be then ferving.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall Seriesnes and be lawful, with the Confent of the Officer commanding any Re-Corporals may giment of Militia, for any Number of Serjeants and Corporals, not enlift. exceeding the Proportion of One Serjeant and One Corporal for every Twenty Men enlitting from any Regiment of Militia, to enlift in like manner and at such Periods, as a Part of the said Quota, into His Majesty's Regular Forces; and if any greater Number of Serjeants and Corporals than such Proportion as aforesaid shall be defirous of enlifting as aforefaid, such Number shall be reduced by Ballot to the Number authorized to enlift.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commanding Commanding Officer of any Regiment of Militia to discharge any Officers may re-Private Militia Man, who shall desire his Discharge for the Purpose sufe to discharge of being enlifted under this Act, upon affigning in Writing to the Men.

51 Gro. III.

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Names of Men enlifting, taken down.

If Number enlifting shall not be the due Proportion, further Enlistment.

Where Number allowed shall not have enlisted, His Majesty may appoint suther Periods.

As foon as Number enlifted is afcertained, they thath he ducharged, and, if approved, atseited. fome Commissioned Officer to the Regiment of Men so drawn out, His Majesty's Orders in relation to enlisting under this Act, and sail cause the same to be given out in Orders, and shall, in such Manner at His Majesty shall direct, explain to the Men the Terms upon which any Man serving in the Militia may enlist into His Majesty's Regular Forces under this Act; and shall on the Day next succeeding cause his Regiment to be drawn out, and the Names of the Men who shall then voluntarily declare their Intention of enlisting to be written down, and if the Number of Men shall exceed the Proportion allowed to enlist, such Excess shall be reduced by Ballot to the Number authorized to enlist.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if the Number of Private Men in any Regiment of Militia, who shall (when so drawn out as aforesaid) voluntarily declare their Intention to enlist, shall not amount to the Proportion authorized to enlist, then and in such Case a Book shall be opened by the Commanding Officer, and it shall be lawful for any other of such Men, not exceeding the Number necessary to complete the Number allowed to enlist under this Act, at any Time within Seven Days after the last Day of such Two Days on which such Regiment of Militia shall have been drawn out, to enter their Names in such Book as willing to enlist a aforesaid.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in case the whole Number of Men allowed to enlift in any one Year under the Provisions of this Act, from any Regiment of Militia, shall not have enlisted into His Majesty's Regular Forces within the said Seven Days as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order of the Secretary of State, fignified to the Commanding Officer of fuch Regiment, to appoint, from time to time, further Periods of Three Days each for enlifting into His Majefty's Regular Forces, until the whole Number allowed to enlift shall have declared their Intention of enlifting, and during any fuch Periods it shall be lawful for any Man to enlift under this Act from such Regiment in manner aforefaid: Provided always, that Ten Days' Notice shall from time to time be given to such Commanding Officer, and by him to his Regiment, of the several Days or Periods so to be appointed for enlisting, previous to each such Period, and that there shall be an Interval of Fourteen Days at least between each such Period of Three Days.

IX. And be it further enacted, That as foon as, the Number of Private Men to be enlifted from any Regiment shall have been ascertained in Manner by this Act directed, at each of such respective Periods as aforesaid, the Commanding Officer of such Regiment is hereby required to discharge all such Private Men so to be enlisted from the Militia; and every such Private Man so discharged as aforesaid, shall, if approved by the Officer appointed for that Purpose, immediately thereupon belong to the Regiment into which shall have declared or shall declare his Intention to enlist, if he shall have enlisted into any Regiment of His Majesty's Regular Forces, specified in His Majesty's Orders, or shall belong, if he shall not have enlisted into any such Regiment, as an enlisted Soldier to His Majesty's Regular Forces; and every such Man shall be thereupon immediately attested for such Service in His Majesty's Regular Forces, and shall, as soon as conveniently may be, be transferred to

fome Officer of the Regiment into which he shall have enlisted, or fuch Officer of His Majesty's Regular Forces as His Majesty may

have appointed to receive Men enlifted under this Act.

X. And be it further enacted, That the Lieutenant, or in his Lord Lieutenant Absence the Vice Lieutenant, or any Three Deputy Lieutenants to transmit to authorized by His Majesty to act as Lieutenant of any County aforesaid, shall, within Ten Days after the receiving of any Order for Minds Prince of Mea discharged. that Purpose, from His Majesty, signified by His Majesty's Secretary of State, transmit to His Majesty's Privy Council, an accurate Account in Writing of the Number of Persons that shall have been discharged from the Militia of their respective Counties, and enlisted as aforesaid under this Act, which Account shall, in all Cases where the same may be necessary, be transmitted by the Commanding Officers of such Militia, to such Lieutenants, Vice Lieutenants or Deputy Lieutenants as aforefaid for that Purpole.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Private In what cases Militia Man shall be entitled to enlist under this Act, who shall be Persons in Code in Confinement under any Sentence of any Court Martial, or with finement entia View to being tried by any Court Martial, until he shall have tled to enlist, fuffered the Sentence of fuch Court Martial, or shall have been acquitted, or until such Sentence shall have been remitted; and that no Private Militia Man shall be entitled to his Discharge, or to enlift under this Act, who shall have been sentenced to any Punishment by any Court Martial for any Offence committed within the Space of Three Calendar Months before the time of his so offering to enlift, unless he shall obtain the Consent of the Commanding Officer of the Regiment of Militia in which he shall be serving at the time of his being desirous of enlisting as aforesaid.

XII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Person Certain Persons ferving in the Militia, who shall be usually employed as Adjutant's not to enlist Clerk or Regimental Clerk, or as a Drummer, or as a Mufician in without Consent the Band of the Regiment of Militia to which he shall belong, or of Commanding Officer. shall be usually employed as an Armourer in any such Regiment, or who shall have been trained as an Artilleryman or Matross, and as fuch shall be attached to any Artillery belonging to any Regiment of Militia, not exceeding Twenty Men in each Battalion, shall be entitled to his Discharge, or to enlist as aforesaid under this Act, unless he shall obtain the Consent for that Purpose of the Commanding Officer of the Regiment of Militia in which he shall be then ferving.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall Serjeants and . be lawful, with the Consent of the Officer commanding any Re- Corporals may giment of Militia, for any Number of Serjeants and Corporals, not enlift. exceeding the Proportion of One Serjeant and One Corporal for every Twenty Men enlitting from any Regiment of Militia, to enlift in like manner and at fuch Periods, as a Part of the said Quota, into His Majesty's Regular Forces; and if any greater Number of Serjeants and Corporals than such Proportion as aforesaid shall be defirous of enlifting as aforefaid, such Number shall be reduced by Ballot to the Number authorized to enlist.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commanding Commanding Officer of any Regiment of Militia to discharge any Officers may re-Private Militia Man, who shall desire his Discharge for the Purpose fue to discharge of being enlisted under this Act, upon affigning in Writing to the Men.

51 Gro. III.

General Officer commanding in the District within which such Regiment of Militia shall be quartered, or to the Adjutant General of His Majesty's Forces, where there shall not be such General Officer as aforesaid, such Cause for his Resulal as shall be deemed sufficient by such General Officer or Adjutant General, as the case may be.

Perfors difcharged refuting to enlift, &c. to belong to Regiment from which discharged.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person discharged from the Militia, for the Purpose of being enlisted into any Regiment as aforesaid, or into His Majesty's Regular Forces, under this Act, shall notwithstanding refuse to enlist pursuant to any Declaration of being desirous to enlist so made by him as aforesaid, or shall not be approved of by the Officer appointed by His Majesty for that Purpose, then and in every such case, such Person shall continue to belong to the Regiment of Militia from which he shall have been so discharged for the Purpose of enlisting as aforesaid, notwithstanding any such Discharge.

Officers not to enlift, &c. other than fuch as shall have been duly difcharged. XVI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall authorize any Officers appointed by His Majesty to enlist and receive Militia Men under this Act, or any Commanding Officer, or other Officer, or Non-commissioned Officer of any Regiment as aforesaid, or other Person, to enlist or persuade to enlist or receive any Militia Men, other than such as shall have been duly discharged by the Colonel or Commanding Officer of the Regiment of Militia to which the Persons desirous of enlisting shall belong; and if any Officer shall enlist or attempt to enlist any Militia Man, such Man shall not be permitted to enter into the Regiment to which the Officer persuading him to enlist may belong.

No Person drafted from Regiment in which enlitted. XVII. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall be enlisted to serve in any Regiment so named and appointed as afore-said, shall serve in the Regiment in which he shall have originally enlisted to serve, and in no other Regiment whatever; and no Person enlisting in any such Regiment shall, on any Account or Pretence whatsoever, be drafted into or serve in any other Regiment without his Consent, except in some Garrison or Veteran Battalion, in case it shall be necessary or expedient to transfer such Person into any Garrison or Veteran Battalion on account of his being disabled, or for any other sufficient Cause; and every such Person may be also transferred from one Battalion to another of any Regiment in which he may be serving.

Upon Producsion of Certifieate, Men voluntarily enlisted, discharged from Lift of Militia Men for that County. XVIII. And be it further enacted, That upon the Production to the Colonel or Commanding Officer of any Regiment of Militia, of a Certificate under the Hand of any Justice of the Peace of any County in Great Britain, or any Magistrate of any City, Borough, Town or Place therein, of any Private Man belonging to the Militia having voluntarily enlisted, and been attested for His Majesty's Regular Forces as aforesaid (which Certificate every such Justice or Magistrate respectively is hereby required to give gratis) such Colonel or Commanding Officer is hereby required to cause the Person named in such Certificate to be discharged from the List of Militia Mea serving for such County.

Returns of Men

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the Adjutant of every Regiment of Militia shall, after the Commencement of the enlisting of Men under this Act, and until the whole Number of Men allowed to enlist from his Regiment shall have enlisted, at the End of every Week after each Period of enlisting in each Year, transmit to the re-

spective Clerks of the Subdivision Meetings for the County to which the Regiment belongs, or where the Men of more than one County shall be so serving, then to the Clerks of such respective Counties, an accurate Return of all the Private Men serving for their respective Subdivisions who shall have enlisted under this Act, specifying therein the Christian and Surname of each Private Man; and in every case of a Private Man, shall state in such Return whether such Man was a ballotted Man, Substitute, hired Man or Volunteer, and the Parish or Place for which he was serving at the time of such enlist. ing; and the said Clerks shall, immediately upon the Receipt of such Returns, insert in the List of Militia Men serving for their respective Subdivisions, the Words, "Volunteered into the Line," after the Name of each Man fo returned to them as aforesaid; and all Allowances payable to the Wives and Families of fuch Private Men fo enlifting shall cease from the Days specified in such Returns to such Men respectively, as the Days upon which they were respectively enlifted for Service in His Majesty's Regular Forces; and the said Clerks shall forthwith transmit to the respective Overseers of the Poor, or Governors or Managers thereof, if in England, and to the respective Clerks of Supply, and also to the Treasurers of the Kirk Session, if in Scotland, an Account of the Men serving for their respective Parishes or Places who shall have enlisted under this A&: and all Allowances payable to the Wives and Families of any such Private Men by virtue of any Acis of Parliament for providing Relief for the Wives and Families of Militia Men in England and Scotland respectively, in respect whereof any Re-imbursement shall be directed by the faid Act, shall be re-imbursed according to the Directions of the faid Acts, up to the time fuch enlisting shall have taken place.

XX. And be it further enacted, That no Allowance under an 43 G. 3. c. 47. Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His Majesty, Allowances to intituled, An Att for consolidating and amending the several Laws Families. for providing Relief for the Families of Militia Men of England, when called out into adual Service, or under an Act passed in the same 43 0.3. c. 89. Year, intituled, An At for providing Relief for the Families of Militia Men in Scotland, when called out into adual Service, or under any other Act for granting Allowances to the Wives and Families of Militia Men in England or Scotland, shall be granted to the Wife or Family of any Man, who after the passing of this A& shall be raised to serve in the Militia either of England or Scotland, as a Substitute, hired Man or Volunteer; but all Allowances to be granted under any of the said Acts, to the Wives or Families of any Men raised after the passing of this Act, for the Militia of England or Scotland, shall be confined to the Wives or Families of ballotted

Men only.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That every Parish or Place which For Mon what has incurred any Fine for Men deficient on the First Day of Odober Proportion of One thousand eight hundred and ten as aforesaid, shall, for every Man Fines remixed. who shall be raised for such Parish or Place by Ballot or otherwise after the said First Day of Ottober and before the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, be entitled to deduct or have a Return of Three fourth Parts of such Fine; and for every Man who shall be so railed before the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall be entitled to deduct or have a Return G 2

West of the Cape of Good Hope, or the West Indies, or America to the East of Cape Horn, on or before the First Day of August next; or from any Port or Place in the East Indies, Madagascar, the Islands of Mauritius and Bourbon, the Coast of Africa to the East of the Cape of Good Hope, and the Islands in the East Indian Seas, on or before the First Day of January next; or from any Port or Place in New Holland, the Islands in the South Seas, or the Coast of America to the West of Cape Horn, on or before the First Day of May in the Year One thousand eight hundred and twelve.

How Offences to be tried.

28 H. 8. c. 15.

33 H. 8. c. 23.

VI. And be it further enacted and declared, That all Offences hereinbefore declared to be Felonies or Misdemeanors, which shall be committed in Africa, or in any Country, Territory or Place, other than this United Kingdom, or on the High Seas, or in any Port. Sea, Creek or Place, where the Admiral has Jurisdiction, shall and may be enquired of either according to the ordinary Course of Law, and the Provisions of an Act passed in the Twenty eighth Year of the Reign of King Henry the Eighth, intituled, An All for Pirates, or according to the Provisions of an Act passed in the Thirty third Year of the Reign of King Henry the Eighth, intituled, An Al to proceed, by Commission of Oyer and Terminer, against such Persons as shall confess Treason and Felony, without remanding the same to ke tried in the Shire where the Offence was committed, so far as the same 11 & 12 W.3. Act is now unrepealed; or according to the Provisions of an Act passed in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King William the Third, intituled, An All passed for the

Former Ads in respect of Forfeitures. 46 G. 3. c. 52. 47 G, 3. Seff. 1. c. 36.

more effectual Suppression of Piracy. VII. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted and declared, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to repeal, annul or alter the faid Act of the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, or an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for preventing the Importation of Slaves by any of His Majesty's Subjects, into any Islands, Colonies, Plantations or Territories belonging to any foreign State or Power, in respect of any Forfeitures of Ships or Vessels, Cargoes, Goods or Effects, thereby respectively imposed for any Offence against the said Acts, or either of them, or the Remedies thereby given for the Recovery thereof, or in respect of any pecuniary Penalties thereby imposed; but that the said Acts shall, in all other Respects, be deemed and taken to be in full Force, except so far as the said Act of the Forty fixth Year of His present Majesty is altered or extended by the said Ad of the Forty seventh Year of His said Majesty.

46 G. 3. c. 52. c. 36. § 14.

'VIII. And whereas it is in and by the faid Acts respectively enacted, that all Ships and Vessels, Slaves or Natives of Africa, 47 G. 3 Sell I. c carried, conveyed or dealt with as Slaves, and all other Goods and Effects that shall or may become forfeited for any Offence committed against the said Acts respectively, shall and may be seized by any · Officer of His Majesty's Customs or Excise, or by the Commanders or Officers of any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels of War: And whereas Ships and Veffels, Slaves, Goods and Effects, liable to Seizure and Forseiture under the said Acts, for Offences committed on the Coast of Africa, may be safely navigated, carried or kept upon or near to the faid Coast, or in the Ports, Havens or Rivers thereof, in contempt of the said Acts, by reason of the want of Officers of the Customs or Excise, or of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels of War stationed on the said Coast, or on such Parts thereof as may be visited by such Offenders; Be it therefore Governors and further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may Commanders in be lawful for all Governors or Persons having the Chief Command, Chief, and Per-Civil or Military, of any of the Colonies, Settlements, Forts or Fac-sonies belowing to His Mojetty or to the African Company in Africa. tories belonging to His Majesty, or to the African Company in Africa, feize Vessels and or any African Island, and for all Persons deputed and authorized other Forby any fuch Governor or Commander in Chief, to seize and prosecute seitures. all Ships and Veffels, Slaves or Natives of Africa, carried, conveyed or dealt with as Slaves, and all Goods and Effects whatfoever that shall or may become forfeited for any Offence committed against the faid Acts of Parliament, or either of them, and which shall be found upon, or near to the faid Coast, or in any Port, Haven or River thereof, or within the Limits of any of the faid Colonies. Settlements, Forts or Factories, which Governor or Commander in Chief, and all Persons by them so deputed and authorized, shall, in making and profecuting any fuch Seizures, have the Benefit of all the Provisions made by the said Acts of Parliament, or by an Act of the Fourth Year of His present Majesty therein recited, or by any 4 G. 3. c. 15. other Act of Parliament for the Protection of Officers feizing and profecuting for any Offence against the said last mentioned Act, or any other Act of Parliament relating to the Trade and Revenues of

the British Colonies or Plantations in America. IX. Provided also, and be it further enacted by the Authority Persons failaforesaid, That if any Person or Persons, failing or being in the Ca. ing in Vessels pacity of a Petty Officer, or Petty Officer's Servant or Servants, giving Informa-Seaman or Seamen, on board of any Ship or Veffel fitted out for or tion of Offences committed not engaged in the unlawfully carrying, removing, trading or dealing in liable to Punits-Slaves, shall, within Three Months after the Arrival of the faid Vef- ment. fel at any Port belonging to His Majesty, give Information on Oath, before any competent Magistrate, against any Owner or Part Owner, or any Captain, Mate, Surgeon or Supercargo of fuch Ship or Veffel, who shall have committed any Offence against this Act, and shall give Evidence on Oath against such Owner or Part Owner, Captain, Mate, Surgeon and Supercargo, before any Magistrate or Court before whom such Offender may be tried; or if such Person or Perfons fo failing as aforefaid, in the Capacity of a Petty Officer or Petty Officers, Mariner or Mariners, Servant or Servants, shall, within Three Months after his or their Arrival at any Port or Place not within His Majesty's Dominions, give Information to any of His Majesty's Ambassadors, Ministers Plenipotentiary, Envoys, Charges d'Affaires, Consuls, Residents or other Agents, so that any Personor Persons owning such Ship or Vessel, or navigating or taking charge of the same, as Captain, Mate, Surgeon or Supercargo, may be apprehended, such Person or Persons so giving such Information and Evidence, shall not be liable to any of the Pains or Penalties of this Act, or any Fine or other Punishment under the said Acts of the Forty fixth and Forty seventh Years of His present Majesty, or 46 G.3. c. 52. either of them; but shall be wholly discharged therefrom, and His 47 G. 3. Sess. L. Majesty's Ambassadors, Ministers Plenipotentiary, Envoys, Charges c. 36. d'Affaires, Confuls, Refidents or other Agents, are hereby required to receive any such Information as aforesaid, and to transmit the Particulars thereof, without Delay, to One of His Majetty's Principal Secretaries of State, and to transmit Copies of the same to the Com-

manders of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels then being in the said Port or Place.

C A P. XXIV.

An Act to repeal fo much of an Act of the Nineteenth Year of His present Majesty, as prevents Masters of Ships removing their Vessels out of the Stream, except to the lawful Quays in the Port of London, before the Goods are discharged or their Vessels are cleared by the proper Officers inwards or outwards, so far as relates to any Ship or Vessel entered inwards or outwards from or to any Port in Ireland.

[14th May 1811.]

HEREAS it is expedient that the Mailer of any Ship or Veffel arriving from Ireland at the Port of London, or going from thence to Ireland, should not in future be liable to a Penalty on account of fuch Ship or Vessel being removed out of the Stream · before the Cargo thereof is discharged inwards, or before any such 4 Ship or Veffel shall be cleared outwards by the proper Officers of the Customs; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, so much of an Act passed in the Nineteenth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, An All to explain so much of an All made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An Aa for the encouraging and encreasing of Shipping and Navigation, as relates to the Importation into this Kingdom and other His Majesty's Dominions, of Goods and Commoduics of the Growth or Production of Africa, Afia or America, which are manufactured in foreign Parts; for preventing Masters of Ships removing their Vessels out of the Stream, except to the lawful Quays in the Port of London, before the Goods are discharged or their Vessels are cleared by the proper Officers inwards or outwards; and for allowing the Officers of the Customs and Excise to make use of Lights on board Ships in the Haven, Dock or Bason at the Port of Kingston upon Hull; by which the Master, Purser or other Person taking charge of any Ship or Vessel coming or arriving from foreign Parts within the Limits of the Port of London, or being outward bound from the faid Port to foreign Parts, is subject and liable to a Penalty on account of any such Ship or Vessel being removed out of the Stream, except as in the said Act is provided; shall be and the same is hereby repealed, so far as the faid Act relates to any Ship or Vessel entered inward or outward in the faid Port of London from or to any Port in Ireland.

19 G. 3. c. 48.

repealed.

C A P. XXV.

An A& for further continuing, until the Twenty fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, an A& made in the Thirty third Year of His present Majesty, for rendering the Payment of Creditors more equal and expeditions in Scotland.

[14th May 1811.]

33 G. 3-C 74

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Thirty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An All for resedening the Payment of Greditors more equal and expeditious in that Part

' Part of Great Britain called Scotland, which faid Act was to continue for Five Years, from the Seventeenth Day of June One thoufand seven hundred and ninety three, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament, and was further continued by Five Acts of the Thirty ninth, Forty fourth, Forty fixth, Forty eighth.and Forty ninth Years of the Reign of His present " Majesty, until the Twenty fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven: And whereas it is expedient that the faid Act flould be continued for a further Term: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That the faid Act of the Thirty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for rendering the Payment of Creditors more equal and expeditious in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall be and continued till the same is hereby further continued from the Expiration thereof, July 25, 1813. until the twenty fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

C A P. XXVI.

An Act for raising the Sum of Four millions nine hundred eighty one thousand three hundred Pounds by way of Annuities. [21st May 1811.]

CAP. XXVII. An Act to explain and amend Two Acts of the Fiftieth and

Fifty first Years of His present Majesty, for continuing certain Duties on Malt, Sugar, Tobacco and Snuff, and other Purposes mentioned in the said Acts. [21st May 1811.] WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of the 49 G. 3. c. 98. Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Att for repealing 4 the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lien thereof, the several Duties on Sugar granted by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of His said pre- 43 G. 3. c.68. · Sent Majesty, intituled, An Ad to repeal the Duties of Customs pay-· able in Great Britain, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof, and other Acts, were repealed, and other Duties granted in lieu thereof: And whereas by Two several Acts passed in the Fiftieth and Fifty 50 G. 3. c. z. first Years of the Reign of His faid present Majesty, for con- 52 G.3. c. 2. tinuing, amongst other things, certain Duties on Sugar, Reference by Mistake was only had to the said recited Act passed in the said Forty third Year of the Reign of His faid present Majesty, and in order to rectify the fame, and to obviate any Doubt which may arife whether the Duties granted by the faid Act so passed in the faid Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His faid present Majesty, have been or are now payable under the faid Acts of the Fiftieth and Fifty first Years of the Reign of His said present Majesty: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this prefent Parliament affembled, and by the Autho-51 GEO. III.

How Duties imposed by 49 G. 3. c. 98. payable.

rity of the same, That the several Duties imposed by the said recited Act so passed in the said Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, and in the Schedule and Tables thereto annexed, shall be payable and paid, and applied and appropriated in such and the like Manner as if the said Act of the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, had been referred to in the said Acts of the Fistieth and Fifty first Years of the Reign of His said Majesty, and the several Regulations, Authorities and Powers therein, or in any Act or Acts of Parliament in sorce in respect thereof, or in relation thereto, shall be deemed and taken to apply, and shall be put in sorce in respect of the said recited Acts so passed in the Fistieth and Fifty first Years of the Reign of His said present Majesty, and the Penalties and Forseitures attached thereto, in as sull and ample a manner as if the same had been re-enacted in those Acts.

- Indemnity.

II. And be it further cnacted, That all and every Person or Persons, who at or before the passing of this Act shall have collected or received the Duty or Duties of Customs granted upon Sugar by the said recited Act of the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, shall be and he and they is and are hereby indemnished, freed and discharged from and against all Actions, Suits, Informations or other Proceedings at Law on account thereof, and from and against all Penalties, Forseitures, Incapacities or Disabilities incurred for or by reason of the demanding, taking or receiving any such Duties.

C A P. XXVIII.

An Act for increasing the Rates of Sublistence to be paid to Innkeepers and others on quartering Soldiers.

[21st May 1811.]

200

Cap. 8, ante. § 57.

THEREAS by an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, for punishing Mutiny and Defertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, certain Rates are established in that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called England, the Dominion of Wales and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, for the Payment of Innholders and others on whom Non-commissioned Officers and Private Soldiers are quartered and billetted, who shall be furnished with Diet and Small Beer . • at their Quarters; and an Option is given to such Innholders and others, to furnish certain Articles gratis, in lieu of Diet and Small · Beer, at the Rates prescribed: And whereas the Rules prescribed for furnishing Soldiers with Necessaries are, in may Instances, become, from the high Price of Provisions, inadequate, and are productive of Diffress to such lunholders and others:' May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same. The every Non-commissioned Officer and Private Soldier who shall be furwished with Diet and Small Beer within the aforesaid Parts of the United Kingdom, by the Innholders or other Persons on whom fuch Non-commissioned Officers or Private Soldiers skall be quartered and billetted by virtue of the faid Act, shall pay and allow for the same the Sum of Eight Pence per Diem; and that for such Allow

Allowance by Non-commitfioned Officers, &c. for Diet, &c. in Quarters in England;

ance of Eight Pence, the Innholder or other Person shall furnish one Meal; videlicet, a hot Dinner if required in each Day, to each Noncommissioned Officer, Trumpeter, Drummer and Private Soldier quartered and billetted on him, to confift of fuch Quantities of Diet and Small Beer as shall be specified and fixed in and by any Regulations made or to be made from time to time by His Majesty in that Behalf, but not to exceed One Pound and a Quarter of Meat previous to being dreffed, One Pound of Bread, One Pound of Potatoes or other Vegetables previous to being cooked, and Two Pints of Small Beer, and Vinegar, Salt and Pepper; and that the Accounts of the same shall be rendered, and Payment thereof made, in like manner as is directed in the faid Act now in force touching the former Rates of Seven Pence per Diem for the Cavalry, and Five Pence per Diem for the Infantry.

II. And be it further enacted, That in case any Innholders or other and for Articles Persons on whom any Non-commissioned Officers or Private Men shall which have been be quartered within the aforesaid Parts of the United Kingdom, shall, furnished grain by virtue of the said Option in the said Act, surnish such Non-com- in lieu there &: by virtue of the said Option in the said Act, furnish such Non-commissioned Officers or Soldiers with the Articles therein mentioned, in lieu of furnishing Diet and Small Beer, at the Rates prescribed by this Act, such Innholders or other Persons on whom such Non-commissioned Officers or Soldiers are quartered, and by whom the said Articles shall have been so supplied, shall receive, in consideration thereof, One Halfpenny per Diem for each Non-commissioned Officer and Soldier, instead of furnishing the same gratis, as required by the faid Act; which Sum of One Halfpenny per Diem shall be accounted for and paid in like manner as is directed touching the Rates aforefaid.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Sum to be paid to the for Hay and Innholder or other Person within the aforesaid Parts of the United Straw. Kingdom, on whom any of the Horses belonging to His Majesty's Forces shall be quartered by virtue of the said Act, for Hay and Straw, shall be One Shilling and Two Pence per Dism for each Horse, instead of Six Pence per Diem as directed in the said Act.

' IV. And whereas the Provisions contained in the faid recited Act, Cap. 8. ante. with respect to the Manner of dieting within the aforesaid Parts of the United Kingdom Non-commissioned Officers and Soldiers on 4 a March or employed in Recruiting, and likewise the Recruits by them raifed, have been productive of much Inconvenience, as well to the Troops, as the Innholders; Be it further enacted, That fo much of the faid recited Act as relates to the Manner of furnishing Non-commissioned Officers and Soldiers on a March, or employed in Recruiting, and likewise the Recruits by them raised, with Diet in part repealed,

or other Provision, be and the same is hereby repealed. V. And be it further enacted, That all Non-commissioned Officers Dieting Nonand Soldiers shall be entitled to receive their Diet and Small Beer commissioned from the Innholders or other Persons on whom they may be billetted, Officers, &c. on within the aforesaid Parts of the United Kingdom, at the Rates hereinbefore prescribed while on the March, as also on and for the Day of their Arrival at the Place of their final Destination, and on the Two subsequent Days, unless either of the Two subsequent Days shall be a Market Day in and for the Town or Place where such Officers or Soldiers shall be billetted, or within the Distance of Two Miles thereof; in which case it shall be lawful for the Innholder, of

other Person as aforesaid, to discontinue on and from such Market Day the Supply of Diet and Small Beer, and to surnish in lieu thereof the Articles in the said recited A& specified; and at the Rate hereinbefore prescribed.

Paying Money to Non-commissioned Officers, &c.

in lieu of Diet,

Penalty.

VI. Provided always, That if any Victualler or other Person liable by the said recited Act to have Soldiers billetted or quartered on him or her, shall pay any Sum or Sums of Money to any Non commissioned Officer or Soldier on the March, in lieu of surnishing in kind the Diet and Small Beer to which such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier is entitled under the said Act, every such Victualler or other Person may be proceeded against and fined in like manner as if he or she had resuled to surnish or allow according to the Directions of the said recited Act, the several things respectively directed to be surnished to Non-commissioned Officers or Soldiers so quartered or billetted on him or her as aforesaid.

Halting, entitled to Diet, &c. VII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any Regiment, Troop, Company or Detachment, when on the March, shall be halted, either for a limited or indefinitive time, at any intermediate Place, the Non-commissioned Officers and Soldiers belonging thereto shall be entitled to receive their Diet and Small Beer from the Perford on whom they shall be billetted at such intermediate Place, for such time only for which they would be entitled to receive the same after arriving at the Place of their sinal Destination, according to this Act.

Ha'ting after Arrival on a Market Day Diet, &c. not discontinued. VIII. Provided nevertheless, That whenever it shall happen that any Regiment, Troop, Company or Detachment, when on their March shall be halted, and it shall appear by the Marching Orders, that it is not intended that such Regiment, Troop, Company or Detachment, shall halt for any longer time than One intire Day after the Day of their Arrival at the Place of halting, and the Day after such Arrival shall be such Market Day as aforesaid, it shall not be lawful for the Innholders or other Persons on whom the Non-commissioned Officers and Soldiers shall be billetted, to discontinue on such Market Day, the Supply of Diet and Small Beer to any such Officers or Soldiers; but that all such Officers and Soldiers shall be entitled to receive their Diet and Small Beer from such Innholders and other Persons aforesaid, upon such Market Day as aforesaid at the Rates hereinbefore prescribed, in like manner as they would have been entitled thereto, if such Day had not been a Market Day; any thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary hereof notwithstanding.

Regulations refpecting Recruiting Parties and Recruits on March,

IX. And be it further enacted, That all Non-commissioned Officers and Private Men employed in recruiting, and the Recruits by them raised, shall, while on the March, and for Two Days after the Day of their Arrival at any Recruiting Station, be entitled to the same Benefits as are hereinbefore provided in regard to Troops upon the March; but no Recruit enlisted after the Two Days subsequent to the Arrival of the Party at their Recruiting Station, shall be entitled to be supplied with Diet and Small Beer at the Rate hereinbefore prescribed, except at the Option of the Person on whom he shall be quartered: Provided also nevertheles, that in case any such Recruiting Party, with the Recruits by them raised, shall remove from their Station, and after a time shall return to the same Place, they and the Recruits by them raised, for returning, shall not be again entitled to the Supply of Diet and Small Beer for such Two Days as aforesaid,

unless the Period between the time of their Removal from such Place, and their Return thereto, shall have exceeded Twenty eight Days.

X. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall have Continuance Continuance. from the Twenty fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve; and that all Payments which have been made, and all Acts, Matters and Things done in pursuance of or in conformity with the Provisions thereof, shall be as good, valid and effectual to all Intents and Purpoles as if this Act had passed before the said Twenty fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That this Act Act altered, &c. may be altered and varied by any Act to be made in this Session of

Parliament.

C A P. XXIX.

An A& for continuing, until the First Day of August One thoufand eight hundred and thirteen, Two Acts of the Forty fifth and Fiftieth Years of His present Majesty, allowing the bringing of Coals, Culm and Cinders to London and Westminster, by Inland Navigation. [21st May 1811.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the 45 G. 3. c. 128.
Reign of His present Maisby included of 45 G. 3. c. 128. Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An All for allowing under certain Restrictions until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fix, the bringing a limited Quantity of Coals, Culm or Cinders to London and Westmiuster, by Inland Navigation, certain Duties were imposed on all Coals, Culm or Cinders, brought 4 along the Grand Junction or Paddington Canals nearer to London than the Stone or Post thereby required to be erected and maintained on or near to the Towing Path of the faid Grand Junction Canal, at or near the North East Point of Grove Park, and contiguous to the Wharf then in the Possession and Occupation of the Earl of Clarendon: And whereas the Amount of the faid Duties was altered by Three Acts of the Forty fixth, Forty feventh and Forty eighth ' Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, and the said first recited · Act was continued until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven: And whereas by Schedule (A.) annexed to an Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His 49 G. 3. c. 98. • present Majesty, intituled, An At for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in · lieu thereof, other Duties are imposed in lieu thereof upon the said · limited Quantity of Coals, Culm and Cinders, under the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions of the said first recited Act (a): And whereas it is expedient that the faid Acts should be further continued; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said first recited Act of continued till the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, so far as Aug. 1, 1813. the same relates to the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions, under which the faid limited Quantity of Coals, Culm and Cinders, may be brought within One Year by the faid Grand Junction and Pad-

(a) [49 G. 3. c. 98. Sch. A. til Coastwise.]

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dington Canals nearer to London than the faid Stone or Post; and the last recited Act regarding the Amount of the Duties chargeable thereon, and the Appropriation thereof, shall be, and the same are hereby further continued until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

50 G. J. c. 110.

Il. And whereas an Act was passed in the Fiftieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An All to allow until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, the bringing of Coals, Culm and Ginders, to London and Westminster by Inland Navigation; and it is expedient that the Act should be further continued;' Be it therefore enacted, That the faid Act shall be and the same is hereby continued from the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

continued till Aug. 1, 1813.

CAP. XXX.

An Act to amend the feveral Acts for enabling His Majesty to accept the Services of Volunteers from the Militia of Ireland. [25th *May* 1811.]

6 G. 3. c. 124.

* WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty fixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled. An AB to enable His present Majetty's Reign, intituled, An At to enable His · Majefty to accept the Services of Volunteers from the Militia of Ire-I and, under certain Restrictions; which faid recited Act was amended by an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His Majefty's Reign : And whereas it is expedient that Provision should be made for the more effectually carrying the faid Acts into Execution from time to time; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That, from and after the passing of this Act, fo much and fuch Parts of the faid recited Acts as confines the time within which it shall be lawful for His Majetty to direct Regiments of the Line, or of the Royal Marines, to receive Volunteers from the Militia Forces of Ireland, to the Period of Twelve Calendar Months after the Twenty fourth Day of July in every Year; and also so much and such Parts of the said recited Acts, or either of them, as confines the time of enlifting under the faid recited A&s to certain Periods between the Twenty fourth Day of August in each Year and the Twenty fourth Day of February in the Year following, shall be and the fame is and are hereby repealed.

So much of re-

cited Acls as

confines enlift-

ing to certain

Periods repealed.

8 G. 3. c. 64.

His Majesty may of the Line to receive Volunteers from Mi-

htia of Ireland.

II. And be it further enacted, That at any time after the paffing direct Regiments of this Act, and before the First Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve; and also at any time whatever, within Twelve Calendar Months after the First Day of February One thoufand eight hundred and twelve, or in any subsequent Year, it shall be lawful for His Majefty, by any Order fignified by the Lord Lieu-tenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or his or their Chief Secretary, from time to time to order and direct any fuch Regiments of the Line as His Majesty shall name and appoint, to receive Volunteers from the Militia Forces of Ireland-for General Service, out of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of the faid Militia, named in any fuch Order; and that it shall be lawful for any Private Militia Man in the faid Militia to enlift

enlift for General Service, under and subject to the Regulations in the faid recited Acts contained, into any such Regiment of the Line of His Majesty's Regular Forces as His Majesty shall, by such Order as aforesaid, from time to time name and appoint to receive Volunteers from the Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia to which any such

Militia Man thall at the time of fuch enlifting belong.

III. And be it further enacted, That whenever at any time after Commanding the passing of this Act, the Commanding Officer of any Regiment, Officers shall ap-Battalion or Corps of the Militia of Ireland, shall have received point Periods of His Majesty's Directions with respect to such volunteering as afore. His Majesty's Directions with respect to such volunteering as afore- Number re faid, fuch Commanding Officer shall cause his Regiment to be drawn quired, enlitted out, and shall explain to the Private Men of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, the Form of enlifting, in such manner as by the said recited Acts or either of them is ordered and directed, it shall be lawful for the faid Commanding Officer, and he is hereby authorized, empowered and required within One Calendar Month after receiving fuch Directions, to appoint a Period of Three fuccessive Days, during which fuch Enliftment shall take place; and in case the whole Number of Men allowed to enlift from fuch Regiment, Battalion or Corps, in any one Year, in pursuance of the Provisions of the said recited Acts, shall not voluntarily declare their Intention of enlisting within fuch Space of Three Days, then it shall be lawful for such Commanding Officer, and he is hereby authorized, empowered and required, within One Calendar Month after the last of such Three Days, to appoint a further Period of Three Days for such enlisting, and so in like manner within One Calendar Month after the last Day of every fuch Period of Three Days, to appoint from time to time further Periods of Three Days each, if necessary, during which such Enlishment shall take place under the said recited Acts, until the whole Number allowed to enlift shall have declared their Intention of enlisting; and during any such Periods, it shall be lawful for any Private Man to enlift from such Regiment, and it shall be lawful for the Commanding Officer, and he is hereby required to discharge all Men so enlisted accordingly, in manner and under the Regulations of the faid recited A&s and this A& contained: Provided always, that Ten Days Notice shall from time to time be given by the Commanding Officer, to the Regiment, Battalion or Corps of the feveral Days or Periods fo to be appointed for enlifting, previous to each fuch Periods, and that there shall be an Interval of Fourteen Days at least between each such Period of Three Days.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this A& Proportion alcontained shall authorize any Colonel or Commanding Officer of any lowed to enlist. Regiment, Battalion or Corps of the faid Militia to discharge or cause to be discharged, under the Provisions of the said recited Acts and this A&, any greater Number of Private Militia Men of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps under his Command, than in the Proportion of Fifteen Men for every Company in such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, before the faid First Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve; nor at any time after the faid First Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve, to discharge any greater Number than in the Proportion of Fifteen Men for every Company in any One Year, reckoning from the faid First Day of

February One thousand eight hundred and twelve.

If Number allowed do not emin, enlitting in focceeding Year allowed.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case it shall happen that the full Number allowed to enlift from any Regiment, Battalion or Corps in any one Year, shall not have enlisted, or shall not enlift into the Regular Forces under the faid recited Acts and this Act, it shall be lawful for His Majelly at any time before the faid First Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and so at any time within Twelve Calendar Months after the First Day of February One thousand eight hundred and twelve, in any Year, by any Order fignified as aforefaid, to allow of the collilling out of fuch Regiment, Battalion or Corps of the faid Militia, into the Regular Forces, of fuch greater Number of Private Militia Men in addition to fuch Proportion as aforefaid, as shall, together with the Number who shall have already enlisted in the Year immediately preceding, under the Provisions of the faid recited Acts and this Act, be equal to the whole Number allowed to enlift in any fuch Year, according to the faid Proportion of Fifteen Men for every Company in fuch Regiment, Battalion or Corps.

When Lord Lieutenant fhall iffue Orders to enrol Volunteers for Augmented Militia, he fhall direct Treasury to advance Money for Payment of Bounties.

VI. And, for the supplying of Vacancies and Deficiencies in the feveral Regiments of Militia, the Establishments of which have been, or may be augmented under or by virtue of any A& or Acts in force in Ireland, be it enacted, That whenever the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, shall iffue his Orders under any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, to all or any of the feveral Colonels or Commanding Officers of the respective Regi-ments or Battalions of Militia in Ireland, which have been or shall be augmented as aforefaid, to enrol Volunteers for the completing or fupplying of any Vacancies in any fuch Augmented Regiment or Battalion, it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to iffue his Order or Orders to the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury of Ireland, requiring them to advance from time to time any fuch Sum or Sums of Money as may be directed by fuch Order or Orders, and to pay to the feveral Colonels or Commanding Officers for every Private Man who may be from time to time enrolled, any Sum of Money not exceeding fuch Sum as shall be at fuch time fixed and declared as the Average Price of a Substitute in the Militia, in manner required by an Act made in the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An All for amending and reducing into one All of Parliament, the Several Laws for raising and training the Militia of Ireland; and it shall thereupon be lawful for such Colonels or Commanding Officers to give fuch Bounty accordingly to Volunteers enrolling themselves in such augmented Regiments or Battalions; any thing in an Act made in the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An All for empowering His Majefly to direct the Augmentation of his Militia Forces in Ireland to an Extent therein limited, or in any other Act or Acts to the contrary not with flanding.

49 G. 3. c. 120.

44 G. 3. c. 33.

C A P. XXXI.

An Act to continue, during the prefent War and until the Expiration of Six Calendar Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, and amend an Act made in the . Forty

Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for granting an additional Duty on Copper imported into Great Britain.

[25th May 1811.]

HEREAS the Law hereinafter mentioned has by Experience been found useful and beneficial; and it is expedient that the fame should be continued and amended; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His 48 G. 3. c. 67. present Majesty, intituled, An A& for granting an additional Duty further con-on Copper imported into Great Britain, until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament, shall be and the same is hereby further continued during the Continuance of the present War, and until the Expiration of Six Calendar Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That, from and Drawback of after the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, One Half of the Drawbacks allowed by the said Act on the Exportation of any Duty only. the Drawbacks allowed by the faid Act on the Exportation of any fuch Copper on which the faid Duty shall have been paid, do cease and determine, and that in lieu thereof there shall be paid and allowed a Drawback of One Half of the Duties which shall have been paid under the faid recited Act or this Act.

[The above Duty, with all other Custom Duties, appears to be repealed by 49 G. 3. c. 98. § 1. but appears to be regranted by § 2. and see Schedule (A) Inwards, tit. COPPER.]

C A P. XXXII.

An Act for the better fecuring Exciseable Goods on board Vessels in the Port of Bristol. [25th May 1811.]

HEREAS the Provisions hereinafter mentioned will greatly tend both to the Security of the Marchane's Provisions tend both to the Security of the Merchant's Property, and to that of His Majesty's Revenues, on Goods, Wares and Merchandize imported into the Port of Briftol; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the First Day of June One thousand eight hun- Masters of Vesdred and eleven, upon the Arrival of any Ship or Vessel importing sels before enor having in or on board the same, any Goods, Wares or Merchanland or Bathurft dize, for or in respect whereof any Duty or Duties of Excise is, are, Basins having or shall be imposed by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force or Exciteable hereafter to be made, at the Entrance of either of the Two Basins Goods on board, called Cumberland Basin or Bathurst's Basin respectively, of and be- shall provide longing to the Floating Harbour at Briffol, the Matter or Commander of fuch Ship or Veffel shall on such Arrival of such Ship or Hatches, and Veffel, and before his Entrance into either of the faid Bafins, have in affit Officers in Readiness, and fix, place and apply, in such manner as the proper locking them, Officer or Officers of Excise shall direct or require, such fit, proper &c. and convenient Bars, Bolts, Hasps, Staples and all other Fastenings other than Locks, which shall be necessary or useful for the locking

down, fastening or securing of all and every the Hatches, Scuttles and other Approaches (if any) leading to or connected with the Hold or other Part of fuch Ship or Vessel where any fuch Goods, Wares or Merchandize, in or on board fuch Ship or Veffel, shall be stowed or deposited; and such Master or Commander shall also on fuch Arrival, and before the Entrance of fuch Ship or Veffel into either of the faid Bafins, to the utmost of his Power, and with a sufficient Number of the Crew of or Persons employed in or on board fuch Ship or Veffel, affift fuch Officer or Officers of Excise in the locking of fuch Bars, Bolts, Hasps, Staples and other Fastenings respectively, in such Manner as such Officer or Officers shall think fit, with One or more Lock or Locks to be provided by fuch Officer or Officers, for the best and most effectual fastening and securing all and every fuch Hatches, Scuttles and other Approaches respectively; and the proper Officer or Officers of Excise shall, and he and they is and are hereby required immediately to lock fuch Bars, Bolts and Fastenings respectively, in such manner as to lock, fasten and secure all such Hatches, Scuttles and other Approaches; and the fame respectively shall remain and continue so locked, fastened and fecured at all times, fave and except at fuch times as the Cargo of fuch Ship or Veffel shall be unloading or discharging, and that only between the Hours of Six in the Morning and Six in the Evening, from the Thirtieth Day of April till the First Day of Odober, and between the Hours of Seven in the Morning and Four in the Afternoon, from the Thirtieth Day of September to the First Day of May in every Year; and if the Master or Commander of any such Ship or Veffel shall refuse or neglect to have in readiness, or to fix, place or apply in fuch manner as the proper Officer or Officers of Excile shall direct or require, such Bars, Bolts, Hasps, Staples or other Fastenings, or any or either of them (other than Locks) or shall neglect or refuse so to affist any such Officer or Officers of Excise in the locking of any fuch Bars, Bolts, Hasps, Staples or other Faftenings, or any or either of them, with any Lock or Locks provided by fuch Officer or Officers, or in fuch manner as fuch Officer or Officers shall think fit, for the best and most effectual fastening or fecuring fuch Hatches, Scuttels or other Approaches, or any or either of them, the Mafter or Commander fo offending, or the Owner or Owners of fuch Ship or Vessel, shall, for every fuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Hours of unloading.

Penalty.

Maîters of Veffels on board which Goods are shipped to obtain Excise Drawback, to provide Fastenings for Hatches and affist Officers.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Master or Commander of every Ship or Vessel in or on board which any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, shall be laden or shipped within the Port of Bristol for Exportation, in order to obtain any Drawback or Allowance of any Duty or Duties of Excise granted or allowed by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force or hereafter to be made, shall, before the lading or shipping of any such Goods, Wares or Merchandize, have in readiness, and when and so soon as thereunto required by the Officer or Officers of Excise attending the shipping of any such Goods, Wares or Merchandize, or by the Officer or Officers of Excise, who shall after such shipping come into or on board the said Ship or Vessel, to see, examine or inspect any such Goods, Wares or Merchandize, or the Package or Packages containing the same, shall fix, place and apply such sit, proper and convenient Bars, Bolts, Hasps, Staples and all other Fasteuings (other than Locks) which

shall be necessary or useful for the locking down, fastening or securing of all and every the Hatches, Senttels and other Approaches (if any) leading to or connected with the Hold or other Part of such Ship or Vessel, where any such Goods, Wares or Merchandize, shall be stored or deposited; and such Master or Commander shall also forthwith, to the utmost of his Power, and with a sufficient Number of the Crew of, or Persons employed in or on board such Ship or Vessel, assist such Officer or Officers in the locking of fuch Bars, Bolts, Hasps, Staples and other Fastenings respectively, with One or more Lock or Locks' to be provided by fuch Officer or Officers, and in fuch manner as fuch Officer or Officers shall think fit, for the best and most effectual fastening and fecuring all and every fuch Hatches, Scuttels and other Approaches respectively; and such Officer or Officers of Excise shall, and he and they is and are hereby required immediately to lock fuch Bolts, Bars and Fastenings, in such manner as to lock, fasten and fecure all fuch Hatches, Scuttels and other Approaches respectively; and the same respectively shall remain and continue so locked, fastened Hours of loading and secured at all times whilst the said Ship or Vessel shall be or and unloading remain within the faid Port, fave and except at fuch time as the Cargo of fuch Ship or Veffel shall be lading or taking on board, or unloading or discharging respectively, and that only between the Hours of Six in the Morning and Six in the Evening, from the Thirtieth Day of April till the First Day of Ottober, and between the Hours of Seven in the Morning and Four in the Afternoon from the Thirtieth Day of September to the First Day of May in every Year: And if the Master or Commander of any such Ship or Vessel shall refuse or neglect to have in readiness, or to fix, place or apply, in such manner as fuch Officer or Officers shall direct or require, such Bars, Bolts, Hasps, Staples or other Fastenings, or any or either of them (other than Locks), or shall neglect or refuse so to assist any such Officer or Officers in the locking of fuch Bars, Bolts, Hasps, Staples or other Fastenings, or any or either of them, with any Lock or Locks provided by fuch Officer or Officers, or in fuch manner as fuch Officer or Officers shall think fit, for the best and most effectual fastening or fecuring fuch Hatches, Scuttles or other Approaches, or any or either of them, the Master or Commander so offending, or the Owner or Owners of fuch Ship or Vessel, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit Penalty. the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall Obstructing obstruct or hinder any Officer or Officers of Excise, or any Person or Officers, &c. Persons by him or them employed in the locking of any such Bars, Bolts, Hasps, Staples or other Fastenings respectively, or any or either of them, for the fastening or securing any such Hatches, Scuttels or other Approaches, or any or either of them as aforefaid; or if any Person or Persons shall wilfully destroy, damage or injure any such Lock, Bar, Bolt, Hasp, Staple or other Fastening, or shall by any Act, Device or Contrivance, open, take off or remove any fuch Lock, Bar, Bolt, Hasp, Staple or other Fastening, or shall open or make any Entrance or Access to the Hold, or any other Part or Place where any fuch Goods, Wares or Merchandize, shall be stowed or deposited in or on board any such Ship or Vessel; then and in every such case the Person or Persons so offending shall severally, for each and Penalty. every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

C.33.

CAP. XXXIII.

An Act for repealing so much of Two Acts of the Fourteenth and Twenty fifth Years of His present Majesty as relates to weaving Blue Stripes in British Calicoes.

[25th May 1811.]

A.D. 1811.

14 G. 3. c. 72.

§ 3•

HEREAS by an Act made in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, intituled, An All for ascertaining the Duty on printed, painted, stained or dyed Stuffs, wholly made of Cotton, and manufactured in Great Britain, and for allowing the Use and Wear thereof under certain 6 Regulations; it was enacted, that in each Piece of the faid new manufactured Stuffs in the faid Act mentioned, wholly made of 'Cotton Wool spun in Great Britain, there should be wove in the Warp in both Selvages through the whole Length thereof, Three 6 Blue Stripes, each Stripe of one Thread only, in manner in the faid Act particularly mentioned: And whereas it is also by the faid recited Act, among other things, enacted, that if any Person or 6 Persons, Body or Bodies Corporate, should expose or cause to be exposed to Sale, or have in his, her or their Custody or Possession in " Great Britain, any Stuffs wholly made of Cotton, and printed, ' painted, stained or dyed (Muslius, Fustians and Neckcloths excepted), wherein shall not be woven in the Warp in both Selvages, only through the whole Length of each Piece, Three Blue Stripes (unless for Exportation), then such Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Corporate so offending should not only forfeit all and every fuch last mentioned Stuffs so exposed or caused to be exposed to Sale, or which should be in his, her or their Custody or Possession, but should also forfeit for every Piece thereof the Sum of Fifty Pounds: And whereas by the faid Act it is also enacted, that if any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Corporate, should import or bring into Great Britain, or into any Port, Harbour, Haven or Creek thereof any Calicoes or Muslins, or any other Goods or Stuffs ' whatfoever made of Linen Yarn only, or of Linen Yarn and Cotton Wool mixed, or made wholly of Cotton Wool, wherein should be wove in the Warp, in either or both Selvages only, through the 4 Whole or any Part of the Length of each Piece, One or more Blue Stripe or Stripes of One or more Thread or Threads, such Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Corporate, should not only forfeit and lofe all and every such Calicoes, Muslins, Goods or Stuffs which I should be so imported or brought, but should also forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds for each Piece thereof: And whereas by another Act, made in the Twenty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Ad for repealing the Duties on Linens, to be printed, painted, stained or dyed in Great Britain, imposed by an Ad made in the last Session of Parliament, and for granting other Duties

in lieu thereof; and on Cotton Stuffs, Muslins, Fustians, Velvets and · Velverets wove in Great Britain, to be printed, flained, painted or dyed, and upon the Importation of Linens, Cotton, Stuffs, Muslins, Fustians, Velvets and Velverets, painted, stained, printed or dyed in foreign Parts; it was enacted, that all Stuffs wholly made of Cotton

Wool, commonly called or known by the Name of Calicoes, that had not Three Blue Threads in each Selvage, as directed by the

25 G. 3. c. 72.

\$ 3:

§ 19.

• faid Act made in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign aforefaid, should be deemed to be Foreign Calicoes, and on their being printed, frained, painted or dyed in Great Britain, should be stamped, marked or fealed at both Ends of each Piece or Remnant with a Stamp, 'Mark or Seal, containing the following Words, videlicet, "Foreign Calicoes for Exportation;" and every Draper, Trader, or Dealer for Sale, having in his, her or their Custody or Possession such Foreign Calicoes, printed, stained, painted or dyed, (except dyed throughout of one Colour only) and not being stamped or sealed at both Ends, as directed by the faid Act of the Twenty fifth Year of ' His present Majesty, (except as therein excepted) or having in his, · her or their Custody or Possession any Piece of Stuffs wholly made of Cotton Wool, wove in Great Britain, commonly called British ' Manufactory. (Muslins, Neckcloths and Fustians excepted) not having the Three Blue Threads in the Selvages, as required by the ' faid Act of the Fourteenth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, flould not only forfeit and lose the said Goods or the Value thereof, but should likewise forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds for every Piece of fuch Goods found in his Custody or Possession as aforesaid: And whereas it is impossible to fix the · Colour of any fuch Blue Stripes or Threads so permanently that by the Process of bleaching now in use such Colour will not be in Danger of being discharged, and from the present improved State of Manufacture in this Kingdom there is no longer any Danger of Foreign Calicoes being imported and imposed on the Officers of Excise as or for such new manufactured Stuffs, so as to escape the 'Charge of the High Duty of Excise by Law imposed for or in respect of Foreign Calicoes, printed, stained, painted or dyed in Great Britain, and it is therefore expedient to repeal the faid recited Provisions, Penalties and Forfeitures; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the faid recited Provisions, Penalties and Forseitures, shall be and the fame respectively are hereby repealed.

repealed.

C A P. XXXIV.

An A& for continuing the Premiums allowed to Ships employed in the Southern Whale Fishery. [25th May 1811.] [THEREAS it is proper to encourage the Fishery carried on by His Majesty's European Subjects in the Seas to the Southward of the Greenland Seas and Davis's Streights, for the Purpose of taking Whales and other Creatures being in those Seas, by continuing certain Premiums granted in an Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, 38 G. 3. c. 57.
An All for further encouraging the Southern Whale Fisheries; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That the feveral Premiums hereinafter men- Premiums to tioned, shall be paid and allowed to Sixteen Ships or Vessels employed certain Shipe in the faid Fishery, under the Limitations, Restrictions and Regula- employed in tions contained in the faid Act, and also in an Act passed in the Fishery.

TIO

35 G. 3. c. 92.

Thirty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, and mentioned in the said Act, and under the Limitations, Restrictions and Regulations, expressed in this present Act.

Premiums and Conditions for Eight Ships.

II. And be it further enacted, That for Eight of fuch Ships or Veffels which shall be so sitted and cleared out between the First Day of January and the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and between the First Day of January and the Thirty first Day of December in each of the two succeeding Years, and shall fail to the Southward of the Equator, and there carry on the Fishery, and shall return before the First Day of December in the Year fubfequent to that in which they cleared out, to some Port in Great Britain, there shall be paid and allowed Three hundred Pounds to each of the Eight fuch Ships which shall so fail and first arrive, within the times hereinbefore mentioned, with the greatest Quantity of Oil or Head Matter taken together, being not less in the Whole than Twenty Tons, in each of fuch Ships or Veffels, and being the Produce of One or more Whale or Whales or other Creatures being in those Seas, taken and killed by the Crews of every fuch Ship or Veffel respectively.

Premiums and Conditions for Four other Ships. III. And be it further enacted, That for Four other fuch Ships or Vessels which shall be so fitted or cleared out, and shall sail within the time hereinbefore mentioned, and proceed to the Southward of Thirty six Degrees of South Latitude, and shall there bona side carry on the said Fishery, and shall not return until after the Expiration of Fourteen Calendar Months from the Day on which they cleared out, but before the Thirty sirst Day of December in the Second Year after their clearing out, to some Port in Great Britain, there shall be paid and allowed Four hundred Pounds to each of such Ships or Vessels which shall so fail and arrive within the time hereinbefore last mentioned, with the greatest Quantity of Oil and Head Matter taken together, being not less in the Whole than Twenty Tons, and being the Produce of any Whale or Whales or other Creatures being in those Seas, and taken and killed by the Crew of such Ship or Vessel.

Premiums and Conditions for Ten other Ships.

IV. And be it further enacted, That for Ten other Ships or Veffels which shall be so sitted and cleared out between the First Day of January and the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and twelve and between the First Day of January and the Thirty first Day of December in each of the Two succeeding Years, and shall double Cape Horn, or pass through the Streights of Magelles into the South Seas, and carry on the faid Fishery during the Space of Four Months to the Westward of Cape Horn in those Seas, or shall couble The Cape of Good Hope, and carry on the faid Fishery during the Space of Four Months to the Eastward of One hundred and five Degrees of East Longitude from London, and shall not return to fome Port of Great Britain till after the Expiration of Sixteen Calendar Months from the Day on which they cleared out, but before the Thirty first Day of December in the Second Year after their clearing out, there shall be paid and allowed Six Hundred Pounds to any One of fuch Ships or Veffels which shall so sail and arrive within the times herein last mentioned with the greatest Quantity of Oil and Head Matter taken together, being not less in the Whole than Thirty Tons, and being the Produce of any Whale or Whales or other Creatures being in those Seas, and taken and killed by the Crew of such Ship

or Veffel in the faid Voyage, either Outward or Homeward; and there shall be paid and allowed Five hundred Pounds to each of Nine of fuch Ships and Veffels last before mentioned, which shall so fail and arrive within the times herein last before mentioned, with the next greatest Quantity of Oil and Head Matter taken together, being not less in the Whole than Thirty Tons, and being the Produce of any Whale or Whales or other Creatures being in those Seas, and taken and killed by the Crew of fuch Ship or Vessel in the said Voyage, either Outward or Homeward.

V. And whereas it is expedient to encourage the faid Fisheries by extending the Limits prescribed for the same in an Act passed in the Forty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, 42 G.3 c.18. An All for continuing the Premiums allowed to Ships employed in and for cularging the Limits of the Southern Whale Fishery; Be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Ship or Vellel fitting and clearing out, and licensed conformably to the said Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, and failing to the Eastward of The Cape of Good Hope for the Purpose aforesaid, and having passed beyond One hundred and sifteen Degrees of East Longitude from London, to fail or pass to the Northward as far as Ten Degrees of Northern Latitude, but no further to the Northward until such Ship or Vessel shall have sailed or passed to the Eastward of One hundred and eighty Degrees of East Longitude from London; any thing in the faid Act passed in the Forty fecond Year of His present Majesty's Reign to the contrary notwithstanding.

Limits of Fifteries extended,

VI. And be it further enacted, That any Apprentice belonging Certain Apprento any Ship or Vessel fitted out on the said Fishery, who shall not have tices protected. completed Two Voyages, and whose Age shall not exceed Twenty one Years, shall not be impressed from the said Service; and Special Protections shall be issued by the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty to protect such Apprentices from being impressed into His Majesty's Service.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Ships which shall clear Benefits exout for the Southern Whale Fishery, and shall return to any Port in tended to Shipe Ireland with a Cargo of Oil, the Produce of the faid Fishery, within Ports in Ireland. the Period limited by this Act, shall be entitled to all the Benefits and Advantages arising from Bounties, Remission of Duties, or otherwife, granted by the faid recited Acts of the Thirty fifth and Thirty eighth Years of His present Majesty, in the like manner and to the same Extent as if such Ships had returned to any Port in Great Britain.

. VIII. And whereas it may have happened that in some Instances Proviso for Vefthe Provisions in an Act of the Thirty fifth Year of His present sels, the Masters Majesty, intituled, An Att for further encouraging and regulating the Southern Whale Fisheries, requiring that such of the Foreigners as Oath, &c. rehave formed or may form a Part of the Crews of Ships employed quired by in the Southern Whale Fishery may not have taken the Oath of 35 G. 3. c. 92. · Allegiance, and made the Declaration thereby required;' Be it therefore enacted, That no Ship or Vessel that has already failed on the faid Fishery, the Master of which has taken the Oath or made the Declaration required by the faid Act, shall lose the Benefit of such Voyage by reason that all or any of the other Persons employed in navigating the faid Ship or Vessel shall not have taken the faid Oath or made the said Declaration.

CAP. XXXV.

An Act to secure to the Bank of Ireland the Repayment of all Monies advanced by them for the Purpoles and in the Manner therein mentioned. [25th May 1811.] THEREAS His Grace the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, at the Recommendation of His Majesty's Privy Council for Ireland, did, in the Month of July One thousand eight hundred and ten, nominate John Patrick, Alexander Jaffray, Randall Mac Donnell, Francis Beggs, Richard Litton, John Lindfay, John Garleton, Richard Darling, John Orr, Joseph Hone and William Alexander Shaw, Esquires, to receive Applications from and look into the Securities of such Persons in Trade, possessed of Funds · ultimately more than fufficient to answer all Demands on them, who had not the means of converting fuch Funds into Money or nego-· ciable Securities in fufficient time to answer their Engagements, and were thereby incapacitated to carry on their Trade; and the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland agreed to advance to the faid Perfons, fo nominated, fuch Sums, not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds, as might enable them to give Relief to fuch Persons in Trade as aforesaid, and accordingly advanced to them feveral Sums; and the faid Perfons fo nominated, or the Majority of them, did, out of the faid · Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds, lend various Sums to various Perfons circumftanced as above described, who secured the Repayment thereof by Bonds or Obligations with Sureties, payable to the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland by certain Instalments, with Interest at the Rate of Six Pounds per Centum · per Annum, with Warrants of Attorney to confels Judgment thereon, or by Bills of Exchange or Promiffory Notes drawn on that Occasion, and for that Purpose, whereof the Persons to whom the faid Sums were fo lent were Drawers, Acceptors or Indorfers respectively; and some of the said Persons deposited Goods, Wares · and Merchandizes with the faid Perfons fo nominated, which by In-· Aruments in Writing executed by the Persons to whom such Monies were lent, are to be fold for Payment and Satisfaction of the Monies lent, with the Interest thereof as aforefaid, in case Default shall be made in the Payment thereof at the times therein mentioned, and for all Costs and Charges attending such Sale; and other special · Contracts and Agreements in Writing have been made, in respect of fome Parts of fuch Goods, by the Parties who deposited the fame with the faid Perfons fo nominated, or with their Secretary: And whereas the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and · Ireland, in Parliament affembled, having taken the faid Proceedings into Confideration, have refolved, that whatever Sum or Sums have been or may be advanced by the Bank of Ireland to the Perfons hereinafter named, not exceeding Two hundred thousand · Pounds, shall be made good by that House, together with Interest, from the Date at which fuch Sums have been or may be advanced respectively: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty. by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by

the Authority of the same, That the said John Patrick, Alexander Commissioners. Jaffray, Randall Mac Donnel, Francis Beggs, Richard Litton, John Lindfay, John Carleton, Richard Darling, John Orr, Joseph Hone and William Alexander Shaw, Esquires, shall be, and they are hereby constituted Commissioners for the Purpose of carrying the Provisions of this Act into Execution and Effect; and the faid Commissioners are hereby respectively required to execute the Powers and Authorities given to them by this Act without any Fee, Reward, Emolument or

Gratuity whatever.

II. And be it further enacted, That all Acts done by the faid Per- Acts of Comfons fo nominated as aforefaid, and hereby appointed to be Commif- millioners before fioners as aforefaid, or by the Majority of them, in Execution of the paffing Act valid. Trusts reposed in them by the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, in manner and for the Purposes hereinbefore mentioned, at any time before the paffing of this Act; and all Bonds or Obligations, Contracts, Agreements, Warrants of Attorney, Bills of Exchange. Promissory Notes or other Securities, taken by the faid Persons for such Sums as have been advanced by the faid Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, under the Orders of the faid Persons, for the Purposes and in manner aforefaid, or for the Purpole of fecuring, declaring or confirming any Contract or Agreement made with the faid Persons, shall be, and the same are hereby declared to be good, valid and effectual in the Law, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and that the Appointment of any Secretary, Solicitor, Clerks, Brokers, Messengers or Officers, heretofore made by the faid Persons, and all Acts and Matters done by fuch Sccretary, Solicitor, Clerks, Brokers, Mefsengers or Officers in the Service of the said Persons, in the necessary Execution of the Purpoles aforesaid, shall be, and the same are hereby declared to be good, valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes whatfoever.

III. And be it further enacted, That any Two of the faid Com- Commissioners missioners in this Act named, shall forthwith after the passing of this to be sworn. Act, and in pursuance or performance of the same, take an Oath before the Chancellor, or One of the Barons of the Exchequer of Ireland, which they or any of them are and is hereby authorized and required to administer, the Tenor whereof shall be as follows; that is to fay,

I A. B. do swear, That, according to the best of my Judgment, Oath.

I will faithfully and impartially execute the feveral Powers and Trusts vested in me by an Act of the Fifty first Year of His present

"Majesty's Reign, intituled, [here fet forth the Title of this A&] ac-

cording to the Tenor and Purport of the faid Act.'

And every other of the said Commissioners in this Act named shall likewise take the same Oath before the said Two Commissioners, who are hereby authorized and required to administer the same, after they shall themselves have taken the said Oath as aforesaid.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the faid Commissioners ap- Commissioners pointed by this Act shall have Power to meet and fit from time to may appoint time, in such Place and Places as they shall find most convenient, with Officers. or without Adjournment, to proceed in the Execution of this Act; and they, or the Majority of them, shall and may appoint and employ a Secretary and a Solicitor, and so many Clerks, Brokers, Messen-51 GEO. III. gers

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gers and Officers, as they shall find necessary; and shall and may, with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, pay to such Secretary, Solicitor, Clerks, Brokers, Messengers and Officers, and also to all such Persons as they may have heretofore employed in any of the faid Offices, such reasonable Compensations or Rewards as the said Commissioners shall think meet; and shall and may give and administer to such Secretary, Solicitor, Clerks, Brokers and Officers respectively, an Oath for their faithful Demeanor in all things relating to the due Performance of the Trusts reposed in them by the faid Commissioners, and in all other things touching the Premises; and from time to time, at their Discretion, dismiss and discharge fuch Secretary, Solicitor, Clerks, Brokers, Messengers and other Officers, and appoint others in their Place; and fuch Secretary, Solicitor, Clerks, Brokers and Officers, are hereby required faithfully to execute and perform the faid Trusts in them severally and respectively reposed, without taking any Reward or Gratuity whatsoever for such Service, other than such Salaries or Reward as the said Commissioners shall direct and appoint in manner aforesaid.

Commissioners to examine upon Oath.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, to examine upon Oath, or on Affirmation, if the Person to be examined be a Quaker, which Oath or Affirmation they or any One or more of them are and is hereby authorized to administer, to all Persons who shall be willing to be examined, touching all fuch Matters and Things as shall be necessary for the Execution of the Powers vested in the said Commissioners by this Act; and also to receive any Affidavits or Depositions in Writing upon Oath or Affirmation, touching such Matters or Things as aforefaid, which shall be made before any Justice of the Peace of any County, or any Magistrate of any City, Borough or Town Corporate in Ireland, where or near to which the Person making such Affidavit or Deposition shall reside, and certified and transmitted to the faid Commissioners, under the Hand and Seal of such Justice or Magistrate, which Oath or Affirmation every such Justice or Magistrate shall be and is hereby authorized and empowered to administer; provided that in every such Assidavit or Deposition there shall be expressed the Addition of the Party making such Assidavit or Deposition, and the particular Place of his or her Abode.

Daths taken in particular Cities to be before a millioners.

VI. Provided always, That all fuch Oaths to be taken by any Person resident in the Cities of Cork, Waterford, Limerick and Londonderry, or in the Towns of Galway, Belfast, Drogheda and Wexproved by Comford, shall be taken before and certified by some Magistrate, named and approved for the Purpole by the faid Commissioners or the

Majority of them.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, upon Examination upon Oath or Affirmation before the faid Commissioners respectively, or if any Person or Persons making any such Affidavit or Deposition as before mentioned, shall wilfully or corruptly give false Evidence, or shall in such Affidavit or Deposition wilfully and corruptly swear, affirm or alledge any Matter or Thing which shall be false or untrue, every such Person or Persons so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be, and is and are hereby

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declared to be subject and liable to such Pains and Penalties as by any Law now in being, Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Per- Perjury.

jury are subject and liable to.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all Bonds or Obligations, Proceedings on and all Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes, and Contracts what. Bonds, &c. to be foever, taken or made either in the Name of the Governor and in the Name of Company of the Bank of Ireland, or in the Name of the Secretary. Company of the Bank of Ireland, or in the Name of the Secretary of the Person so nominated, and hereby appointed to be Commisfioners, shall have the same Force, Authority and Effect in every respect, as Obligations made to our Sovereign Lord the King; and fuch Process as is hereinafter directed to be issued, and all Proceedings thereon, shall be in the Name of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in like manner as on any Obligation made to His Majesty.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where any No Scire Facias Proceedings shall be directed by the said Commissioners against any against Obligors. Obligors or Obligor named in any fuch Bond or Obligation, or against any Drawer, Acceptor or Indorfer of any fuch Bill of Exchange, or Promissory Note, or Party to any such Contract in Writing as aforesaid, no Writ or Writs of Scire Facias shall be required to be issued; but that upon the Production of a Certificate or Warrant under the Hands and Seals of the faid Commissioners, stating the Amount of the Moncy due from such Obligors or Obligor, Drawer, Acceptor or Indorfer respectively, before any of the Barons of the faid Court of Exchequer; and in case such intended Proceedings Against Sureties. shall be against any Sureties or Surety, or any Person or Persons so liable other than the Person or Persons to whom or for whose Use the Money was actually lent or advanced, then upon Proof of Notice having been served upon such Party or Parties, or left at his, her or their usual Place or Places of Abode respectively, Ten Days at least before such Application shall be made to such Baron, an Extent, in the Name of His Majesty, shall and may issue in the first Process upon the Fiat of such Baron, without any Affidavit or other Verification or Proof of the Cause of such Proceeding than such Certificate or Warrant as aforefaid.

X. And be it further enacted, That after the due Payment of Obligations canthe Sums fo advanced, with the Interest as aforesaid, at the times and celled after in the manner specified in the Bond or Obligation, Bill of Exchange, Principal and Promissory Note or other Security taken for the same, every such interest. Obligation, Bill of Exchange, Promissory Note or other Security, being fully fatisfied according to the true Intent or Meaning of this Act, shall be forthwith delivered up to be cancelled; and in case any fuch Obligation, Bill of Exchange, Promiffory Note or other Security, shall have been prosecuted according to the Directions of this Act, the faid Commissioners or any Two or more of them shall, by a Warrant or Warrants under their Hands and Seals, direct the proper Officer or Officers of the faid Court of Exchequer to enter up Satisfaction on fuch Obligation, Bill of Exchange, Promissory Note or other Security fo being fatisfied as aforefaid, upon the Record, or otherwise to deliver up the same to be cancelled, as the Case may require.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every Obligation, Bill of Where Sums Exchange or Promissory Note, which has been or may be taken as have been paid aforesaid, and whereby any Person or Persons shall have engaged for Obligations shall

Persons to whom or for whose Use such Sum has been or may be advanced, after Payment or Recovery thereupon by the faid Commisfioners of the Sums advanced or lent, with all Interest and Costs, in the manner required by this Act, shall fland and remain as a further Security, for the Purposes and in the manner hereinafter mentioned; that is to fay, if any fuch Person or Persons so being merely a

Surety or Surcties therein, his, her or their Executors or Administrators, shall have paid or satisfied any Part of such Sums, Interest or Costs, then such Obligation, Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note, as against the Principal, his or their Executors or Administrators, shall stand as a Security as aforesaid for the Re-imbursement of such Sureties respectively, their Executors or Administrators, of the whole of the Sums so paid or satisfied, and so from time to time until such Re-imbursements shall be fully made according to the Intent of this

Act; and if any such Sureties or Surety, their or his Executors

or Administrators, shall have paid or satisfied any Sum which shall

bear a greater Proportion to the whole of the Sums recovered upon

fuch Obligation, Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note, than the Sum

for which fuch Surety respectively shall have been so engaged shall

bear to the total Amount of all the several Sums of Money for which all the feveral Sureties shall have been engaged by such Obligation, Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note, then such Obligation as against every of the Sureties who shall not have paid or satisfied an equal Proportion of the whole Sum resovered, according to the Sum for which he shall have been respectively engaged, their and every of their Heirs, Executors and Administrators respectively, shall stand as a Security for the Benefit of such Sureties or Surety, their Executors or Administrators respectively, who shall have paid or fatisfied any fuch Sums as aforefaid, for the Purpose of enforcing a Contribution amongst such Sureties in an equal Proportion to the several Sums for which they shall have been respectively engaged, and so from time to time until such Contribution shall be fully made, ac-

cording to the Intent of this Act; and that in every such case, upon the Application of any Sureties or Surety to the said Com-

missioners for any of the Purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners

shall cause the respective Claims of such Sureties or Surety respec-

tively, and the Sums to be recovered from fuch Principals or Sureties

respectively, their and every of their Heirs, Executors or Adminis-

trators, to be adjusted and settled as herein is mentioned, so that the whole Sum recovered shall be distributed in an equal Proportion according to the Sums for which each Surety respectively hath

ftand againft Principals.

Where one Surety thall have paid more than a Proportion, Obligation against. the others shall stand over.

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On Application of Sureties, Commissioners to cause their Claims to be adjusted and

fettled, &c.

Process against Principals for

Benefit of Sure-

ties, and against

been engaged in the same Obligation, Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note, and so from time to time as the Case shall require; and thereupon the faid Commissioners, or the Majority of them, by Warrant or Warrants in Writing under their Hands, shall from time to time direct Process to issue for the Recovery of such Sums as they shall have so adjusted and settled, to be respectively recovered from and paid to such Persons respectively as they shall specify in such Warrant or Warrants, under and subject to the several Regulations and Directions in this Act contained as aforefaid. XII. And be it further enacted, That such Process as aforesaid shall and may lawfully iffue on any fuch Obligation, Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note as aforesaid, against any such Principals or Principal,

cipal, their or his Heirs, Executors or Administrators for the Benefit Sureties for of any fuch Sureties or Surety, their or his Executors or Administra. Benefit of Cotors, and against any such Sureties or Surety, their or his Executors sureties. or Administrators as aforesaid, for the Benefit of any Co-sureties or Co-furety, their or his Executors or Administrators, notwithstanding the whole Sum which has been advanced to fuch Principals or Principal shall have been repaid; and in case Two or more Sureties shall have become bound by diffinct Instruments for the same Persons or Person, and for or on account of the same Advance, all and every the Provisions aforesaid shall be applied in like manner, as well for the Benefit of as against such Sureties or Surety, and against such Principals or Principal, as if all fuch Sureties and Principals respectively were named in the fame Instrument.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all Goods, Wares and Goods deposited Merchandizes, which at any time before or after the paffing of this wested in Commissioners, and Act, shall have been or shall be deposited with the Commissioners to be fold in deappointed by this Act for the Purpoles aforesaid, shall be for such sult of Payment Purposes reflect in the said Commissioners, by the Name of The Com- of Sumadanced. missioners for distributing the Sums advanced by the Bank of Ireland, and shall and may be sold, applied and disposed of for Payment and Satisfaction of the Sums lent thereon, with the Interest thereof, and all Costs and Charges attending such Sale, whenever Default shall be made in Payment of such Sums, in such manner and at such times as shall have been or shall be specified in the Instruments made and entered into at the time of the depositing of such Goods, Wares and Merchandizes respectively; and that the said Commissioners shall and may fue and be fued in the Name of their Secretary for the time being; and that no Action or Suit in Law or Equity, to be brought How Commitor commenced by or against the said Commissioners on account of this stoners to sue Act, in the Name of their Secretary for the time being, shall abate and befued, or be discontinued by the Death or Removal of such Secretary, or by the Act of such Secretary, without the Consent of the said Commissioners, but the Secretary to the said Commissioners for the time being shall always be deemed the Plaintiff or Defendant in such Action or Suit, as the case may be; and no Action or Suit shall be brought against the said Commissioners collectively or individually, or against their Secretary, except in the said Court of Exchequer in Ireland, and with the Leave of fuch Court first had and obtained. and upon such Terms and Conditions as the said Court shall direct.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the faid Commissioners shall Commissioners from time to time, at their Discretion, or as often as they shall be there- to give Account from time to time, at their Dilcretion, or as orten as they man be there of Proceedings unto required during their carrying on any Proceedings by virtue of to Lord Lieuthis Act, and as foon as possible after the Determination of such Protenant and ecedings, without any further Requisition, give an Account of their Treasury. Proceedings in Writing to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, and also to the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland for the time being.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the faid Commissioners Receipts to be shall, whenever the Sums advanced or lent by them to any Person or given for Money Persons, or any Proportion or Instalment thereof shall be repaid, repaid, &c. deliver to the Person or Persons to whom the same shall have been advanced or lent, at his or their Request, a Receipt or Receipts under

the Hands of the faid Commissioners, or any Three of them, specifying the Amount of the Sum or Sums fo received, and the Sum or Sums originally advanced or lent, and the times of lending thereof, and the times appointed for the Repayment thereof, and the Amount of the Principal then due, together with Interest, to be computed at the Rate of Six Pounds per Centum per Annum, from the time of the Advance to the time of Payment as aforefaid; and that whenever the faid Commissioners shall by their Warrant or Order direct any such Monies to be raifed or levied by Sale of any Goods, Wares or Merchandizes deposited as a Security for such Sum so lent and advanced, or by any Proceedings on any Securities taken as aforefaid, the faid Commissioners, or any Three of them, shall deliver to the Officer or Officers executing the fame respectively a like Receipt as aforefaid, and further specifying therein the Amount of the Monies so raised or levied, and the Substance of the Warrant or Order of the Commisfioners to raife or levy the fame; and the Particulars of every fuch Receipt shall, by the Secretary or fworn Clerk to the faid Commisfioners, be entered in proper Books to be provided and kept for that Purpose at the Office of the faid Commissioners; and the faid Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, shall at the Foot of such Receipt attest such Entry under their Hands, and deliver the faid Receipt or Receipts to the Person or Persons requiring the same a and every such Receipt so attested, and every such Entry in any of the faid Books, shall respectively from thenceforth be an Acquittance and Discharge for the Sums expressed therein to have been received. as against the faid Commissioners and every of them, their and every of their Executors and Administrators, as well to the Person or Persons to whom such Receipt shall be given, as to all and every Perfons and Person who shall have entered into any Security in respect. of the Money mentioned in fuch Receipt, their and every of their Executors and Administrators respectively; and the said Commisfioners shall, within Ten Days after the Receipt of any such Sum and Sums of Money, pay over to the faid Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, so much of every Sum so received by the said Commissioners, as shall be equal to the Principal Sum received, with Interest after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum on such Sumfrom the time when the fame was advanced by the faid Governor and. Company to the faid Commissioners, up to the time of the Payment thereof; and the Cashier of the said Bank shall from time to time. accept and receive fuch Sums from the faid Commissioners, and give to the faid Commissioners Receipts and Acquittances for the same, if required, which Receipts and Acquittances shall be entered in the proper Books of the faid Commissioners, and shall be an Acquittal to the faid Commissioners for so much and such Sums as shall be specified therein; and all the Excess of Interest which shall be received by the faid Commissioners on such Sum or Sums as shall be repaid to them, exceeding the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, so paid by them to the Governor and Company of the faid Bank, shall by the faid Commissioners be retained and employed as a Fund to defray all Costs and Expences which shall have been, or may be incurred under the Direction of the faid Commissioners, in the Execution of the Trusts so reposed in them as aforesaid, and which shall be approved of by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors.

Acquittal to Commissioners.

of Ireland for the time being, and the Surplus of fuch Excels of Interest (if any) shall be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Treafury in Ireland, by the faid Commissioners, and be applied in the first place, to make good any Lofs which may accrue by the Infufficiency of any Security taken by the faid Commissioners, and the Remainder be made a Part of the Cosolidated Fund.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That in case it shall happen Making good that any Part of the faid Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds, Money iffued by lent and advanced by the faid Governor and Company of the Bank she Bank. of Ireland to the faid Commissioners, shall not be fully paid and satisfied to the said Governor and Company, on or before the Eleventh. Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, with Interest, after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, from the time when the same shall have been respectively advanced to the said Commissioners, then and in such case such Deficiency shall and may be supplied and made good in manner hereinafter mentioned; that is to fay, that the Commissioners under this Act shall certify, by Writing under their Hands and Seals, or the Hands and Seals of any Six of them, to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, the Amount of the Principal and Interest fo remaining unpaid by them, to the faid Governor and Company, after the time when the same ought to have been paid and fatisfied as aforesaid; and it shall and may be lawful for the said Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to direct the Lord High Treasurer or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer, to issue One or more Treasury Bill or Bills to the Amount of such Deficiency, to pals current at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer of Ireland, at the End of One Year after the Date thereof payable to the faid Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, with Interest from the Date thereof at Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, and that it shall be lawful for the said Governor and Company to receive the same: Provided always, that whatever Monies shall be afterwards Proviso. received by the faid Commissioners from the Parties liable, on account of the Sum or Sums so deficient, shall be paid by the said Commisfioners into the Receipt of the Exchequer of Ireland, and shall be carried to and make Part of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any of the faid Com- Commissioners missioners appointed by this Act shall decline to act in the Execu- declining to act. tion of the Powers and Trusts hereof, or having begun to act shall decline to act any further therein, or shall die during the Continuance of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for the remaining Commissioners, or the major Part of them acting as aforesaid, by any Writing under their Hands and Seals, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to constitute and appoint fuch Person or Persons to be a Commissioner or Commissioners for the Purposes aforesaid, in the place of the Commissioner or Commissioner fioners so refusing to act, or dying as aforesaid, as the said acting Commissioners or the major Part of them, with such Consent and Approbation as aforesaid, shall think sit; and so often as such Case shall happen, and the Person or Persons so constituted and appointed by the faid Commissioners, with such Consent and Approbation as aforesaid, having first qualified to act by taking and subscribing the Oath

hereinbefore provided and directed, shall be invested with the fame Powers and Authorities as are given or delegated by this Act unto the said Commissioners or Commissioner constituted by this Act respectively.

Notice of Actions and Tender of Amends.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done by virtue of or in pursuance of this Act, or in the Performance of any Matters authorized by this Act, until Fourteen Days Notice thereof in Writing shall have been given to the Secretary for the time being of the said Commissioners, nor after a sufficient Satisfaction or Tender thereof hath been made to the Party or Parties aggrieved, nor after Six Calendar Months next after the Fact committed, or cause of Action accrued, and every such Action shall be brought in the said Court of Exchequer, and shall be laid in the County of the City of Dublin, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit shall and may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence on any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act, or in performance of any Matters authorized by this Act, and if the same shall appear to have been so done, or if such Action or Suit shall be brought after the time hereinbefore limited for bringing the same, or shall be brought without Fourteen Days Notice thereof, or shall be brought in any other County or Place, or after a sufficient Satisfaction made or tendered as aforesaid, that then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become nonfuited, or suffer a Discontinuance of his, her or their Action or Actions, or if a Verdict shall pass against the Plaintiff or Plaintiss, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs, and shall have such Remedy for recovering the same as any Desendant or Desendants hath or have for Costs of Suit in any other cases by Law.

General Issue.

Treble Cofts.

C A P. XXXVI.

An Act to facilitate the Execution of Justice within The Cinque Ports. [25th May 1811.] THEREAS different Parishes, Hamlets, Districts or Vills, form Part of the Liberties of the Cinque Ports, forme whereof are fituate at a confiderable Distance from the Port or • Town of the Liberty whereof they respectively form Part: And whereas the Mayor or Bailiff, and Jurats, or by whatloever Name or Names they are or have been called, of each of the faid Cinque Ports, have from the time whereof the Memory of Man is not to the contrary, held, exercifed and enjoyed Jurisdiction in all Matters relating to the Office and Duty of Justice of the Peace within
 and throughout the Liberties of the respective Port or Town whereof they are or have been Mayor, Bailiff or Jurat, or by what, foever Name or Names they are or have been called: And whereas fuch Mayors, Bailiffs and Jurats, or by what soever Name or Names they are or may have been called, are and have been generally refident in the respective Town or Port whereof they are or have been . Mayors, Bailiffs or Jurats respectively, and none, or an insufficient Number of them, within or near unto the Parishes, Hamlets, Difricts or Vills, forming Part of the Liberties of fuch Porte: And

whereas the Number of Jurats, or by whatever Name or Names they are or may have been called, is in each of the faid Towns and Ports limited and infufficient to afford a competent Number of them to be resident at various Places within and throughout the "Whole of the Liberties of their respective Ports, to act as Justices of the Peace therein, by reason whereof great Inconveniences, and many Defects of Justice have frequently arisen, and are likely heref after to arise to His Majesty's Subjects residing within and frequenting fuch Parishes, Hamlets, Districts or Vills, unless Provifion be made for Remedy thereof: And whereas it would tend to the Redress of such Inconveniences and Defects, and would greatly conduce to the due, prompt and effectual Administration of Justice, and Execution of divers Acts of Parliament passed and hereafter to be passed, and to the better Preservation of the Peace within and throughout the said Parishes, Hamlets, Districts and Vills, if ' proper Persons resident within or near unto the said Parishes, · Hamlets, Districts and Vills, were constituted Justices of the Peace within and throughout the same, and invested with the same Power and Authority within the same as doth now or at any time did 'appertain or belong to any Mayors, Bailiffs or Jurats, or by what-6 soever other Name or Names they are or may have been called, of any Cinque Port, to exercise within the same; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this prefent Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand His Majesty may eight hundred and eleven, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty appoint Justices and His Successors, Kings and Queens of this Realm, from time to of the Pesce time, and as often as Occasion shall require, to direct a Commission ties of the or Commissions to be prepared and issued under the Great Seal of Cinque Ports the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, to be directed to certain Persons to be named in such Commission or Commissions. constituting them to be Justices of the Peace, and each of them to be a Justice of the Peace within and throughout the Liberties of the Cinque Ports, and investing them and each of them with the same Power and Authority as doth now or at any Time did appertain or belong to any Mayor, Bailiff or Jurat, or by whatsoever other Name or Names they are or may have been called, to exercise within the Liberties of the Port or Town whereof they were or are Mayor, Bailiff or Jurat, or by whatfoever other Name or Names they are or may have been called; and that from and after such Commission or Commissions shall have so issued, all Persons and every Person named in any fuch Commission or Commissions, shall be, and they and each of them are and is hereby declared to be Justices and a Justice of the Peace within and throughout the Liberties of the Cinque Ports, and invested with the same Power and Authority within and throughout the same, as doth now or at any time did appertain or belong to any Mayor, Bailiff or Jurat, or by whatsoever other Name or Names they are or may have been called, to exercise within the Liberties of the Port or Town whereof they are or were Mayor, Bailiff or Jurat, or by whatfoever other Name or Names they are or may have been called; any Prescription, Usage, Charter or Charters, Law or Laws to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding. II. Pro-

Licences

Jurisdiction of fuch Justices.

II. Provided always, and be it hereby further enacted, That no Person or Persons to be named in any such Commission or Commisfions, shall be thereby or by this Act authorized or empowered to grant Licences or Certificates for Licences to any Victualler refident within any Liberty belonging to any Cinque Port, Ancient Town or Corporate Town, or to act at or in any General or Adjourned Seffion to be holden in or for any of the Cinque Ports, Two Ancient Towns or the Corporate Towns hereinafter mentioned, or to fit, hear or determine or vote upon any matter or thing which shall or may be brought before any General or Adjourned Seffion to be holden in or for any of the Cinque Ports, Two Ancient Towns or the Corporate Towns hereinafter mentioned, or to fit, hear or determine any matter or thing, or do any Act as Justices or Justice of Peace within or with regard to any matter or thing which shall happen, arise or fall out within the Towns of Hastings, Sandwich, Dover, New Romney or Hythe, or any or either of them, or within the ancient Towns of Rye or Winchelfea, or either of them, or within the Corporate Towns of Pewensy, Seaford, Lydd, Folkestone, Feversbam, Fordwich, Tenterden or Deal, or any or either of them, or to claim or challenge, or have any Power, Pre-eminence or Authority, within any of the faid Towns, Ancient Towns or Corporate Towns, or any Right, Privilege, Franchife or Immunity, belonging or appertaining to any Member of the Corporation of the faid Towns, Ancient Towns or Corporate Towns, any or One of them.

Qualification of

III. Provided always, and be it hereby further enacted, That no Person or Persons to be named in such Commission or Commissions shall be thereby or by this Act authorised to act as a Justice or Justices of the Peace, unless he and they shall have such Qualification respectively, as would entitle him and them respectively to ach as a Justice or Justices of the Peace for any County in England, and unless he and they shall respectively have taken and subscribed the Oaths, and delivered in at some General Sessions, to be holden in and for some one of the Cinque Ports, the Certificate respectively required to be taken and subscribed, and delivered in by Perform

qualifying themselves to act for Counties in England.

May act as Juftices in their own Houses, though not fituated within the Liberties.

Juffices.

IV. Provided also, and be it hereby enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for all Perfons named in fuch Commission or Commissions, who shall have duly qualified themselves as hereinaster directed, to act as Justices of the Peace within their own Houses or Places of Refidence, although the fame may not be fituated within the Liberties of the Cinque Ports; and that all Acts which shall be for done by fuch Juftices within their own Houses or Places of Refidence, shall be good, valid and effectual to all Intents and Purpofes, as the fame would have been if the fame had been done by fuch Justices within the Liberties of the Cinque Ports.

V. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, all and every the Justices and Justice of the Peace for the County of Effex shall have full Power and Authority to do all and every Act, and to hear and determine all Matters and Things competent for a Justice or Justices of the Peace to do, hear or determine, in respect of any Matter or Thing arifing within or relating to the Parish of Brightling sea, in the faid County of Effex, and also to grant Licences or Certificates for

Justices of the County of Effex to act in Brightlingfea.

Licences to all Victuallers resident within the said Parish of Brightling fea, as he or they would or might have in case the said Parish of Brightling sea was to all Intents and Purposes Part of the said County of Effex, and was not and had not been annexed to, or did not form, or had not formed Part of the Liberty of the Town and Port of Sandwich aforefaid.

VI. And be it hereby further enacted, That, from and after the Coroners' of Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, the Co-Effex Cognizance roners for the County of Effex shall have Cognizance of all Matters within Parish of and Things whereof it appertaineth to the Office of Coroner to have Cognizance, which shall happen or fall out within the said Parish of Brightling fea, and shall do and execute all Matters and Things appertaining to the Office of Coroner to do and execute within the faid Parish of Brightling sea, and be paid for the same in such and the same manner as they ought and should have done and been paid in case the said Parish of Brightling sea was to all Intents and Purposes Part of the said County of Esex, and was not or had not been annexed to, or did not form, or had not formed Part of the Liberties of the Town and Port of Sandwich aforesaid.

VII. And be it hereby further enacted, That, from and after the How Main-Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, all Offen- tenance, &c. of " ders to be committed or imprisoned for any Offence committed within Offenders comthe faid Parish of Brightling sea, shall be committed to, and imprise micred to or imprisoned and delivered at such Place and Places, Time and Times, as County Gael of . they would have been committed to, imprisoned in, and delivered at, Essex, from in case the said Parish of Brightling sea was Part of the said County Brightlingsea, of Effex, and that such Offenders shall be maintained and kept in defrayed. fuch Place or Places, and conveyed to and from Trial at the Expence of the faid County of Effex; and that the Treasurers or Treasurers of the faid County of Effen shall, and he and they is and are hereby respectively authorized to demand and receive of the Overseers of the Poor of the faid Parish of Brightling [ea, such Sum and Sums as they shall respectively pay to any Coroner of the said County of Essex, for any Matter or Thing done by such Coroner within the said Parish of Brightlingsea, and such further Sum and Sums as the Justices of the faid County of Effex shall, at the Sessions to be holden by them next after the Clause of Easter in each Year, determine to be double the average Amount of the Expence per Day of feeding and clothing a Prisoner in their County Gaol, for each Day any Offender shall be so confined or imprisoned in any Placeof Confinement within their County, in lieu and Satisfaction of all Contribution from the faid Parish of Brightling sea to the Rate of the said County; and the Treasurer or Treasurers of the said County of Effex shall have the same Remedy and Remedies for receiving and enforcing the Payment of such Sum and Sums, as he or they now have for recovering or enforcing the Payment of the County Rate from any Parish of the faid County; and the faid Overseers are hereby required to pay the same accordingly, out of the Rates to be made and collected within the faid Parish for the Relief of the Poor thereof: Provided Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to deprive the Mayor and Jurats of Sandwich to raise or levy any Rate, Cess or Impost, they are now authorized to raise or levy

within the faid Parish of Brightling sea, or on the Inhabitants thereof, other than and except for any Expence to be incurred for the Re-

building.

C. 36.

building, Suftentation or Repair, of any Gaol or Place of Confinement of Offenders within the faid Town and Port of Sandwich, or the Liberties thereof, or in the Maintenance, Clothing or Keeping of any Offenders therein, or the Trials of any fuch Offenders.

Juffices of the County of Kent to act in Beakefbourne and Grange. VIII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, all and every the Justices and Justice of the Peace for the County of Kent shall have full Power and Authority to do all and every Act, and to hear and determine all Matters and Things competent for a Justice or Justices of the Peace to do, hear or determine, in respect of any Matter or Thing arising within or relating to the Parish of Beakefbourne, and the Hamlet of Grange otherwise Grench, in the said County of Kent, and also to grant Licences or Certificates for Licences to all Victuallers resident within the said Parish of Beakesbourne, or Hamlet of Grange otherwise Grench, as he or they would or might have in case the said Parish of Beakesbourne or Hamlet of Grange otherwise Grench, were to all Intents and Purposes Part of the said County of Kent, and were not and had not been annexed to, or did not form, or had not formed Part of the Liberty of the Town and Port of Hassings aforesaid.

Coroners' of Kent to have Cognizance within Beakesbourne and Grange otherwise Greach. IX. And be it hereby further enacted, That, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, the Coroners for the County of Kent shall have Cognizance of all Matters and Things whereof it appertaineth to the Office of Coroner to have Cognizance, which shall happen or fall out within the said Parish of Beakesbourne, or Hamlet of Grange otherwise Grench, and shall do and execute all things appertaining to the Office of Coroner to do and execute within the said Parish of Beakesbourne, and Hamlet of Grange otherwise Grench, and be paid for the same in such and the same manner as they ought and should have done and been paid, in case the said Parish of Beakesbourne and Hamlet of Grange otherwise Grench was to all Intents and Purposes Part of the said not form, and had not formed Part of the Liberties of the Towa and Port of Hassings.

How Maintenance, &c. of Offenders committed or imprifoned in the County of Kent, from Beakefbourne or Grench, defrayed,

X. And be it hereby enacted, That, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, all Offenders to be committed or imprisoned for any Offence committed within the Parish of Beakesbourne, or the Hamlet of Grange otherwise Grench, shall be committed or imprisoned in such Place or Places, and delivered at fuch Time or Times, Place or Places as they would have been committed to, imprisoned in and delivered at, in case the faid Parish of Beakesbourne, and Hamlet of Grange otherwise Greach, were respectively Part of the said County of Kent, and that such Offenders shall be maintained and kept in such Place or Places, and conveyed to and from Trial at the Expence of the faid County of Kent, and that the Treasurer of the said County of Kent, or the Treasurers of the Divisions of the said County of Kent, shall, and he and they is or are hereby respectively authorized to demand and receive of the Overseer or Overseers of the Poor of the faid Paris of Beakesbourne, or Hamlet of Grange otherwise Grench respectively, fuch Sum or Sums as they shall respectively pay to any Coroner of the faid County of Kent, for any Matter or Thing done by fuch Coroner within the faid Parish of Beakesbourne, or the Hamlet of Grant

Grange otherwise Grench, and such further Sum and Sums as the Justices of the Divisions of which such Treasurer shall be the Treasurer, shall, at the Sessions to be by them holden next after the Clause of Easter in each Year, determine to be double the average Amount of the Expence per Day of feeding and clothing a Prisoner in the Gaol of their respective Divisions, for each Day any Offender shall be so confined or imprisoned in any Place of Confinement within such respective Divisions, in lieu and Satisfaction of all Contribution from the faid Parish of Beakesbourne, or Hamlet of Grange otherwise Grench, to the Rate of the said County; and the said Treasurer or Treasurers shall have the same Remedy and Remedies for recovering and enforcing the Payment of such Sum or Sums, as he or they now have respectively for recovering and enforcing the Payment of the County Rate from any Parish of the said County; and the faid Overfeer and Overfeers is and are hereby required to pay the same accordingly out of the Rates to be respectively made and collected within the faid Parish and Hamlet for the Relief of the respective Poor thereof accordingly: Provided always, that Provisonothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to deprive the Mayor and Jurats of Hallings of any Power to raise or levy any Rate, Cess or Impost, they are now authorized to raise or levy within the said Parish of Beakesbourne, or the Hamlet of Grange otherwise Grench, or either of them, or on the Inhabitants of them or either of them, other than and except for any Expence to be incurred for the Rebuilding, Sustentation or Repair of any Gaol or Place of Confinement of Offenders within the faid Town and Port of Hastings, or the Liberties thereof, or in the Maintenance, Clothing and Keeping of any Offenders therein, or in regard to the Trial of any fuch Offenders.

C A P. XXXVII.

An Act further to prevent the Marriage of Lunatics.

[31ft May 1811.]

HEREAS an Act was made in the Parliament of Great Britain, in the Fifteenth Year of the Reign of His late 15 G. 2. C. 30. · Majesty King George the Second, to prevent the Marriage of Lunatics: And whereas it is expedient that the Provisions of the · faid A& should be extended to Ireland; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That, from and after the Expiration of Ten Days after the Persons found passing of this Act, in case any Person who has been, or at any time lunatic marry-hereaster shall be found a Lunatic by any Inquisition taken or in before deto be taken by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal of Great Clared sane, Britain, or the Great Seal of Ireland respectively, or any Lunatic Marriage void. or Person under a Phrenzy, whose Person and Estate by virtue of any Act of Parliament now or hereafter shall be committed to the Care and Custody of particular Trustees, shall marry before he or she shall be declared of fane Mind by the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain or Ireland, or the Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners of the Great Seal of Great Britain or Ireland for the time being, or such Trustees as aforesaid, or the major Part of them

respectively, as the Nature of the Case shall require, every such Marriage shall be and is hereby declared to be null and void to all Intests and Purposes whatsoever.

C A P. XXXVIII.

An Act to protect Masters against Embezzlements by their Clerks and Servants, in *Ireland*. [31st May 1811.]

THEREAS Bankers, Merchants and others, in Ircland, are in the Course of their Dealings and Transactions, frequently obliged to entrust their Servants, Clerks and Persons employed by them in the like Capacity, with receiving, paying, negociating, exchanging or transferring Money, Goods, Bonds, 6 Bills, Notes, Bankers' Drafts and other valuable Effects and Secu-'rities: And whereas it is expedient that the embezzling of the fame by fuch Servants, Clerks and others so employed by their Masters, should be punishable as a Misdemeanor, by the Law in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland;' Be it enacted and declared by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Servant or Clerk, or any Person employed for the Purpose or in the Capacity of a Servant or Clerk, to any Person or Persons whomsoever, or to any Body Corporate or Politick, in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, shall by virtue of fuch Employment, receive or take into his Possession, any Money, Goods, Bond, Bill, Note, Banker's Draft or other valuable Security or Effects, for or in the Name or on the Account of his Master or Masters, or Employer or Employers, and shall fraudulently secrete or make away with the same or any Part thereof, every such Offender shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor, and to have embezzled the same from his Master or Masters, Employer or Employers, for whose Use or in whose Name or Names, or on whole Account, the same was or were delivered to or taken into the Possession of such Servant, Clerk or other Person so employed, although such Money, Goods, Bond, Bill, Note, Banker's Draft or other valuable Security, was or were no otherwise received into the Possession of such Master or Masters, Employer or Employers, than by Delivery into the actual Possession of his or their Servant, Clerk or other Person so employed, for the Use or Behoof of his Master; and every fuch Offender, his Procurer, Aider or Abettor, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be liable to be transported to such Parts beyond the Seas, as His Majesty, by and with the Advice of his Privy Council, shall appoint, for any Term not exceeding Forteen Years, in the Discretion of the Court before whom such Oifender shall be convicted or adjudged.

Servants or Clerks taking into their Posfession Money, &c. on Masters Account, and fraudulently secreting.

. Missemeanor.

Transportation.

C A P. XXXIX.

An Act to repeal so much of an Act, passed in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Ast for the better Regulation of the Linen and Hemp Manusastures, as takes away the Benefit of Clergy from Pelons convicted of stealing Cloth from Bleaching

Bleaching Grounds; and for more effectually preventing fuch Felonies. [31st May 1811.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Third Year of the Raise of U. in the Third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, 3 G. 3. (L) e. 34 intituled, An Att for the better Regulation of the Linen and Hemp § 77. ' Manufactures, it is, amongst other things, enacted, That no Felon convicted, according to the Course of the Law and Statutes of that Kingdom, of Itealing of Linen, Hempen or Cotton Yarn, or Linen or Hempen Cloth, or Cloth made of Linen and Cotton Yarn. or any Materials or Utenfils used in bleaching the same, above the · Value of Five Shillings, from or out of any Bleachyard, Backhouse or Workhouse thereunto belonging, whether the Fact be committed by Day or Night, shall be allowed the Benefit of · Clergy: And whereas the faid Act has not been found effectual for the Prevention of the Crimes therein mentioned, and it is therefore expedient that so much of the said Act as is hereinbefore recited should be repealed: And whereas it might tend more effectually to prevent the aforesaid Crimes, if the same were ' punishable more severely than simple Larceny;' Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the said recited Act as is hereinbefore

recited shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be and the same repealed.

is hereby repealed. II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing Stealing Linen of this Act, every Person who shall be convicted in Ireland, accord- from Bleaching to the Course of the Law and Statutes of that Part of the United yards Trans-Kingdom, of feloniously stealing Linen, Hempen or Cotton Yarn, or Linen or Hempen Cloth, or Cloth made of Linen and Cotton Yarn, or any Materials or Utenfils used in bleaching the same, above the Value of Five Shillings, from or out of any Bleachyard, Backhouse or Workhouse thereunto belonging, whether the Fact be committed by Day or Night, shall be liable to be transported beyond the Seas for Life, or for such Term, not less than Seven Years, as the Judge before whom any fuch Person shall be convicted shall adjudge: or shall be liable, in case the said Judge shall think sit, to be imprifoned only, or to be imprisoned and kept to hard Labour in the Common Gaol, House of Correction or Penitentiary House, for any Term not exceeding Seven Years.

CAP. XL.

An Act to explain and amend an Act of the last Session of Parliament, for repealing certain Parts of several Acts relating to the limiting the Number of Persons to be carried by Stage Coaches in *Ireland*. [31ft May 1811.]

THEREAS by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, passed in the Thirty third Year of the Reign of His present 33 G.3.(I.) c.32. · Majesty, intituled, An Att to explain and reduce into One At, the Laws for making, repairing or amending the Turnpike Roads leading from the Town of Naas, to the Towns of Maryborough and Ballyoroan, from the said Town of Maryborough to the City of Limerick,

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and from the Town of Nenagh to O'Brien's Bridge; the Tolls granted by the faid Act are vested in certain Persons in the said Act mentioned, and the Survivor of them, and the Executors and Administrators of such Survivor, upon the Conditions and for the Purposes in the said Act specified, for the Term of Thirty Years from the passing of the said Act: And whereas by an Act of the Parliament of Ireland, passed in the Thirty 37G.3.(I.) c.55. seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, As

At to explain and amend an At of the Twenty seventh of George the Third, for improving and repairing the Road from Dublin to 6 Kilcullen Bridge, and the Twenty one Mile Stone, Stage Coaches, Stage Landaus, Stage Chariots or Chaifes, carrying Paffengers paying for their Passage respectively, are subjected to the Payment of Double the Tolls on the faid Roads that any Coaches, Landaus, Chariots or Chaifes, were then respectively subject to by former Acts then in force: And whereas by an Act passed in the Par-38 G.3. (1) c.83. Iliament of Ireland in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An All to explain and reduce into Om · At the several Laws for making, improving and repairing the Turnpike Road leading from the City of Dublin to Kikullen Bridge, is the County of Kildare, and to the Twenty one Mile Stone Westward of the said Bridge, and for prolonging the Duration of the Att for e repairing the Road from Naas to Limerick, and for the further Inprovement of the Road from Kilworth Mountain to the City of Cork; the Tolls by the said Act appointed and granted to be raised and collected on the faid Road from Dublin to Kilcullen Bridge are e vefted in certain Persons, their Executors and Administrators, for the Term of Fifty Years, for the Purpole of repairing, improving and keeping in Repair the faid Road, subject nevertheless to the feveral Debts, Charges and Conditions therein mentioned, and, amongit others, subject to the Payment of a Debt of Four thosfand five hundred Pounds, bearing Interest at the Rate of Six per · Centum per Annum, and subject also to the Payment of the Interes of a further Debt of Nine thousand Pounds affecting the said 4 Tolls, bearing Interest at the Rate of Five per Centum; and the · Persons in whom the said Tolls are respectively vested for the Purposes aforesaid, are bound in certain Penalties for the due and faithful Performance of the several Matters and Things by the said · feveral Acts required to be done, executed and performed; and by the faid recited Act of the Thirty eighth Year of His prefest Majesty, the Term of Thirty Years, mentioned in the faid first recited Act of the Thirty third Year, is extended to the like Tem of Fifty Years: And whereas by the said Two recited Acts of the Thirty third and Thirty eighth Years of His present Majesty, Stage Coaches and other Carriages, carrying Passengers for Him

upon both the faid Roads are subjected to an higher Rate of Toll than other Carriages drawn by the same Number of Horses; and the Number of Paffengers, both Infide and Outfide, are by the faid Two Acts of the Thirty third and Thirty eighth Years of His prefent Majesty limited, and the Toll is considerably increased,

in case such Stage Coaches and other Carriages conveying Palfengers for Hire shall carry more Inside or Outside Passengers that

fpecified in the faid Acts: And whereas, upon the Faith of the faid Acts of the Thirty leventh and Thirty eighth Years of Hs

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' present Majesty's Reign, and on the Credit of the Tolls thereby e velted in the Persons in the said Act mentioned, their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, large Sums have been advanced by Inch Persons in paying off the said Debt of Four thousand five hundred Pounds, and the Interest thereof, so chargeable on the said Roads from Dublin to Kilcullen Bridge, and in paying and keeping ' down the Interest on the said Sum of Nine thousand Pounds, also ' chargeable thereon, and which faid last mentioned Sum of Money fill remains due and owing, and other large Sums have also been advanced and expended in the Improvement of the said Roads, "which are brought to a high State of Perfection; and upon the Faith of the faid Act of the Thirty third Year of His present Majefty, and of the faid Act of the Thirty eighth Year of His e pretent Majesty, large Sums of Money have been advanced and expended in the Improvement of the faid Limerick Roads: And whereas by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, 50 G. 3. c. 32. ' An Att to repeal certain Parts of several Atts of the Parliament of ' Ireland, fo far as relates to the limiting the Number of Persons to be ' carried by Stage Coaches or other Carriages, and for enacting other Limitations in lieu thereof, and for other Purposes relating thereto, it is, among other things, enacted, that so much of the several Acts of the Parliament of Ireland as relates to the Limitation of Paf-· fengers to be conveyed by Stage Coaches, and other Four-wheeled · Carriages; also so much of the said Acts as relates to the additional · Tolls and Penalties which are thereby demandable and forfeited in · case of a greater Number being conveyed by Stage Coaches and other Four-wheeled Carriages than is specified by the aforesaid · Acts, shall be and the same are repealed; and it is also by the said · recited Act of the last Session of Parliament further enacted, that no Coach or other Carriage described in the said Act, conveying · Persons for Hire, shall be charged or compelled to pay at any Toll or Turnpike Gate any greater Toll than is paid by other Coaches or Carriages drawn by an equal Number of Horses; any thing in any Act to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding; by which ' Provisions in the faid last recited Act mentioned, if the same were applied to the Roads in the faid Acts of the Thirty third, Thirty · seventh and Thirty eighth Years mentioned, the Toll payable by Stage Coaches and other Carriages carrying Passengers for Hire on the said Roads would be so reduced that the Fund applicable to the Purpoles of the faid recited Acts of the Thirty third and Thirty eighth Years aforesaid, would be considerably diminished, and the Roads in the faid Act mentioned would be thereby ma-• terially injured, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of the · faid Acts;' Be it therefore declared and enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the 50 G. 3. c. 32. hereinbefore recited Clauses and Provisions in the said recited Act of not to extend to the last Session of Parliament, or any Clauses or Provisions what-stored in recited Act contained, whereby the Limitation of Acts, 33, 37 and Passengers to be conveyed by Stage Coaches, or the additional Tolls 38 G.3. (I.) or Penalties relating to Carriages conveying Persons for Hire are repealed, shall not extend nor be construed to extend to the said 51 Gro. III. Turnpike

§ 1.

§ 12.

Turnpike Roads leading from the City of Dublin to Kilcullen Bridge, and from Naas to Limerick, or either of them, nor to repeal or alter any of the Provisions, Clauses or Regulations contained in the said recited Acts of the Thirty third, Thirty seventh and Thirty eighth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, or either of them, with regard to Stage Coaches or other Carriages carrying Passengers for Hire on the said Roads, or either of them.

Former Tolls taken on Roads under 33, 37, 38 G. 3. (1.)

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for all and every Perfon and Persons in whom the Tolls are vested under the said recited Act of the Thirty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, their and each and every of their Executors, Administrators and Affigue, to have, demand, receive and take upon the faid Road leading from Naas to Maryborough and Ballyroan, and from Maryborough to Limerick, and from Nenagh to O'Brien's Bridge, within the Limits for that Purpose specified by the said A& of the Thirty third Year of His present Majesty, and during the Continuance of the said A& of the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty, by such Person or Perfons as they shall authorize thereto, such Tolls and Penalties, and in such cases respectively as by the said last recited Acts they are authorized and empowered to have, demand, receive and take; any thing in the faid Act of the last Session of Parliament to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding; and that, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for all and every Person and Persons in whom the Tolls are vested under the faid recited Act of the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, and for their and each and every of their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, to have, demand, receive and take upon the faid Road leading from Dublin to Kilcullen Bridge, and to the Twenty one Mile Stone Westward of the said Bridge, within the Limits for that Purpose specified by the said Act of the Thirty eighth Year of his present Majesty, and during the Continuance thereof, by fuch Person or Persons as they shall authorize thereto, such Tolls and Penalties, and in such cases respectively, as by the said Acts of the Thirty seventh and Thirty eighth Years they are authorized and empowered to have, demand, levy, receive and take; any thing in the faid recited Act of the last Session of Parliament to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing

How Tolk and Penalties under 33, 37, 38 G. 3. (L) levied.

III. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, such and the like Tolls and Penalties as under the said hereinbefore recited Acts of the Parliament of Ireland of the Thirty third, Thirty seventh and Thirty eighth Years of His present Majesty, or either of them, could or might be demanded, raised, levied and taken before the passing of the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, upon the Roads in the said Acts mentioned, shall and may be hereafter from time to time demanded, raised, levied and taken in such manner and under such Rules and Regulations, in all respects, as by the said recited Acts, or any of them, are specially enacted and provided; any thing in the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

Act may be altered, &c. IV. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, varied and amended by any Act during this Session of Parliament.

CAP. XLI.

An Act to repeal so much of an Act, passed in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of King George the Second, intituled, An Act for the more effectually preventing the stealing of Linen, Fustian and Cotton Goods and Wares, in Buildings, Fields, Grounds and other Places used for printing, whitening, bleaching or drying the same, as takes away the Benefit of Clergy from Persons stealing Cloth in Places therein mentioned; and for more effectually preventing such Felonies. [31st May 1811.]

HEREAS by an Act, passed in the Eighteenth Year of the 18 G. 2. c. 27. Reign of His Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An At for the more effectually preventing the stealing of Linen, Fustian and Cotton Goods and Wares, in Buildings, Fields, Grounds and other Places used for printing, whitening, bleaching or drying the same, it is, amongst other things, enacted, That every Person who at any time after the First Day of June One thousand seven hundred and forty five shall, by Day or Night, feloniously steal any Linen, Fustian, Calico, Cotton Cloth; or Cloth worked, woven, or made of any Cotton or Linen Yarn mixed, or any Thread, Linen or Cotton Yarn, Linen or Cotton Tape, Incle, Filletting, Laces, or any other Linen, Fustian, or Cotton Goods or Wares whatsoever, 6 laid, placed or exposed to be printed, whitened, bowked, bleached or dried, in any whitening or bleaching Croft, Lands, Fields or Grounds, Bowking Houle, Drying Houle, Printing Houle, or other Building, Ground or Place made use of by any Calico Printer, Whitster, Crofter, Bowker or Bleacher, for printing, whitening, bowking, bleaching or drying of the same, to the Value of Ten Shillings, or who shall aid or assist, or shall wilfully or maliciously s hire or procure any Person or Persons to commit any such Offence, or who shall buy or receive any such Goods or Wares so stolen, knowing the fame to be stolen as aforesaid, being lawfully convicted thereof, shall be guilty of Felony; and that every such Offender shall ' fuffer Death as in Cases of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy: And whereas the faid Act has not been found effectual for the Prevention · of the Crimes therein mentioned, and it is therefore expedient that • fo much of the faid Act as is hereinbefore recited should be repealed: "And whereas it might tend more effectually to prevent the aforesaid ' Crimes if the same were punishable more severely than simple Larceny: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the said Act as repealed. is hereinbefore recited shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be and the same is hereby repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing Stealing Linen, of this Act, every Person who shall feloniously steal any Linen, &c. from Bleach-Fustian, Calico, Cotton Cloth, or Cloth worked, woven or made of ing Places, &c. any Cotton or Linen Yarn mixed, or any Thread, Linen or Cotton Yarn, Linen or Cotton Tape, Incle, Filletting, Laces or any other Linen, Fustian, or Cotton Goods or Wares whatsoever, laid, placed or exposed to be printed, whitened, bowked, bleached or dried in any whitening or bleaching Croft, Lands, Fields or Grounds, Bowk-K 2 ing

A.D.1811.

C.41, 42.

ing House, Drying House, Printing House or other Building, Ground or Place made use of by any Calico Printer, Whitster, Crofter, Bowker or Bleacher, for printing, whitening, bowking, bleaching or drying of the same, to the Value of Ten Shillings, or who shall aid or assist, or wilfully or maliciously hire or procure any other Person or Persons to commit any such Offence, or who shall buy or receive any fuch Goods or Wares fo stolen, knowing the fame to be stolen as aforesaid, being lawfully convicted thereof, shall be liable to be transported beyond the Seas for Life, or for such Term not less than Seven Years, as the Judge before whom any fuch Person shall be convicted shall adjudge; or shall be liable, in case the said Judge shall think sit, to be imprisoned and kept to hard Labour in the Common Gaol, House of Correction or Penitentiary House, for any Term not exceeding Seven Years.

Punishment.

CAP. XLII.

An Act to empower the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury to exonerate Distillers of Spirits from Sugar, from the Excess of the Duties to which they were liable in consequence of the Expiration of an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, above the Duties imposed by the said [31st May 1811.]

48 G. 3. c. 152.

HEREAS an Ad made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An All for granting Duties on Worts or Wash made from Sugar, during the Probibition of Diffillation from Corn or Grain in Great Britain, expired on the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and ten : and by the Expiration thereof, the former High Duties imposed by Two several Acts of the Forty third Year of His present ' Majesty's Reign, the one thereof, intituled, An Att to repeal the Duties of Excise payable in Great Britain, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof; and the other thereof, intituled, An All for granting to His Majesty, until Twelve Months after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty of Peace, certain additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain, for and in respect of Wort or Wash brewed or ' made in that Part of Great Britain called England, from Sugar or any Mixture therewith for extracting Spirits for Home Confumption, and also the High Duties imposed by an Act made in the • Forty eighth (a) Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for or in respect of Spirits made or distilled in any Part or Place in Scot-' land, for Confumption in Scotland, from Sugar or any Mixture 4 therewith, and the High Duties by the faid last mentioned Act

43 G. 3. c. 69.

43 G. 3. c. 81.

impoled, for or in respect of the Cubical Content or Capacity of Stills used or employed in Scotland, for the Purpose of making or distilling of Low Wines or Spirits for Consumption in Scotland from Molasses or Sugar, or any Mixture therewith, and also the · High Duties for or in respect of Spirits made or distilled in that ' Part of Great Britain called England, and imported or brought from thence into Scotland, and for or in respect of Spirits manufactured in Scotland, and brought from thence into that Part of

C.42.

Distillers in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland have, fince the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eleven, a made Entry for the Distillation of Spirits for Exportation to that Part of Great Britain called England from Corn or Grain: And whereas many Distillers and Makers of Spirits have, with the Concurrence of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, abstained from making or brewing Worts or Wash for Distillation from Oats, Barley, or any other Corn or Grain, or from Malt, Flour or Bran, or any Mixture with the same, and have confined themselves to the 4 Use of Worts or Wash brewed and made from Sugar for extracting 6 Spirits for Home Consumption; and although some Distillers in Scotland have, fince the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and eleven, made Entry for the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain for Exportation from thence to that Part of Great Britain called England, yet such last mentioned Distillers have, with the Concurrence of the faid Commissioners of His Majesty's Treafury, forborne to make any Spirits for fuch Exportation as aforefaid under such Entries as last aforesaid; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or Treasury may more of them, shall be at Liberty to exonerate and discharge all and remit Proporevery fuch Diftiller and Diftillers and Maker and Makers of Spirits tion of High Duties on Wash in England and Scotland respectively, from and to remit to them re- made from Sugar, spectively, such and so much of the said High Duties for or in and distilled since respect of any such Wort or Wash brewed or made from Sugar and Dec 35, 1810, distilled as aforesaid fince the said Thirty first Day of December One and before thousand eight hundred and ten, and also from such of the said High Duties, for or in respect of any such Wort or Wash which shall be actually distilled into Spirits before the Tenth Day of June One thou. fand eight hundred and eleven, as shall exceed the Amount of the Duties which would have become due and payable under or by virtue of the faid Act of the Forty eighth (a) Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, had the same remained and continued in force to the time of palling of this Act, and also to exonerate and discharge all and every Distillers and Distiller in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, from so much of the said High Duties for or in respect of the Cubical Content or Capacity of fuch Stills as aforesaid as shall exceed the Rate of Duty which would have accrued or become payable under or by virtue of an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An All for granting certain Duties on Worts or Wash made from Sugar, during the Prohibition of Distillation from Corn or Grain in Great Britain, and from any of the faid presumptive Charges, as to such Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall, under the Circumstances of each and every such Case, appear to them to be just and reasonable; any thing in any Act of Parliament to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

thstanding. (a) [See c. 111. § 5. post.]

11. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act Proviso for contained shall extend, or be deemed or construed to extend, to pre. Distillers distilwent or hinder any Distiller or Distillers from distilling into Spirits ling certain any Worts or Wash which shall have been actually brewed or made from Sugar, from Sugar, and of which an Account shall have been taken by the

Officer or Officers of Excise on or before the Fifteenth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, at and subject to such Rate of Duty as would or might have been payable if the faid recited Act of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign had not expired: And provided further, that every such Distiller so diffilling into Spirits any Wort or Wash on or after the Tenth Day of June aforesaid shall not, from and after the Seventeenth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, melt or have melted any Sugar in the making or preparing of any Wort or Wash for Distillation, and shall, on or before the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, have actually distilled all such Wort or Wash into Spirits.

CAP. XLIII.

An Act for altering the time at which the additional Duties of Customs imposed by an Act of the last Session of Parliament on certain Species of Wood were to have taken place; and for granting a Drawback upon Deals and Timber used in the Mines of Tin, Copper and Lead, in the Counties of Cornwall and Devon. [31ft May 1811.]

50 G. 3. c. 77.

Duties to com-

mence from July 1, 1811.

THEREAS it is expedient that the time at which the Duties imposed by an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, An All for imposing additional Duties of · Customs on certain Species of Wood imported into Great Britain, were to have commenced and taken Effect, should be altered; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the several additional Duties of Customs imposed by the said recited Act, which was to have commenced and taken Effect from and after the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall commence, take Effect, and be charged and payable from and after the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven; any thing in the

50 G. 3. c. 77.

faid Act to the contrary notwithstanding. 4 II. And whereas it is expedient that so much of the said recited · Act passed in the last Session of Parliament as exempts Deals, onot being imported directly from any British Colony, Plantation or Settlement in Africa or America, or not being imported by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, above Seven Inches in Width, being Eight Feet in Length and not above Ten Feet in Length, and not exceeding One Inch and a Half in Thickness, and as exempts Fir Timber being Eight Inches square and not exceeding Ten Inches square, being the Growth of Norway, and imported directly from thence, from the additional Duties hereby imposed, should be repealed; but that a Drawback should be allowed, under the Regulations of this Act, upon such of the said Deals and Timbers as shall be used and employed in any of the Mines of Tin, Copper and Lead, in the Counties of Cornwall and Devon; Be it therefore further In part repealed, enacted, That, from and after the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, so much of the said recited Act as exempts

Deals and Fir Timber from the additional Duties thereby shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and the said Ar- Such Articles , from and after the First Day of July One thousand eight subject to Duty. and eleven, be subject and liable to the said additional

posed by the said recited Act.

nd be it further enacted, That there shall be paid and Drawback on or and in respect of such of the said Deals and Timber on certain Deals and : full Duties due by Law on the Importation thereof shall Timber ofed in paid, and which Deals and Timber shall have been used and the Mines of Devon or Cornin any of the Mines of Tin, Lead or Copper, in the Coun- wall won or Cornwall, a Drawback of so much of the Duties of so paid on any such Deals above Seven Inches in Width, th Feet in Length and not above Ten Feet in Length, xceeding One Inch and a Half in Thickness, and on any er being Eight Inches square and not exceeding Ten Inches eing of the Growth of Norway, and imported directly from s shall exceed the Amount of the Permanent and Tem-'uties of Customs that were charged and payable on such Timber respectively by an Act passed in the Forty ninth 49 G. 3. e. 98. the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Att for the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, ranting other Duties in lieu thereof; which Drawback shall Account of such o the Owner of any such Mine, under the following Re- Deals and Tim-; that is to fay, the Purser, Agent or Captain of any such ber delivered to ne faid Counties of Cornwall and Devon respectively intendim the Drawback under this Act, shall enter or cause to be a Book, to be kept for that Purpose, an Account of tity of fuch Deals and Timber used and employed in such ing of whom such Deals and Timber were purchased, at the same were flated by the Vender to have been imported, End of each Year he shall deliver an Account thereof to tor of the Customs of the Port where the Duty upon such Timber shall have been stated to have been paid.

id be it further enacted, That the Purser, Agent or Captain Account verich Mine shall make Oath or Affirmation to the Truth of fied on Oath, &c. int so delivered to the Collector of the Customs, and shall equired by the faid Customer or Collector, produce the k of any fuch Mine; and the Person or Persons, or his gent or Agents, who shall have supplied the said Deals er shall also make Oath or Affirmation to the Truth of his Accounts, and that the full Duties on fuch Deals and ere paid thereon; and the proper Officer of the Customs fied that the Deals and Timber referred to in fuch Account iied for the Use of such Mine, and the full Duties paid nen and in every such Case a Debenture shall be issued for nt of the Drawback allowed by this Act, and the same id by the Collector of the Customs who shall have received unt, out of any Monies remaining in his Hands on Account

£ 24 ies of Customs.

I be it further enacted, That if any Purser, Agent or Cap- Delivering in h Mine shall deliver any false Account of the Quantity of salse Account. Timber used and employed, with an Intent to defraud y, his Heirs or Successors, such Purser, Agent or Captain eing convicted of any such Offence, for the First Offence First Offence

C.43.

forfeit

A.D.1811.

C. 37, 38, 39.

respectively, as the Nature of the Case shall require, every such Marriage shall be and is hereby declared to be null and void to all Intents and Purpoles whatfoever.

C A P. XXXVIII.

An Act to protect Masters against Embezzlements by their Clerks and Servants, in Ireland. [31st May 1811.7

THEREAS Bankers, Merchants and others, in Ircland, are in the Course of their Dealings and Transactions. frequently obliged to entrust their Servants, Clerks and Persons employed by them in the like Capacity, with receiving, paying, negociating, exchanging or transferring Money, Goods, Bonds, Bills, Notes, Bankers' Drafts and other valuable Effects and Secu-'rities: And whereas it is expedient that the embezzling of the fame by fuch Servants, Clerks and others so employed by their Masters, should be punishable as a Misdemeanor, by the Law in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland; Be it enacted and declared by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Servant or Clerk, or any Person employed for the Purpose or in the Capacity of a Servant or Clerk, to any Person or Persons whomsoever, or to any Body Corporate or Politick, in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, thall by virtue of such Employment, receive or take into his Possession, any Money, Goods, Bond, Bill, Note, Banker's Draft or other valuable Security or Effects, for or in the Name or on the Account of his Master or Masters, or Employer or Employers, and shall fraudulently secrete or make away with the same or any Part thereof, every fuch Offender shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor, and to have embezzled the same from his Master or Masters, Employer or Employers, for whose Use or in whose Name or Names, or on whose Account, the same was or were delivered to or taken into the Poffession of such Servant, Clerk or other Person so employed, although fuch Money, Goods, Bond, Bill, Note, Banker's Draft or other valuable Security, was or were no otherwise received into the Possession of such Master or Masters, Employer or Employers, than by Delivery into the actual Possession of his or their Servant, Clerk or other Person so employed, for the Use or Behoof of his Master; and every fuch Offender, his Procurer, Aider or Abettor, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be liable to be transported to such Parts beyond the Seas, as His Majesty, by and with the Advice of his Privy Council, shall appoint, for any Term not exceeding Fourteen Years, in the Discretion of the Court before whom such Offender shall be convicted or adjudged.

Servants or Clerks taking into their Posfession Money, &c. on Mafters Account, and fraudulently lecreting.

Missemeanor.

Transportation.

C A P. XXXIX.

An Act to repeal so much of an Act, passed in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Ast for the better Regulation of the Linen and Hemp Manufactures, as takes away the Benefit of Clergy from Pelons convicted of stealing Cloth from Bleaching Bleaching Grounds; and for more effectually preventing fuch Felonies. [31ft May 1811.]

HEREAS by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, 3 G. 3. (1.) c. 34 intituled, An Ad for the better Regulation of the Linen and Hemp \$77. " Manufactures, it is, amongst other things, enacted, That no Felon convicted, according to the Course of the Law and Statutes of that Kingdom, of Itealing of Linen, Hempen or Cotton Yarn, or Linen or Hempen Cloth, or Cloth made of Linen and Cotton Yarn, or any Materials or Utenfils used in bleaching the same, above the · Value of Five Shillings, from or out of any Bleachyard, Backhouse or Workhouse thereunto belonging, whether the Fact be committed by Day or Night, shall be allowed the Benefit of · Clergy: And whereas the faid Act has not been found effectual for the Prevention of the Crimes therein mentioned, and it is therefore expedient that so much of the said Act as is hereinbefore recited should be repealed: And whereas it might tend more effectually to prevent the aforefaid Crimes, if the same were · punishable more severely than simple Larceny; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the said recited Act as is hereinbefore recited shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be and the same repealed.

is hereby repealed. II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing Stealing Lines. of this Act, every Person who shall be convicted in Ireland, accord- from Bleaching to the Course of the Law and Statutes of that Part of the United yards Trans-Kingdom, of feloniously stealing Linen, Hempen or Cotton Yarn, or Linen or Hempen Cloth, or Cloth made of Linen and Cotton Yarn, or any Materials or Utenfils used in bleaching the same, above the Value of Five Shillings, from or out of any Bleachyard, Backhouse or Workhouse thereunto belonging, whether the Fact be committed by Day or Night, shall be liable to be transported beyond the Seas for Life, or for such Term, not less than Seven Years, as the Judge before whom any fuch Person shall be convicted shall adjudge: or shall be liable, in case the said Judge shall think sit, to be imprifoned only, or to be imprisoned and kept to hard Labour in the Common Gaol, House of Correction or Penitentiary House, for any Term not exceeding Seven Years.

portation, &c.

CAP. XL.

An Act to explain and amend an Act of the last Session of Parliament, for repealing certain Parts of several Acts relating to the limiting the Number of Persons to be carried by Stage Coaches in Ircland. [31st May 1811.]

THEREAS by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, passed in the Thirty third Year of the Reign of His present 33 G.3.(I.) c. 32. Majesty, intituled, An At to explain and reduce into One At, the Laws for making, repairing or amending the Turnpike Roads leading from the Town of Naas, to the Towns of Maryborough and Bally-. roan, from the faid Town of Maryborough to the City of Limerick,

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A.D. 1811.

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CAP. XLV.

An Act for taking away the public Use of certain Ships Rooms in the Town of Saint John, in the Island of Newfoundland; and for instituting Surrogate Courts on the Coast of Labrador. and in certain Islands adjacent thereto. [31ft May 1811.]

[THEREAS certain Spaces of Ground in the Town of Saint John's, in the Island of Newfoundland, called Ships Rooms, are liable, according to the ancient Custom there used, and conformably with the Provisions of an Act passed in the Tenth and

10 & 11 W.3. £ 25.

• Eleventh Years of His Majesty King William the Third, intituled, An At to encourage the Trade to Newfoundland, to be claimed by the Masters of fishing Ships, for the Use of their Ships and Boats during the current fishing Season, which said Spaces of Ground have not of late been employed for the Purpoles of the Fishery: And whereas it would be more beneficial to the general Interests of the Trade and Fishery, if the said Spaces of Ground were wholly exempted from fuch Claim, and were let out for building Dwelling Houses and Store Houses, and for other Uses necessary to the Trade and Fishery: And whereas it has been proved, upon the Survey of Persons resident in the Town of Saint John's, and well skilled in the Affairs of the Fishery, that there is Land at the Western Extremity of the Harbour better suited for drying, curing and husbanding of Fish than any of the Ships Rooms above mentioned; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this prefent Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the following Ships Rooms, situated in the Town of Saint John's; that is to fay, the Ships Room, No. I. Rotten Row, or Pre Corner Ships Room, No. II.; Darkus's Ships Room, No. II.; Lady's Ships Room, No. II.; Gallows Hill Ships Room, No. III.; Burstheart Hill Ships Room, No. III.; Churchill Ships Room, No. IV.; Hud/on's Ships Room, No. V.; Admiral's Ships Room, No. VI.; as the same are laid down, distinguished and named in a Plan of the Town and Harbour of Saint John's in Newfoundland, dated Ottober One thousand eight hundred and four, and deposited in the Government House there, shall no longer be deemed and taken to be Ships Rooms and occupied during the fishing Season as fuch, but it shall be lawful for the same to be granted, let and possessed as private Property, in like manner as any other Portions

The Ship Rooms bereinmentioned no donger to be uled as luch, but may be disposed of as Private Property.

> II. And whereas it is expedient to provide for the better Ad-4 ministration of Justice in such Parts of the Coast of Labrador from the River St. John to Hudson's Streights, and in the Island of · Anticofti, and in all other smaller Islands as are re-annexed to the

> of Land in Newfoundland may be; any thing in the faid Act or

the faid ancient Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Government of Newfoundland by an Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of His Majetty's Reign, intituled, An Att for establishing Courts of Judicature in the Island of Newfoundland and the Islands

adjacent; and for re-annexing Part of the Coast of Labrador and the Islands lying on the said Coast to the Government of Newfound-

Governor of Newfoundland

G. 3. c. 27.

a land; Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall and may be

lawful for the Governor of Newfoundland from time to time to may inflicate institute Surrogate Courts in the said Parts and Places, with Power Surrogate and Authority to proceed in and to hear and determine Civil Suits Courts. arifing within the faid Ports and Places, and all other Suits and Complaints, in like manner as Surrogate Courts instituted by virtue of the faid Act in the Island of Newfoundland.

C A P. XLVI.

An A& to authorife the Officers of the Customs to act for the Superintendant of Quarantine, and his Assistant.

[31st May 1811.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty sifth Year of His 45 G.3. c. 10.

present Maiesty, intituled. An Asternational Transfer of His 45 G.3. c. 10. present Majesty, intituled, An AS to make further Provision for the effectual Performance of Quarantine, certain Duties are required to be performed by the Superintendant of Quarantine, or his Deputy, but no Provision is made for the Execution of the fame in the Event of the Absence of those Officers; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty; by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every thing required in the said Act to be Principal Officer done and performed by the Superintendant of Quarantine, or his of Customs to Affistant, may, in case of the Absence or Sickness of such Super-intendant or Affistant, be done and performed by the principal Officer of the Customs at the Port or Place, or by such Officer of the case of Absence, Customs as shall be authorized by the Commissioners of the Customs, &c. or any Four or more of them, to act in that Behalf.

C A P. XLVII.

An Act for carrying into Effect the Provisions of a Treaty of Amity, Commerce and Navigation, concluded between His Majesty and His Royal Highness the Prince Regent of [31st May 1811.] Portugal.

WHEREAS according to an Act passed in the Twelfth Year 12 Car. 2 c. 18. of the Reign of His Majesty King Charles the Second, intituled, An A& for the encouraging and increasing of Shipping and ' Navigation, and other Statutes, no Goods or Commodities what-' ever, of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of America, can be ' imported into this Kingdom or the Islands of Guernsey and Jersey, ' in any other than British-built Ships, owned by His Majesty's Subjects, navigated with a Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners British Subjects, and registered according to Law, on Forfeiture of all fuch Goods or Commodities, and of the Ship or 'Veffel in which they are imported: And whereas the following Goods and Commodities; that is to fay, Masts, Timber, Boards, Salt, Pitch, Tar, Rofin, Hemp, Flax, Raifins, Figs, Prunes, Olive-Oil, Corn or Grain, Sugar, Pot Ashes, Wine, Vinegar, Aqua vite or Brandy, being the Growth, Production or Manufacture of · Europe, are, by the said recited Act of the Twelfth Year of the • Reign of His faid late Majesty King Charles the Second, and by fublequent Acts, required to be imported into Great Britain in-6 Shipa or Vessels, which, before the First Day of May One thou-

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fand feven hundred and eighty fix, did truly and without Fraud wholly belong to His Majesty's Dominions, or which are the Built of His Majesty's Dominions, and registered respectively according to Law; or in Ships or Vessels the Built of any Countries or Places in Europe, belonging to or under the Dominion of the Sovereign or State in Europe, of which the faid Goods or Commodities fo enumerated or described as aforesaid, are the Growth, Production or Manufacture respectively, or of such Ports where the said Goods can only be or are most usually first shipped for Transportation, fuch Ships or Vessels being navigated with a Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners at the least belonging to such Countries or Places or Ports respectively, and in none other Ships or Vessels whatever, under the like Penalty of the Forfeiture of any fuch Goods or Commodities as shall be imported contrary thereto, together with the Ship or Vessel in which the said Goods are imported: And whereas it is expedient, in order to carry into Effect the Provisions of a Treaty of Amity, Commerce and Navigation, concluded between His Majesty and His Royal Highness the Prince Regent of Portugal, figured at Rio de Janiero the Nineteenth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and ten, that so much of the faid recited Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His faid late Majesty King Charles the Second, and any other Act or Acts of Parliament as may prohibit Goods, Wares and Merschandize of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of any of the Territories or Dominions belonging to the Crown of Portugal, which are not prohibited by Law to be imported from other Foreign Countries, from being imported from the faid Dominions or · Territories in Ships or Vessels the Built of the said Territories or Dominions, or captured by any Ship or Veffel of War of the Portugueze Government, or by any Ship or Vessel having Letters of Marque and Reprifal from the faid Government, and condemned as lawful Prize in any Court of Admiralty of the faid Government, fuch Ship or Vessel being owned by Subjects of the said Government, and navigated with a Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners at the least, belonging to the Territories or Dominions of the said Government, on Forfeiture of such Goods, and of the Ships and Vessels in which the same may be imported, should • be repealed; and that fuch Goods, Wares and Merchandizes, and the Vessels so importing the same, should not be subject to Forfeiture on account of fuch Importation: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, so much of the said recited Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, and any other Act or Acts of Parliament in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act, as may prohibit any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of any of the Territories or Dominions of the Crown of Portugal, which are not prohibited by Law to be imported from other Foreign Countries to be imported into this Kingdom, or the Islands of Guernsey or Jersey, in Ships or Vessels the Built of the faid Territories or Dominions of the Crown of Portugal, or taken by any Ship or Vessel of War belonging to the Portuguene Government,

So much of recited Act or any other Act as may prohibit Goods of the Produce of Portugal, &c. to be imported, repealed. Ł

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or by any Ship or Veffel belonging to any of the Inhabitants of any of the Territories or Dominions aforefaid, and registered according to Law, having Commissions or Letters of Marque and Reprisal from the Portugueze Government, and condemned as lawful Prize in any Court of Admiralty of the said Government, such Ship or Vessel so importing being owned by Subjects of the faid Government, and navigated with a Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners at the least, Subjects of the said Government, on Forseiture of the said Goods, Wares and Merchandize, and also of the Ship or Vessel in which the same may be imported; shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of Goods of the this Act, any Goods, Wares and Merchandize, being of the Growth, Production of Produce or Manufacture of any of the Territories or Dominions of Portugal, may the Crown of Portugal, which are not prohibited by Law to be imported Portuguese ported into this Kingdom, or the Islands of Jersey and Guernsey, from Vessels, &c. other foreign Countries, shall and may be imported into this Kingdom, and the Islands of Jersey and Guernsey direct from any such Territories or Dominions, in any Ship or Veffel built in any of the faid Territories or Dominions of the Crown of Portugal, or taken by any Ship or Veffel of War belonging to the Portugueze Government, or by any Ship or Veffel belonging to any of the Subjects of the Territories or Dominions aforefaid, or having Commissions or Letters of Marque and Reprifal from the faid Government, and condemned as lawful Prize in any Court of Admiralty of the faid Government, and owned by the Subjects of fuch Government or any of them, and whereof the Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners at least are Subjects of such Government, and such Goods, Wares and Merchandize shall and may be entered and landed upon Payment of the Duties, and subject to the Conditions and Regulations hereinafter mentioned; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding:

be imported in

III. And be it further enacted, That all fuch Goods, Wares and Such Goods may Merchandizes so imported directly into this Kingdom from any of be landed on the faid Territories or Dominions of the Crown of Portugal in fuch Payment of cer-Portugueze Ships or Vessels, so owned and navigated as are hereinbefore particularly mentioned and described, shall and may be entered and landed on Payment of such Duties of Customs and Excise, and no higher, as are payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandize of the like Denomination or Description upon their Importation into this Kingdom from any other foreign Country in British-built Ships or Vessels, owned, navigated and registered according to Law; and in Cases where different Duties are imposed upon any Goods, Wares or Merchandize of the like Denomination or Description so imported from different foreign Countries, then upon Payment of the lowest Duties which by Law are required to be paid on the Importation in British-built Ships or Vessels of any such Goods, Wares or Merchandize from any foreign Country. ...

IV. And whereas it is expedient to permit the Importation of Elephants leeth Elephants' Teeth and Ivory into this Kingdom from any of the and Ivory may Dominions of the Crown of Portugal; Be it therefore enacted, be imported. That it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons to import into this Kingdom Elephants' Teeth and Ivory from any of the faid Dominions, either in British-built Ships or Vessels, owned, navigated

and registered according to Law, or in such Portugueze Ships or Vessels as are in this Act before mentioned and described, and owned and navigated in the manner hereinbefore also mentioned and described, notwithstanding such Elephants' Teeth or Ivory may not be of the Produce of any of the Dominions of the Crown of Portugal; and such Elephants' Teeth or Ivory so imported may be entered and landed on Payment of fuch Duties only as are due and payable on such Articles when imported in a British-built Ship or Veffel, owned, navigated and registered according to Law; any thing 12 Car. 2. c. 18. contained in an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of King Charles the Second, intituled, An All for the encouraging and increasing of Shipping and Navigation, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

31 G. 3. c. 28.

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V. And be it further enacted, That so much of an Act passed in the Thirty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An All to amend an All made in the Twenty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for regulating the Trade between the Subjects of His Majesty's Colonies and Plantations in North America, and in the West India Islands, and the Countries belonging to the United States of America, and between His Majesty's said Subjects and the Foreign Islands in the West Indies; and also an All made in the Twenty fewenth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for allowing the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandize in the Ports of Kingston, Savannah la Mar, Montego Bay and Santa I ucea in the Island of Jamaica; in the Port of Saint George in the Island of Grenada; in the Port of Rolea in the Island of Dominica; and in the Port of Nassau in the Island of New Providence, one of the Bahama Islands, under certain Regulations and Restrictions, as prohibits the Importation of Tobacco, Pitch, Tar, Turpentine, Hemp, Flax, Masts, Yards, Bowsprits, Staves, Heading Boards, Timber, Shingles and Lumber of any Sort, Bread, Biscuit, Flour, Pease, Beans, Potatoes, Wheat, Rice, Oats, Barley and Grain of any Sort, being of the Growth or Production of any of the Territories or Dominions belonging to the Crown of Portugal, from being imported directly from any fuch Territories or Dominions into any Island under the Dominion of His Majesty in the West Indies (in which Description the Babama Islands and the Bermudas or Somer Islands are included) in Britisb-built Ships or Vessels, shall be, and the same is hereby

in part repealed. repealed. Importation of gal in South America, into the West Indies.

VI. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing Goods of Portu- of this Act, it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons to import or bring into any of the faid West India Islands any of the said Goods in British-built Ships or Vessels, owned, navigated and registered according to Law, and in no other Ships or Vessels whatever, such Goods being of the Growth or Production of some of the Territories or Dominions belonging to the Crown of Portugal in South America, and imported into the faid Islands directly from the said Territories or Dominions; the said recited Act or any other Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

20th Art. Treaty.

VII. And whereas by the Twentieth Article of the faid Treaty, it is stipulated, that all Articles the Growth and Produce of 6 Brazil and all other Parts of the Portugueze Dominions, may be

received and warehoused in all the Ports of His Majesty's Domiinions which shall be by Law appointed to be warehousing-Ports

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tugal described in Table (A.) of

43 G. 3. c. 132.

for those Articles; Be it therefore enacted, That Sugar, Coffee, Cotton, Wool, the Growth or Produce of any of the Territories or Dominions of the Crown of *Portugal*, or any other Goods the Growth or Produce of the faid Territories or Dominions which are enumerated or described in the Table marked (A.) annexed to an A& Goods of Forpassed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled An All for permitting certain Goods imported into this Kingunder the fecured in Warehoufes without Payment of Duty, and which may be secured shall be legally imported according to the Provisions of this Act in Warehouses directly from the faid Territories or Dominions, shall and may be before Payment fecured in the Warehouses belonging to the West India Dock Com- of Duty. pany, or in the Warehouses belonging to the London Dock Company in the Port of London, or in such Warehouses at any of the other Ports of this Kingdom, as shall have been or shall be approved for the Reception of Goods of the like Denomination or Description. when legally imported from the West Indies, without the Duties due on the Importation thereof being first paid, Application being made for that Purpole in the usual and accustomed manner to the Commisfioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, Scotland and Ireland. respectively by the Owners, Proprietors or Consignees of such Goods; and all fuch Goods fo fecured in any of the faid Warehouses respectively shall have the same Benefits, and shall be subject: and liable to the fame Rules, Regulations, Conditions, Securities and Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures to which Goods of the like Denomination or Description when so imported and warehoused are now subject and liable by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force at. the time of passing this Act.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all Goods, Wares or Mer- Goods so imchandize so imported into this Kingdom from any of the Territories ported entitled or Dominions of the Crown of Portugal, shall, upon the Exportation thereof from this Kingdom, be entitled to the same Drawbacks as are allowed by Law upon the Exportation of Goods, Wares and Merchandize of the like Denomination or Description when exported from this Kingdom; and that there shall be allowed and paid the same Drawbacks and Bounties on Goods, Wares and Merchandize exported from this Kingdom to the faid Territories or Dominions, as are allowed by Law upon the Exportation of Goods, Wares and Merchandize of the like Denomination or Description to any of the Islands, Plantations or Colonies belonging to the Crown of Great

Britain in America.

IX. And be it further enacted, That no higher or greater Duties Charges for or Imposts under the Denomination of Port Charges, Tonnage and Portuguese Ves-Anchorage Duties, shall be paid or demanded on Behalf of His sels as for Bri-Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, in any of the Ports of the United tith. Kingdom, for Ships or Vessels owned by the Subjects of the Crown of Portugal, than are by Law due and payable for Ships and Veffels owned by His Majesty's Subjects; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary thereof notwithstanding: Provided always, that nothing Proviso for the in this Act shall extend, or be construed to extend, to repeal or in any Rights of the wife alter the Duties of Package, Scavage, Balliage or Portage, or City of London, any other Duties payable to the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens &c. of the City of London, or to the Lord Mayor of the said City for the time being, or to any other City or Town Corporate within this Kingdom, or to any Subject or Subjects of His Majesty, or to repeal,

or in any wife alter any special Privilege or Exemption to which any Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, is or are now entitled by Law, but the same shall be continued as heretofore.

Bonds for Payment of Difference between Fligh and Low Duty vacated. X. And be it further enacted, That all Bonds to His Majesty from the Importer or Importers, Proprietor or Proprietors, Confignee or Confignees of any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, the Growth, Production or Manufacture of any of the Territories or Dominions of the Crown of Portugal, entered into fince the Ratisfication of the faid Treaty of Amity, Commerce and Navigation, for Payment of the Difference between the High Duty on any such Goods, Wares or Merchandize, and the Low Duty chargeable thereon, shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be vacated and discharged, and no surther Duty shall be demanded or paid upon the Articles for which any such Bond may have been given to His Majesty.

48 G. 3. c. II.

48 G. 3. c. 109. repealed. XI. And be it further enacted, That Two Acts passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, one, An Act for permitting the Importation of Goods from the Portuguese Territories on the Continent of South America in Portuguese Ships; and the other, An Act to regulate the Trade between Great Britain and the Portuguese Territories on the Continent of South America; shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

Continuance,&c.

XII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be in force during the Continuance of the said Treaty with His Royal Highness the Prince Regent of Portugal; and shall and may, if necessary, be altered and varied during the present Session of Parliament.

C A P. XLVIII.

An Act to permit Rum and other Spirits, the Produce of the British Colonies in the West Indies, to be imported into Lower Canada from Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, and the Islands of Cape Breton, Prince Edward and Newsoundland.

[31st May 1811.]

HEREAS it is expedient under certain Regulations to permit Rum and other Spirits, the Produce or Manufacture of His Majesty's Sugar Colonies in the West Indies to be imported into Lower Canada, from any of the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, the Island of Cape Breton, Prince Edward's ' Island, and the Island of Newfoundland, on Payment of the same Rate of Duty as if the same had been imported directly from any of His Majesty's said Sugar Colonies in the West Indies; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, any Rum or other Spirits, being the Produce or Manufacture of any of His Majesty's Sugar Colonies in the West Indies, legally and directly imported into any or either of the faid Provinces or Islands in North America, from the faid Sugar Colonies, or from the Island of Bermuda, may be exported from any or either of the faid Provinces or Islands to the Province of Lower Canada, and landed and admitted to an Entry upon the Payment of the same Rate of Duty as

Importation of Rum into Castadaif the same had been imported directly from any of His Majesty's

Sugar Colonies.

II. And, to prevent the Importation of Foreign Rum and Spirits Regulations. into Lower Canada, under Pretence that the fame are the Produce or Manufacture of His Majesty's Sugar Colonies, be it enacted, That every Person or Persons loading on board any Ship or Vessel in any of the faid Provinces of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, the Island of Cape Breton, or Prince Edward's Island, or the Island of Newfound. land, any Rum or Spirits as of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of any of His Majesty's Sugar Colonies, in order to be exported from thence to Lower Canada, shall, before the clearing out of the faid Ship or Veffel, produce and deliver to the Collector or other Principal Officer of the Customs at the Loading Port, his or their Affidavit, or that of his or their Agent or Factor, figned and fworn to before some Justice of the Peace in the Province or Island where the same shall be shipped, expressing in Words at Length and not in Figures, the Number and Content or Contents of the Casks or other Packages containing the Rum or other Spirits; also from what Colony or Plantation the same were imported, by whom, and the time when fuch Importation took place, which Affidavit shall be attested by the Hand of the said Justice of the Peace to have been Iworn to in his Presence, who is hereby required to do the same without Fee or Reward; and the Collector or other Principal Officer of the Customs to whom such Affidavit shall be delivered shall thereupon grant to the Master or other Person having the Charge or Command of the Ship or Vessel in which the same shall be loaden, a Certificate under his Hand and Seal of Office (without Fee or Reward), of his having received such Affidavit pursuant to the Directions of this Ac. and that it thereby appeared that such Rum or other Spirits was or were legally imported into the faid Province or Island, as the case may be, as of the Produce or Manufacture of His Majesty's Sugar Colonies, and such Certificate shall express the Number and Content or Contents of the Casks or other Packages containing the Rum or other Spirits fo thipped on board such Ship or Vessel.

III. And be it further enacted, That upon the Arrival of such Certificate of Ship or Vessel at the Port of her Discharge in the Province of Lower Affidavit made to certain Particulars, the Master or other Person having the Charge or Command of the said Ship or Vessel, shall, at the time of making the Report of to Collector his Cargo, deliver the faid Certificate to the Collector or other Print of Customs, &c. cipal Officer of the Customs of such Port, and make Oath before him, which Oath fuch Officer is hereby authorized and required to administer, that the Rum or other Spirits so reported, are the same that are mentioned and referred to in the said Certificate; and if any Rum or other Spirits shall be imported or found on board any such Ship or Vessel for which no such Certificate shall be produced, or which shall not agree therewith, the same shall be deemed and taken to be foreign Rum and Spirits, and shall be subject and liable to the fame Duties, Reftrictions, Regulations, Penalties and Forfeitures in all respects as Rum or other Spirits of the Produce or Manufacture

Law.

of any foreign Colony or Plantation is or are subject and liable to by

CAP. XLIX.

An Act for railing the Sum of Twelve Millions by way of Annuities. [31st May 1811.]

CAP. L.

An Act to allow a greater Number of Sheep to be carried from England to the Ist of Man, than are now permitted by Law.

[31ft May 1811.]

A.D.zēzt.

38 G. 3. c. 63. § 9.

C. 45, 50, 51.

Commissioners of Cultoms may grant Licence for Exportation of 300 Sheep Yearly.

28 G. 3. c. 38.

HEREAS it has been found by Experience that the limited Number of live Sheep allowed by an Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An All for the further Encouragement of the Trade and Manufactures of the Isle of Man; for improving the Revenue thereof; and for the more affectual Prevention of Smuggling to and from the faid Island, to be exported from England to the Isle of Man, under Licence from the * Commissioners of the Customs, is not sufficient for the Use of the faid Isle; Be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the lame, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, or any Three of them, to grant Li-cence in the manner in the said recited Act prescribed, to remain in force for One Month from the Date thereof, for the Exportation from the Port of Liverpool, or the Port of Whilehaven, into the Port of Douglas or Ramsey in the Isle of Man, any Number of live Sheep, not exceeding Three hundred in the whole, from the said Ports of Liverpool and Whitehaven in any One Year; which Exportation shall in every respect be subject and liable to the Provisions and Regulations of the faid Act, and also of the Act passed in the Twenty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An All to explain, amend and reduce into One All of Parliament, several Laws now in being for preventing the Exportation of live Sheep, Rams and Lambs, Wool, Woolfels, Mortlings, Shortlings, Yarn and Worled Cruels, Coverlids, Waddings and other Manufactures or predended Manufactures made of Wool flightly wrought up or otherwife put together, so as the same may be reduced to and made use of us Wool again, Mattraffes or Beds Stuffed with Combed Wool, or Wool fit for combing, Fullers Earth, Fulling Clay and Tobacco Pipe Clay, from this Kingdom, and from the Isles of Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sak and Man, into foreign Parts; and for rendering more established an All passed in the Twenty third Year of the Reign of King Henry the Eighth, intituled, An Att for the Winding of Wool.

САР. Ц.

An Act for abolishing the Duties of the Prizage and Butlerage of Wines in Ireland. [gift May 1811.]

50 G. 3. c. 101.

THEREAS an Act was passed in the last Session of Parlia-VV ment, intituled, An Att for confirming an Agreement for the Purchase of the Prizage and Butlerage of Wines in Ireland; entered into by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland,

sand the Right Honourable Walter Earl of Ormande and Offery, and his Trulees, in purfuance of an Act made in the Forty fixth 46 6.3. c. 94. 4 Year of His present Majesty's Reign: And whereas, under and by · virtue of the faid Act and of the Provisions thereof, the faid Duty · of Prizage and Butlerage of Wines in Ireland, hath become and onew is fully and absolutely vested in His Majesty, his Heirs and- Successors, and it is expedient that the fame should be abolished; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this prefent Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after One Calendar Month Duty of Prisage from the passing of this Act, the faid Duty of Prizage and Butlerage and Butlerage of Wines brought into all or any Port, Haven, Creek, River or other land to cease. Place in Ireland, and all Compositions, Duties and other Payments in lieu or on account of fuch Prizage and Butlerage of Wines in Ireland, or in any Part thereof, shall cease, determine and be no longer payable; any Law, Usage, Custom, Contract or other Matter to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

II. Provided nevertheless, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Duties incurred Act contained shall extend, or be in any wife deemed, taken or confirued to extend, to prevent the receiving or levying all and every fuch Duty which shall have become due at any time prior to the faid Period of One Calendar Month from the passing of this Act; but that as to all such Duties as shall so become due, it shall and may be lawful to receive and apply the same, and in case of Nonpayment thereof to raife, levy and enforce the Payment thereof, and to use all fuch and the same Remedies and Proceedings for that Purpose in the

same manner and in all respects as if this Act had not passed.

CAP. LW.

An Act for explaining and amending an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for consolidating the Duties of Customs for the Isle of Man, and for placing the same under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs in England.

[31st May 1811.] WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the Fistieth Year of the 50 G. 3. 6.42 Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Att for con- \$ 9. folidating the Duties of Customs for the Isle of Man, and for placing the same under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs in * England, all Sums of Money received under the Authority of that Act, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the fame excepted, are required to be remitted to the Receiver Geof neral and Cashier of the Customs in England, to be paid into the ' Receipt of His Majerty's Exchequer, and such Part thereof as shall remain after the necessary Expences attending the Government of the faid Isle of Man, and the Administration of Justice there, and ' all other Charges are from time to time defrayed, are directed to go to and make Part of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain: And whereas great Inconvenience and Delay will attend this Mode of obtaining the requisite Sums of Money for defraying the said Expences and Charges;" in Remedy thereof, Be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Copfent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this

Collectors of Customs to retain Money for defraying Expences attending Government, &c. of isle of Man, and remit Residue to Reesiver General.

C. 52, 53.

present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That any of the Collectors of the Customs in the ifle of Man appointed to receive the Duties imposed by the said recited Act shalls and he and they is and are hereby authorized and required, agreeably to such Directions as shall from time to time be given for that Purpose by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, or any Four or more of them, to retain such Sum or Sums of Money in his or their Hands as may be sufficient to defray the necessary Expences attending the Government of the faid Isle of Man, and the Administration of Justice there, and other Charges incurred in the said Isle, which have heretofore been or may hereafter be deemed fit and proper Charges to be deducted from and paid out of the Duties of Customs collected in the said Ise of Man, and also for the Purpose of defraying any Bounties that may be due by Law upon Herrings caught by the Inhabitants of the faid Isle of Man, and upon the Amount of the faid Expences, Charges and Bounties, being afcertained, the faid Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, or any Four or more of them, are hereby authorized to direct the same to be paid out of the said Monies so retained to such Person or Persons as may be entitled to receive the same; and the Refidue of the faid Monies arifing from Duties of Customs in the Hands of the faid Collectors, after paying such Expences, Charges and Bounties, shall be remitted to the Receiver General of the Customs in England, to be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer for the Purpose of being carried to the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain; any thing in the said recited Act of the Fiftieth Year of the Reign of His faid Majesty, or any other Act or Acts to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

Carried to Confolidated Fund.

50 G. 3. c. 42. Sch. A.

Duty of 151. under recited Act charged.

II. And whereas in the Schedule marked (A.) annexed to the faid recited Act, Goods, Wares and Merchandizes, not thereinbefore charged with Duty, imported from any Port or Place from whence such Goods may lawfully be imported into the Isle of Man, are charged with a Duty of Fifteen Pounds, and which faid Fifteen · Pounds was intended to be imposed for every One hundred Pounds of the Value thereof, but the Words for every One hundred · Pounds of the Value thereof are omitted; Be it enacted, That the faid Duty of Fifteen Pounds shall be deemed to have been chargeable and shall be charged upon every One hundred Pounds of the Value of Goods, Wares and Merchandizes, not thereinbefore charged with Duty, being imported from any Port or Place from whence such Goods may lawfully be imported into the faid Isle of Man; which shall have been so imported since the Fifth Day of July One thoufand eight hundred and ten, or shall hereafter be so imported, notwithstanding the Words for every One hundred Pounds of the Value thereof were omitted in the faid Schedule.

CAP. LIII.

An Act for raising the Sum of Six Millions, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven. [31st May 1811.]

TREASURY empowered to raise 6,000,000l. by Exchequer Bills, in manner prescribed by 48 G. 3. c. 1.—§ 1, 2. Treasury to

4 apply the Money raised. § 3. Principal of said Bills charged on first

66 first Supplies of next Session. § 4. Interest thereon of 3 4d. per " Cent. per Diem. § 5. Said Bills to be current at the Exchequer " after April 5, 1812.—§ 6. Bank of England empowered to " advance 6,000,000l. on the Credit of this Act, notwithstanding " 5 & 6 W. & M. c. 20.—§ 7.

CAP. LIV.

An Act for raising the Sum of One million five hundred thoufand Pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of Great Britain, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and [31st May 1811.] eleven.

[On the like Terms as under c. 53. ante.]

CAP. LV.

An Act for abolishing the Superannuation Fund in the Department of the Customs, and for transferring the same to the Head of Confolidated Customs, and for authorifing the Payment of all retired Allowances on that Department out of Consolidated Customs. [10th June 1811.]

THEREAS a Fund has long been established under the

Management of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, for the Benefit of aged and infirm or disabled Officers, called the Superannuation Fund, which has been partly supported by the Contributions of the Officers of the faid Revenue, and partly by the Application of the Fees paid in respect of Offices in the Cuftoms vacant or abolished to that Purpose: And whereas the granting and paying Allowances or Compenfations in the nature of Superannuation or retired Allowance, or Reward to Persons in respect of their having held any Public ' Office or Employment, or been engaged in any Public Service, is regulated and controlled by an Act of the last Session of Parlia- 50 G. 3. c. 117. ment, intituled, An All to direct that Accounts of Increase and Diminution of Public Salaries, Penfions and Allowances, shall be annually laid before Parliament, and to regulate and control the for granting and paying of such Salaries, Pensions and Allowances; and it being expedient that the faid Fund should be abolished, and that the Monies constituting the same whether invested in the Public. Funds, or remaining in the Hands of any Person whomsoever as Monies received on account of Fees and Emoluments of Offices in the Customs vacant and abolished, or from Contributions to the faid Fund, should be carried to the Account of Consolidated Customs, and be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer under that 4 Head, and that all Payments, Penfions and Superannuation, or e retired Allowances, to Persons in respect of their having held any Office or Employment in the Customs, should in future be paid out of Confolidated Customs, and be charged to the Account of Incidents of that Department; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight Superannuation hundred and twelve, no Contribution or Subscription shall be taken Fund abolished.

Moneypaid over to Receiver Generalof Cuftoms, who shall pay it into Exchequer,

or received from any Officer or Porson in the Service of His Majeshy's Customs, on account or towards the Support of the faid Fund; and that, from and after the faid Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, the faid Fund shall be abolished, and that all Monies that have been received either as Contributions to the faid Fund, or as Fees or Emoluments of Offices in the Customs abolished and vacant, and which Monies have been either vested in the Purchase of Stock standing in the Books of the Bank of England, in the Names of Richard Frewin, William Roe and Francis Fownes Luttrell, Esquires, Trustees of the said Fund, or in the Names of Richard Frewin, William Roe and Augustus Peeboll, Esquires, or temain in the Hands of any Persons or Person whatever, shall be paid over to the Receiver General of His Majefty's Customs in England, and by him paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer under the Head of Consolidated Customs, for which Purpose the said Trustees are hereby authorized and required to fell the faid Stock, and that all Monies that shall or may have been received or may hereafter be received by any Person or Persons whatever, as such Contributions and as Fees or Emoluments of Offices in the Customs abolished and vacant, and which shall remain in the Hands or may come into the Hands of any such Person or Persons, shall be paid to the Receiver General of His Majesty's Customs in England, and by him paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer under the Head of Consolidated Customs; and that all Payments, Pensions and Superannuations, or retired Allowances to Persons, in respect of their having held any Office or Offices, or Employment or Employments in the Customs, heretofore paid out of the faid Fund, or charged on the King's Share of Seizures, shall be paid out of Consolidated Customs, and be charged to the Account of the Incidents of the Customs; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding. II. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be varied,

Pensions and Allowances paid in future out of Confolidated Customs.

Ast may be repealed, &cc.

altered or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this prefent

Seffion of Parliament.

C A P. LVI.

An Act to grant additional Duties of Excise on Tobacco manufactured in Ireland. Tioth June 1811.7

Most Gracious Sovereign,

7 E Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament affembled. towards railing the necessary Supplies to defray Your Majesty's public Expences in Ireland, have freely and voluntarily refolved to give and grant unto Your Majesty the Duties of Excise hereinaster mentioned, and do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majefty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for and upon every Pound Weight of Tobacco which, at any time from and after the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall be manufactured in Ireland in any manner, to be charged on the Person manufacturing the same or taking any Part

Additional Duty on Tobacco manufactured in Lre.and.

thereof out of the original Package, for the whole Quantity contained in fuch Package (as expressed in the Permit by virtue of which the Package was conveyed to the Manufacturer) at the time when the same shall be opened, an Excise Duty of Eight Pence British Currency, in addition to all other Duties of Customs or Excife now payable on any fuch Tobacco, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland.

II. And be it further enacted, That the faid Inland or Excise Duty payable on Duty on Tobacco imposed by this Act shall be payable on all Tobacco not taken out of the original Package which shall be in the original Package. Hands of any Manufacturer or Manufacturers or other Person or Persons in Ireland at any time on or after the said First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and shall be a Charge on fuch Manufacturer or Manufacturers, or on the Person or Persons taking such Tobacco out of the original Package, at the time when fuch Tobacco or any Part thereof shall be so taken out; and the Returns of such Surveyors, Gaugers or other Officers of the Revenue, shall, within Tobacco made Ten Days after the passing of this A&, make Return or Reports and Duty paid. in Writing to the Collectors in their respective Districts of such Duty as shall have then become due and payable by virtue of this Act, and of the Persons chargeable therewith in such District respectively; and that such Returns or Reports shall be a Charge on all such Persons, and shall be paid by such Persons to the Collector of the District within Seven Days after any such Return or Report, or in Default thereof all such Tobacco shall be forfeited and seized, Penalty. and every Manufacturer or Person who shall make Desault therein shall, for every such Default, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and also One Shilling for every Pound Weight of Tobacco contained in fuch original Package.

III. And be it further enacted, That all Monies arising from the Duty carried to Duties by this Act granted, the necessary Charges of collecting and Confolidated paying the same being deducted, shall be carried to and made Part of Fund of Ireland.

the Consolidated Fund of Ireland.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the feveral Duties by this Duties and Pe-Act granted and made payable, and all Penalties and Forfeitures levied, &c. under this Act, shall be raised, levied, collected, paid, sued for, recovered and applied in fuch manner, and under fuch Powers and Authorities, and by fuch ways and methods, and according to fuch Rules and Directions, and under fuch Penalties and Forfeitures, as are appointed, directed and expressed for the raising, collecting, paying, levying, allowing and managing any Duties, or for the Recovery of any Penalties or Forfeitures, in and by an Act made in Ireland in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King 14 & 15 Car. 2. Charles the Second, intituled, An Ad for settling the Excise or (1.) Self. 4 c. 8.

new Impost upon His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein inferted; or in and by an Act made in the Forty fixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Atl 46 G. 3. c. 106. to provide for the better Execution of the several Ads relating to the Revenues, Matters and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Part Dutiet, and of the Commissioners of In-land Excise and Taxes in Iteland; or in or by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland, relating to the Revenue of Customs and Excise, or either of them, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purpoles

nalties how

as if the same were herein expressed and enacted, with the like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties aggrieved, as in and by the said recited Act made in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, or any other Act or Acts as aforesaid provided.

Act may be repealed, &c. C.56, 57, 58.

V. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. LVII.

An Act to amend an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for encouraging the Export of Salted Beef and Pork from Ireland. [10th June 1811.]

47 G. 3. Seff, 2, c. 10. § 1,

HEREAS by an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of VV His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Aa for encouraging the Export of Salted Beef and Pork from Ireland, it is enacted, that no Duty whatever shall be paid or payable on the Export from Ireland to any Place whatever of any falted Beef or Pork · falted in Ireland, but that all Beef and Pork salted in Ireland shall and may be exported free to any Place whatever, and without Payment of any Custom, Subsidy or Duty whatsoever; and that upon 4 the Exportation from Ireland to any Place except Great Britain, of any Beef or Pork falted in Ireland, there shall be paid and f allowed to the Exporters of fuch Beef or Pork an Allowance or Bounty in the Nature of a Drawback for and in respect of the * Duties charged upon the Salt used in salting of such Beef or Pork, f after the Rate of Ten Pence for each and every One hundred · Pounds Weight thereof; and it is expedient that the Provisions of . the faid Act should extend to Tongues, Hams and Bacon salted ' in Ireland;' Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Expiration of Ten Days after the passing of this Act, all the Clauses, Provisions, Rules and Regulations in the faid recited Act contained, shall extend and be construed to extend to all Tongues, Hams and Bacon falted in Ireland, and exported from thence, and that such Tongues, Hams and Bacon shall and may be exported free to any Place whatever; and that on the Exportation of any fuch Tongues, Hams or Bacon from Ireland, to any Place except Great Britain, fuch and the like Amount of Allowance or Bounty in the Nature of Drawback, shall be paid and allowed to the Exporter thereof, and in like manner and under the like Rules, Regulations and Provisions, as by the said recited Act is provided with respect to Beef and Pork salted in Ireland, and as if Tongues, Hams and Bacon had been mentioned in the faid recited Act.

extended to Tongues, Hams and Bicon falted in Ireland, &c.

CAP, LVIII.

An Act to allow the free Importation between Great Britain and Ireland of Home-made Chocolate; to prohibit the Importation of Foreign Chocolate into Ireland to long as the

fame shall be prohibited in Great Britain; and to grant certain Duties on Cocoa Nuts imported into Ireland.

[10th June 1811.] WHEREAS a Duty of Two Shillings is imposed by Law in Great Britain, for every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of ' Irish Cocoa, Cocoa Paste or Chocolate imported into Great Britain, and an equivalent Drawback of Two Shillings is allowed on Chocolate of the Manufacture of Great Britain exported to Ire-· land, but no Duty or Drawback whatever is imposed or allowed in Ireland on the Importation of Chocolate of the Manufacture of Great Britain, or on the Exportation to Great Britain of Chocolate of the Manufacture of Ireland: And whereas by the Laws in force in Great Britain the Importation of Chocolate from foreign Parts is prohibited in Great Britain: And whereas it is · desirable to allow a free Intercourse between Great Britain and ⁶ Ireland of Chocolate made in either Country, without Duty or ⁶ Drawback on the Import and Export thereof from the one Country to the other, and to prohibit the Import of Chocolate into Ireland from foreign Parts beyond the Sea, and that the Duties on Cocoa Nuts imported into Ireland should be affimilated to those in Great Britain; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from Duties and and after the paffing of this Act, all Duties imposed and payable Drawbacks on by virtue of any Act or Acts in force at the time of the passing of Chocolste of this Act upon Chocolate of the Manufacture of Ireland, or upon ture, &c. to Irilb Cocoa, Cocoa Paste, or Chocolate imported into Great Britain, cease. and all Drawbacks payable or allowable by virtue of any fuch Act or Acts on Chocolate of the Manufacture of Great Britain exported to Ireland, shall cease and determine and be no longer paid or pay-

Acts to the contrary notwithstanding. II. And whereas Chocolate not being of the Manufacture of None but Cho-6 Ireland is prohibited by Law from being imported into Great colate of British "Britain;" Be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing Manufacture to of this Act, and during such time as the Importation of foreign be imported into of this Act, and during such time as the Importation of foreign Chocolate shall be prohibited in Great Britain, it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons to import into Ireland any Chocolate whatever, except of the Manufacture of Great Britain; and that if any Person shall import or bring into any Part of Ireland any Chocolate not being of the Manufacture of Great Britain, all such Chocolate shall be forfeited and may be seized; any Act or Acts in · force at the time of the passing of this Act to the contrary netwith**ftanding**

able or allowed or allowable respectively; any thing in any Act or

III. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing Duties on Imof this Act, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto portation of and to the Ule of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for, upon Cocoa Nuts into and in respect of every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of Cocoa Nuts Ireland. imported into Ireland, the feveral and respective Sums and Duties of Customs following; that is to say,

Of Cocoa Nuts of the Growth or Produce of any British Colony Duties. or Plantation in America, imported into Ireland, the Sum of Two Shillings and Two Pence British Currency:

Of

Of Cocoa Nuts imported into Great Britain by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East India, and imported into Ireland according to Law, the Sum of Two Shillings and Four Pence British Currency:

Of all other Cocoa Nuts imported into Ireland, the Sum of Three

Shillings and Four Pence British Currency:

And so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity:

Which Duties shall be in lieu and full Satisfaction of all Duties paye able in Ireland upon the Importation of Cocoa Nuts under any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland immediately before the passing of this Act; and that, from and after the passing of this Act, upon the Exportation of Cocoa Nuts from Ireland a Drawback after the Rate of Two Shillings and Two Pence for every Pound Weight Avoirdupois thereof shall be paid and allowed, in like manner and under fuch Rules and Regulations as Drawbacks are payable in other cases; and that upon the Exportation from Ires land (except to Great Britain) of any Chocolate made in Ireland of Cocoa Nuts which shall have been imported into Ireland, and for which the above Duties shall have been paid, and which shall be duly exported as Merchandize to foreign Parts, there shall be paid and allowed a Bounty, in the nature of a Drawback, of Two Shillings British Currency for every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of any such Chocolate.

Duties and Drawbacks and Forfeitures how levied and paid.

Brawbacks.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the feveral Rates and Duties and Drawbacks hereby granted and allowed, and all Forfeitures by this Act imposed, shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, allowed and applied, and be recovered and recoverable in the same manner and under fuch Powers and Authorities, and by fuch ways and methods, and under fuch Rules and Directions as are appointed. directed and expressed for the raising, collecting, levying, paying, allowing and applying or recovering of Duties and Drawbacks payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandizes imported into and exported from Ireland respectively, and of all Forseitures in respect thereof in and by any Act or Acts in force in Iraland relating to the Revenue of Customs and Excise, or either of them, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purpoles as if the faid Powers and Authorities, Rules and Directions, Penalties and Forfeitures were herein expressed and enacted, with the like Remedy of Appeal to and from the Party or Parties aggrieved as in and by any such Act or Acts as aforesaid is given and provided.

CAP. LIX.

An Act for granting to His Majesty additional Duties of Excise on Wash and other Liquors used in the Distillation of Spirits; and on foreign Spirits imported. [10th June 1811.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,
To E Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament affembled, towards raising the Supplies to defray Your Majesty's necessary Expences, have freely and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto Your Majesty the several additional Rates and Duties of Excise hereinaster mentioned, and do therefore most humbly beseach Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and he it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent

fent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, . That there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, to and to the Duties on Wash Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, over and above all and Spirits. Duties already imposed for or in respect thereof by any Act or Acts of Parliament, the several additional Daties of Excise hereinaster mentioned; that is to fay,

For every Gallon of Wort or Wash brewed or made in England, Duties. for extracting Spirits for Home Confumption from any Malt, Corn, Grain or Tilts, or any Mixture with the fame, which shall not be actually distilled into Spirits on or before the Tenth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven; or brewed or made after that Day, an additional Duty of Four Pence Halfpenny:

For every Gallon English Wine Measure of Spirits of a Strength not exceeding that of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, made or distilled from Corn or Grain in Scotland, and brought from thence

into England, an additional Duty of Two Shillings:

For every Gallon English Wine Measure of all such Spirits as last aforesaid of a greater Strength than One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, and not exceeding Three per Centum, over and above One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, an additional Duty of Two Shillings; and also a surther additional Duty, proportioned to the Degree of Strength in which such Spirits shall exceed the said Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof:

For every Gallon English Wine Measure of all Wort or Wash brewed or made in any Part or Place in Scotland, other than the Highland Diffrict, for extracting Spirits for Consumption in Scot, land, from any Malt, Corn or Grain, which shall not be actually distilled into Spirits on or before the said Tenth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, or brewed or made after that

Day, an additional Duty of Four Pence:

For every Gallon English Wine Measure of all Wort or Wash brewed or made in the Highland District of Scotland, from Barley. Beer or Bigg, the Growth of the faid Highland District, or from Malt made from Oats or Barley, Beer or Bigg, the Growth of the faid Highlands, for extracting Spirits for Consumption in the said District, which shall not be actually distilled into Spirits on or before the said Tenth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, or brewed or made after that Day, an additional Duty of Three Pence Halfpenny:

For every Gallon English Wine Measure of Spirits of a Strength not exceeding that of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, and so in Proportion for any higher Degree of Strength made or diffilled from Corn or Grain in England, and imported or brought from thence into Scotland, an additional Countervailing Duty of Two Shillings

and Three Pence Farthing:

For every Gallon English Wine Measure of Spirits, Aqua Vite or Strong Waters, which shall be distilled or made in *Ireland* and imported into *Great Britain*, at a Strength not exceeding One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, an additional Countervailing Duty of One Shilling and Eleven Pence Three Farthings:

For and upon all fuch Spirits as last aforesaid, above the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, a Duty in proportion to the Last mentioned Duty; and for and upon all such of the said Spirits

as shall be sweetened or compounded a like Duty, computed upon · the highest Degree of Strength at which such Spirits can be made:

For all Rum, Brandy, Spirits, Aqua Vite or Strong Waters (except Rum the Produce of the British Plantations) imported into Great Britain, and for which the Duties chargeable thereon shall not have been paid on the Tenth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, or imported after that Day, an additional Duty of Twelve Pounds Ten Shillings per Centum upon the Produce and Amount of the several Duties of Excise imposed for or in respect thereof by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act.

Proviso for Wash made under Regulations of 28 G.3. €. 46. and 45 G. 3. c. 100; and for Spirits fecured in Warehouses under 42 G. 3. c. 132.

II. Provided always nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That no Wort or Wash which shall be brewed or made in that Part of Great Britain called England, under and according to the Rules, Regulations and Provisions of Two Acts, the one thereof made in the Twenty eighth, and the other thereof made in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for extracting Low Wines or Spirits for Exportation from thence to that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, or which shall be brewed or made in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, under and according to the Rules, Regulations and Provisions of the said last mentioned Acts for extracting Low Wines or Spirits for Exportation from thence to England, shall be charged or chargeable with any Duty or Duties by this Act imposed; nor shall any Rum, Brandy, Spirits, Aqua Vite or Strong Waters imported into Great Britain, and lodged and secured under the joint Locks of the Crown and the Merchant, in any Warehouse or Warehouses under the Rules, Regulations and Restrictions required and provided by an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, intituled, An All for permitting certain Goods imported into Great Britain, to be fecured in Warehouse without Payment of Duty, and which shall be taken out for Exportation according to the Rules, Regulations and Restrictions of the said last mentioned Act, without Payment of Duty, be charged or chargeable with any Duty or Duties by this Act imposed; any thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

Contents of Stills allowed in England in Diftilla-

Penalty. Exception.

III. And be it further enacted, That, during the Continuance of this Act, no Person or Persons shall, in that Part of Great Britain called England, make use of any Still of less Capacity or Content than Three thousand Gallons for the Extraction or Distillation of Low Wines or Spirits from Wort or Wash brewed or made from Malt, Corn or Grain, or from Melasses or Sugar, on Pain of Forfeiture for every such Offence the Sum of Two hundred Pounds: Provided always nevertheless, that no Person or Persons shall be subject or liable to the faid Penalty of Two hundred Pounds, for or by reason of his, her or their making or distilling Spirits in any Still of a Capacity or Content less than Three thousand Gallons, and which he, she or they shall, within Three Years immediately preceding the passing of this Act, have had in his, her or their entered Distillery, and which last mentioned Still shall have been by him, her or them, within fuch Three Years, used, employed and duly entered for the Distillation of Spirits from Sugar; any thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

Stiffs prefumed larly at Work

IV. And be it further enacted, That every Wash Still after the to be kept regu- working thereof shall be commenced and been begun for or in the Extraction

Extraction or Diffillation of Low Wines or Spirits from Wort or for Three Ca-Wash brewed or made from Malt, Corn or Grain, or from Mclasses, lendar Months. or Sugar, shall be presumed to be kept regularly in work for and in the Extraction and Distillation of Spirits, either from such Worts or Wash brewed or made from Malt, Corn or Grain, or from Melasses or Sugar, as the case may require, for the Space of Three Calendar Months successively at the least, to be computed from the Day of the actual Commencement of such Working thereof; and no Person or Persons who shall have begun to work any Wash Still for or in the Extraction or Distillation of Low Wines or Spirits. either from Wort or Wash, brewed or made from Malt, Corn or Grain, or from Wort or Wash, brewed or made from Melasses or Sugar, shall be at Liberty to discontinue or withdraw the Entry of any fuch Still after the working thereof shall have commenced and been begun, until the Expiration of the faid Term of Three Calendar

Months, to be computed as aforefaid.

V. And be it further enacted, That every entered Wash Still, Stills presumed belonging to any Distiller or Distillers, or Maker or Makers of Spirits to have been in that Part of Great Britain called England, for Home Confumption, charged with from Wort or Walh brewed or made from Malt, Corn or Grain, or Rates herein from Melasses or Sugar, as the case may require, during the time mentioued. the same shall be worked, shall be presumed to have been charged with Walh, brewed or made either from Malt, Corn or Grain, or from Melasses or Sugar, as the case may require, in the Proportion of Three Parts in Four of the Content or Capacity of fuch Still, including the Head thereof, according to the average Rates hereinafter expressed and specified; that is to say, For such time or times as such Wash Still shall be worked betwirt the Fifteenth Day of November inclusive, in any one Year, and the Fifteenth Day of May exclusive. in the next succeeding Year, every such Wash Still shall be presumed to have been charged with Wash, brewed or made from Malt, Cora or Grain, or from Melasses or Sugar, as the case may require, at the average Rate of Five Times in every Week at the least; and for such time or times as the same shall be worked betwirt the said Fifteenth Day of May inclusive in any one Year, and the Fifteenth Day of November exclusive in the same Year, every such Wash Still shall be presumed to have been charged with such Wash, as the case may require, at the average Rate of Four Times in every Week at the least; and that every entered Wash Still belonging to any Distiller or Distillers, or Maker or Makers of Spirits in that Part of Great Britain called England, for Home Consumption, from Wort or Wash, brewed or made from Malt, Corn or Grain, or from Melasses or Sugar during the time the same shall be worked. shall be prefumed to have been charged with fuch Wash, as the case may require, in the Proportion of Three Parts in Four, of the Content or Capacity of such Still, including the Head thereof, according to the respective average Rates aforesaid: Provided always nevertheless, If Erres in that if it shall at any time be made appear by sufficient Proof upon Amount of pre-Oath, to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Excise, or any Three or more of them in England, (the Sufficiency of such Proof being left to the Judgment of the said Commissioners) that the Different or the Amount of the angles of the produced arises rence or Excess in the Amount of the presumptive Charges of the from unavoid-Still, beyond the Quantity of Wort, Wash or other Liquor actually able Necessity. produced to the Sight of the Officer, was occasioned or shall have Rebes.

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Rates for Diftillers in Scotland for Home Contimption.

aries by unavoidable Necessity, and that all the Wort, Wash and other Liquor worked off at such Wash Still was bong fide produced to the Sight of the Officer, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Excise, and they are hereby required to grant to the Owner or Owners of such Wash Still, such Relief as shall in their Judgment be reasonable and just.

· VI. And be it further enacted, That the feveral and respective Duties by this or any former Act imposed, for or in respect of Spirits made or distilled in Scotland for Home Confumption, whether the faid Duties be imposed upon the Content or Capacity of the Still or upon the Quantity of Wash, brewed or made for the Extraction of Spirits or upon the Spirits distilled or computed to be distilled, shall be payable and paid by each and every Distiller at and after the following Rates; that is to fay, Every Distiller in the Lowlands of Scotland shall be charged with and pay at and after the Rate of Sixteen Gallons and a Half of Spirits of the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof for every One Hundred Gallons of Wort or Wash, by such Distiller brewed or made in the faid Lowlands, from Malt, Corn or Grain, for Confumption in Scotland; and every Diftiller in the Highlands of Scotland shall be charged with and pay at and after the Rate of Fifteen Gallons of Spirits of the Strength aforesaid for every One hundred Gallons of such Wort or Wash, by fach Diffiller brewed or made in the faid Highlands, from Malt, Corn or Grain, for Confumption in the faid Highlands; and every fuch Distiller shall have Credit, and be allowed Permits in manner following; that is to fay, for Sixteen Gallons and a Half of Spirits of the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, for every One hundred Gallons of fuch his, her or their Wort or Wash, from Malt, Corn or Grain, distilled in the said Lowlands; and for Fifteen Gallous of Spirits of the Strength aforefaid, for every One hundred Gallons of such his, her or their Wort or Wash, from Malt, Corn or Grain distilled in the said Highlands; any thing in this or any other Act of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

VII. And be it further enacted, That when and so soon as any Distiller in the Highlands of Scotland shall have brewed or made and distilled into Spirits, a Quantity of Wort or Wash from Malt. Barley, Beer or Bigg sufficient to produce Seventy five Gallons of Spirits of the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, for each and every Gallon of the full Content or Capacity of the Still or Stille specified or mentioned in the Licence in that Behalf granted to such Distiller in the said Highlands, computing Fifteen Gallons of such Spirits of the Strength aforesaid for every One hundred Gallons of such Wort or Wash, then and in every such Case, the Licence of such Distiller to make or distil Spirits from Malt, Barley, Beer or Bigg, in the said Highlands, shall cease and determine and be no

longer in force.

Dealer in Bootfand removing Spirits.

In what cafe

Licences to Diffillers in the

Highlands to

ceale.

VIII. And be it enacted, That no Dealer in Spirits, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall send out or remove from his or her Stock or Custody, nor shall any such Dealer or other Person in Scotland, receive into his or her Stock or Custody for Home Confumption, any British Spirits, unless the Permit or Permits accompanying the same shall truly express the Strength of all such Spirits at the time of the Removal thereof; and all Spirits so removed, sent out or received, unaccompanied with a true and lawful Permit or Pe

Permit to express the Strength. mits, expressing the Strength thereof, shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and each and every Person so sending out or receiving the same, shall, for each and every such Offence, forfest and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds, over and above all Penalty. other Penalties and Forfeitures, to which he or she is or may be liable in or by virtue of any-Act or Acts of Parliament in force at the time of passing this Ad; for or in respect of the sending out or removing of any Spirits whatfoever without a true and lawful Permit; any thing in this orlinary other Ast contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

IX. And be it further enacted, That every Officer of Excise in How often Scotland, having under his Survey the Stock or Stocks of any entered Officers of Ex-Dealer or Dealers in Spirits, shall, once in every Thirty Days at the to take Account heaft, or oftener if necessary, take an accurate and true Account of the of Stock of Quantity and Strength of all British Spirits in the Stock, Custody or Dealers. Possession of every such Dealer, and shall compute the same to the Excess Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof; and if after making Allowance for the Spirits for which Permits shall have been granted fince the last reckoning of the Stock of such Dealer, computing the same at the Strength aforesaid, it shall be found that the Quantity of Spirits remaining in the Possession of such Dealer shall exceed the Quantity for which he shall have Credit in the Books of the proper Officer, whether such Credit shall have arisen from what was on hand at the last preceding Reckoning, or from what may have been lawfully received subsequent thereto, each and every such Excels shall be deemed and taken to be Spirits received without Permit, and a Quantity of Spirits equal thereto shall and may be seized out of any Part of the Stock of such Dealer by any Officer or Officers of Excise, and the Dealer in whole Stock such Excels shall be found shall in respect thereof be subject and liable to all the Fines, Penalties and Penalty. Forfeitures, to which Persons receiving Spirits unaccompanied with a true and lawful Permit are or may be liable in or by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament.

X. And be it further enacted, That such of the additional Duties Duties under by this Act imposed as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called Commissioners England, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Ex- of Excite. cife in England for the time being; and such thereof as shall arise in that Part of Britain called Scotland shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland for the time being.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the faid feveral additional How Duties Duties by this Act imposed shall and may be respectively raised, levied, &c. levied, collected and paid in such and the like manner, and in or by any or either of the General or Special Means, Ways or Methods by which the former Duties of Excile, for or in respect of Goods, Wares, Merchandize or Commodities of the same Sorts or Kinds respectively, were or might be raifed, levied, collected and paid, and the Goods, Wares, Merchandize or Commodities, for or in respect whereof the said additional Duties respectively are by this Act imposed, shall be, and the fame are hereby made subject and liable to all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Reftrictions and Forfeitures, to which Goods, Wares, Merchandize or Commodities were generally or specially subject or liable by any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the Duties of Excise in force immediately before the passing of this Act; and all and every Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture of any Nature or

Kind whatever, committed against or in Breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament for securing the Duties of Excise, or any of them, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, in force immediately before the passing of this Act, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions, therein contained, shall and the same respectively are hereby directed and declared to extend to, and shall be respectively applied, practifed and put in Execution, for and in respect of the feveral additional Duties of Excise by this Act imposed, in as full and ample manner, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if all and every the faid Acts, Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Directions, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures, were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act.

SII. And whereas standing Contracts may have been made before

°C. 59.

the faid Tenth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, by licensed Distillers and Makers of Spirits, for British Spirits to be delivered after that Day; and standing Contracts may have been also made before that Day, by licensed Dealers in Spirits for foreign Spirits, for or in respect whereof an additional Duty is by this Act imposed, to be delivered after that Day; Be it therefore enacted. That all and every such licensed Distillers and Makers of Spirits, delivering such British Spirits after the said Tenth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall be allowed to add so much Money as will be equivalent to the additional Duties by this Act imposed, for or in respect of the Wort or Wash from whence fuch British Spirits were extracted or made, to the Price thereof, and shall be entitled by virtue of this Act to demand, recover and be paid the same accordingly; and all and every such licensed Dealers in Spirits, delivering such foreign Spirits after that Day, in pursuance of any fuch Contract, shall be allowed to add so much Money as will be equivalent to the additional Duties by this Act imposed, and which fuch Dealer or Dealers shall actually have paid for or in respect of fuch foreign Spirits, to the Price thereof, and shall be entitled by virtue of this Act to demand, recover and be paid the same accordingly.

Duty added to Spirits delivered under Contract made before May 10, 1811.

Application of

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Monies arising by the faid additional Duties (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted), shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, distinctly and apart from all other Branches of the publick Revenues; and that there shall be provided and kept, in the Office of the Auditor of the said Receipt of Exchequer, a Book or Books in which all the Monies arifing from the faid respective additional Duties and paid into the said Receipt as aforefaid, shall be entered separate and apart from all other Monies paid or payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, upon any Account whatever, and the faid Monies shall be deemed a permanent Increase to the publick Revenue of Great Britain, for the Purpose of defraying any increased Charge occasioned by any Loan made or Stock created by Authority of any Act passed or to be passed in the present Session of Parliament.

C.60.

CAP. LX.

An Act to repeal the Duties of Stamps on Hats made in Ireland, and on Licences to Persons to manufacture Hats, or to utter or vend Hats in Ireland, and all Regulations for fecuring the faid Duties. [10th June 1811.]

WHEREAS certain Duties of Stamps are payable on Hats made in Ireland, and on Licences to Persons to manufacture · Hats, and on Licences to Persons to utter or vend Hats in Ireland; and the Collection of fuch Duties is regulated by certain Acts of · Parliament in force in Ireland, and it is expedient that the faid Duties and Regulations should be repealed: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted: and be it enacted by the King's Moit Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, an Act made in the 43 G.3. c. 22. Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An AB repealed. for granting to His Majesty certain Duties on Licences to Persons felling Hats, and on Hats fold by Retail in Ireland; and also so much 47 G. 3. Seff. L. of an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's C. 50 in part Reign, intituled, An Att to repeal the several Duties under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties in Ireland, and to grant new and additional Duties in lieu thereof, and to amend the Laws relating to the Stamp Duties in Ireland, as imposes any Duty on any Licence to any Person so manufacturing any Hats or to utter or vend any Hats in any Place in Ireland; and also so much of an 46 G.3.c.64, Act made in the Forty fixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, in part intituled, An Aa to repeal the several Duties under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Duties upon Stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper in Ireland, and to grant new and additional Duties in lieu thereof, and to amend the Laws, relating to the Stamp Duties in Ireland, as authorizes the granting Licences to any Perlons to manufacture Hats or to fell Hats by Retail, or the receiving any Statements or the granting any Permits for removing Hats; and also so 47 G. 3. Seff. 2. much of an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present c. 14 in part Majesty's Reign, intituled, An All to repeal certain Duties of Excise, repealed. and also certain Stamp Duties in Ireland, and to grant certain new Stamp Duties in lieu thereof, and to amend the Laws relating to the Stamp Duties in Ireland, as imposes any Duty on any Hats uttered, vended or fold, by any Person or Persons in Ireland, or authorizes the granting of any Licence to fell Hats by Wholefale, or requires any Bond to be given by Persons licensed to manufacture or sell Hats, or by Persons importing Hats for Sale, or imposes any Penalties on Persons refusing or neglecting to enter into such Bond, or as requires any Permit or Permits for the Removal of Hats, shall be and the same are hereby repealed; and all such Duties shall, from and after the passing of this Act, cease and determine, and shall be no longer paid or payable; and the faid Regulations, or any Regulations for the like Purpose in any other Act or Acts for the Purpose of collecting or regulating the faid Duties, shall be no longer put in Effect; the faid recited Acts, or any thing in them or any of them, or in any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland, contained to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding,

C.61.

CAP. LXI.

An Act for charging the Sum of Seven millions five hundred thousand Pounds, raised for the Service of Great Britain, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven, upon the Duties granted to His Majesty during the Continuance of the present War, and for certain Periods after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace.

fioth June 1811.]

whereas

HEREAS it is expedient that the Loan raised for the Service of Great Britain for the present Year, should be charged upon the several Duties granted to His Majesty during the Continuance of the present War, and until certain Periods after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, except the Duties granted by an Act of the Forty fixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, An A& for granting to His Majesty during the present War, and until the Sixth Day of April next after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, further additional Rates and Duties in Great Britain, on the Rates and Duties on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trudes and Offices; and for repealing an A& passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for repealing certain Parts of an Ad made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, for granting a Contribution on the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices; and to consolidate and render more effectual the Provisions for collecting the said Duties: And whereas the feveral Duties of Excise granted to His Majesty by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Att for granting to His Majesty, until Twelve Months after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty of Peace, certain additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain; and by another Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, An Att for granting to His Majelly, until Twelve Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, additional Duties of Excise on Tobacco and Snuff, were, by an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Ad for charging the Sum of Twelve millions, Part of the Loan of Twelve millions two hundred thousand Pounds, raised for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven, upon the Duties of Customs and Excise granted to His Majesty during the Continuance of the present War, and for certain Periods after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, and for providing a Sinking Fund for the Redemption of the Stocks or Funds thereby created, and by another Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of His

present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An All for charging the Sum of Eleven millions raifed for the Service of Great Britain, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine, and the Sum of Seven millions inine bundred and thirty two thousand one hundred Pounds in Exche-' quer Bills, funded pursuant to an A& of this Seshon of Parliament, upon the Duties granted to His Majesty during the Continuance of the prefent War, and for certain Periods after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, further granted and continued for such further Term or Terms, and in such Proportions, after the Expiration of the said Period, as are directed in the said recited Acts: And

15 G. 3. c.65.

😘 G. 3. c. 81.

46 G. 3. c. 39.

47 G. 3. Seff. 1. 6 C 55.

49 G. 3. c. 92.

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whereas an Act was made in the Forty feventh Year of the Reign 47 G. 3. Seff. 1. of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for granting to His Mujeky,

· until Twelve Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of · Peace, certain additional Duties of Excise on Brandy in Great Bri-

* tain: And whereas for making an effectual Provision for defraying

the Charge occasioned by the faid Loan of Seven millions five hun-• dred thousand Pounds, it is expedient that the Duties of Excise

granted by the faid Acts of the Forty third, Forty fixth and Forty

· seventh Years of His present Majesty's Reign, should be further

continued for such limited Term, and in such Proportions and Manner as in this Act is directed; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this prefent Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Duties of Excise faid feveral Duties of Excise shall be and the same are hereby further continued.

continued, and shall be payable to and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for such further Term or Terms, and in fuch Proportions after the Expiration of the faid Periods, and in

fuch manner as hereinafter is directed concerning the fame.

II. And be it further enacted, That, in order to defray the Charge Appropriation of occasioned by the Sum of Seven millions five hundred thousand 466,00cl. Pounds, Part of the Loan of Twelve millions, contracted to be yearly, out of mild for the Sarvice of the present Year, there shall, during the Produce of Duraifed for the Service of the present Year, there shall, during the Continuance of the present War, and until Six Months after the Ra- War, tification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, be fet apart at the Receipt of Exchequer in England, and appropriated to the Confolidated Fund of Great Britain, quarterly or otherwise, as the faid Charge may from time to time be incurred or become due, out of the Produce of any of the Duties granted to His Majesty during the Con-Einuance of the present War, and until certain Periods after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, which may from time to time be remaining in the Exchequer, except the Duties granted by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesby's 46 G. 3. c. 65. Reign, intituled, An AB for granting to His Majesty during the pre-fent War, and until the Sixth Day of April next after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, further additional Rates and Duties in Great Britain, on the Rates and Duties on Profits arifing from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices; and for repealing an Ast puffed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for repealing cortain Parts of an All made in the Forty third Year of His present Majeffy, for granting a Contribution on the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices; and to consolidate and render more effectual the Provisions for collecting the faid Daties; notwithstanding any other Appropriation of the faid Duties by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, but subject to the Charge created thereon by the faid recited Acts passed in the Forty seventh and Forty ninth 47 G. 3. Sess. 1. Years of His present Majesty, the clear annual Sum of Four hun- c.55. dred and fixty fix thousand Pounds, which annual Sum shall be deemed 49 G. 3. c. 92an Addition made to the Confolidated Fund of Great Britain, for the Purpose of defraying the increased Charge occasioned by any Act or Acts passed or to be passed in the present Session of Parliament, in respect of the said Sum of Seven millions five hundred thousand Pounds, Part of the faid Loan of Twelve millions granted for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven.

In what case
Duties of Excise
continued.

III. And be it further enacted, That if no other Provision shall have been made by Parliament for defraying the annual Charge occafioned by the faid Sum of Seven millions five hundred thousand Pounds, from and after the Expiration of the faid Period of Six Months from and after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, the Duties of Excise granted or continued to His Majesty by the above recited Acts, or so much and such Part or Parts or Proportions thereof respectively, as shall not previously have been repealed or discontinued by any Act or Acts of Parliament, shall thenceforth be further continued, and be payable to and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; and so much thereof as shall amount to the Sum of Four hundred and fixty fix thousand Pounds, shall be deemed an Addition made to the Revenue, for the Purpose of defraying the increased Charge occasioned by the said Sum of Seven millions five hundred thousand Pounds, until some other Provision shall be made by Parliament for defraying the faid Charges; and in case there shall be any Remainder of the Monies arising by the said Duties, after defraying the faid Charges, fuch Remainder or Surplus shall, until the fame shall be discontinued, or specially appropriated by Parliament, be applicable, and may be applied to fuch Uses and Purposes as the Monies composing the Consolidated Fund may by Law be applied.

Certain Powers of Acts continued in force. IV. And be it further enacted, That the several Clauses, Powers, Provisions, Directions, Fines, Pains, Penalties and Forseitures, in any Act or Acts of Parliament contained, in relation to the said several Duties of Excise thereby respectively granted, and the Drawbacks or Bounties of Excise allowed thereon respectively, shall remain and continue in force, and be respectively applied, practised and put in Execution, in respect of the said several Duties, Drawbacks and Bounties respectively, or such Parts or Proportion thereof respectively, as shall from time to time be continued by virtue of this Act, in as suffly and ample a manner, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if the said Clauses, Powers, Provisions, Directions, Fines, Pains, Penalties and Forseitures were respectively repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

Forging Certificates or Orders. V. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited, or shall wilfully aid or affist in the forging or counterfeiting any Certificate or Certificates, Order or Orders, made forth by virtue of this Act, or alter any Number, Figure or Word therein, or present for Payment, utter, vend, barter or dispose of any such forged, counterfeited or altered Certificate or Certificates, Order or Orders, knowing the same to be forged, counterfeited or altered, then and in every such case, all and every such Person and Persons being thereof convicted in due Form of Law, shall be adjudged a Felon, and shall suffer Death as in cases of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

Death,

CAP. LXII.

An Act to permit Rum and other Spirits, the Produce of the British Colonies in the West Indies, to be imported into Nova. Scotia and New Brunswick, and the Islands of Cape Breton, Prince Edward and Newfoundland, from the Island of Bermuda. [10th June 1811.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to extend to the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, the Island of Cape Breton, · Prince Edward's Island and the Island of Newfoundland, the Prowisions of an Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of 49 G. 3. 6.16. . His present Majesty, intituled, An All to allow the Importation of . Rum and other Spirits from the Island of Bermuda into the Province of Lower Canada without Payment of Duty, on the same Terms and "Conditions as fuch Importation may be made direally from His Majesty's Sugar Colonies in the West Indies; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from At what Duty and after the paffing of this Act, any Rum or other Spirits being the Rum exported Produce or Manufacture of any of His Majesty's Sugar Colonies in into Nova Scotis, the West Indies, legally and directly imported into the Island of Ber- &c. muda from His Majesty's Sugar Colonies in the West Indies, may be exported from thence into the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, the Island of Cape Breton, Prince Edward's Island and the Island of Newfoundland, and landed and admitted to an Entry upon Payment of the same Rate of Duty as if the same had been imported directly from any of His Majesty's Sugar Colonies in the West Indies.

II. And be it further enacted, That under the Conditions and Under Condi-Restrictions contained in an Act passed in the Twenty eighth Year tions of 28 G. 3. of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An All to allow the into Nova Scotia, Importation of Rum or other Spirits from His Majesty's Colonies or without Duty. Plantations in the West Indies into the Province of Quebec without Payment of Duty, under certain Conditions and Refrictions, Rum and other Spirits, exported as before mentioned from Bermuda, may be imported into the faid Provinces and Islands, without Payment of Duty, in the same manner as if such Rum or other Spirits had been imported directly from any of the faid Sugar Colonies.

III. And, to prevent the Importation of foreign Rum and Spirits Fraud in Iminto any of the British Colonies in North America, under Pretence portation. that the same are the Produce or Manufacture of His Majesty's Sugar Affidavits Colonies, be it enacted, That every Person or Persons loading on board any Ship or Vessel in the said Island of Bermuda any Rum or Collector, who Spirits as of the Produce or Manufacture of His Majesty's Sugar shall give Certi-Colonies legally imported into that Island, shall, before the clearing ficate of Conout of the faid Ship or Veffel, produce and deliver to the Collector or tents and Packother Principal Officer of the Customs at the loading Port his or their ages. Affidavit, or that of his or their Agent or Factor, figned and fworn to before some Justice of the Peace in the said Island of Bermuda, expressing in Words at Length, and not in Figures, the Number and Content or Contents of the Cask or other Packages containing the Rum or other Spirits, from what Colony or Plantation the same were imported, by whom, and the time when fuch Importation took place, M 3

which Affidavit shall be attested by the Hand of the said Justice of the Peace to have been fworn to in his Presence, who is hereby required to do the same without Fee or Reward; and the Collector or other Principal Officer of the Customs to whom such Affidavit shall be delivered, shall thereupon grant to the Master or other Person having the Charge or Command of the Ship or Vessel in which the fame shall be laden, a Certificate under his Hand and Seal of Office (without Fee or Reward) of his having received such Affidavit purfuant to the Directions of this Act; and that it thereby appeared that such Rum or other Spirits was or were legally imported into the faid Island as of the Produce or Manufacture of His Majesty's Sugar Colonies, and fuch Certificate shall also express the Number and Content or Contents of the Cask or other Packages containing the Rum or other Spirits so shipped on board such Ship or Vessel.

Such Certificate to be delivered to Collector at Port of Importation, &c.

. 2 .

IV. And be it further enacted, That upon the Arrival of fuch Ship or Vessel at the Port of her Discharge in any of the said Provinces or Islands, the Master or other Person having the Charge or Command of the faid Ship or Veffel shall, at the time of making the Report of his Cargo, deliver the faid Certificate to the Collector or other Principal Officer of the Customs of such Port, and make Oath before him (and which he is hereby authorized and required to administer) that the Rum or other Spirits so reported are the same that are mentioned and referred to in the faid Certificate; and if any Rum or other Spirits shall be imported or found on board any such Ship or Vessel for which no Certificate shall be produced, or which shall not agree therewith, the same shall be deemed and taken to be foreign Rum and Spirits, and shall be subject and liable to the same Duties, Restrictions, Regulations, Penalties and Forfeitures in all respects, as Rum or other Spirits of the Produce or Manufacture of any foreign Colony or Plantation would be subject and liable to by Law.

CAP. LXIII.

An Act to authorize the Punishment, by Confinement and hard Labour, of Persons in Ireland liable to Transportation; and to repeal so much of a former Act as relates to that Subject. [10th June 1811.]

17 & 18 G. 3. (L) c. 9. § 1.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, passed in Ireland in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Years of His Majesty's Reign intituled, An All to authorize for a limited Time the Punishment by hard Labour of Offenders who for certain Crimes are or shall become Itiable to be transported to any of His Majesty's Colonies and Plantations, it was, amongst other things, enacted, that where any Person fhould be convicted of any Offence for which he or the should be · liable by Law to Transportation, it should be lawful for the Court in place of Transportation to order that such Person should be sent to some Place of Confinement, to be there kept to hard Labour in manner in faid Act provided: And whereas the faid Act has been fince made perpetual: And whereas the Provisions of the faid Act in that respect have been found ineffectual; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, In part repealed. That, so much of the said Act as relates to the ordering or adjudging

[40 G. 3. (I.). <u>e. 96. § 8.]</u>

any fuch Convict or any Convict to labour in any fuch Place of Confinement, and all and every Clause and Provision in faid Act relating thereto, be and the same are hereby repealed, save only so far as relates to any Sentence, Order or Adjudication passed or made before the passing of this Act, or the Provisions necessary for carrying the fame into Execution.

II And be it further enacted, That where any Person shall, at any Crimes punish-Seffion of Oyer and Terminer or Gaol Delivery, or at any Quarter of able by Transother General Sessions of the Peace for any County, City, Town of portation may be Place in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, be lawfully punished by Confinement in convicted of any Crime for which he or she shall be liable by Law to some House of Transportation, it shall be lawful for the Court before which such Correction, &c. Offender shall be so convicted, or any Court held for the same Place, and with like Authority, if such Court shall think fit, in the Place of fuch Punishment by Transportation, to order and adjudge that such Person shall be sent to some House of Correction or Penitentiary within the faid County, City, Town or Place to be appointed in and by such Order, there to be kept to hard Labour for such time or for fuch Term or Number of Years as fuch Court shall appoint, provided that the same shall in no case be more than Seven Years: Provided Proviso. always, that it shall be lawful for the Court before which any Offender or Offenders shall be so convicted, to order such Offender to be whipped or imprisoned for any time less than One Year, or to suffer fuch other Corporal Punishment as fuch Offenders are liable to, and as may be inflicted on such Offenders by Law; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That when any Offenders shall be In what case ordered to be kept to hard Labour in manner aforefaid, the Clerk Clerk of the of the Peace, or other Clerk of the Court, by whom such Order shall Peace, &c. to be made, shall give to the Sheriff or Gaoler, having the Custody of certify Punish-fuch Offender, a Certificate in Writing under his Hand, containing or Gaoler, with an Account of the Christian Name, Surname and Age of such Of other Partifender, of his or her Offence, of the Court before whom he or the was culars. convicted, and of the Term for which he or she shall have been fo ordered to hard Labour; and the Sheriff or Gaoler shall, with all convenient Speed after the making of any fuch Order, and receiving of such Certificate, convey such Offender, or cause him or her to be conveyed to the proper House of Correction or Penitentiary, and deliver such Offender, or cause him or her to be delivered, together with the faid Certificate, into the Custody of the Master or Keeper' of such House of Correction; and the Person and Persons to whom fuch Offender shall be so delivered, shall give a proper Receipt in ! Writing under his or their Hand or Hands, which shall be a sufficient Discharge to the Sheriff, Gaoler or other Person so delivering any fuch Offender.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Expences incurred by any Expence paid by Sheriff or Gaoler, in the Conveyance of any such Offender as aforesaid, County. shall be paid by the County, City, Town or Place for which the Court ordering fuch Pumishment by hard Labour instead of Transportation shall be held, and the Sheriff or Gaoler shall receive the Money due for such Expences from the Treasurer of such County, City, Town or Place, by Order of the Justices of the Peace thereof at their Quarterly or other General Sessions, who are hereby required to make such Order accordingly, and the same shall be presented by

the Grand Jury of fuch County, City or Town, at the next Affizes

or presenting Term therein.

Aiding Rescue of Offenders.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall rescue any Offender who by force of this Act shall be ordered to hard Labour in any House of Correction or Penitentiary as aforesaid, either in his Conveyance to the Place so appointed for such hard Labour, or whilst fuch Offender under this Act shall be in the Custody of the Person or Persons appointed for that Purpose, or if any Person shall be aiding or affifting in such Rescue, or if any Person not having the actual Custody of any fuch Offender shall be aiding and affisting in any Escape, or shall by supplying Arms or Instruments of Disguise or Escape, or otherwise in any manner be aiding and affifting in the Attempt to make any fuch Escape, though no such Escape shall be made, every such Person, on being convicted of such Offence by Indictment before any Court of Over and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery held in and for the Place where such Offence shall be committed, shall be by such Court adjudged and ordered to the same Portion of hard Labour in some House of Correction as the Person rescued or escaped, or attempted to be aided in any Escape, had to serve or suffer at the time of such Rescue, Escape or Attempt of an Escape.

Punishment.

Offenders escaping liable to further Punishment.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall be so ordered to hard Labour as aforesaid, shall at any time during the Term for which he or she shall be so ordered to hard Labour break Prison, or escape from the Place of his or her Consinement, or from the Person or Persons having the lawful Custody of such Offender, he or she so breaking Prison, or escaping, shall on Conviction for the first Escape be punished by doubling the Term of the Service and hard Labour to which he or she was liable at the time of such Escape; and on Conviction for a Second Escape be adjudged guilty of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy, and suffer Death accordingly.

Mode of proceeding to Conviction in such Case.

VII. And, to the intent that such Conviction or Convictions may be had with as little Trouble and Expence as possible, be it further enacted, That every Offender or Offenders escaping in manner aforesaid may and shall be tried before the Justices of Assize, Oyer and Terminer or Gaol Delivery for the County, City or Place, where he, she or they shall be apprehended and taken, and that the Clerk, of the Peace where such Order of Confinement and hard Labour shall be made, and his Successor for the time being shall, at the Request of the Prosecutor or any other in His Majesty's Behalf, certify a Transcript briefly, and in few Words, containing the Effect of every Indicament and Conviction of fuch Person, and of the Order made for his or her Confinement and hard Labour to the Justices of Affize, Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, where such Person shall be indicted for any such Escape, not taking for the same above the Sum of Two Shillings and Six Pence, which Certificate being produced in Court, shall be a sufficient Proof that such Person or Persons have before been convicted and ordered to such Place of Confinement and hard Labour.

Fees.

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That such Clerk of the Peace and the Sheriff or Gaoler be paid by the Treasurer of the County, City, Town or Place, the like Satisfaction as hath been usually paid for the Order of Transportation of any Offender.

Offenders kept feparate.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Offender or Offenders who shall by virtue of this Act be directed to be confined

and kept to hard Labour, shall in such House of Correction be kept separate from, and shall not be permitted or suffered to intermix with any Person or Persons confined for any Offence not making the Person or Persons having committed the same subject to a Sentence

of Transportation.

. X. And be it further enacted, That the Overseers or Keepers Returns of Os. of the several Houses of Correction, or Penitentiaries in which any funders to Prisoner so sentenced to hard Labour shall be confined, shall from Judger and time to time make Returns, specifying the Names of all and every Justices. the Person or Persons who shall be so committed to their Custody, the Offences of which they shall have been guilty, the Court before which each Person was convicted, the Sentence of the Court, the Age, bodily State and Behaviour of every fuch Convict, while in Custody, and also the Names of all and every the Person or Persons who shall have died under fuch Custody, or shall have escaped from such Place of Confinement, or shall have been released from thence, (specifying the Mode of fuch Release), such Returns to be made to the Justices of Assize at each Assizes, and to the Justices of Peace at each Quarter or other General Session of the Peace for the County, City or Place within which such Place of Confinement shall be situate, and that every fuch Return shall be verified on the Oath of the Person making the same, such Oath to be made before the Court into which the Return shall be delivered.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every Offender who shall be offenders on delivered to be kept to hard Labour in manner aforefaid, shall at being restored to the End of the Term of fuch Service, and upon being restored to Liberty to re-Liberty, receive from the Keeper of fuch Houle of Correction fuch Clarking Sum of Money not being less than Forty Shillings, nor more than Five Pounds, together with such decent Clothing as the Court into which such Return shall be made as aforesaid shall appoint; and if any fuch Offender, whilst confined to hard Labour in manner aforefaid, shall by Industry and other good Behaviour, shew such Signs of Reformation as shall induce the said Court to recommend him as an Object of Mercy to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being; and it shall be Time of Conthereupon fignified by a Letter from fuch Secretary to the Keeper of finement may be fuch House of Correction or Penitentiary, that the Lord Lieutenant shortened. or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time thinks or think fit, in confideration of fuch good Behaviour, to shorten the Duration of fuch Offender's Term, fuch Offender shall be accordingly fet at Liberty at the time mentioned in fuch Letter, and shall receive a Sum of Money from fuch Keeper, and Clothing, in the same manner as if he or she had served the whole of the Term for which he or or she was adjudged to serve.

XII. And be it further enacted, That such Keeper shall receive County to pay fuch Sum of Money, and the reasonable Price of such Clothing so given Expences of by him as aforesaid from the Treasurer of the County, City or Town, Clothing. by Order of the Justices of the Peace thereof, at their Quarterly or other General Sessions, who are hereby required to make such Order accordingly, and the same shall be presented by the Grand Jury of fuch County, City or Town, at the next Affizes or prefenting Term.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Suit or Action shall General Islae. be profecuted against any Person or Persons for any thing done in purluance of this Act, fuch Person or Persons may plead the General

Treble Calls.

Issue, and give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done by the Authority of this Act; and if a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintist or Plaintist shall become Nonsnit, or discontinue his, her or their Actions after Issue joined, or is, on Demurrer or otherwise, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintist or Plaintist, the Defendant or Defendants shall recover Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same as any Defendants have by Law in other cases; and though a Verdict shall be given to any Plaintist in any such Action or Suit as aforesaid, such Plaintist shall not have Costs against the Desendant, unless the Judge before whom the Trial shall be shall certify his Approbation of the Verdict.

Limitation of

XIV. And be it further enacted, That all Actions, Suits and Profecutions to be commenced against the Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, shall be laid and tried in the County or Place where the Fact was committed, and shall be commenced within Six Months after the Fact committed and not otherwise.

Offenders may be removed from One Houfe of Correction to another, XV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to order that any such Offender be removed to any other House of Correction or Penitentiary in Ireland, and there kept to hard Labour for any Term not exceeding the Term of Consinement which shall then remain unexpired, under the Order by virtue of which such Offender shall be then so consined, and also to order at any time during the said Term, that such Offender shall be sent back to such sormer House of Correction or Penitentiary for the Residue of such time; any thing in this or any other Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. LXIV.

An Act to enable the East India Company to raise a further Sum of Money upon Bond, instead of increasing their Capital Stock; and to alter and amend an Act, passed in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, relative thereto.

[10th June 1811.]

37 G. 3. c. 31.

of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Att to enable the East India Company to raise Money for further increasing their Capital Stock, and to extend the Provisions now existing respecting the present Stock of the Company to the said increased Stock, after reciting, that the Affairs of the United Company of Merchants of England required a permanent Advance of a considerable Sum of Money beyond what the said Company could raise under the Powers then vested in them by Law, the said United Company are authorized and empowered to raise Money for enlarging their then Capital Stock or Fund of Six Millions of Pounds, to any Sum or Sums not exceeding the further Sum of Two Millions Capital Stock, so that their whole Capital Stock should not exceed the Capital Sum of Eight Millions: And whereas by an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His said

47 G. 3. Seff. 2. C. 41. § I.

Majesty, intituled, An Act to enable the East India Company to raise Money upon Bond, instead of increasing their Capital Stock, the said.
Company

C 64.

Company are authorized to borrow, upon Bonds to be iffued under their Common Seal, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Two Millions Sterling, over and above fuch Sum and Sums of Money as the faid Company could then · lawfully raife on their Bonds, and to apply the Money to to be borrowed and raifed, for fuch Purpoles as under and by virtue of the faid Act of the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, the Money to be raised by enlarging the Capital Stock f of the faid Company was applicable; and by the faid Act of the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, it is provided, that when the faid Company should have raised any Part of the Money which they were thereby authorized to raise by Bond, then and fo long as fuch further Bond Debt, or any Part thereof, should continue, all the Money thereafter to be raised by enlarging the Capital Stock of the faid United Company, under. and by virtue of the said Act passed in the Thirty seventh Year. of the Reign of His faid Majesty, should be applied towards the f Reduction of the Bond Debt of the faid United Company, until it should be reduced to the Sum which the faid Company might then lawfully raise by Bond; and in case the said Company should enlarge their Capital Stock, under and by virtue of the faid Act passed in the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, before they should have increased their Boud Debt under f the Authority of the Act now in recital, that then the Sum which they were thereby empowered to raife on Bond, should be reduced by the Sum of Two hundred Pounds Sterling in respect of every One hundred Pounds Capital Stock fo enlarged, and 6 so in Proportion for a greater or less Amount of Capital Stock which should have been created: And whereas a considerable Part f of the Debt secured by the Engagement of the said Company in the East Indies, and which was incurred by reason of territorial and political Expences in that Country, has lately been discharged in India, by means of Bills drawn by the Governments of the faid Company in the East Indies upon their Court of Directors in Lon-" don; and thereby it has become necessary for the said Company to provide in this Country a much larger Sum of Money than in the ordinary Course of their Transactions can arise from the Sales of their Goods and the ordinary Receipts and Means of the faid 6 Company: And whereas the faid United Company have not yet s increased their Capital Stock, under and by virtue of the Powers contained in the faid first mentioned Act; and it is expedient that the Power of the faid United Company to raife Money upon their ! Bonds should be enlarged, so that they may be enabled either to raise a further Sum by Bond, or by Increase of their Capital Stock: therefore, that the Provision in the faid last recited Act, as to the Application of the Money to be raifed by increasing the Capital 'Stock of the faid Company, and as to the Reduction of the " Power of the faid Company to increase their Bond Debt in a ' certain case, should be repealed, and that other Provisions should be made in respect thereof: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Molt Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That it shall Company

and may borrow a

further Sum of Money upon Bonds.

and may be lawful to and for the said Company, by and with the Approbation and Confent of the Board of Commissioners for the Affairs of India for the time being, at any time or times hereafter, to borrow upon Bonds to be iffued under their Common Seal, any further Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Two Millions Sterling, over and above fuch Sum and Sums as the faid Company can now lawfully raise on their Bonds, and to apply the Money so to be borrowed and raised for such Purposes, as under and by virtue of the said Act of the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign of His faid Majesty, the Money to be raised by enlarging the Capital Stock of the faid Company is applicable; any thing contained in the faid recited Act or any other Act notwithstanding.

c. 41. § 2.

II. And he it further enacted, That so much of the said Act of 47 G. 3. Seff. 2. the Forty feventh Year of the Reign of His present Majetty, 28 provides that all the Money to be raifed by enlarging the Capital Stock of the faid Company as therein mentioned, should be applied towards the Reduction of the Bond Debt of the faid United Company, until it should be so reduced to the Sum which the said Company might then lawfully raise by Bond, and as provides that in case the faid Company should enlarge their Capital Stock, then that the Sum which they were thereby empowered to raife by Bond should be reduced, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

repealed. After raising 4.000,0001 Company re-Arained from raising further Money on Bond.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That when the faid United Company shall have raised under and by virtue of the said Act of the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and of the said Act of the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and of this Act, such Sums of Money as together shall amount to the Sum of Four millions Sterling, then and from thenceforth it shall not be lawful for the said Company to raise any further Sum of Money upon Bond; and all Money which from thenceforth shall be raised by Increase of Capital Stock, under and by virtue of the faid first mentioned Act, shall be applied in Discharge of the faid Bond Debt, until the faid Bond Debt, created by virtue of the said Act of the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His Majesty, or this Act, together with the Money to be raised by Increase of Capital as aforesaid, shall be reduced to the Sum of Four millions Sterling.

IV. And whereas Bonds issued under the Common Seal of the 6 faid United Company, for Money borrowed by them by virtue of the Powers enabling them to borrow Money upon Bond, have usually been entered into, and have been expressed to have been " made payable to the Person who for the time being has been the Treasurer of the said United Company, or his Assigns, and upon his Indorsement thereof, they have been fold and passed from one ' Person to another, by Delivery of the Possession thereof; and it is expedient that a legal Effect should be given to such Mode of Transfer of the Property in the faid Bonds, and the Money secured thereby; Be it therefore further enacted, That all Bonds issued, or to be iffued, under the Common Seal of the faid United Company, by virtue of any Power by which they have been, are, or hereafter may be authorized to borrow Money upon their Bonds, shall be assignable and transferrable by Delivery of the Possession thereof; and upon every such Assignment or Transfer, the Money secured by the Bond so assigned or transferred, and due, and to become due thereon, and

Bonds iffued by Company under their Common Seal shall be transferrable, &c.

and the Property in fuch Bond, shall be absolutely vested as well at Law as in Equity, in the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick and Corporate, to whom the same shall be so assigned or transferred, and the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick and Corporate, to whom any fuch Bond shall be so assigned and transferred, and his, her or their Executors, Administrators and Succeffors respectively, shall and may maintain his, her or their Action for the Principal and Interest secured thereby, and due thereon, or otherwise relating thereto, in like manner as the Obligee or Obligees named in any fuch Bond, or his, her or their Executors, Administrators or Succeffors, may now maintain any Action thereon; and in every such Action the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall recover his, her or their Debt, Damages and Costs of Suit; and if any such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be nonsuited, or a Verdict be given against him, her or them, the Defendant or Defendants shall recover his, her or their Costs against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, and every such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, Defendant or Defendants respectively recovering, may sue out Execution for such Debt, Damages and Costs by Capias, Fieri facias or Elegit.

VI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed Publick Act. and taken to be a Publick Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as fuch by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially

pleaded.

CAP. LXV.

An Act to explain and amend an Act passed in the Thirty ninth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for the more effectual Suppression of Societies established for seditious and treasonable Purposes, and for better preventing treasonable and seditious Practices, so far as respects certain Penalties on Printers and Publishers. [10th June 1811,]

HEREAS an Act was passed in the Thirty ninth Year of 39 G. 3. c. 79. His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An A& for the more \$ 27.35. effectual Suppression of Societies established for seditious and treasonable Purposes, and for better preventing treasonable and seditions " Practices: And whereas, in and by the Twenty seventh and Thirty ' fifth Sections of the faid Act, certain Provisions were made, that every Person who should print any Paper or Book, or publish or disperse, or affilt in publishing or dispersing, any printed Paper or Book, without the Name and Place of Abode of the Printer being printed on such Paper or Book, in such manner as by the said Act is specified, should forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every Copy of such Paper so published or dispersed by him; to be recovered before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, for the County, Stewartry, Riding, City, Town or Place, in which fuch ' Penalty should be incurred: And whereas there is not in the said · Act any Provision authorizing such Justice or Justices to mitigate ' the Penalties thereby incurred, or enabling the Party to appeal from any Conviction by or Judgment of such Justice or Justices: And whereas divers Books and Papers have fince been printed by feveral Persons, who, through Inadvertency or Mistake, have neglected to comply with the Provisions of the said Act, and such Persons have • thereby

Section of the said Act.

 thereby become liable to be fued and profecuted for Penalties to a valt Amount, although such Books and Papers were not of an 'evil or feditious Tendency: And whereas it is expedient to limit the Amount of Penalties imposed by the said Act; and to enable Magistrates to mitigate the Penalties in such cases as shall appear to them expedient; and also to give the Party, who may be ag-' grieved by a Conviction under such Act, a Power of appealing from 5 the same; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That nothing in the Twenty feventh Section of the faid Act contained shall extend to make any Person or Persons offending against the same, liable to more than Twenty five Forfeitures or Penalties for printing or publishing, or dispersing, or assisting in publishing or dispersing, any Number of Copies of one and the same Paper or Book, contrary to the said

Printing Papers er Books contrary to recited Act.

Penalties.

Juffices may mitigate Penal-

II. And be it further enacted, That if any Justice or other Magistrate before whom any Person shall be convicted of any Offence or Offences against the Provisions of the before mentioned Act, shall fee cause to mitigate such Penalty or Penalties, it shall be lawful for fuch Justice or other Magistrate to mitigate or lessen the same to any Sum not less than Five Pounds over and above all reasonable Costs and Charges expended or incurred in the Profecution.

'III. And whereas Doubts have arisen whether the Provisions contained in the faid Act may not be confidered as extending to Notes and Polt Bills of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and to Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes, Bonds and other Securities for Payment of Money, Bills of Lading, Po-· licies of Insurance, Letters of Attorney, Transfers or Assignments of Public Stocks, Funds and other Securities, and to Dividend Warrants, Receipts for Money or Goods, Deeds or other Inftruments, Proceedings in the Courts of Law and Equity, and other Inferior Courts, Warrants, Orders and other Papers, printed by the 4 Authority of any Public Board or Public Officer in the Execution of the Duties of their respective Offices, many of which Securities, Instruments, Proceedings and other Matters aforesaid, are " usually wholly or in part printed; Be it therefore hereby declared dence of Printers and enacted, That nothing in the faid recited Act or in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to require the Name he put to Bark and Residence of the Printer to be printed upon any such Bank Note, Notes, Bills, Ac. Bank Post Bill, Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note, or upon any Bond or other Security for Payment of Money, or upon any Bill of Lading, Policy of Infurance, Letter of Attorney, Deed or Agree-Public Board or thent, or upon any Transfer or Assignment of any Public Stocks, Funds or other Securities, or upon any Transfer or Assignment of the Stocks of any Public Corporation or Company, authorized or fanctioned by Act of Parliament, or upon any Dividend Warrant of or for any fuch Public or other Stocks, Funds or Securities, or upon any Receipt for Money or Goods, or upon any Proceeding in any Court of Law or Equity, or in any Inferior Court, Warrant, Order or other Papers printed by the Authority of any Public Board or Public Officer in the Execution of the Duties of their respective Offices, notwithstanding the whole or any Part of the said several Securities.

Name and Refinot required to or to any Paper printed by Authority of any Public Office.

Securities, Instruments, Proceedings, Matters and Things aforefaid, shall have been or shall be printed; any thing herein or in the said recited A& contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwith-

itanding.

And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons Appeal IV. shall think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved, by any Conviction, Judgment or Determination, of any Justice or Justices, relating to any Matter or Thing in the before mentioned Act contained, then and in that case he, she or they may appeal to the Justices of the Peace at the General Quarter-Seffions to be holden in and for the County, City or Place where such Conviction, Judgment or Determination shall have been made, next after the Expiration of Twenty Days from the making thereof, first giving Six Days Notice of such Appeal to the Person or Persons prosecuting for such Penalty or Penalties; and the faid Justices shall hear and determine the said Appeal at such General Quarter-Sessions, or, if they think proper, adjourn the Hearing thereof until the next General Quarter-Sessions to be holden for such County, Town or Place; and the faid Justices may, in like manner, if they fee cause, mitigate any Penalty or Penalties, and may order any Money to be returned which shall have been paid or levied under any Conviction as aforefaid, and may also order and award fuch Costs to be paid by either Party to the other, as they shall think and judge reasonable.

V. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall take Effect from Commencethe First Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven.

CAP. LXVI.

An Act to amend and render more effectual several Acts for promoting the Trade of Dublin, by rendering its Port and Harbour more commodious: and for erecting, repairing and maintaining Light Houses round the Coast of Ireland, and to raife a Fund for defraying the Charge thereof.

[10th June 1811.]

HEREAS it is necessary to make further Provision for defraying the Expence of purchasing Ground for and for building new Light Houses; and for repairing, fitting up, com-* pleting and keeping in Repair the feveral Light Houses, Beacons and Sea Marks which have been or may be erected and built round the Coasts of Ireland: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majefty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after Vessels passing the Expiration of Ten Days after the Day of the passing of this Act, Lighthouf's on there shall be payable and paid to the Corporation for preserving and Ireland. improving the Port of Dublin, by the Owners or Masters of every Ship or Decked Vellel which shall pass any Light House or Light Houses on the Coasts of Ireland, the Sums, Rates and Duties following.; that is to fay,

For every British or Irish Ship or Decked Vessel navigated accord: Rates. ing to Law, which shall pass any such Light House or Light Houses, for and in respect of every Light House which such Ship or Vessel

shall pass, and for and in respect of every time of passing any and every fuch Light House or Light Houses, whether the said Ship or Vessel shall be outward or homeward bound, or on a foreign Voyage, or failing Coastwife, the Sum of One Penny for every Ton Burthen of fuch Ship or Vessel for and in respect of every such Light House, and every time of passing the same:

And for every Foreign Ship or Decked Vessel passing as aforesaid. the Sum of Two Pence for every Ton Burthen, for and in respect of

every fuch Light House, and every time of passing the same.

Welfels palling Floating Light on the Kith Bank.

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the time when a Floating Light shall be established on the Kish Bank on the South Side of Dublin Bay, there shall be paid to the said Corporation for preserving and improving the Port of Dublin, by the Owners or Masters of every Ship or Decked Vessel which shall pass such Floating Light on the Kish Bank, the Sums, Rates and Duties following: that is to fay,

For every British or Irish Ship or Decked Vessel navigated according to Law, which shall pass such Floating Light; and for and in respect of every time such Ship or Vessel shall pass such Floating Light, whether the faid Ship or Vessel shall be outward or homeward bound, or on a Foreign Voyage, or failing Coastwife, the Sum of One Halfpenny for every Ton Burthen of such Ship or Vessel, for and in respect of every time of passing the said Floating Light:

And for every Foreign Ship or Decked Vessel passing such Floating Light as aforefaid, the Sum of One Penny for every Ton Burthen of fuch Ship or Vessel, for and in respect of every time of passing

the faid Floating Light.

And the Produce of the said last mentioned Duties shall by the faid Corporation be appropriated and applied to the Maintenance of the faid Floating Light, and a separate Account shall be kept by the faid Corporation of the Receipt and Expenditure thereof, and the same shall be separately accounted for by the said Corporation.

Rates for Entries of Ships

III. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Expiration of Ten Days after the Day of the passing this Act, there shall be payable and paid to the said Corporation for preserving and. improving the Port of Dublin, the Rates and Duties following; that is to fay, upon every Entry inwards and on every Entry outwards of any Ship or Vessel made in any Port of Ireland, and upon every Entry, Cocket or Warrant, in any fuch Port for shipping any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, inwards or outwards, or from any Port in Ireland to any other Port therein, where the Value of fuch Goods, Wares or Merchandize shall exceed the Sum of Five Pounds, the Sum of One Shilling and Six Pence.

IV. And whereas the Rates and Charges at prefent payable by Law for Ballast delivered or taken on board Ships in the Har-6 bour of Dublin are insufficient to defray the present Expences of obtaining and delivering the same; Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the Expiration of Ten Days after the Day of the passing of this Act, the Master, Commander, or Owner of every Ship or Vessel belonging to Great Britain or Ireland, or the British Plantations, and of every Foreign Ship or Vessel who shall take in Ballast from the Office of the said Corporation, for preserving and improving the Port of Dublin, within the Port of Dublin, or in the **feveral**

Additional Balik Rnes.

several Creeks or Herbours thereunto belonging, or in any Place whatfoever within the Jurisdiction or which is subject to the Power or Authority of the faid Corporation, shall pay or cause to be paid to the Ballast Master or other Officer who shall be appointed by the said Corporation to receive the same, in addition to the several Sums of Money, Rates and Charges now payable by Law, the feveral and respective further and additional Sums of Money, Duties, Rates and Charges following; that is to fay,

For every Ton of Ballast which shall be delivered or taken on Rates of Ballast, board any Ship, Boat or Vessel belonging to Great Britain or Ireland, or any Part of the United Kingdom, or to the British Plantations, within the Harbour of Dublin, or any of the Creeks or Harbours thereunto belonging, in addition to all former Rates and Duties, the further Sum of Two Pence:

For every Ton of Ballast which shall be delivered or taken on board any Foreign Ship, Boat or Vessel in addition to all former

Rates and Duties, the further Sum of Six Pence.

Which faid last mentioned Duties shall be applied by the said Corporation, fo far as the fame shall be necessary, towards defraying the Expences of obtaining and delivering such Ballast, and the Surplus

thereof in manner directed by this Act.

V. And whereas the Tomage Duty now payable by Law on 6 Ships and Vessels arriving in the faid Harbour of Dublin is insufficient to support the Expence of improving the said Harbour; Be it further enacted, That, from and after the Expiration of Ten An additional Days after the paffing of this Act, the Master, Commander or Owner Tonnage Rate. of every Ship or Vessel coming into the said Harbour of Dublin, shall pay or cause to be paid for the Use of the said Corporation to the faid Ballast Master of the Ballast Office of the Port of Dublin, or other Officer-who shall be appointed by the said Corporation to receive the same, in addition to the several Rates of Tonnage now payable by Law, the feveral further Sums, Rates and Duties. following; that is to fay,

For every Foreign Ship or Veffel (or fuch as shall not belong Rates of to any of His Majesty's Subjects of the United Kingdom or the Tonnage. British Plantations) arriving or coming into the Harbour of Dublin; for every Ton of the Burthen of fuch Ship or Vessel on every Voyage which such Ship or Vessel shall make to the said Harbour of Dublin, in addition to all former Tonnage Rates and Duties, the further Sum of Six Pence.

For every Ship or Vessel which shall belong to any of His Majesty's Subjects arriving or coming into the faid Harbour of Dublin (except Vessels arriving in the said Harbour entirely laden with Coals, and coasting Vessels coming and trading from any Part of Ireland, to the faid Harbour); for every Ton of the Burthen of such Ship or Veffel on every Voyage which fuch Ship or Veffel shall make to the faid Harbour of Dublin, in addition to all former Tonnage Rates and Duties, the further Sum of Three Pence:

For every Ship or Vessel arriving in the said Harbour laden with Coals, and every Coaster; that is to say, every Ship or Vessel coming and trading from any Part of Ireland to Dublin, or the Creeks or Harbours thereof; for every Ton of the Burthen of fuch Ship or Veffel on every Voyage which such Ship or Vessel shall make to 51 GEO. III.

the faid Harbour of Dablia, in addition to all former Rates and Duties, the further Sum of Two Pence.

Duties to be in addition to former Duties.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the faid respective Duties hereinbefore granted and made payable, shall be in addition to and over and above all other Tonnage Duties, and all other Duties in respect of the passing of any Light House, and all other Duties upon any Entry, Cocket or Warrant payable in Ireland under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force at the time of the passing of this

How Duties collected and disposed of.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties by this Act granted on Ships and Vessels passing any Light House on the Coast of Ireland, or passing the said Floating Light on the Kish Bank on the South Side of the Bay of Dublin, shall be paid to and collected by the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Customs, or to some Person to be appointed by the said Corporation, for the Purpole of receiving the same in such Port of the United Kingdom into which any Ship or Veffel paffing any such Light House or Light Houses shall arrive next after the passing of such Light House or Light Houses respectively; and that the Collectors of His Majesty's Customs, Comptrollers, Receivers of Entries, Surveyors or Searchers, Waiters, and all other Officers of the Customs whatever, or their respective Deputies or Clerks at any of the Ports, Harbours or Places of the United Kingdom, shall not, after the Commencement of the faid Duties, take or receive any Entry or Cocket or other Discharge or Clearance, or take any Report outwards, for any Ship or Veffel liable or subject to the said Duties, until the said Duties shall be paid pursuant to the Directions of this Act to the respective Collectors of Customs, or to the Persons appointed by the said Corporation to collect the faid Duties, nor until the Master or Owner of any Ship or Vessel subject to the Payment of the said Duties shall show and produce a Receipt for fuch Duties accordingly to the Officer required to take or receive any fuch Entry, Cocket, Discharge, Clearance or Report outwards aforefaid; and that the faid Duties in respect of Light Houses shall from time to time be accounted for by the Collectors and Receivers thereof, and shall be by such Collectors paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in Ireland, for the Use of the said Corporation, for preserving and improving the Port of Dublin, and shall be issued from time to time by the said Commillioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, to the faid Corporation under the Anthority of this Act; and the faid Duties when so paid over to the faid Corporation (except the Duty in respect of a Floating Light on the Kish Bank in Dublin Bay, which shall be applied to the Maintenance of such Light when the same shall be erected) shall by the said Corporation be applied to the Purposes of an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, An Att to enable the Corporation for preferring and im-Proving the Port of Dublin, to orea, maintain and repair Light Houses round the Coasts of Ireland, and to raise a Fund for the fraying the Charge thereof, in manner and under the Regulations in the laid recited Act mentioned and contained, and that the Duty by this Act imposed on every Entry, Cocket or Warrant in any Port in Ireland, shall be levied, collected and received by the Officers of Customs, and paid over to the faid Corporation in fuch and the like manner as the Duties granted on fuch Entries by the faid recited Act, made in the laft

50 G. z. c.95.

last Session of Parliament, are directed to be levied, collected and received by such Officers and paid over to the said Corporation; and that the additional Duties or Charges by this Act granted for Ballatt delivered or taken on board Ships, and the additional Duties by this Act imposed in respect of Ships coming into the Harbour of Dublin, shall be collected and levied in like manner, and under the like Powers and Authorities as other Duties of the like Nature may by Law be collected and levied by the faid Corporation; and that the faid additional Duties and Charges in respect of Ballast shall be applied towards the defraying the Expences of obtaining and delivering the same, and that the Surplus of the said Duties and Charges after fuch Expences shall be defrayed, and also the additional Duties by this Act imposed in respect of the Tonnage of Ships coming into the Harbour of Dublin; and also so much of the said Duty of One Shilling and Six Pence on every Entry, Cocket or Warrant as aforefaid, as shall be payable or paid within the Port of Dublin, shall, by the faid Corporation for preserving and improving the Port of Dublin, be applied towards the erecting a Light on the Kish Bank on the South Side of Dublin Bay, for the better Preservation of the Ships and Vessels against the Dangers resulting from the said Kish Bank to Ships and Veffels entering into, going out of or passing by the faid Harbour, and passing up and down Saint George's Channel, and towards erecting a Light House on the Hill of Howth in a more convenient and useful Situation for Mariners than the one now erected is placed in.

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That this A& Provide for Ships shall not extend to charge with the Rate or Duty hereby imposed of War, &c. and on the Tonnage of Ships and Vessels passing Light Houses, any of Fishing Vessels. His Majesty's Ships of War, nor any Ship or Vessel whatever being the Property of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or of the Royal Family, nor any Fishing Vessels, Smacks or Boats, and that all coasting Vessels sailing in Ballast only, from any Port in Ireland to any other Port therein, shall pay only One Half of the said Rates and Duties; any thing hereinbefore mentioned and contained to the

contrary notwithstanding.

IX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any Light Notice of com-House, which shall not, at the time of the passing of this Act, be pleting of Light-house in Gacompleted in such Manner as to have the Lights or Signals put up therein, shall, at any time after the passing of this Act, he built, erected or repaired on any Parts of the Coasts of Ireland, then and in fuch case a Notice of the time when such Light House has been or will be completed, so as to have Lights or Signals put up therein, shall be given by the said Corporation for preserving and improving the Port of Dublin, Three several times in the London and Dublin Gazettes; and the Duties by this Act granted on the Tonnage of Duty not pay-Ships and Veffels paffing any fuch Light House shall not commence able till Light or be payable until after the time mentioned in such Notice, nor put up. unless such Lights or Signals shall be put up in such Light House at the time mentioned in such Notice.

4 X. And whereas the several Acts passed in the Parliament of 26G 3. (I.) C19. Ireland in the Twenty fixth, Thirty second, Thirty third and For- 32 G.3. (1.) c. 36. tieth Years of His present Majelly's Reign, for promoting the 33G.3.(1) c. 54-Trade of Dublin, by rendering its Port and Harbour more comN 2 modious.

Liffey and the Harbour, &c. to be under Corporation for preferving Port bi Dublin.

6 modious, and for repairing and preferving the Walls of the River Anna Liffey, in the City of Dublin, require to be further amended; The River Anna Be it therefore enacted, That the Care, Management and Superintendance of the whole of the faid River Anna Liffey, and of the Quay's and Walls bounding the same on both Sides of the said River, and also of the Harbour of Dublin, and of the Strands thereof, and of the Bays, Creeks and Harbours within the faid Harbour of Dublin, on the North and South Sides of the faid Harbour of Dublin, commencing on the North Side of the said River, Strand, Harbour and Bay, from and including Barrack Bridge, otherwise called Bloody Bridge, in the County of the City of Dublin, and extending to and including the Harbour of Sutton, in the County of Dublin; and on the South Side River, Strand, Harbour and Bay, commencing from and including the same Bridge, and extending to and including the Harbour of Dalkey, in the County of Dublin, and the Quays and Walls called the North, South, and East Walls, and all the Bridges now over the faid River Anna Liffey, or which hereafter may be built or erected within the faid Limits over the fame, and the building and repairing of the faid Walls; and the Care and Superintendance of the faid Bridges shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be, and the same are hereby vested in the Corporation for preserving and improving the Port of Dublin, and their Successors for ever, with all such Power and Authorities as by the said Acts, or any other Act or Acts are given to or vested in the said Corporation, to all Intents and Purpoles whatfoever.

Provito for Grand Juries appointing Overteers in respect of Bridges.

XI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend any way to alter or diminish the Power of any Grand Jury or Grand Juries in the County or County of the City of Dublin to appoint Overleers for any Works in respect of any Bridge or Bridges over the said River Anna Lifter, for the Execution whereof any Presentment or Presentments shall be made by any fuch Grand Jury or Grand Juries, nor in any way to contradict or interfere with any Presentment whatever respecting or relating to the building, re-building or repairing any fuch Bridge or Bridges made or to be made by any fuch Grand Jury or Grand Juries, nor to contradict or interfere with any Powers vested by Law in such Grand Jury or Grand Juries respecting the same, nor any Proceedings towards the carrying into Effect any such Presentment under the Authority of any Act or Acts in force at the time of the paffing of this Act.

Corporation may borrow Money on Credit of Rates.

XII. And whereas the faid Corporation may find it necessary, in order to enable them the more effectually to carry into Execution the purposes of the said recited Acts and of this present Act, to borrow a Sum or Sums of Money upon the Credit of the Taxes, ' Payments, Rates, Duties and Revenues arising under the said recited Acts and this present Act; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Corporation to take up and borrow upon the Credit of all or any of the faid Taxes, Payments, Rates, Duties and Revenues in the faid former Acts or in this Act contained, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, and of the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or any Three

Three of them, any Sum or Sums of Money which the faid Corporation shall think necessary, at any Rate of Interest not exceeding Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, and for that Purpose to issue Debentures of One hundred Pounds each under their Common Seal for the Sum or Sums of Money so to be borrowed, in such Manner and Form as the faid Corporation by any Bye-Laws to be entered into by them pursuant to the Directions of the said recited Acts, or any of them, shall appoint; and the said Debentures and the Sums therein respectively contained, together with the Interest thereof, and the Sinking Fund applicable to the Reduction thereof in manner hereinafter mentioned, shall be actual Charges and Liens upon the faid Taxes, Payments, Rates, Duties and Revenues, or so much thereof as shall be specified in such Debentures respectively: Pro- Provise. vided always, that the Money so to be borrowed at any time after the passing of this Act, shall not exceed in the whole the Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds; any thing in the said recited Acts or this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That a yearly Sum equal to Fund established the Amount of One Pound for every One hundred Pounds, of all for paying of Sums which at any time after the passing of this Act shall be borrowed by the said Corporation on the Credit of the said Taxes, Rates, Duties and Revenues, or any Part of them, under the Authority of this Act, shall yearly and every Year, from and immediately after the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, be taken by the faid Corporation from the Produce of the faid Taxes, Payments, Rates, Duties and Revenues, and shall be laid out by Four equal quarterly Sums on the Twenty nigth Day of September, the Twenty fifth Day of December, the Twenty fifth Day of March and the Twenty fourth Day of June, or within Thirty Days thereof in each and every Year, in the Name of the faid Corporation in the Purchase of Three Pounds Ten Shillings per Centum Annuities transferrable at the Bank of Ireland, or in fuch other Stock in the Public Funds at the Bank of Ireland as the faid Corporation shall in their Discretion think sit; and also that all Dividends which shall accrue and become payable, for and on account of fuch Stock in the faid Public Funds as shall be so purchased as aforesaid, and also all Dividends which shall arise and be payable from such Accumulation of the said Stock as is hereinaster directed to be made, shall Half-yearly, or as soon as such Dividend shall from time to time accrue and become payable, be laid out in the Name of the faid Corporation, in the Purchase of such Stock or Funds as aforesaid, and so from time to time during the Continuance of the faid former Acts and this Act, until fuch Stock to be purchased as aforefaid shall be worth to be sold a Sum of One hundred Pounds, and then and not before the faid Annuities or other Stock fo to be purchased in the Public Funds as aforesaid shall be sold, and the Money arising therefrom shall be be applied in the purchasing such Debenture when the same can be procured at or under Par, and every Debenture so purchased shall be immediately cancelled, and to from time to time a yearly Sum equal to the Amount of One Pound for every One hundred Pounds of all Money borrowed by and due from the faid Corporation under the Authority of this Act, shall continue to be invested in such Funds and Annuities, and shall accumulate and shall be applied whenever the same shall amount to

the Sum of One hundred Pounds as aforesaid, until the whole of all Sums borrowed and to be borrowed by the faid Corporation under the Authority of this Act, shall be fully paid off and discharged.

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Members of Corporation not eligible to hold Offices under it.

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XIV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, no Person or Persons being a Member or Members of the faid Corporation for preferving and improving the Port of Dublin, shall be elected or be capable of being elected, or shall hold or be capable of holding any Office, Place or Employment under the faid Corporation; and that no Person holding any Office, Place or Em-

Officers to take

ployment under the faid Corporation shall be elected or be capable of being a Member of the faid Corporation so long as he shall hold any Present Officers fuch Office, Place or Employment: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to any Person or Persons being at present Members of the said Corporation, and also at present holding any Office or Employment under the same; and that all Officers and Persons who at any time before the passing of this Act have been elected and appointed by the faid Corporation to do or perform any Offices, Duties, or other Matters in Execution of the faid Acts, or any of them, and who are now in the Service and Employment of the faid Corporation; and also all and every Person and Persons who shall or may hereafter from time to time be elected, intrusted or appointed by the faid Corporation to do, execute or perform any fuch Offices, Duties, or other Matters under and by virtue of the faid Acts or any of them, or this present Act, shall take and subscribe the following Oath or Affirmation; that is to say,

Oath.

I A. B. do folemaly promise and swear, [or, being a Quaker, do folemnly affirm | That I will faithfully, diligently and impartially, secording to the best of my Skill and Knowledge, perform and execute the several Offices, Duties, Powers, Matters and Trufts committed to me by the Corporation for preferving and improving the Port of Dublin, without Favour or Affection, Prejudice or Malice. So help me GOD.

Which Oath or Affirmation any Three or more of the faid Corpora-

tion are hereby empowered to administer.

• XV. And whereas in the Accounts of the faid Corporation which have been heretofore audited by the Commissioners of Imprested Accounits, certain Sums remain in charge against them for Insupers or Charges formerly difallowed by the faid Commifficities, and also certain Sums which appear to be Debts due to the said Corporation, but which from the Nature of them cannot now be recovered: And whereas it would render the Accounts of the faid Corporation more plain and fimple if the Commissioners of Im-Breffed Accounts were authorized to strike out of such Accounts Inch Sums circumstanced as aforefaid: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treafufer of Ireland for the tittle being, to direct the Committioners of Impressed Accounts, and the said Commissioners of Impressed Accounts are hereby required, in obedience to fuch Direction, to ftrike but and deduct from the faid Accounts the faid Insupers, or such of them as they shall think proper; and also any Sum or Sums which first appear in the faid Accounts to be due to the faid Corporation. but which thall be certified by the faid Corporation, or any Tirret

Treasury may direct Sums remaining in charge assinft Corporation for Insupers, &c. to be thruck out in auditing their Accounts.

or more of the Members of the faid Corporation, to the faid Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ire-

land, to be in their Opinion irrecoverable.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That in case the said Corpora- General Islue. tion or any Member or Officer thereof, or any Person acting by the Directions or Authority thereof, shall be sued for any matter or thing done by him or them by virtue or in pursuance of this Ao, or of the faid recited Acts or any of them, it shall and may be lawful for him or them to plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the special matter in Evidence.

CAP. LXVII.

An Act for repealing the Duties of Customs now payable on the Importation of Hides in the Hair, and granting new Duties in heu thereof. [19th June 1811.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Duties of Customs payable on the Importation into Great Britain of Buffalo, Buil, Ox and Cow Hides, in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, curried, or in any way dreffed and imported from any British Colony or Settlement in Africa (a), should be repealed, and that other Duties fhould be imposed in lieu thereof; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Twentieth Day of June Ose thousand Duties on Imeight hundred and eleven, the Duties of Customs payable by Law Portation of Unupon Buffalo, Bull, Ox and Cow Hides, in the Hair, not being from Africa to tanned, tawed, curried or in any way dreffed, and being imported into ceals. Great Britain from any British Colony or Settlement in Africa, do cease and determine; fave and except in all cases relating to the recovering or paying any Arrears thereof, which may remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture relating thereto, which shall have been incurred at any time before the faid Twentieth Day of June One-thousand eight hundred and eleven; and that, from and after A permanent the faid Day, in lieu and instead of the Duties hereby repealed, there Duty and Was shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Duty. Heirs and Successors, upon every such Hide so imported as allorefaid, a permanent Duty of Customs of Three Pence, and also a temporary or War Duty of Customs of One Penny. 49 G. 3. c. 98. Sch. A. Inwards, tit. Hides.]

II. And be it further enacted, That fo much of the faid Duties Continuance of of Customs hereby imposed, as fall under the Title and Description War Duty. of Temporary or War Duties, shall be paid and payable during the Continuance of the present War, and for Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Duties hereby imposed Duties bonded upon the Importation of the faid Hides shall and may be feetred by under 43 G. 3. Bond under the Regulations of an Act passed in the Forty third C-134-Year of His present Majesty, intituled, An All for permitting certain Goods imported into Great Britain to be secured in Warehouse without Payment of Duty: Provided always, that the faid Duties, and no Duties to be paid other, shall be charged and psyable on any of the find Rides, which on Hides taken

having out of Ware-

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house, though imported on or before June 20, - 1811.

having been warehoused or otherwise secured under the Authority of any Act of Parliament, without Payment of Duty, shall be taken out of any fuch Warehouse or Place wherein the same shall have been lodged or fecured, for the Purpose of being used or consumed in Great Britain, after the said Twentieth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, notwithstanding the same may have been imported into Great Britain on or before the said Twentieth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Duties under Commissioners of Customs;

IV. And be it further enacted, That such of the said Duties as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called England shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in England for the time being; and such thereof as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in Scotland for the time being.

How levied.

V. And be it further enacted, That the faid Duties shall be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered, in fuch and the like manner as any Duties of Customs of a like Nature are managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered, and under and subject to the several Powers, Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures now in force, in relation to or made for securing the Revenue of Customs in Great Britain; and all Pains, Penalties, Fines and Forfeitures for any Offences whatever committed against or in breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the paffing of this Act, made for securing the Revenue of Customs, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall be in full Force and Effect as to the said Duties, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if they were at large repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

Application of Duties.

. VI. And be it further enacted, That all Monies from time to time arising from the said Duties, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same respectively excepted, shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and shall be appropriated and applied in the same manner as the Duties imposed by the faid recited Act of the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty are directed to be appropriated and applied.

49 G. 3. c. 98.

terud, &c.

VII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be varied, altered or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Seffion of Parliament.

Act may be al-

C A P. LXVIII.

An Act for charging an additional Duty on Verdigris imported, [15th June 1811.]

HEREAS it is expedient that an additional Duty of Cuftoms should be imposed on Verdigris imported into Great Britain; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, Additional Duty and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing on Verdigris im of this Act, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, an additional Duty of Customs of

Two Shillings per Pound on all Verdigris imported or brought into

Great Britain from Parts beyond the Seas.

II. And be it further enacted, That the additional Duty of Cuf- How Duties toms hereby imposed shall be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered in such and the like manner as any Duties of Customs of the like Nature are managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered, and under and subject to the several Powers, Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures now in force in relation to or made for securing the Revenue of Customs in Great Britain; and all Powers, Penalties, Fines and Forfeitures for any Offence whatever committed against or in breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act, made for securing the Revenue of Customs, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall be in full Force and Effect as to the said Duty, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purpoles as if they were at large repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That all Monies from time to Application of time arifing from the faid Duty, the necessary Charges of raising Duties. and accounting for the same respectively excepted, shall from time to time be paid unto the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and shall be appropriated and applied in the same manner as the Duties called Permanent Duties, imposed by an Act passed in the Forty minth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, inti- 49 G 3. c. 98. tuled, An A& for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting new Duties in lieu thereof, are directed to be appropriated and applied.

C A P. LXIX:

An Act for repealing the Duty on the Materials used in making Flint and Phial Glass; and for granting, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twelve, other Duties in lieu thereof; and for continuing and amending an A& passed in the Forty ninth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for repealing the Duties on the Materials used in making Spread Window Glass and Crown Glass, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof; and for the better Collection of the faid Duties. [15th June 1811.]

THEREAS by certain Acts of Parliament in force at and immediately before the passing of this Act, certain Duties of Excise are chargeable on the Materials, Metal or other Preparations, made use of, in Great Britain, in the making of Flint Glass, or Enamel, Stained or Paste Glass, or Phial Glass, and certain Drawbacks are allowed on the Exportation of fuch Glass as 4 Merchandize; and certain countervailing Duties are also chargeable on all such Glass as aforesaid made in Ireland, and imported into Great Britain: And whereas it is expedient to repeal the faid Duties and Drawbacks, and to impose other Duties and grant other Drawbacks in lieu thereof; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament, Duties and Drawbacks on Flint and Phial Glass Materials repealed.

Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, all and fingular the fuid Duties and Drawbacks shall cease and determine, and be no longer paid or payable; save and except in all cases relating to the recovering, allowing or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which may at that time remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fines, Penalties or Forseitures relating thereto respectively, which shall have been incurred at any time before or on the faid First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Duty on Flint and Phial Glass made in G. B.

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the faid First Day of August One thousand eight hunrded and eleven, in lieu and inflead of the Duties by this Act repealed, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majetty, his Heirs and Succeffors, the several Rates and Duties of Excise hereinafter mentioned; that is to fay, for every Hundred Weight of Flint Glass, and of Phial Glass respectively, which shall be made in Great Britain, Two Pounds Nine Shillings, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity; and for every Hundred Weight of Flint Glass and of Duty for such as Phial Glass respectively which shall be made in Ireland, and imported from thence into Great Britain, a countervailing Duty of Two Pounds Nine Shillings, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity.

Countervailing imported from Ireland. Draw backs.

> III. And be it further enacted, That the following Drawbacks shall be allowed; that is to say, for every Hundred Weight of Plint Glass or of Phial Glass respectively made in Great Britain, and for which all the Duties imposed for and in respect thereof shall have been paid, and which shall be duly exported to foreign Parts or to Ireland, as Merchandize, a Drawback of Two Pounds Nine Shil-

Duties under Commissioners of Excile.

lings, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity.

IV. And be it further enacted, That such of the Duties by this Act imposed, as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called England, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in England for the time being, and such thereof as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland for the time being.

Entry of Lears.

V. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Glass before he, she or they shall begin to anneal any Glass or Glass Wares whatsoever, shall make true and particular Entry in Writing of all and every Lear and Lears by him, her or them respectively intended to be made use of, for the annealing of Glass, at the Office of Excise within the Compass or Limits whereof fuch Lear or Lears respectively shall be situate, on Pain of forseiting the Sum of Two hundred Pounds for every Lear which he, the or they shall make use of for the annealing of any Glass or Glass Wares whatfoever, without having made fuch Entry thereof as aforefaid.

Penalty.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass, before he, she or they shall presume to make use of any Lear in or for the annealing of Flint Glass or Phial Glass, shall, over and besides the Licence for each and every his, her or their Glasshouse, take out fuch Licence or Licences hereinafter mentioned, as the case may require, authorizing him, her or them to make use of such Lear for the annealing of Flint Glass and Phial Glass, or either of them, which Licences respectively

Glass Makers to take out a Licence for each

respectively shall be granted in manner hereinaster mentioned; that is to fay, if any fuch Licence shall be granted to authorize the Perfon or Persons to whom the same shall be granted, to make use of any fuch Lear for the annealing of Flint Glass and Phial Glass, or either of them, within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise in London, the same shall be granted under the Hands and Seals of Two or more of the Commissioners of Excise in England for the time being, or of such Persons as they the said Commissioners of Excise, or the major Part of them for the time being, shall from time to time appoint for that Purpose; but if any such Licence shall be granted to authorize the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be grant. ed, to make use of any Lear for the annealing of Flint Glass and Phial Glass, or either of them, in that Part of Great Britain called England, out of the Limits of the faid Chief Office of Excise, the fame shall be granted under the respective Hands and Seals of the Collectors and Supervisors of Excise within their respective Collections and Districts; and in case any such Licence shall be granted to authorize the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be granted, to make use of any Lear for the annealing of Flint Glass and Phial Glass, or either of them, within the Limits of the City of Edinburgh, the same shall be granted under the Hands and Seals of Two or more of the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland for the time being, or if any fuch Licence shall be granted to authorize the Perfon or Persons to whom the same shall be granted, to make use of any such Lear for the annealing of Flint Glass and Phial Glass, or either of them, in any Part of Scotland, out of the Limits of the City of Edinburgh, then the same shall be granted under the respective Hands and Seals of the Collectors and Supervisors of Excise in Scotland within their refpective Collections and Districts, and such respective Commissioners of Excise, or Two or more of them respectively, and the Persons to be appointed by the said Commissioners of Excise in England, or the major Part of them, and also all such Collectors and Supervifors, are hereby respectively authorized and required to grant such Licences to the Persons who shall apply for the same, on the Person or Persons applying for the same first paying the Sum of Twenty five Pounds for each such Licence which shall be granted previous to the Tenth Day of Odober One thousand eight hundred and eleven, to authorize the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be granted to make use of any Lear in or for the annealing of Flint Glass and Phial Glass, or either of them, until the said Tenth Day of Olober; and the Sum of One hundred Pounds for each fuch Licence which shall be granted to authorize the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be granted to make use of any Lear for the annealing of Flint Glass and Phial Glass, or either of them, after the said Tenth Day of Ottober: Provided al- Provided ways, nevertheless, that it shall and may be lawful to include in any one Licence, any Number of such Lears belonging to the same Perfon or Persons who shall take out any such Licence, on such Perfon or Perfons paying in manner aforesaid for each such Lear the Sum of Twenty five Pounds or One hundred Pounds as the cafe may require, for each and every such Lear included in any such Licence; any thing herein contained to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

VII. Pro-

A.D. 1811.

In what cafe a Lear may be pied though not becaled.

C.69.

VII. Provided always nevertheless, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to prevent any Maker or Makers of Flint or Phial Glass from using a Lear, in respect of which no Licence has been taken out, for the Purpose of annealing Flint Glass of the Sort or Description which is made for cutting; provided such Lear in respect of which no Licence has been taken out, be immediately contiguous to a Lear in respect of which a Licence has been taken out, and the Entrance of which shall be in the full View of any Officer or Officers of Excife, who shall at the same time observe and inspect the Entrance of fuch contiguous Lear, in respect of which a Licence shall have been taken out, and the Discharge Hole of which shall be in the Weighing Room hereinafter mentioned, and not more than Twelve Feet from the Discharge Hole of such contiguous Lear, in respect of which a Licence shall have been taken out; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Licences renewed yearly.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons shall make use of any Lear in or for the annealing of Flint Glais and Phial Glass, or either of them, after the Expiration of such his, her or their Licence for or in respect of such Lear, unless such Person or Persons shall take out a fresh Licence for the like Purpose in the manner hereinbefore directed, Ten Days at the least before the Expiration of fuch former Licence, and fo in like manner renew every fuch Licence from Year to Year; and if any Person or Perfons shall presume to make use of any Lear in or for the annealing of Flint Glass and Phial Glass, or either of them, without first taking out a Licence authorizing him, her or them, fo to do, and renewing the same as hereinbefore in that Behalf directed, he, she or they shall for each such Lear made use of as aforesaid, without such Licence as aforefaid, forfeit and lose the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

To whom Money for Licences paid.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the said several Sums of Money by this Act directed to be paid for fuch Licences respectively, shall be paid for such respective Licences to such Persons as are hereinafter in that Behalf respectively mentioned; that is to say, fuch thereof as shall be paid for any Licence which shall be taken out within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise in London, shall be paid at the Chief Office of Excise in London; and such thereof as shall be paid for any Licence which shall be taken out within the Limits of the City of Edinburgh, shall be paid at the Chief Office of Excise in Edinburgh; and such thereof as shall be paid for any Licence which shall be taken out in any Part of Great Britain, not within the faid respective Limits, shall be paid to the Collector of Excise granting such Licence.

How long Liin force.

Officers of Excile to number and mark Pot-holes,

X. And be it further enacted, That every Licence to be granted kences to remain under or by virtue of this Act, shall remain and continue in force until and upon the Tenth Day of Odober next ensuing the granting thereof, and no longer.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for all and every the Officers of Excise, from time to time and at all times, to mark and number in fuch manner as he or they shall think sit, all and every the Workhouses, Pot-chambers, Potholes, Lears, Warehouses, Rooms and other Places whatsoever,

entered or made use of by any Maker or Makers of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass, for the making or keeping of Flint Glass or Phial Glass, or for the preparing or keeping any Material or Preparation for the making of Flint Glass or Phial Glass; and if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall hinder or obstruct any such Officer or Officers in so marking or numbering any such Workhouse, Pot-chamber, Pot-hole, Lear, Warehouse, Room or other Place, or shall wilfully alter, deface or obliterate any such Mark, or cause or procure any fuch Mark to be defaced or obliterated, or shall connive at any fuch Mark being so defaced or obliterated, the Person or Persons so offending shall, for each and every Offence, forfeit and Penaky. lofe the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and How Flint and Makers of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass shall, and he, she and they Phial Glass is and are hereby required to erect, build, make and conftruct every Makers to com-Lear by him, her or them, intended to be made use of for the annealing of Flint Glass, or of Phial Glass, in a rectangular Form, Lears. with the Sides and Ends thereof perpendicular and parallel to each other respectively, and the Bottom thereof level, and with only One Mouth or Entrance into the same respectively, and only One Difcharge Hole out of the same, and which said Discharge Hole shall open into and communicate with the Weighing Room hereinafter mentioned, and no other Room or Place whatfoever; and all and every fuch Maker and Makers shall number all fuch Lears progreffively with a durable Mark, and shall keep and continue the same respectively numbered in manner aforesaid, for so long time as the fame respectively shall be made use of as aforesaid; and if any such Maker or Makers shall erect, build, make or construct any Lear contrary to the Directions of this Act, or shall neglect or refuse to number the same in manner aforesaid, or to keep or continue the same numbered as aforefaid, according to the Directions of this Act, or shall make use of any Lear not constructed in the manner in that Behalf hereinbefore directed, all and every fuch Maker or Makers fo offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose Penalty. the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Flint or Phial Makers of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass, shall, at his, her or their Glass Makers own Expence, find, provide and affix a good, sufficient and secure to affix Iron Grating to the Mouth or Entrance of every Lear by him, her trance of Lear. or them intended to be made use of for the annealing of Flint Glass Lear to be or Phial Glass; and each and every such Lear, and the Mouth or locked by Entrance, and Iron Grating thereof, shall be securely locked, fasten. Officer. ed and fealed by the Officer or Officers of Excise, under whose Sur-Exception. vey fuch Maker or Makers respectively shall from time to time be, at . all times, except when fuch Maker or Makers shall be actually at Work in putting, placing or depositing therein, Articles, Vessels or Utenfils of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass, for the Purpose of annealing the same therein, or when such Lear shall be opened by the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, in pursuance of such previous Notice as is hereinafter directed and prescribed for opening the same, for the Purpose of lighting Fire in or heating the same, for annealing Articles, Vessels or Utensils of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass, or for the Purpole of drawing or taking any fuch Articles, Vessels or Utenfils as aforefaid, from or out of fuch Lear, or for the Purpole of

Penalty.
Flint or Phial
Glass Maker to
anneal Flint or
Phial Wares in
Lear.

Penaky.
No Flint or Phial Glafs
Maker to have in the Lear any other Species of Glafs with Phial

Glaff.

Penalty.
Notice of heating
Lears.

necessarily repairing the same; and if any such Maker or Makers shall neglect or results so to find or provide any such Iron Grating, or to affix the same in manuer hereinbefore directed, he, she or they shall, for each and every such Officuce, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

KIV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker or Makers of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass, shall put, place or deposit in one or more such Lear or Lears as aforesaid, for the Purpose of annealing the same, and shall anneal therein all the Flint Glass and Phial Glass respectively, which shall from time to time be by him, her or them made or manusactured; and if any Maker or Makers of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass shall omit or fail to anneal in such Lear or Lears, any Portion of the Flint or Phial Glass by him, her or them manusactured, or shall put, place or deposit in any Kiln, Stove or Oven, or annealing Arch or Oven, other than such Lear or Lears as aforesaid, any Flint Glass or Phial Glass for the Purpose of annealing the same, or shall anneal the same therein, he, she or they shall, for each and every such Ossence, forseit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XV. And be it further enacted, That no Maker or Makers of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass shall at one and the same Time put, place, have or keep, in any Lear entered or made use of for the annealing of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass, any Articles, Vessels or Utensils of different makings, nor any Sort or Species of Glass, or Glass Wares, other than Plint Glass or Phial Glass Wares; and if any such Maker or Makers shall at one and the same time put, place, have or keep in any Lear, entered or made use of for the annealing of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass, any Articles, Vessels or Utensils of different makings, or any Sort or Species of Glass, or Glass Wares, other than Flint Glass, or Phial Glass, or Flint Glass Wares, other than Flint Glass, or Phial Glass, or Phial Glass Wares, every such Maker or Makers so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forseit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That when any Maker or Makers of Flint Glass, or of Phial Glass, shall intend and be defirous to prepare, light or kindle any Fire to heat his, her or their Lear, into which any Flint Glass or Phial Glass is intended to be put or deposited for the Purpose of annealing the same, such Maker or Makers shall give to the Officer of Excise under whose Survey be, the or they shall then be, Six Hours Notice in Writing of such his, her or their Intention, and upon fuch Notice being given, fuch Officer shall attend at the time mentioned in such Notice, and shall unlock and open such Lear, and the Mouth or Entrance and Iron Grating thereof; and if any such Maker or Makers shall neglect or refuse to light or kindle such Fire within One Hour after such Lear, and the Mouth or Entrance and Iron Grating thereof shall be opened by fuch Officer, then fuch Notice shall be void, and such Officer shall again immediately after the Expiration of such One Hour, lock up, fasten and seal such Lear, and the Mouth or Entrance and Iron Grating thereof, in manner aforefaid; and fuch Maker or Makers shall give the like and a fresh Notice in Writing to such Officer, before such Lear, or the Mouth or Entrance, or Iron Grating thereof, shall be again opened.

XVII. And

XVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be law- Regulations for ful to and for the Officer and Officers of Excise under whose Sur- Officers locking vey any Glasshouse for the making of Flint Glass or Phial Glass up and sealing shall be, and such Officer and Officers is and are hereby required. Mouths of Flint when and so foon as any Journey of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass making shall be finished, if the same shall be swished at or before Six of the Clock in the Evening of Savarday in any Week, and if, fuch Journey shall not be finished at or before Six of the Clock in the Evening of Saturday in any Week, then at Six of the Clock in the Evening of such Saturday to lock, soal, fasten and secure every Lear of or belonging to such Glasshouse, and the Mouth or Entrance, and Iron Grating thereof, and to keep the same locked, fealed, fastened and feomed from thenceforth, until fuch Maker or Makers shall give to fuch Officer or Officers fuch Notice as is hereinbefore directed Notice. and required of such Maker or Makers, Intention to prepare, light or kindle a Fire as aforefaid, to heat fuch Lear, and in no cafe. fooner than the Hour of Eight in the Evening of the Sunday next following fuch locking, feeling, fastening and securing of such Lear; and if any Person or Persons shall obstruct or hinder any such Officer Obstructing Ofor Officers, or any Person or Persons by him or them employed in ficer. that behalf, in so locking, fealing, fastening or securing any such Lear, or the Month, Entrance or Iron Grating thereof, in such manner as fugh Officer or Officers shall direct or think expedient to answer the Purpose by this Act, in that behalf intended, or shall attempt or endeavour so to do, or shall by any Means, Art, Device or Contrivance whatfoever open any fuch Lear, or the Mouth, Entrance or Iron Grating thereof respectively, after the same shall have been locked, fealed, fastened or secured as aforesaid, before the same shall have been unlocked and opened by the proper Officer or Officers of Encile, or shall wilfully break or damage any such Lock, Seal or Fastening, then and in every such case the Person or Persons so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker Flint and Phial and Makers of Flint Glass or Phial Glass shall, and he, she and they Glass Makers to is and are hereby required, at his, her and their own Expense, to provide a Weighing Room, which find and provide, or erect, build, make and construct a good, sufficient of the court with the c house or Phial Glasshouse to him, her or them belonging, which Officer. Room shall be seer to and communicate with the Lear or Lears of fuch Chalahoule; and lave and excepting the Discharging Hole or Holes of the faid Lear or Lears, no fuch Room shall have more than one Door or Entrance into the same, and the said Door or Entrance shall open directly into and afford and form an immediate Communication with the Re-weighing Roum hereinafter mentioned and required, and no Discharging Hole of any such Lear shall open into any Room or Place other than such Weighing Room; and such Weighing Room and the Door or Entrance thereof shall be securely locked, instruct and sealed by the Officer or Officers of Excise. under sthole Survey such Maker or Makers shall from time to time he, sat all stimes when there shall be any Flint Glass or Phial Glass therein, dr in the Lear or Leave communicating therewith, fave and encept when the same shall be opened by such Officers or Officers for the Russofe of weighing and taking an Account of the Articles.

Penalty.

Vessels and Utensils respectively of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass

A.D. 1811.

C.60.

Notice of opening Weighing

Room.

therein, and charging the Duty thereon in pursuance of such Notice as is hereinafter mentioned, or for the Purpose of such Maker or Makers, or his, her or their Servants arranging or regulating the Positions of the Pans or Trays of Articles, Vessels or Utenfils hereinafter mentioned, which shall have been drawn, rolled, conveyed or conducted, through the Lear or Lears communicating with the faid Weighing Room into the faid Weighing Room; and when any fuch Maker or Makers shall be desirous of having the Door or Entrance of any fuch Weighing Room unlocked or opened for the Purpose last aforesaid, such Maker or Makers shall give to the Officer of Excise under whose Survey he, she or they shall then be, One Hour's previous Notice in Writing of his, her or their being fo defirous, and specifying in such Notice the particular Weighing Room which he, she or they is or are so desirous to have unlocked or opened for the Purpole last aforesaid; and the particular Time and Hour when he, she or they is or are desirous to have the same so unlocked or opened, whereupon such Officer shall attend pursuant to fuch Notice, and shall unlock and open the faid Door or Entrance, and shall keep and continue the same so unlocked or opened for the Space of Half an Hour; during which Time fuch Maker or Makers, or one of his, her or their Servants, shall be at Liberty to arrange or regulate the Politions of the faid Pans or Trays in the faid Weighing Room, in the Presence and under the Inspection of the faid Officer; and when the Arrangement or Regulation of the faid Pans or Trays shall be finished, or at the End of the said Half an Hour (whichever of them shall first happen), such Officer shall again lock, fasten and secure the said Door or Entrance; and if any Maker or Makers of Flint Glass or Phial Glass shall neglect or refuse to find and provide or erect, build, make or construct such Weighing Room as aforefaid in any fuch Glasshouse, to him, her or them belonging, the Maker or Makers fo offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds: Provided always nevertheless, that no such Maker or Makers shall be at Liberty to give, or shall give any such Notice or Notices as last aforesaid, for having the Door or Entrance of any Weighing Room opened more than Once within the Space of any Twelve Hours, nor shall any Officer or Officers of Excise, in pur-fuance or under Pretence of any such Notice or Notices, unlock or open any fuch Door or Entrance more than Once within the Space of any Twelve Hours; any thing hereinbefore contained to the con-

Neglecting to build Weighing Evom.

Penalty.

Flint and Phial Glass Makers to provide Annealing Pans or Trays, with a Windlass and Machinery for carrying them, with the Glass Wares therein, through the Lear, into the

trary in any wife notwithstanding. XIX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass shall also at his, her or their own Expence, make and construct a proper and fufficient Number of Iron Pans or Trays to receive and contain, during the annealing thereof, in the Lear or Lears of or belonging to each Flint Glasshouse or Phial Glasshouse to him, her or them belonging respectively, all the Articles, Vessels and Utensils of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass respectively, which shall from time to time be made or blown, at or in such respective Glasshouse, and shall also find, provide and apply to fuch Iron Pans or Trays, good and fufficient Weighing Room. Chains, Rollers, Instruments, Apparatus and Machinery, fit and proper for working the faid Iron Pans or Trays, and conveying and

conducting the same respectively, with such Articles, Vessels and Utenfils of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass respectively therein or thereon, immediately from the Mouth or Mouths of Inch Lear or Lears, into the faid Lear or Lears, for the Purpose of annealing the fame therein, and shall also, at his, her and their own Expence, finds provide and erect, in the most convenient Part of every such Glass. house for using the same, a fit, proper and convenient Windlass, for the Purpose of drawing, rolling, conveying and conducting all and every such Pans or Trays, with the faid Articles, Vessels and Utenfils of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass therein or thereon, from the Mouth or Mouths of the faid Lear or Lears, into the faid Lear or Lears, and also for drawing, rolling, conveying and conducting all and every such Pans or Trays, with the said Articles, Vessels and Utenfils of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass therein or thereon, through the faid Lear or Lears, and for drawing, rolling, conveying and conducting the faid Pans or Trays, with the faid Articles, Veffels and Utenfils respectively therein or thereon, from and out of the faid Lear or Lears into the faid Weighing Room, when fuch Articles, Vessels and Utenfils respectively shall have been sufficiently annealed in the faid Lear or Lears, for the Purpose of the Officer or Officers of Excile, under whose Survey such Maker or Makers shall from time to time be weighing and taking an Account of fuch Articles, Vessels and Utenfils respectively, in the said Weighing Room, and charging the Duty for or in respect thereof respectively; and if any Refusing to consuch Maker or Makers of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass shall neglect struct iron Pane or refuse so to make or construct a proper and sufficient Number of &c. Iron Pans or Trays to contain and convey into and out of such Lear or Lears for the Purpose of annealing all such Articles, Vessels and Utenfils as aforefaid, which shall from time to time be made or blown at or in any fuch Glasshouse, or to find, provide or apply to fuch Iron Pans or Trays, or any or either of them, fuch good and fufficient Chains, Rollers, Instruments, Apparatus and Machinery, fit and proper for working the faid Iron Pans or Trays, or any or either of them, for any or either of the Purposes in that Behalf aforesaid, or shall neglect or resule to find, provide or erect, in manner in that behalf aforefaid, any fuch fit, proper or convenient Windlass as is in that behalf aforesaid, all and every such Maker or Makers of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass respectively so offending, shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Flint Glass Makers of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass shall from time to time, and at all times when and so soon as any Article, Vessel or Utensil post the Wares of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass shall be made or blown, put, lay and deposit the same on or in one of such Pans or Trays which shall at that time be placed within the Mouth or Entrance of the Lear into the Lear, for the Purpose of receiving the Articles, Vessels and Utenfila of and from thence Flint Glass or of Phial Glass so made or blown, and shall in like into the Weighmanner proceed and continue to put, lay and deposit on or in the faid Pan or Tray fo placed as aforesaid, such Articles, Vessels or Utentils as aforelaid, until the Bottom or Surface of the faid Pan or Tray shall be filled or covered, and shall keep and continue all and every such Articles, Vessels and Utentils respectively on or in such Pan or Tray, until the said Articles, Vessels and Utentils shall 51 Gro. III.

Penalty. Makers to deon the Trays, and when filled, to convey them ing Room.

be drawn, rolled, removed, conveyed or conducted on or in fuch Pan or Tray into the Lear of the said Glasshouse as hereinafter mentioned; and when and so soon as the Bottom or Surface of such

C.69.

Pan or Tray shall be filled or covered by or with such Articles, Veffels or Utenfils as aforefaid, fuch Maker or Makers shall by means of fuch Chains, Rollers, Instruments. Windlass and Machinery as aforefaid, draw, roll, remove, convey and conduct the fame with the whole of the faid Articles, Veffels and Utenfils therein or thereon into the faid Lear, for the Purpose of annealing the faid Articles, Vessels and Utenfils respectively therein; and such Maker or Makers shall keep and continue each such Pan or Tray with the faid Articles, Veffels and Utenfils respectively therein or thereon in such Lear, until the faid Articles, Vessels and Utenfils shall be sufficiently annealed; and when the same shall be so annealed, shall in like manner draw, roll, remove, convey and conduct the faid Pan or Tray with the faid Articles, Veffels and Utenfils therein or thereon from and out of fuch Lear directly unto and into the faid Weighing Room, and shall, without altering or disturbing the Positions of such Articles, Vessels and Utensils, or any or either of them, on or in such Pan or Tray, keep and continue the fame in the faid Weighing Room, until the Officer or Officers of Excise under whose Survey fuch Maker or Makers of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass shall then be, shall have taken an Account of and weighed the faid Articles. Veffels and Utenfils respectively, and charged the Duty for or in Refusing to place respect thereof respectively; and if any Maker or Makers of Flint Articles in Pans, Glass or of Phial Glass shall neglect or refuse to put, lay or deposit any Article, Vessel or Utensil of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass on or in one of such Pans or Trays so placed as aforesaid, when and so foon as fuch Article, Veffel or Utenfil shall be blown or made, or shall neglect or refuse to proceed or so to continue to put, lay or deposit on or in the faid Pan or Tray so placed as aforefaid, such Articles. Veffels or Utenfils as aforefaid, until the Bottom or Surface of the faid Pan or Tray shall be filled or covered, or shall neglect or refuse to keep or continue any such Articles, Vessels or Utensils respectively on or in such Pan or Tray as aforesaid, or shall neglect or refuse so to draw, roll, remove, convey or conduct any fuch Pan or Tray with the whole of the faid Articles, Vessels and Utenfils therein or thereon into the faid Lear, for the Purpole of annealing the faid Articles, Vessels and Utensils respectively therein; or if any such Maker or Makers shall neglect or refuse to keep or continue any such Pan or Tray with the faid Articles, Vessels and Utenfils respectively therein or thereon in any fuch Lear, until the faid Articles, Veffels and Utenfils shall be so annealed, or shall neglect or refuse so to draw, roll, remove, convey or conduct in manner in that behalf aforefaid, any fuch Pan or Tray with fuch Articles, Vessels and Utenfils as in that behalf aforefaid, therein or thereon, from or out of such Lear directly unto and into the faid Weighing Room, or shall neglect or refuse to keep or continue any such Articles, Vessels or Utenfils as in that behalf aforefaid, without altering or diffurbing the Positions thereof, or the Position of any or either of them, on or in any fuch Pan or Tray as in that behalf aforefaid, or to keep or continue the same in the said Weighing Room until the Officer or Officers of Excise under whose Survey such Maker or Makers of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass shall then be, shall have taken an Account of, and

weighed the faid Articles, Veffels and Utenfils respectively, and charged the Duty for and in respect thereof respectively, all and every such Maker and Makers of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass, so offending, shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum Penalty. of 'I'wo hundred Pounds.

XXI. And he it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Flim and Phial Makers of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass shall, when and so soon as Glass Makers to any Journey or Making of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass shall be give Officer a Declaration of finished, and before the Mouth, Entrance or Iron Grating of the Number of Pans Lear or Lears, or any or either of them, into which the Articles, filled with Glass, Veffels or Utenfils of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass respectively of of that Journey. that Journey or Making shall have been put, shall be locked, fastened or secured by the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, deliver to the proper Officer of Excise a Declaration in Writing, specifying the true Number of such Iron Pans or Trays as aforesaid, into or on which fuch Articles, Veffels or Utenfils of Flint Glass or of Phial Glais, as the case may be, of that particular Journey or Making shall have been put, and which shall have been so silled with fuch Articles, Vessels or Utenfils, and put or deposited in each such Lear; and if any fuch Maker or Makers shall neglect or refuse to deliver such Declaration in Writing, such Maker or Makers so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Penalty. Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker or Flint and Phial Makers of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass shall, and he, she and they Glass Makers to is and are hereby required to keep sufficient and just Scales and provide Scales Weights, at the Place or Places where he, she or they shall make or and Weights at Glass-house. manufacture any Flint Glass or Phial Glass, and shall, at his, her or their own Expence, find, provide and affix within his, her or their Weighing Room and Re-weighing Room respectively, fit and proper Hooks or Staples, and also permit and suffer any Officer or Officers of Excise to use the same, for the Purpose of weighing and taking an Account of and re-weighing the Flint Glass and Phial Glass respectively, which shall at any time be in the Possession of such Maker and Makers; and if any such Maker or Makers shall neglect to keep such Scales and Weights, or either of them, or shall not at his, her or their own Expence find, provide and affix in manner aforefaid, such fit and proper Hooks or Staples as aforesaid, or shall not permit or suffer any Officer or Officers of Excise to use the same, such Maker or Makers shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if any such Pennsty. Maker or Makers shall, in the weighing or re-weighing of any Making use of Flint Glass or Phial Glass, make use of, or eause, or procure, or falle Scales. suffer to be made use of, any false, unjust or insufficient Scales or Weights, or shall practife any Art, Device or Contrivance, by which any fuch Officer or Officers may be hindered or prevented from taking the just and true Weight of any such Flint Glass or Phial Glass respectively, then and in every such case such Maker or Makers shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, with all such fasse, unjust or Penalty. insufficient Scales and Weights respectively, and the same shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker Flint and Phial and Maken of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass, being definous to Glass Makers to

have give Six Hours

Notice for havin; Weighing Rooms opened. have any Weighing Room to him, her or them belonging, unlocked and opened, for the Purpose of weighing and charging with the Duty any Flint Glass or Phial Glass therein, shall give to the Officer of Excise under whose Survey he, she or they shall then be, Six Hours previous Notice in Writing of his, her or their being fo desirous, and specifying in such Notice each particular Weighing Room which he, she or they is or are so desirous to have unlocked or opened for the Purpoles aforesaid, and the particular Time and Hour at which he, she or they is or are desirous to have the same so unlocked or opened: and upon fuch Notice being given, fuch Officer shall attend at the time mentioned in such Notice, and shall unlock and open such Weighing Room for the Purposes aforesaid, and such Officer shall proceed to weigh, and shall weigh the whole of the Flint Glass and Phial Glass respectively, (whether whole or broken) with fuch Scales and Weights as aforefaid in the faid Weighing Room, and shall charge such Maker or Makers with the Duty for and in respect of such Flint Glass and Phial Glass respectively, according to such Weight: Provided always nevertheless, that no such Maker or Makers shall be at Liberty to give any such Notice for having any fuch Weighing Room, or the Door or Entrance thereof opened, for the Purpoles aforefaid, at any other time than between the Hours of Six in the Morning, and Six in the Afternoon; and every Notice given for having any fuch Weighing Room, or the Door or Entrance thereof opened, at any other Time or Hour than between the Hours in that behalf aforesaid, shall, and the same is hereby declared to be null and void to all Intents and

In what cafe Notice void for opening Weighing Room.

Warrant to fearch for Glass fraudulently conveyed away.

Purposes whatsoever. XXIV. And he it further enacted, That if any Officer or Officers of Excise shall have cause to suspect that any Flint Glass, or Phial Glass, which shall, contrary to the Directions of this Act, have been fraudulently removed or conveyed away before the same shall have been weighed by the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, according to the Directions of this Act, shall be deposited, lodged, hid or concealed in any Place or Places whatfoever, then and in fuch case, if such Place or Places shall be within the Cities of London or Westminster, or within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise in London, upon Oath made by such Officer or Officers before the Commissioners of Excise in England for the time being, or any Two or more of them, or in case such Place shall be in any other Part of Great Britain, upon Oath, made by fuch Officer or Officers before One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County, Riding, Division or Place, where such Officer or Officers shall suspect the same to be deposited, lodged, hid or concealed (which respective Oaths they the faid Commissioners of Excise, or any Two or more of them, and Justice or Justices of the Peace respectively, are hereby authorized and empowered to administer), setting forth the Ground of his or their Suspicion, it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid Commissioners of Excise, or any Two or more of them, or the Justice or Justices of the Peace respectively (as the case may require) before whom such Oath shall be made, if they or he shall judge it reasonable, by Special Warrant or Warrants under his and their respective Hands and Seals, to authorize and empower such Officer or Officers by Day or by Night, but if in the Night, then in the Prefence of a Constable or other lawful Officer of the Peace,

to enter into all and every fuch Place or Places where he or they shall so suspect such Flint Glass or Phial Glass to be deposited, lodged, hid or concealed, and to feize and carry away all fuch Flint Glass and Phial Glass which he or they shall then and there find so deposited, lodged, hid or concealed as forfeited; and if any Person Obstructing Exor Persons whatsoever shall let, obstruct or hinder any such Officer ecution of Search or Officers so authorized or empowered, or any other Person or Persons acting in his or their Aid or Assistance in the Execution of fuch Warrant, from entering any fuch Place or Places where fuch Officer or Officers shall so suspect such Flint Glass or Phial Glass to be so deposited, lodged, hid or concealed, or in feizing or carrying away the same, or in the due Execution of any such Warrant, the Person or Persons so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, feverally forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That all Enamel, Stained or Enamel, &c. Paste Glass, which shall be made in Great Britain shall be deemed deemed Flint

and taken to be Flint Glass within the meaning of this Act.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That in every such Weighing Turn of Scale in of any fuch Flint Glass or Phial Glass, the Turn of the Scale shall Favour of the Crown, and in lieu thereof there shall be be given in favour of the Crown, and in lieu thereof there shall be allowed to fuch Maker or Makers of fuch Flint Glass or Phial Glass respectively, One Pound Weight upon each and every One hundred Pounds of fuch Flint Glass or Phial Glass so weighed.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker Glass Makers to and Makers of Flint Glass, shall, and he, she and they is and are provide a Rehereby required, at his, her and their own Expence, to find and weighing Room, provide, or erect, build, make and construct a good, sufficient and Flint Chafe secure Re-weighing Room, in or adjoining to each and every Flint weighed and Glasshouse or Phial Glasshouse, as the Case may require, to him, charged by her or them belonging, which Room shall be contiguous and next Officer for a adjoining to the faid Weighing Room, and shall be separated or di-vided therefrom only by a Wall not more than Two Feet in Thick-in the Interim nefs, and the Door of Communication shall be in such Wall between by Supervisor. the faid Weighing Room and Re-weighing Room; and no fuch Re-weighing Room shall have more than Two Doors or Entrances into the same, One thereof being the said Door of Communication between the faid Weighing Room and Re-weighing Room, and the other thereof opening into or communicating with any Part of the Premises appertaining to the Glasshouse to which such Re-weighing Room may belong; and each and every fuch Re-weighing Room, and the Doors or Entrances thereof, shall be securely locked, fastened and sealed by the Officer or Officers of Excise under whose Survey fuch Maker or Makers of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass respectively shall from time to time be, whenever any Glass which shall have been weighed and charged by fuch Officer or Officers shall be or remain, put, placed or deposited therein, for and during the Space of Six Hours after the same shall have been weighed, unless the same shall have been sooner re-weighed by the Surveyor or Supervisor of Excise, according to the Directions of this Act; and when and so foon as any Flint Glass or Phial Glass shall be weighed by the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, the Maker or Makers thereof shall, with a sufficient Number of his, her or their Workmen or Servants, without Delay or Interruption, and with all due Diligence and Difpatch, remove and convey the same and every Part thereof from and O 3

out of the faid Weighing Room unto and into the faid Re-weighing Room, and shall there place and deposit the same in the said Reweighing Room separate and apart from all other Glass or Glass Wares what soever; and such Flint Glass or Phial Glass respectively shall remain in such ke-weighing Room where so placed or deposited for the full Space of Six Hours after the same shall have been so weighed as aforefaid, unless the same shall have been sooner reweighed by the respective Surveyors or Supervisors of Excise, to the end that the faid Surveyors or Supervisors respectively may have an Opportunity to weigh or re-weigh the same; and the said respective Surveyors or Supervisors are hereby authorized and empowered to weigh or re-weigh all fuch Flint Glass and Phial Glass respectively accordingly; and if upon the re-weighing thereof any additional Weight shall be discovered or found, such additional Weight of Flint Glass and Phial Glass respectively shall be chargeable and charged with the respective Duties by Law pavable for or in respect of such Flint Glass or Phial Glass respectively; and in case any such Flint Glass or Phial Glass so removed and conveyed into any such Re-weighing Room, shall not be re-weighed by any Surveyor or Supervisor of Excise within the said Space of Six Hours, then and in every fuch case the Officer of Excise, under whose Survey fuch Maker or Makers of Glass shall then be, shall lock, seal and fasten the said Weighing Room, and the said Door of Communication between the same and the said Re-weighing Room, and shall unlock and open the faid other Door or Entrance into the faid Reweighing Room; and if any such Maker or Makers of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass shall neglect or refuse to find and provide, or eyect, build, make or conttruct such Re-weighing Room as aforesaid, or shall neglect or refuse, when and so soon as any Flint Glass or Phial Glass shall be weighed by the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, with a sufficient Number of his, her or their Workmen or Servants, to remove or convey any fuch Flint Glass or Phial Glass without Delay or Interruption, and with all due Diligence and Dispatch from or out of the said Weighing Room, unto and into the said Reweighing Room, or shall neglect or refuse to place or deposit the fame or any Part thereof in the faid Re-weighing Room as atorelaid, separate and apart from all other Glass or Glass Wares whatsoever, or shall remove or convey, or cause, procure or suffer to be removed or conveyed from or out of fuch Re-weighing Room, any Flint Glass or Phial Glass before the End or Expiration of Six Hours next after the same shall have been so weighed as aforesaid by the proper Officer of Excise, unless the same shall have been sooner weighed or reweighed by the respective Surveyors or Supervisors of Excise, the Person or Persons so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds: Provided always nevertheless, that no Iron Grating, Weighing Room or Re-weighing Room, shall be deemed or taken to be a good, sufficient or secure Iron Grating, Weighing Room or Re-weighing Room, unless the same shall be approved of by the respective Surveyors or Supervisors of Excise of the Division or District within which the Lear to the Mouth or Entrance of which fuch Iron Grating shall belong, or for which the same is intended, shall be situate, or within which such Weighing Room or Re-weighing Room, as the case may be, shall be fituate.

Neglecting to build Re-weighing Room, &c.

Penalty.
Iron Grating, &c.
to be approved
of by Officer.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That proper Locks, Keys Supervitors to and all other necessary Fastenings for securing and sealing every such provide Locks Lear, and the Mouth or Entrance and Iron Grating thereof, and for and Fastenings fecuring and fealing every fuch Weighing Room and Re-weighing Expence. Room respectively, and the Door or Entrance thereof respectively, shall be provided by the respective Surveyors and Supervisors of Excife of fuch Division or District, at the Expence of such Maker or Makers of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass respectively, as the case may require; and if any fuch Maker or Makers shall neglect or refuse to Neglect, &c. pay for any Lock, Key or other necessary Fastenings, which shall be provided by any Surveyor or Supervisor of Excise, according to the Directions of this Act, or if any Person or Persons shall obstruct or hinder any Officer or Officers of Excise, or any Person or Perfons by him or them employed in that behalf, in the fixing or placing any fuch Fastening in such manner as such Officer or Officers shall direct, or think expedient to answer any of the Purposes, by this Act, in that behalf intended, or in the locking, fealing or fecuring any fuch Lear, or the Mouth or Entrance or Iron Grating. thereof, or in the locking, fealing or fecuring any fuch Weighing Room or Re-weighing Room, or the Door or Entrance of the fame respectively, or any such Fastening as aforesaid, or by any Means, Art, Device or Contrivance whatfoever, shall open any such Lock or Lear, or the Mouth, Entrance or Iron Grating thereof, or any fuch Weighing Room or Re-weighing Room, or the Door or Entrance of the same respectively, or shall claudestinely enter or gain. Admittance, or make any Hole or Opening into any fuch Lear, after the same or the Mouth or Entrance or Iron Grating thereof shall have been locked, sealed, fastened or secured as aforesaid, or into any such Weighing Room or Re-weighing Room after the same, or the Door or Entrance of the same respectively shall have been locked, fealed, fattened or fecured as aforefaid, before the fame respectively shall have been unlocked and opened by the proper Officer of Excise, or shall wilfully break or damage any such Door, Lock, Seal, Iron Grating or Fastening, every such Maker or Makers, or other Perion or Perions fo offending, thall, for each, and every fuch Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Penalty. Pounds.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That where any Locks, Locks and Faf-Keys, or Fastenings shall be provided in pursuance of this Act, all tenings to be and every Maker and Makers of Glass, to whom such Locks, Keys altered and kept and Fastenings respectively shall then belong, shall at his, her or their in Repair by own Expence from time to time and at all times when required fo to Glais Makers, do by the respective Surveyors or Supervisors of Excise, of the Division or District in which such his, her or their Glasshouse shall. be fituate, immediately fet about altering, repairing and amending, and shall also, within a reasonable time then next following, alter, repair and amend the same respectively according to such Requisition; and if any fuch Maker or Makers of Glass to whom any. fuch Locks, Keys and Fastenings, or any or either of them shall belong, shall neglect or refuse immediately to set about altering, repairing or amending the same, or to alter, repair or amend the. same when thereunto required, according to the Directions of this. Act, he, she or they shall, for each and every such Neglect or Refufal, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds. XXX. And

Flint and Phial affift Officers in weighing and reweighing.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Glass Makers to Makers of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass, shall, when and so often as he, she or they shall be thereunto required by the Officer or Officers of Excise under whose Survey he, she or they shall then be, with a sufficient Number of his, her or their Workmen or Servants, and and affift to the utmost of his, her or their Power, such Officer or Officers, or Surveyor or Supervisor, in weighing and taking an Account, or in re-weighing all Flint Glass or Phial Glass of such Maker or Makers on Pain of forfeiting for every Neglect or Refusal the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Penalty. Unweighed Flint and Phial Glass to be kept apart.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass shall, from time to time and at all times, keep all Flint Glass and Phial Glass respectively in his, her or their Custody or Possession, and which shall not have been weighed by the Officer of Excise according to the Directions of this Act, separate and apart from all Flint Glass and Phial Glass respectively which shall have been weighed, and from all other Glass Wares whatsoever, on pain of forfeiting for every such Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Penalty. Flint Glass Makers conveying away Flint or Phial Glass before weighed.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Maker or Makers of Flint Glass or Phial Glass shall fraudulently remove or convey away any Flint Glass or Phial Glass from any Lear or other Place before the proper Officer of Excise shall have weighed the same, or shall neglect or refuse to produce any such Flint Glass or Phial Glass to such Officer that he may weigh the same, all and every Maker and Makers shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, together with all such Flint Glass or Phial Glass respectively; and the same respectively shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

Penalty.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Maker or Makers of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass shall, for the annealing of any Flint Glass or Phial Glass, make use of any private or concealed Lear, annealing Arch, Oven, Utenfil or Place whatfoever, other than his, her or their known Lear or Lears entered for that Purpose, or shall practise any Art, Device or Contrivance for answering the Purpose of a Lear or annealing Arch or Oven, for the Purpose of annealing any Flint Glass or Phial Glass; or if any fuch Maker or Makers shall make use of any Art, Device or Contrivance, other than an entered Lear to answer the Purpose of a Lear for the annealing of any Flint or Phial Glass; each and every fuch Maker or Makers so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Flint and Phial Glass Makers not to ule any but an entered Lear.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker Glass Makers to or Makers of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass, shall, and he, she and they is and are hereby required, at or before the Hour of Six in the Evening of Saturday in each and every Week, to work out into Wares, or to cause and procure to be worked out into Wares, the whole of the Metal or Preparation which shall at any time during that Week have been founded or melted in any Pot or Pots to him, her or them belonging, for the making of Flint Glass or Phial Glass, on pain to forfeit, for every Neglect or Refusal thereof, the Sum of Two hundred Pounds: Provided always nevertheless, that nothing hereinbefore contained shall extend or be deemed or construed to extend to subject any Maker or Makers of Flint Glass

Penaky. Flint or Phial work Metal out of Flint Pots by Six on Saturday Evening,

Penalty. Provide for Maker not, incurring Penalty. or of Phial Glass to the faid last mentioned Penalty, for or by reason of his, her or their not working out the Allowance of one Inch. deep made to fuch Maker or Makers, by an Act passed in the Seventeenth Year of His present Majesty King George the Third, at the 17 G. 3. c. 39. Bottom of any such Pot; any thing hereinbefore contained to the \$31.

contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker or Makers to Makers of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass shall, when and so soon as charge Pous with any Journey shall be finished if the same shall be sinished at or before fresh Materials the Hour of Six in the Evening of Saturday in any Week, or if the at Six in the Evening of Safame shall not be finished at or before such Hour, then all and every surday, in Prefuch Maker and Makers shall at such Hour in the Presence of the sence of Officer. Officer of Excise under whose Survey such Maker or Makers shall then be again charged, each and every Pot from or out of which any Glass Wares shall have been worked in such Journey with fresh Materials or Preparations (other than Cullet or broken Glass), not less in Quantity than Fifty Pounds Weight; and if any Maker or Makers of Flint Glass or Phial Glass shall not in the Presence of fuch Officer when and so soon as any Journey shall be finished, if the same shall be finished before the Hour of Six in the Evening of Saturday in any Week, or if the same shall not be sinished at or before fuch Hour, then if fuch Maker or Makers shall not at such Hour in the Presence of such Officer again charge each and every such Pot or Pots with fresh Materials or Preparation as aforesaid, then and in every such case the Person or Persons so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two Penalty, hundred Pounds: Provided always nevertheless, that nothing herein. In what case before contained shall extend, or be deemed or construed to extend, Penalty not into subject any Maker or Makers of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass, curred. to the faid last mentioned or any other Penalty for or by reason of his, her or their not charging with fuch fresh Materials or Prepara-tions as aforefaid, any such Pot from or out of which such Maker or Makers shall, in the Presence of such Officer, and under a previous Notice in Writing given by fuch Maker or Makers of Glass to fuch Officer, by the Space of Two Hours have laded out into Water the whole of the Metal remaining in any fuch Pot or Pots at the time of fuch lading as aforefaid.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Maker or Makers No Flint or of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass shall make or manufacture within Phial Glass the same Glashouse or Building, by him, her or them entered or Maker to ma-used for the making or manufacturing of Flint Glass or Phial Glass, other Sort of or in any Glasshouse or Building adjoining thereto, any Sort or Glass in his Flint Species of Glass or Glass Wares whatever, other than Flint Glass Glasshouie, &c. and Phial Glass; and if any such Maker or Makers shall make or manufacture within the same Glasshouse or Building by him, her or them entered or used for the making or manufacturing of Flint Glass or Phial Glass, or in any Glasshouse or Building adjoining thereto, any Species of Glass or Glass Wares other than Flint Glass and Phial Glass, all and every such Maker or Makers respectively so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the

Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That no Maker or Makers Making of of Glass shall make of common Bottle Metal, any Bottle or Bottles common Bottle smaller or of less Size or Content than what is commonly deemed Metal, any Bottles less than

Penalty.

and

declared

a reputed Half Pint.

and reputed an Half Pint Bottle; and if any Maker or Makers of Glass shall make of common Bottle Metal, any Bottle or Bottles fmaller or of less Size or Content than aforesaid, the Maker or Makers of Glass so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Penalty. Obstructing Officers.

Denaky.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall obstruct or hinder any Officer or Officers of Excise in the Execution of any of the Powers or Authorities to him or them given or granted by this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament relating to Flint Glass or Phial Glass, the Person or Persons so offending therein, shall, for each and every such Offence, (other than those for which any Penalty is hereinbefore specially imposed or provided) severally forseit the Sum of Three hundred Pounds: Provided always nevertheless, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to make it unlawful to or for any Officer or Officers of Excise, from time to time and at all times, to inspect, examine, gauge or otherwise to take an Account of the Metal and Materials mixed and prepared, or founded or founding for the making of Glass in any such Glasshouse or Building as aforesaid, as well before such Metal or Materials shall be put into any Pot or Pots, as after the same shall be put into any Pot or Pots, or to take a Sample or Samples, not exceeding Eight Ounces in the whole, out of each fuch Pot, or any other Vessel or Utensil, containing such Preparation for making Glais.

Drawbacks al-Jowed agreeably to 26 G. 3. c.77., Lc.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That the Drawbacks by this Act allowed shall be paid and allowed out of the Duties of Excise by this Act imposed, under, subject and according to the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions, contained and provided in and by an Act made in the Twenty fixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, among other things, for the Amendment of feveral Laws relating to the Duties under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise; or by any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, relating to the Exportation of Glass on Drawback: Provided always nevertheless, that, from and after the said First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, no Drawback shall be paid or allowed for or upon the Exportation of. any Flint Glass or Phial Glass (whether made before or after the pailing of this Act) fave and except the Drawback of Two Pounds Nine Shillings for every Hundred Weight of such Flint Glass or Phial Glass respectively.

Previso

XL. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That as soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this Act, the proper Officers of Excise shall take an Account of such of the Articles, Vessels and Utenfils of Flint Glass and of Phial Glass in the Stock, Custody or to Drawback, &c. Poffession of all and every Maker and Makers of Flint Glass or of Phial Glass respectively, which shall at one and the same time be produced and shewn by any such Maker or Makers to such Officer or Officers for the Purpole of being so taken an Account of for Exportation, to entitle such Maker or Makers to the Drawback hereinafter mentioned, and thereupon all and every fuch Maker and Makers shall forthwith declare to fuch Officer or Officers the Particulars and Quantity of such Articles, Vessels and Utensils by him, her or them

> intended for such Exportation, and such Maker or Makers shall forthwith separate and divide all such Articles, Vessels and Utenfils so

Officers to take Account of Stock in Hand for Exportation. to entitle Makers

C. 60.

declared for such Exportation from all other Articles, Vessels and Utenfils of Glass in his, her or their Stock, Custody or Possession, and shall make Oath before such Officer or Officers, (and which Oath fuch Officer and Officers is and are hereby authorized and empowered to administer) that the said Articles, Vessels and Utenfils, and every Part thereof so declared for Exportation, were really and bona fide made before the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and that the Duties for or in respect of the Materials or Metal from whence the same and every Part thereof. were blown, made or manufactured, were duly charged by the Officer or Officers of Excise, and such Maker or Makers shall also forthwith in the Presence of such Officer or Officers, remove, carry and convey the faid Articles, Vessels and Utensils so declared for Exportation, into some near, secure and convenient Room to be approved of by fuch Officer or Officers, where and in which the same shall be fafely and fecurely locked up by fuch Officer or Officers, and shall remain and continue so locked up, and without such Maker or Makers or any other Person or Persons other than the proper Officers of Excise having any Entrance into the said Room, or any Access to the said Glass until the packing up thereof for Exportation, under, subject and according to the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions contained and provided for packing up Glass for Exportation in and by an Act made in the Twenty fixth 26 G.3. c. 77. Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Att to limit a time for the Repayment of the Duties on Male Servants and Carriages by the Commissioners of Excise; and also on Horses, Waggons, Wains and Carts by the Commissioners of Stamps; and for the Amendment of several Laws relating to the Duties under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise; and each Package of the said Glass shall also be marked or diffinguished in such manner as the Commissioners of Excise in England and Scotland respectively, or any Three or more of them respectively, shall direct, and upon the said Articles, Vessels and Utenfils fo produced, declared and made Oath to having been so taken an Account of, locked up and packed up as aforesaid, and being also shipped and exported under, subject and according to the faid Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions relating to the Exportation of Glass on Drawback, a Drawback of Three Pounds Five Shillings and Three Pence shall be allowed, under, subject and according to the faid Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions for every One hundred Weight, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity of such Glass; any thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

'XLI. And whereas by an Act made in the Seventeenth Year 17 G. 3. c. 59. of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, among 5 37. other things, for the better collecting the Duties upon Glass, it is, among other things, enacted, that every Person and Persons who ' shall knowingly enter, or cause or suffer to be entered any broken f or waste Glass for Exportation, with Intent that any Drawback or Allowance should be obtained, shall, over and above all other · Penalties and Forfeitures, for every such Offence also forfeit and ! lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds: And whereas it is expedient to forfeit all fuch broken and waste Glass; Be it therefore enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall knowingly enter, or cause or Broken Glass, fuffer to be entered any broken or waste Glass for Exportation, with &c. entered for

Intent Exportation on Drawback.

Penalty.

Intent that any Drawback or Allowance shall be obtained, such broken or waste Glass respectively shall be forfeited, and shall and may be feized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

Penalties and Forfeitures how

XLII. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act imposed, shall be sued for, recovered, levied or mitigated, by fuch ways, means and methods, as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture is or may be fued for, recovered, levied or mitigated, by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland; and that One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, shall be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him, her or them who shall discover, inform or sue for the same.

Former Acts to extend to this Acì,

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers, Authorities, Methods, Rules, Directions, Regulations, Penalties, Forfeitures, Provisoes, Clauses, Matters and Things, which in and by any A& or Acts of Parliament relating to the Duties on Glass, or on the Materials or Metal, or other Preparation made use of in Great Britain in the making of Glass, or to the paying or allowing of any Drawback on the Exportation of Glass, in force immediately before the said First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, are contained, provided, fettled or established, for managing, affesting, raifing, levying, collecting, recovering, adjudging, mitigating, afcertaining, enforcing and securing the laid Duties, or for paying or allowing any Drawback of the faid Duties, and for preventing, detecting and punishing Frauds relating thereto, except where the same are expressly repealed or altered by this Act, shall be and remain in full Force and Effect, to all intents and purpoles; and the faid Powers, Authorities, Methods, Rules, Directions, Regulations, Penalties, Forfeitures, Provisions, Clauses, Matters and Things, except as before excepted, shall continue and be duly observed, practifed, applied, used and put in Execution, throughout the whole Kingdom of Great Britain, as fully and effectually to all intents and purposes, except as before excepted, as if the said Powers, Author rities, Rules, Directions, Regulations, Penalties, Forfeitures, Provisions, Clauses, Matters and Things had been expressly inserted and re-enacted in this present Act.

Confolidated Fund.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That all Monies arifing by the Duties by this Act imposed (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted) shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and shall be carried to and made Part of the Confolidated Fund of Great Britain.

45 G. 3. c. 30.

- XLV. And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An AB for granting unto His Majesty several additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain, it is provided, that the Commissioners of His
- 4 Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the Lord 4 High Treasurer for the time being, shall for the Period of Ten
- 4 Years from the Commencement of the faid Act, cause a separate and diffinct Account of the Additional Duties by the faid Act
- granted, to be prepared and annually laid before Parliament pur-fuant to an Act paffed in the Forty second Year of the Reign of
- 4 His present Majesty, intituled, An AB for directing certain Public
 - · Accounts

 Accounts to be laid annually before Parliament, and for disconcinuing certain other Forms of Account now in use: And whereas Due third Part of the Duties by this Act repealed, and in lieu of which other Duties are by this Act imposed, constituted and made · Part of the additional Duties granted by the faid Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and it is therefore expedient that Provisions should be made for ascertaining the Produce of One third Part of the Duties by this Act imposed; Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the First Day of August One Manner of thouland eight hundred and eleven, the whole of the Duties granted keeping Account by this Act shall be entered together in one Account, but that the of Duties. Lord High Treasurer for the time being, or Lords Commissioners of His Majetty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, for the time being, shall, for and during the Remainder of the said Period of Ten Years, to be computed from the Commencement of the said Act, passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, cause a separate and distinct Account of One third Part of the Duties by this Act granted, to be made out in such Manner and Form as shall appear to the Lord High Treasurer for the time being. or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the time being, belt adapted to ascertain the Amount of One third Part of the faid Duties, which Account the faid Lord High Treasurer for the time being, or the Lords Commillioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the time being, are hereby required to cause to be laid before Parliament, together with the Public Accounts directed to be laid before Parliament pursuant to the Provisions of the said Act passed in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty.

of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, ' intituled, An All for repealing the Duties on the Materials used in " making Spread Window Glass and Crown Glass, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof, and for the better Collection of the faid Duties; it is enacted, that the same should continue and be in sorce ' from the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and nine, for the Space of Two Years, to be computed from that Day; and it is expedient that the same should be further continued; Be it enacted, That the faid recited Act shall continue and remain in force continued till from the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, Aug. 1, 1812. until the First Day of August One thouland eight hundred and twelve; fave and except as the Provisions thereof are altered by this

XLVI. And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty ninth Year 49 G. 3. c. 63.

4 XLVII. And whereas by a Clause in the said last mentioned 49 G.3. c.63. " Act, it is enacted, that before any Maker or Makers of Spread \$ 10. Window Glass or Crown Glass as in that Act mentioned, shall begin to close or stop up any annealing Arch or Oven containing sany Spread Window Glass or Crown Glass, he, the or they shall deliver to the proper Officer of Excise, a Declaration in Writing, · specifying the true Number of Tables of Spread Glass or Crown . Glass respectively put or deposited and contained in each and every fuch annealing Arch respectively; and if any such Maker or Makers s as in that Act mentioned shall neglect or refuse to deliver such Declaration in Writing as last aforesaid, every such Maker or Makers fo offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose

. A.D.1811.

the Sum of Twenty Pounds: And whereas it may fometimes happen that, from Errors in counting and otherwise, the true Number of Tables of Spread Glass or Crown Glass respectively

Proviso for Makers of Spread Window Gla's or Crown Glass as to Perialty of 201 \$ 10.

oput or deposited and contained in any such annealing Arch may be mikaken, and it is therefore expedient to make such Provision as is hereinafter mentioned; Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the faid First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, no Maker or Makers of Spread Window Glats or Crown Glass shall incur or be liable to the said Penalty of Twenty Pounds, for or by reason of any Declaration by him, her or them, delivered as by 49 C.3. c.63. or for the Declaration required by the faid recited Claufe, not specifying the true Number of Tables of Spread Glass or Crown Glass respectively put or deposited and contained in any such annealing Arch, provided the Number of Tables of Spread Glass or Crown Glass respectively specified in such Declaration so delivered shall not vary more than at and after the Rate of Five per Centum from the true Number of Tables of Spread Glass or Crown Glass respectively put or deposited and contained in such annealing Arch; any thing in the faid Act contained to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

* XLVIII. And whereas in and by the aforesaid A& certain

Petriction of Drawbacks of 49 G. j. c. 63. **5** 3.

How Crown જ્મોર્તાદ, &c. to be exported.

Penalty. Commencement, &c.

Drawbacks are allowed for Spread Window Glass, commonly called or known by the Name of Broad Glass, and for all other Window Glass not being Spread Glass, whether flashed or otherwife manufactured, and commonly called or known either by the 4 Name of Crown Glass or German Sheet Glass, made in Great Britain, and exported to Foreign Parts or to Ireland: And whereas it is expedient that no Drawback should be allowed on the Exportation of any fuch Glass, unless the same shall be exported in Tables or regular Figures of certain Dimensions; Be it therefore enacted, That no Drawbacks shall be allowed for or in respect of any such Glass exported, unless the same shall be shipped and exported in Whole Tables, Half Tables, or Quarter Tables, or in regular Panes, Squares or Rectangular Figures, the Four Sides of which together shall measure at least Fourteen Inches, and of which no Side shall measure less than Three Inches, or Lozenges of which the Four Sides together shall measure at least Fourteen Inches, and no Side of which shall measure less than Three Inches and an Half, and all Window Glass of other Shape or less Dimensions than as aforesaid shall be deemed and taken to be Waste Glass within the Meaning of the faid Act passed in the Seventeenth Year of His Majesty's Reign; and if any Person or Persons shall knowingly enter or ship, or cause or procure to be entered or shipped for Exportation, in order to obtain any Drawback by the faid Act granted or allowed, any Spread Window Glass, commonly called or known by the Name of Broad Glass or other Window Glass, not being Spread Glass as aforesaid, not being in Whole Tables, Half Tables, Quarter Tables, or in regular Panes, Squares, or Rectangular Figures or Lozenges of the Dimensions aforelaid, such Person or Persons shall for every Crate, Parcel, Box or Package of fuch Glass so entered or shipped, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take Effect, as to all fuch Matters and Things therein contained, in respect whereof no Special Commencement is hereby directed or provided.

provided, from and immediately after the faid First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and shall remain and continue in force for the Space of One Year, to be computed from that Day.

CAP. LXX.

An Act for repealing the Hat Duty in Great Britain.

[15th June 1811.]

HEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty sourth Year of 44 G. 3. c. 98. His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to repeal the several Duties under the Commissioners for managing the Duties upon stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper, in Great Britain, and to grant new and additional Duties in lieu thereof, certain 6 Stamp Duties were imposed upon Hats and upon Licences for e vending Hats by Retail, which it is expedient should now be " repealed:' May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Moil Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this prefent Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Fifth Day of Duties on Hete July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, the said Duties on Hats and Licences for and on Licences for vending Hats by Retail, granted by the faid vending Hats to Act, shall cease and determine, and all Powers and Provisions con- ceases tained in the faid Act, and in any other Act or Acts of Parliament for the raising, levying, collecting or securing of the said Duties, shall be and the same are hereby from thenceforth repealed; save and except so far as regards such of the said Duties, or io much and fuch Parts thereof, as shall have become due or payable, or ought to have been paid, and all fuch Penalties and Forfeitures for Offences relating to the same Duties, or any of them, as shall have been incurred before or upon the faid Fifth Day of July.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for all Dealers may de-Dealers in Hat Liuings, and for all licented Dealers in Hats, who liver up to Comshall, on the Sixth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and millioners Hat livings duly stamped for denoting. Linings duly eleven, be possessed of any Hat Linings duly stamped for denoting stamped. the Duties on Hats, and which shall not have been used, or worn, or fold with any Hat, to deliver the same to the Commissioners of Stamps, in order that the Stamps thereon may be cancelled; and on Commissioners due Proof being made to the Satisfaction of the faid Commissioners, on being satisor the major Part of them, by Affidavit or solemn Affirmation made fied that Hat before the faid Commissioners, or any One or more of them, or bebeen used that fore a Master in Chancery Ordinary or Extraordinary, (who are allow Duty. hereby respectively authorized to take the same, and administer the proper Oath or Affirmation for that Purpose) that such Hat Linings had not been used, or worn, or fold with any Hat, and that the Possessions thereof had bona side paid, or then stood bound or liable to pay the Duties marked thereon, and of all such other Circumstances as the faid Commissioners or the major Part of them shall in their Discretion judge necessary for the Purpose of preventing Frauds, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, in all Cases where the Possessors of such Hat Linings shall have a Credit Account open with the Stamp Office, to allow the Amount of the Duties marked on such Hat Linings, in Reduction of their respective Debts; and in all

Limitation.

esses where the Possessors shall not have a Credit Account open with the Stamp Office, to return to them the Amount of the Duties marked on such Hat Linings, first deducting the Discount which shall have been allowed for or in respect of such Duties: Provided always, that no fuch Allowance or Return of Duties shall be made, unless the same shall be claimed within Six Calendar Months after the faid Fifth Day of July.

Distributors may receive Hat Linings.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the faid Commissioners, or the major Part of them, to authorize any of the Distributors of Stamps in the Country, to receive fuch Hat Linings from any fuch Dealers as aforefaid, refident within their respective Districts, and thereupon to do all or any such Acts respecting the same as the said Commissioners themselves are hereby authorized to do.

Perjury.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person making any fuch Affidavit or Affirmation as aforefaid shall knowingly and wilfully make a falle Oath or Affirmation of or concerning any of the Matters to be therein specified and set forth, every Person so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be subject and liable to fuch Pains and Penalties as by any Law now in force Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable to.

C A P. LXXI.

An Act for the Abolition and Regulation of certain Offices in the Customs. [15th June 1811.] HEREAS by an Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His answers 25.

38 G. 3. c. 86.

48 G 3. c. 9.

of the Reign of His present Majesty, in tituled, An AR for abolishing certain Offices in the Customs, and for regulating certain other Offices therein, and for applying the Fees which have been received from vacant Offices towards the Augmentation of the Superannuation Fund; and by an Act, passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, intituled, An Att for abolishing the Office of Surveyor of Subsidies and Petty Customs in the Port of London, certain Offices in the Customs were directed to be wholly ' abolished, as the same should become vacant, and certain other · Offices were also directed to be abolished in Part when they should ' become vacant; and that such of the respective Duties as should ' he deemed useful and necessary should be continued and regulated: "And whereas many of the Offices enumerated in the faid first recited ' Act have become vacant, and been abolished under the said Act, and it is expedient to make further Provision for the Abolition and Regulation of certain Offices in the Customs: And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His said pre-' sent Majesty, intituled, An All for abolishing Fees received by certain Officers and other Persons employed in the Service of the Customs in ' the Port of London, and for regulating the Attendance of Officers and others so employed, the Fees, Perquisites and Gratuities paid to · certain Officers, Clerks and Persons employed in the Service of the 4 Customs in the Port of London were wholly abolished: And whereas

46 G. J. c. 82.

c. 51.

47 G. 3. Seff. 1. 6 by an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His faid present Majesty, intituled, An All to extend the Provisions of an A& made in the last Session of Parliament, for abolishing Feesreceived by certain Officers and other Persons employed in the Service.

of the Customs in the Port of London, and for regulating the Attendance of Officers and others so employed, to the Gut Ports, and to appropriate the Fees of certain abolished and vacant Offices in the Customs to the Superannuation Fund, the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury were authorized to extend the Provisions of the · faid last recited Act to any of the other Ports in Great Britain, and which Provisions have been accordingly so extended to several of the Ports in Great Britain, and to certain Officers of the Customs employed in fuch Ports: And whereas it is expedient, in order to give full, general and immediate Effect to the good Purpofes intended by the said recited Acts of the Thirty eighth and Forty eighth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, that such of the Offices in the Customs as are by the said Acts directed to be abolished when they become vacant, which have not yet become vacant, should be abolished or regulated; and also that all Fees, Perquifites and Gratuities received by Officers, Clerks or other Perfons employed in the Service of the Customs, as well in the several Out Ports in Great Britain as in the Port of London, should be sabolished; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Fifth Day Offices in Table of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, the feveral A abolished. Offices enumerated or described in the Table to this Act annexed, marked (A.) shall, as far as the same or any of them relate to the Port of London, be and the same are hereby wholly abolished; and Offices in Table that, from and after the said Fifth Day of January One thousand B. abolished. eight hundred and twelve, the several Offices enumerated or described in the Table to this Act annexed, marked (B.) shall, as far as the Same or any of them relate to the Port of London, be and the same are hereby abolished; and such of the Duties executed in the said Necessary Duties Offices as shall be deemed to be necessary and useful, shall continue to continue. to be executed and performed according to fuch Regulations, and by fuch Persons, and in such manner as shall be appointed under the Provisions of this Act; and that from and after the faid Fifth Day of Offices in Table January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, the several Offices enumerated or described in the Table to this Act annexed, marked to transferred to (C.) the Duties whereof are in Part necessary, and which Duties other Offices. may, without Inconvenience to the Public Service, be transferred to and executed in certain other Offices of the Customs, shall, as far as the same or any of them relate to the Port of London, be and the same are hereby abolished, and the Duties thereof shall he transferred to and executed in other Offices, and by such Persons, and in fuch manner as shall be directed under the Provisions of this Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, with the Approvide for Exe-probation of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for cution of Duties the time being, or any Three or more of them, from time to time to of Offices. provide for the Execution of the Duties of such of the several Offices enumerated or described in the said Tables to this Act annexed, marked (B.) and (C.) as shall in their Judgment appear to be ne-. cessary or useful, either by appointing under their Hands proper Persons to execute during their Pleasure such Duties of the said 51 GEO. III.

feveral Offices, or by confolidating in one or more Office or Offices, or feparating into different Offices, fuch necessary or useful Duties respectively, or otherwise regulate any such Office or Offices and the Duties thereof in such manner as they the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, with the Approbation of the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, shall in their Judgment from time to time deem sit and proper, and with such Approbation order and direct in that Behalf.

Power of Perfons appointed to execute Duties of abolished Offices. III. And be it further enacted, That all Persons who shall or may be appointed under the Provisions of this Act to execute any of the Duties of any of the Offices or Employments enumerated and described in the Tables hereunto annexed, marked (B.) and (C.) shall have the same Powers and Authorities to all intents and purposes, to execute and perform such Duties respectively, except as far as the same be by any Order or Regulation made as to any such Duties under the Provisions of this Act, as such Persons would have had if they had been appointed to such Offices or Employments and Authorities shall remain in sull Force and Effect for the Execution of all such Duties as shall be so continued and regulated under and subject to the Restrictions and Regulations contained in or made under the Provisions of this Act.

Treasury to allow Salaries to Persons appointed.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasurv for the time being, or any Three or more of them, to direct such Salaries to be paid to the several Persons who shall be so appointed to execute any of the Duties of any or either of the Offices or Employments enumerated or described in the said Tables hereunto annexed, marked (B.) and (C.) as they the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall think sit.

4 V. And whereas it is reaf mable and proper that the feveral Perfons holding any of the Offices enumerated or described in any or either of the faid Tables annexed to this Act, marked (A.) (B.) and (C.) and which Offices are hereby directed to he abolished, · should receive a fair and adequate Compensation for the Loss which • they may respectively suitain by the Abolition of their several Offices, and the Salaries, Fees, Perquifites and Emoluments appertaining thereto: Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, to order fuch annual Compensations to be made to every Person holding or having any Interest in any Office enumerated or described in either or any of the faid Tables, marked (A) (B.) and (C.) hereby directed to be abolished, as on due Examination and Enquiry shall appear to the faid Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to be just and reasonable; such Compensation to be paid and to continue during the Lives of fuch Perfons respectively, or during the Continuance of their several and respective Rights and Interests therein.

Amual Comperfation to Perfons who held the Offices directed to be abolished.

VI. And be it further enacted, That on the Abolition of any of the Offices enumerated or described in the said Tables hereunto annexed, marked (A.) and (C.) it shall and may be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, to make such just and reasonable Compensation as they on due Examination and Enquiry shall in their

Compensation to Deputies and Clerks of abolished Offices.

C. 71.

Judgment think proper, to the Deputy or Deputies, Clerk or Clerks, or to any other Person or Persons who, on and immediately before the faid Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, was or were employed in such Office so abolified as aforesaid. · VII. And whereas the Office of Collector Outwards in the Port of London was, in the Year One thousand seven hundred and eighty two, held by George late Duke of Manchester, for the Term of his Life and the Life of his Brother Charles Greville Montagu, com-' monly called Lord Charles Greville Montagu, by Letters Patent, and Letters Patent were prepared in the same Year to pass the Great Seal, on a Surrender of the then existing Patent by the said late Duke, granting the faid Office to him, his Executors, Ade ministrators or Assigns, for and during his natural Life, and the e natural Lives of William now Duke of Manchester, and Lord Frederick Montagu, his Sons, in pursuance of His Majesty's Warrant for that Purpose, which Letters Patent did not pass the Great Seal, but the Profits and Emoluments of the said Office have been ever fince enjoyed by the faid George late Duke of Manchester and his Family, in the fame manner as if fuch Letters Patent had been completed, it was by the faid recited Act of the Thirty eighth 38 G. 3. c. 86. 4 Year of the Reign of His present Majesty enacted, that during the \$ 5. Lives of the said William Duke of Manchester and Frederick Montagu, commonly called Lord Frederick Montagu, the Salary, Fees and Emoluments due to the Collector Outwards in the Port of London, should continue to be received and taken in such and the · like manner, and to the like Amount, and that the same Persons flould be entitled to the Profits of the faid Office; as if Letters · Patent for granting the faid Office had been perfected; Be it therefore enacted, That the Compensation or Allowance authorized to be Compensation to made and granted by the Lords of the Treasury upon the Abolition the Duke of t of the faid Office of Collector Outwards in the Port of London shall Lord Frederick be paid to and for the Use of such Person or Persons as at the time Montagu. of passing of this Act shall be, or would from time to time hereafter be, legally entitled to demand and receive the Profits and Emoluments of the said Office of Collector Outwards in the said Port of London, in pursuance of the faid recited Act of the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, if such Office had not been abolished by this Act, and to no other Person or Perfons what soever.

6 VIII. And whereas the Office of Comptroller of the Customs in Letters Patent the Port of London was, by Letters Patent dated the Twenty fixth Aug. 26, 1778. Day of August One thousand seven hundred and seventy eight, granted to Francis then Earl of Guilford, and his Heirs, during. the Lives of Francis North and Frederick North, Sons of Sir Frederick North commonly called Lord North, and the Life of the · longest Liver of them; and the faid Francis Earl of Guilford, by ' Will dated the Tenth Day of April One thousand seven hundred and eighty two, gave and bequeathed the Reversionary Grant of the faid Office to Sir Frederick North, commonly called Lord · North, afterwards Earl of Guilford, his Executors, Administrators and Assigns, who devised and bequeathed his Reversionary Grant therein unto his Sons Francis and Frederick North, and unto his · Daughters Lady Katharine Ann Douglas, Lady Ann North and Lady Charlotte North, their Heirs, Executors, Administrators and

the Earl of Guilford and Mr. North.

4 Affigns, equally amongst them: And whereas the Profits and · Emoluments of the faid Office have been divided equally among the Compensation to ' the said Persons accordingly;' Be it therefore enacted, That the Compensation or Allowance hereinbefore authorized to be made and granted by the Lords of the Treasury, upon the Abolition of the faid Office of Comptroller in the Port of London, shall be paid to and for the Use of the Persons who are at the time of the passing of this Act, or would hereafter be legally entitled to demand and receive the Profits and Emoluments of the faid Office under the Will of the aforesaid Frederick Earl of Guilford, if the said Office had not been abolished under the Provisions of this Act, and to no other Person or Persons whatever.

Account of Offiexecute Duties of abolished Patent Offices, laid before Parlia. ment.

IX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That whenever it shall be cers appointed to found necessary to make a new Appointment under the Authority of this Act, for the Execution of any of the Duties of either of the Offices enumerated in the Tables hereunto annexed, marked (B.) and (C.) which may be deemed requisite to be performed, although the Patents for the Offices may be abolished, the Commissioners of the Customs shall in all such cases lay an Account of the same before both Houses of Parliament, within Fourteen Days of the Beginning of the Seffion next after such Appointment, describing the Office, and the Amount of the Salary which shall be appointed for the same.

> 4 X. And whereas it is expedient that the Benefit intended to be ' afforded to Trade and Commerce by the said recited Acts should, ' without Delay, be extended as much and as generally as possible, and that Merchants and Traders should be exonerated from the Payment of any Fee, Perquifite, Gratuity or Reward, to any

· Officer, Clerk or other Person employed in the Service of the * Customs, except as hereinafter is provided; Be it therefore further Fees in the Port enacted, That, from and after the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, no Fee, Perquisite, Gratuity or Reward, whether pecuniary or of any other Sort or Description whatever, shall be required, taken or received, by any Officer, Clerk or other Person executing or performing or affishing in the Execution or Performance of any of the Duties, or acting in any of the Offices or Employments in or belonging to His Majesty's Customs in the Port of London, for any Service, Act, Duty, Matter or Thing done or performed or to be done or performed by any or either of fuch Officers, Clerks or other Persons, on account of or relating to any fuch Office or Employment, except as hereinafter is provided; and all fuch Officers, Clerks and other Persons respectively, shall, from and after the faid Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, receive fuch annual Salaries or other Allowances as the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, shall deem to be reasonable for the Labour and Trouble of executing the Duties of their respective Offices or Employments; and if any fuch Officer, Clerk or other Person, shall, at any time after the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, require, take or receive any Fee, Perquilite, Gratuity or Reward, whether pecuniary or of any other Sort or Description whatever, either directly or indirectly.

> except as hereinafter is provided, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this Act, on account of or relating to any fuch Office or Employment, or for any Service, Act, Duty, Matter or Thing.

of London abolifhed.

done or performed, or to be done or performed, either therein or in the Performance or Execution of any Orders or Directions he may have received from the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, though the same shall be freely offered or given, every such Officer, Clerk or other Person so offending, shall, on Proof thereof to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, or any Four or more of them, be, for the First Offence, peremptorily difmissed from his Office or Employment, and be Penalty. rendered incapable of ever again holding or executing, or acting in any Office or Employment in the Service of His Majesty's Customs or Excise.

XI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Proviso for So-Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent licitors taking any of the Solicitors of His Majesty's Customs from charging and Fees. receiving any Fees which they have been heretofore accustomed to charge and receive on account of the professional Business which they transact in their respective Offices.

* XII. And whereas it has long been the Practice for Merchants • and others concerned in the Importation and Exportation of Goods, to felect and employ such of the Officers or Clerks in the Long Room of the Cultom House London, in preparing, framing and paffing Entries of Goods inwards and outwards as they thought proper: And whereas it is expedient and necessary, for the Accommodation of Trade, that Merchants and others should not be prevented from availing themselves of the Affistance afforded by such Officers and Clerks, when they may require it, but that the Fee or Reward for such Affistance should be regulated and ascertained; Be it therefore further enacted, That, from and after the faid Fifth Fees taken by Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, it shall be Clerks in the lawful for any Officer or Clerk employed in the Service of the Long Room. Customs in the Long Room of the Custom House London, to render such Assistance as aforesaid to Merchants and others making Entries inwards or outwards, and to take or receive for the same fuch Fee or Reward only as the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, or any Four or more of them with the Approbation of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall from time to time think proper and direct, and any such Officer or Clerk who shall take or receive any greater Fee or Reward for such Service than shall be so allowed and directed, shall be subject to the Penalties of this Act, and be punishable as a Person receiving illegal Fees, contrary to the Provisions thereof.

⁶ XIII. And whereas Inconvenience might arise to Merchants ' and others making Entries at the Custom House in the Port of London if the several Collectors and Receivers of the Duties of ' Customs in the faid Port were to be subject and liable to the · Penalties of this Act, in case they were to receive more than the precise fractional Amount of the Duties of Customs due on any fuch Entry not amounting to Six Pence, according to a Practice which has long prevailed; Be it therefore enacted, That nothing Proviso for in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to pre- taking of the vent any Receiver or Collector of any of the Duties of Customs in odd Peace. the Port of London, from receiving and applying to his own Use fo much beyond the precise fractional Amount of the Duties legally

due on any Entry as shall not in any Instance amount to the Sum of Six Pence beyond such precise Amount of Duty; that is to fay, when the total Sum of the Duties upon an Entry produces a Fraction under Six Pence, he may receive the Six pence, and where it produces a Fraction between Six Pence and One Shilling, he may receive the Shilling, provided that the Merchant or other Person making fuch Entry shall be defirous and willing to pay the same, but not otherwise.

'XIV. And whereas it is necessary, for the Accommodation of Merchants and Traders, that Warrants of Entries inwards in the ' Port of London should, in certain cases, be issued by the several Receivers and Collectors of the Duties of Customs, and expedited and delivered to the proper Officers appointed to discharge or deliver the Goods mentioned in any fuch Entry, without waiting the usual Course of daily Business: And whereas the Practice of granting such Accommodation to Merchants and others has long prevailed, and would, if discontinued, be attended with much Inconvenience to Trade: And whereas it is just and reasonable that the Officers of the Customs, by whom such Warrants are to be iffued and expedited, should receive a moderate Recompence for the extraordinary Trouble occasioned thereby; Be it therefore enacted, That in case any Merchant or other Person making any Entry inwards in the Custom House in the Port of London shall be desirous of having the Warrant of such Entry dispatched before the usual-Hour of delivering such Document to the proper Officer of the Customs appointed to attend the Examination and Discharge of the Goods so entered, it shall be lawful for the Receiver or Collector of the Customs in the Port of London, whose Duty it may be to iffue fuch Warrant, and for the Officer commonly called the Clerk of the Warrants in the Long Room of the Custom House London, to expedite and pass the same through the proper Offices, provided the Merchant or other Person making any such Entry shall request to be fo accommodated; and in such case the following Gratuity shall be paid to the faid Officers; videlicet, to the Receiver or Collector whose Duty it may be to iffue such Warrants, the Sum of Six Pence for each Warrant so issued, and no more; to the Officer commonly called the Clerk of the Warrants, the Sum of One Shilling for each Warrant so expedited, and no more; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

* XV. And whereas certain Persons in the Office of the Collectorof the Customs outwards in the Port of London, are directed and employed specially to write Cockets for the shipping of Goods for the Purpole of Exportation: And whereas it has been customary for the Merchants and other Persons entering Goods for Exportation, to felect and employ such of the said Cocket Writers as they fhall think fit to write such Cockets: And whereas it is necessary for the Accommodation of the Merchants, and to facilitate the ree gular shipping of Goods intended to be exported, particularly during a Press of Business, that such Practice should still be allowed; Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, it shall be lawful for any Merchant or other Person making an Entry in the Custom House in the Port of London, of Goods intended to be shipped for Exportation to Foreign Parts, and for which it is necessary a

Gratuities for expediting Wargants allowed.

Certain Fees may be taken for Cockets.

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Cocket should be first procured, to select and employ any or either of the Persons holding the Office of Cocket Writer in writing such Cocket; and it shall and may be lawful for any such Cocket Writer so employed as aforefaid to receive from the Merchant or other Person making any fuch Entry, fuch Fee or Gratuity according to the Trouble occasioned by writing the same, as shall be agreed on between the Person making the Entry, and such Cocket Writer; any thing contained in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that such Fee or Gratuity shall not in any case Provide. whatever exceed the Sum of Five Shillings, including the Expence of the Parchment on which such Cocket shall be written, which Parchment the faid Cocket Writer shall provide at his own Expence; and any fuch Cocket Writer who shall take or receive any greater Fee or Reward for writing any such Cocket than is hereinbefore allowed, shall be subject to the Penalties of this Act, and be punishable as a Person receiving illegal Fees contrary to the Provision thereof.

XVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing Officers may rein this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to pre- ceive Shares of vent any Officer or other Person holding or exercising, or acting in, or performing the Duties of any Office or Employment in the Customs in the Port of London, from receiving such Reward or Satisfaction, for or on account of any Detention, Seizure or Forfeiture, of any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, or any Penalty of Share of Penalty or Composition, which, under any Law now in force, or hereafter to be passed in relation to the Duties of Customs, he is or may be legally entitled to; or to prevent any such Officer, Clerk or other Perlon, from receiving any Allowance, Gratuity or Reward, which the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treafury, or any Three or more of them, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, or any Four or more of them, may think fit to direct.

XVII. And be it further enacted. That nothing in this Act con- Provide for pretained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to alter the Hours of during which Officers, Clerks and other Persons, employed in the Attendance. Service of the Customs in the Port of London, are required to attend for the Execution and Discharge of their respective Duties, by the before recited Act, passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present 46 G. 3. c. 82. Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Att for abolishing Fees received by certain Officers and other Persons employed in the Service of the Customs in the Port of London, and for regulating the Attendance of Officers and others so employed,

XVIII Provided always, and be it further enacted. That the Commissioners Commissioners of His Majetty's Cuttoms in England, or any Four of Customs may or more of them, shall and may direct and enforce the Attendance require and of any Officer, Clerk or other Person, employed in the Service of enforce Attendary His Majesty's Customs in the Port of London, at any Time and at any Place, when on any particular Emergency the Public Service shall so require, and also direct and enforce the Attendance of any Clerk whatever, or of any Officer or other Person so employed in the Service of the Customs receiving daily Pay, or of any Officer or other Person employed in the Water Guard, at such Hours and Times, and at such Places as the said Commissioners shall think fit and re-P 4 quifite

ance of Officers.

quisite for the proper Discharge of the official Duties of any such Officer, Clerk or other Person.

Oath of Office.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That every Person who from and after the faid Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve shall be appointed to any Office or Employment in Qr belonging to His Majesty's Customs in the Port of London, shall at their respective Admissions thereto, or who, having been so appointed and admitted, shall not have taken the Oath of Office required by Law before the faid Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve shall, instead of the Oath prescribed by an A& passed in the Sixth and Seventh Years of the Reign of King Williams and Queen Mary, take the following Oath; that is to fay,

6 & 7 W. & M.

I A. B. do swear to be true and faithful in the Execution, to the best of my Knowledge and Power, of the Trust committed to best of my Knowledge and Power, of the Trust committed to my Charge and Inspection in the Service of His Majesty's Customs, and that I will not require, take or receive, any Fee, Perquifite, Gratuity or Reward, whether pecuniary or of any Sort or Description whatever, either directly or indirectly, for any Service. Act, Duty, Matter or Thing, done or performed, or to be done or performed, in the Execution or Discharge of any of the Duties of my Office or Employment, on any account whatever, other than my Salary, and what is or shall be allowed me by Law or by any Special Order of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs for the time being. So help me GOD.

certain Officers for Lois of Fees.

XX. And, in order that proper Compensation may be made to any Officer, Clerk or other Person employed in the Service of the Customs in the Port of London, who may sustain Loss by the Abo-Compensation to lition of Fees directed by this Act, be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treafury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, in cases where, on due Examination and Enquiry, it shall be made appear to them that the Salaries or Allowances to be paid to Officers, Clerks or other Persons, employed in the Service of the Customs in the Port of London, as a Reward for their Labour (in future) in the Execution of the Duty of their respective Offices or Employments. may not amount to so much as it might be just and reasonable to allow to the present Possessors of such Offices or Employments by way of Compensation for the Loss of Fees formerly received by them respectively, to order such further annual Allowances as they the faid Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall deem just and reasonable to be paid to any fuch Officer, Clerk or other Person; such further Allowance to commence from and after the faid Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and to continue during the time any such Officer, Clerk or other Person, shall hold any such Office or Employment: Provided always, that in case any such Officer, Clerk or other Person, shall be removed to any other Office or Employment in the Service of the Customs, the annual Salary or other Emolument of which shall not amount to more than the Salary and the further Allowance by way of Compensation hereby directed to be made to any such Officer, Clerk or other Person, would have amounted

Proviso.

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amounted to, then and in such case the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury may continue to any such Officer, Clerk or other Person, the Allowance they may have granted by way of Compensation for Loss of Fees, or any Part thereof, notwithstanding fuch Removal as aforefaid.

KKI. And whereas certain Officers, Clerks and other Persons employed in the Service of the Customs in the Port of London, have been in the Practice of receiving Fees not authorized by Law: And whereas it is necessary and proper that such Persons should

be indemnified from any Penalties to which they might be liable in s confequence thereof; Be it therefore enacted, That every Officer, Indemnity to Clerk or other Person employed in the Service of the Customs in the Officers for Port of London, shall be and he and they is and are hereby indemni- having taken

fied, freed and discharged, from and against all Penalties, Forfeitures, tioned by Law. Incapacities and Difabilities incurred for or by reason of the demanding, taking or receiving any Fee, Perquifite, Gratuity or Reward whatfoever, not authorized by the Laws in force on and immediately before the faid Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, provided that nothing herein contained shall extend to indemnify or discharge any such Officer, Clerk or other Person from any Action, Suit, Information or other Proceeding at Law which shall have been instituted or commenced against any such Officer, Clerk or other Person on or before the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, nor extend to indemnify, free or discharge any Officer, Clerk or other Person holding or acting in any of the Offices or Employments enumerated or described in the faid recited Acts of the Forty fixth and Forty seventh Years of 46 G. 3. c. 82. the Reign of His present Majesty, from any Penalty, Forfeiture, 47 G.3. Seff. z. Incapacity or Disability, incurred by any such Officer, Clerk or c. 52. other Person, by reason of his or their requiring, taking or receiving, or having required, taken or received, any Fee, Perquisite, Gratuity or Reward, contrary to the Directions of the faid Acts or either of them; but that all the Clauses, Matters and Things, contained in the faid Acts to prevent Officers, Clerks or other Persons, from demanding or receiving any Fee, Perquilite, Gratuity or Reward, other than as is therein excepted in the faid Acts respectively, shall

present Act to the contrary thereof notwithstanding. XXII. And be it further enacted, That all Salaries, Allowances Salaries, &c. to or Compensations, heretofore granted or allowed, or which may hereafter be granted or allowed, to any Officer or Officers, Clerk or cent Property Clerks, or any Person or Persons employed in the Service of the Tax. Customs in the Port of London, or by way of Compensation or Allowance to any Officer, Clerk or other Person, who may have suftained Lofs by the Abolition of any Office or Employment, or by the Abolition of Fees, shall be paid to the Person or Persons entitled to receive the same, without any Abatement or Deduction on account of any Rates or Duties imposed by any Act of Parliament, except the Duty granted by an Act, passed in the Forty sixth Year 46 G. 3. c.65. of His present Majesty, intituled, An Att for granting to His Majesty during the present War, and until the Sixth Day of April next after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, further additional Duties in Great Britain, on the Rates and Duties on Profits arifing from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices; and for repealing an

be and remain in full Force and Effect; any thing contained in this

Treafury may extend Act to

the Out Ports

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mitte.

All passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for repealing certain Parts of an All made in the Forty third Year of His prefent Majesty, for granting a Contribution on the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, and to consolidate and render more

effedual the Provisions for collecting the faid Duties.

' XXIII. And whereas it is expedient that Provisions should be " made for extending the Provisions of this Act to the Out Ports in " Great Britain, as foon as the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's 'Treasury shall think the same should be so extended;' Be it further enacted, That, from and after the faid Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, it shall be lawful for the on giving Notice Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, whenever it shall appear to them to be expedient and proper, to extend the Provisions of this Act to any of the other Ports in Great Britain, and to the Officers, Clerks and other Persons, employed in the Service of the Customs at any such Ports, and that the same can conveniently be done; and the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, are hereby authorized, from time to time as they shall think fit, to put in Execution the Powers and Provisions of this Ac. as to any Out Port or Out Ports in Great Britain, by extending the Provisions of this Act to any such Port or Ports in Great Britain, and to the Officers, Clerks and other Persons, employed in the Service of the Customs therein; and in such case the said Commisfioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall give Notice of such Exten-

From Time of Postice, l'owers of Act to be extended to Out Ports.

fion, in the London Gazette, Three several times. XXIV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Expiration of Fourteen Days from the Publication of any such Notices, or any fuch longer Period from fuch Publication as the faid Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall direct to be inserted therein, all the Powers, Authorities, Provisions, Directions, Clauses, Penalties and Forseitures, contained in this Act, shall, so far as the same are applicable, be deemed and construed to extend to any such Port or Ports, and to the Abolition of any of the Offices enumerated or described in any such Notice or Notices, and to any Officer, Clerk or other Person, holding any Office or Employment in His Majesty's Customs at such Port or Ports, who shall be enumerated or described in any such Notices. as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purpoles as if fuch Officer, Clerk or Person, had been enumerated or described in the Tables annexed to this Act, and as if all the faid Powers, Authorities, Provisions, Directions, Clauses, Penalties and Forfeitures, so far as the fame are applicable, had been repeated and particularly enacted in the Body of this Act.

Act may be altered, &c.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be varied, altered or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

Table (A.)

A LIST of OFFICES which, from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, are to be wholly abolished.

Inspector of Prosecutions.

Reg.ster of Goods seized, and of Informations and Suits.

Inspector

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Inspector and Examiner of the Books of the Patent and other Officers of the Ports.

Keeper of the Books of Entries for the Port or London.

Collector of the Petty Customs of Aliens in the Port of London, and Keeper of the Cocket Seal to the said Office belonging. Customers at the Out Ports.

[See the A& to which this Table is annexed.]

Table (B.)

A LIST of OFFICES which, from and after the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, are to be abolished; the Duties whereof, being useful and necessary, are to continue to be executed.

Patent Inspector of the Out Port Collectors' Accounts and Vouchers.

Patent Comptroller of the Customs in the Port of London, excepting the Duties on Cloth, Wool and Leather, exported.

Patent Surveyor of Subfidies and Petty Customs in the Port of London.

Patent Collector of the Customs of Tonnage and Poundage, outwards, in the Port of London, and Keeper of the Cocket Seal.

Chief Patent Searcher of the Customs in the Port of London.

All other Patent Searchers in London, or the Out Ports.

Waiters, commonly called Patent King's Waiters, in the Ports of London and Driftol.

Patent Comptrollers at the Out Ports.

[See the All to which this Table is annexed.]

Table (C.)

A LIST of OFFICES which, from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, are to be abolished; the Duties whereof, being useful and necessary, are to be transferred to other Offices.

Receiver of His Mujesty's Share of enumerated Goods, Fines and Forfeitures, remitted from the Out Ports.

Examiner of the Out Port Books in the Port of London.

Comptroller of the pretermitted Customs in the Port of London.

Collector of the Cuitoms of Hides, Woolfells, Lead and Tin, in the Port of London, and Keeper of the Seal called the *Cocket*, in the Port aforesaid.

[See the All to which this Table is annexed.]

C A P. LXXII.

An Act for granting Exemptions in certain Cases from the Payment of the Duties charged in respect of Servants, Carriages, Horses and Dogs, kept in Great Britain and Ireland respectively.

[15th June 1811.]

HEREAS by certain Acts passed in the Forty eighth and 48 G. 3. c. 55.
Fiftieth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, certain 50 G. 3. c. 104.

Duties are granted to His Majesty on Male Servants, Carriages, Horses for riding or drawing the said Carriages, and on Dogs, to

48 G. 3. c. 42.

Persons paying

the Duties for Servants, &c. in

G. B. not liable

to pay for same

Establishment in Ireland.

Duties are placed under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes in Great Britain: And whereas by a certain Act passed in the same Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His prefent Majesty, certain Duties are also granted to His Majesty on Male Servants, Carriages, Horses for riding or drawing the faid ' Carriages, and on Dogs, to be annually levied and paid throughout Ireland, which last mentioned Duties are placed under the Management of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland: And whereas it is just and reasonable that Persons refiding partly in Great Britain and partly in Ireland should not pay the Duties granted by the said several Acts for the same Establishment of Servants, Carriages, Horses and Dogs, in the same Year in both Parts of the United Kingdom: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this prefent Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Person who shall have paid the said Duties so payable in Great Britain, in respect of any such Servants, Carriages, Horses or Dogs, for the Period of One whole Year, who shall also at any time within the fame Year, as hereinafter is provided, be charged to the said Duties so payable in Ireland, for his or her Servants, Carriages, Horfes or Dogs, kept in Ireland, (the faid Servants, Carriages, Horfes or Dogs, so kept in Ireland, being either the same Servants, Carriagles, Horses or Dogs, which are so charged in Great Britain in fuch Year, or Servants in the same Capacities, or Carriages, Horses or Dogs of the same Descriptions, chargeable in Great Britain with the like Duties, and kept in lieu of fuch of the faid Servants, Carriages, Horses or Dogs, as have been bong side parted with) shall be wholly exempted from Payment in Ireland for One Year of the Duties so charged thereon, in respect of each and every of the faid Servants, Carriages, Horses and Dogs, kept in Ireland; and every Person who shall have paid the said Duties so payable in Ireland, in respect of any such Servants, Carriages, Horses or Dogs, for One Year, who shall at any time within the same Year, as hereinafter is provided, be charged to the faid Duties so payable in Great Britain, for his or her Servants, Carriages, Horses or Dogs, kept in Great Britain, the faid Servants, Carriages, Horses or Dogs, so kept in Great Britain, being either the same Servants, Carriages, Horses or Dogs, which are so charged in Ireland in such Year, or Servants in the same Capacities, or Carriages, Horses or Dogs, of the same Descriptions, chargeable in Ireland with the like Duties, and kept in lieu of fuch of the Servants, Carriages, Horses or Dogs, as have been bona fide parted with, shall be exempted from Payment in Great

Perfons paying in Ireland fhall only be liable for Amount of Duty in G.B.

Periods at which the respective

6 II. And whereas the faid Duties payable in Great Britain are chargeable yearly, from the Fifth Day of April in each Year, and

Britain for One Year, of so much of the faid Duties so charged thereon as the Duty paid in Ireland, in respect of each and every of the same Servants, Carriages, Horses or Dogs, or Servants, Carriages, Horses or Dogs, kept in lieu thereof respectively as aforesaid shall amount unto, provided that due Proof shall be made of such Payments in Great Britain or Ireland respectively, in the manner hereinaster dithe faid Duties payable in Ireland, are chargeable yearly from the Duties com-Fifth Day of January in each Year; Be it declared and further mence. enacted, That Proof of Payment in Ireland in the manner herein directed, within any Year, commencing on the Fifth Day of January in fuch Year, shall entitle the Claimant to the Exemption hereby granted in Great Britain, for the Year commencing on the Fifth Day of April following, and Proof of Payment in Great Britain in the manner herein directed, for One Year, from the Fifth Day of April in any Year, shall entitle the Claimant to the Exemption hereby granted in Ireland, within the Year commencing on the Fifth Day of

January preceding.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That every Per- Persons claiming fon claiming to be exempted from any of the faid Duties in Great Exemption in G. B. to produce Britain, by virtue of this Act, shall produce and deliver to the Sur- Certificates of veyor or Inspector of the District where such Claimant shall refide, Payment of a Certificate under the Hand of the proper Officer of the Inland Duties in Ire-Excise and Taxes in Ireland, containing a true Copy of the Re-land. ceipt and Receipts given to fuch Claimant on all fuch Payments as aforefaid for the last Year wherein fuch Claimant was charged to the faid Duties in Ireland, which Certificate shall either contain, or there shall be annexed thereto, a Return containing the Number of Servants, Carriages, Horses and Dogs, paid for in Ircland by such Claimant in the last Year and the Names and Capacities of the faid Servants, and the Descriptions of the said Carriages, Horses and Dogs, as required by the faid first recited Acts, distinguishing which of the faid Servants, Carriages, Horses or Dogs, are the same with those so charged in Ireland, and which of them are kept in lieu of fuch of the faid Servants, Carriages, Horses or Dogs, which have been parted with, and every such Claim being first signed by the Claimant in his or her own proper Name, and in his or her usual manner of Writing, the same shall be transmitted to the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes in England, and the faid Commissioners shall enquire and examine into the Truth of every such Claim in such manner as they shall think necessary; and the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland shall and they are hereby required to aid and affift the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes in their Enquiries and Examinations into fuch Claims, and whenever any fuch Claims shall be duly proved to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes in England, they shall certify the same to the Commissioners of the District where such Claims respectively shall be made, and shall give such Directions for granting the required Exemptions, either before or after Assessment, as to them shall seem necessary, in order to give the Relief granted by this Act, and the Affessment on every such Claimant shall be made, discharged, altered or amended accordingly.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the several Amounts of Duty Amount of such so to be exempted in Great Britain shall be retained and set down Exemptions to in Figures in the feveral Books and Duplicates of Assessment of the be kept. respective Commissioners, under the Head of " Exemptions on Account of Ireland," and shall respectively be deducted from the whole Duty chargeable on each Claimant by virtue of the faid recited Acts. and the Difference between the Duty so chargeable and the Amount of the Sum to be exempted shall be set down as the net Duty to be paid by each such Claimant, and the Duplicate thereof to be de-

livered to the Collector of the Parifi, Ward or Place where each fuch Claim shall have been allowed, shall be made or amended in such Manner that the net Duty only shall be demanded of or paid by each such Claimant.

Perfons claiming
Exemptions in
Isoland to produce Certificates
of Payment of
Daties in G. B.

V. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That every Person claiming to be exempted from any of the faid Duties in Ireland, by virtue of this Act, shall produce and deliver to the proper Officer of Inland Excise or Taxes in Ireland, a Certificate under the Hand of the faid Claimant containing the Number of Servants, Carriages, Horses and Dogs affested on such Claimant in Great Britain for the last Year of such Assessment, together with the Names and Capacities of the Servants, and the Descriptions of the Carriages, Horses and Dogs charged therein, diftinguishing which of the faid Servants, Carriages, Horses or Dogs, are the same with those so charged in Great Britain, and which of them are kept in lieu of fuch of the faid Servants, Carriages, Herses or Dogs, which have been parted with, and also a true Copy of the Receipt and Receipts given to fuch Claimant on all fuch Payments as aforefaid, for that Year, containing the District or County, and the Parish, Ward or Place where fuch Payments were made, and every fuch Claim being first figned by the Claimant, in his or her own proper Name, and in his or her usual manner of Writing, the same shall be transmitted to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, who shall enquire and examine into the Truth of every fuch Claim in fuch manner as they shall think necessary, and the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes in England shall and they are hereby required to aid and affift the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland in their Enquiries and Examinations into fuch Claims, and whenever any fuch Claims shall be duly proved to the Satisfaction of the Commisfioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, it shall be lawful for them to grant the faid Exemptions in fuch manuer as they are authorized to grant other Exemptions by any Act or Acts in force relating to the laid Duties.

Claiming Exemptions fraudulently,

VI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall make any such Claim in Great Britain, without having first paid the Duties in Ireland for the fame Articles respectively, or for Articles of the same Descriptions respectively with the Articles for which such Exemption is claimed, or if any Person or Persons shall make any fuch Ciaim in Ireland, without having first paid the Duties in Great Britain for the same Articles respectively, or for Articles of the same Descriptions respectively with the Articles for which such Exemption is claimed; or if any Person or Persons shall be guilty of any Fraud or Contrivance with Intent to evade the Payment of any of the faid Duties, Taxes, Impositions, or Sum or Sums of Money granted or made payable in Great Britain or Ireland by virtue of the faid recited Acts, or any of them, either in making any fuch Claim, or in obtaining any fuch Exemption, or shall deliver any false or fraudulent Certificate, with Intent to obtain any such Exemption, or shall make a Second Claim for the same Cause, every fuch Person so offending shall forfeit any pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

How l'enalties recovered and applied. VII. And be it further enacted, That in every case where the said Penalty shall be incurred in Great Britain, the same may be sued for, recovered and applied, as any Penalty for any Offence committed

committed against the said first recited Acts, or either of them, relating to the faid Duties payable in Great Britain, may be fued for, recovered or applied in that Part of Great Britain where the faid Offence shall be committed, and in every case where the said Penalty shall be incurred in Ireland, the same may be sued for, recovered and applied as any Penalty for any Offence committed against the last recited Act, or any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland respecting the same, may be sued for, recovered or applied in Ireland.

VIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Exemptions to A& contained shall extend or be construed to extend to or in any Members of way to affect any of the Exemptions from the Payments of the faid Parliament and Duties granted and allowed by any Act or Acts of Parliament, to not affected. Members of Parliament ordinarily resident in Ireland, or Persons holding Offices or publick Employments in Ireland, and being refident in Great Britain, for the Purpoles of affilting in the Execution of the publick Bufiness, or to alter the manner of claiming such Exemptions as granted and allowed by the faid Act or Acts last mentioned.

Publick Officers

CAP. LXXIII.

An Act for the better Security of His Majesty's Naval Arsenals in the River Medway, and Port/mouth and Hamoaze Harbours, and of His Majesty's Ships and Vessels lying at and reforting to the same. [15th June 1811.]

HEREAS it is necessary for the Preservation and Security of His Maiester's Shinn and Security of His Majesty's Ships and Vessels, and Naval Arsenals in the River Medway, and in the Great Harbours of Portsmouth and Hameaze, that all Ships and Vessels, not belonging to the Royal Navy, entering the faid River and Harbours should be placed under proper Regulations with respect to the Disposal of any Gunopowder which may be on board the same;' Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majelty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Master or Commander of every Ship or Vessel, not Regulations for belonging to His Majesty, which shall be intended to proceed into or enter the faid River or Harbours shall, previous to such Ships or Veffels entering the fame, land or deposit all the Gunpowder which to depositing may be on board such Ship or Vessel over and above the Quantity Gunpowder. of Five Pounds Weight at such Warehouse or Warehouses, Place or Places, as shall from time to time be appointed for the Purpole of receiving the same by the Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or the Lords Commissioners for executing the faid Office of Lord High Admiral for the time being, or any Three or more of them (which Appointment of such Warehouses or Places shall be notified in the London Gazette) and the Mafter or Owner of every such Ship or Vessel shall pay Ware- Warehouse house Rent for such Powder, at the Rate of One Shilling per Barrel, Rent to Keeper to the Officer, Keeper or other Person appointed by the Master GeMaster of the Master of the neral and Officers of His Majesty's Ordnance, (who are hereby re-Ordnance, quired and directed to make fuch Appointment as foon as they shall be certified of the Appointment by the faid Lord High Admiral or Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty of such Warehouses or Places)

Masters of Velfels entering the Medway, &c. as

Gunpowder.

Penalty.

Proviso for being driven within the River, &c. by Streis of Weather.

Penalty.

Before entering. River, &c. Guns of Veffeis to be sleared.

Penalty. Penalties how levied and applied.

for the Custody of such Gunpowder, and the Care and Superintendance of fuch Warehouses or Places, and which Rent the said Officer, Keeper or Person so appointed is hereby authorized and required to Refusing to land demand and receive; and if any such Master or Owner shall neglect or refuse to land or deposit such Gunpowder as aforesaid without reasonable Excuse to be allowed by Certificate in Writing of the Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels, or the Refident Commissioner of the Navy at Sheerness, Portsmouth and Plymouth, for the time being respectively, or in his or their Absence by the Senior Master Attendant of His Majesty's Dock Yard at either of the faid Places, or shall refuse to pay such Warehouse Rent as aforesaid, he shall respectively, for every such Offence or Default, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, nor less than Five Pounds, together with all the Gunpowder on board fuch Ship or Vessel: Provided always, that in case any Ship or Vessel shall be driven within the faid River or Harbours by Stress of Weather, so that it shall not have been possible to have previously landed or deposited at the Warehouse or Place appointed, the Gunpowder on board the same, the Officer of the Customs that shall first go on board fuch Ship or Veffel shall make a Report to the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs of the Port of the Quantity of Gunpowder (if any) on board such Ship or Vessel; and such Collector or Comptroller shall, without Delay, transmit a Copy thereof to the Resident Commissioner of the Navy at Sheerness, Portsmouth or Plymouth, or, in his Absence, to the Senior Master Attendant of His Majesty's Dock Yards at either of those Places; and the Matter of Commander of every Ship or Vessel so driven in as aforesaid shall, within Twenty four Hours after such Ship or Vessel shall have entered said River or Harbours, land and deposit all the Gunpowder over and above the Quantity of Five Pounds Weight which may be on board the fame, at the Warehouse or Place and in the manner hereinbefore provided for, on pain of forfeiting a Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, nor less than Five Pounds, together with all the Gunpowder on board such Ship or Vessel: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid Lord High Admiral, or Lords Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral, or any Three or more of them for the time being, or for the Resident Commissioner at Sheerness, Purtsmouth or Plymouth, to order such Gunpowder to be restored to the Owner or Owners thereof, in such cases where it may be deemed proper so to do.

II. And be it further enacted, That before any armed Ship or Vessel, not belonging to His Majesty, shall enter the said River or either of the faid Harbours, the Guns on board the same shall be cleared or unloaded; and if any fuch Ship or Vessel shall come into or enter the faid River or Harbours with any of her Guns loaded, either with Powder and Ball, or with Powder only (except in cases of Diffress as aforesaid), the Master or Person having the Charge or Command of every such Ship or Vessel shall, for every such Offence or Default, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds,

nor less than Five Pounds.

III. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties or Forfeitures by this Act imposed shall be sued for within One Month after the Offence or Offences committed, and all such Penalties and For. feitures shall be levied and recovered before any Two or more Justices

of the Peace for the County in or adjoining to which the Offence shall be committed, and fuch Justices are hereby empowered and required, upon Information or Complaint to them made, to grant a Summons or Warrant to bring before them such Offender or Offenders at such Time or Place as shall be in such Warrant specified; and if on the Conviction of the Offenders respectively, either on his, her or their Confession, or on the Evidence of any One or more credible Witness or Witnesses upon Oath (which Oath such Justices are hereby empowered to administer), such Penalty or Forfeiture shall not be forthwith paid, the same shall be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender or Offenders by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of fuch Justices, and the Overplus (if any) of the Money raised by such Distress and Sale, after deducting the Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, and the Costs and Charges of making such Distress and Sale, shall be rendered to the Owner of the Goods and Chattels fo distrained, and for want of Distress, and in case the Penalty or Forfeiture shall not be forthwith paid, it shall and may be lawful to and for such Justices to commit every such Offender to any Gaol or House of Correction within the County, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, for any time not exceeding One Month, unless such Penalty or Forfeiture, and all reasonable Charges attending the Recovery thereof, shall be sooner paid; and all such Penalties and Forfeitures when paid, and all the Warehouse Rent for Gunpowder deposited as hereinbefore provided, shall be applied towards carrying this Act into Execution, in fuch Manner, and under fuch Checks and Regulations as the faid Lord High Admiral, or the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, for the time being, or any Three or more of them, shall direct.

IV. And be it further enacted, That when any Diffres shall be Diffres not unmade for any Sum or Sums of Money to be levied by virtue of this lawful for want Act, the Distress itself shall not be deemed unlawful, nor shall the of Form. Party or Parties making the same be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers on account of any Defect or want of Form in the Summons, Conviction, Warrant of Distress, or the Proceedings relating thereto, nor shall the Party or Parties be deemed a Trespasser ab initio on account of any Irregularity which shall be afterwards committed by the Party or Parties distraining; but the Person or Persons aggrieved by fuch Irregularity shall and may recover full Satisfaction for the

special Damage sustained in an Action on the Case.

V. And, for the more easy and speedy Conviction of Offenders Convictions to against this Act, be it surther enacted, That the Justices of the bedrawn accord-Peace before whom any Person shall be convicted of any Offence ing to the fulagainst this Act, shall and may cause the Conviction to be drawn up lowing Form.

according to the following Form; videlicet,

RE it remembered, that on the Day of

A. B. is convicted before us [bere specify the Offence and the Time and Place when and where committed, as the Case may be] contrary to an Act of Parliament made in the Fifty first Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intituled, [bere insert the Title of this At.] Given under our Hands and Seals the Day and Year first above written.

' C. D. ' E. F.'

VI. And

in the Year of our Lord

51 GEO. III.

to wit.

A.D. 1811.

C. 73.

Appeal.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons, so convicted of any Offence or Offences against this Act, to appeal to the Justices of the Peace affernbled at the next General Quarter-Sessions or General Sessions to be holden for the County or Place in which fuch Conviction shall be made, on giving Fourteen Days Notice of fuch Appeal, and finding sufficient Security, to the Satisfaction of such Justices, for being perfonally present at such General Quarter-Sessions or General Sessions, and for profecuting the faid Appeal with Effect, and abiding the Determination of the Court therein; and fuch Justices, in such General Quarter-Sessions, or General Sessions, shall hear and determine the Matter of such Appeal, and may either confirm or quash and annul the faid Conviction and award fuch Costs to either Party as to them the faid Justices seem just and reasonable; and the Decision of the said Justices therein shall be final, binding and con-. clusive; and no Proceedings to be had or taken in pursuance of this Act shall be quashed or vacated for want of Form only, or be removed by Certiorari or any other Writ or Process whatsoever, into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster or elsewhere, any

Certiorari,

Notice of Actions, &c.

Law or Statute to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding. VII. And be it further enacted, That no Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall recover in any Action to be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, unless Notice in Writing shall have been given to the Defendant or Defendants Fourteen Days before such Action, signed by the Attorney for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, specifying the Cause of such Action; nor shall the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs recover in any such Action if Tender of fufficient Amends hath been made to him, her or them, or to his, her or their Attorney, by or on the Behalf of the Defendant or Defendants before such Action brought; and in case no such Tender shall have been made, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Defendant or Defendants in any fuch Action, by Leave of the Court. after such Action shall have been brought, at any time before Issue joined, to pay into Court such Sum of Money as he, she or they shall think fit; whereupon such Proceedings, Order and Judgment shall be made and given, in and by fuch Court, as in other Actions where the Defendant is allowed to pay Money into Court.

Limitation of Actions.

VIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, after Three Months next after the Fact committed; and every fuch Action or Suit shall be brought and tried in the County or Place where or adjoining to which the Caufe of Action shall arise; and if any such Action or Suit shall be brought before Fourteen Days' Notice shall have been given, or after a sufficient Satisfaction-made or tendered as aforefaid, or after the time limited for bringing the same as aforesaid, or shall be brought in any other County or Place than as aforesaid, then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and upon such Verdict, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be nonsuited or discontinue his, her or their Action or Suit after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if, upon Demurrer, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, then the Defendant or Defendants shall recover. Treble Costs, and have such Remedy for recovering the same as any Defendant bath for Costs of Suit in other cases of Law.

Treble Cods.

CAP. LXXIV.

An Act for authorizing the Sale of Prize Goods lodged in Warehouses after a certain Period. [15th June 1811.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that Prize Goods landed and fecured in Warehouses within Great Britain should be cleared from thence within a limited time; Be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That the Goods focured in Owners or Proprietors of all Goods, Wares and Merchandize, which Warehouses from and after the passing of this Act may be secured in Warehouses under 43 G. 3. under the Regulations of an Act passed in the Forty third Year of cleared within the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An A& for the Relief Three Years of the Captors of Prizes with respect to the bringing and landing cer- from the Entry, tain Prize Goods in Great Britain during Hostilities, shall, within Three &c. or fold. Years, to be computed from the Day on which such Goods, Wares and Merchandize shall be respectively entered with the proper Officers of the Customs and of the Excise where that Revenue is concerned, clear and take from and out of fuch Warehouses, either for Exportation according to the Directions of the faid recited Act of the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or for Consumption in Great Britain, all such Goods, Wares and Merchandize; and in case such Owner or Proprietor shall fail or neglect so to do, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England and Scotland respectively to cause all such Goods, Wares and Merchandize to be publickly fold, and after fuch Sale, the Produce thereof is first to be applied to or towards the Charges of Warehouse Room and other Charges that shall arise thereon, next the Duties of Customs and Excise, and the Overplus, if any, to be paid to the Owner or Proprietor, or such other Person or Persons as may be authorized to receive the same: Provided always, that no Provide Goods, Wares or Merchandize, prohibited to be imported into this Kingdom and warehoused under the Authority of the said recited Act of the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majeity, shall be permitted to be cleared from the Warehouses for Home

II. And whereas it is expedient that Goods, Wares and Mer- Prize Goods now chandize brought in as Prize, now remaining in Warehouses, shall in Warehouses be cleared from thence within a limited time; Be it therefore within Two enacted, That all Goods, Wares and Merchandize brought in as Years. Prize, and which are now remaining in Warehouses within Great Britain shall, and the same are hereby required to be cleared from thence within Two Years, to be computed from the passing of this Act, or on Failure thereof fuch Goods, Wares and Merchandize shall and may be disposed of in the same manner as Prize Goods warehouled after the passing of this Act, which are not cleared from the Warehouses within Three Years from the time of Entry, are hereby

directed to be disposed of. 'III. And whereas Goods, Wares and Merchandize may, under particular Circumstances, be allowed to be warehoused without Payment of Duty, although not included in the Tables annexed to the Act of the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present

Goods landed and warehoused under an Order in Council or Warrant of Treafury when to be cleared.

houses under Ipecial Authority, not limiting Period of Warebe cleared.

Proviso.

33 G. 3. c. 52.

43 G. 3. c. 132. Majesty, intituled, An All for permitting certain Goods im ported into Great Britain to be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, and it is expedient that fimilar Provision should be made for clearing fuch Goods, Wares and Merchandize from the Warehouses within ' a limited time;' Be it therefore enacted, That no Goods, Wares and Merchandize, which from and after the passing of this Act may be allowed to be landed and warehoused by the Authority of any Order in Council, or by Warrant of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, shall remain warehoused beyond the Period of Fisteen Months, to be computed from the Day on which such Goods shall be entered with the proper Officers of the Customs and Excise where that Revenue is concerned, unless any other Period shall be limited by such Order in Council or Warrant respectively, and in case any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, warehoused under such Authority as aforesaid, shall not be cleared and taken out of such Warehouses in order to be exported within the said Period of Fifteen Months, except as aforesaid, the same shall and may be disposed of in the same manner as is herein directed with respect to Goods, Wares and Merchandize brought in as Prize, and which are not cleared within Three Years from the Day on which the same shall have been secured in Warehouses.

' IV. And whereas it is expedient that Goods, Wares and Merchandize now remaining in Warehouses under and in pursuance of any special Authority, not limiting the Period of such Warehousing, Good in Ware- ' should be cleared from thence within a limited time;' Be it therefore enacted, That all such Goods, Wares and Merchandize, now remaining in Warehouses, shall, and the same are hereby required to be cleared from thence within Fifteen Months from the passing of housing, when to this Act, or on Failure thereof the same shall and may be disposed of in the same manner as Goods, Wares and Merchandize warehoused by any special Authority after the passing of this Act, which are not cleared from the Warehouses within Fifteen Months from the time of the Entry, are hereby directed to be disposed of.

V. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall prevent any Goods, Wares and Merchandize from remaining in Warehouses beyond the Period by this Act limited, without being sold as aforefaid; provided such Period shall be prolonged by the Authority of any Order in Council, or any Warrant of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them.

C A P. LXXV.

An Act for making further Provision for the Payment of Salaries and other Charges in the Office of the Commissioners for the Affairs of India; and for enabling the East India Company to restore to the Service of the said Company, Military Officers removed therefrom by Sentences of Courts Martial; and to authorize the faid Company, in Cases of unforeseen Emergency, to take up Ships by private Contract. [15th June 1811.]

THEREAS by an Act passed in the Thirty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An All for continuing in the East India Company, for a further Term, the Posk

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C. 75.

§ 5.

· festion of the British Territories in India, together with their exclusive Trade, under certain Limitations; for establishing further Regulations for the Government of the faid Territorics, and the better Administration of Justice within the same; for appropriating to certain Uses the Revenues and Profits of the faid Company; and for making Prov. 's sion for the good Order and Government of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, it was, among other things, enacted, That it fhould be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, by any Letters Patent, or by any Commission or Commissions to be issued under the Great Seal of Great Britain, from time to time to nominate, constitute and appoint, during his or their Pleasure, such Members of the Privy Council (of whom the Two Principal Secretaries of State and the Chancellor of the Exchequer for the time • being should always be Three), and such other Two Persons as His · Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, should think sit, to be and who ' should accordingly be and be stiled 'Commissioners for the Assairs of India; and it was in and by the faid Act also enacted, that the 6 faid Board of Commissioners should and might nominate and appoint fuch Secretaries and Officers as should be necessary to attend upon the faid Board, who should be subject to Dismission at the Pleasure of the faid Board; and that as well the faid Commissioners, or such and so many of them as His Majesty should think sit, as likewise their Secretaries and other Officers, should be paid such fixed Salaries as His Majesty should by any Warrant or Warrants under his Sign Manual, counterfigued by the Chancellor of the Exchequer for the time being, direct; all which Salaries, together with all other contingent Charges and Expences to be incurred by the faid 6 Board, should be paid and defrayed Quarterly by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and be · deemed and taken as Part of their Commercial Charges, the quarterly Amount thereof being first settled and allowed by the said Board, and certified by the President or Acting President of the said · Board for the time being, to the Court of Directors of the faid Company; provided that the whole of the Salaries to be paid to the Members of the faid Board should not exceed the Sum of Five thousand Pounds in any One Year; and that the whole of the Salaries, Charges and Expences of the faid Board, exclusive of the · Salaries of the Members of the said Board, should not exceed the 5 Sum of Eleven thousand Pounds in any One Year: And whereas it is reasonable that a more ample Allowance should be made for the · faid Salaries, Charges and Expences;' Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the said Act as limits the whole of the Salaries to repealed. be paid to the Members of the faid Board to the Sum of Five thoufand Pounds in any One Year, and the whole of the Salaries, Charges and Expences of the faid Board, exclusive of the Salaries of the Members thereof to the Sum of Eleven thousand Pounds in any One Year, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That, from and Salaries and Exafter the Twenty fifth Day of December One thousand eight hundred pences to be paid and ten, the whole of the Salaries to be paid to the Members of the in future net to faid Board, and to the Secretaries and Officers of the fame, together exceed 22,000l.

with all other contingent Charges and Expences of the faid Board, to be defrayed by the faid United Company as aforefaid, shall not exceed the Sum of Twenty two thousand Pounds in any one Year.

50 G. 3. c. 117. § 1. extended to Commissioners for Affairs of India.

III. And he it further enacted, That so much of an Act passed in the Fiftieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An AB to direB that Accounts of Increase and Diminution of Publick Salaries, Penfions and Allowances, shall be annually laid before Parliament; and to regulate and controul the granting and paying of such Salaries, Pensions and Allowances, as directs that between the First Day of February and the Twenty fifth Day of March in every Year, if Parliament shall be fitting during any Part of such Period; or if Parhament shall not be sitting during any Part of such Period, then within Forty Days after the Commencement of the Seffion of Parliament in such Year, there shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament, an Account of every Increase and Diminution which shall have taken place within the preceding Year, ending on the First Day of January, in the Number of Persons employed in all public Offices or Departments, or in the Salaries, Emoluments, Allowances and Expences which may have taken place, or been paid, granted, received or incurred for and in respect of all Officers and Persons belonging to or employed in or by, or in the Service of all public Offices or Departments, specifying the Amount and Nature thereof, and diftinguishing in such Account every Increase and Diminution in the Amount of all Allowances or Compensations granted or allowed, as retired Allowances or Superannuations, to any Person or Persons having held any Office, Place or Employment in any fuch publick Office or Department, or having been employed in any manner in any publick Services under any fuch Office or Department; and fpecifying in every such Account the Time and length of Service of every fuch Person, and the Amount of the Salary or Allowances received by fuch Person immediately preceding such Superannuation, and the Nature of his Services; and also specifying in every such Account the Grounds upon which every fuch Increase or Diminution in the Establishment of any such publick Office or Department, or of any fuch Salary, Emolument, Allowance or Compensation, or Superannuation as aforefaid, shall have been made, granted or allowed, shall extend and be construed to extend to the Office of the Commissioners for the Affairs of India.

33 G. 3. c. 52. §69.

IV. And whereas it was in and by the faid Act of the Thirty ' third Year of His present Majesty's Reign also enacted, that after ' Sentence or Judgment of any Court, having competent Jurisdiction, whether in Great Britain or in India, against any Governor General, Governor, President, Counsellor or Commander in Chief. or against any of the said United Company's Servants, Civil or Mi-' litary, for any Debts or Penalty due or belonging to the faid United 4 Company, or for any Extortion or other Misdemeanor, it should onot be lawful for the faid United Company, in any case whatever, 4 to release or compound such Sentence or Judgment, or to restore any Servant or Servants of the faid Company who should have been removed or dismissed from his or their Office or Employment, for or on account of Misbehaviour, by the Sentence of any of the said Courts: And whereas Doubts have arisen whether Military Officers ' may be restored to the Service of the said United Company, who ' may have been removed therefrom by Sentences of Courts Martial ;'

Be it therefore enacted and declared, That it was and is lawful for the E. I.C. may Court of Directors of the faid United Company, to restore to the restore Military Service of the said Company any Military Officer who shall have been or shall be dismissed or suspended therefrom by the Sentence of a Court Martial.

V. Provided always, and be it enacted, That, from and after the with Consent of paffing of this Act, no such Restoration shall be in any ways valid Board of Comor effectual without the Approbation and Consent of the Board of missioners. Commissioners for the Affairs of India, for that Purpose had and obtained.

of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An All for regu- \$ 6. · lating the manner in which the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, shall bire and take up Ships for their Regular Service, it is enacted, amongst other things, that it fhould be lawful for the Court of Directors of the faid Company, or their Servants abroad, in cases of unforeseen Exigency to hire Ships for any particular Service, and that, in cases of Ships so hired, 4 publick Notice should be given by Advertisement of the Ships or Tonnage wanted, and the Service required, Fourteen Days at leaft previous to the time appointed for taking up the same: And whereas in many cases of unforeseen Exigency, it is impracticable or highly inconvenient to comply with the Requisition of the said Act; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to Company in and for the Court of Directors of the faid United Company, or their cases of unfore-Servants Abroad, in all cases of unforeseen and pressing Exigency, seen Exigency

as no fuch Ship shall be hired or taken up for more than one Voyage; and that the Reasons for taking up any such Ship in less time than Fourteen Days as aforesaid after the Publication of an Advertisement. be flated in the Minutes of the faid Court of Directors, and reported to the Court of Proprietors that shall be next holden after such

'VI. And whereas by an Act, passed in the Thirty ninth Year 39 G.3. c. 89.

Servants Abroad, in all cales or uniforeieen and preming Largeous, may take up to hire and take up by private Contract, with or without adverships by private titing, any Ship or Ships whatsoever, for any particular Purpose, so Course.

C A P. LXXVI.

hiring and taking up.

An Act for letting to farm the Duties on Horses hired by the Mile or Stage, to be used in travelling, and on Horses hired for a less Period of Time than Twenty eight Days, for drawing Carriages used in travelling Post or otherwise, in Great Britain; and for facilitating the Recovery of the faid Duties. [15th June 1811.]

HEREAS by an Act passed in the Twenty seventh Year of 27 G.3. c.26.

His present Maiestv's Reion, intitulad · Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, to let to farm the Duties granted by an All made in the Twenty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, on Horses let to bire for travelling Post, and by time, to such Persons as should be willing to contrad for the same; the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury were empowered to let to farm the several Duties on Horses let to hire, therein particularly set forth, and mentioned to have been granted by the faid Act of the Twenty fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, for any Term not exceeding Three Years,

44 G. 5, c. 98.

under certain Regulations and Restrictions expressed and contained in the said Act of the Twenty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign: And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty sourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, An All to repeal the several Duties under the Commissioners for managing the Duties upon stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper in Great Britain, and to grant new to the stamp of the several Duties was a several by

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42 G 3. c. 100. § 1.

44 G. 3. c. 98. Sch. B.

" and additional Duties in lieu thereof, the several Duties granted by the faid Act of the Twenty fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, on 6 Horses let to hire as therein mentioned, and extended in certain cases, by an Act passed in the Forty second Year of His Majesty's Reign, for enlarging the time for which Horses might be let to hire " without being subject to any Annual Duty, and other Purposes, were repealed; and in lieu thereof it was enacted, that, from and safter the Tenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and four, there should be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His · Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the several Duties following; that is to fay, For and in respect of every Horse, Mare or Gelding ' hired by the Mile or Stage, to be used in travelling in Great 6 Britain, the Sum of One Penny Halfpenny for every Mile such " Horse, Mare or Gelding should be hired to travel; and for and in respect of every Horse, Mare or Gelding hired for a less Period of Time than Twenty eight successive Days, for drawing on any publick Road any Coach or other Carriage used in travelling Post or otherwise, if the Distance at the Time of hiring should be afcertained, the Sum of One Penny Halfperny for every Mile fuch · Horse, Mare or Gelding should be hired to travel; and for and in e respect of every Horse, Mare or Gelding so hired as last above ' mentioned, in any case where the Dillance should not at the Time 6 of hiring be afcertained, the Sum of One Shilling and Nine Pence ' for each Day for which such Horse, Mare or Gelding should be 's fo hired, with an Exception of Horses, Mares and Geldings used in licensed Hackney Coaches, where the same should be employed 6 to go no greater Distance than Ten Miles from the City of London or Westminster, or the Suburbs thereof: Which faid several Duties are now fecured, raifed, levied and collected by and under the Prc. visions and Regulations of the faid Acts of the Twenty fifth and Forty second Years of His Majesty's Reign, relating to the said Duties so repealed as aforesaid; and by and under the Provisions of and Regulations of another Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Att for letting to farm the Duties on Horses bired by the Mile or Stage, to be used in travelling; and on Horses bired for a less Period of Time than Twenty eight Days, for drawing Carriages used in travelling Post or otherwise in Great Britain; and for better fecuring the faid Duties: And whereas the faid Duties granted by the faid Act of the Forty fourth Year of " His Majesty's Reign, in respect of Horses, Mares and Geldings hired in the Manner aforesaid, are now let to sarm under the Autho-

• rity of the faid Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His
• Majesty's Reign, for a Term of Years which will expire on the
• Thirty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and
• twelve; and it is expedient that the said Duties should be let to
• farm for a further Term, and that surther Provision should be made
• for facilitating the Recovery thereof; May it therefore please
Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the

48 G. z. c. 98

King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Treasury may Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them for authorise Comthe time being, and they are hereby empowered from time to time miffioners of stamps to let to as it shall be necessary, either by themselves or by His Majesty's Farm Duties on Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties, or some of them, to Post Horses of be authorized for that Purpose under the Hands of the Commissioners 44 G.3. c. 98. of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the time being, to let to farm the said several Duties granted by the said Act of the Forty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, for and in respect of Horses, Mares and Geldings hired in the manner aforesaid, to such Person or Persons as shall be willing to farm the same after the Expiration of the present Leases thereof, in such separate and particular Districts as shall be deemed proper and convenient, and under and subject to the Regulations and Restrictions contained in the said Act of the Twenty seventh Year of His Majetty's Reign, with regard to the Duties thereby authorized to be let to farm, fo far as the same are applicable and not hereby altered: Provided always, that none of Continuance of the faid Duties shall be let to farm for any longer Term or Time than Term. until the Thirty first Day of January inclusive, which will be in the Year One thousand eight hundred and fifteen.

II. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers, Provisions, 27 G.3. c. 26. Clauses, Regulations and Directions contained in and prescribed by in sorce in rethe faid Act of the Twenty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign, let to Farm. shall be deemed and taken to be in full Force and Effect with respect to the faid Duties hereby allowed to be let to farm, and to the letting of the same, and to the Farmers thereof, and to all other Persons, Matters and Things relating thereto, as far as the same are or shall be applicable, and not altered by or repugnant to the express Provifions of this Act, as fully and effectually as if the same had been herein repeated and specially enacted, with reference to the faid Duties hereby allowed to be farmed.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said D post on

Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or Account of Reme the faid Commissioners of the Stamp Duties authorized as aforesaid, paid by Conto prescribe the time for making a Deposit of a Sum of Money, and tractors. the Amount thereof, on account of the Rent to be paid by the Perfon or Persons who shall contract to farm any of the said Duties hereby allowed to be farmed; and in case such Person or Persons should fail to make such Deposit within the time prescribed, or shall fail to execute a proper Contract in Writing, and to give Security for the due Performance of fuch Contract, in the manner directed by the faid Act of the Twenty feventh Year of His Majesty's Reign, within the time to be appointed for that Purpose, then and in every fuch case it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of the Treafury, or any Three or more of them, or the faid Commissioners of the Stamp Duties authorized as aforefaid, to declare the Contract void, and to cause the Duties comprised in such Contract to be again put up to be let to farm pursuant to the Directions of this and the faid Act of the Twenty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign; and to from time to time as often as fuch Failure shall be made,

In Default of Payment of Dusies Collector may diffrain.

Diffrefe

IV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Thirty first Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, where any Person or Persons liable to account for and pay any Duty or Duties granted by the faid Act of the Forty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, for and in respect of any Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings by him, her or them let to hire as aforefaid, shall refuse or neglect to account for and pay the same according to the Directions of the said hereinbefore mentioned Acts, or any of them, to the Collector appointed to receive such Duties for the County, District or Place where he, she or they shall have let to hire fuch Horse, Mare or Gelding, Horses, Mares or Geldings, and such Duty or Duties shall not exceed the Sum of Ten Pounds, it shall be lawful for such Collector, first obtaining a Warrant for that Purpose, under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of any One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace residing near the Place where any such letting to hire shall have been made, (which Juftice or Justices, on Complaint made to him or them, shall summon the Party complained of, and the Witnesses on either Side, and examine into the Matter of Fact, and shall grant such Warrant on due Proof being made of the Sum due and owing for fuch Duty or Duties as aforefaid, by the voluntary Confession of the Party, or by the Oath of One or more credible Witness or Witnesses) to distrain such Person or Persons by his, her or their Goods and Chattels for the Amount of such Duty or Duties; and the Distress so to be taken to detain and keep for the Space of Four Days, at the Costs and Charges of fuch Person or Persons; and if he, she or they shall not within that time pay the Amount of such Duty or Duties, with the Costs and Charges of taking and keeping such Distress, then the Goods and Chattels so distrained shall be sold by such Collector, who shall render the Overplus of the Money arising by the Sale thereof, if any shall remain after deducting and retaining the Amount of such Duty or Duties, and the Costs and Charges of taking, keeping and selling such Diffress, to the Person or Persons so to be distrained as asoresaid: and it shall also be lawful for such Collector, for the Purpose of taking such Distress, to break open in the Day-time any House or Place where any Goods or Chattels of such Person or Persons shall be, being thereunto authorized by fuch Warrant as aforefaid, and calling to his Affafance a Conftable, Tythingman or Headborough of the County, Shire, Stewartry, City, Town or Place where any Refusal or Refistance shall be made, which said Officers are hereby required to aid and affift therein.

In Actions for Recovery of Duties, what Proofs necessary.

V. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the paffing of this Act, it shall not be necessary upon the Trial or Hearing of any Action, Suit or Profecution already commenced, or hereaster to be commenced, for the Recovery of any of the said Duties on Horses, Mares and Geldings hired in the manner aforesaid, which are or shall be let to farm in pursuance of the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, or of this Act, or for the Recovery of any Penalty or Penalties imposed by the said hereinbefore mentioned Acts, or any of them, in any wife relating to the said Duties, to produce the Instrument whereby the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties, or any of them, were or shall be authorized by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, to let to farm the

faid Duties on Horses, Mares and Geldings, or any of them, or to produce the Commission whereby the said Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties were constituted and appointed such Commissioners; or to prove the Execution of any Contract or Agreement whereby any of the faid Duties on Horses, Mares and Geldings are or shall be let to farm, or of any Affignment of any fuch Contract or Agreement, or of any Commission, Deputation or other Authority, whereby any Person or Persons is, are or shall be appointed a Collector or Collectors of any of the same Duties by the said Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties, or any of them: Provided always, that fuch Contract, Agreement, Affignment, Commission, Deputation or Authority shall be produced on the Trial or Hearing of such Action, Suit or Profecution, and it shall be made appear that the Person or Persons claiming under such Contract, Agreement, Assignment, Commission, Deputation or Authority, had in sact acted as the Farmer or Farmers, Collector or Collectors of the Duties therein mentioned and described, or some of them; and that in every such case such Proof shall be deemed and taken by the Judges or Justices before whom any fuch Trial or Hearing shall be had, to be good and legal Evidence of fuch Person or Persons being the Farmer or Farmers, Collector or Collectors of the Duties mentioned and described in fuch Contract, Agreement, Affignment, Commission, Deputation or Authority, unless by other Evidence the contrary shall be made to appear; any Law or Usage to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

VI. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be repealed, An repealed. altered or amended by any Act or Acts to be passed in the present &c.

Session of Parliament.

CAP. LXXVIL

An Act to amend the Laws for regulating the Election in Ireland, of Members to ferve in Parliament.

[15th June 1811.]

HEREAS by an Act made in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Att for amending an 45 G. 3. c. 59. · At paffed in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty fifth Year of · His present Majesty, for regulating the Election of Members to serve in Parliament, so far as relates to Freeholds under the Value of Twenty · Pounds, and for making further and other Regulations relating thereto, it is, among other things, enacted, That every Person who shall register a Freehold under the yearly Value of Twenty Pounds, not arifing from a Rent Charge, shall register the same Twelve Months previous to the Teste of the Writ for holding the Election at which he shall tender his Vote in Manner and Form required by the said Act, and for that Purpose he shall produce in open Court at a Session of the Peace, the Deed, Lease or Instrument under which his Freehold arises, and take and subscribe the Oath, or if a Quaker, the Affirmation in Form prescribed in the said Act: And whereas Doubts have arisen as to the Words to be used in certain Parts of · fuch Oath or Affirmation respectively; For the obviating of all fuch Doubts, be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That every Oath or Affirmation In what case

which Oaths respecting

Registry of Freeholds declared valid.

which shall have been made at any time before the passing of this Act, or which shall be made at any time after the passing of this Act, for the Purpole of registering his Freehold as aforesaid, shall be and the same is hereby declared to be good, valid, sufficient aud effectual in Law, if the Party making such Oath or Affirmation shall have stated or shall state in such Oath or Assirmation, that his Freehold arises either by virtue of a Deed, or by virtue of a Lease, or by virtue of an Instrument produced by him, or by virtue of a Deed, Lease or Instrument produced by him, whether all or any or either of the faid Terms. Deed, Leafe or Instrument are used in such Oath or Affirmation; and that every fuch Oath or Affirmation shall be good, valid, sufficient and effectual in Law, in which either the whole Yearly Rent or the Yearly Rent per Acre, or fuch Yearly Rent per Acre, together with the Number of Acres, shall be stated; and whether the Amount of Receivers' Fees and Duties is or is not included in the specified Amount of such Rent, or whether the Sums have been or shall be set forth in Figures or in Words at length; and that every fuch Oath or Affirmation shall be good, valid, sufficient and effectual in Law, in which the actual Occupation of fuch Freehold shall be stated to be either by residing thereon, or by tilling or by grazing, or by tilling or grazing, or by both tilling and grazing, or by all or any or either of the faid means, whether stated copulatively or disjunctively.

Months deemed Calendar Months.

Papifls taking

13 & 14 G. 3. (L) c. 35.

33 G. 3. (I.) c. 21. entitled to vote as under

37 G. 3. (I.) c. 47.

Returning Officer to appoint Persons to administer Oaths,

· II. And whereas Doubts have arisen whether by the said recited 'Term of Twelve Months is meant Calendar or Lunar Months;' Be it declared and enacted, That the faid Term of Twelve Months shall be deemed and taken to mean Twelve Calendar Months.

III. And be it further enacted, That any Papist or Person pro-·Oaths, &c. under feffing the Roman Catholic Religion, who at any time before the passing of this Act shall have taken and subscribed, or who after the passing of this Act shall take and subscribe, at any time previous to his offering to poll at any Election, the Oaths and Declarations contained in an Act passed in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An All to enable His Majesty's Suljeds of whatever Perfuasion, to testify their Allegiance to him, and also an Act passed in the Thirty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An All for the Relief of His Majesty's Popish or Roman Catholic Subjetts in Ircland, in some One of His Majesty's Four Courts in the City of Dublin, or at any Affizes, or at a General Seffions of the Peace or at any Adjournment thereof, or at any Adjournment of an Adjournment thereof to be holden for any County, City or Town wherein such Papilt or Person professing the Roman Catholic Religion, doth or shall inhabit or dwell, in open Court, or at any Election in manner herein provided, shall be entitled to vote at fuch Election in like manner as if he had taken and subscribed such Oath and Declaration in manner and at the time required by an Act, made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Att for the surther Regulation of the Election of Members to ferve in Parliament.

IV. And, in order that any Person desirous of taking and subscribing such Oaths and Declarations at any Election may have an Opportunity of fo doing, be it enacted, That, from and after the palling of this Act, when a Poll shall be demanded at any Election of a Member or Members to serve in Parliament for any County, City,

Town or Borough in Ireland, the Returning Officer or Officers at any such Election, after such Poll shall be demanded, shall, at the Inflance and Request of any Candidate or Candidates at such Election, under his or their Hand or Hands immediately after fuch Request, and before he or they shall proceed further in taking the Poll, retain, nominate and appoint Two or more Justices of the Peace (as the case may require) to administer the Oaths and Declarations required in and by the faid hereinbefore recited Acts, in some convenient Part of the Court or Place where such Election shall be carrying on, so as not to interrupt the Poll; and the Clerk of the Peace, or a De- Clerk of the puty by him appointed by Writing under his Hand for that Pur- Peace to give pole, shall attend such Persons during the Administration of such Oaths and Declarations, and shall give to every Person so taking and subscribing such Oaths and Declarations a Certificate thereof, in manner required by the faid recited Acts; and the Persons to be appointed as aforefaid shall have full Fower, and they are hereby authorized and required to administer all and every such Oaths and Declarations to every Person desirous of taking and subscribing the fame; and every fuch Person so appointed as aforesaid, shall immediately after fuch Appointment and before he shall take upon him to act under fuch Appointment, take the following Oath; that is to fay,

Persons applying.

do swear, That I will faithfully and Oath by Persons impartially administer the Oaths and Declarations now required administering to be taken and subscribed by Papists or Persons professing the · Roman Catholic Religion, by an Act passed in the Thirtcenth

4 Year of His prefent Majesty's Reign, intituled, An All to enable 13 & 14 G. 3. · His Majesty's Subjects, of whatever Persuasion, to testify their Alle- (1.) c. 35.

s giance to him; and also another Act, passed in the Thirty third Year 6 of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for the Relief 33 G. 3. (I.) of His Majesty's Popish or Roman Catholic Subjects in Ireland.'

And every Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy so appointed for the Purpose as aforesaid, shall at the same time take the following Oath; that is to say,

do fwear, That I will, on being thereunto Oath by the requested, fairly and truly give to every Person who shall now Clork of the ' take and subscribe the Oaths and Declarations required by Law Peace. to be taken by Persons professing the Roman Catholic Religion. in order to entitle them to vote at any Election, before the Com-· missioners appointed by the returning Officer for that Purpole, a · Certificate thereof as required by Law; and that I will not give any fuch Certificate to any Person before he shall have taken and fubscribed such Oaths and Declarations as shall be mentioned in fuch Certificate, before me and in my Presence.'

Which Oath, to be taken by the several Persons respectively so to be appointed, the Returning Officer or Officers, or any of them, is and are hereby authorized and required to administer.

V. And whereas by the faid recited Act of the Thirty third 33 G. 3 (I.) Year of His present Majesty's Reign, it is enacted, That the Names C. 2z. § 15.

of such Persons who shall so take and subscribe the said Oaths and to transmit to Declarations, with their Titles and Additions, shall be entered Office of Rolls, supon Rolls for that Purpose to be appointed by the said respective Rolls containing Courts; and that the faid Rolls shall be transmitted to and deposited Names, &c. of

in Persons taking

C. 77.

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in the Rolls Office in the City of Dublin, to remain amongst the Records thereof: Be it therefore enacted, That the Officer of the Court where such Oaths and Declarations shall have been taken and subscribed, shall, on or before the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and twelve, transmit to the said Office of the Rolls all fuch Rolls as shall not have been duly transmitted before the passing of this Act; and that such Officer shall also, within Fourteen Days after the First Day of January in each and every subsequent Year, transmit to the said Office of the Rolls, all Rolls containing the Names, Titles and Additions of all Persons who shall have taken and subscribed such Oaths and Declarations, which shall remain in the Office of such Court previous to such First Day of January in each Year.

Officer to enter in a Book Names, &c. of Persons contained in such Rolle

VI. And be it further enacted, That fuch Officer shall, previous to his transmitting such Rolls as aforesaid to the Rolls Office, justly and truly enter in a Book, in alphabetical Order, the Names, Refidence and Additions of all Persons whose Names shall be entered in fuch Rolls, and fuch Book shall be open to the Inspection of any Person requiring to see the same, on paying to such Officer a Fee of Two Shillings and Six Pence; and in case any Person who shall have taken and subscribed, or who shall hereafter take and subscribe such Oaths and Declarations in fuch Court, shall, at any time after the passing of this Act, be desirous of obtaining a Certificate thereof, and shall demand the same from such Officer; and if upon Reference to fuch Book, it shall appear that the Name with the Residence of such Person is contained therein, and that such Person so demanding a Certificate shall verify on Oath that he actually did at any former time take and subscribe such Oaths and Declarations in such Court, then such Officer shall on Demand give to such Person a Certificate thereof in manner required by the faid recited Act.

In what case new Certificate allowed.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if the Vote of any Person to whom such Certificate shall be given shall be refused on account of the Invalidity of any such Certificate, as not being in the Form required by Law, it shall and may be lawful for such Person or Perfons to demand from the Clerk of the Peace, his Deputy or other proper Officer, a new and fufficient Certificate in the Form required by Law, on paying to such Officer a Fee of One Shilling; and such Person shall be permitted to poll (if in all other Respects duly qualified) upon producing fuch new Certificate, notwithstanding such former Refusal.

Officer of Court neglecting to transmit Rolls or

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every fuch Officer of Court who shall neglect or omit to transmit in manner and within the time required as aforefaid, the faid Rolls to the Rolls Office, or who make out Lifts, shall refuse or neglect to make such Alphabetical Lifts, or who shall omit from such Alphabetical List the Name of any Person entered on fuch Rolls and entitled to any fuch Certificate as aforefaid, or who shall insert in such Alphabetical List the Name of any Person not so entered and entitled, or who shall refuse or neglect to give any Certificate herein required to be given, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; to be recovered by Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in Dublin.

Penalty.

A.D. 1811.

C A P. LXXVIII.

An Act to make Provision in certain Cases for the Wives and Families of Serjeants, Corporals, Drummers and Privates, ferving in the Militia of Ireland. [15th June 1811.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to make fome Provision in the cases hereinafter mentioned, for the Families of Serjeants, Corporals, Drummers and Privates, serving in the Militia of Ireland, when called out into actual Service, and the Laws at present in force are infufficient for that Purpose; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Commencement of this Act, an Act made in the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, An All to 49 G. 3. c. 86. make Provision in certain Cases for the Wives and Families of ballotted repealed. Men, Substitutes and Volunteers, ferving in the Militia of Ireland, shall stand and be repealed, fave so far as the same repeals any former Act of Parliament, or any Clause, Matter or Thing therein; and also save as to the Payment and Allowance of any Sum or Sums of Money which shall have become due before the Commencement of this Act. under or by virtue of the faid Act, and the obtaining of the proper and necessary Voucher for receiving or vouching any such Payment; and also save as to any Offence which shall or may before that time have been committed against the faid A&, and any Proceedings to be taken for the Punishment of the Offender or Offenders, or the recovering or levying any Penalty for or by reason of any such Offence.

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the First Day Militia Men deof July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, whenever the Militia firous of obtainof any County, City or Place in Ireland, is or stall be embodied and ing Relief for their Family to called out into actual Service, and any Man ferving or enrolled therein make the folas a Serjeant, Corporal or Drummer, shall have a Family less able in lowing consequence of his Absence to support themselves, and shall be defirous of obtaining for fuch Family any Allowance payable to them under the Rules, Regulations and Restrictions in this Act expressed and contained, such Serjeant, Corporal, Drummer or Private, shall make and subscribe before the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, for the time being, to which he shall belong, a Declaration in Writing in the Form following; that is to fay,

. $I \stackrel{A.B.}{\sim} B$. of the Regiment of Militia; do declare, Declaration: That I am a married Man [or, a Widower, as the cafe may be], and that I have One Child, [or, Children, born in Wedlock, under the Age of Ten Years, whose Name or Names and Age or Ages respectively, is or are as follows; that is to say, [the Names and Ages]; and that my Wife [or, my faid Child or Children, or, my Wife and my faid Child or Children as the cafe may be], refides [or, refide] at [here infert the County. and the Barony, and the Parish or Townland, or the City or Town, and Street or Place, as the case may require, in which such Family shall refide], and that my faid Child or Children, [or, Wife and Child or Children, as the case may be] by reason of my Absence is [or, are] less able to procure necessary Support, and that I was married to

my faid Wife [or, if no Wife living, to the Mother of the faid Children], at on the Day of in the Year

Commanding Officer to fign Certificate. III. And be it further enacted, That the Commanding Officer before whom such Declaration shall be made, shall at the Foot of the said Declaration give and sign a Certificate in Viriting in the Form following;

[C. D. Colonel, [or, Commanding Officer, as the case may be] of the Militia, do hereby certify, That A. B. a Serjeant, [Corporal, Drummer or Private, ballotted Man, Substitute or Volunteer, as the cafe may be] in the said Militia, was called out into actual Service, and did on the Day of march from, and is now ablent on Service from the faid [County, Town, City or Place, as the case may be], and that he hath in my Presence made a Declaration that his Family resides , and confifts of , and that by his Absence they are rendered less able to support themselves: And I do certify, That the said A. B. never deserted from the said Militia, and • that the faid A. B. was enrolled on the Day of and that the faid A. B. was married after his Enrolment with the Consent of his Commanding Officer according to Law, [or, before

his Enrolment, as the case may be.']

Declaration and Certificate to be attefled by Adjutant, &c. IV. And be it further enacted, That every such Declaration and Certificate shall be attested and countersigned by the Adjutant of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia, to which the Militia Man making such Declaration shall belong; and such Adjutant shall carefully keep and preserve all such Declarations and Certificates, and shall also keep a Book or Register containing the Names of all the Serjeants, Corporals, Drummers and Privates in such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, who shall have made such Declaration, alphabetically arranged; and shall from such Declarations and Certificates so delivered to him, enter in such Book opposite to the Name of each Man, whether he is married or a Widower, and hath any and what Child or Children, with the Date of such Declaration, and the Name or Names and Age or Ages of such Child or Children respectively, at the time of making such Declaration, and the Residence of such Wife, Child or Children, as stated in such Declaration.

Rates of Allowunces to Families.

V. And be it further enacted, That whenever such Declaration and Certificate shall have been made in the Manner and Form hereinbefore contained and fet forth, then and in fuch case the Family of every fuch Militia Man who shall have made such Declaration, (the Requisites hereinafter mentioned being first duly performed) shall be entitled to and shall receive during his Absence on actual Service the Monthly Allowances here following; that is to say, after the Rate of Four British Shillings in every Calendar Month for every Child born in Wedlock, and under the Age of Ten Years, not exceeding the Numbers hereinafter mentioned respectively; and of Eight British Shillings in every Calendar Month for the Wife of such Man if he shall be a balloted Man, and Four British Shillings in every Calendar Month for the Wife of any fuch Man who shall not be a ballotted Man; the faid Allowance to the Wife in either of the faid cases to be paid whether such Man shall or shall not have any Child or Children, provided the does not follow the Regiment. VI. Pro-

VI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Wife of any Limitation as to Militia Man so called out on actual Service shall not be entitled to Children. the aforesaid Allowance for each Child for more than Two Children; and in case there shall be no Wife of such Militia Man living, the Allowance to the Children of fuch Militia Man shall not extend to more than Four Children in the whole.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Allow- Substitutes' Faance under this Act shall be given or ordered to be given to the milics not entifamily of any Man who shall be enrolled at any time after the passing ances. of this Act in the faid Militia of Ireland as a Substitute, hired Man or Volunteer; and that all such Allowances shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be confined to the Families of such ballotted Men, Substitutes and Volunteers, as are now serving in the Militia of Ireland, and to the Families of fuch ballotted Men only as shall here-

after be enrolled in the faid Militia.

VIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Allowance Further Restricunder this Act shall be given or ordered to be given to the Family of tions as to Alany Substitute or Volunteer who shall be married at the time of the lowances. passing of this Act, and who hath married while in actual Service, and after the passing of an Act made in the Forty third Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Att to make Provision in certain Cases 43 G. 2. c. 142. for the Wives and Families of ballotted Men, Substitutes and Volunteers, ferving in the Militia of Ireland; nor to the Family of any Man now in the Militia of Ireland, who shall marry at any time after the passing of this Act; nor to the Family of any ballotted Man who shall hereafter be enrolled in the faid Militia of Ireland, and shall marry after. fuch Enrolment, unless every such Marriage respectively shall have taken place, or shall take place, with the Consent of the Colonel or Commanding Officer, being a Field Officer, of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which such Man shall belong; and that such Confent shall have been certified under the Hand of such Colonel or other Commanding Officer, being a Field Officer; and no Certificate as required by this Act shall be granted by any such Commanding Officer, for the Purpose of entitling the Family of any Militia Man to any Allowance under this Act, in cases where such Militia Man shall have so married while on actual Service, without such Consent first had and obtained as aforefaid.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for Justices to enthe nearest resident Justice of the Peace acting in and for the Barony quire into Ciror Half Barony, City, Town or Place, in which the faid Family cumflances of Family of Milishall reside, on the Production of such Certificate, to enquire into is Min, and inthe Circumstances of the Family of the Militia Man to whom such dorse Opinion on Certificate shall have been granted, and whether they reside in the Certificate. Parish or Place mentioned in the Declaration of such Militia Man, on the Oath of the Wife of fuch Militia Man, if there shall be One, and if not, then of such Person above the Age of Eighteen, with whom fuch Child or Children shall reside, and of such other Person or Perions as such Justice of the Peace shall think proper to examine thereupon; and if on Enquiry such Justice of the Peace shall find that fuch Family do so reside, and if such Justice shall be of Opinion that fuch Family is less able to support itself in consequence of the Absence of such Militia Man, he shall indorse such his Opinion in Writing under his Hand, on the Back of the faid Certificate, with 51 GEO. III.

the Date of the Month and Year, and shall subjoin thereto an Order in the Form following; that is to fay,

Order for Payment.

I C. D. do hereby certify, That I have made Enquiry on the Oath or Oaths of and that I am fatisfied that the Family of A. B. within mentioned resides at the Place, and confilts of the Persons within stated; and that I am a Juffice of the Peace of the County or Diffrict of , within which the faid Family fo resides, and that there is ont to my Knowledge any other Justice of the Peace for the faid County or Diffrict refiding nearer to the faid Family: I do there-" upon hereby order that the Sums allowed by Law in fuch case be ' paid to the faid Family; that is to fay, the Sum of on the Twenty fourth Day of each Month, or as foon after as the ' same shall be demanded, not exceeding Fourteen Days from the said " Day."

And such Certificate, with the Opinion and Order of such Julice thereon, shall be forthwith deposited by the Person or Persons seeking Benefit thereby, or some of them, or some Person or Persons on their, his or her Behalf, with the Collector of the Public Cess in such Barony or Half Barony, or the Treasurer of such City or Town.

Every Three Months Juffices to make fresh Enquiry into Circumstances of Militia Man's Family, and certify Opinion.

X. And be it further enacted, That at the Expiration of Three Calendar Months next after the Date of any fuch Order of fuch Justice, Application shall be made by such Baronial Collector or Treasurer, to the Justice who shall have made such Order, or to such other Justice of the Peace acting in and for such Barony or Half Barony, City or Town, who shall refide nearest to the then Place of Relidence of fuch Family, and on Production of the original Certificate aforefaid, and of the Order fo first made thereon, it shall be lawful for fuch Justice to make a fresh Enquiry on Oath in mannet aforesaid, into the Circumstances of such Family; and if such Circumflances are not altered, Yuch Justice shall on the Back of such original Certificate, and at the Foot of such first Order, sign his Name in Affirmance and Renewal of the same, with the Date of the Month and Year; or if it shall be made appear to such Justice that the Circumftances of fuch Family are any way altered, fuch Justice shall make a new Order for such Allowance as aforesaid, specifying the Names and Ages of each Person of such Family entitled to the same at the time of fuch Order, and so after the Expiration of every Three Calendar Months a like Enquiry and Order shall from time to time be made, and renewed or altered by fuch Justice of fuch Barony or Half Barony, City or Town, as shall be resident nearest to the Place of Residence of such Family, so long as any such Allowance shall be claimed on Behalf of fuch Family.

Abstracts of Orders for Relief fent by Baronial Collector to Collector of Excife, who shall keep them as Vouchers.

X1. And be it further enacted, That every fuch Baronial Collector or Treasurer shall from time to time within Three Days after any fuch Order or Orders shall be made by such Justice, prepare and fign an Abstract of every such Order, and shall forthwith deliver or send fuch Abstract duly dated by him, to the Collector of His Majetty's Excise for the District in which the Barony, Half Barony, City or Town shall be situate, together with such Certificate and the Order thereupon; and fuch Collector of Excise having compared such Abstract with such Order shall, if the same shall agree therewith, counterfig m. Ì

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counterfign such Order, and shall forthwith restore the same to such Baronial Collector or Treasurer, or to the Person by whom the same was sent, and shall then countersign and file such Abstract, and shall keep the same as a Voucher for his future Payments in manner hereinafter mentioned.

XII. And be it further enacted, That every fuch Baronial Collector Baronial Col. or Treasurer on obtaining any such Order countersigned by such lector to pay Collector of Excise, shall from time to time pay the several Allowances the Allowances. mentioned in such Order to such Family, until the Expiration of Three Calendar Months next after the Date of such Order, except

in the cases hereinafter mentioned.

XIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Allowances Allowances under and by virtue of this Act shall be claimed and paid Monthly when payable. on the Twenty fourth Day of every Month, or on fuch subsequent Day as the same shall be duly demanded, being not more than Fourteen Days after such Twenty fourth Day of each Month; and that the first Allowances under this Act shall become due on the Twenty fourth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven; and that no Wife of any such Militia Man, nor any other Person on behalf of such Wife or of the Family of any such Militia Man, shall be entitled to receive at any one time more than one Month's Allowance

to such Wife and Family, under or by virtue of this Act.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That every such Monthly Al- Allowances paid lowance to be paid under this Act by any Baronial Collector or by Baronial Treasurer respectively to the Family of any Militia Man, shall be collector repaid repaid quarterly to fuch Baronial Collector and Treasurer repetitively, Collector of Exby the Collector of His Majetty's Excile for the Diffrict in which cife. fuch Barony, Half Barony, City or Town shall be situate, out of any Public Money in his Hands, upon such Baronial Collector or Treafurer respectively producing and delivering to such Collector of Excise an Account in Writing verified by his Affidavit, of all Sums so paid by him, fetting forth in alphabetical Order the Names of all Militia Men, to or for whose Families any such Payments shall have been made, with the Date and Amount of each Payment, and to whom made; and the Sums so paid by such Collector of Excise shall be allowed to him in his Accounts upon fuch Collector of Excise producing such Accounts so verified, together with the Receipts of such Baronial Collector or Treasurer at the Foot thereof respectively, and also the several other Documents by this Act required to be kept by

him. XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if at any Collector of time fuch Baronial Collector or Treasurer shall not have in his Hands Excise may fufficient Money for Payment of the several Sums so directed to be payments.

Payments. paid by him as aforefaid, fuch Baronial Collector or Treasurer shall and may and is hereby required from time to time as Occasion shall require, to certify the same to the Collector of Excise for the District : and it shall thereupon be lawful for such Collector of Excise, and he is hereby authorized and required to remit or pay out of such Public Monies as may be in his Hands to the faid Baronial Collector or Treasurer respectively, at least once in every Month if required, a Sum fufficient to fatisfy and pay the Monthly Amount of the Sums which shall then be payable under and by virtue of the several Abstracts, which shall then be in Possession of such Collector of Excise under the Provisions of this Act.

No Payments in Advance.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any such Collector of Excise to pay or remit to any such Baronial Collector or Treafurer any Sum what soever, in advance for or towards the Payment of any Allowances under this Act, until fuch Collector of Excise shall have received from such Baronial Collector or Treafurer one or more Account or Accounts in Writing, figned and verified by an Affidavit before some Justice of the Peace by such Baronial Collector or Treasurer as aforesaid, of the Application of each and every Sum and Sums, if any, previously advanced by such Collector of Excise to such Baronial Collector or Treasurer respectively, setting forth in alphabetical Order the Names of all Militia Men to or for whose Families any such Payments shall have been made by such Baronial Collector or Treasurer, together with the Date and Amount of each Payment, and to whom the same was made; and no Sum advanced by any Collector of Excise for any of the said Purposes shall be allowed him, until such Account so verified of the Application of every former Advance made by him to the same Person. shall be produced and delivered by such Collector of Excise to the proper Officer or Officers whose Duty it shall be to audit or settle his Accounts.

Abstract of Orders to be laid before Quarter-Sessions.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That every fuch Baronial Collector shall transmit to the Clerk of the Peace of the County within which the Barony for which he is Collector shall be situate, and the Treasurer of any City or Town shall transmit to the Clerk of the Peace thereof, Three Days previous to each Quarter-Sessions, an Abftract of all Orders which he shall have received as aforesaid, since the last preceding Quarter-Sessions, to be by the said Clerk of the Peace laid before the Juftices at fuch Sessions; and it shall be lawful for the Justices there to set aside or alter any such Order of any fuch Juffice as aforefaid, which upon due Enquiry in open Court upon Oath shall appear to have been fraudulently obtained, or not to be warranted by this Act; and in any fuch case such Justices at such Seffions shall make an Order that such Baronial Collector or Treasurer fhall bring in or cause to be brought in the Order of such Justice, and deliver the same to the Clerk of the Peace for such County, City or Town; and fuch Collector or Treasurer shall, within Seven Days after the Service of fuch Order on him, bring in and deliver, or cause to be brought in and delivered, the faid Order of the faid Justice accordingly to fuch Clerk of the Peace, who shall then cancel the said Order, if the same shall be wholly set aside, or if the same shall be altered, he shall write under same a Copy of the Order for altering the same, and shall in that case restore the same to such Baronial Collector or Treasurer, who shall proceed thereupon, and the same shall be counterfigned in the fame manner in all respects as hereinbefore directed, with respect to any such Order as aforesaid.

Allowances
flopped or leffened according
to Circumflances.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if such Baronial Collector or Treasurer respectively have reason to believe, or shall receive Notice from the Collector of Excise of the District that he has reason to believe that, by the Death of any of the Family of any Militia Man, or by any other Circumstance, the Allowance to such Family ought to be stopped or lessend in Amount, then and in either of such cases it shall be lawful for such Baronial Collector or Treasurer, and he is hereby required to stop or lessen such Allowance accordingly, until the Justice of the Peace residing nearest to the Residence.

Refidence of fuch Family as aforefaid shall direct him otherwise by

Writing under his Hand and Seal.

XIX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Allow- Family entitled ance shall be ordered or paid under this Act, to the Wife or Family to Relief only of any Person serving in the Militia for any longer Person than while Militia such Person shall continue to some and remain embedded in a four Man serves. fuch Person shall continue to serve and remain embodied in actual Service, nor in any case while the Wife in respect of or by whom any fuch Relief is demanded, thall follow the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, in which her Husband shall serve.

XX. And be it further enacted, That every Serjeant, Corporal, State of Families Drummer and Private, to whom such Certificate shall have been given to Adjugiven, shall on or after the First and before the Sixth Day of every Month. Month, deliver or cause to be delivered to the Adjutant of his Regiment, or to the Person acting as such, a Return or Account in Writing, subscribed by himself, either with his Name or Mark, and stating whether fince the obtaining such Certificate or since his last Return any, and if any, then how many, and which of his Family, and of what Names and Ages respectively, have or hath died, or have or hath received or become entitled to any and what Maintenance, Provision or Property, and to what Amount, and whether his Wife, if he be married, follows the Regiment; and every Change that shall have taken place in any of the faid respects in the Family of any such-Militia Man shall be noted by such Adjutant in his Register aforefaid, according to fuch Return, or according to the Truth, if the fame shall have come to his Knowledge, by any other means.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That the Adjutant of every Regi- Adjutant to ment, Battalion or Corps of the faid Militia shall, within Four Days make Returns after the Sixth Day of every Month during the time the Militia to of Families to which he shall belong shall remain embodied or in actual Service, Collectors of draw out a Return for each and every Collector of Excise within Excise, &c. whose District the Family of any Militia Man in his Regiment, entitled to any of the faid Allowances shall reside, and shall in every fuch Return fet forth an alphabetical List of the Names of all the Serjeants, Corporals, Drummers and Privates in his Regiment, whose Families are so entitled and reside within such District; and also a diffinet Statement of fuch Promotions and Vacancies, and of fuch Deaths and Defertions, and other Casualties (if any) as may have occurred among fuch Militia Men of the faid Regiment; and also of fuch of their Wives as may have joined the Regiment fince the last Return, and of all fuch other Alterations as may have taken place in the Family of any of the faid Militia Men, in manner hereinbefore mentioned; and if no fuch Promotion, Vacancy, Death or Defertion, Casualty or Alteration, shall have happened, then such Adjutant shall by such Return certify to that Effect; and every such Adjutant shall within the faid Four Days enclose all the faid Returns which he shall have so drawn out to the Secretary of the Commissioners of Excise in Dublin, who shall cause the same to be forwarded to the Collectors of Excise respectively as speedily as may be.

XXII. And be it enacted, That every such Collector of Excise Copies of Re-shall, immediately on the Receipt of any such Return, transsmit to turns to Baronial the faid Secretary a written Acknowledgment of the Receipt thereof, Collectors, to enter Alteraspecifying the Date thereof, and shall forthwith enter at the Foot tions at Foot of of each Abstract so filed by him as aforesaid, all new Matters respec- Orders made by tively, which shall be noted in such Return as aforesaid, and shall Justices.

thereupon

C. 78:

thereupon file the said Return, and send or deliver to each Baronial Collector or Treasurer in his District, a Copy of so much of the said Return as relates to his Barony or Half Barony, City or Town respectively; and such Baronial Collector or Treasurer shall enter the new Matters therein contained at the Foot of the Orders made by Justices of Peace so kept by him respectively.

No Payment until Returns received. XXIII. And be it further enacted, That no Payment shall be made by any such Baronial Collector or Treasurer, to the Family of any Militia Man, until he shall have received from the Collector of Excise such Copy extracted from such Return as aforesaid for the preceding Month; and from and after the End of every Three Calendar Months from the Date of any Order of a Justice, or of the Justices at Sessions as aforesaid, no Payment shall be made by any such Baronial Collector or Treasurer, to the Family of any Militia Man, until a new Order of a Justice of the Peace as aforesaid shall have been received by such Baronial Collector or Treasurer in manner aforesaid.

Payments made according to Returns.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That when any such Entry shall be duly made at the Foot of such Order or Abstract, or any Alteration shall be made in any such Order, then and from thenceforth such Monthly Sum and no other shall be paid and payable to the Family therein mentioned, as would have been payable to the suid Family by the Provisions of this Act, if an Order for Payment had been made and given by a Justice according to the Circumstances of such Family at the time of making such Entry or Alteration.

Pecompence to Baronial Coffectors for their Trouble.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That, in order to recompence the faid Baronial Collectors and Treasurers of Cities or Towns for the Trouble and Expence which they may severally incur by virtue of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Grand Jury of each County, City or Town at each Affizes, and for the Grand Juries of the County of Dublin and County of the City of Dublin, at each Prefanting Term, to present any Sums they shall think reasonable to be raised off the Counties at large, Counties of Cities, or Counties of Towns, to be applied and paid as fuch Grand Juries shall direct, to the said respective Collectors and Treasurers, over and above all Sums or Allowances to which they or any of them are or may be entitled by virtue of any other Law or Laws then in force, as a Reward for their Trouble and Expence in carrying the Provisions of this Act into Execution: Provided always, That such Grand Jury shall be satisfied by the Affidavits of such Collectors and Treasurers respectively, that such Collectors and Treasurers have duly paid the several Allowances to the Families of Militia Men in manner directed by this Act: And provided also, that the Sum so to be presented shall not exceed Five per Centum on the Sums paid by such Collector or Treasurer since the last preceding Assizes or Presenting Term.

Baronial Collectors neglecting Duty: XXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Collector of a Baronial Cess, Treasurer, Clerk of the Peace, Officer of the Peace, Collector of Excise respectively, shall wilfully neglect or resule to carry the Provisions of this Act or any of them into Execution, and shall be thereof convicted on Presentment or Indictment at the Assizes, or if in the County or City of Dublin, in the Court of King's Bench, every such Person so offending shall be fined at the Discretion of the Court any Sum not exceeding Fifty Pounds.

Penelty.

XXVII. And.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Collector of the And for neglect-Baronial Cess, or Treasurer of a City or Town, shall, on Demand ing to pay Sums duly made, refuse or neglect to pay and satisfy any Sum or Sums of Men's Families. Money then payable by him to the Family of any Militia Man by virtue of this Act, every such Collector or Treasurer so refusing or neglecting to make such Payment, shall, for every such Neglect, forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, to be recovered upon Conviction Penalty. of the faid Offender before any Justice of the Peace for the County, City or Place where the Offence shall be committed; which said Justice is hereby authorized and required, upon Information exhibited or Complaint made by the Party aggrieved in that behalf, to summon the Party accused, and to examine into the Matter of Fact; and upon Proof thereof upon the Oath of One Witness, not being the Party entitled to receive such Sum or Sums of Money, to give Judgment for fuch Penalty, to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, in case the same shall not be forthwith paid, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of fuch Justice, causing the Overplus (if any) after deducting the Charges of such Distress and Sale, to be rendered to the Party, and the Penalty so adjudged shall be paid to the Use of the Party so aggrieved as aforesaid.

XXVIII. And be it enacted, That every fuch Conviction shall be Conviction acin the Form here following, or in some other Form of Words of the cording to following Form.

fame Import; that is to fay,

BE it remembered, That A. B. Collector of Cefs in the Barony in the County of

for, Treasurer of the County of the City, or Town of

, as the case may be], is convicted before me C. D. One of the Justices of the Peace for the faid County, of not having paid the Allowance on the Day of lait past to the Family of , a Serjeant, [Corporal, Drummer,

Private, as the case may be] actually serving in the

Regiment of Militia, although the same was duly demanded of him Witness my Hand on the Day of last past. and Seal this Day of in the Year

And every such Conviction in the said Form, or any other Form of the fame Import, shall be good and sufficient in Law.

XXIX. And be it enacted, That all and every Affidavits and Affi- Affidavits before davit by this Act required to be made, taken or produced, shall and Justice. may be made before any Justice of the Peace within his proper Jurisdiction; and that every Person who shall swear falsely in any Assidavit required or authorized by this Act to be taken, shall, on being convicted thereof, be adjudged guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury, Perjury. and be punished accordingly.

XXX. And be it enacted, That a Half Barony shall be deemed Half Barony and taken to be a Barony, to all the Purposes of this Act.

XXXI. And he it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, Act may be alamended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this present tered, &c. Seffion of Parliament.

XXXII. And he it further enacted, That this Act, and all and Commenceevery Clause, Matter and Thing therein contained, shall commence and ment. take Effect, and be in force from and after the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, in all Cases where

deemed a whole.

no other Period is expressly flated for the Commencement of any Clause or Provision in this Act contained.

C A P. LXXIX.

An Act to amend an Act of the Forty eighth Year of His prefent Majesty, for the better Care and Maintenance of Lunatics, being Paupers or Criminals, in England.

[15th June 1811.]

time

48 G. 3. c. 96.

§ 17.

§ 18.

HEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An All for the better · Care and Maintenance of Lunatics, being Paupers or Criminals, in England, Provision is made for the Erection of Atylums for Lu-* natics and Infane Persons, being Paupers or Criminals, in Counties or Districts of Counties in England: And whereas it is therein, among other things, enacted, That so soon as any Lunatic Asylum fo erected as aforefaid shall be declared by the Visiting Justices to be completed, and in a fit State for the Reception of Lunatics and other Infane Perfons, the Justices of the Peace acting respectively in and for any County or Counties at the Expence of which fuch · Afylum shall have been built, are authorized and directed to issue • Warrants, upon the Application of the Overseers of the Poor of • any Parish situate within such County or Counties, for the Conveyance of any Lunatic, Infane Person or dangerous Ideot, who may be chargeable to fuch Parish, to such Asylum, there to be safely kept, until he or she shall be duly discharged: And whereas it is 4 also therein enacted, that if any Overseer of the Poor of any Parish fhall wilfully neglect or delay to give Information to fuch Justice of any fuch Lunatic or Infane Person who shall be chargeable to fuch Parish, or to make Application for such Warrant as aforesaid, during the Space of Seven Days from the time that he shall be acquainted that fuch Person is so lunatic or insane, he shall be liable 6 to a Penalty therein specified: And whereas it is expedient that • the Justices of the Peace, to whom such Applications shall be made, fhould have a discretionary Power, as to issuing or not issuing such Warrants, in certain cases, and under certain Restrictions, and par-· ticularly in Cases where it shall be found that the Number of Ap-* plications on the Behalf of Persons having just Claims to be admitted does at any time exceed the Number of those who can be properly · accommodated in fuch Afylum, with a View to Cure, Comfort and · fafe Custody; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That whenever any Application shall be made by the Overseers of the Poor of any Parish in any County or District of Counties, at the Expence of which any Lunatic Afylum shall have been erected, to any Justice of the Peace

acting in and for such County or Counties, to iffue his Warrant for the Conveyance of any Lunatic or Insane Person to such Asylum, it shall and may be lawful for such Justice to resuse to iffue the Warrant so required, if he shall so think fit, such Lunatic or Insane Person not being actually dangerous: Provided nevertheless, that any

Justice so refusing to issue such Warrant as aforesaid shall, at the

In what case Justice may refuse Warrant for Conveyance of Lunatics.

Provifo.

time of his fo refusing, deliver in Writing to the Overseers of the Poor making fuch Application as aforefaid the Reasons for such Refusal.

II. Provided also, and be it enacted, That if any Person or Per- Appeal, sons shall think themselves aggrieved by such Refusal of any Justice as aforesaid, such Person or Persons may appeal to the Justices of the Peace at the next General or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace to be holden in and for the County or Place where the Matter of Appeal shall have arrien, the Person or Persons so appealing, having given to the Person against whom such Appeal shall be made, Ten Days Notice of his, her or their Intention to make such Appeal; and the Notice faid Justices at such Sessions are hereby authorized and required to hear and determine the Matter of such Appeal in a summary way, and to make such Determination as they shall think proper; and every fuch Determination shall be final and conclusive to all Intents and Purpofes what soever.

III. Provided also, and be it enacted, That every Justice who Justices to make shall have issued a Warrant or Warrants for the Conveyance of any Returns to Lunatic or Infane Person to such Asylum, or who shall have refused of Cases brought to iffue fuch Warrant or Warrants, on the Application of the Over- before them, feers of the Poor of any Parish, shall make regular Returns to the next General Quarter-Seffions of the Peace to be holden in and for the County in which such Parish shall be situate, of all Cases brought before him, in which he shall have granted, or refused to grant, a Warrant or Warrants for such Conveyance, stating in all cases of Refusal the Reasons for such Refusal; and such Returns shall be regularly filed and kept among the Records of such Court of Ge-

neral Quarter-Sellions.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Overseers of the Poor of Overseers to any Parish, on making their Application to any Justice of the Peace produce Certififor the Conveyance of any Lunatic or Infane Person, or dangerous dical Person of Ideot, as aforesaid, shall produce to such Justice a Certificate in State of Lunatic. Writing from some Medical Person, of the State and Degree of Lunacy of the Person on whose Behalf such Application shall be made; and that it shall be further lawful for such Justice to cause fuch Lunatic, Infane Person or dangerous Ideot, to be visited by fuch Medical Person as he shall think fit, and to examine the said Medical Person upon Oath as to the State and Degree of Lunacy of fuch Lunatic, Infane Person or dangerous Ideot, and to order fuch Sum to be paid to fuch Medical Person for his Attendance as may feem just and reasonable, and such Sum shall be paid by the Overfeers of the Poor of the Parish making such Application, out of the Money raised therein for the Relief of the Poor.

V. And be it further enacted, that the Medical Superintendant Medical Superof every such Asylum as aforesaid shall make regular Returns to the intendant of Asylum to make Justices of the Peace assembled at their General or Quarter-Sessions, Returns of State at least Once in every Year, of the State and Condition of all Per- of Perions enfons committed to his Care under the Authority of the aforesaid Act trusted to his passed in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, and Carc. of this Act, in order that the faid Justices may be enabled, from the Infpection of fuch Returns, and from the Report of fuch Medical Superintendant, to direct the Discharge of any Persons from such Afylum who may appear from such Returns and Report to be no longer fit Objects to remain therein; and that the said Justices may,

at the same time, iffue their Warrants (which they are hereby authorized to iffue) for the Admission of such other Persons at their Discretion, as may appear to be the fittest Objects for immediate Reception therein, out of the several Persons on whose Behalf Application may have been made to any Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, and whose Cases may have been regularly reported to the said General or Ouarter-Sessions.

How Expense of Removal of Pauper defrayed.

VI. And be it further enacted, That on the regular Discharge of any Pauper from any such Asylum the necessary Expences attending the Removal of such Pauper shall be borne by the Parish in which such Pauper shall be legally settled, and such Expences being allowed by Two Justices of the Peace acting in and for the County in which such Parish shall be situated shall be paid by the Overseers of the Poor of such Parish out of the Money raised therein for the Relief of the Poor.

Baffards of Lunatics to have logal Settlement of Mother.

VII. And be it further enacted, That no Bastard Child which shall be born of any Lunatic, Insane Person or dangerous Ideot, in any such Asylum, shall; thereby gain a Settlement in the Parish in which such Asylum shall be situated; but that the Place of the legal Settlement of any such Child so born as aforesaid shall be in the Parish where the Mother of such Child was last legally settled.

C A P. LXXX.

An Act to render valid certain Indentures for the binding of Parish Apprentices. [15th June 1811.]

43 Eliz. c. 2. 5 z.

§ 5.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen Elizabeth, intituled, An All for the Relief of the Poor, it is enacted, That the Churchwardens of every Parish, and Four, Three or Two substantial · Householders there, as shall be thought meet, having respect to the Proportion and Greatness of the same Parish and Parishes, to be nominated yearly in Eafter Week, or within One Month after Easter, in the manner therein directed, shall be Overseers of the · Poor of the same Parish; and that it shall be lawful for the said · Churchwardens and Overseers, or the greater Part of them, by the Affent of Two Justices of the Peace, to bind the Children of fuch Parents as shall not by the said Churchwardens and Overseers or the greater Part of them be thought able to maintain their Children, to be Apprentices: And whereas in divers small Parishes Two Persons only have been annually appointed to act in the Capacity of Churchwardens as well as Overleers of the Poor: And whereas divers Indentures for the binding of Parish Apprentices, and Certificates of the Settlements of Poor Persons, have been executed and figned by fuch Two Persons, purporting to be the · Churchwardens and Overfeers of such Parishes; but, by reason that the faid Indentures and Certificates have not been figured by distinct · Persons as Churchwardens and other distinct Persons as Overseers, fuch Indentures and Certificates have been or may be deemed to be void: Be it therefore emacted, by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Indentures for the binding of Parish Apprentices, and all Certificates of the Settlementa

Indentures and Certificates

of Poor Persons, which have been heretofore executed and figned heretofore figned by Two Persons only, acting or purporting to act in the Capacity by Two Persons of Churchwardens as well as of Overseers of the Poor, and also all Churchwardens, fuch Indentures and Certificates as shall hereafter be so figned, shall &c. valid. be confidered as good, valid and effectual, as if the same had been executed and figned by diffinct Persons as Churchwardens and diffinct Persons as Overseers of the Poor, according to the said recited A&; any thing therein or in any other Act contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

11. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall Prior Decisions. extend to do away or alter any Decision which may have taken place in any Court of Law, respecting the binding of any Parish Apprentice, or the Settlement of any Poor Person before the passing of this

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C A P. LXXXI.

An Act to continue, until the First Day of August One thoufand eight hundred and twelve, certain Acts for appointing Commissioners to enquire into the Fees, Gratuities, Perquifites and Emoluments, received in feveral Public Offices in Ireland; to examine into any Abuses which may exist in the fame, and into the Mode of receiving, collecting, iffuing and accounting for Public Money in Ireland. [15th June 1811.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Forty fourth Year of 44 G.3. c.206. His prefent Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Ad for appointsing, until the Fifth Day of August One thousand eight hundred and five, Commissioners to enquire into the Fees, Gratuities, Perquisites and Emoluments which are or have been lately received in the several · Public Offices in Ireland, therein mentioned; to examine into any Abuses which may exist in the same, and into the present Mode of receiving, * collecting, issuing and accounting for Public Money in Ireland; and the faid recited Act has, by certain Acts made in the Forty fifth, 45 G. 3. c. 65.

Forty seventh, Forty ninth and Fiftieth Years of His present 47 G. 3. Seff. 2.

Majesty's Reign, been continued with Amendments until the First c. 41. Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven: And 49 G. 3. c. 52. whereas it is expedient that the said recited Act of the Forty sourth 50 G. 3. c. 82. 'Year, as amended by the faid other Acts, should be continued in 6 manner hereinafter mentioned; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act of the Forty sourth Year aforesaid, as amended by the faid other recited Acts, shall be and the faid Acts are hereby further continued until the First Day of August One thou- continued. fand eight hundred and twelve.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful Treasury may for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland, iffue 2,000l for or the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland for the time being, and they Expence of are hereby authorized and required to iffue and cause to be iffued, Commissioners, over and above the Sums mentioned in the said recited Acts of the Forty fourth, Forty feventh, Forty ninth and Fiftieth Years aforefaid, a further Sum of Money not exceeding Two thousand Pounds,

C. 81, 82.

to fuch Person or Persons as the Commissioners under the said recited Acts, or any Three or more of them, shall, by Writing under their Hands, defire or direct, out of any Part of the Public Monies remaining in His Majesty's Exchequer in Ireland, which Sums so issued and paid shall be employed for the Payment of Clerks, Messengers and other Officers, and in defraying all other necessary Charges in or about the Execution of the Powers of the faid recited Act and this Act, and in such manuer and in such Proportions as shall be appointed by the faid Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, by Writing under their Hands and Scals, in that Behalf; and that such Sums shall be accounted for by the Person or Persons to whom the same thall be issued or paid, according to the Course of His Majesty's Exchequer of Ireland, without any Fees or other Charges to be taken or demanded for the issuing or Payment of the same, on the passing of the faid Accounts, other than fuch Sum as the faid Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, shall appoint.

CAP. LXXXII.

An Act for establishing Regulations respecting Rock Salt delivered to the Refineries; for granting Relief for Salt lost at Sea by Shipwreck or Capture; and for reviving, amending and continuing, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, so much of an A& of the Forty first Year of His present Majesty as allows the Use of Salt, Duty-free, for curing Fish in Bulk or in Barrels.

[15th June 1811.]

WHEREAS notwithstanding the Provisions of the Law in that respect, the Quantities of Salt produced at entered Refineries to the Officers of Excise to be weighed and charged with the Duties by Law imposed for or in respect thereof have greatly fallen short of the Quantities which ought to have been made and refined from the Quantities of Rock Salt delivered at such Refineries for the Purpole of being there refined, to the great Dimi-" nution of His Majesty's Revenue and Injury of the fair Trader: For Remedy whereof, be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Officers of Excise shall. on or before the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, make a just and true Return or Report to the Commissioners of Excise, or to such Person or Persons as they shall appoint or employ to receive the same, of all the Rock Salt respectively then found in the Custody or Possession of any Refiner of Rock Salt which shall have been shipped Coastwife on Bond for the due Delivery thereof to such Refiner, and for or in respect whereof respectively the Duty shall not have been charged, and such Return or Report shall be a Charge upon such Refiner or Refiners, and he or they shall be chargeable and charged with, and within Six Weeks then next following pay the Duty at and after the Rate of Fifteen Shillings per Bushel for and in respect of such Rock Salt respectively. unless such Refiner shall, within Fourteen Days next after such Return or Report, give Bond or Security, to be approved of by the

Officers of Excife to make a Return of Rock Salt in Possession of Refiner for which Duty charged. Refiner to pay a Duty after the Rate of 15s. per Bushel. Exception.

faid Commissioners of Excise, or the Person or Persons who shall be appointed or employed by them for that Purpose, in Double the Value of the Duties which shall be charged or chargeable on such Rock Salt respectively, for the due Payment of the Duties of Excise, at and after the Rate of Fifteen Shillings per Bushel for or in respect of such Rock Salt, within the Space of Six Months from the time of making fuch Return or Report, or elle producing to the proper Officer of Excise within such Six Months, and having charged with the Duties a Quantity or Quantities of refined Salt made from such Rock Salt, in the Proportion of Fifty fix Pounds of refined Salt at the least for every Sixty five Pounds of fuch Rock Salt which shall from time to time be found by the proper Officer or Officers of Excile deficient of the Quantity of such Rock Salt which shall have been so found in the Custody or Possession of such Refiner or Resiners, and for paying at the End of every Six Weeks from the time of making the Charge thereof, the Duties at and after the Rate of Fifteen Shillings per Bushel for or in respect of the Quantity of each Charge of fuch refined Salt.

II. And be it further enacted, That when and so soon as any Rock Refiner on re-Salt shall be delivered from any Salt Mine or Salt Pit, to be shipped Salt (Exception) Coastwife, or to be sent by Inland Navigation, free of Duty on Bond to pay Duty for its being duly delivered at any entered Refinery, not being within after the Rate of the Counties of Lancafter and Chefter respectively, the Refiner or 15s. per Buthel, Refiners to or for whom the same shall be configued or fent shall, or give Bood, acc within Six Weeks next after the Delivery or Receipt of fuch Rock Salt, pay the Duties of Excise at and after the Rate of Fifteen Shillings per Bushel for such Rock Salt, unless such Refiner or Refiners shall, within Fourteen Days next after such Delivery or Receipt of fuch Rock Salt, give fufficient Bond or Security to be approved of by the Commissioners of Excise, or the Person or Persons who fiall be appointed or employed by them for that Purpose, in Double the Value of the Duties of the faid Rock Salt, for the due Payment of the Duties of Excise, at and after the Rate of Fifteen Shillings per Bushel for or in respect of such Rock Salt, within the Space of Six Months next after such Delivery or Receipt, or else producing to the proper Officer of Excise within such Six Months, and having charged with the Duties a Quantity or Quantities of refined Salt made from fuch Rock Salt, in the Proportion of Fifty fix Pounds of refined Salt at the least for every Sixty five Pounds of fuch Rock Salt which shall from time to time be found by the proper Officer or Officers of Excise deficient of the Quantity of such Rock Salt which shall have been so delivered or received, and for paying at the End of every Six Weeks, from the time of the Charge thereof, the Duties at and after the Rate of Fifteen Shillings per Bushel for or in respect of the Quantity of each Charge of such refined Salt.

III. And be it further enacted, That all and every Refiner and Rock Salt kept Refiners of Rock Salt, to whom any Rock Salt shall be sent coast. separate. wife or fent by Inland Navigation as aforefaid on Bond for the due Delivery thereof, shall keep the same and every Part thereof separate and apart from all other Rock Salt; and if any Refiner or Refiners of Rock Salt shall neglect or refuse to keep such Rock Salt and every Part thereof separate and apart from all other Rock Salt, until such Rock Salt shall be put into his, her or their Cistern or other Vessel for dissolving the same, or shall mix any Rock Salt of one De-

livery or Receipt with any Rock Salt of any other Delivery or Receipt, then and in every such case the Resner or Resners so offending, shall, for each and every such Offence, forseit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Penalty.
Notice to Officer
of purting Rock
Sult into Custern.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Refiner and Refiners of Rock Salt, to whom Rock Salt shall, after the said First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, be sent Coastwise or by Inland Navigation as aforesaid, shall at least Six Hours before he, the or they shall put any Rock Salt into any Cistern or other Vessel to be made use of for the Purpose of dissolving the same, or shall dissolve any fuch Rock Salt, or make the same into Brine, give to the Officer of Excise under whose Survey his, her or their Refinery shall be, a Notice in Writing of his, her or their Intention fo to do, specifying therein the particular Time and Hour at which he, she or they intends or intend fo to put such Rock Salt into such Ciftern or other Vessel, or to dissolve the same, or to make the same into Brine, the Quantity of Rock Salt by him, her, or them to be put into fuch Cistern or Vessel, the particular Cistern or Vessel into which the same is to be put for the Purpose of dissolving such Rock Salt therein, and the Date of the Permit or Bond under which the same was received or delivered at fuch Refinery, and the Quantity of Rock Salt specified in such Permit; and if any such Refiner or Refiners shall not begin to put the Rock Salt specified in any such Notice into the Cistern or other Vessel specified in such Notice, as being to be made use of for the Purpose of dissolving the same within the Space of One Hour next after the particular Time or Hour specified in fuch Notice for that Purpose, then such Notice shall be void, and every such Refiner or Refiners shall give a fresh and like Notice before he, she or they shall begin to put any Rock Salt into any Cistern or Vessel, for the Purpose of dissolving the same, or shall dissolve any such Rock Salt, or make the fame into Brine; and if any fuch Refiner or Refiners shall neglect or refuse to give any such Notice, or having given any Notice which shall become void as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to give a fresh and like Notice, he, she or they shall, for each and every fuch Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Fresh Notice.

Penalty.

38 G. 3. c. 89.

§ 115.

6 V. And whereas by an Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, among other things, for trans-· ferring the Management of the Salt Duties to the Commissioners of Excise, and for repealing the Duties on Salt, and the Drawbacks, Allowances and Bounties paid thereout, and for granting other Duties, Drawbacks, Allowances and Bounties thereon, the · Commissioners of Excise and Justices of the Peace respectively are authorized and required, under and subject to the Rules and Regulations in the faid Act in that behalf provided, to grant their Warrants in the faid Act in that behalf directed, for and in respect of such Salt and Rock Salt respectively as in the said Act men-4 tioned lost or destroyed through Stress of Weather or Storms at · Sea, or by the accidental or unavoidable casting away, finking or ftranding of any Flat, Boat, Barge or Vessel, in or on board of which any fuch Salt or Rock Salt shall be removing or transporting from one Place to another: And whereas by another Act made in the Thirty ninth Year of the Reign aforesaid, among other things for amending the faid Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of the

39 G. 3. c. 65. § 12.

6 Reign

Reign aforefaid, the faid Commissioners and Justices are autho-· rized and required to grant the like Warrants for fuch Salt and Rock Salt respectively as in the said last mentioned Act in that behalf mentioned lost by Capture of Enemies: And whereas by Provisions in the faid Act made in the Thirty eighth Year afore- 38 G. 3. c. 89. faid, any such Warrant is prohibited from being granted, unless the \$ 125. · Proprietor or Shipper of the Salt or Rock Salt fo loft or destroyed, or some Person on his, her or their behalf, shall, within One Month after fuch Accident, give fuch Notice in Writing as is by the faid last mentioned Act in that behalf directed, nor unless it shall appear upon the Face of the Application, and be proved upon Oath that the Accident by which the Lofs of the Salt or Rock Salt was occasioned happened within Six Months immediately preceding: And whereas some such Losses may not become known to the Proprietors or Shippers of fuch Salt or Rock Salt within One Month after such Accident shall have happened, and it is therefore expedient in any fuch case as is hereinaster mentioned to grant the Relief under such Notice as is hereinaster mentioned; Be it therefore Regulations as to enacted, That in every case where any Salt or Rock Salt, as in that Notices of Losses behalf mentioned in the faid Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of Salt by Shipaforesaid, shall by the accidental or unavoidable casting away and sinkure, in order to
ing of the Ship or Vessel, in or on board which such Salt or Rock receive Relief. Salt shall be removing or transporting from one Place to another, be lost, or where any fuch Salt or Rock Salt as in that behalf mentioned in the said Act made in the Thirty ninth Year aforesaid, shall be loft by Capture of Enemies, and any fuch Lofs shall not have come to the Knowledge of the Proprietor or Shipper of fuch Salt or Rock Salt in sufficient time to enable such Proprietor or Shipper to give the Notice required by the faid Act within One Month next after such Accident, or within Six Months respectively, it shall and may be lawful to and for fuch Proprietor or Shipper within One Month after fuch Accident shall have become known to him, her or them, to give to the Commissioners of Excise at the Chief Office of Excise in London, or to the Collector of Excise of the Collection nearest to which the Accident shall have happened. Notice in Writing specifying therein the several Matters and Things by the said Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign aforefaid, required to be specified in the Notice in Writing required by the said last mentioned Act, to entitle the Party to any such Warrant as aforefaid, and upon any fuch Notice as is by this Act prescribed having been given as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful either for His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the County, Riding, Division or Shire, at the Quarter-Seffions of the Peace nearest to which the Owner, Proprietor or Shipper of the Salt or Rock Salt shall reside, or for the Commissioners of Excise at the Chief Office of Excise in London, or any Three of the faid Commissioners, to proceed thereon, and grant the like Relief as in and by the faid respective Acts is authorized, directed or required, for or in respect of Salt or Rock Salt, for and in respect whereof a Notice has been given within One Month, and Proof made upon Oath that the Accident by which the Loss was occasioned happened within Six Months respectively in that behalf mentioned in the faid A& made in the Thirty eighth Year aforesaid; any thing in the said last mentioned Act contained to the contrary in any wife not with standing: Provided always neverther Proviso.

C.82.

less, that no such Application shall be sustained or proceeded upon, nor shall fuch Relief be granted, unless sufficient Facts shall be proved to fatisfy the faid Commissioners and Justices respectively, that the Circumstances of the Case and Loss were such as to have prevented. and put it out of the Power of the Owner, Proprietor or Shipper of the faid Salt or Rock Salt to have given the Notice, or to have made the Application within the respective times in that behalf required by the faid Act of the Thirty eighth Year aforefaid; any thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

41 G. 3. (G. B.) revived and con-

VI. And whereas the Law hereinafter mentioned has by Exc. 21. §1-3. 31. c perience been found useful and beneficial, and it is expedient that the fame should be revived and continued; Be it therefore enacted, That so much of an Act made in the Forty first Year of the Reign. of His present Majesty, among other things for allowing until the Fifteenth Day of October One thousand eight hundred and one, the Use of Salt Duty-free in the preserving of Fish in Bulk, or in Barrels, and for discontinuing the Bounty payable on White Herrings exported, as relates to allowing the Ule of Salt Duty-free in the preserving of Fish in Bulk, or in Barrels, which was continued by Three Acts of the Forty second, Forty third and Forty fourth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine, shall be, and the same is hereby revived and further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen.

41 G. 3. (G. B.) C. 21. § I.

"VII. And whereas by the faid Act of the Forty first Year of the Reign aforefaid, any Person or Persons receiving, taking or fhipping on board any Vessel or Vessels any Quantity of Salt free of Duty for the Purpole of falting, curing or preserving Fish, is and are, among other things, required to give such Bond or Security as is in the faid Act in that behalf prescribed, that he or they will duly account in manner in the faid Act mentioned for all the Salt which he or they shall at any time ship, receive or have on board his or their Vessel or Vessels for the Purpose of salting, curing or preserving Fish, and that such Salt, and every Part thereof, shall be fairly and bona fide employed, spent and consumed in salting, curing or preferving of Fish as aforesaid, or shall be returned into the Warehouse entered for the keeping or storing of Salt Dutyfree from whence the same was taken: And whereas by the said · Act no time is limited or prescribed within which such Person or · Persons shall so duly account for such Salt, or for such Salt being fo employed, fpent and confumed as aforefaid, or being returned into the Warehouse as aforesaid, and it is therefore expedient to ' make fuch Provision in that behalf as is hereinaster mentioned;' Be it therefore enacted, That all such Salt which shall be so received, taken or shipped after the passing of this Act, shall be duly accounted for as aforefaid within Twelve Months, to be computed and reckoned from the Day of such Receipt thereof; and the same and every Part thereof shall within such Twelve Months be fairly and bona fide employed, spent and consumed in salting, curing or preserving of Fish as aforesaid, or shall be returned into the Warehouse entered for the keeping or storing of Salt Duty-free from whence the fame was taken, and every fuch Bond or Security given after the passing of this Act shall be conditioned accordingly. VIII. And

Such Salt shall be accounted for within Twelve Months after the Receipt thereof.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and How Penalties Forfeitures imposed by this Act shall be sued for, recovered, levied recovered and or mitigated by such Ways, Means or Methods, as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be fued for, recovered, levied or mitigated by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively; and that One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall inform, discover or sue for the same.

C A P. LXXXIII.

An Act for allowing the like Drawback of Duty paid on Coals used in certain Mines and Smelting Mills in Devonsbire, as is now allowed in the County of Cornwall.

[15th June 1811.]

WHEREAS it is expedient the Encouragement which has been given to the marking of Marianette States VV been given to the working of Mines in Cornwall and the Island of Anglesea, by allowing a Drawback of the Duty on Coals " used therein, should be extended to the working of Mines in the * County of Devon; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this prefent Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after Coals used in the passing of this Act, for all Coals that shall be used for Fire Engines in Mines of Tin, Copper or Lead, or for calcining or fmelting Devonfine ab-Lead Ores within the County of Devon, and for which Duties back of Duties, have been first answered and paid, a Drawback shall be allowed and made of all fuch Duties, upon Proof by Oath made before the Collector of the said Duties, (which Oath he is hereby impowered and required to administer) that such Coals have been so used and applied; and the Amount of the Duties fo drawn back shall be returned and paid by the Collector of the faid Duties to the Person so making Proof as aforefaid.

C A P. LXXXIV.

An Act to explain an Act passed in the Twenty second Year of His present Majesty, for better securing the Freedom of Election of Members to serve in Parliament, by disabling certain Officers employed in the Collection or Management of His Majesty's Revenues from giving their Votes at such Elections, lo far as relates to Coal Meters and Corn Meters of the City of London. [15th June 1811.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Twenty second Year 24 G. 3. c. 44. of His present Majesty, intituled, An All for better fecuting the Freedom of Election of Members to serve in Parliament by dif-abling certain Officers employed in the Callection or Management of His Majesty's Revenue from giving their Votes at such Elections, Officers and Persons employed in charging, collecting, levying or

managing the Customs are rendered incapable of voting for Members to serve in Parliament: And whereas Doubts have arisen as

51 Gro. III.

to the Right to vote for Members to serve in Parliament of the Fifteen Coal Meters and Ten Corn Meters of the City of London, s admitted from time to time by the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commons of the faid City, to have, hold, exercise and enjoy the faid Places of Coal Meters and Corn Meters respectively, in trust for the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the faid City; and the faid Coal Meters have been confidered to be within that Act, because they have a Commission from the Commissioners of Customs; and the said Corn Meters have also been considered to • be within that Act, because the Duties of Customs payable to His Majesty on Corn imported into the Port of London are ascertained by or from the Admeasurement of the said Corn Meters, although the said Coal and Corn Meters respectively act without any Fee or Salary payable out of the Customs or other public Revenues of The Crown: And whereas it is not expedient that the faid Act should be held to extend to such Coal and Corn Meters respec-* tively: Be it therefore declared and enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That nothing in the faid recited Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to Corn Meters of Such Coal Meters or Corn Meters of the City of London as aforefaid, notwithstanding they may have a Commission from the Commissioners of Customs, or be employed in the Admeasurement of Coal or Corn for the Purpose of ascertaining the Duties of Customs due to His Majesty thereon, or to render such Coal Meters or Corn Meters incapable of giving their Votes for Members to ferve in Parliament as other Persons having a Right of voting may do, provided such Coal Meters and Corn Meters shall not receive or be entitled to receive any Salary, Fee or Reward payable out of the Revenue of Customs or other Public Revenues of the Crown,

ect to extend to Coal Meters or London

C A P. LXXXV.

An Act to enable the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treafury to iffue Exchequer Bills, on the Credit of fuch Aids or Supplies as have been or shall be granted by Parliament for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven. [15th June 1811.] · "TREASURY may iffue Exchequer Bills, in manner prescribed by

"48 G. 3. c. 1. Chargeable on Supplies of 1811, and payable at " any time on Fourteen Days' Notice. § 1. Clauses, &c. in the " recited Act relating to Exchequer Bills extended to this Act. § 2. "But not to iffue Exchequer Bills on the Credit of 51 G.3. c.2. in " any other manner than they are authorized by that Act, &c. § 3. " Interest on such Exchequer Bills not exceeding 31d. per Cent. per " Diem. § 4. Such Exchequer Bills may, at the Expiration of " Four Months after Date, be taken in Payment of the Reve-" nue. § 5. Bank of England authorized to advance \$6,000,000 " on the Credit of this Act, notwithstanding 5 & 6 W. & M. * e. 20.—∮ 6.

C A P. LXXXVI.

An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thoufand eight hundred and twelve, and to amend several Acts for granting certain Rates and Duties, and for allowing certain Drawbacks and Bounties on Goods, Wares and Merchandize imported into and exported from Ireland; and to grant to His Majesty, until the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, certain new and additional Duties on the Importation, and to allow Drawbacks on the Exportation of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandize into and from Ireland. [26th June 1811.]

 Most Gracious Sovereign, WHEREAS an Act was made in the Forty fifth Year of His 45 G. 3. G. 28. present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Att for granting unto · His Majesty until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight bundred and fix, certain Rates and Duties, and to allow certain Drawbacks and Bounties upon Goods, Wares and Merchandize imoported into and exported from Ireland, in lieu of former Rates and Duties, Drawbacks and Bounties: And whereas an Act was made in the Forty fixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, 46 G. 2. c. 62.
An All for granting unto His Majesty until the Twenty ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and six, certain Duties on the Importation, and to allow certain Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of certain Sorts of Iron, Sugar and Tea into and from Ireland: And whereas an Act was made in the Forty seventh Year 47 G. 3. Seff. 1. of His present Majesty's Reign, to repeal Part of the Duties on c 31. the Importation of unmanufactured Tobacco in Ireland: And whereas another Act was made in the Forty seventh Year of His 47 G.3. Seff.4. present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An All to grant to His Majesty c. 16. until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight bundred and eight, certain Duties on the Importation, and to allow certain Drawbacks on the Exportation of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandize into and from Ireland: And whereas another Act was made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, to provide for 47 G. 3. Seff. 2. the Decrease and Suspension in certain Cases of Part of the Coun- c. 18. tervailing Duty on British Refined Sugar imported into Ireland: 'And whereas such of the said recited Acts as were temporary have been from time to time continued by several Acts passed in the Forty fixth and Forty seventh Years of His present Majesty's 46 G. 3. cc. 22. Reign, and by an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His 120. opresent Majesty's Reign, the said recited Acts were amended and 47 G.3. Self. s. continued, and by an Act made in the Forty ninth Year of His 48 G.3. c. 80. present Majesty's Reign, the said recited Acts were further con- 49 G. 3. c. 74. ' tinued: And whereas an Act was made in the last Session of Par- 50 G.3. c. 97. Iliament, intituled, An Att to continue until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and to amend several Alls for granting certain Rates and Duties, and for allowing certain Drawbacks and Bounties on Goods, Wares and Merchandize imported ' into and exported from Ireland; and to grant to His Majefly, until the faid Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, e certain new and additional Duties on the Importation, and to allow

Drawbacks on the Exportation of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandize into and from Ireland; by which faid last mentioned A& the several Acts hereinbefore recited were continued, and are in force until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and it is expedient that all the faid recited · Acts, and also the several Rates and Duties granted, and the Drawbacks and Bounties allowed by them, or any of them, should be · further continued in manner hereinafter mentioned;' May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Rates and Duties granted, and the Drawbacks and Bounties allowed by the faid recited Acts, or any of them, until and upon the Fifth Day of July. One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall respectively continue and be in force throughout Ireland, upon and from and after the faid Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, except the Rates, Duties and Drawbacks on the several Articles upon which new and other Rates, Duties and Drawbacks, are by this Act granted, imposed or allowed, and except fuch Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar of the British Plantations, and on Refined Sugar under the said recited Acts, or any of them, as are provided for by an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An

Duties and Drawbacks continued.

Exception.

47 G. 3. Self. 1. e. 19, &c.

5.r G. 3. c. 12.

All to provide more effectually for regulating the Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from Ireland, and for allowing British Plantation Sugar to be warehoused in Ireland, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight, and which said last recited Act is by an Act passed in this present Session of Parliament continued to the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and amended, and that the faid recited Acts, except as aforefaid, and except also as they are altered or repealed by each other or by this Act, or by any other Act; and all the Powers and Provisions, Articles, Clauses, Matters and Things contained in the faid recited Acts or any of them, shall be observed and complied with during the Term hereby granted, as fully and effectually, as if the faid Duties, Drawbacks and Bounties, and the faid Powers, Provisions, Articles, Clauses, Matters and Things had been by the faid recited Acts or any of them, extended to the Term hereby granted, and as if the Term hereby granted had made Part of the faid recited Acts, or any of them, and that the feveral Articles in respect whereof any Rate or Duty is granted or imposed, or continued, or any Drawback or Bounty is allowed by the faid recited Acts, or any of them, until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall respectively be, and remain liable to the Rates and Duties, and shall be entitled to the Drawbacks and Bounties (except as aforesaid), allowed in respect thereof, under the Regulations and Provisions of the faid recited Acts, upon, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, until and upon the Fifth Day of July Ope thousand eight hundred and twelve, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act.

II. And whereas the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament affembled, towards raising the e necessary Supplies granted to Your Majesty, and for the Support of Your Majesty's Government, have resolved to grant to Your Majesty the several new Duties hereinafter mentioned, upon certain Goods, Wares and Merchandizes imported into Ireland, and do most humbly befeech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the First Day of June New Duties of One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and during the Continuance Customs accordof this Act, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto and ing to Schedule. for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in Ready Money (except as hereinafter is provided), without any Discount whatever upon the Importation of the several Goods, Wares and Merchandize mentioned and fet forth in the Schedule to this Act annexed, imported into Ireland, the several Duties inserted, described and fet forth in Figures in the faid Schedule; and there shall also be paid and allowed the feveral Drawbacks in respect of the said Duties, as the same are respectively inserted, described and set forth in Figures in the said Schedule; and that the said Duties in the said Schedule specified shall be in lieu and full Satisfaction of all Duties and Drawbacks payable in Ireland upon the Importation and Exportation of Goods, Wares and Merchandize of the like Sorts, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland immediately before the passing of this Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the First American Tim-Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and during the ber imported Continuance of this Act, in lieu and inflead of the feveral Duties into Ireland, and wood, to pay payable on the Importation into Ireland of Wood and Timber, being Duties as Wood the Growth or Production of the United States of America, under of Foreign or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force at the time of the passing of Countries. this Act, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, unto and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for and upon all Wood and Timber, being the Growth or Production of the United States of America, of whatever Sort or Description such Wood or Timber shall be, the like Rates and Duties as are payable on the Importation into Ireland of Wood or Timber of the like Sort or Description, being the Growth or Production of any Foreign Country, or being the Growth or Production of any Place except the United States of America and the British Colonies; and that from and after the said First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and during the Continuance of this Act, there shall be allowed on all fuch Timber and Wood, being the Growth or Produce of the faid United States, which shall have paid the Duties hereby imposed thereon, and which shall be exported from Ireland, fuch and the like Drawbacks as are payable on Timber or Wood, being the Growth or Production of any Foreign Country as aforefaid, exported from Ireland under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force at the time of the passing of this Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That there shall be raised, levied, Additional Duty -collected and paid unto His Majelty, his Heirs and Successors, for of Customs on and upon every Pound Weight of Tobacco, which at any time, from Tobacco. and after the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall be imported into Ireland, or which having been imported into Ireland before the faid Day, shall, on or after the said

Drawback.

Day, he in His Majesty's Stores or Warehouses in Ireland, a Duty of Customs of One Penny and Thirteen Twentieths of a Penny British Currency, in Addition to all other Duties of Customs or Excise, payable on any such Tobacco, under any Act or Acts in force in Ireland: And that upon the Exportation of any unmanusactured Tobacco from Ireland, which shall have paid the said Duty, there shall be allowed and given to the Exporter thereof a Drawback of One Penny and Thirteen Twentieths of a Penny, in Addition to all other Drawbacks payable under any Act or Acts in force in Ireland.

39 & 40 G. 3. c. 67. 40 G. 3. (L) c. 38.

Countervailing Duty on British

orted into Ire-

Cordage ex-

land.

V. And whereas it is expedient, pursuant to the Provisions of the Ads for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland, that in respect of the Duties by this Act imposed on Hemp imported into Ire-' land, countervailing Duties should be charged on Cordage, being • the Manufacture of Great Britain, and imported from thence into " Ireland, sufficient to countervail the said Duties; Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, there shall be charged on all Cordage, the Manufacture of Great Britain, and imported from thence into Ireland, the several countervailing Duties following; that is to fay, Cordage to be used as Standing Rigging, or other Cordage made from Topt Hemp, the Ton, containing Twenty Hundred Weight, the Sum of Four Pounds Ten Shillings and Three pence; Cordage of any other Sort, Cable Yarn, Packthread and Twine, the Ton, containing Twenty Hundred Weight, the Sum of Four Pounds Four Shillings and Four pence; and that upon the Exportation of any Cordage manufactured in Ireland from Hemp, which shall have paid the Duty by this Act imposed, and which shall be exported to Great Britain, or elsewhere, there shall be allowed and given a Drawback equal in Amount to the faid Countervailing Duty.

Equivalent Drawback on

Irith Cordage.

39 & 40 G.3. c. 67. 40 G. 3. (I.) c. 38.

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Countervailing
Duties on British
Tebacço and
Snust.

'VI. And whereas it is expedient, pursuant to the Provisions of the Acts for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland, that in respect of the additional Duties imposed on Tobacco imported into and manusactured in Ireland, increased Countervailing Duties shall be charged upon Tobacco and Snuff, the Growth, Produce or Manusacture of Great Britain, and imported from thence into Ireland, fufficient to countervail the said Duties on Tobacco imported into or manusactured in Ireland; Be it therefore enacted, That there shall be charged on all Tobacco and Snuff, the Growth, Produce or Manusacture of Great Britain, and imported from thence into Ireland, in lieu and full Satisfaction of all Countervailing Duties whatever, payable on such Tobacco and Snuff, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, immediately before the passing of this Act, the several Countervailing Duties following; that is to say,

For and upon every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of unmanufactured Tobacco of the Growth or Produce of Great Britain, the Sum of Seven Pence Three Farthings:

For and upon every Pound Weight of British manufactured Short Cut Tobacco, or Tobacco manufactured into what is commonly called or known by the Name of Spanish, the Sum of Two Shillings and Four Pence:

For and upon every Pound Weight of British manufactured Shag Tobacco cut, the Sum of Two Shillings and One Penny Three

Farthings:

For and upon every Pound Weight of British manufactured Roll Tobacco, the Sum of Two Shillings and Four Pence:

For and upon every Pound Weight of British manufactured Carrot Tobacco, the Sum of Two Shillings and One Penny Halfpenny:

For and upon every Pound Weight of every other Sort of British manufactured Tobacco, not hereinbefore enumerated or described, the

Sum of Two Shillings and Four Pence:

For and upon every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of British manufactured Rappee Snuff, the Sum of One Shilling and Eleven Peuce Three Farthings:

For and upon every Pound Weight of British manufactured Snuff. called Scotch Snuff, the Sum of Two Shillings and Nine Pence:

For and upon every Pound Weight of British manufactured Snuff called Brown Scatch Snuff, the Sum of One Shilling and Eleven Pence:

For and upon every Pound Weight of British manufactured Stalk Flour, the Sum of Two Shillings and Six Pence Three Farthings:

For and upon every Pound Weight of every other Sort or Kind of British manufactured Snuff, or Snuff Work, not hereinbefore enumerated or described, the Sum of Two Shillings and Nine Pence.

VII. And be it further enacted, That upon all Tobacco and Snuff Drawbackon mamanufactured in Ireland from Tobacco which shall have paid all nusactured To-Duties of Customs and Excise payable on the same according to bacco and Snuff Law, immediately after the passing of this Act, which shall be exported from Ireland to any Place except Great Britain, there shall Foreign Parts, be paid and allowed, by way of Drawback or Compensation for the Duty charged and paid on the Import of the Leaf Tobacco, whereof it hath been manufactured, and for the Excise Duty charged thereon by Law, the like Sums of Money as are by this Act allowed and made payable on all such manufactured Tobacco and Snuff exported to Great Britain, according to the Descriptions and Denominations hereinbefore mentioned and contained: Provided always, that Proof shall be made on Oath or otherwise, to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, that all such manufactured Tobacco and Snuff so exported shall have been manufactured from Tobacco which shall have paid all Import and Excise Duties payable by Law thereon, immediately from and after the passing of this Aa.

'VIII. And whereas the Intercourse in Home-made Spirits between Great Britain and Ireland has been suspended by Law for a · limited time; and whereas the Suspension of such Intercourse hath. onow expired; Be it therefore enacted, That there shall be raised, Countervilling levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Suc- Duty and equiwaters, made or distilled in Great Britain, from Corn or Grain, and Spirits expose which at any time after the Twentieth Day of May One thousand to G. B. eight hundred and eleven shall have been or shall be imported into Ireland, the Sum of Three Shillings and Four Pence, in lieu and full Satisfaction of all Countervailing Duty on such Spirits, under any Act or Acts of Parliament in force at the time of the passing of this Act; and that there shall be paid and allowed for and upon every Gallon of Aqua Vite, Strong Waters or Spirits made or difpilled in Ireland from Corn or Grain, and which at any time after

the said Twentieth Day of May shall be exported from Ireland to Great Britain, an equivalent Drawback equal in Amount to the Countervailing Duty granted by this Act.

Excess of Duty in what case refunded. IX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Person or Persons, at any time after the Suspension of such Intercourse had expired, shall have paid or shall pay any greater or higher Countervailing Duty on Spirits made or distilled in Great Britain, and imported from thence into Ireland, or shall have been allowed or shall have received any greater or higher Drawback on Spirits made or distilled in Ireland, and exported from thence to Great Britain, than the Duty and Drawback granted and allowed by this Act, the Amount of the Excess of such Duty so paid by any Person shall be repaid to the Person having paid the same by the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in Ireland, and the Amount of the Excess of such Drawback, so allowed to or received by any Person, shall by such Person be repaid to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in such manner and under such Regulations as the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes shall for that Purpose order and direct.

Staves imported Duty free from British Colonies. X. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the paffing of this Act, all Duties of Customs on Staves, the Growth or Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, imported into Ireland directly from thence, shall cease and determine and be no longer paid or payable, and that all such Staves shall be imported into Ireland free of Duty; any thing in any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, immediately before the passing of this Act, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Duties paid in British Currency, and carried to Consolidated Fund. XI. And be it further enacted, That all the Duties and Drawbacks in this Act mentioned, and also the Duties and Drawbacks in the Schedule hereunto annexed, specified, mentioned and contained, shall be paid and payable, and received and receivable in British Currency; and that all the said Duties shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland; and that all the said Duties, and all Drawbacks in this Act and the said Schedule specified, mentioned and contained, shall be paid and received upon the several Articles and Things in this Act and the Schedule hereunto annexed, specified, mentioned and contained according to the Tale, Weight, Guage, Measure or Value of the said Articles respectively specified; and also in Proportion upon any greater or less Number, Weight, Quantity, Measure or Value of such Articles, Matters and Things respectively.

Duties payable on Goods not entered, &cc.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the several and respective Duties by this Act granted on the Importation into Ireland of the Goods, Wares and Merchandize mentioned and set forth in this Act, and the Schedule thereto annexed, shall be charged and payable on all such Goods, Wares and Merchandize, as shall not have been entered on or before the passing of this Act, or on which the Duties due and payable on the Importation thereof shall not have been paid, notwithstanding such Goods, Wares and Merchandize may have been imported into Ireland before the passing of this Act.

And also on Goods warehoused. XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Duties granted, mentioned and fet forth in this Ad, and the faid Schedule, shall be charged and payable on all such Goods, Wares and Merchandize therein mentioned as, having been imported into

C. 86.

Izeland, shall have been or shall be warehoused, or shall have been fecured without the Duties due on the Importation thereof having been first paid, and shall remain so warehoused or secured on the said First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, in purfuance or by Authority of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force for that Purpose, although such Goods, Wares or Merchandize may have been imported before the passing of this Act: Provided Provise. always, that fuch Duties shall not be charged or payable on any fuch Goods, Wares or Merchandize, until the Duties which fuch Goods, Wares and Merchandize shall have been subject to before the passing of this Act shall be payable by Law.

XIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in all cases where Additional Duthe Whole or any Part of the Duties on the Importation of any ties bouded. Goods, Wares and Merchandize into Ireland, are permitted to be fecured by Bond, or otherwife, by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in Ireland at the time of such Importation, the Duties by this A&, and the Schedule thereto annexed, granted or imposed, may in like manner, and under the same Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Conditions, be permitted to be secured by

Bond or otherwise.

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XV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the paffing Foreign Raw of this Act, Raw Sugar, the Growth or Production of any Foreign Sugar ware-Country or Place, legally imported into Ireland, may be lodged and housed in irefecured in Warehouses in Ireland, without Payment at the time of land. the first Entry of such Sugar, of the Duties due on the Importation thereof, in like manner and under the like Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, as Sugar of the Growth or Produce of the British Plantations in the West Indies, or of the Growth or Produce of the East Indies; any thing in any Act or Acts in force in Ireland to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

XVI. And, for the better securing of the Payment of all Duties payable in the several Ports of Ireland, and applicable to the Maintenance of Light Houses in any Part of the United Kingdom, be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the Payment of Collectors of His Majelty's Cuftoms, Comptrollers, Receivers of Lighthouse Du-Entries, Surveyors, or Searchers, Waiters, and all other Officers of ties in Ports of the Cufforns whatever, or their respective Deputies or Clerks, at any the Customs whatever, or their respective Deputies or Clerks, at any of the Ports, Harbours or Places in Ireland, shall not take or receive any Entry or Cocket, or other Discharge or Clearance, or take any Report outwards for any Ship or Vessel liable or subject to the Payment of any such Duties, until all such Duties as every such Veffel shall be liable or subject to in respect of any Light House or Light Houses which such Vessel shall have passed, or shall be about to pals, in the Course of her Voyage to or from such Port, Harbour or Place, shall have been duly paid to the respective Persons appointed or entitled to collect fuch Duties, nor until the Master or Owner of every fuch Ship or Vessel shall shew and produce a Receipt for fuch Duties accordingly, to the Officers required to take or receive any such Entry, Cocket, Discharge, Clearance or Report Outwards as aforefaid.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the several Rates and Duties and Duties and Drawbacks hereby mentioned and granted and allowed finall be raifed, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs tion of 14 & and Successors, in the same manner and under such Powers and Au- 15 Car. 2. Sess. 4. thorrues, and by fuch Ways and Methods, and under fuch Rules and a 8. 46 G. 2.

Directions, c. 106, &c.

Directions, and under such Penalties and Forseitures as are appointed, directed and expressed, for the raising, collecting, levying and paying, and managing of Duties and Drawbacks payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandize imported into and exported from Ireland, in and by an Act of Parliament made in Ireland in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intituled, An AB for fettling the Excise or new Impost upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein inserted; or in and by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An All to provide for the better Execution of the several Ads relating to the Revenues, Matters and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland; or in and by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland, relating to the Revenue of Customs and Excise, or either of them, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the faid Powers and Authorities, Rules and Directions, Penalties and Forfeitures were herein expressed and enacted, with the like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties aggrieved, as in and by the faid Act passed in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, or in and by any other Act or Acts as aforefaid, is provided.

Continuance of Ad.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be and continue in force until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and no longer. -

Aft may be altered, &c.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

	Duties.			Drawbacks.		
Liquorice Juice, or Ball, the cwt.	£	10	-	4	<u>;.</u>	4
Liquorice Powder, the cwt.	4	12	_	3	9	8
Liquorice Root, the cwt	2	13	4	I	0	
Hemp, viz. dreffed, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.		0	0	=		
rough or undreffed, or any other vegetable Subfance of the Nature or Quality of undreffed Hemp, and applicable to the same Purpose, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. rough or undressed, or any other vegetable Substance in the Nature or Quality of undressed Hemp, and applicable to the same Purposes, the Produce of the British Plantations in America, or imported from Great Britain, having been imported into	00	7	8	00	3 3	10 0
England by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, the Ton, containing 20 cwt. Cordage, tarred or untarred, not being of the Manufacture of Great Britain, whether in use or otherwise, (Standing		6	8		_	
or Running Rigging in use excepted) and all Cable Yarn, not being the Mannfacture of Great Britain, the cwt.	0	18			-	•
Twine, not being the Manufacture of Great Britain, the cwt. Cotton Wool, imported into Ireland in any Ship or Veffel, not being a British or Irish-built Ship or Veffel, the		0	•			
200 lbs	T	5	6	1 1	5	6

CAP. LXXXVII.

An Act for allowing the Manufacture and Use of a Liquot propared from Sugar for colouring Porter, and for indemnifying Persons who have manufactured or used such Colouring.

[26th June 1811.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Forty fecond Year 42 G.3, c. 38. of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, intituled, An Act for granting to His Majesty additional Duties on Beer and Ale brewed in or imported into Great Britain; on Male · made in Great Britain; on Hops grown in or imported into Great Britain; and on Spirite diffilled in Ireland and imported into Great Britain; for repealing certain Allowances to Brewers of Beer and • Ale; and for preventing Frauds and Abuses in the Revenue of Ex-6 cife on Beer, Ale and Malt, it was enacted, That no Person or Perfons should mix, compound, fabricate, manufacture or prepare, or cause, procure, permit or suffer to be mixed, compounded, fabricated, manufactured or prepared from Beer Grounds, Stale Beer, Sugar Water, Distillers Spent Wash, Sugar, Melasses, Vitriol, Quassia, Coculus Indiæ, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium or any other Material or Ingredient whatever (except Malt and Hops), any Liquor to imitate or refemble or to be mixed with or used as Beer or Ale brewed or made from Malt and Hops; nor should sell, dispose of, send or deliver, or cause to be sold, disposed of, sent or delivered to any Brewer or Brewers of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Seller or Sellers or Retailer or Retailers of Beer or Ale, or to any other Person or Persons whatsoever, any fuch Liquor fo inixed, compounded, fabricated, manufactured or prepared as aforefaid, on pain of forfeiting for every such Offence the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; and all fuch Liquor fo mixed, compounded, fabricated, manufactured or prepared as aforefaid, and also all the Beer Grounds, Stale Beer, Sugar Water, Distillers' Spent Wash, Sugar, Melasses, Vitriol, Quassia, Coculus India, Grains of Paradile, Guinea Pepper, Opium and every other Material or Ingredient what soever as afore said (other than Malt and 4 Hops) in the Custody or Possession of such Person or Persons, together with every Copper, Cooler, Back, Tun, Vat or other Vessel or Utenfil what soever in which any such Liquor, Material or Ingredient should be contained, or which shall have been made use of or employed for or in the mixing, compounding, fabricating, manufacturing, preparing or keeping any fuch Liquor; and all fuch Liquor, Materials, and Ingredients, together with every such Copper, Cooler, Back, Tun, Vat or other Vessel or Utensil as aforesaid should be forseited and might be seized by any Officer or · Officers of Excise; and that no Brewer or Brewers of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Seller or Sellers of Beer or Alc should receive or take into his, her or their Custody or Possession any Stale Beer or Beer Grounds, or should mix or mingle with any Beer or Ale sany Liquor compounded, fabricated or prepared from Beer Grounds, Stale Beer, Sugar Water, Distillers' Spent Wash, Sugar, Melasses, Vitriol, Quassia, Coculus Indiæ, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium or other Material or Ingredient (except Malt and Hops) or in the Fabrication, Manufacture or Preparation whereof

of

whereof any Beer Grounds, Stale Beer, Sugar Water, Distillers' Spent Wash, Sugar, Melasses, Vitriol, Quassia, Coculus Indiz, Grains of Paradile, Guinea Pepper, Opium or any Material or Ingredient (other than Malt and Hops) was or should be mixed, employed or made use of, nor should have, receive or take into his, her or their Cultody or Possession any Liquor compounded, fabriscated or prepared as aforefaid, on pain of forfeiting for every such Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds: And whereas it is expedient to allow the Preparation and Use of Liquor prepared and made from Burnt Sugar only, reduced to a Liquid by Solution in Water, under, subject and according to the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions hereinafter contained, provided, fettled or established of and concerning the same; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid to and for the Use of His faid Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for every Gallon of Liquor commonly called or known by the Name of Beer Colouring, prepared or made from Burnt Sugar reduced to a Liquid by Solution in Water, to be mixed with Beer commonly called or known by the Name of Porter, for the Purpole of colouring the same, the Sum of Ten Shillings per Barrel, to be paid by the Maker or Makers thereof.

Duty on Beer Colouring.

Entry of Liquor weekly.

II. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of fuch Liquor, shall once in every Week make a true Entry in Writing at the Office of Excise, within the Limits of which, he, the or they shall so make any such Liquor, of all such Liquor by him, her or them so made within such Week, which Entry shall be verified upon Oath by the Maker or Makers of fuch Liquor, or his, her or their Chief Workman or Servant employed in making fuch Liquor, and all and every fuch Maker or Makers who shall neglect or refuse to make any such Entry as aforesaid, shall, for each and every fuch Neglect or Refusal, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

Liquor made by a licenfed Colouring Maker, &c. liable to Duty.

III. And be it further enacted, That all Liquors whatfoever prepared or made by any Person or Persons who shall be licensed under or by virtue of this Act as a Maker or Makers of Liquor, commonly called or known by the Name of Colouring, prepared or made as aforesaid, to be mixed as aforesaid, for the Purpose aforesaid, and which by Mixture with Beer commonly called or known by the Name of Porter will darken the Colour thereof, shall be liable to the faid Duty.

Not cleaving off, Double Duty.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of fuch Liquor shall from time to time within One Week after he, she or they shall make or ought to have made such Entry as aforesaid, pay and clear off all the Duty for all such Liquor so by him, her or them made; and that every Maker or Makers of fuch Liquor as aforesaid, who shall neglect or refuse so to pay and clear off any such Duties as aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay double the Amount of all fuch Duties so neglected or refused to be paid or cleared off: Provided always, nevertheless, that no Person shall be compelled to travel for the making of the faid Entries or Payment

Penalty.

How far Maker to go to make Lntry.

of the said Duties further than the Market Town next to the Place where he, she or they shall so make the said Liquor.

V. And be it further enacted, That fuch of the Duties by this Duties under Act imposed, as shall arise in England, Wales and the Town of Commissioners Berwick upon Tweed, shall be under the Management of the Com- of Excise. missioners of Excise in England for the time being; and such thereof as shall arise in Scotland, shall be under the Management of the Com-

missioners of Excise in Scotland for the time being. VI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Mikers of Co-Makers of any Liquor commonly called or known by the Name of louring to make

Beer Colouring, before he, she or they shall begin to make any such Liquor, shall make a true and particular Entry in Writing of every House, Warehouse, Shed Room and Place by him &c. House, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shed, Room and Place by him, her or them respectively made use of, or intended to be made use of, in or for the boiling, evaporating, burning, manufacturing, laying or keeping of any Sugar, or in or for the making, mixing, laying or keeping of any fuch Liquor, or laying or keeping of any Sugar at the Office of Excise within the Compass or Limits whereof such House, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shed, Room or Place respectively, shall be situate, and all and every Maker and Makers of the said Liquor shall also make true and particular Entry in Writing of every Boiler, Kettle, Copper or other Vessel by him, her or them, kept for or made use of in or for the boiling, evaporating, burning or manufacturing any fuch Sugar, or in or for the making or mixing any such Liquor at the Office of Excise within the Compass or Limits whereof fuch Boiler, Kettle, Copper or other Vessel shall be kept or made use of; and if any Maker or Makers of any such . Liquor shall neglect to make any such Entry, he, she or they shall, for every fuch Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Penakies, Pounds, together with all the Sugar, and all fuch Liquor and all the Preparatives for the making or manufacturing thereof, which shall at any time be found in any such House, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shed, Room or Place so made use of, or intended to be made use of as aforesaid, and whereof no such Entry as in that behalf aforesaid shall be made; and also every such Boiler, Kettle, Copper or other Vessel whereof no such Entry as in that behalf aforesaid shall be made, and all such Sugar, Liquor, Preparatives, and also every fuch Boiler, Kettle, Copper or other Vessel whereof no fuch Entry as in that behalf aforefaid shall be made, shall and may be

VII. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons what- In series case foever reliding within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excile in only Entry of London, shall make any Liquor commonly called or known by the Name of Beer Colouring, unless such Person or Persons shall occupy a Tenement or Tenements of the yearly Rent or Value of Ten Office in London Pounds or unwards, and for which he the or they shall according to Office in London Pounds or upwards, and for which he, she or they shall accordingly valid. be affeffed in his, her or their own Name or Names, and shall also pay Made by to the Parish Rates; and that no Person or Persons whatsoever of residing in any other Part of the Kingdom of Great Britain, where there are Rates to Church and Poor, shall make any such Liques to in any other there are Rates to Church and Poor, shall make any such Liquor Place. unless such Person or Persons respectively shall be affessed and pay to Church and Poor in the feveral Parishes and Places in which such Person or Persons shall respectively reside; and that no Entry of any House, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shed, Room or Place for the

seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

making of any fuch Liquor shall be of any Avail to any Person or Persons not so qualified, or for any longer time than the Person or Persons so making such Entry shall be qualified as aforesaid; and every Person making any such Liquor and not qualified as aforesaid shall, notwithstanding any Entry by him, her or them made, be deemed and taken to be a Person making such Liquor without Entry within the Meaning of this Act.

Where Entry of any House, &c. for making Colouring, no other Entry by others of any Place under the same Roof or within the same Tenement.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That where any Entry shall be made by any Maker or Makers of fuch Liquor of any House, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shed, Room or Place for the making of any fuch Liquor, no other Entry shall be made by any other Maker or Makers of any fuch Liquor (not being in Partnership with such Maker or Makers making such first Entry), of the same or of any other House, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shed, Room or Place whatfoever for the making of any fuch Liquor under the same Roof, or within the same House or Tenement in which such first Entry shall then be existing, but every such Maker or Makers making such further Entry of the same House, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shed, Room or Place, or of any other such House, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shed, Room or other Place under the same Roof, or within the same House or Tenement, shall, notwithstanding such further Entry by him, her or them made, be deemed and taken to be a Maker or Makers of Liquor commonly called or known by the Name of Beer Colouring, without Entry, and subject to the like Penalties and Forfeitures as Makers thereof without Entry are subject to by virtue of this Act.

Makers of Porter Colouring to take out Licences.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person or Persons who shall make any such Liquor shall, before he, she or they shall make any such Liquor, take out a Licence and Licences, authorizing such Person or Persons to make such Liquor, which Licences respectively shall be granted in manner hereinafter mentioned; that is to fay, if any fuch Licence shall be granted to authorize the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be granted to make any fuch Liquor within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise in London, the same shall be granted under the Hands and Seals of Two or more of the Commissioners of Excise in England for the time being, or of such Persons as they the said Commissioners of Excise or the major Part of them for the time being shall from time to time appoint for that Purpole; but if any fuch Licence shall be granted to authorize the Person or Persons to whom the fame shall be granted to make any such Liquor in any Part of the Kingdom of England out of the Limits of the said Chief Office, the same shall be granted under the respective Hands and Seals of the Collectors and Supervisors of Excise within their respective Collections and Districts; and in case any such Licence shall be granted to authorize the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be granted to make any such Liquor within the Limits of the City of Edinburgh, the same shall be granted under the Hands and Seals of Two or more of the Commillioners of Excise in Sculland for the time being, or if any fuch Licence shall be granted to authorize the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be granted to make any fuch Liquor in any Part of Scotland out of the Limits of the City of Edinburgh, then the same shall be granted under the respective Hands and Seals of the Collectors and Supervisors of Excise in Scalland,

land, within their respective Collections and Districts; and such respective Commissioners of Excise or Two or more of them respectively and the Persons to be appointed by the said Commissioners of Excise in England, or the major Part of them, and also all such Collectors and Supervifors are hereby respectively authorized and required to grant such Licences to the Persons who shall apply for the same, on the Person or Persons applying for the same first paying the Sum of Five Pounds for each fuch Licence.

X. And he it further enacted, That the said several Sums of To whom Money by this Act directed to be paid for such Licences respectively conces to be shall be paid for such respective Licences to such Persons as are paid. hereinafter in that behalf respectively mentioned; that is to say, such thereof as shall be paid for Licences which shall be taken out within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise in London, shall be paid at the Chief Office of Excise in London; and such thereof as shall be paid for Licences which shall be taken out within the Limits of the City of Edinburgh, shall be paid at the Chief Office of Excise in Edinburgh; and fuch thereof as shall be paid for Licences which shall be taken out in any Part of Great Britain, not within the said respective Limits, shall be paid to the respective Collectors of Excise granting such respective Licences.

XI. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons shall Licences remake any fuch Liquor after the Expiration of fuch his, her or their newed yearly-Licence, unless such Person or Persons shall take out a fresh Licence for the like Purpole in the manner hereinbefore directed, Ten Days at least before the Expiration of such former Licence, and so in like manner renew every such Licence from Year to Year; and if any Person or Persons shall make any such Liquor without first taking out a Licence authorizing him, her or them so to do, and renewing the same as is hereinbefore in that behalf directed, he, she or they shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hun- Pensity.

dred Pounds.

XII. Provided always, That Persons trading in Partnership and One Licence in One House or Shop only shall not be obliged to take out more sufficient for a than One Licence in any One Year, for making fuch Liquor; and One House. that no One Licence which shall be granted by virtue of this Act shall authorize or empower any Person or Persons to make any such Liquor in any other House, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shed, Room or other Place than fuch Houses, Workhouses, Warehouses, Sheds, Rooms or other Places whereof Entry in Writing shall be made at the Office of Excise in the Name or Names of such Person or Persons for making such Liquor at the time of granting such Licence.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful Officer to enter to and for the Officers of Excise or any or either of them, from and survey time to time and at all times, to enter into all and every the Houses, Places entered Workhouses, Warehouses, Sheds, Rooms and other Places entered Colouring. or made use of by any Maker or Makers of the said Liquor in or for the boiling, evaporating, burning, manufacturing or keeping of any Sugar, or in or for the making of any such Liquor, and by weighing, gauge or otherwise as to such Officer or Officers shall feem meet, to take an Account of the Quantities of Sugar fit or proper to be used or employed in the making of such Liquor as aforesaid, and also of the Quantities of such Sugar which shall be boiling, evaporating, burning or in Operation of Manufacture for luch

Money for Li-

by Makers of

if

fuch Liquor, and also of the Quantities of such Liquor as shall be either making or preparing or made or prepared in the Custody or Possession of such Maker or Makers of such Liquor from time to time, and of all such Liquor for or in respect whereof the Duty by this Act imposed shall be chargeable and shall not have been charged, make a Report or Return in Writing to the said Commissioners of Excise respectively, or to such Person as they shall be of the Officer or Officers shall be a Charge upon such Maker or Makers.

Makers of Beer Colouring to make use of no Ingredients but Brown Sugar, Penalty.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That no Maker or Makers of Liquor, subject to the Duty imposed by this Act, shall, in the Making, Manufacture or Preparation thereof, make use of any Material or Ingredient other than Brown Sugar and Water; and it any Maker or Makers shall, in the Making, Manufacture or Preparation of any such Liquor, make use of any Material or Ingredient other than Brown Sugar and Water, the Person or Persons so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forseit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, together with all such Liquor in the Making, Manufacturing or Preparation whereof any Material or Ingredient other than Brown Sugar and Water shall have been made use of, and the same respectively shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

No Brewer, &c. to take out a Licence for making Beer Colouring.

XV. Provided always nevertheless, That no Brewer or Brewers of Beer or Dealer or Dealers in, or Retailer or Retailers of Beer, nor any Druggist or Druggists, Vender or Venders of or Dealers in Drugs, nor any Chymist or Chymists, Apothecary or Apothecaries, shall be at Liberty to take out any such Licence as hereinbefore mentioned; nor shall any such Licence, if taken out by any such Brewer, or Brewers, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Retailer or Retailers of Beer, or by any Druggist or Druggists, or Vender or

Void.

tailers of Beer, or by any Druggist or Druggists, or Vender or Venders of, or Dealer or Dealers in Drugs, or by any Chymist or Chymists, or by any Apothecary or Apothecaries, be of any Avail, but the same shall be null and void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; nor shall any Brewer or Brewers of Beer, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Retailer or Retailers of Beer, or any Druggist or Druggists, or Vender or Venders, or Seller or Sellers of, or Dealer or Dealers in Drugg, or any Chymist or Chymists, or any Apothecary or Apothecaries, make any such Liquor or any other Material or Preparation for the Purpose of darkening the Colour of Beer or any Liquor, such as has been heretofore or as shall hereafter be made use of for or in the darkening of the Colour of Beer, on pain of forseiting, for every such Offence, the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, together with all such Liquor and all Materials and Ingre-

Penalty.

be seised by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That no Maker or Makers of any such Liquor as aforesaid, nor any Brewer or Brewers of Beer shall receive or take into his, her or their Custody or Possessian, any Melasses, Honey, Vitriol, Quassia, Coculus India, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper or Opium, or any Extract or Preparation of Quassia, Coculus India, Grains of Paradise or Guinea Pepper, and

dients whatfoever, which shall be found in his, her or their Custody or Possession for making the same, together with the Casks and Vessels containing the same, and the same respectively shall and may

Makers of PorterColouring or Brewers having in Poffertion Melaffes, Vitriol, &c.

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if any fuch Maker or Makers, or Brewer or Brewers shall receive into his, her or their Custody or Possession any Melasses, Honey, Vitriol, Quassia, Coculus India, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, or any Extract or Preparation of Quassia, Coculus India, Grains of Paradile, or Guinea Pepper respectively, the same respectively shall be forfeited, together with the Casks, Vessels or other Pack- Penalty. ages containing the same, and all such Melasses, Honey, Vitriol, Quassia, Coculus Indiæ, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Extract or Preparation of Quassia, Coculus India, Grains of Paradise or Guinea Pepper, Caiks, Vessels or other Packages respectively, shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise, and such Maker or Makers, or Brewer or Brewers in whose Custody or Posselfion any such Melasses, Honey, Vitriol, Quassia, Coculus India, Grains of Paradife, Guinea Pepper, or Extract or Preparation of Quassia, Coculus Indize, Grains of Paradise, or Guinea Pepper shall be found, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That no Druggist or Drug- Druggist or gifts, or Vender or Venders of or Dealer or Dealers in Drugs, nor Chymift felling any Chymist or Chymists, or Apothecary or Apothecaries, or other to Makers of Person or Persons whatever, shall fell, send or deliver, or cause, proBeer Colouring cure, permit or fuffer to be fold, fent or delivered, to any licensed Maker or Makers of Liquor, for or in respect whereof a Duty is by this Act imposed, knowing such Maker or Makers to be, or to be reputed to be a Maker or Makers of fuch Liquor, or shall fell, fend or deliver, or cause or procure to be sold, sent or delivered to any other Person or Persons, for or on account of, or in trust for any fuch Maker or Makers, or shall sell, send or deliver, or cause, or procure to be fold, fent or delivered to any licensed Brewer or Brewers of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Retailer or Retailers of Beer, knowing him, her or them to be so licensed, or to be reputed to be so licensed, or shall sell, send or deliver, or cause or procure to be fold, fent or delivered, to any other Person or Persons, for or on account of, or in truft for any fuch Brewer or Brewers, or Dealer or Dealers, or Retailer or Retailers, any Melasses, Honey, Liquorice, Vitriol, Quassia, Coculus India, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, or any Extract or Preparation of Melasses, Honey, Liquorice, Vitriol, Quassia, Coculus Indiæ, Grains of Paradile or Guinea Pepper respectively; and if any Druggist or Druggists, or Vender or Venders of, or Dealer or Dealers in Drugs, or any Chymist or Chymists, or any Apothecary or Apothecaries, or any other Person or Persons whatever, shall fell, send or deliver, or cause or procure, permit or suffer to be sold, sent or delivered, to any licensed Maker or Makers of the faid Liquor, for or in respect whereof a Duty is by this Act imposed, knowing such Maker or Makers to be or to be reputed to be a Maker or Makers of fuch Liquor, or shall fell, fend or deliver, or cause or procure to be fold, sent or delivered to any other Person or Persons, for or on account of, or in trust for any fuch Maker or Makers, or shall fell, send or deliver, or cause or procure to be fold, fent or delivered, to any licensed Brewer or Brewers of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Retailer or Retailers of Beer. knowing him, her or them to be so licensed, or to be reputed to be so licensed, or shall fell, send or deliver, or cause or procure to be fold, sent or delivered to any other Person or Persons, for or on account of or in trust for any fuch Brewer or Brewers, or Dealer or

Penalty.

Dealers, or Retailer or Retailers of Beer, any Melasses, Honey, Liquorice, Vitriol, Quaffia, Coculus Indiæ, Grains of Paradife, Guinea Pepper, or any Extract or Preparation of Melasses, Honey, Liquorice, Vitriol, Quassia, Coculus India. Grains of Paradise or Guinea. Pepper respectively; all such Melasses, Honey, Liquorice, Vitriol, Quaffia, Coculus Indiz, Grains of Paradife, Guinea Pepper, Extract or Preparation of Melasses, Honey, Liquorice, Vitriol, Quastia, Coculus Indiz, Grains of Paradise or Guinea Pepper respectively shall be forfeited, and the same respectively shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and the Druggist or Druggists, Vender or Venders of, or Dealer or Dealers in Drugs, or Chymift or Chymists, Apothecary or Apothecaries, or other Person or Perfons whatever, to offending, shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

Penalty. Officers authorized to take

Samples

Penalty.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Officer or Officers of Excise, and all such Officers are hereby authorized and empowered to take at any time or times, a Sample or Samples of any Sugar or Liquor, at any time in the Custody or Possession of any Maker or Makers of Liquor, commonly called or known by the Name of Beer Colouring, paying for the same if demanded the Value thereof; and in case any Maker or Makers of such Liquor as aforesaid, shall refuse to permit any such Officer or Officers to take such Sample or Samples as aforesaid, upon his, her or their so paying for the same (if demanded), such Maker or Makers so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Pensity. Permits for Removal of Beer Colouring.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That where any Maker or Makers of any Liquor commonly called or known by the Name of Beer Colouring, duly licensed according to the Directions of this Act, shall have Occasion to remove any such Liquor from any such his, her or their entered House, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shed, Room or other Place, the Officer or Officers of Excise of the respective Divisions or Places where such entered House, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shed, Room or other Place shall be situated, shall without Fee or Reward, from time to time, upon a Request Note being made and delivered according to the Directions of this Act, by fuch Maker or Makers, grant and give a Permit in Writing, figured by the faid respective Officer or Officers, expressing the Quantity of all such Liquor so to be removed, and expressing the Name and Names of the Person or Persons from whom the same is intended to be removed, and to whom the same is to be removed, and that the Buty of fuch Liquor so intended to be removed has been paid, and all Officers of Excise granting or giving any such Permit, shall limit and express in such Permit the time within which the said Liquor in fuch Permit mentioned shall be removed, from and out of the Stock of the Maker or Makers taking out such Permits, and also the time within which the faid Liquor shall be delivered and received into the Brewhouse, House, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shed, Room or other Place, of the Person or Persons respectively, to whom the fame is so permitted to be sent.

No Permit

XX. And be it further enacted, That no such Permit for the Rewithout Request moval of any such Liquor shall be granted or be valid, unless such Maker or Makers requiring the fame shall make and fend, or deliver to the Officer or Officers of Excise hereby authorized to grant fuch Permit, a Request Note in Writing, specifying the Name of the Person to whom such Liquor is intended to be sent, the Quannity of such Liquor intended to be removed, and for the Removal

of which such Permit is required, and also the Number and Contents of the Cafks, Veffels or other Packages containing the fame, and whether the fame is to be removed by Land or by Water, and by

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what Mode of Conveyance such Liquor is intended to be sent. XXI. And be it further enacted, That no such Liquor as afore- At what Hours faid first be removed or carried from one Part of this Kingdom to Colouring to be any other Part thereof, at any other time than between the Hours removed. of Six in the Morning and Six in the Evening (except the same is removing or carrying by a known common Stage Coach, or Waggon other Stage Carriage which usually travel out of those Hours, or by Water by a Ship, Vessel or Bost usually navigated in the fair Course of Trade out of those Hours) nor shall any such Liquor be sent by any Maker or Makers of any fuch Liquor, from or out of his, her or their entered House, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shed, Room or other Place, at any other time than between the Hours of Six in the Morning and Six in the Evening, on pain of forfeiting all fueh Li- Penalty. quor, (whether the same be accompanied with a Permit or not) and all Boats, Carts, Carriages, Horses and Cattle made use of in the removing or carrying the same shall be forfeited, and the same respectively shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That no Liquor commonly Beer Colouring called or known by the Name of Beer Colouring, or for darkening brought into any the Colour of Beer, shall be brought into any House, Warehouse, Brewhouse Storehouse, Cellar, Room, Vault or other Place made use of by any without Notice Brewer or Brewers of Beer commonly called *Porter*, without an authentic Permit granted and given according to the Directions of this ACt; which Permit shall be produced to and left with the Officer of Excise under whose Survey such Brewer or Brewers shall then be, on pain of forfeiting all fuch Liquor fo brought in without fuch Penalty. Permit, and all such Liquor shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That no Brewer or Brewers Brewer keeping of Deer commonly called or known by the Name of Porter shall Colouring in any deposit, store or keep any such Liquor as aforesaid, except during the Time when the same shall be brought forth for Use, in any particular Purparticular Pu House, Warehouse, Storehouse, Cellar, Room, Vault or other Place, pole. other than One particular House, Warehouse, Storehouse, Cellar, Room, Vault or other Place whereof Inch Brewer or Brewers shall have made previous entry in Writing for that Purpole at the next Office of Excile, on Pain of forfeiting, for every such Offence, the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and also all fuch Liquor found in any Penalty. fuch House. Warehouse, Storehouse, Cellar, Room, Vault or other Place of which no fach Entry as last aforefaid shall have been made.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That no Brewer or Brewers Parter Brewers of Beer other than Beer commonly called or known by the Name of only permitted Porter, shall make use of or have in his, her or their Custolly or to make use of Possession any Liquor, Material or Preparation for colouring Beer Colouring. made from Sugar under the Provisions of this Act, on Pain of for Penalty, feiting all fuch Liquor, Material or Preparation ; nor thall any fuch Brewer or Brewers make use of any such Liquid, Meterial of Pre-

paration as last aforesaid, in or for the darkening of the Colour of any Beer other than Porter; and if any Brewer or Brewers of Beer, other than Beer commonly called or known by the Name of Porter, shall make use of or have in his, her or their Custody or Possession any fuch Liquor, Material or Preparation; or if any Brewer or Brewers of Beer commonly called or known by the Name of Porter shall make use of any such Liquor, Material or Preparation as last aforesaid, in or for the darkening of the Colour of any Beer other than Porter, all and every such Brewer or Brewers respectively so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Penalty. Officers authorized to enter Porter Brewers Cellars, &c. and take an Account of Beer Colouring.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Officers of Excise, or any or either of them, from time to time and at all times by Day and by Night upon his or their request (but if in the Night in the Presence of a Constable or other lawful Officer of the Peace) to enter into all and every the Warehouses, Storehouses, Rooms, Cellars, Vaults and other Places made use of by any Brewer or Brewers of Beer commonly called or known by the name of *Porter*, and by tasting, guaging or otherwise to take an Account of the Quantity and Quality of all the Liquors commonly called or known by the Name of Beer Colouring which shall at any time be in the Custody or Possession of such Brewer or Brewers.

Increase of Beer Colouring in a Porter Brewer's Stock forfeited.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Officer or Officers of Excise shall at any time or times discover or find that the Quantity of Liquor commonly called or known by the Name of Beer Colouring in the Stock, Cuitody or Possession of any Brewer or Brewers of Beer commonly called or known by the Name of Porter, exceeds the Quantity of fuch Liquor left in the Stock, Custody or Possession of such Brewer or Brewers on the taking of the last Account of fuch Stock added to the Quantity of fuch Liquor fince received by Permit, the Quantity of Liquor commonly called or. known by the Name of Beer Colouring, so found in Excess, by whatever means the same shall have been made, and whether the same shall be mixed or mingled or unmixed or unmingled, shall be deemed and taken to be made by such Liquor as last aforesaid, for which no Duty has been paid, and which had been privately brought in. by fuch Brewer or Brewers without any Permit, and a Quantity equal to the Quantity fo found in Excess shall be forfeited and lost, and shall and may be seized by the Officer or Officers of Excise who shall discover the same, from and out of the said Stock or Stocks in which fuch Quantity of Liquor shall be so found in Excess, and the Brewer or Brewers of Beer commonly called or known by the Name of Porter, in whose Stock such Quantity of Liquor so found in Excess shall be discovered or found, shall also forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Penalty.

Penalty. Coleuring depoto evade Duty.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Liquor for fited with Intent or in respect whereof a Duty is imposed by this Act shall be depofited, hid or concealed in any Place or Places whatfoever, with an Intent to defraud His Majesty of any of the Duties by this Act imposed, or if any Liquor called or known either by the Name of Colouring or of Beer Colouring, or fit or proper to serve as a Substitute for any such Liquor for or in respect of which such Duty is imposed, or fit or proper for the darkening of the Colour of Beer,

shall be deposited, hid or concealed with Intent to prevent the Difcovery thereof by the Officers of Excise, all such Liquors respectively shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise, and the Person or Persons in whose Custody the same shall be found shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; Penalty. and, the better to enable such Officer or Officers to discover such Liquor respectively so forseited, if any such Officer or Officers shall have cause to suspect that any such Liquor shall be so deposited, hid or concealed in any Place or Places whatfoever, then and in every such case, if such Place or Places shall be within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise in London, upon Oath made by such Officer or Officers before the Commissioners of Excise in England for the time being, or any Two or more of them, or before One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace of the County, City or Liberty where fuch Place or Places shall be, or in case such Place or Places shall be in any other Part of Great Britain, upon Oath made by fuch Officer or Officers before One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County, Riding, Shire, Division or Place where such Officer or Officers shall suspect the same to be deposited, hid or concealed, fetting forth the Ground of his or their Suspicion, it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, or the Justice or Justices of the Peace respectively, as the case may require, before whom such Oath shall be made if they or he shall judge it reasonable, by Special Warrant or War- Search Warrauts under his and their respective Hands and Seals, to authorize rant. and empower such Officer or Officers by Day or by Night, but if in the Night, then in the Presence of a Constable or other Officer of the Peace, to enter into all and every fuch Place and Places where he or they shall so suspect such Liquor to be so deposited, hid or concealed, and to seize and carry away all such Liquor which he or they shall then and there find so forseited.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Question shall Onus Probandia arise, whether any Liquor which shall be seized as and for Liquor forfeited under or by virtue of this Act, be Liquor of the Sort for or on which fuch Forfeiture is by this Act imposed, the Proof of fuch Liquor not being Liquor of the Sort for or on which fuch Forfeiture is by this Act imposed, shall lie upon the Owner or Claimer thereof.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That no Perfon whatfoever No Beer Colourbeing a Maker of or Dealer in any such Liquor, or who is or shall ing Maker or be in any wife interested or concerned in the Trade or Business of Personinterested making or dealing in fuch Liquor, or of brewing or dealing in or to act as a Magiftrate in Exeretailing of Beer, shall, during such time as he, she or they shall be so
cution of Act. interested or concerned in the Trade or Business of making or dealing in fuch Liquor, or of brewing or dealing in or retailing of Beer, act as a Justice of the Peace in any Matter or Thing whatfoever which shall in any wife concern the Execution of the Powers or Authorities given or granted by this Act; and if any Person or Persons shall, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, presume to exercise any such Powers or Authorities, or do any Act hereby authorized to be done by any Justice or Justices of the Peace, all fueh Acts fo executed or done by fuch Person or Persons shall be utterly null and void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

Beer Colouring, &c. liable to Duties and Penal-

XXX. And be it further enacted, That all the Liquor for or in Sugar, Utenfils, respect whereof any Duty is by this Act imposed, and all the Sugar and Utenfils for the making thereof in the Custody or Possession of any Maker or Makers of fuch Liquor, or of any Person or Persons. to the Use of or in Trust for any such Maker or Makers, shall be and are hereby made chargeable with all the Debts and Duties for any fuch Liquor in Arrear and owing by fuch Maker or Makers for any such Liquor so made by him, her or them, or in his, her or their House, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shed, Room or other Place, and shall also be subject and liable to satisfy all Penalties and Forfeitures incurred by fuch Maker or Makers, or other Personor Persons using such House, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shed, Room or other Place for any Offence against this Act relating to the said Duties; and it shall and may be lawful in all such cases to levy such Debts, Duties and Penalties on fuch Liquor, Sugar, Utenfils or any of them, and to use such Proceedings as may be lawfully done in relation to any fuch Liquor, Sugar or Utenfils respectively, in case the Debtors or Offenders were the true and lawful Owners of the fame.

Obstructing. Officers.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons whatfoever shall affault, resist, oppose, molett, obstruct or hinder any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise in the due Execution of this Act, or of any of the Powers or Authorities hereby given or granted to any fuch Officer or Officers, or shall by Force or Violence, after any such Officer or Officers shall have seized any Liquor Cask, Vessel or other Package, or any Boiler, Kettle, Copper or other Veffel aforesaid as forfeited by virtue of this Act, rescue or cause to be rescued any such Liquor Cask, Vessel or other Package aforefaid, or any fuch Boiler, Kettle, Copper, Vat or other Vessel aforefaid, or shall attempt or endeavour so to do, or shall destroy, stave, break or damage any such Cask, Vessel, or other Package, Boiler, Kettle, Copper, Vat or other Vessel, all and every such Perfon or Persons so offending, shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Penalty. Bribing Officers.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Perfons whatfoever shall give or offer to give any Bribe, Recompence or Reward what soever to any Officer or Officers of Excise, in order to corrupt, persuade or prevail upon any such Officer or Officers, either to do or perform any Act or Acts, Thing or Things whatfoever contrary to the Duty of such Officer or Officers in the Execution of this Act, or to neglect to do or perform any Act or Acts, Thing or Things whatfoever belonging or appertaining to the Business and Duty of such Officer and Officers in the Execution of this Act, or to connive at or conceal any Fraud or Frauds relating to any of the Regulations by this Act enacted, or not to discover the same, all and every such Person or Persons so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, whether such Offer or Proposal be accepted or not, forfeit and lose the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

Penalty. 42 G. 3. c. 38.

' XXXIII. And whereas by the faid recited Act of the Forty · fecond Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, several Persons may have incurred Penalties and Forfeitures under and by wirtue of fome or One of the Chaules therein contained for having manufactured, fold or delivered, or caused to be manufactured, sold or delivered to Brewers or to Persons for the Use of Brewers.

 Colouring made from Sugar without any Intention of Fraud, and I feveral Brewers may, without any Intention of Fraud, have also incurred Penalties and Forfeitures for having received into his, her

or their Custody and Possession such Colouring; and it is expedient

that Relief (hould be given in the cases before mentioned; Be it Penskies retherefore enacted, That where any Person by the said recited Clauses lieved. of the faid Act shall, without any Intentiou of Fraud, have incurred any Penalty or Forfeiture for having so manufactured, sold or delivered to Brewers, or to other Persons for the Use of Brewers, Colouring made from Sugar; and that where any Brewer by virtue of the faid recited Clauses of the said Act shall, without any Intention of Fraud, have incurred any Penalty or Forfeiture for having received into his, her or their Custody and Possession Colouring made from Sugar, all and every of them shall be and is hereby indemnified and discharged from and against all Penalties and Forfeitures so incurred by them as aforefaid, and of and from all Suits and Profecutions for or on account thereof; any thing in this Act or the faid recited Act of the Forty second Year of His present Majesty to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXIV. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained Proviso for shall extend to or prevent the further Prosecution of any Actions or Actions before Suits which may have been commenced before the First Day of June June 1, 1811. One thousand eight hundred and eleven, against any Person or Perions whatfoever for any of the Offences, Penalties or Forfeitures

above mentioned.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Penalties how Forfeitures imposed by this Act, shall be sued for, recovered, levied recovered. or mitigated by such Means, Ways or Methods, as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, may be fued for, recovered, levied or mitigated, by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively, and that one Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeitures shall be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him, her or them, who shall inform, discover or sue for the same.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That all the Monies arising Application of by the Licences by this Act required (the necessary Charges of raif. Money arising ing and accounting for the same excepted), shall from time to time by Licences. be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, as Part of and together with the Duties on Beer, and the faid Money so paid into the said Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer as aforefaid, shall be considered to and made Part of the Fund called the Con-

folidated Fund.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Limitation of Suit shall be brought or be commenced against any Person or Per- Actions. sons, for any thing by him, her or them done, by virtue or in purfuance of this Act, such Action or Suit shall be commenced within Three Months next after the Matter or Thing done, and shall be laid in the proper County, and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit shall or may plead the General Issue, and give this General Issue. Act and the special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon; and if afterwards a Verdict shall pass for the Desendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall discouting his, her or T 4 their

A.D.1811.

C. 87, 88, 89.

Treb'e Cofts.

and other Acts

Powers of

their Action or Suit, or be nonfuited, or Judgment shall be given against him, her or them upon Demurrer, or otherwise, then such Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs to be awarded to him, her or them, against such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the 12 Car. 2. c. 24. Powers, Directions, Rules, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things, which in and by an Act made in the Twelfth Year of extended to Act. the Reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An All for taking away the Court of Wards and Liveries, and Tenures in Capite, and by Knights Service and Purveyance, and for fettling a Revenue upon His Majesty in lieu thereof, or by any other Law now in force relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise are provided or established for managing, raising, levying, collecting, mitigating or recovering, adjudging or ascertaining the Duties thereby imposed, or any of them, shall be practifed, used and put in Execution in and for the managing, raifing, levying, collecting, mitigating, recovering and paying the Duties of Excise by this Act imposed, and for preventing, detecting and punishing Frauds relating thereto as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if all and every the said Powers, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Clauses, Matters and Things were particularly

repeated and re-enacted in this present Act.,

Commencement of Act.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commeace and take Effect as to all fuch Matters and Things therein contained, in respect whereof no Special Commencement is hereby directed or provided from and immediately after the passing of this Aa.

C A P. LXXXVIII.

An Act for raising the Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds by Treasury Bills for the Service of Ireland for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven. [26th June 1811.] " IRISH Treasury may iffue Bills to a certain Extent to bear In-46 terest. § 1. Bills issued not to exceed £ 200,000. Bills, if not es paid off, shall be taken in Payment of the Revenue in Ireland, se after fuch time as the Treasury shall appoint, and Interest shall 46 cease. § 2, 3. Money to be carried to the Irish Consolidated " Fund. § 4. Said Bills to be chargeable thereon. § 5. Bank of " Ireland empowered to advance £ 200,000. on the Credit of this ■ Act. § 6.

C A P. LXXXIX.

An Act to increase the Salary of the Lord Lieutenant of Ire-[26th June 1811.]

- WHEREAS, in compliance with an Address of the House of Commons of Ireland, the Salary and Appointments sttached to the Office of Lord Lieutenant of Ireland were in the
- Year One thousand seven hundred and eighty three fixed by His Majesty at Twenty thousand Pounds by the Year: And whereas
- the same have been found of late Years quite inadequate to the
- * Expences necessarily incident to the Dignity and due Maintenance

of that high and important Office: And whereas in confequence

of His Majesty's Message to the House of Commons the Ninth Day of May One thousand eight hundred and ten, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland did by their Address humbly request His Majesty that he would be graciously s pleased to direct such Increase to be made to the Salary of the faid Office, not exceeding Ten thousand Pounds by the Year, as to His Majesty should seem necessary: And whereas, in compliance with the faid Address, His Majesty was pleased to authorize the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland for the time being to give the necessary · Orders for issuing and paying out of his Treasure or Revenue in the Receipt of his Exchequer in Ireland applicable to the Civil List 4 Establishment there, the Sum of ten thousand Pounds yearly, in · Addition to the Salary of the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, from s the Twenty fifth Day of December One thousand eight hundred 4 and nine: And whereas the faid Orders were given, and the faid Sum hath been hitherto paid accordingly: And whereas under the Provisions of an Act of Parliament passed in Ireland in the Thirty third Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Att for 33 G. 3.(1.) the Support of the Honour and Dignity of His Majefly's Crown in 434 · Ireland, and for granting to His Majefty a Civil Lift Establishment 4 under certain Provisions and Regulations, certain yearly Sums either ascertained by the said Act, or capable of being ascertained from time to time according to certain Modes thereby established, are directed to be paid to His Majesty and his Successors for the Supoport of the Civil List Establishment: And whereas the Salary of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of · Ireland for the time being, is one of the Charges payable out of the faid Fund, and the faid Fund may not be fufficient to pay the fame Increase of the faid Salary in Addition to the other Charges s payable thereout:' May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, ever and above the said 10,000l.I.C. several Sums so payable yearly under the Provisions of the said recited yearly to be Act, there be issued and paid out of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland such Sum in each and every Year, not exceeding the Sum of LordLieutenana Ten thousand Pounds Irish Currency, as, together with the said Fund so granted by the faid Act, shall be necessary and sufficient to difcharge the faid additional Salary of Ten thousand Pounds yearly, over and above all and every the Charges and Payments to which the faid Fund would from time to time lawfully be subject if this A& had not been passed and the said additional Salary had not been granted or ordered, and that the same shall be payable and paid by Warrant of the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, or Lords Commissioners for executing the faid Office of Lord High Treasurer of Ireland for the time being, or any Three of them.

CAP. XC.

An Act for defraying, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia of Ireland; and for making Allowances lowances in certain cases to Subaltern Officers of the said Militia during Peace. [26th June 1811.]

Pay in advance.

Rates of Pay.

Allowance for Contingencies.

Clothing.

Rates of Pay when on Furlough.

[THEREAS it is necessary that Provision should be made for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the 6 Militia in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, for One Year, from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Par-Treasury to iffue liament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That for Four Months every County, County of a City or Town in Ireland, where the Militia is or shall be raised, the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland shall issue and pay out of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland the whole Sums required, in the manner and for the feveral Uses hereinaster mentioned; that is to say, for the Pay of the said Militia at the Rate of Six Shillings per Day for each Adjutant, Paymafter and Surgeon respectively, where an Adjutant, Paymaster or Surgeon is appointed; and at the Rate of Five Shillings a Day for each Quarter Master where a Quarter Master is appointed; and at the Rate of One Shilling and Six pence per Day for each Serjeant resident at the Head Quarters of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, with the Addition of Two Shillings and Six Pence per Week for each Serjeant Major and Quarter Master Serjeant, where a Serjeant Major and Quarter Master Serjeant are appointed; and at the Rate of One Shilling per Day for each Drummer fo refident as aforefaid. with the Addition of Six Pence per Day for each Drum Major, where a Drum Major is appointed; and at the Rate of One Shilling per Day for each Fifer fo resident as aforesaid; and at the Rate of One Shilling and Two Pence per Day for each Corporal so refident as aforefaid, and also at the Rate of Four Pence per Month for each Private Man and Drummer, for defraying the contingent Expences of each Regiment and Battalion of Militia; One Penny whereof shall be applied for defraying the Hospital Expences of each Regiment or Battalion during the time of the Men being from Home upon account of their annual Exercise; and also for the Clothing of the Militia for fuch County, after the Rate of Three Pounds and Tea Shillings for each Serjeant, and Two Pounds for each Drummer, with the Addition of One Pound for each Serjeant Major and each Drum Major; and at the Rate of Two Pounds for each Corporal, when such Serjeants, Drummers, Serjeant Majors, Drum Majors and Corporals, have not been clothed within Two Years; and, with respect to the Private Militia Men, at the Rate of One Pound Twelve Shillings for each Private Militia Man, when such Private Militia Men have not been clothed within Four Years: Provided always, that where any Serjeant, Corporal or Drummer, shall be absent on Furlough or Licence, fuch Serjeant, Corporal or Drummer, shall, during fuch Absence, receive the Rates of Pay following; that is to say, every Serjeant the Sum of One Shilling, every Corporal the Sum of Eight Pence and every Drummer the Sum of Six Pence per Day respectively, and no more, and it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to direct that any such Pay shall be from time to time issued by

by the faid Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland, for any Period not exceeding Four Months from the time when fuch Advances shall be made.

III. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Governor or Colenel to cer-Governors, or Deputy Governors, at a General Meeting to be held tify to Treasury for any County, County of a City or Town in Ireland, shall have Days of Exerfixed the Days of Exercise for the Militia, the Colonel or Command. cise, &c. ing Officer shall, as soon as may be, certify the same to the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Ireland, specifying the Number of Men and the Number of Days such Men are to be absent from Home on account of such Exercise, not exceeding in the whole Twenty eight Days; and the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to pay Treasury in Ireland are hereby required within Fourteen Days after Sums herein the Receipt of such Certificate, to issue and pay out of the Consoli- specified. dated Fund of Ireland, at the Rate of Ten Shillings per Day for the Captain of each Company, at the Rate of Five Shillings and Eight Pence per Day for each Lieutenant, and of Four Shillings and Eight Pence per Day for each Enfign, at the Rate of Seven Shillings and Six Pence per Day for each Affistant Surgeon, and also at the Rate of One Shilling per Day for each Private Militia Man, for any Number of Days not exceeding Twenty eight, during which such Men shall be absent from Home on account of their Attendance at such Place of annual Exercise.

" XI. And whereas it is expedient to make some Addition to the · Pay of certain Subaltern Officers, and to Affishant Surgeons of the Militia Forces of Ireland during Peace, under certain Regulations; Be it therefore further enacted, That from and after the dilembodying Annual Allow of the Militia Forces in Ireland, certain annual Allowances, over and ance to Subalabove the Pay to which during Peace they are now entitled, shall tern Officers for the future be allowed and paid to fuch Subaltern Officers and after disembody-Affistant Surgeons to the Amount, under the Restrictions, and in the manner hereinafter expressed; that is to say, to every Subaltern of the faid Militia, who shall have at any time previous to the Expiration of Four Months from the passing of an Act of the last Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act for defraying until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia of Ireland; and for making Allowances in certain cases to Subaltern Officers of the said Militia during Peace, been appointed to a Communicon in the said Militia, or who, previous to the Expiration of Four Months from the passing of this Act shall be appointed to a Commission, and who shall have continued faithfully to ferve in the fame Corps, until the difembodying thereof, the Sum of Twenty five Pounds per Annum shall be allowed and paid over and above the Pay to which they may be by Law entitled during Peace, and over and above any Deduction of any Kind, or for any Purpose whatsoever; and to every Assistant Surgeon a like Allowance of Twenty five Pounds per Amum, in the manner hereinafter mentioned.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Person Exceptions. who is or shall at any time hereafter become possessed of such an Estate or Income, as would by Law entitle him to hold a Captain's Commission in the Militia of a County at large in Ireland, or who is or shall be at any time hereafter appointed Adjutant or Paymaster in any Regiment or Battalion of the faid Militia, nor any Person deriving

50 G. 3. c. 89.

in any way what soever, otherwise than as a Subaltern or Affishant Surgeon of the faid Militia, any Income, Stipend or Allowance whatfoever from the Public, nor any Officer on the Full or Half Pay of the Navy, Army or Marines, who shall also hold a Subaltern's Commission in the said Militia, shall have or be in any wife entitled to the said annual Allowance or any Part or Share thereof; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

Subalters claiming Allowances to take the following Qath:

XIII. And be it further enacted, That every Subaltern Officer and Assistant Surgeon of the Militia of Ireland, who shall claim under the Authority of this Act to receive any such annual Allowance, shall, previous to receiving the same, and in order to entitle himself thereto, annually take and subscribe an Oath before some one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County, or County of a City, or County of a Town, in Ireland, to which the Regiment or Battalion in which he serves shall belong, in the Words or to the Effect following; widelicet,

Oath,

A.B. do swear, That I am serving as a Subaltern Officer [or

Affistant Surgeon, as the case may be] in the

Regiment or Battalion of the Militia of Ireland; and that I am not in my own Right, or in Right of my Wife, nor have been, fince disembodying of the said Regiment or Battalion, is the actual Possession and Enjoyment or Receipt of the Rents and Profits of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, of such an annual · Value above Reprizes, as would qualify me to hold a Captain's * Commission in the Militia of a County at large in Ireland; and that I am not, nor have been fince the disembodying of the faid Regiment or Battalion, an Adjutant or Paymaster in any Regi-• ment or Battalion of the Militia of Ireland; that I do not hold or enjoy, nor have held or enjoyed, nor does nor has any Person for me hold or enjoy, or held or enjoyed fince the difembodying the faid Regiment or Battalion, any Office or Income whatfoever from the Public; and that I am not entitled either to the Full or Half Pay of the Navy, Army or Marines, nor have been fince the disembodying of the faid Regiment or Battalion.

' So help me GOD.'

mit Oaths to Collectors of £xcife.

Juffices to trans- Which Oath so taken and subscribed, shall be by the faid Justice forthwith certified and transmitted, and he is hereby required to certify and transmit the same to the Collector of Excise of the Diffrid in which the County, County of a City or County of a Town shall be fituate, to which fuch Regiment or Battalion of Militia in which fuch Subaltern Officer or Affiftant Surgeon shall be then ferving shall belong, to be by him filed and preserved for the Purposes hereisafter mentioned.

Subalterns to atercife.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That every Subaltern Officer tend annual Ex- or Affistant Surgeon of the faid Militia who shall be entitled, or claim to be entitled to the Benefits of this Act, shall regularly attend the annual Exercise and Training of the Regiment or Battalion to which he belongs, during the whole of the Twenty eight Days by Law required for that Purpose, and shall, during that time, punctually do and perform his Duty as a Subaltern Officer or Affistant Surgeon of fuch Regiment or Battalion, on Pain of forfeiting the faid annual Allowance, as well as the Rest of his Pay, and every Part thereof which may be due for the current Year in which he shall neglect

Penalty.

or refule to attend; and Certificates of his having fo attended and Certificates of performed his Duty, figned by the Commanding Officer of the Re- Attendance giment or Battalion to which he may belong, shall be transmitted Commanding by the faid Commanding Officer to the Collector of Excise of the Officer to Col-District in which the County, County of a City, or County of a lector of Excile. Town is fituate, to which such Regiment or Battalion in which such Subaltern Officer or Affistant Surgeon is then serving shall belong, to be by the faid Collector received previous to any fuch Subaltern Officer or Affistant Surgeon being entitled to demand or receive the faid annual Allowance, or any Part thereof; and in case any such Reason for Subaltern Officer, or Affistant Surgeon, claiming to be entitled to Leave of Abfuch annual Allowance, shall be by his Commanding Officer permitted fence to be inor suffered for any special Cause or unavoidable Necessity, to be absent ficate. during the whole or any Part of fuch annual Exercise, (in which case it shall be lawful for such Commanding Officer to grant such Leave of Ablence; and for such Subaltern Officer, or Assistant Surgeon, who may be so permitted to be absent, to demand and receive the faid annual Allowance, and every Part thereof, in like manner as if he had attended during the whole of the annual Exercise), the Reafons for fuch Absence, as well as the Duration thereof, shall be carefully and truly specified in the Certificates before mentioned, figned by the Commanding Officer, to be by him transmitted as foon as conveniently may be to the Collector of Excise for the Diftrict in which fuch County, County of a City, or County of a Town, to which such Regiment or Battalion shall belong, is situate, and to the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor

or Governors of Ireland for the time being. XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case If Militia not any Regiment or Battalion of the said Militia, after the difem- called out to anbodying thereof, at any time shall not be called out for the annual Subalterns shill Exercise and Training thereof, every Subaltern Officer and Affistant entitled to Al-Surgeon belonging to any fuch Regiment or Battalion, and coming lowance. within the Descriptions of this Act, who shall have taken the Oath hereinbefore mentioned, before any fuch Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, shall be entitled to the said annual Allowance, as if such Subaltern Officer or Affiliant Surgeon had regularly attended the annual Exercise and Training of such Regiment or Battalion during the whole of the Twenty eight Days by Law required for that Purpole, and as if a Certificate of such Attendance, signed by the Commanding Officer of fuch Regiment or Battalion, had been transmitted to the Collector of Excise for the District in which such County, County of a City, or County of a Town, to which such Regiment or Battalion shall belong is situate, according to the Directions of this Act; any thing contained in this Act to the contrary.

notwithstanding.

XVI. And be it further emacted, That upon such Certificate as Allowances paid aforesaid of such Justice of the Peace and Commanding Officer as without Deaforesaid, or where any Regiment or Battalion shall not have been called out to their annual Exercise as aforesaid, upon Certificate of 1 any such Justice of the Peace only being produced to or received by the respective Collectors, it shall and may be lawful for such Collectors and they are hereby authorized and required to pay to the faid Subaltern Officers and Affiftant Surgeons the annual Allowance above mentioned, in addition to their Pay, without any Deduction

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whatsoever, out of any publick Monies in their Hands; all which Monies so paid by such Collectors shall be allowed them in their Accounts; the Certificates before mentioned to be by them preserved and produced as Vouchers for the Payments from time to time made by them in pursuance of this Act.

Subalterns not attending when called upon.

Penalty.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the Subaltern Officers and Assistant Surgeons of the said Militia, entitled or claiming to be entitled to the Benefits of this Act, shall at all times be liable to serve in the respective Regiments or Battalions to which they belong, whenever the same shall be embodied or called out upon actual Service; and in case of Neglect or Refusal to attend when called upos, or in case any Subaltern Officer or Assistant Surgeon shall a Second time neglect or refuse to attend and perform his Duty at the annual Exercise as before directed, each and every such Subaltern Officer or Assistant Surgeon shall forseit his and their Claim to the said annual Allowance, and every Part thereof, in all times to come and shall also be considered as having resigned and vacated his and their Commission and Commissions to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the said several annual

Allowance paid by Collectors on Production of Certificates;

but not paid while Militia emittaied.

Allowances limited to a certain Number.

Allowances shall be paid to the Persons respectively entitled thereto, by the Collectors, upon the Production of the before mentioned several Certificates as soon after the times of the annual Exercise and Training as may be convenient or practicable: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be confirmed to extend, to prevent any Subaltern Officer entitled to the Benefit of this Act, from receiving the Pay allowed by Law for his Attendance at fuch annual Exercise as before mentioned, over and above the faid annual Allowance: Provided also, that nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to extend, to entitle any Subaltern Officer as aforefaid to the faid annual Allowance, or any Part thereof, during the time the Regiment or Battalion to which he belongs shall be embodied or called out on actual Service: Provided also, that this Act and the Benefits and Allowances therein contained, shall extend, and be couldrued to extend, to the Affishant Surgeon of each and every Regiment or Battalion respectively, and also to the respective Numbers of Subaltera Officers in each and every Regiment and Battalion hereinafter respectively specified and no more; that is to far, not exceeding Twenty Subaltern Officers in any Regiment confifting of Ton Companies; not exceeding Eighteen Subaltern Officers in any Regiment, confifting of only Nine Companies; not exceeding Sixteen Subaltern Officers in any Regiment confishing of only Eight Companies; not exceeding Fourteen Subaltern Officers in any Regiment or Battalion confifting of only Seven Companies; and not exceeding Twelve Subaltern Officers in any Regiment or Battalion confifting of only Six Companies.

Continuance.

XXII. And he it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and no longer.

[This Att, except the Clauses above inserted, is similar to 50 G. 3 c. 89.]

CAP. XCI.

An Act for discharging certain Arrears of Quit, Crown and Composition Rents, which have been growing due in Ireland. [26th June 1811.]

WHEREAS feveral Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monaftery Lands, Tithes Fairs Priory naftery Lands, Tithes, Fairs, Tenements and Herditaments in Ireland, chargeable with Quit Rents, Crown Rents, Composition Rents or other Chief Rents, payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, have been for many Years past returned by the Col-· lectors of His Majesty's Revenue in Ireland to whom such Rents ' have been given in charge as not to be found, and fuch Rents have been constantly returned in Arrear, by means whereof such Arrears do now amount to confiderable Sums of Money, and will be great Incumbrances on fuch Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory and Monaftery Lands, Tithes, Fairs, Tenements and Hereditaments, in case the same should hereaster be discovered: And whereas it is apprehended that giving an Encouragement to the present Holders of fuch Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tithes, Fairs, Tenements and Hereditaments, to discover the same, so as that the growing Rents payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Succeffors, may hereafter be punctually paid, will increase His " Majefty's Revenue; Be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be On Application lawful for every Person and Persons, Bodies Politic and Corporate, to Exchequer, at any time before the Twenty fifth Day of March which will be in Lands dicharged the Year of Our Lord One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, of Arrears of to prefer his, her or their Petition or Petitions, to His Majesty's Rents due to His Court of Exchequer in Ireland, thereby fetting forth, that all or fome Majefty inof the Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tithes, curred previous Fairs, Tenements and Hereditaments in Ireland, whereof he, she or Sept. 29, 1810. they is or are seized, is or are subject or liable to some certain Quit Rent, Crown Rent, Composition or other Chief Rent, payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, which hath not been paid for the Space of Twenty Years next immediately preceding the Twenty minth Day of September in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and ten, particularly describing in such Petition the Lands liable to the Payment thereof, as well by their present as former Names and Denominations, and thereby submitting to pay all such annual Quit Rent, Crown Rent, Composition Rent or other Chief Rent, which shall become due from and after such time as the said Court of Exchequer shall think sit to order, and praying to have fuch Lands, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tithes, Fairs, Tenements and Hereditaments, discharged of and from all Arrears of fuch Rent incurred, due to and for such time as the said Court shall think fit, which Petition shall be engrassed on Parchattent and figured by the Party or Parties preferring the same, (except in case of a Minor or Lunatic, and in such case by the Guardian or Guardians. Committee or Committees of such Minor or Lunatic) and shall be filed on Record in the Second Remembrancer's Office, and that thereupon an Order shall be made by the said Court, that the Auditor

General or his Deputy or Deputies shall search into the Rent Rolls, Books and Records in his Office, and shall certify to the said Court, by a certain Day to be appointed by the Court whether any such Rent or Rents as is or are mentioned in fuch Petition or Petitions hath or have been accounted for to His Majesty or his Predecessors, within the Space of Twenty Years next preceding the faid Twenty ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and ten, a Copy of which Order shall be served on the said Auditor General or his Deputy, and on the Solicitor of His Majesty's Rents, Ten Days at the least before the Day appointed for his making such Certificate; and the faid Auditor General or his Deputy is hereby required to make such Searches, and to certify to the said Court of Exchequer, whether it appears to him that such Rents have been paid or accounted for to His Majesty or his Predecessors, within the Space of Twenty Years next before the Twenty ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and ten, and whether it appears to him that any and what Proceedings have been had by or on behalf of His Majesty, for Recovery of such Rent within the said Period; for which Search the Sum of Two Shillings and Six Pence and no more; and for which Certificate the Sum of Six Shillings and Eight Pence and no more; and for Entry of Discharge of such Arrears out of the Rent Roll, the Sum of Three Shillings and Four Pence, and no more, shall be paid to the said Auditor General; and if upon Return of such Certificate, and upon examining into the Truth of the Allegations of such Petition by the said Court of Exchequer, in a summary way, it shall appear to the said Court, that no Quit Rent, Crown Rent, Composition Rent or other Chief Rent payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, hath been paid for and out of such Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tithes, Fairs, Tenements and Hereditaments, or hath been accounted for by the Collectors of His Majesty's Revenue for the District wherein such Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tithes, Fairs, Tenements and Hereditaments lie, within the Term of Twenty Years next before the Twenty ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and ten, and that no Proceedings have been had by or on behalf of His Majesty, for Recovery of such Rent within the said Twenty Years, then and in such case the said Court of Exchequer is hereby authorized and empowered to make an Order, that the faid Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tithes, Fairs, Tenements and Hereditaments mentioned in fuch Petition, and the Persons who from time to time respectively held and enjoyed the same, shall be absolutely freed and discharged of and from all such Rents and Arrears due or in Airear at any time before the faid Twenty ninth Auditor General Day of September One thousand eight hundred and ten; and shall to give in Charge order the faid Auditor General to give in charge to the Collector of the District where such Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tithes, Fairs, Tenements or Hereditaments lie, such growing Rents as the faid Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tithes, Fairs, Tenements or Hereditaments, shall appear to be chargeable with, which shall become due from and after the said Twenty ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and ten, to the Intent that the same be duly collected for the future, and that such Order shall be an effectual Discharge against His Majesty, his Heira Where Proceed- and Successions, as to such Arrears; and if it shall appear to the said Court

to Collector Rents accruing after Sept. 29, 1810.

ings had within

Court of Exchequer in manuer aforesaid, that no Quit Rent, Crown 20 Years Lands Rent, Composition Rent or other Chief Rent payable to His Majesty, discharged only of Arrears inhis Heirs and Successors, bath been paid for out of such Lands, of Arrears in-curred previous Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tithes, Fairs, Tene-to Sept 29, ments and Hereditaments, or hath been accounted for to the Collector 1810. of His Majesty's Revenue, for the District wherein such Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tithes, Fairs, Tenements and Hereditaments lie, within the Term of Twenty Years next before the Twenty ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and ten, but that Proceedings have been had by or on behalf of His Majerty for Recovery of such Rent within the faid Twenty Years, and before the time when any fuch Petition shall be preferred as aforesaid; then and in such case the said Court of Exchequer is hereby authorized and empowered to make an Order on fuch Petition, that the faid Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monattery Lands, Tithes, Fairs, Tenements or Hereditaments mentioned in fuch Petition, and the Persons who from time to time respectively held and enjoyed the same, shall be absolutely freed and discharged of and from all fuch Rents and Arrears due and in Arrear at any time before the Twenty ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and four and shall order the said Auditor General to give in charge to the Collector or Collectors of the Diffrict where fuch Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tithes, Fairs, Tenements or Hereditaments do lie, fuch growing Rents as the faid Lands; Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tithes, Fairs, Tenements or Hereditaments, shall appear to be charged or chargeable with, which shall become due from and after the said Twenty ninth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and four, to the Intent that the same may be duly collected for the future, and that such Order shall be an effectual Discharge against His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, as to such Arrears.

'II. And whereas it may tend to the Discovery of such Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tithes, Fairs, Tenements or Hereditaments as have been returned by the faid Collectors as not to be found as aforefaid, if Persons who shall discover the same, so as to enable His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to recover the Rents payable thereout, and Arrears thereof, shall be entitled to a Reward for so doing; Wherefore be it enacted,
That any Person or Persons who shall effectually discover any Lands, Persons not sub-Redory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tithes, Fairs, Tenements let to such Rents, making or Hereditaments, fo in arrear of the Quit Rent, Crown Rent, Com- Discovery of position Rent or other Chief Rent payable thereout to His Majesty Rents in Arrear. as aforefaid, and which has been returned by the faid Collectors as not to be found as aforesaid, other than the Proprietor or Proprietors, or other Person or Persons, subject to the Payment of such Rent, so as that such Rent or Rents in arrear be recovered, such Person or Persons making such Discovery shall be entitled to One Moiety of such Arrear as shall be recovered; provided that such Reward. Moiety shall not exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

C A P. XCII.

An Act to repeal certain Parts of several Acts of the Parsiament of Ireland, relating to the Tolls on Stage Coaches, carrying above a certain Number of Passengers, and to make other Provisions in lieu thereof. [26th June 1811.]

33 G. 3. (l.) c. 32. § 17.

38. G. 3. (L)

c. 83. § 37.

THEREAS by Two feveral Acts passed in the Parliament of Ireland, the One in the Thirty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Aa to explain and reduce into One As the several Laws for making, repairing or amending the Turnpike Roads leading from the Town of Nans to the Towns of Maryborough' and Balyroan, from the faid Town of Maryborough to the City of Limerick, and from the Town of Nenagh to O'Brien's Bridge; and the other, made in the Thirty eighth Year of His prefent Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Att to explain and reduce into One All the several Laws for making, improving and repairing the Turnpike Road leading from the City of Dublin to Kikcullen Bridge in the County of Kildare, and to the Twenty one Mile Stone Westward of the said Bridge, and for prolonging the Duration of the Ad for repairing the Road from Nans to Limerick, and for the further Intprovement of the Road from Kilworth Mountain to the City of Cork; it is enacted, that during the Continuance of the faid Acts respectively it shall be lawful for the Persons mentioned in the said Acts respectively to demand and take for every Stage Coach or other Carriage plying for Hire, or conveying Persons for Hire, which fiball convey at any one time upon any Part of the Roads in the faid Acts respectively mentioned, more than Six Persons withinside, or more than Three Persons besides the Driver and Guard upon the Outfide of any such Coach or other Carriage, a Toll or Penalty of Five Shillings for every Horse or other Beast drawing the same, in addition to the Tolls by the faid respective Acts directed to be ' paid: And whereas it is expedient that the faid Tolls or Penalties should be repealed, and a more moderate Toll allowed to be taken instead thereof; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act the said respective Tolls or Penalties of Five Shillings, for every Horse or other Beast of Burthen drawing such Carriage as aforefaid, under the faid Provisions of the faid recited Acts, shall be, and the same are hereby respectively repealed, and

Penaky of 5s.

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Additional Tolls.

thall cease and determine and be no longer payable.

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, and during the Continuance of the said recited Acts, it shall be lawful for the several Persons in the said recited Acts severally and respectively mentioned, or their Assigns, to demand and take by such Person or Persons as they shall authorize thereto at each and every Paygate in the said Acts respectively mentioned, for every Stage Coach or other Carriage plying for Hire or conveying Persons for Hire, upon any Part of the Roads in the said Acts respectively mentioned, the Sum of Four Pence for every Horse or other Beast drawing such Coach or other Carriage, in addition to the Tolls by

marked A.

the faid Ads directed to be paid, every time such Coach or other Carriage shall pass through any of the said Gates: Provided always, Provide that such Additional Toll shall not be deemed to extend to Waggons or other Carriages with broad Wheels in the faid recited Acts or either of them mentioned and specified.

C A P. XCIII.

An Act for granting additional Duties of Customs on Fir Timber, of certain Dimensions, of the Growth of Norway imported into Great Britain. [26th June 1811.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that additional Duties of Customs should be imposed upon Fir Timber of certain Dimensions of the Growth of Norway, and imported directly from thence into " Great Britain; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Molt Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after Duties. the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majeky, his Heirs and Successors, the several additional Permanent and Temporary or War Duties of Customs on Fir Timber of the Growth of Norway, and imported directly from thence into Great Britain, being Eight Inches Square, and not exceeding Ten Inches Square, as the fame are respectively inserted, described and set forth in Figures in Drawbacks. the Table hereunto annexed, marked A. and that there shall be paid or allowed on the Exportation of such Fir Timber, the several Drawbacks of the faid Duties of Customs as the same are also respectively inferted, described and set forth in Figures in the said Table

II. And be it further enacted, That the additional Duties hereby Duties bonded imposed may be secured by Bond under the Regulations of an A& under 43 G. 3. passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An All for permitting certain Goods imported into Great Britain, to be secured in Warehouse without Payment of Duty.

III. And be it further enacted, That so much of the said addi- War Duties how tional Duties of Customs hereby imposed, as fall under the Title or long payable. Description of Temporary or War Duties, shall be paid and payable during the Continuance of the present War, and for Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the faid Duties payable additional Duties of Customs shall be charged and payable on any on Timber taken Timber enumerated or described in the said Table hereunto annexed, marked A. which having been warehoused or otherwise secured under the Authority of any Act of Parliament without Payment of Duty, shall be taken out of any such Warehouse or Place where the same shall have been lodged or secured, for the Purpose of being used or confumed in Great Britain, after the faid First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, notwithstanding such Timber may have been imported into Great Eritain before the faid First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven,

out of Ware-

V. And be it further coacted, That the faid additional Duties of How Duties and Customs and Drawbacks of Duties of Cultoms hereby imposed and allowed shall be managed, effectained, railed, levied, collected, sa-

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fwered, paid, recovered and allowed in fuch and the like manner, and by the same Means, Ways and Methods as any Duties of Customs of a like nature are managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, answered, paid, recovered and allowed, and under and subject to the several Powers, Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forseitures now in force in relation to, or made for securing the Revenue of Customs in Great Britain; and all Pains, Penalties, Fines or Forseitures for any Offence whatever committed against or in Breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the passing of this Act, made for securing the Revenue of Customs, or for the Regulation and Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall be in sull Force and Effect, as to the said Duties and Drawbacks; as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if they were at large repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

Application of Permanent Dunies.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all Monies arising from time to time from such of the said Duties hereby imposed, as fall under the Description of Permanent Duties, (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same respectively excepted) shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and shall be appropriated and applied in the same manner as the Duties called the Permanent Duties, imposed by an Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An As for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof, are respectively directed to be appropriated and applied.

49 G. 3. c. 98.

Duties granted by this Act should be applied towards defraying any Services voted by the Commons of the United Kingdom in Parliament assembled; Be it therefore enacted, That the additional Temporary or War Duties granted by this Act shall be appropriated and applied from time to time to such Services as shall be voted by the Commons of the United Kingdom in Parliament assembled, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven, or shall be voted by the said Commons for the Service of any subsequent Year; and the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury now or for the time being, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, are or is hereby authorized and empowered

Application of War Duties.

to iffue and apply the same accordingly.

51 G. 3. c. 43.

§ 3.

'VIII. And whereas it is expedient that the Drawback allowed by an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, intituled,
"An Act for altering the Time at which the additional Duties of
Customs imposed by an Act of the last Session of Parliament on certain
Species of Wood were to have taken place; and for graning a Drawback upon Deals and Timber used in the Minus of Tin, Copper and
Lead, in the Counties of Cornwall and Devon, on Fir Timber used
and employed in any of the Mines of Tin, Lead or Copper in the
Counties of Devon or Cornwall, should be increased in Proportion
to the additional Duties of Customs imposed by this Act on Fir
Timber; Be it therefore enacted, That in Addition to the Drawback allowed by the said recited Act passed in the present Session of
Parliament, of Part of the Duties of Customs paid on the Importation of Fir Timber of the Growth of Norway, and imported directly
from thence, being Eight Inches Square, and not exceeding Ten

Drawback allowed on Fir Timber used in Mines of Desen and Cornwall.

Inches Square, used and employed in the Tin, Lead of Copper Mines, in the Counties of Devon or Cornevall, there shall also be paid and allowed a Drawback of the Duties of Customs imposed by this Act on the Importation into Great Britain of any fuch Timber, which shall have been so used and employed as aforesaid, and on which the Duties granted by this Act shall have been paid: Provided always, Proviso. that the additional Drawback fo granted and allowed as aforefaid, shall be paid and allowed on the same Conditions, and shall be subject in every respect to the same Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, Securities and Penalties, as the Drawback on Fir Timber granted by the faid recited A& passed in the present Session of Parliament is paid and allowed.

TABLE to which this Act refers. Table A.

A TABLE of ADDITIONAL DU- TIES of CUSTOMS payable on FIR	Permanent.					Temporary			
TIMBER, of the Growth of Norway, imported into Great Britain.		Duty.		Drawback.			or War Duty.		
FIR TIMBER, of the Growth of Norway, and imported directly from thence, Eight Inches Square, and not exceeding Ten Inches Square, imported in a British-built Ship, the Load containing Fifty	£	s.	d.	e	s.	d.	£	<i>\$</i>	d.
Cubic Feet Not imported in a British-built Ship, the	1	2	6	-	15	-	-	13	8
Load containing Fifty Cubic Feet - (See the Act to which this Table is annexed.)	I	4		-	15	•	_	14.	4

C A P. XCIV.

An A& to continue, until the Twenty ninth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, an Act of the last Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act to extend and amend the Term and Provisions of an Act of the Thirty ninth and Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, for the better Preservation of Timber in the New Forest; and for ascertaining the Boundaries of the said Forest, and the Lands of the Crown within [26th June 1811.] the same.

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Thirty ninth and Fortieth 39 & 40 G. 3.
Year of His present Mainstripled of Act of States of His present Mainstripled of the His VV Year of His present Majesty, intituled, An Att for the c.86.
better Preservation of Timber in the New Forest in the County of Southampton; and for ascertaining the Boundaries of the said Forest

the Powers and Provisions of an Act passed in the last Session of 50 G. 3. c. 116. 6 Parliament, intituled, An All to extend and amend the Term and Provisions of an At of the Thirty ninth and Fortieth Year of His

and of the Lands of the Crown within the same: And whereas

* present

* present Majesty, for the better Preservation of Timber in the New Forest in the County of Southampton; and for ascertaining the Boundaries of the said Forest, and of the Lands of the Crown within the same, will expire on the Twenty eighth Day of July One thousaid fame for a further Period; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Coasent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all and every the Powers and Provisions of the said last recited Act shall continue and be in force for Two Years, to be computed from the said Twenty eighth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and

continued for Two Years.

C A P. XCV.

An Act to explain and amend certain Laws of Excise respecting the Duties on Estates and Goods sold by Auction; the allowing Dealers to roast their own Cossee on certain Conditions; and to the Water Mark of the Year on Paper intended for Exportation.

29 G. z. c. 56.

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HEREAS by an Act made in the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, among other things, for altering, amending and enforcing fo much of an Act made in the Seventeenth Year of the Reign of His opresent Majesty as relates to the collecting the Duties on Estates and Goods fold by Auction, it is enacted, That if any Sale by Auction of any Estate, Goods or Chattels, shall be rendered word by reason that the Person for whose Benefit the same was sold had no Title to the same, or no Right to dispose thereof, it shall and may be lawful for the Auctioneer who paid the Duty for the thing fo 6 fold, or for the Person for whose Benefit the same was so sold, to · lay his, her or their Complaint before the Commissioners of Excise or Justices of the Peace within whose Jurisdiction respectively such Sale was made; and the faid Commissioners of Excise or Justices of the Peace respectively, upon such Complaint to them made, shall and are required to hear and determine all fuch Complaints, and upon due Proof to relieve the Party so complaining of so much of his, her or their respective Payments as shall be made out before them to have been over paid: And whereas for the more effectual · Relief of the Party so complaining, it is expedient to make the 4 Provision hereinaster mentioned; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That such Commissioners or Justices of the Peace respectively, before whom any fuch Complaint shall have been so laid, and by whom the same shall have been so determined, and such Relief given or granted, shall and they the faid Commissioners and Justices of the Peace respectively are hereby authorized and required to grant their Warrant, directed to the proper Collector of Excile, authorizing and requiring him to allow and pay to the Party so complaining and relieved, out of the Duties on Sales at Auction which shall next come to the Hands

In what case
('ommissioners
of Excise or
Justices to grant
Warrants to
Collecturs to
pay Complainant
Sums proved to
have been over
paid.

of fuch Collector, the full Amount of fuch Payment as shall be so made out before them, the faid Commissioners or Justices respectively, to have been overpaid.

' II. And whereas Doubts have arisen whether by an Act made 49 G.3. c. 80. in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, intituled, An All for allowing Dealers to rouft

their own Coffee on certain Conditions, the Powers and Authorities e given or granted to the Commillioners for the Inland Duties upon

6 Coffee for the time being, by an Act made in the Tenth Year of 10 G. I. c. 10.

the Reign of His late Majelly King George the First, to provide

· Houses for the Roasting of Cossee, and to appoint Officers for attending the same, and Persons well skilled in the roasting of Coffee to attend at each such Roasting House for that Purpose, are not ' repealed:' Now, to obviate and remove all fuch Doubts, be it declared and enacted, That none of the faid recited Powers and Au- Certain Powers thorities, or any other Powers or Authorities given or granted to the of 10 G. 1. c. 10. faid Commissioners by the faid Act made in the faid Teath Year of not repealed by the Reign of His said late Majesty King George the First, relating to Houses for the roasting of Cossee, or to the Money payable for the roasting of Cossee at any such Houses, are by the said Act made in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His faid present Majesty repealed: Provided always nevertheless, that nothing hereinbefore contained shall Proviso. extend or be deemed or confirmed to extend to repeal or alter any of the Provisions of the said A& relating to Sellers of or Dealers in Coffee being at Liberty to roast his, her or their own Cossee under, subject and according to the Rules and Regulations in the said Act made in the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty in that behalf mentioned, or to forfeit any Coffee roafted, burnt or dried under or according to the faid Rules and Regulations of the faid Act, in any

Act of the Tenth Year of His faid late Majety King George the First is mentioned; any thing in this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament contained to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding. ' III. And whereas by Two Claufes in an Act made in the Thirty 34 G. 3. c. 20. fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the . Third, intituled, An Ad for repealing the Duties on Paper, Paffeboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, and for granting

Place, other than in some one of the Houses provided as in the said

other Duties in lieu thereof; it is, among other things, provided, that nothing in that Act contained should extend or be deemed or confirmed to extend to entitle any Person or Persons whatever to

any fuch Drawback, as is in the faid Act in that behalf mentioned, for or in respect of any such printed Books; or for or in respect of any such ruled Account Books as are therein in that behalf

respectively mentioned, unless the Paper thereof respectively should have visible in the Substance thereof a Mark commonly called A " Water Mark, of the Date of the then present Year of our Lord in

the following Figure, 1794, or in like manner of some subsequent Year of our Lord: And whereas by another Clause in the said Act

it was enacted, that if any Printer, Bookseller or other Person should in any Package or Parcel of Books intended for Exportation on • Drawback put or pack up any Book or Books, the Paper whereof

flould not have visible in the Substance thereof such Water Mark as aforefaid, then and in fuch case all and every such Package

or Parcel, and all the Books of every Kind therein contained, should

be forfeited, and the same should and might be seized by any Officer U 4

C.95.

§ 31.

\$ 34.

§ 32.

§ 40

or Officers of the Customs or Excise: And whereas by another Clause in the said Act it is also provided, that nothing in that Act contained should extend or be deemed or construed to extend to entitle any Person or Persons whatever to any such Drawback or Allowance as is in the said Act in that behalf mentioued, for or in respect of any such Paper used in the printing any such Bibles, Testaments, Psalm Books, Books of Common Prayer, Confession of Faith, or the larger or shorter Catechism as therein mentioned, unless the said Paper should have visible in the Substance thereof a Mark commonly called A Water Mark, of the Date of the then present Year of our Lord, in the following Figures, 1794, or of some subsequent Year of our Lord: And whereas it is expedient to repeal the said recited Clauses of the said Act: Be it therefore enacted, That the said recited Clauses shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

repealed,

C A P. XCVI.

An Act to extend the Powers vested in the Commissioners of the Customs of restoring Vessels and Goods seized, to Seizures made by virtue of any Acts relating to the Department of the Customs.

[26th June 1811.]

[THEREAS by an Act passed in the Twenty seventh Year of

\$7 G. 3. c. 32.

£ 15.

the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An AB for making further Provisions in regard to fuch Vessels as are particularly described in an All made in the Twenty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for the more effectual Prevention of Smuggling in this Kingdom, and for extending the faid All to other Vessels and Boats not particularly described therein; for taking off the Duties on Flasks in which Wine or Oil is imported; for laying an additional Duty on foreign Geneva imported; for taking off the Duty on Ebony, the Growth of Africa, imported into this Kingdom; and for amending fioners of the Customs in England and Scotland respectively are s authorized to direct, under the Circumstances and on the Terms and Conditions therein mentioned, any Goods or Commodities whatever, or any Ships, Vessels, Boats, Horses, Cattle or Carriages which f shall have been seized as forseited by virtue or in pursuance of any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the Revenue of Customs, to be restored to the Proprietor or Proprietors: And whereas Doubts have arisen whether the Powers and Authorities so vested in the said Commissioners extend to authorize the Delivery of Goods and Commodities, Ships, Vessels, Boats, Horses, Cattle or Carriages that may have been seized as forseited by any Ossicer or Officers of the Customs, or other Person or Persons being duly authorized to make fuch Seizures by virtue and in pursuance of any other Act or Acts of Parliament: And whereas it is expedient, in order to obviate fuch Doubts, and to prevent the Delay, Inconvenience and Expence that would be occasioned by the Detention of Vessels or Goods seized under Circumstances wherein it would be just and reasonable that Relief should be afforded, that the Powers and Authorities so vested in the Commissioners of the Customs in England and Scotland respecf tively should extend and be construed to extend to authorize the 4 Commissioners of the Customs in England and Scotland, according to their respective Jurisdictions, to order any Goods or Commodities whatever, or any Ships, Vessels, Boats, Horses, Cattle or Carriages,

C. 96.

which shall have been seized as forfeited by any Officer or Officers of the Customs, or by any other Person or Persons who by virtue and under the Authority of any Act or Acts of Parliament made for the Protection of Trade, the Benefit of Commerce, or for 4 the encouraging and encreasing of Shipping and Navigation, or in any respect relating to the Department of the Customs, to be reftored to the Proprietor or Proprietors on the Terms and Conditions hereinafter mentioned; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Certain Powers the Powers and Authorities vefted in the Commissioners of the Customs vested in Comin England and Scotland respectively by the said recited Act passed in missioners of the Twenty seventh Very of the Reign of His present Majesty, by Customs by rethe Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, by cited Act to virtue of which the Commissioners of the Customs in England for the extend to Seitime being, or any Four or more of them, or the Commissioners of zures under any the Customs in Scotland for the time being, or any Three or more of other Act. them, are authorized to direct any Goods or Commodities whatever, or any Ships, Vessels, Boats, Horses, Cattle or Carriages seized as forfeited by virtue and in pursuance of any Act or Acts relating to the Revenue of Customs, to be restored to the Proprietor or Proprietors, on the Proof and on the Terms and Conditions in the faid Act mentioned, shall extend and be construed to extend to authorize the Commissioners of the Customs in England for the time being, or any Four or more of them, or the Commissioners of the Customs in Scatland for the time being, or any Three or more of them, according to their respective Jurisdictions, to order any Goods or Commodities whatever, or any Ships, Vessels, Boats, Horses, Cattle or Carriages that shall have been or shall be seized as forfeited either by any Officer or Officers of the Customs, or by any other Person or Persons whatfoever by virtue or in pursuance of any Act or Acts of Parliament made for the Protection of Trade, the Benefit of Commerce, or the encouraging and increasing of Shipping and Navigation, or by virtue and in pursuance of any other Act or Acts of Parliament in any respect relating to the Department of the Customs, to be restored to the Proprietor or Proprietors, whether such Goods or Commodities, Ships, Vessels, Boats, Horses, Cattle or Carriages shall have been feized as forfeited in Great Britain or on the High Seas, or in any other of His Majesty's Dominions, Colonies, Settlements or Planta- Proviso. tions, in case Evidence shall be given to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, according to their respective Jurisdictions, that the Forfeiture arose without any Design of Fraud in the Proprietor or Proprietors of such Goods or Commodities, Ships, Vessels, Boats, Horses, Cattle or Carriages; and also, in case the Seizure shall have been made by any such Officer or Officers, or other Person or Persons as aforesaid in any of His Majesty's Colonies, Settlements or Plantations, or on the High Seas, and it shall be made appear to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of the Customs in England for the time being, or any Four or more of them, that such Seizure was occasioned by the Proprietor or Proprietors of any such Goods or Commodities, Ships, Vessels, Boats, Horses, Cattle or Carriages having acted in conformity with any Orders or Directions which the Governor or Chief Officer of any such Colony, Settlement or Plantation shall have deemed it expedient on any particular Emergency to iffue. II. And

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Seizures reflored to Proprietors on such Conditions as Commissioners Mall direct, &c. C. 96, 97.

II. And be it further enacted, That in any case wherein the said Commissioners of the Customs in England and Scotland respectively shall exercise the Powers hereby vested in them, such Goods or Commodities, Ships, Vessels, Boats, Horses, Cattle or Carriages shall be restored to the Proprietor or Proprietors in such manner and on such Terms and Conditions as under the Circumstances of the case shall appear to the faid Commissioners in England and Scotland respectively to be reasonable, and as they shall think fit to direct; and if the said Proprietor or Proprietors shall comply with the Terms and Conditions prescribed by such Commissioners in England and Scotland respectively, it shall not be lawful for the Officer or Officers of the Customs, or any other Person or Persons as aforesaid who shall have feized such Goods or Commodities, Ships, Vessels, Boats, Horses, Cattle or Carriages, or any other Person or Persons whatever on his or their behalf, to proceed in any manner for the Condemnation thereof; but if such Proprietor or Proprietors shall not comply with the Terms and Conditions prescribed by the faid Commissioners respectively, such Officer or Officers, Person or Persons, shall be at Liberty, and is and are hereby authorized to proceed for the Condemnation of fuch Goods or Commodities, Ships, Vessels, Boats, Horses. Cattle or Carriages, as if this Law had not been made: Provided always, that if fuch Proprietor or Proprietors shall accept the Terms and Conditions prescribed by the said Commissioners of the Customs respectively, such Proprietor or Proprietors shall not have or be eatitled to any Recompence or Damage on account of the Seizure or Detention of such Goods or Commodities, Ships, Vessels, Boats, Horses, Cattle or Carriages, or have or maintain any Action whatever for the same; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithflanding.

Proviso.

C A P. XCVII.

An A& to regulate the Trade between Places in Europe South of Cape Finisterre, and certain Ports in the British Colonies in North America. [26th June 1811.]

49 G. 3. C. 47.

WHEREAS it is expedient that an Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An All to permit certain Articles, the Growth, Production or Manufatture of Europe, to be laden and shipped on board Ships arriving with British North American Produce, and Fift taken by Settlers in the British North American Colonies, at any Port of Europe, in order to be exported to the principal Ports in the British Colonies and · Plantations in North America, should be repealed, and other Provifions should be made for the Encouragement of the said Trade: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Molt Excellent Majerty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the said recited Act shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, any Fruit, Wine, Oil, Salt or Cork, the Produce of any Part of Europe South of Cape Finisterre, may be shipped and laden in any Port or Place of Europe South of Cape Finisterre, for

repealed. Direction for Shipping certain Produce South of Cape Finesterre for Exportation direct to

Exportation, direct to any of the feveral Ports hereinafter mentioned; certain Ports of that is to fay, the Port of Saint John's in the Province of New Brunk British Columbs evick, Saint John's in the Island of Newfoundland, Quebec in the Pro- in North Amevince of Canada, Sydney in the Island of Cape Breton, Halifan and rica. Shelburn in the Province of Nova Scotia, and Charlette Town in Prince Edward's Island, all in North America, on board of any British Ship or Vessel owned, navigated and registered according to Law, which shall have arrived at any Port or Place in Europe South of Cope Finisterre, with Articles of the Growth or Produce of the said Colonies, or with Fish taken and cured by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on the Fisheries from any of the faid Colonies or Plantations, or from any Part of the United Kingdom, or with any of the Goods or Commodities hereinafter mentioned from the Province of Canada, whether such Goods and Merchandize shall be the Growth or Produce of the Province of Canada, or shall have been brought into the faid Province by Land or Inland Navigation.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Articles aforesaid, the Duties. Produce of any Part of Europe South of Cape Finisherre, shall, before the Importation thereof into any of the leveral Ports before enumerated, be subject and liable to the Payment of such Duties as Goods of the like Denomination or Description are subject and liable to, upon being imported into any of the laid feveral Ports from Great Britain, and no other or higher Duties; any thing in any Act or

Acts of Parliament to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Merchant or other Person Exporter of exporting any Cargo from any Port in the Provinces of Nova Scotia Cargo from Nova or of New Brunswick, for any Port of Europe South of Cape Finish Scotia, &c. to any Port South serre, under this Act, shall make Oath at the Port of Shipment in of Cape Finish those Provinces before the Chief Officer of the Customs at such Port, terre to make or before the Naval Officer in Command at Such Port, which Oath Oath to certain fuch Officer of the Customs or Naval Officer is hereby authorized to Particulars, &c. administer, that the Cargo so shipped is the Growth and Produce of the faid Provinces, or the Produce of the British Fisheries in North America, really and bona fide taken and cured by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on the said Fisheries from some of the said Colonies or Plantations, and such Officer of the Customs or Naval Officer at such Port of Shipment shall certify such Oath under his Hand, which Certificate shall be produced by the Master or other Person having the Charge or Command of the Ship or Veffel on board of which any fuch Cargo is shipped, on his Arrival at the Port in Europe within the Limits aforelaid to which such Cargo shall be configued, or to which such Ship or Vessel shall go for the Delivery of the Cargo; and the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel shall make Oath before the British Consul there resident, or if there shall be no British Consul there refident, then before Two known British Merchants there refident, (which Oath he or they are hereby authorized and required to adminilter) that the Certificate so produced was the Certificate of the Officer of the Customs or Naval Officer whole Name it bears, and was duly figned by him.

V. And be it further enacted. That it shall be lawful to export Expertation of from Canada, in a British-built Ship, owned, navigated and registered Wheat, &c. according to Law, into any Port of Europe within the Limits afore- from Canada faid, the feveral Articles hereinafter mentioned, without any Oath Europe within

Limits aforefaid, &c. Certificate of Growth produced by MasC.97.

being required of their being the Growth or Produce of the said Province, or any Certificate being required of the Country from whence they came; that is to fay, Wheat, Flour, Peafe, Beans, Oats, Barley, Indian Corn, Rye, White Oak Staves and Heading dreffed or undressed, Hoops, Pine Plank and Boards; and the Master or other Person having Charge of any such Eritish-built Ship or Vessel laden with any of the said Articles, and exporting the same from Canada to any Port of Europe within the Limits aforesaid, shall only be required to produce a Certificate from the Chief Officer of the Cultoms, or the Naval Officer in Command at Quebec, that the faid Articles were either the Growth of or brought into Canada conformably to the Regulations established by Law in the said Province (if any) by Land or Inland Navigation, from Countries bordering thereon; and which Certificate such Officer of the Customs or Naval Officer is hereby authorized and required to grant upon fatisfactory Proof being made upon Oath or otherwise (which Oath he is authorized to administer) and the Authenticity of such Certificate shall be Iworn to in manner aforesaid, by the Master or other Person having the Charge of such Ship or Vessel at the Port of Delivery in Europe, within the aforesaid Limits.

Before Ship-Exportation from Canada, Oath that they are the Produce of the British American Fisheries.

VI. And be it further enacted, That before the Shipment on ment of Fish for board any such British-built Ship or Vessel, of any Pickled Fish, or Dry Fish, for the Purpose of Exportation from Canada, to any Port of Europe within the Limits aforefaid, the Person in whose Possession the same has continued from the time of its being landed from the Fishing Vessel employed in the taking it, until the same shall be shipped for Exportation, shall make Oath before the Chief Officer of the Customs, or the Naval Officer in Command at Quebec (who shall be authorized to administer such Oath), that the same was the Produce of the British American Fisheries, really and bona fide taken and cured by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on the said Fisheries from fome of the faid Colonies or Plantations, and on fuch Oath being taken at Quebec, the said Officer of the Customs or Naval Officer shall grant Certificate thereof signed with his Hand, which Certificate only the Master or other Person having Charge of such Ship or Vessel shall be required to produce at the Port of Delivery in Europe within the Limits aforefaid, and shall make Oath of the Authenticity of fuch Certificate in manner aforesaid.

Forfeitures how recovered and applied.

VII. And be it further enacted, That any Ship or Vessel, or any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, subject to Forseiture under the Provisions of this Act, thall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs in the faid Colonies or Plantations respectively, or by the Commander of any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels of War; and the same shall and may be prosecuted, sued for, recovered and divided in the same Manner and Form, and by the same Rules and Regulations in all-respects, as far as the same are applicable, as any other Forfeiture imposed by any Act or Acts made for the Security of the Revenue, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, or for the Regulation of Trade or Navigation, and which were in force on or immediately before the passing of this Act, may be prosecuted, fued for, recovered and divided, in any British Colony or Plantation in America.

C A P. XCVIII.

An Act to indemnify fuch Perfons in the United Kingdom as have omitted to give Securities and to register Memorials thereof, under an Act of the last Session of Parliament, and for extending the times limited for those Purposes respectively, until Two Months after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament. [26th June 1811.]

WHEREAS divers Perfons who, by reason of their Appointments to or holding of superior Off ments to or holding of certain Offices or Employments, or Commissions Civil or Military, in any Publick Department, or of · Publick Trust, or who, by reason of being concerned in the Cole lection, Receipt, Difbursement or Expenditure of any Publick Money, or otherwise, are or may be required or bound, under the · Provisions of an Act passed in the Fiftieth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, An All to regulate the taking of Securities in all 50 G 3. c. 85. · Offices in respect of which Security ought to be given; and for avoiding the Grant of all such Offices, in the Event of such Security not being · given within a time to be limited after the Grant of fuch Office, to give any fuch Security, or to register any such Memorial as is mentioned in that Act, or to give Notice of the Death of any Surety, or, upon the Death of any luch Surety, to give Security of another Surety, and to register a Memorial of the Security of such new Surety-· according to the Directions of that Act, have, through Ignorance of the Law, Absence, or some unavoidable Accident, omitted or • may omit to give such Securities and to cause such Memorials thereof to be duly registered, or to give Notice of the Death of any Surety as aforefaid, within fuch time and in fuch manner as in and by the · faid Act is required, whereby they have incurred, or may be in Danger of incurring divers Penalties and Disabilities; For preventing any Inconveniences that might otherwise happen by means of fuch Omissions, be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all and every Person or Persons in what case who at or before the passing of this Act hath or have omitted, or Persons required shall have omitted, or shall after the passing of this Act omit to give by secreted Act fuch Security, and to cause such Memorial thereof to be duly to give Securities who have registered, in such manner, as in and by the said registed AA is registered, in such manner, as in and by the faid recited Act is omitted to do so, required, or to give Notice of the Death of any such Surety as afore- or to register faid, and who after being appointed to and accepting any fuch Office, Memorials Place or Employment, or undertaking any thing, on account of which thereof, indemfuch Security ought to have been or ought to be given, and fuch nified. Memorial thereof registered at any time before the passing of this Act, hath or have given fuch Security, and registered such Memorial, or given such Notice, or who at any time before the Expiration of Two' Months from the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament, shall give such Security, and register such Memorial, or give such Notice as aforesaid, in such cases, in such manner, and at or in such Place or Places as are appointed in and by the faid recited Act, shall be and are hereby indemnified, freed and discharged from and against all Penalties, Forfeitures, Incapacities and Difabilities incurred or to be incurred for or by reason of any Neglect or Omission of giving any fuch Security, or registering any such Memorial, or giving any such

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Notice according to the above mentioned Act; and such Person and Persons is and arc, and shall be fully and actually recapacitated and restored to the same State and Condition as he, she or they were in before such Neglect or Omission; and that all Acts done or to be done by any fuch Person or Persons, or by Authority derived from him, her or them, are and shall be of the same Force and Validity. as the same or any of them would have been, if such Person or Persons respectively had given such Security, and registered such Memorial, or given such Notice according to the Directions of the said Act.

Such Securities and Memorials to he given to and registered by the proper Per-

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all fuch Securities and Memorials shall and may be given and registered to and by the same Officers and Persons in the same manner, and under the like Rules, Regulations and Provisions, within the extended Persod allowed by this Act, for the giving or registering thereof respectively, as if such Securities had been given and such Memorials registered within the respective Periods limited for those Purposes in the said recited Act.

General Issue.

III. And be it further enacted, That in case any Action, Suit, Bill of Indictment or Information, shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be brought, carried on or profecuted, against any Perfon or Persons hereby meant or intended to be indemnified, recapacitated or reflored, for or on account of any Forfeiture, Penalty, Incapacity or Difability whatfoever, incurred or to be incurred by any fuch Neglect or Omission, such Person or Persons may plead the General Issue, and upon their Desence give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence upon any Trial to be had thereupon.

C A P. XCIX.

An Act for removing Doubts as to the registering of certain Property purchased or fold under the Land Tax Redemption Act, in Right of which Persons may claim to vote at Elections of Members to serve in Parliament.

[26th June 1811.]

§ 154.

6.3. c. 116. WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty second Year of His present Majesty, intituled. An All for consolidation the His present Majesty, intituled, An Att for consolidating the · Provisions of the several Acts passed for the Redemption and Sale of the Land Tux, into One A&, and for making further Provision for the Reclemption and Sale thereof; and for removing Doubts respecting the Right of Persons claiming to vote at Elections for Knights of the Shire, and other Members to serve in Parliament, in respect of Meffunges, Lands or Tenements, the Land Tax upon which shall be ve been redeemed or purchased, Purchasers of Land Tax charged upon Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, are by virtue of that Act adjudged, deemed and taken to be in the actual Seizin and Pollession of yearly Rents or Sums, as Fee Farm Rents, equal in Amount to the Land Tax so purchased by them. to be iffuing and payable out of the Manors, Meffuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments whereon the Land Tax so purchased was charged: And whereas no Person is allowed by Law to vote for electing any Member of Parliament, in respect of any Annuity, · Fee Farm Rent or Rent Charge, without the same being first duly registered in manner directed by Law: And whereas Doubts have · arifen

arisen whether any Person can vote at an Election for a Member of Parliament in respect of any Land Tax so purchased as aforesaid, without the same or some Memorial of the Contract or Certificate for fuch Purchase being first registered, in the same manner as other . Fee Farm Rents, Rent Charges and Annuities, or Memorials of the Grant thereof, are required to be registered as aforesaid; Now, for removing such Doubts, be it enacted and declared by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, of the United Kingdom in Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That in order to entitle any Person to vote at an Election for Registry of a Member of Parliament, in respect of Land Tax so purchased as Purchase of aforefaid, it shall not be necessary to have the same or any Memorial Land Tax noe of the Contract or Certificate of the Purchase thereof registered, title to vote at as other Fee Farm Rents and Annuities, or a Memorial of the Grant Elections. thereof, are required by Law to be registered before any Person can vote for electing a Member of Parliament in respect thereof.

CAP. C.

An Act to amend an Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to regulate the Trial of Caufes, Indictments and other Proceedings which arise within the Counties of certain Cities and Towns Corporate within this Kingdom. [26th June 1811.]

HEREAS by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the 38 G. 3. C. 52, Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, ' intituled, An A& to regulate the Trial of Causes, Indiaments and · other Proceedings which arise within the Counties of certain Cities and Towns Corporate within this Kingdom, it is, amongst other things, enacted, that it should and might be lawful for any Prosecutor or Prosecutors to prefer his, her or their Bill or Bills of Indictment, for any Offence or Offences committed or charged to be committed within the County of any City or Town Corporate, to the Jury of the County next adjoining to the County of fuch ' City or Town Corporate, Iworn and charged to enquire for the King for the Body of such adjoining County, at any Sessions of Oyer and Terminer or General Gaol Delivery; and that every such Bill of Indicament found to be a true Bill by fuch Jury should be e valid and effectual in Law, as if the same had been found to be a true Bill by any Jury fworn and charged to enquire for the King, for the Body of the County of fuch City or Town Corporate: And "whereas it was further provided by the said recited Act, that if it 4 should appear, in the manner therein mentioned, to any Court of · Oyer and Terminer or General Gaol Delivery for the County of any City or Town Corporate, that any Indictment found by any Grand 4 Jury of the County of fuch City or Town Corporate, or any Inquifation taken before the Coroner or Coroners of the County of fuch ' City or Town Corporate, or other Franchise, was fit and proper to be tried by a Jury of any next adjoining County, that the same Proceedings and Trial should be had, and the same Judgment should ' be given as would and might be had and given in cases of Indictments ' or Inquilitions for the like Offences committed within fuch next adfoin'n;

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joining Counties; but no Power was given in cases of Conviction, in pursuance of any of the Provisions in the said recited Act, of ordering the Execution of the Sentence in the County of the City or Town Corporate within which the Offence had been committed, and was charged to have been committed: And whereas it may be fit and expedient, that in such cases the Punishment should be inflicted, and the Sentences put in Execution, in the respective Counties of the Cities or Towns Corporate where such Offences had been fo committed: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Court before which any Conviction shall have taken place in pursuance of the Provisions of the faid recited Act, to order every such Convict to be punished according to Law, either within the County where such Conviction shall have taken place, or within the County of the City or Town Corporate wherein such Offence shall have been committed; and in cases where the Court shall order such Convict to be punished within the County of fuch City or Town Corporate, it shall and may be lawful for the Court after passing Sentence upon every such Convict or Convicts to order him, her or them to be delivered into the Cuftody of the Sheriff or Sheriffs, Gadler or other proper Officers or Officers of the County of fuch City or Town Corporate, and the Sheriff or Sheriffs, Gaoler or other proper Officer or Officers of the County of fuch City or Town Corporate is and are hereby commanded to receive into his or their Custody every such Convict or Convicts, and to execute the Sentence so passed upon him, her and them in such adjoining County, as if he, the or they had been tried and had received fuch Sentence in the County of fuch City or Town Corporate.

In what cases Sentence may be executed in the County of the City or Town Corporate.

38 G. 3. c. 52 § 8.

" II. And whereas it is provided by the faid in Part recited A&. that in all cases of Indictments and other Proceedings which may be tried before His Majesty's Justices of Oyer and Terminer or General Gaol Delivery, for any County in purfuance of the Provisions contained in the faid Act, it should and might be lawful for such Justices to order the Expences of the Profecution, and of the Wite nesses, and of the several Rewards payable in pursuance of the Statutes in such cases made and provided on the Conviction of Offenders, to be paid by and to the same Persons and in the same manner as the same would have been payable if such Indictment had been tried in the Court of Oyer and Terminer or General Gaol Delivery of the County of such City or Town Corporate: And whereas it is just and expedient that a fimilar Provision should be made for the Payment of all other Expences which may be incurred by any such adjoining County in relation to any Person who may be tried or removed for Trial to fuch adjoining County, for any Offence committed or charged to have been committed in the County of any fuch City or Town Corporate; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Justices of Over and Terminer or General Gaol Delivery, at any Session thereof holden for fuch County, and they are hereby required to order all Expences whatfoever incurred by fuch County in relation to any Person who shall be tried in such County or removed thither for Trial, for any Offence

Proviso for Payment of Expences not before provided for by the County of a City or Town Corpugate.

Offence committed or charged to have been committed within the *County of any fuch City or Town Corporate, as well in maintaining and supporting such Person and carrying the Sentence into Execution as in any other respect, to be repaid to the Treasurer of such County or other Person acting as Treasurer of such County, or who shall have actually paid such Expences, by the same Person or Persons and in the same manner as the same would have been payable if such Offender or supposed Offender had remained in the County of such City or Town Corporate, and had been tried in the Court of Oyer and Terminer or General Gaol Delivery of the County of fuch City or Town Corporate, and as if the Sentence with respect to such Offender had been carried into Execution within the County of such City or Town Corporate.

CAP. CI.

An A& for amending an A& of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for regulating the British White Herring Fishery, [26th June 1811.]

THEREAS it is deemed expedient that the Bounty granted 48 G.3. C 220. by an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present \$1. Majesty, intituled, An All for the further Encouragement and better Regulation of the British White Herring Fishery, until the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and from thenceforth to the End of the then next Seffion of Parliament, should be extended to Vessels under the Burthen of Sixty Tons;' Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the Bounty of Three Pounds per Ton granted by the faid Act to the Owner or Owners of any whole-decked Buss or Vessel of not less than Forty five Tons Burthen, (a) being British-built, owned in Great Britain, and manned, navigated and registered according to Law, which shall be fitted out for and be actually employed in the Deep Sea British White Herring Fishery on the Coasts of Great Britain or Ireland, in the manner and subject to all the Regulations and Provisions prescribed (a) [The original Att is so, but the whole by the faid Act. Intent of the Enaument appears to be omitted.

II. And be it further enacted, That no fuch Vessel of less than How Vessels Sixty Tons and not less than Forty five Tons Burthen shall be deemed manned, to be properly fitted out for and to be duly employed in the British Deep Sea White Herring Fishery, so as to entitle the Owner or Owners to any Bounty on the Tonnage thereof by virtue of the faid Ac, unless such Bus or Vessel shall be manned with Ten Men, or with Eight Men and Two Boys not under Thirteen Years of Age.

C A P. CII.

An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, for discharging from the Claims of the Crown certain Real and Personal Estates belonging to General De Lancey, late Barrack Master General, and verted in Trustees for Sale; and also for verting and 51 GEO. III.

fettling certain Lands heretofore contracted to be purchased by the said General De Lancey in Trustees, to be sold for Payment of a Debt due to the Crown, and for other Purposes relative thereto.

[26th June 1811.]

47 G. 3. Seff. 2. c. 69.

Indenture dated Aug. 27, 1806.

HEREAS an Act of Parliament was passed in the Forty feventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Aa for discharging from the Claims of the Crown certain Real and Personal Estates belonging to General De Lancey, late Barrack Master General, and vested in Trustees for Sale, reciting, among other things, that by Indenture of Bargain and Sale, inrolled in the Court of Chancery, and dated the Twenty seventh Day of August One thousand eight hundred and six, and made between the said Oliver De Lancey, therein stiled Lieutenant General of His Majesty's Forces, and some time since Superintendant General of Barracks, ' and afterwards and late Barrack Master General of all the Barracks for His Majesty's Forces, of the First Part; the Right Honourable ' William Wyndham Baron Grenville, the Right Honourable Henry Petty (commonly called Lord Henry Petty), the Honourable John Charles Spencer (commonly called Viscount Althorp), the Right "Honourable William Wickham and John Courtenay Esquire, being then the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, of the Second Part; and William Mitford and Joseph Alcock Esquires, of the Third Part; reciting, that divers Sums of Public Money to a very confiderable Amount had been imprested to the said Oliver De Lancey during his Continuation in the Office of Barrack Mafter General, and upon investigating his Accounts with Government, it had been found that a confiderable Balance was fill remaining in his Hands, but the exact Amount of fuch Balance had not been ascertained; he the said Oliver De Lancey, by the Direction of the faid Lords Commissioners, did in the manner and by the Description therein mentioned, grant, bargain, sell and confirm, direct, limit and appoint all the Frechold Effates of him the faid Oliver De Lancey, in the County of Surrey, unto and to the Use of them the faid William Mitford and Joseph Alcock, and their Heirs and Affigns, for ever, (among other Trusts) upon Trust to sell the same (except what had been contracted to be fold or exchanged as therein mentioned), and upon Payment into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer of the Money for which the same should be fold, to the Account of the faid Oliver De Lancey, to convey the same to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, or as he or they should direct; and that it was by the faid Indenture declared, that all the Monies, which should in virtue thereof be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, should be so paid to the Intent that the fame might be applied towards satisfying the Balance due or that " might be found due from the faid Oliver De Lancey to His Majetty or his Successors, upon the final settling of the aforesaid Accounts. of him the faid Oliver De Lancey, and also reciting in the faid A& of Parliament, that it was apprehended that Purchasers might object to the Title of the Estates comprized or described in that Indenture for want of a Quietus or Discharge from the Crown for the Monies due and owing from the faid Oliver De Lancey upon the Balance of his aforesaid Accounts, it was enacted that, from and immediately after the passing of that Act, all and singular the Freehold Heredif tamenta.

C. 102.

f taments, which, in and by the faid Indenture of Bargain and Sale, were granted, bargained and fold, with their Rights, Members and Appurtenances, should remain, continue and be vested in them, the faid William Mitford and Joseph Alcock, and their Heirs and Affigns, upon and for the Trusts, Intents and Purposes, and under and subject to the Powers, Provisoes, Declarations and Agreements. in and by the faid Indenture of Bargain and Sale, limited, expressed and declared, of and concerning the same, freed and discharged and absolutely released, acquitted, exempted and exonerated, of and from all Sums of the Public Money, which had been imprested or advanced to the faid Oliver De Lancey during his Continuation in the Office of Superintendant General of Barracks, and in the Office of Barrack Master General as aforesaid, and of and from all Claims and Demands of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for and on account of the same: And whereas Part of the Land intended to be conveyed by the faid Indenture of Bargain and Sale to the faid William Mitford and Joseph Alcock, and their Heirs and Affigns, to be fold as aforesaid, and also intended to be confirmed to them • the faid Trustees by the faid Act of Parliament, discharged from all Claims of the Crown as aforefaid, confifted of Two Pieces of Freehold Land, containing Fifty Acres or thereabouts, Part of Effingham Upper Common, lying in the Manor of Effingham East " Court, in the County of Surrey, which had been set out and allotted by George Smallpiece, the Commissioner of an Inclosure Act passed in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, as Land to be fold to pay the Expences incurred by that Act, and which Land the faid Commissioner had contracted to fell to the faid Oliver De Lancey, in confideration of the Sum of Six hundred and seventy five Pounds, which was paid by the said Oliver De Lancey to the faid Commissioner: And whereas it being discovered that the said Commissioner appointed by the said Act of the Forty fecond Year aforefaid, did not take his Oath of Qualification directed by the faid Inclosure Act of the Forty second Year aforcfaid, prior to his fetting out and allotting the faid Two Pieces of Land, containing Fifty Acres or thereaboute, as Land to be fold • to pay the Expences incurred under the same Act, and his contracting to fell the same to the said Oliver De Lancey as aforesaid, it was conceived that the said setting out and Allotment and the said Contract to fell were void; and accordingly he the faid Commissioner · having first taken his Oath of Qualification as directed by the faid Act of the Forty second Year aforesaid, did, on or before the Sixth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and eight, in pursuance of the Powers and Authorities given to and vested in him by that Act, and the Act therein recited, and for the Purpose of paying and defraying the Charges and Expences incurred in obtaining and passing the said Act of the Forty second Year aforefaid, and of all other incidental Charges and Expences whatfoever preparatory to the faid Inclosure, and of carrying the same into Execution, affign and allot Two Pieces or Parcels of Land, containing together Fifty Acres Part of Effingham Upper Common aforesaid, lying in the aforesaid Manor of Effingham East Court, being the same Lands as were originally set out and allotted, and contracted to be fold by the said Commissioner as aforesaid: And whereas the aforesaid Sum of Six hundred and seventy five Pounds, X 2

C. 102.

· fo paid to the faid Commissioner George Smallpiece by the faid Oliver De Lancey as aforesaid, remained in the Hands of him the said Commissioner; and he the said Oliver De Lancey being desirous that the faid Two Pieces of Land containing Fifty Acres should be allotted to and vested in the said William Mitford and Joseph Alcock, and their Heirs and Affigns, upon the Trufts of the faid Indenture of Bargain and Sale, and Act of the Forty seventh Year aforefaid; and that they the faid William Mitford and Joseph Alcock ' should as such Trustees become the Purchasers thereof for the faid Sum of Six hundred and seventy five Pounds, the Money of the faid Oliver De Lancey, so paid by him to the faid Commissioner as aforefaid, he the faid Commissioner George Smallpiece did, by an Instrument in Writing under his Hand, dated the Sixth Day of February One thousand eight hundred and eight, acknowledged to have that Day received of and from the faid William Misford and Joseph Alcock, Trustees of the said Oliver De Lancey, the Sum of Six hundred and feventy five Pounds, to be applied by him in defraying such Charges and Expences as were in and by the faid Act of the Forty second Year aforesaid directed to be paid and discharged by the Sale of such Land, being the best Price that could be gotten for the same Pieces or Parcels of Ground; and he 6 the said Commissioner George Smallpiece did declare the same to be the full Amount of the Purchase Money for the Fee Simple and Inheritance of and in the same Pieces or Parcels of Land to purs chased by the said William Mitford and Joseph Alcock, Trustees of the faid Oliver De Lancey: And whereas the faid Commissioner George Smallpiece duly made and executed his Award in Writing pursuant to the Directions of the said Act of the Forty second Year aforesaid, dated the Ninth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eight, and did thereby fet out and affign and allot the Part or Parts of the Common or Waste Lands by that Act directed or authorized to be divided or inclosed next hereinafter particularly described, being the aforesaid Two Pieces or Parcels of Land, containing Fifty Acres; that is to fay, One Piece or Parcel of Land, containing Twenty Acres One Rood and Thirty fix Perches. marked on the Plan thereto annexed III. bounded on the East by 4 Allotment marked VII. on the faid Plan, and on the South West and North Sides thereof by the First, Third and Fourth described · Public Roads or Highways, the Fences on the South West and North Sides whereof the faid Commissioner did thereby order and direct to be made, and for ever after maintained and kept in Repair by the faid William Mitford and Joseph Alcock, Trustees as afore-* faid, or the Owners of the faid Allotment for the time being; and One other Piece or Parcel of Land containing Twenty nine Acres 4 Two Roods and Four Perches, marked IV. on the faid Plan, bounded on the East by an Allotment marked XX. on the faid · Plan; on the South, East, West and North by the Second, Third and First described Public Roads or Highways, the Fences against 4 which faid Roads the faid Commissioner did thereby order and direct to be made, and for ever after maintained and kept in Repair by and at the Expence of the faid William Mitford and Joseph Alcack, Trustees as aforesaid, or the Owners of the said Allotment for the time being, which said Two Pieces or Parcels of Land containing * together Fifty Acres, the faid Commissioner had set out, affigned < and

and allotted as being in his Judgment fufficient to raile a competent Sum of Money for paying the Charges and Expences of obtaining and passing the said Act of the Forty second Year aforefaid, and all other incidental Charges and Expences whatfoever, for or by reason of or preparatory to the said Division and Inclo-Iure, and of carrying that Act into complete Execution: And whereas the said William Mitford and Joseph Alcock have, in Execution of the Trusts reposed in them by the said recited Indenture of Bargain and Sale, and Act of the Forty seventh Year aforesaid, contracted to sell to a Purchaser a considerable Part of the said entrusted Estates, comprising the said Two Pieces of Land, con-* taining Fifty Acres; but an Objection hath been made to the Title of the faid Fifty Acres, upon the Ground that the same are not well * vested in the said William Mitford and Joseph Alcock upon the Trusts aforesaid, by the Contract and Award so made by the said Commissioner George Smallpiece, with and to them the same Trustees as aforefaid, and also that the same Lands are not discharged from the Claims of the Crown, for the Monies due and owing from the faid Oliver De Lancey, upon the Balance of his aforefaid Accounts: And whereas it is expedient that all fuch Objections be removed: And whereas it is in and by the afore aid Indenture of Bargain and Contract with Sale of the Twenty seventh Day of August One thousand eight Right Honhundred and fix, recited, that the said Oliver De Lancey had for a I entered into a Contract dated the Twenty first Day of August Land. • One thousand eight hundred and four, with the Right Honourable · Richard Brinfley Sheridan, One of His Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council, and then Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy, for the Purchase of Ten Acres Three Roods and Fourteen Perches of Land, situate in Effingham aforesaid, and had paid to him the said * Richard Brinfley Sheridan the Sum of Five hundred Pounds as the Price thereof, but no Conveyance thereof had been executed by him the faid Richard Brinfley Sheridan; and after such Recital, it is by the same Indenture witnessed, that in consideration of all and fingular the Premises, he the faid Oliver De Lancey did grant, bargain, sell and assign unto the said William Mitford and Joseph Alcock, their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, The said Contract so entered into with the faid Richard Brinfley Sheridan, and all Benefit and Advantage thereof, and also the said Sum of Five hundred Pounds, and all Interest due or to become due thereon. upon Trust and to the Intent that they the same Trustees should procure the faid Contract to be specifically performed by a Conveyance from the faid Richard Brinfley Sheridan, his Heirs or Affigns, or by his or their Procurement of the faid Lands comprized in the faid Contract, such Conveyance to be made to them the faid William Mitford and Joseph Alcock, and their Heirs and Assigns for ever, upon and to and for such and the same Trusts, Ends, Intents and Purposes, and under and subject to such and the same Provisoes, Declarations and Agreements as are thereinbefore expressed and declared of and concerning the said other Hereditaments thereby directed to be fold: And whereas it is in and by the faid Act of Parliament of the Forty seventh Year aforesaid recited, that the Land mentioned in the faid recited Indenture of Bargain and Sale, as having been contracted to be purchased by the laid Oliver De Lancey of the faid Richard Brinfley Sheridan, from its Contiguity

R.B. Sheridan

Contiguity to the Capital Messuage or Tenement at Effingham aforesaid, comprized in the same Indenture, was extremely cone venient to be enjoyed therewith, and it had not yet been afcerstained that the faid Richard Brinfley Sheridan could make a good 4 Title thereto, and it might happen that some Person or Persons other than the faid Richard Brinfley Sheridan might be capable of making such Title, and it was apprehended that, from the faid Piece or Parcel of Land being comprized in the fame Title with other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments of greater Value, it might be found impracticable to purchase the same Piece or Parcel of Land separately and detached from such other Lands, • Tenements and Hereditaments, it was by the flaid Act therefore further enacted, That if it should be found impracticable to complete the said Contract for the Purchase of the said Piece or Parcel of Land, containing Ten Acres Three Roods and Fourteen Perches, or thereabouts, of the faid Richard Brinfley Sheridan, then and in fuch case it should and might be lawful to and for the said " William Mitford and Joseph Alcock, or the Survivor of them, or his Heirs or Assigns, to purchase the said Piece or Parcel of Land. s containing Ten Acres Three Roods and Fourteen Perches, or thereabouts, together with any other Freehold or Copyhold Meffuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, fituate in the faid Parish of 5 Effingham, or in any adjoining Parish or Place, so as the Purchase Money for the same should not exceed the Sum of Five thousand · Pounds; and it was thereby further enacted, That all and fingular the Freehold and Copyhold Messuages, Lands, Tenements and · Hereditaments, which should be purchased by them the said Wil-Iiam Mitford and Joseph Alcock, or the Survivor of them, his Heirs or Assigns as aforesaid, should be conveyed or assured unto and to the Use of them or him, and their or his Heirs and Assigns for ever, upon and to and for the Trusts, Ends, Intents and Purposes, s and under and subject to the Powers, Provisoes, Declarations and · Agreements in and by the faid therein recited Indenture of Bargain and Sale, expressed and declared of and concerning the Freehold Manor and other Hereditaments thereby bargained and fold as aforefaid: And whereas the faid William Mitford and Joseph Alcock having found it impracticable to complete the faid Contract for the Purchase of the said Land containing Ten Acres Three Roods and · Fourteen Perches, or thereabouts, separately and detached from other Lands and Hereditaments, they the same Trustees conceived it incumbent upon them to purchase the Freehold and Copyhold · Messuage or Tenement, Lands and other Hereditaments described in, and granted and released and covenanted to be surrendered by the feveral Indentures of Lease and Release hereinafter mentioned. of which Freehold Hereditaments the faid Land, containing Ten Acres Three Roods and Fourteen Perches, is Parcel: And whereas, under and by virtue of certain Indentures of Lease and Release, dated respectively the Eleventh and Twelfth Days of December De thousand eight hundred, the Release being made between Sir ! William Geary Baronet, of the First Part; Charles Carpenter Esquire of the Second Part; the Right Honourable Richard Brinsley Sheridan, One of His Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council, then Richard Brinfley Sheridan Esquire, of the Third Part; John Robert Cooker Esquire of the Fourth Part; and Barnard ! Cranstoun

Indeatures of 11th and 12th Desember 1800, and of 11th and 12th September, 1810.

C. 102.

• Cransleun Cocker Gentleman, of the Fifth Part; by the Recitals in which faid Indenture of Release it appears that the said Richard Brinfley Sheridan had previously, by himself or his Agent, contracted for the Purchase of the said last mentioned Freehold and Copyhold Messuages, Farms, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, comprizing the faid Ten Acres Three Roods and Fourteen Perches; and also by or under and by virtue of certain Indentures of Lease and Release, dated respectively the Eleventh and Twelfth Days of September One thousand eight hundred and ten, the Release being made or expressed to be made between the said John Robert · Cocker of the First Part, the faid Barnard Cranftoun Gocker of the Second Part, and the faid William Mitford and Joseph Alcock of the Third Part, several Freehold and Copyhold Messuages, Farms, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, in the fame Indentures particularly described, situate, lying and being in the Parishes of Effingham, Great Bookham and Little Bookham, in the faid County of Surrey, of which Freehold Hereditaments the faid Piece or Par-· cel of Land, containing Ten Acres Three Roods and Fourteen Perches is Part and Parcel, have been, for the Confiderations in the same Indentures expressed, and particularly in consideration of the Sum of Five thousand fix hundred Pounds paid by the said William Mitford and Joseph Alcock to the faid John Robert Cocker, as the Purchase Money for the same Freehold and Copyhold Premiles granted and released and conveyed and covenanted to be fur-4 rendered unto and to the Use of them the said William Mitsord and Joseph Alcock, and their Heirs and Assigns for ever: And whereas the faid Piece or Parcel of Land containing Ten Acres Three Roods and Fourteen Perches is Part of the faid entrusted Estates contracted to be sold by the said William Mitford and Jofeph Alcock to a Purchaser; but an Objection hath been made to the Title of the faid Ten Acres Three Roods and Fourteen * Perches, for Want of a Quietus or Discharge from the Crown for the Monies due and owing, or that may be found due and owing from the faid Richard Brinfley Sheridan, upon the Balance of his Accounts with the Crown as Treasurer of the Navy; and it is apprehended that for the same Reason the Title of the Residue of the faid Freehold Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Heredita- ments comprized in the faid last mentioned Indentures of Lease and Release may be objected to, and it is expedient that such Objections be removed: And whereas the faid Sum of Five thousand fix hundred Pounds paid by the faid William Mitford and Joseph Alcock, as the Confideration for the Freehold and Copyhold Hereditaments fo purchased by them as aforesaid, exceeds the Sum of Five thoufand Pounds, which by the aforefaid Act of the Forty feventh · Year aforesaid they were authorized to lay out in a Purchase as aforesaid by the Sum of Six hundred Pounds; And whereas they the faid William Mitford and Juseph Alcock were induced to make I fuch Purchase, (though the same was to the Extent of the said Sum of Six hundred Pounds an Excess of their Trust) on account of the great Benefit and Advantage that would thereby be derived to s the Bulk of the Estates vested in them the said William Mitford s and Joseph Alcock in Trust to be sold as aforesaid; and it is reafonable, under the particular Circumstances of this case, that the faid William Mitford and Joseph Alcock be indemnified for having X 4

The Freehold and other Premises aforesaid to continue vefted in Truftees in Trust exonerated of all Claims of the Crown, &c.

• fo exceeded the Trust reposed in them: But inasmuch as the Purpoles aforesaid cannot be effected without the Aid and Authority of Parliament; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty. by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and immediately after the passing of this Act, all the aforesaid Two Pieces or Parcels of Land hereinbefore particularly described, containing together Fifty Acres, with their and every of their Rights, Easements, Members and Appurtenances; and also all and fingular the faid Freehold and Copy-hold Messuages, Farms, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, by or under and by virtue of the faid several Indentures of Lease and Releafe granted, releafed and conveyed and covenanted to be furrendered, including the faid Piece or Parcel of Land containing Ten Acres Three Roods and Fourteen Perches, with all the Rights, Easements, Members and Appurtenances thereto belonging, shall be and remain and continue vested in and settled upon and to the Use of them the faid William Mitford and Joseph Alcock, and their Heirs and Affigns for ever, upon and to and for the Truits, Intents and Purposes, and under and subject to the Powers, Provisoes, Declarations and Agreements, in and by the faid Indenture of Bargain and Sale limited, expressed and declared of and concerning the Freehold Hereditaments therein comprized, and thereby conveyed in Trust to be sold as aforefaid, freed and discharged, and absolutely released, acquitted, exempted and exonerated as to, for and concerning the faid Two Pieces of Land containing Fifty Acres, with the Appurtenances, of and from all Sums of the Public Money which have been imprested or advanced to the faid Oliver De Lancey during his Continuation in the Office of Superintendant General of Barracks, and in the Office of Barrack Master General as aforesaid, and of and from all Claims and Demands of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for and on account of the same; and also freed and discharged of and from all Claims and Demands of the faid Oliver De Lancey, his Heirs or Assigns, and as, to, for and concerning all and singular the said Freehold and Copyhold Messuages, Farms, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments by the faid several Indentures of Lease and Release granted and releafed, and covenanted to be furrendered as aforefaid, including the faid Piece or Parcel of Land containing Ten Acres Three Roods and Fourteen Perches, with the Appurtenances, freed and discharged, and absolutely released, acquitted, exempted and exonerated of and from all Sums of the Public Money which have been imprested or advanced to the said Richard Brinsley Sheridan during his Continuance in the Office of Treasurer of the Navy, or for which he is or may be accountable to the Crown in that Character; and of and from all Claims and Demands of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for and on account of the same, and also freed and discharged of and from all Claims and Demands of them the said Richard Brinfley Sheridan and Oliver De Lancey respectively, and their respective Heirs and Assigns; and that all and every Purchaser paying Purchase or Purchasers of the said Messuages, Lands and Hereditaments hereby Money,to enjoy, vested and settled as aforesaid, who shall pay his or their Purchase Money into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer as is expressed in the faid Indenture of Bargain and Sale, and who shall obtain a Receipt

Purchaser, on

Receipt or Receipts, Tally or Tallies, or other Voucher from His Majesty's Exchequer for such respective Purchase Monies, and the Heirs and Assigns of such Purchaser or Purchasers, shall and may for ever hold and enjoy the Lands and Hereditaments hereby vested and fettled, which shall be by him or them respectively purchased as aforefaid, freed and discharged, and absolutely acquitted, released, ex-

empted and exonerated as aforefaid.

II. And be it further enacted, That they the faid William Mil- Truftees indem-. ford and Joseph Alcock, and their respective Heirs, Executors and nised. Administrators, and their and every of their Lands and Tenements, Goods and Chattels, are hereby and from henceforth for ever shall be faved harmless, and indemnified for having made such Purchase as aforefaid for the Price and in manner aforefaid, and also freed and discharged of and from all Claims and Demands whatsoever of His Majesty, and his Heirs and Successors, and of the said Oliver De Laucey, and his Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, for or in respect of the said Purchase so made by them the said William Mitford and Joseph Alcock as aforesaid; and for or in respect of the faid Sum of Five thousand six hundred Pounds so paid for the faid Purchase as aforesaid, or any Part of the same Sum; and for or in respect of any Costs, Charges, Damages or Expences caused or occasioned to the aforesaid entrusted Estates by reason of such Purchase.

III. Saving always to the King's Most Excellent Majesty, his General Saving. Heirs and Successors, (other than and except in respect of the Sums of Money, Claims and Demands hereinbefore released and difcharged); and also saving to all other Bodies Politic and Corporate, and other Persons whomsoever, and their respective Successors, Heirs, Executors and Administrators, and particularly to the Lord or Lords, Lady or Ladies of the Manors, whereof the faid Copyhold Hereditaments hereby vested and settled as aforesaid are respectively holden (other than and except the said Oliver De Lancey and Richard Brinfley Sheridan respectively, and their respective Heirs, Executors and Administrators, and the said William Mitford and Joseph Alcock, and their Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Asfigns), all fuch Estate, Right, Title, Interest, Claim and Demand whatfoever, of, in and to the Messuages, Farms, Lands and Hereditaments hereby vertid and fettled as aforefaid, as they, every or any of them had before the passing of this Act, or could or might have had, held or enjoyed in case this Act had not been made.

IV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be a Public Public Act. Act, and shall be taken Notice of and allowed as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without the same being specially pleaded.

C A P. CIII.

An Act to authorize the allowing Officers to retire on Half Pay or other Allowances, under certain Restrictions.

[26th June 1811.]

· Pay:

WHEREAS it is expedient and necessary, that better Provision should be made for the Retirement of Officers disabled by Wounds, or rendered incapable of Service by Age, Ill Health or Infirmity, and also for enabling Officers removed from the Permanent Staff of the Quarter Master General, to receive Half

A.D. 1811.

His Majestv may allow Officers unfit for Service to retire on Half Pay.

C. 103, 104.

• Pay: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted: and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to allow any Officer in His Majesty's Service who would be entitled upon the Reduction of his Regiment, Battalion or Corps, or of his Commission in His Majesty's Service, to Half Pay, and who shall become unfit for Service, either from Wounds, or Ill Health, or Infirmity, or Age, to be certified to the Secretary at War in manner directed by this Act, and who shall thereupon be allowed to retire under the Provisions of this Act, to have and receive the Half Pay of the Commission which he shall have held at the time of his being so allowed to retire, although the Regiment in which he shall have served, or the Commission which he shall have held, shall not be reduced; and also to allow any Officer removed from the Permanent Staff of the Quarter Master General, to have and receive the Half Pay of the Rank in the Army which he held at the time of being so removed as aforesaid.

Officers in Vegeran Battalions allowed to retire on Full Pay.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to allow any Officer serving in any Veteran Battalion, or any Officer who would by Length of Service or otherwise be entitled to be transferred from any Regiment of the Line to a Veteran Battalion, who shall become or be incapable of serving in such Veteran Battalion, either from Wounds, II Health, Infirmity or Age, to be certified to the Secretary at War in manner directed by this Act, and who shall thereupon be allowed to retire under the Provisions of this Act, to have and receive the full Pay of the Commission which he shall have held at the time of his being so allowed to retire as aforesaid.

Secretary at War and Treitury to direct the Form of Certificates,

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Secretary at War for the time being, and the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, from time to time to order and direct the Form and Nature of the Certificates which shall be given by Medical or other Persons in relation to Officers applying to retire on Half Pay or on Full Pay from any Veteran Battalion, provided that every fuch Certificate shall state whether the Officer by whom the fame shall be transmitted is rendered wholly incapable of serving for Life or only for a temporary Period, together with such other Particulars as shall be required in that behalf; and every such Certificate shall be registered at the War Office, and an Account of the Officers so allowed to retire in each Year shall be laid before Parliament.

C A P. CIV.

An Act for extending and amending the Regulations now in force, relative to the Payment to the Royal Hospital at Chelsea of the forseited and unclaimed Shares of Army Prize · Money. [26th June 1811.]

49 G. 3. c. 123.

HEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, An All to explain and amend an AB made in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for the Encourage Encouragement of Seamen, and for the better and more effectually manning His Majesty's Navy during the present War, and for the further Encouragement of Seamen; and for the better and more effedually providing for the Interest of the Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich, and the Royal Hospital for Soldiers at Chelsea; and to extend the Provisions of the said Att to cases arising in consequence of Hostilities commenced since the passing of the said Aa: . And whereas it is necessary that the said recited Act should be altered and amended; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so \$16 extended to much of the faid recited Act as directs the Payment to the Treasurer all Cases of or Deputy Treasurer of Chelsea Hospital of all unclaimed and unpaid to Con-Shares of Prize or Balances remaining unpaid to Officers and Soldiers, and Troops in the Pay of His Majerty, in cases of conjunct Expeditions with His Majesty's Naval Forces, shall be extended to all cases of Prize and Capture, or any Grant upon Capture or Balances arising therefrom, not claimed by Officers, Soldiers and Troops in the Pay of His Majesty, or acting in any Service or Expedition under the Orders of His Majesty; and all the Provisions of the said recited Act in relation to the Payment of unclaimed Shares of Prize Money, shall extend to authorize and require the Payment in like manner and under the like Restrictions and Regulations of all such unclaimed and unpaid Shares of Prize and Balances remaining unpaid to any Officers or Soldiers, or Troops in the Pay of His Majesty, employed in Military Operations, and not conjointly with the Navy, as fully and effectually as if all the Provisions, Regulations, Authorities, Powers, Penalties, Forfeitures, Matters and Things relating thereto, were severally repeated and re-enacted in the Body of and made Part of this Act.

'II. And whereas the faid recited Act gives all Shares or Balances 49 G. 3. c. 123.
of unclaimed Prize Money which should have been paid into Chelsea § 16. Hospital as aforesaid, and not legally demanded within Six Years from the time of its being so paid in, to the Use of the said Royal Hospital at Chelsea, but gives no Directions with respect to the Appropriation of the Monies during the faid Six Years, except fo far as respects the refunding to Claimants legally entitled to Shares thereof, and except also the Remuneration of Persons employed in carrying the faid recited Act into Execution, and other Expences attending the fame: And whereas it may be expedient, under the Directions of Parliament, to apply from time to time Monies arising from such unclaimed Shares of Prize Money to the Use of Chelsea " Hospital before the Expiration of the said Six Years; Be it enacted, That so much of the said recited Act as requires or may be construed to require the said Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of Chelfea Hospital to retain in his Hands all unclaimed Prize Money for the Period of Six Years from the time the same shall have been paid into his Hands, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; the repealed faid Commissioners retaining always in their Hands such a Sum of Money as in their Judgment will be fufficient to answer any Claims which may be made by the several Persons entitled to such Shares of Prize Money, or their legal Representatives,

III. And

Forfeited Shares or Balances of Prize Money vefted in the Funds.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the faid Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, from time to time to cause any Sum or Sums of Money of the unclaimed or forfeited Shares or Balances of Prize Money so paid in as aforesaid, to be invested in the Public Funds or other Government Securities, in the Name of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor and Deputy Treasurer, for the time being of the faid Royal Hospital, and to direct the Dividends and Interest arising therefrom from time to time to be applied to the general Current Services of the Hospital.

Securities in the ferred to Governor, &c.

IV. Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That Name of Deputy all Investments which have been heretofore made of the unclaimed Tre-furer trans. Prize Money, or Shares or Balances, so paid in as aforesaid in the Public Funds, or other Government Securities, in the Name of the Deputy Treasurer, shall be as legal, valid and effectual, as if the same had been made under the Authority of this Act; and the same Securities shall, after the passing of this Act, be transferred into the Names of the faid Governor, Lieutenant Governor and Deputy Treasurer, and shall vest in them for the Purposes of the said Royal Hospital, as if fuch Investments had been originally made under the Authority of this Act.

Shares of Prize Money raid to Next of Kin without Admimistration, &c. if not exceeding 20L

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of the said Royal Hospital at Chelsea to authorize their Deputy Treasurer to pay to any Person or Persons who shall prove him, her or themselves to the Satisfaction of such Commissioners or of the faid Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer, to be the next of Kin, or legal Representative, or otherwise legally entitled to any Share of Prize Money belonging to any deceased Soldier, any such Share, not exceeding Twenty Pounds, although fuch Person shall not have regularly taken out Letters of Administration, or have procured the Probate of any Will of such deceased Soldier, Seaman or Marine.

Prize Money due to Next of Kin of Foreigners paid without Letters of Administration, &c.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in all cases of Claims for Prize Money to be made upon the faid Royal Hospital at Chelses, by the next of Kin of Foreign Non-commissioned Officers or Soldiers who shall have been in the Pay of His Majesty, and who shall have died intestate, and which next of Kin shall reside out of His Majesty's Dominions, it shall be lawful for the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of the faid Royal Hospital for the time being, to pay and discharge fuch Claims to fuch next of Kin, or any Person or Persons duly authorized by such next of Kin, to receive the same, without requiring the Production of Letters of Administration, to the Person appearing upon the Prize Lift, to be entitled to the Share or Shares which shall be so claimed; and in all cases where such Foreign Non-commissioned Officers or Soldiers shall have made Wills, it shall be lawful for the faid Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer, in like manner to pay and fatisfy such Claims to the Person or Persons who by Inspection of the original Will, or an authenticated Copy thereof, shall appear to be entitled thereto, or to such Person or Persons as he, the or they shall duly authorize to receive the same, without requiring the Production of Probates of fuch Wills.

- VII. And whereas it has been the Practice of Army Agents, Regimental Paymasters and others, to obtain Powers of Attorney from large Proportions of different Regiments, authorizing their
- Receipt of Prize Money from the Prize Agents and from Chelfes

C. 104.

4 Hospital, and large Sums of Money have by virtue of such Powers come into the Hands of fuch Army Agents, Regimental Paymafters and others, for which they ought to account; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Cheljea Commissioners of Hofpital from time to time to iffue Precepts under their Hands, or Chelles Hofpital the Hands of any Three or more of them, directed to such Persons Return from as they may have Reason to believe have received Money under such Persons who Powers as aforefaid, requiring them to make a Return upon Oath have obtained (which Oath any Justice of the Peace, or the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of the faid Royal Hospital at Chelfea, for the time prize Money, of heing, is authorized to administen) of all Monies which may have being, is authorized to administer) of all Monies which may have Money received been received by such Person, under any such Powers as aforesaid, and by them, and directing the Person or Persons to whom such Precepts shall be ad-require Payment dreffed to make Payment within Two Calendar Months after fuch in Two Months Precept shall have been served, of all Monies which may remain in his or their Hands, not paid over to the Parties beneficially entitled to it, to the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of Chelsea Hospital, and such Monies, in case the same shall not be paid over within the time limited by this Act, shall be recoverable from the Person detaining the same by Action for Money had and received, or otherwise, in the Name of such Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of the said Royal Hospital at Chelsea; and the same when so paid in or recovered, shall be for the Use of the Parties beneficially entitled thereto; and Limitation of in case no Claim shall be made thereto for the Space of Six Years Claim of Prise from the time of the same being paid into Chelsea Hospital as afore-said, the same shall be applied to the Use of the said Hospital, and in the mean time and until the Expiration of fuch Six Years, or till the same shall be claimed by the Person or Persons legally entitled thereto, the same shall be invested and applied as Shares of unclaimed Prize Money are hereby directed to be invested and applied.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Accounts laid Deputy Treasurer of the said Royal Hospital at Chelsea, for the before Parliatime being, and he is hereby directed and required to lay annually ment. before both Houses of Parliament an Account in the Form set forth in the Schedule to this Act, or in some Form to the same Tenor and Effect; and that such Accounts shall be made up to the Twenty fourth Day of December in every Year, the First of them to commence from the Twenty fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, up to which Period Accounts have already been

laid before Parliament.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

The Account of the Deputy Treasurer of the Royal Hospital at Chelsea, directed to be annually laid before both Houses of Parliament, by an Act of the 51st Geo.3.

	Dr.			Cı	F
Date of Year.	To Cash arising from forseited and unclaimed Shares of Prize Money, &c. received from Prize Agents, viz. [Here set forth the Names of the several Persons from whom the Monies have been received, the several Sums received from each Person, and the several Captures, &c. to which each Sum relates.] To Do. arising from the Dividends of Interest of Monies invested in the Public Funds or other Government Securities N. B. There are now standing in the Names of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and Deputy Treasurer of the Hospital, and they are in the Possessian of Stock and the other Government Securities under mentioned, videlicet. [Here sate the Particulars.]	£ 1. d.	Date of Year.	By Cath refunded to Claimants By Do. paid in remunerating the Officers of the faid Royal Hospital and other Persons, for their Pains and Trouble in carrying the Provisions of the Acts of the 45 Geo. 3. Cap. 72. 49 Geo. 3. Cap. 123. and 51 Geo. 3. c. into Execution, and in defraying all other contingent Expences attending the same. By Do. invested in the Public Funds or other Government Securities Balance in the Hands of the Treasurer	£ 1. d

CAP. CV.

An Act to enable Persons to bequeath Lands and Tenements to the Commissioners for the Government of The Royal Naval Asylum, and to authorize the said Commissioners to hold the same for the Benesit of the said Asylum; and for amending an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty relating to the said Asylum. [26th June 1811.]

HEREAS His Majesty was pleased, by Warrant under His Royal Sign Manual, dated the Twenty ninth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nine, to establish an Institution, called "The Royal Naval Asylum for the Management and Education of a certain Number of Orphans and other Children of the Non-commissioned Officers and Seamen of His Majesty's Fleet, and of the Royal Marine Forces;" and appointed divers Persons to be Commissioners for the Government thereof; And whereas well disposed Persons may be willing and desirous of devising Freehold Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments to the said Companishing for the Purpose of enabling them to carry into more effectual

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C. 105.

effectual Execution the beneficial Purpoles of the faid Institution, if the Statutes of Mortmain did not prevent such Devises; and it would greatly tend to the Benefit of the faid Afylum, and of the Public, if Power was given for any Person or Persons to devise or give, and for the said Commissioners to accept, take and hold Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments for the Use of the faid Asylum: And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty feventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An 47 G. 3. Sest. & · All for enabling His Majesty to grant the Palace called The King's c. 52. . House, with the Appurtenances, fituate in Greenwich Park, in the · County of Kent, to the Commissioners for the Government of The · Royal Naval Asylum, and for enabling the said Commissioners to appoint a Chaplain to officiate therein, it was, among other things, enacted, That it should be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, by Letters Patent, to grant the Fee Simple and Inheritance of the said Hereditaments and Premises unto and to the " Use of such Persons as His said Majesty had by his Royal War-* rant, bearing Date on the Twenty fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and five, appointed Commissioners for the Govern-• ment of the said Royal Naval Asylum, their Heirs and Assigns, in Trust, for the Use and Benefit of the said Royal Naval Afglum: • And whereas His Majesty was pleased, by virtue and in pursuance of the said Act, by his Royal Letters Patent, bearing Date at . Westminster, the Eighth Day of June in the Forty seventh Year of " His Reign, to give and grant unto His Royal Highness Ernest Duke of Cumberland, and Five of the Commissioners of the said Reyal Naval Alylum, all the Hereditaments and Premises mentioned and comprized in the faid recited Act, to hold to them and their Heirs and Assigns for ever in Trust and for the Use and Be-• nefit of the faid Royal Naval Afylum: And whereas it has been · lately discovered, that there is by Mistake included in the said Act a Piece or Parcel of Ground containing One Acre One Rood and Sixteen Perches which did not belong to His Majesty, but which • belongs to and is the Property of the Governors and Directors of the Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons whomso- Persons may ever to give, devise or bequeath any Messuages, Lands, Tenements devise and Comor Hereditaments to and for the Use and Benefit of The Royal Naval missioners may Afylum; and that the faid Commissioners and their Successors shall accept and hold be able and capable in Law, without Licence in Mortmain, to take be able and capable in Law, without Licence in Mortmain, to take, hold, receive, possess and enjoy to them and their Successors, for the Purposes of the said Asylum, any Manors, Messuages, Lands, Rents, Tenements, Annuities and Hereditaments of what Nature or Kind soever, or any Estate or Interest arising or derived out of any Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to them and their Successors, in Fee and Perpetuity, or for Life or Lives, or Terms of Years, or otherwise, and to let, fell, alien, assign and dispole of the same Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments at their Will and Pleasure, and in such manner as shall be most beneficial for the faid Institution.

47 G. 3. Seff. 1. c. 52.

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, the said Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty (except such Part thereof as relates to the Appointment of a Chaplain to the said Royal Naval Asylum, and except so much thereof as exempts from Penalties, on account of Non-residence, in that Part of the United Kingdom called England, any spiritual Person acting as Chaplain, Auditor, Secretary, or in any other public Office in the said Asylum), shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

repealed.
His Majeffy empowered to grant the Premiles mentioned to the Commifsioners of the Naval Afylum.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, at any time or times hereafter, by Letters Patent, or Indenture or Indentures, under the Great Seal of Great Britain, to grant the Fee Simple and Inheritance of and in all and fingular the capital Messuage or Mansion House, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments and Premises hereinaster mentioned and described, unto and to the Use of such Persons as His faid Majesty has by his Royal Warrant bearing Date on the Twenty fifth Day of July in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and five, in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His faid Majesty, appointed Commissioners for the Government of the said Royal Naval Asylum, their Heirs and Assigns, or to such of the said Commissioners as His Majesty may think sit, their Heire and Assigns, in Trust, for the Use and Benefit of the said Royal Naval Afylum, and for the Purpose of the said Institution; that is to say, the Palace or Mansion House commonly called The King's House or The Queen's Houje, the Ranger's Lodge, with the Gardens, Tilt Yard, Lodges and Appurtenances belonging or appertaining thereto, fituate in Greenwich Park, in the County of Kent, which said Premises comprize all that One Piece or Parcel of Ground, whereon lately flood all that capital Mansion and Offices heretofore called The King's House or The Queen's House (but now called The Royal Naval Asylum), fituate, lying and being within the Parish of East Greenwich, in the County of Kent, abutting towards the North on that Part of Romney's Road which leads from Park Row, at the South East Corner of Greenwich Hospital, to that Part of Romney's Road at the South West Corner of Greenwich Hospital, and there containing Seven hundred and twenty three Feet Eleven Inches, little more or less; and abutting toward the West on a Piece or Parcel of Ground belonging to Greenwich Hospital, and used as a Garden by the Governor of the faid Hospital, and there containing Four hundred and twenty seven Feet Three Inches; thence returning Westward along and abutting Northward on the South End of the faid Garden, and there containing One hundred and thirty seven Feet Five Inches; thence returning again Southward, and abutting further toward the West on that other Part of Romney's Road which leads from Greenwich Park to Ship Dock, and there containing Forty one Feet Eight Inches, little more or less; thence returning Eastward, and abutting toward the South upon Greenwich Park, and there containing Forty three Feet and Five Inches, little more or less; thence returning Northward, and abutting toward the East upon the said Greenwich Park, and there containing Five Feet and Four Inches, little more or less; thence returning Eastward, and abutting again toward the South upon the faid Greenwich Park, and there containing One hundred and feven Feet, little more or less; thence returning Southward,

Southward, and abutting toward the West upon the said Greenwich Park, and there containing Seventy Feet and Eight Inches, little more or less; thence returning Eastward and abutting again toward the South upon the faid Greenwich Park, and there containing Six hundred and fixty eight Feet and Nine Inches, little more or less; and abutting toward the East in part upon the faid Greenwich Park, and containing in fuch Part Forty Feet and Six Inches, little more or less; and in other Part upon Park Row, and containing in such other Part Four hundred and ninety eight Feet and Four Inches, little more or less; and also all that other Piece or Parcel of Ground (whereon stands all that Lodge and Out-buildings lately used as the Residence of the Maitre d'Hotel of Her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales, and heretofore used as the Residence of the Clerk of the Works or Labourer in Trust, in the said King's House or the Queen's House), situate, lying and being within the said Parish of East Greenwich, in the faid County of Kent, and fituate to the Eastward of the faid last mentioned Piece or Parcel of Ground, and abutting toward the North upon Park Place, and there containing Eight hundred and ten Feet, little more or less, and abutting toward the West upon the faid Greenwich Park, and there containing Fifty fix Feet and Four Inches, little more or less; and abutting toward the South upon the said Greenwich Park, and there containing Eight hundred and eight Feet and Four Inches, little more or less; and abutting toward the East upon the said Greenwich Park, and there containing Fifty eight Feet, little more or less; and also all that other Piece or Parcel of Ground (whereon stands all that Lodge, now or lately occupied by Sir John Douglas Knight, and heretofore occupied by Admiral Brathwayte) fituate, lying and being within the Parish of East Greenwich, in the said County of Kent, and situate to the South Eastward of the faid last mentioned Piece or Parcel of Ground, and abutting at the North End thereof toward the North upon Park Place, and there containing Twenty three Feet and Nine Inches, little more or less; and abutting toward the West upon the said Greenwich Park, and there containing Fifty two Feet and Eight Inches, little more or lefs; thence returning Eastward, and abutting toward the South upon the faid Greenwich Park, and there containing Sixteen Feet, little more or less; thence returning Southward, and again abutting toward the West upon the said Greenwich Park, and there containing Three hundred and ninety two Feet, little more or less; and abutting toward the South upon the said Greenwich Park, and there containing Sixty one Feet and Six Inches, little more or less; and abutting toward the East upon Maize Hill, and there containing Four hundred and ten Feet, little more or less; and thence trending North Westward in an Angle of Forty seven Degrees, and abutting upon and facing the South End of the Road leading from Park Place to Woolwich, and there containing Fifty one Feet and Four Inches, little more or lefs.

IV. And be it further enacted, That fuch Grant of the faid Pre- Grant of Lands miles, or any Part thereof, as shall be made by His said Majesty, his valid. Heirs or Successors, by any such Letters Patent, Indenture or Indentures, as aforesaid, in pursuance of this Act, shall be, and is and are hereby declared and enacted to be good, valid and effectual in the Law, according to the Tenor and Purport thereof, in the faid Letters Patent, Indenture or Indentures to be expressed, notwithstanding any . 51 Gro. III. Restriction,

z Ann. Stat.z.

c. 7. 1 G. 3. c. 1.

34 G. 3. c. 75.

Restriction, Matter or Thing contained in an Act of Parliament made in the First Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen Anne, intituded, An AB for the better Support of Her Majesty: Household, and of the Honour and Dignity of the Crown; or in an Act made in the First Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituded, An AB for the Support of His Majesty's Household, and of the Honour and Dignity of the Crown of Great Britain; or in an Act made in the Thirty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituded, An AB for the better Management of the Land Revenue of the Crown, and for the Sale of Fee Farm and other unimproveable Rents; or any other Law or Statute to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

47 G. 3. Seff. 1. c. 52. § 5.

explained with

ment,

regard to Settle-

. V. And whereas it is by the faid recited Act enacted, That no 'Officer, Servant or other Person who should belong to or reside in the faid Royal Naval Afylum, or Officer, Servant or other Person 4 retained or employed in the faid Royal Navul Afglum, either by or in the Service of the Commissioners for the Purposes of the faid · Royal Naval Afylum, or by or in the Service of any Person or Persons residing in or belonging to the said Royal Naval Asylum, fhould, by reason of any such Office, Residence, Service or Employment gain or acquire any Settlement in or be entitled to Relief from the Parish of Greenwich; and it is expedient that in this re-' spect the faid Act should be explained and amended:' Be it therefore further enacted and declared, That nothing in the faid Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend; to hinder or prevent any Person or Persons attached to and tesiding in the faid Rigal Naval African from acquiring a Settlement in the faid Parish of Greenwich, by reason of his, her or their having occupied or been entrufted with an Apartment or Tenement in the faid Royal Naval Afglum of the annual Value of Ten Pounds; but that the Provision in the faid recited Act, upon the Subject of Settlements to be zer quired in the faid Parish of Greenwich, shall extend and be applicable only to Settlements by Hiring and Service, and by Apprentice/hips

General Saving.

VI. Saving always to all Bodies Politic and Corporate, and all other Persons whomsoever, and their, his and her Successors, Heirs, Executors and Administrators (other than and except His Most Excellent Majesty, and his Heirs and Successors), all such Estate, Right, Title, Interest, Claim and Demand of; in and to the Premites to be granted in and by the said Letters Patent, Indenture or Indentures, to be made in pursuance of this Act, as they, every or any of them had before the passing of this Act, or might, or could, or would have had, held or enjoyed in case this Act had not been made.

Public Act.

VII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such, by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

C A P. CVI.

An Act for enabling the Wives and Families of Soldiers embarked for Foreign Service, to return to their Homes.

[26th June 1814.]
WHEREAS great Inconvenience and Expence is incurred by
Parishes in which Barracks are fituated, and from whence
Regiments embark when ordered on Foreign Service, from the
Wives

Wives and Children of the Soldiers so embarking for Foreign Service being left to return to the Place of their Residence or Settlement, and they often spend the Money given to them for the Purpose of enabling them so to return, and become burthensome to the Parish; and it is therefore expedient that Provision should be made for enabling such Wives and Children to return to their 4 Homes, or for passing them as Vagrants to their Places of Refidence or Settlement in case of Misconduct; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That, upon any Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Detach- In what cafe ment, being embarked for Foreign Service, the Commanding Offi- Commanding cers thereof shall cause a List or Lists to be made out of all the Officer to make Wives and Children of the Soldiers belonging to fuch Regiment, out Lift of Wives and Children of Corps or Detachment, to be left at the Place of Embarka-Soldiers to be tion, who are defirous of claiming the Allowance authorized by this left at Place of Act, for the Purpole of enabling them to return to their Homes or Embarkation. Places of Settlement, either in One Lift for the Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Detachment, or separate Lists for each Company; and shall give to every such Wife a Duplicate of such Part of such Lift as shall apply to each Wife and her Family of Children respectively, certifying thereon under his Hand, that the Person to whom fuch Certificate is given is the Wife or reputed Wife of a Soldier Wife to have a in his Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Detachment; and he shall Duplicate certitransmit such List or Lists so made out to the Secretary at War.

II. And be it further enacted, That each Wife to whom any such Duplicate shewn Duplicate shall have been delivered as aforesaid shall forthwith take to Magistrate, the same to some neighbouring Justice or Magistrate, who shall who shall make make out a Route for her, and fill up and fign a Certificate, specifying the Place to which such Woman is going, and her Route, that the may receive fuch Allowances as are authorized by this Act,

not exceeding Two Pence per Mile.

III. And be it further enacted, That upon Production of fuch Overseer, upon Certificate to any Overfeer of the Poor of any Place through which Production of such Woman snall pass, he shall, out of any Money in his Hands Certificate, to applicable to the Relief of the Poot, pay her an Allowance not ex-lowance. ceeding the Rate per Mile specified in such Certificate as aforesaid. for the Number of Miles to the next City, Town or Place to which the may be going, not exceeding Eighteen Miles, and he hall indorse on such Certificate the Money so paid, and take a Receipt from the Woman figured with her Hand or with her Mark. specifying the Regiment, Battalion, Corps or Detachment to which her Husband belongs, fo as that the Description on the Receipt may . . . correspond with the Description in the Certificate so produced to him as aforefaid.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Sum fo advanced by Overseers repaid Such Overseer shall, upon Production and Delivery of such Receipt by Collector of to the Collector of Excise of the District within which such Overseer Excise, acts as fuch; or any Person officiating for such Collector, be repaid so such Overseer for the Use of the Fund for the Relief of the Poor, by Such Collector of Excise or other Person, out of any Public Monies in his Hands, and the fame shall be allowed in his Accounts; and such Overseer shall give a Receipt for the Money

so paid to fuch Collector or other Person, and such Receipt of the

for the Purpole from Excise repaid by War Office.

Certificate delivered up to Overieer, &c.

Ovleerer, together with the Receipt of the Woman, shall be taken as Cash in the Payment of Duties of Excise received by such Col-Money advanced lector, and all Sums of Money so advanced out of any Duties of Excise, shall be repaid by the Agents of the Regiments to which the Soldiers belong, whose Wives and Families have been so relieved, or by any other Person to be appointed for that Purpose by the Secretary at War, to fuch Person or Persons as shall be authorized by the Commissioners of Excise in England or Scotland respectively to draw for or receive the same, for or on account of the said Duties. V. And be it further enacted, That every such Woman shall,

the last Place of her receiving any Allowance under this Act, antecedent to her Arrival at her Home or Place of Settlement, deliver up such Certificate to the Overseer of the Poor advancing such Allowance, who shall deliver the same to the Collector of Excise, and the same shall be, by such Collector of Excise, transmitted to the War Office.

Women not complying with Regulations, Vagrants.

VI. And be it further enacted, That Wives of Soldiers not complying with the Regulations hereinbefore prescribed, shall be treated as Vagrants, and may be passed as such to their Homes, either in England, Ireland or Scotland respectively, as the case may be.

C A P. CVII.

An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia and Local Militia in Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven. [26th June 1811.] [THEREAS it is necessary that Provision should be made for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Re-' gular Militia (when disembodied) and Local Militia in Great Britain, for One Year from the Twenty fifth Day of December One thousand eight hundred and ten:' Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in every County, Riding or Place in England, and in every County, Stewartry, City or Place in Scotland, where the Regular Militia or Local Militia is or shall be raised, the Secretary at War for the time being is hereby authorized and empowered and required to cause to be issued and paid the whole Sum required for the Regular Militia (when disembodied) and Local Militia respectively, in the Manner and for the several Uses hereinaster mentioned a that is to fay, for the Pay of the faid Regular Militia or Local Militia at the Rate of Eight Shillings a Day for each Adjutant, where as Adjutant is appointed; and at the Rate of Five Shillings a Day for each Quarter Master, where a Quarter Master is appointed; and at the Rate of One Shilling and Six Pence a Day for each Serjeant refident at the Head Quarters of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, with the Addition of Two Shillings and Six Pence a Week for each Serieant Major, where a Serjeant Major is appointed; and at the Rate of One Shilling and Two Pence a Day for each Corporal fe refident as aforefaid; and at the Rate of One Shilling a Day for each Drummer so resident as aforesaid, with the Addition of Six Pence a Day for each Drum Major, where a Drum Major is appointed; and

Secretary at . War to iffue the Sum necessary for Pay of Regular and Local Militia, and for Clothing.

also at the Rate of Four Pence per Man for each Private Man and Drummer, for defraying the contingent Expences of each Regiment, Battalion or Corps; and also for the Clothing of the Regular Militia (when difembodied) or Local Militia for fuch County, Riding, Stewartry, City or Place, at the Rate of Four Pounds Nine Shillings and One Penny for each Serjeant Major, Three Pounds Nine Shillings and One Penny for each Serjeant, One Pound Nineteen Shillings and One Penny for each Corporal, Four Pounds and Ten Pence for each Drum Major, Three Pounds and Ten Pence for each Drummer, and One Pound Eighteen Shillings and Seven Pence for each Private Man; and that such Serjeant Majors, Drum Majors, Serjeants, Corporals and Drummers, who may be retained on constant Pay, and resident at Head Quarters, shall be clothed Once in Two Years; and that fugh Serjeants, Corporals and Drummers of Local Militia, beyond the regular Establishment of the permanent Staff thereof as may be ferving on Reduced Pay, under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Fistieth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, An A& to amend several A&s relating to the Local Militia 50 G. 3. c. 90. of Great Britain, shall be entitled to new Clothing when their present Clothing shall have been actually and necessarily worn for Two Years : Provided always, that when any Serjeant, Corporal or Drummer shall Rates of Pay to be absent on Furlough or Licence, such Serieant, Corporal or Drum- Serieants, Cormer shall, during such Absence, receive Pay at the following Rates porals and instead of those above mentioned; that is to say, every Serjeant the when absent on Sum of One Shilling a Day, every Corporal the Sum of Eight Furlough. Pence per Day, and every Drummer the Sum of Six Pence per Day respectively, and no more; and it shall be lawful for the Secretary at War to cause any such Pay to be from time to time issued in advance, for any Period not exceeding Four Months from the time for which such Advances shall be made.

II. And be it further enacted, That there shall be granted to the Allowapce to Surgeon of each Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Regular Militia Surgeons, when disembodied, a Sum of Money in addition to his Pay, after the Rate of One Guinea for every One hundred Men of each such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, for the Expence of necessary Medicines, for the Sick Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men of fuch Regiment, Battalion or Corps, during the Period or Periods of Assembly for annual Exercise or Training; and to the Surgeon of each Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, the Sum of Sixteen Shillings for the same Purpose, as also to the Surgeon of Regular Militia when disembodied, and to the Surgeon of Local Militia respectively, an Allowance of Six Pence per Month for each of the Non-commissioned Officers and Drummers of any such Regiment, Battalion or Corps on constant Pay at Head Quarters, for the Expence of necessary Medicines and Attendance given to the Non-commissioned Officers and Drummers on constant Pay at Head Quarters, while such Regiment, Battalion or Corps is not called out for annual Training and Exercise.

III. And be it further enacted, That there shall be granted to Battalion Clerk the Battalion Clerk of each Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local of Local Militia Militia, the Establishment of which does not authorize the Appoint- 50l. per Ann. ment of a Quarter Master, an Allowance of Fifty Pounds per Annum.

c. 28. ante.

c. 8. ante.

Allowance to
Inpholders

'VII. And whereas in purfuance of an Act passed in the present Section of Parliament, intituled, An All for increasing the Rates of · Subfilence to be paid to Innkespeers and others on quartering Soldiers, eertain increased Rates are allowed for the Payment of Innholders and others on whom Non-commissioned Officers and Private Soldiers may, by virtue of an Act passed also in the present Session of Par-I liament, for punishing Mutiny and Defertion; and for the better · Payment of the Army and their Quarters, to be quartered in that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called England, the Dominion of Wales, and the Town of Berwick ' spon Tweed: And whereas the Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men of the faid Regular Militia, if difernbodied, and the Local Militia, when called out to annual Exercise, sare required by Law to be quartered and billetted in Inns, Livery 6 Stables, Alehouses, Victualling Houses, and all Houses of Persons felling Brandy, Strong Waters, Cyder, Wine or Metheglin by Retail; Be it enacted, That the Innholders and others on whom the faid Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men of the Regular Militia (when difembodied), or Local Militia shall be so quartered and billeted, shall be entitled to and receive the same Rates of Allowance for each Serjeant Major, Drum Major, Sericant, Corporal, Drummer and Private Man fo quartered and billeted upon them, during the time of their remaining affembled for Exercise as aforesaid, and under the same Rules and Regulations as fuch Innholders or others may now, by the above mentioned A& for the Relief of Innkeepers, demand and receive for the Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Soldiers of the Regular Infantry, in the respective cases of their furnishing them with Diet and Small Beer, or supplying them in lieu thereof with the Articles specified in the said Act for punishing Mutiny and Descriton; and the Secretary at War is hereby authorized and required to supply the necessary Funds to defray the Charge of the Allowances to to be made to the faid Innholders and others: Provided always, that each of the Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men who shall be furnished with Diet and Small Beer, as aforesaid, shall contribute towards the Expence thereof, the like Proportion of his Pay and Beer Money, as is or shall be contributed in the like case by the Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers and Soldiers of the Regular Infantry.

Provilo.

[This All, except the Clauses above inserted, is similar to 50 G. 3.
c. 90.]

C A P. CVIII.

An Act to revive and continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and amend fo much of an Act made in the Thirty ninth and Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, as grants certain Allowances to Adjutants and Serjeant Majors of the Militia of England, disembodied under an Act of the same Session of Parliament.

[26th June 1811-]

39 & 40 G. 3. 5. 44. WHEREAS it is expedient that an Act, passed in the Thirty ninth and Fortieth Year of the Reign of His present Majety, intituled, An Att for granting, until the Twenty fifth Day

Day of March One thousand eight bushred and one, certain Allowances to Adjutants, Serjeant Majors and Serjeants of Militia, dif- embodied under an A8 of this Session of Parliament, intituled, An ' All for enabling His Majefly to accept the Services of an additional ' Number of Volunteers from the Militia under certain Restrictions, which has been revived and continued by several subsequent Acts ' until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred s and eleven, should be again revived and further continued, fo far sas the same relates to Adjutants and Serjeant Majors;' Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act and the Allow- revived and conances therein granted and mentioned to Adjutants and Serjeant tinual at sequents. Majors, and all the Provisions relating thereto, shall be revived from the faid Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and be further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of Merch One thousand eight hundred and twelve, so far as the same relates to Adjutants and Serjeant Majors; and that all fuch and the like Allowances as would have been payable and paid note any Adjutants and Serjeant Majora, if the faid A& and Allowances had been continued by any Act of Parliament before the faid Twenty fifth Day of March One thouland eight hundred and elemen, shall be payable and paid, and all Arrears thereof fully latisfied, in like manner in every respect as if this Act had pessed before the faid Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand

eight hundred and eleven. II. And he it further enacted, That every reduced Adjutant Reduced Adjuentitled to any Allowance under this Act may receive and take fuch tants entitled to Allowance, together with the Pay of any fuch Commission or Half Allowance, Pay, or any fuch other Allowance or Essolument, as is allowed to be held or received by any Adjutant of any Militia in that Part of Great Britain called England, together with any Pay or Allowance so which he may be entitled as fuch Adjutant: Provided always, Provide that no such reduced Adjutant shall be entitled to receive any Allowance under this Act during the time he shall hold any Place

storefaid.

CAP. CIX.

of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty, other than such as

An Act for making Allowances in certain cases to Subaltern Officers of the Militia in Great Britain, while difembodied. [26th June 1811.]

[This All, except the Dates, is in all respects similar to 50 G. 3. c. 92.]

C A P. CX.

An Act to prevent the counterfeiting of Silver Pieces denominated Tokens, intended to be iffued and circulated by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, for the respective Sums of Five Shillings and Six Pence, Three Shillings, and One Shilling and Six Pence; and to prevent

Bank,

the bringing into the Kingdom or uttering any such counterfeit Pieces or Tokens. [26th June 1811.]

Description of Tokens to be iffued by the

TYPEREAS the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, with the Approbation of His Majesty's Most ' Honourable Privy Council, are preparing to make and stampa and intend to iffue and circulate, for the Convenience of the Public, a Quantity of Silver Pieces, denominated Tokens, for the respective Sums of Five Shillings and Six Pence, Three Shillings, and One Shilling and Six Pence, such Tokens for the Sum of Five Shilling and Six Pence being intended to contain, on the Obverse Side thereof, an Impression of His Majesty's Head, and the following Words and Letters (videlicer) "Georgius III. Dei Gratia Rex," and on the Reverse thereof the following Words and Figures, widelicet, "Bank Token, 5s. 6p." with the Addition of the Year in which the fame shall be made and stamped; such Tokens for the Sum of Three Shillings being intended to contain the fame Impression, Words and Letters on the Obverse Side thereof as upon the faid Tokens for Five Shillings and Six Pence, and on the Ree verse Side thereof the following Words and Figures, widelicet, " Bank Token, 3 Shill." with the Addition of the Year in which the same shall be made and stamped; and such Tokens for the Sum of One Shilling and Six Pence being intended to contain the fame Impression, Words and Letters on the Obverse Side thereof as upon the faid Token for Five Shillings and Six Pence, and on the Reverse Side thereof the following Words and Figures, videlicet, Bank Token, 18.60." with the Addition of the Year in which the same shall be coined or stamped: And whereas for the Security of the Public, it is expedient to prevent the counterfeiting of the said respective Tokens:' Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person or Persons shall, from and after the passing of this Act, make, coin or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be made, coined or counterfeited, or willingly act or affift in the making, coining or counterfeiting any Token or Tokens, refembling, or made with Intent to refemble or look like any of the faid respective Tokens, fo as aforefaid intended to be made, and stamped, and iffued, and circulated by the faid Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or with Intent to pass as such, every Person so offending, and being thereof convicted by due Course of Law, shall be deemed and adjudged to be guilty of Felony, and shall be transported for any Term of Years not exceeding Seven Years.

Counterfelting Tokens.

Punishment.

Bringing counterfeit Tokens into the Kingdom.

II. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall from and after the passing of this Act, bring into the said United Kingdom any such false or counterfeit Token or Tokens as aforefaid, refembling or made with Intent to refemble or look like the faid respective Tokens so as aforesaid intended to be made, and flamped, and iffued, and circulated by the faid Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or with Intent to pass as such Tokens respectively, knowing the same to be false or counterfeited. to the Intent to utter the same within the said United Kingdom, or within any Dominions of the same, every Person so offending, and being

being thereof convicted by due Course of Law, shall be deemed and adjudged to be guilty of Felony, and shall be transported for any Punishment

Term of Years not exceeding Seven Years.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall, Vending Tokens. from and after the passing of this Act, utter, offer or tender in Payment or give in Exchange, or pay, or put off to any Person or Persons, any such false or counterfeit Token or Tokens as aforesaid, refembling or made with Intent to refemble or look like any of the faid respective Tokens so as aforesaid intended to be made, and Ramped, and iffued, and circulated by the faid Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or with Intent to pass as such Tokens respectively, knowing the same to be false or counterfeited, every First Offence. Person so offending, and being thereof convicted by due Course of Law, shall suffer Six Months Imprisonment, and find Sureties for his or her good Behaviour for Six Months more, to be computed from the End of the said first Six Months; and if the same Persons shall afterwards be convicted a Second Time for the like Offence of Second Offence. uttering, offering or tendering in Payment, or giving in Exchange, or paying, or putting off any such false or counterfeit Token or Tokens as aforesaid, knowing the same to be false or counterfeit, such Perfons shall for such Second Offence suffer Two Years Imprisonment, and find Sureties for his or her good Behaviour for Two Years more, to be computed from the End of the faid first Two Years; and if the same Person shall afterwards offend a Phird Time in utter- Third Offence. ing, offering or tendering in Payment, or giving in Exchange, or paying or putting off any fuch false or counterfeited Token or Tokens as aforefaid, knowing the same to be false or counterfeited, and shall by due Course of Law be convicted of such Third Offence, he or she shall be adjudged to be guilty of Felony, and shall be transported for the Term of Fourteen Years.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons Certificate of shall be convicted of uttering, offering or tendering in Payment any former Convicfuch falle or counterfeit Token or Tokens as aforesaid, and shall tion in another afterwards be guilty of the like Offence in any other County, City, Proof. District or Place, the Clerk of the Affize, or Clerk of the Peace for the County, City, District or Place where such former Conviction shall have been had, shall, at the Request of the Prosecutor, or any other on His Majesty's Behalf, certify the same by a Transcript in few Words, containing the Effect and Tenor of fuch Conviction, for which Certificate Two Shillings and Six Pence and no more shall be paid, and such Certificate, being produced in Court, shall

be sufficient Proof of such former Conviction.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall Having more have in his, her or their Cuftody, without lawful Excuse (the Proof than Five counwhereof shall lie upon the Party accused), any greater Number than terfeit Tokens in his Possession. Five of fuch false or counterfeit Tokens as aforesaid, or resembling, or made with Intent to refemble or look like any of the faid Tokens respectively so as aforesaid intended to be coined or stamped, and iffued and circulated by the faid Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or with Intent to pass as such, every such Person being thereof convicted upon the Oath of One or more credible Witness or Witnesses before One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, shall forfeit and lose all such false and counterfeit Tokens, which shall be cut in Pieces and destroyed by Order of such Justice; and every Offender

Penalty.

Offender so convicted as showfaid shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay very Sum of Money not exceeding Five Pounds, nor less than Forty Shillings, for every such salle or counterfeit Token respectively which shall be found in the Custody of such Person, One Musety to the Informer or Informers, and the other Mosety to the Poor of the Parish where such Offence shall be committed; and in case any such Penalty shall not be forthwish paid, it shall be lawful for such Justice to commit the Person who shall be adjudged to pay the same to the Commou Gael or House of Correction, there to be kept to hard Labour for the Space of Three Calendar Mouths, or until such Penalty shall be paid.

Imprisonment, &c.
Suspected Houses
may be searched, and Tools and
Counterfeit
Tokens seized.

VI. And he it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any One Justice of the Peace, on Complaint made before him, upon the Oath of One credible Witness, that there is just Cause to suspect that any One or more Person or Persons is er are, or bath or base been, concerned in making or counterfeiting fuch falle or counterfeit Token or Tokens as afonefaid, refembling or made with an Intent to refemble or look like any of the faid Tokens respectively, so as asoresaid intended to be made or stamped, and iffeed and circulated by the faid Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or with Intent to pals as such, by Warrant under the Hand of fuch Juffice, to cause the Dwelling house, Rosm, Workshop, Onthouse or other Building, Yard, Garden or other Place belonging to such suspected Person or Persons, or where any fuch Person or Persons shall be suspected to carry on any such making or counterfeiting, or to secrete any such counterfeit. Tokens respectively, or the Tools or Implements for counterfeiting or making fuch falle or counterfeit Tokens respectively as aforesaid, or the Materials for making or flamping the same, to be searched for such counterfeit Tokens, Materials, Tools and Inframents respectively; and if any such falle or counterfeit Token or Tokens, or any such Tools or Infruments, or any fuch Materials for making or stamping any fuch falle or counterfeit Tokens, shall be found in any Place to fearched, or if any fuch Tools, Implements or Materials shall be found in the Custody or Possession of any Person or Persons whomfoever, not having the fame by forme lawful Authority, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons whatsoever difcovering the fame, to feize, and he and they are hereby authorized and required to seize such salle or counterfeit Token or Tokens. Tools, Implements and Materials, and carry the same forthwith to a Justice of the Peace of the County, City, District or Place where the same shall be seized, who shall cause the same to be secured and produced in Evidence against say Person or Persons who shall or may be profecuted for any of the Offences aforefaid in some Court of Justice proper for the Determination chereof, and after such time as any fuch false or counterseit Token or Tokens as aforesaid, or any fuch Tools, Implements or Materiels shall have been produced in Evidence as aforefaid, as well so much and such Parts thereof as shall have been so produced, as every other Part thereof so seized, and not made use of in Evidence, shall forthwith by Order of the Count where such Offender or Offenders shall be tried, or by Order of some Justice of the Peace, in case there shall be no such Trial, be defaced or defireved, or otherwise disposed of, as such Court or such Justice shall direct.

VII. And

VII. And be it further enacted, That no Proceedings to be had Proceedings not touching the Conviction of any Offender against this Act before any quashed for Justice of the Peace, shall be quashed for want of Form, or be re- want of Form. moved by Writ of Certierari, or any other Writ or Process whatfoever into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That no Action or Suit shall Limitation of be brought or commenced against any Person or Persons for any Actions. thing done in pursuance or under Colour of this Act, until Fourteen Days Notice thereof shall be first given in Writing, to the Person or * Persons against whom the same is intended to be brought or commenced; nor shall any such Action or Suit be brought or commenced after sufficient Batisfaction or Tender of Amends shall be made or tendered to the Party or Parties aggreeed; and every such Action or Suit shall be commenced within Three Calendar Months after the Fact committed and not afterwards, and shall be brought in the County, City or Place where the Cause of Action shall arise, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit so to be brought may plead the General Issue, and give this General Issue, Act and the special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if it shall appear to be so done, or if any fuch Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced before Fourteen Days Notice shall be given thereof as aforefaid, or after sufficient Satisfaction or Amends was made or tendered as aforelaid, or after the time before limited for bringing the same, or shall be brought In any other County or Place than as aforefaid, then and in every fuch case, the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants, and if upon the Trial a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become nonfuit, or discontinue his, her or their Action, or if, upon Demurrer, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall and may recover Treble Costs, and have the like Treble Costs Remedy for the same as any Defendant or Desendants hath or have for Cofts of Suit in other cases by Law.

C A P. CXI.

An Act for permitting Sir William Biftop and George Biftop to continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, the Manutacture of Maidstone Geneva; for charging the same with certain Duties; and for rectifying a Martake in an Act of this Session, for empowering the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury to exonerate Distillers of Spirits from Sugar from the Excess of Duties therein mentioned. [26th June 1811.]

HEREAS by an Act made in the Forty fourth Year of 44 G. 3. c. 35. the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, among other things to continue feveral Laws, one thereof, relating to the permitting Sir William Bishop, George Bishop, and Argles 6 Bishop, to carry on the Manufacture of Maidsone Geneva to the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, it was enacted, among other things, that an Act made in the Thirty minth 4 Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An All to

§ 5.

C. 111.

continue and amend so much of an AB made in the Thirty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, as permits Sir William Bishop, George Bishop and Argles Bishop, to carry on the Manusacture of Maidstone Geneva; which said Act of the Thirty ninth Year aforesaid was to commence and take Effect from and immediately after the Fifth Day of July One thousand seven hundred and ' ninety nine, and continue in force for the Space of Five Years, to • be computed from that Day, should be and the same was thereby further continued until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine: And whereas the faid Argles Bishop has quitted the faid Distillery and Premises at Maidstone, mentioned in the faid Act made in the Thirty ninth Year of the Reign of His pre-· fent Majesty, and the said Sir William Bishop and George Bishop are become possessed of the Distillery and Premises, and the said Sir William Bishop and George Bishop are desirous to carry on the Ma-" nufacture of and to make Spirits commonly called Maidstone Geneva in the faid Distillery and Premises at Maidstone aforesaid, under and fubject to the Duties by this Act in that Behalf imposed, and f under, subject and according to the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, as the said Sir William Bishop, George Bishop and Argles Bishop, carried on the Manufacture of and made Spirits commonly called Maidfone "Geneva: And whereas it is expedient to allow the said Sir William f Bishop and George Bishop to carry on such Manusacture, and to f make such Spirits for a limited time; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eleven, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Sir William Bishop and George Bishop, and the Survivor of them, possessed of the said Distillery and Premises, to carry on the Manufacture of and to make Spirits commonly called Maidflose Geneva, in the faid Distillery and Premises at Maidstone aforesaid, until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, under and subject to the Duties by this Act in that Behalf imposed, and under, subject and according to the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provinons, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, contained, provided, fettled or established by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the Expiration of the faid Act of the Thirty ninth Year aforesaid, for the said Sir William Bishop, George Bishop and Argles Bishop, carrying on the Manufacture of and making Spirits commonly called Maidsone Geneva, in the said Distillery and Premifes; and the faid Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures, shall be and the same are hereby directed to be applied and practifed and put in Execution to and for the carrying on the Manufacture of and making Spirits commonly called Maidstone Geneva by the said Sir William Bishop and George Bishop in the said Distillery and Premises at Maidstone aforefaid, and fecuring the Duties by this Act in that Behalf imposed, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if all and singular the said Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures had been repeated and specially re-enacted in the Body of this Act, and hereby applied to the faid Sir William

Manufacture of Maidstone Geneva may be carried on till July 5, 1813.

Bifor and George Bifor, and the carrying on the Manufacture of and making Spirits commonly called Maidsone Geneva by them the faid Sir William Bishop and George Bishop in the said Distillery and Premises at Maidstone aforesaid, and the Duties by this Act in that Behalf imposed.

II. And be it further enacted, That there shall be raised, levied Duties,

and collected the following Duties of Excise; that is to say,

For every One hundred and twenty Gallons of Wash, which they the faid Sir William Bishop and George Bishop, or the Survivor of them, possessed of the Distillery and Premises in which the said George Bishop deceased (a) carried on the Manufacture of Maidsone Geneva at Maidstone aforesaid, shall produce from a Weight of Malt or other Corn, including the Bran thereof, and not exceeding One hundred and twelve Pounds Avoirdupois, Two Pounds Two Shillings and Four pence: . (a) [No such Person as George Bishop deceased is mentioned before.

For every Gallon of Wash in the Possession of the said Sir William Bishop and George Bishop, or the Survivor of them, at any time when Thirty Gallons of any Wash so in their Possession taken and distilled by the Officer of Excise, according to the Directions and under the 'Authority of the said Act made in the Thirty ninth Year of His present Majesty, as shall be found to produce more than Two Gallons and One Eighth of a Gallon of Spirits at the Strength of One in Six under Hydrometer Proof, One Shilling and Five pence.

III. And be it further enacted, That there shall be raised and Additional Ducollected, until Twelve Months after the Ratification of the Definitive ties paid till 12 Treaty of Peace, the additional Duties of Excise hereinafter men-Ratification of tioned, over and above the Duties hereinbefore imposed; that is to a Definitive ſay,

For every One hundred and twenty Gallons of Wash which the Taid Sir William Bifloop and George Bifloop, or the Survivor of them, poffested of the said Distillery and Premises, shall produce from a Weight of Malt or other Corn, including the Bran thereof, and not exceeding One hundred and twelve Pounds Avoirdupois, Fifteen Shillings:

And for every Gallon of Wash in the Possession of the said Sir William Bishop and George Bishop, or the Survivor of them, at any time when Thirty Gallons of any Wash so in their Possession taken and diffilled by the Officer of Excise, according to the Directions and under the Authority of the faid Act made in the Thirty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, shall be found to produce more than Two Gallons and One Eighth of a Gallon of Spirits at the Strength of One in Six under Hydrometer Proof, Six pence.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Duties for or in respect Duties under. of any fuch Wash which they the said Sir William Bishop and George Commissioners Bishop, or the Survivor of them, possessed of the said Distillery and of Bacife. Premises, shall so produce from such Weight of Malt or other Corn as aforesaid, and for or in respect of any Wash which shall be so found in the Possession of the said Sir William Bisbop and George Bisbop, or the Survivor of them, and shall produce more than Two Gallons and One Eighth of a Gallon of Spirits as aforefaid by this Act imposed, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in England for the time being, and shall be paid by the said How paid.

Months after Treaty.

43 G. 3. c. 69. and 43 G. 3. c. 81.

C. 111.

Bir William Bishop and George Bishop, and the Survivor of them, at fuch times and in such manner as the Duties imposed by an Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An A& to repeal the Duties of Encife payable in Great Britain, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof; and by another A& made in the Forty third Year of the Reign aforefaid, intituled, An All for granting to His Majefly, until Twelve Months after the Retification of the Definitive Treaty of Peace, certain additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain, for or in respect of Wash which the faid Sir William Bishop, George Bishop and Argles Bishop, or the Survivors or Survivor of them, possessed of the said Distillery and Premises, should produce from such Weight of Malt or other Corn. as in the faid last mentioned Acts respectively mentioned, or for or in respect of Wash which should be found in the Possession of the faid Sir William Bishop, George Bishop and Argles Bishop, or the Survivors or Survivor of them; and should produce more than Two Gallons and One Eighth of a Gallon of Spirits as in the faid laft mentioned Acts respectively mentioned, were payable under and by virtue of the said Two last mentioned Acts respectively; and the faid several Duties by this Act imposed as in that Behalf aforesaid shall respectively be appropriated and applied to the same Uses and Purpoles, and in the same manner as the said recited Duties so imposed by the said Two Acts made in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty were by Law respectively directed to be appropriated and applied.

V. And whereas by an Act passed in this Session of Parliament

to empower the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury to exonerate

Application of Duties.

Cap.43. ante, § 1.

Treasury may discharge Distillers from fo much of high Duties by 46 G. 3. for Wash brewed from Sugar, and distilled fince Dec. 31, 1810, &c. as they shall think reasonable.

Distillers of Spirits from Sugar from the Excess of the Duties I therein mentioned, it is, among other things, recited, that an Act therein mentioned, made in the Forty eighth Year of His present 6 Majefty's Reign, expired on the Thirty first Day of December One thousand eight hundred and ten, and that by the Expiration thereof the former high Duties imposed by Two several Acts themia meationed, of the Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, 4 and also the high Duties imposed by an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for or in respect of fuch Spirits, and the feveral other Matters and Things in the faid " Act of this Session of Parliament in that Behalf specified, revived: 46 G. 3. c. 102. 6 And whereas the faid last mentioned high Duties were not imposed by an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, but were imposed by an Act made in the Forty fixth Year of His present Majety's Reign, and it is therefore expedient to 4 rectify the faid Mistake;' Be it therefore enacted, That the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall be at Liberty to exoperate and discharge all and every such Distiller and Distillers, and Maker or Makers of Spirits in Esgland and Scotland respectively, as are in the said Act passed in this Session of Parliament in that Behalf mentioned, from, and to remit to them respectively, such and so much of the high Duties imposed by the faid Act made in the Forty fixth Year of His present Majefty's Reign, for or in respect of Wort or Wash brewed or made from Sugar, and distilled fince the said Thirty first Day of December One thonsand eight hundred and ten; and also all and every such Distiller and Distillers in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, from so

much of the faid high Duties imposed by the faid Act of the Forty figth Year of His present Majerty's Reign, for or in respect of Spirits made or distilled in Sectland for Confumption in Sectland from Sugar or any Mixture therewith; and for and in respect of the cubical Content of any Still or Stills afed or employed in Scotland, for the Purpose of making or distilling Low Wines or Spirits for Consumption in Scotland from Melasses or Sugar, or any Mixture therewith ; and for and hi respect of Spirits manufactured in Soutland, and brought from thence into that Part of Great Britain called England, as shall exceed the Amount of the Duty which would have accrued or become payable under or by virtue of the faid Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His prefent Majesty's Reign, had the fame remained and continued in force; and from any prefumptive Charges as to fach Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall under the Circumstances of each and every such case appear to them to be just and reasonable; any thing in any Act of Parliament to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

C A P. CXII.

An Act for enabling His Majesty to raise the Sum of Three Millions for the Service of Great Britain. [26th June 1811.]

"TREASURY, empowered to raise £3,000,000 by Exchequer " Bills, in manner prescribed by 48 G. 3. c. 1.- 1, 2. Principal " of faid Bills charged on First Supplies of next Sellion, § 3.

" terest thereon of 31d. per Gent. per Diem. § 4. Said Bills to be current at the Euchequer, &c. after April 5, 1812. § 5. Bank

" of England empowered to advance £3,000,000 on the Credit of " this Act, not with standing 9 & 6 W. & M. c. 20.- 6.

C A P. CXIII.

An Act for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lotteries. [26th June 1811.]

C A P. CXIV.

An Act to permit the Services of the Regiment of Miners of Cornwall and Devon to be extended to Ireland.

[26th June 1811.]

HEREAS it would conduce to the better Defence and Security of the United Kingdom if the Services of the Regi-· ment of Miners of the Counties of Cornwall and Devon were extended to all Parts of the United Kingdom; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Persons who may be commissioned, raised and Regiment of curolled in and for the Regiment of Miners, at any time after the Miners liable to passing of this Act, whether by Ballet or otherwise, under any Act serve in all Parts pow in force, or which may hereafter be in force for raining Men for of United Kingthe faid Regiment, shall be liable to serve in all Parts of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; any thing contained in any Ast relating to the faid Regiment of Miners respectively to the contrary notwithstanding. II. And

C. 114.

Inftead of Oaths prescribed by 42 G. 3. c. 72. the following Oaths.

II. And be it further enacted, That after the passing of this Act, so much of the Act passed in the Forty second Year of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for repealing an Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for raising a Body of Miners in the Counties of Cornwall and Devon, for the Desence of the Kingdom during the present War, and for more effectually raising and regulating a Body of Miners for the Desence of Great Britain, as prescribes the Form of Oaths to be taken by Persons ballotted, and by Substitutes and Volunteers raised under that Act, shall be repealed, and instead thereof every Person who shall be raised by Ballot for the said Regiment under any Acts in sorce at the passing of this Act, or under any future Act, and appearing and serving in Person, shall take the following Oath:

Oath for ballotted Men. * I A. B. do fincerely promise and swear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George; and that I will faithfully serve in the Regiment of Miners of Cornewall and Devon, in any Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, for the Desence of the same during the time of Five Years, for which I am enrolled, unless I shall be sooner discharged.

And every Person raised under any of the said Acts, either as a Substitute, Hired Man or Volunteer, or otherwise than by Ballot, shall take the following Oath:

Oath for Subflitutes or Volunteers. I A. B. do fincerely promise and swear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George; and that I will faithfully serve in the Regiment of Miners of Cornwall and Devon, in any Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, for the Desence of the same during the time of Five Years, or for such further time as the said Regiment shall remain embodied, if within the Space of Five Years His Majesty shall order and direct the same to be drawn out and embodied, unless I shall be sooner discharged.

Serjeants, Corporals and Drummers, to take the following Oath.

III. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall be appointed to serve as a Serjeant, Corporal or Drummer, in the Regiment of Miners, to be established under this Act for extended Service, shall take the following Oath:

I A. B. do fincerely promife and swear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George; and that I will faithfully serve in the Regiment of Miners of Cornwall and Devon, in any Part of the United Kingdom for the Defence of the same, until I shall be legally discharged.

42 G. 3. c. 72. and all Acts relating to Regiment of Miners extended to this Act. IV. And be it further enacted, That the Regiment of Miners to be raifed under this Act shall be raifed under the Provisions contained in the said recited Act of the Forty second Year aforesaid, and in every other Act or Acts relative to the said Regiment of Miners, so far as the same or any of them were in force immediately before the passing of this Act, and are not hereby altered; and all Powers and Provisions, Clauses, Matters and Things contained in the said several last mentioned Acts shall, as far as the same were in force immediately before the passing of this Act, and are applicable and are not hereby altered or repealed, be in sorce for the Purposes aforesaid, and shall respectively relate to the Regiment of Miners to be

so raised for Service in the United Kingdom, as if the same were

expressly re-enacted and contained herein.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Powers, Provisions, 43 G. 3 c. 47. Clauses, Matters and Things contained in an Act passed in the Forty &c. to apply to third Year of His present Majesty, intituled, An Ast for consolidating and amending the several Laws for providing Relief for the Families of Ballotted Men. of Militia Men of England when called out into actual Service, or in any other Acts relative to granting Relief to the Wives and Families of Persons serving in the Militia of England, shall, as far as the same are extended and relate to Allowances to the Wives and Families of Ballotted Men of the faid Regiment of Miners, be in force, and respectively relate to the Wives and Families of Persons to be hereafter ballotted to ferve, and thereupon personally serving in the faid Regiment, under the Provisions of this A& or any future A&.

VI. And he it further enacted, That the Regiment of Miners to Rank, &c. be raised in manner aforesaid for extended Service shall be entitled to the same Rank, Privileges and Exemptions, and subject to the same Rules and Regulations, as the faid Regiment of Miners now are respectively entitled or subject to under any Act or Acts now in force relating to the faid Regiment.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Commissioned Officers Half Pay. of the faid Regiment of Miners whose Service shall become extended to all Parts of the United Kingdom by virtue of this Act, who shall . be disabled in actual Service, shall be entitled to Half Pay according to their Ranks; and all Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers and Chelsea Hospital Private Men of such Force so disabled, shall be entitled to the Benefit of Chelfea Hofpital; and the Widows of all fuch Commissioned Widows Pen-Officers killed in Service shall be entitled to receive such Pensions for sions. Life as are given to Widows of Officers in His Majesty's Regular. Forces.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That no Regiment, Battalion Length of Seror Corps of such Miners shall continue to serve in Ireland for any vice in Ireland. longer Period than Two Years successively: Provided always, that in case of any actual Invasion of or Rebellion in Ireland, it shall be lawful for His Majesty to employ or to retain in Ireland, during the Continuance of fuch Rebellion or Invasion, any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of the faid Miners, although fuch Regiment, Battalion or Corps, may have previously to the Suppression of such Rebellion or Invalion served its full Period of Two Years; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that so soon as Provise. any fuch Invasion or Rebellion shall have been defeated or suppressed (the same to be signified by His Majesty's Proclamation), every such Regiment, Battalion or Corps which shall then have served its full. Period of Two Years shall return to Great Britain.

IX. And be it further enacted, That no Regiment, Battalion or Service in Ire-Corps of fuch Miners, shall be called upon to serve in Ireland, until land signified by His Majesty's Pleasure shall have been signified by the Secretary of State.

" X. And whereas it is expedient that His Majesty should be empowered in the mean time and until a Regiment of Miners for Service in the United Kingdom shall have been raised and enrolled by virtue of this Act, to avail himself of such voluntary Offers as may from time to time be made by the present Regiment of Miners, or by any Part or Parts of the same, to extend their Services 51 GEO. III.

The present Remay volunteer to Ireland.

into all Parts of the United Kingdom, for the better Protection ' and Defence thereof;' Be it further enacted, That it shall be giment of Miners lawful for His Majesty to employ in any Part of the United Kingdom, under the Regulations and Restrictions and in the Proportions specified in this Act, such Part of the present Regiment of Miners as may make a voluntary Offer, duly certified by their Commanding Officer, of extending their Services to all Parts of the United Kingdom and as His Majesty may think proper to permit to extend their Services in consequence of such voluntary Offers as aforesaid; and it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order signed by the Principal Secretary of State directed to the Commanding Officer of fuch Regiment, to propose to such Regiment, or any Part or Parts thereof; to extend their Services to all Parts of the United Kingdom, under such Rules and Regulations as His Majesty may think at to appoint.

Bounty to Vofunteers on extended Service-

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted. That it shall be lawful for His Majesty to direct that a Bounty, not exceeding Two Guineas, shall be allowed to every Non-commissioned Officer, Drummer and Private Man, who shall make such voluntary Offer as aforesaid; and that every Private Man making such voluntary Offer as aforesaid, shall, if he shall have been originally chosen by Ballot to ferve in the faid Regiment, take the following Oath; videlicet,

Outh by ballotted Mon.

I A.B. do fincerely promise and swear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George; and that I will faithfully serve in the Regiment of Miners of Cornwall and Devon in any Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, for the Defence of the same, during the Remainder of the Term for which I was enrolled to ferve in the faid Regiment • within Great Britain, unless I shall be sooner discharged?

And every such Man shall be then and there enrolled to serve in the faid Regiment in any Part of the United Kingdom as a Private Militia. Man, until the Expiration of the Period for which he was originally enrolled to ferve in Great Britain; and every Private Man making such voluntary Offer as aforesaid, who shall have been originally en-rolled to serve as a Substitute, Hired Man or Volunteer, shall be enrolled to serve in the United Kingdom for the Remainder of the time for which he was originally enrolled to serve in Great Britain, or for such further time as the said Regiment may remain embodied and shall take the following Oath; videlicet,

Oath by Substitutes er Voluu-

A.B. do fincerely promise and swear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George; and that I will faithfully ferve in the Regiment of Miners of Cornwall and Devon, in any Part of the United Kingdom, for the Defence of the fame, during the Remainder of the time for which I have been enrolled to ferve in the faid Regiment within Great Britain, or for fuch further time as the faid Regiment may remain em-• bodied, unless I shall be sooner discharged.

And every Non-commissioned Officer and Drummer making such voluntary Offer as aforesaid, shall also be enrolled to serve in the said Regiment in any Part of the United Kingdom, and shall take the Oaths hereinbefore directed to be taken by all Non-commissioned Officers and Drummers who may hereafter be enrolled to serve in the Regiment of Miners in any Part of the United Kingdom by virtue

of this Act, and such several Enrolments shall take place, and such Oaths shall be administered, at such times and under such Regulations as His Majesty, by any Order to be signed by the Secre-

tary of State, shall in that behalf direct or appoint.

XII. And be it further enacted, That previous to the certifying of Offers of Serfuch voluntary Offer as aforesaid, the Commanding Officer shall vice voluntary. have explained to the Persons making the same, that the same if made is purely voluntary on their Part; and that no Person serving in the faid Regiment can be compelled to make fuch Offer, or to engage to serve out of that Part of the United Kingdom for which he is enrolled and ferving, except by his own Consent so fignified as aforefaid.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all Provisions, Rules and Act applicable to Regulations contained in this Act, relating to Persons who may ferving who shall hereafter be commissioned, raised and enrolled in the Regiment of offer. Miners for Service in the United Kingdom, shall be applicable to all Persons now serving in the Regiment of Miners who may make a voluntary Offer of extending their Services to all Parts of the United Kingdom in manner aforefaid.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, Act may be also varied or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be made in the present tered, ecc.

Session of Parliament.

C A P. CXV.

An Act for amending the Act Forty third George Third, to promote the building, repairing or otherwise providing the Churches and Chapels, and of Houses for the Residence of Ministers, and the providing of Church Yards and Glebes. [26th June 1811.]

HEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of 43 G. 3. c. to His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An All to promote His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An All to promote the building, repairing or otherwise providing of Churches and . Chapels, and of Houses for the Residence of Ministers, and the probiding of Church Yurds and Glebes; it was enacted, that every Person and Persons having in his or their own Right any Estate or Interest in Possession, Reversion or Contingency of or in any Lands or Tenements, or of any Property of or in any Goods or Chattels, should have full Power, Licence and Authority, by Deed inrolled, in fuch manner, and within fuch time as is directed in England by the Statute made in the Twenty feventh Year of the Reign of King Henry the Eighth, and in Ireland by the Statute made in the Tenth Year of the Reign of King Charles the First, for Incolment of Bargains and Sales; or by his, her or their last Will or Testament in Writing, duly executed according to Law, fuch Deed or fach Will or Testament being duly .. executed Three Calendar Months at least before the Death, of fuch Grantor or Testator, including the Days of the Execution and Death, to give and grant to and vest in any Person or Persons, or 6 Body Politic or Corporate, and their Heirs and Successors refpectively, all fuch his, her or their Estate, Interest or Property in fuch Lands or Tenements not exceeding Five Acres, or Goods 4, and Chattels, or any Part or Parts thereof, not exceeding in Value Fire hundred Pounds, for or towards the erecting, rebuilding, repairing,

' pairing, purchasing or providing any Church or Chapel where the Liturgy and Rights of the faid united Church are or shall be used or observed, or any Mansion House for the Residence of any · Minister of the said united Church, officiating or to officiate in any fuch Church or Chapel, or of any Outbuildings, Offices, Church 'Yard or Glebe for the same respectively, and to be for those Pur-' poses applied according to the Will of the said Benefactor in and · by fuch Deed enrolled, or by fuch Will or Testament executed as aforefaid expressed (the Consent and Approbation of the Ordinary
being first obtained), and in Default of such Direction, Limitation or Appointment, in fuch manner as shall be directed and appointed by the Patron and Ordinary, with the Confent and Approbation of the Parlon, Vicar or other Incumbent; and fuch Perlon and · Persons, Bodies Politic and Corporate, and their Heirs and Suc- ceffore respectively, should have full Capacity and Ability to purchase, receive, take, hold and enjoy for the Purposes aforesaid, as well from such Persons as shall be so charitably disposed to give the same, as from all other Persons as shall be willing to sell or alien to fuch Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, any Lands or Tenements, Goods or Chattels, without any Licence or Writ of Ad quod damnum: And whereas Doubts have arisen whether the Powers and Provisions of the said Act will enable ' His Majesty to make any such Grant for the Purposes before mentioned: And whereas it is expedient that the Powers of the faid • Act should be extended for that Purpose; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, shall have full Power, Licence and Authority, by Deed or Writing under the Great Seal, or under the Seal of his Duchy and County Palatine of Lancaster, to give and grant and west in any Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, and their Heirs and Successors. respectively, all such his, her or their Estate, Interest or Property in any Lands or Tenements within the Survey of the Court of Exchequer, or of the Duchy of Lancafter, for or towards the erecting, rebuilding, repairing, purchasing or providing any Church or Chapel where the Liturgy and Rites of the faid United Church are or shall be used or observed, or any Mansion House for the Residence of any Minister of the said United Church officiating or to officiate in any fuch Church or Chapel, or of any Out-buildings, Offices, Church Yard or Glebe for the fame respectively, and to be for those Purpoles applied in and by fuch Deed as aforefaid expressed, the Consent and Approbation of the Ordinary being first obtained, and such Perfon and Persons, Bodies Politic and Corporate, and their Heirs and Succeffors respectively, shall have full Capacity and Ability to receive, take, hold and enjoy for the Purposes aforesaid, any Lands or Tenements notwithstanding the Statute of Mortmain, or the Act of the First Year of Her late Majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An At for the better Support of Her Majesty's Household, and the Honour and Dignity of the Crown, or any other Act or Acts, or other Impediment or Disability whatsoever: Provided always, that nothing cood Five Acres, in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to enable His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to grant more than

His Majesty may vest Lands in any Person for building or repairing Church or Chapel, or House for Residence of Minister.

9 H. 3. c. 36. I Ann. Stat. I.

No Grant to ex-

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Five Acres in any one Grant for any of the Purpoles aforesaid, or to alter or amend any of the Provisions of the said A& of the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, which are not hereinbefore

specially named and mentioned.

II. And be it further enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That Any Person havit shall be lawful for any Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, feized of or entitled to the entire and absolute Fee Simple of any Manor, by Deed under the Hand and Seal or Hands and of Waste for Seals of any such Person or Persons, and under the Seal or Seals of Ecclesiastical any fuch Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, and inrolled in the Purpoles. Court of Chancery, to grant to the Rector, Vicar or other Minister of any Parish Church and his Successors, or to the Curate or Minister of any chapel and his Successors, any Parcel or Parcels of Land not exceeding in the whole the Quantity of Five Statute Acres, Parcel of the Waste of such Manor, and lying within the Parish where fuch Church or Chapel shall be or shall be intended to be erected, or within any Extra-parochial District wherein any such Chapel shall be or shall be intended to be erected, for the Purpole of erecting thereon or enlarging any such Church or Chapel, or for a Church Yard or Burying Ground, or enlarging a Church Yard or Burying Ground for such Parish or Extra-parochial Place, or for a Glebe for the Rector, Vicar, Curate or other Minister of any such Church or Chapel, to erect a Mansion House or other Buildings thereon, or make other Conveniences for the Residence of such Rector, Vicar, Curate or other Minister, freed and absolutely discharged of and from all Rights of Common thereon, and any Statute prohibiting any Alienation in Mortmain, or other Statute, Law or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that no Grant what- Grants restricted foever shall be made of any Land whatsoever, for any of the Pur- to Parochial poses authorized by this Act, unless the Church or Chapel for the Churches or Benefit whereof or of the Minister whereof such Grant shall be made shall be a Parochial Church or Chapel for the Service of the United Church of England and Ireland, duly authorized by Law. or a Church or Chapel duly confecrated for the Service of such Church, or erected, or to be erected for fuch Purpose by and with the Licence and Confent of the Ordinary of the Diocese wherein the fame shall be.

ing Fee Simple of Manor may

C A P. CXVI.

An Act to enable His Majesty to grant a Piece of Ground within the Tower of London, to be used as an additional Burial Ground for Persons dying within the said Tower.

[26th June 1811.]

WHEREAS the Cemetery or Burial Ground for the Interment of Persons dying within the Tower of London is ' incapable, in point of Room, of providing for the Burial of the Dead within the faid Tower, and it hath therefore been found sabsolutely necessary that a Piece of Ground should be obtained · for the future Interment of Persons dying therein: And whereas there is a Piece of Ground situate and being at the Distance of ' Six Feet from the Front Wall of the Grand Store Room, underthe Small Armoury within the faid Tower, which Ground is Part of the Piece of paved Ground commonly called by the Name of Z_3

The Broad Walk, and contains in Length from East to Westione hundred and Eighty seven Feet, and in Breadth from South to ' North Nineteen Feet and Six Inches, and abuts North, at the Distance of Six Feet, towards the Front Wall of the said Grand Store Room in Part, and in other Part, at the Distance of Six Feet, towards a Way or Passage leading to the Jewel Office, South in Part on the Carriage Way between the Small Armoury and the White Tower, and in other Part on the Terrace and fome Dwelling Houses in the Occupation of several Persons em- ployed as Clerks in the Tower, East on an Engine House occupied by the Board of Ordnance, and West on the present Burial Ground; which present Burial Ground and a Slip of Ground Six Feet in Breadth and One hundred and eighty feven Feet in Length on the South of the Front Wall of the faid Grand Store Room in Part, and on the South of the faid Passage to the Jewel Office on other Part, together with the faid Piece of Ground before particularly described, constitutes the whole of the said ' Piece of paved Ground called The Broad Walk, and the faid * Piece of paved Ground called The Broad Walk lies open and uninclosed on the South, except where abutting on the faid Dwelling Houses, and hath been frequently used as a temporary Depository for His Majesty's Stores, and as a Parade for His Majesty's Officers and Soldiers within the said Tower: And whereas the faid Piece of Ground before particularly described, and fo adjoining the present Burial Ground of the Tower of London as aforelaid, is equally adapted for the Purpole of burying Persons dying within the said Tower as the said Piece of Ground onow used as the Burial Ground of the said Tower: And whereas the said Piece of Ground before particularly described as well as the faid Piece of Ground now used as the Burial Ground are the Property of His Majesty in Right of his Crown, and are extraparochial and exempt from all Ecclefiastical Jurisdiction, and it is necessary that Authority be given for using the said Piece of Ground before particularly described as an additional Burial Ground of the said Tower; but inasmuch as by reason of His Majesty's • Estate and Interest therein the same cannot be effected without the Aid and Authority of Parliament: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Bishop of London for the time being to confecrate, with the usual Ceremonies and Solemnities, the aforesaid Piece of paved Ground hereinbefore particularly described, containing in Length from East to West One hundred and eighty seven Feet, and in Breadth from South to North Nineteen Feet Six Inches, and abutting upon the faid Piece of paved Ground now used as a Burial Ground as aforefaid, to the Intent that the same Piece of Ground so confecrated may from thenceforth for ever be used as and for a Burial Ground for the Interment of Persons dying within the said Tower of London.

Bishop of London may consegrate Piece of Ground;

ster Confecration, used for Burial Ground, the said Piece of Ground so confecrated shall and may accordingly, 4 I.

accordingly, for ever, be used as and for a Burial Ground for the Interment of Persons dying within the said Tower, in such and the same manner as the said Piece of open paved Ground, constituting the present Burial Ground of the said Tower, hath been heretofore used for the Interment of Persons dying within the said Tower.

C A P. CXVII.

An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Sums of Money out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain; and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament. [26th June 1811.]

\$5,000,000 0 Out of Surplus of British Consolidated

7		بالرون ر بر		•	Fund -	5
1	II.	356,787	i,	83	Surplus of Confolidated Fund on 5th Jan.	Grance to make good the Supply for Service of Great Britain for 1811.
I	IL.	996,927	18	44	Ditto - 5th April 1811	5
	V.	8,000,000		6	Part of the Sum remaining in the Exchequer	į
			•		to complete 19,500,000/. granted out of	.
					Produce of War Taxes 1810	6
- 4	V.	20,000,000	Q	ο.	From the following Duties, viz.	ខ្ព
		•			Additional Customs under 43 G. 3. c. 70.	2
					Excise on To-	Ď,
					bacco, &c 46 G. 3. c. 39.	ġ.
•					Duties on Property c.65.	<u> </u>
					——— Excise on Brandy	d. ∞
					47 G. 3. Seff. 1. c. 27.	3.5
					Cuftoms - 49 G. 3. c. 98.	<u> </u>
					Additional Duties of Customs 51 G. 3. c. 43.	3
					Duty on Linen c. 44.	8
					Duty on Copper c. 31.	8
					New Duties on Importation	ب
					of Hides in the Hair c. 67.	Ž
					Additional Duties of Cuf-	Ħ
		•		,	toms, on Fir Timber c. 93.	3
V	T.	2,804,700	.0	0	Exchequer Bills charged upon Supplies for	
					1810, subscribed to be funded pursuant to	
					the Resolution of the House of Commons	5.
V	II.	430,364	0	0	From Sale of Old Naval For Naval Services being inafter expressed.	161 6 -
-		V, - U ·	•			
\$7 T	7 T	The follow	'	C	, or y as,	
Αİ	11.	Produce	of V	Male s	and Penfion A&, not exceeding	
		.3,000,000		0	- 51 G. 3. c. 2.	ĕ
	•	10,500,000	٥		Exchequer Bills - 3. 2	ξ Δ. ,:
		1,500,000	o		Ditto	i S
		4.981,300	0		Annuities c. 26. 2	
		6,000,000			Exchequer Bills c. 53	K
		1,500,000		.0	Ditto 6. 54 8	Sec § X., &c.
		12,000,000	٥	٥	Annuities (after remitting	5,8
		*****		•	4,500,000l. to Ireland,) - c. 49.	_ va
					Z 4 Lotte	Tics
		•			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

			-	·
	Lotteries,			(deducting One third for Ireland,) - 51 G. 3. c. 113.
	£4 000 000	^	^	Evchaguer Bills
	£3,000,000		0	Part of Sum remaining to be received 15th Feb. 1811, to complete 19,500,000/. granted out of Produce of War Taxes 1810. (granted above, § II.) (granted above, § VII.) (granted above, § VII.) (granted above, § V.)
	8,000,000	U	U	Feb. 1911 to complete to 100 000 1
				Feb. 1811, to complete 19,500,000/.
				granted out of Produce of War Taxes
			0.	1810
	356,787		84	(granted above, § II.)
	996,927			(granted above,) III.)
	420,364		0	(granted above, § VII.)
	20,000,000		0	
	5,000,000		0	(granted above, § I.)
IX.	The follo		g Si	ıms, viz.
	1,000,000	0	0	Treasury Bills coming into [51 G. 3. c. 5.]
	2,500,000	0	0	Annuities and the Irifb
				Treasury Bills Exchequer \ C. 22. \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
	4,500,000	0	0	Annuities under the
	Share of L	otte	rics	Tracking Pills Ads,
	200,000		0	Treasury Bills Acts, [c. 88.] & &
X ,	Appropria	tion,	viz	. <2.5
	20,935,894	10	0	For Naval Services; that is to fay, £ s. d.
	3,345,875		0	For 145,000 Men,] [1 15 6]
	4,453,312	10	0	For Victuals
	3,675,750		0	For Wear and Tear of Man Acr
	,			Month 1 19 0 Bloutes
	. 659,750	0	0	For Ordinance for Sea
	1,578,113	^	Q	For Ordinary of Navy, including
	1 295 /031 23	v	4	Half Pay
	2,046,200	0	0	For Building and Repairs of Ships
	2,040,200	•		of War and Extras
	1,113,894	٥	0	For Provisions for Troops in Gar-
	-431-3-2	_	• •	rifons on Foreign Stations, and
				Rations for Troops embarked on
				board Transports -
	2,752,662	6	0	For Hire of Transports - For the Year
	352,462	6	ā.	For Sick and Wounded Seamen at 1811.
	3741464	. •	•	Home and Abroad -
	834,336	10	8	For Prisoners of War in Health at
	4 3433~	**	~	Home and Abroad -
	90,000	^	0	Ditto Sick
	32,388		4	For Salaries, Stationary and Con-
	34,300	•	4	tingencies of Transport Office
٠.	1.150	^	o	For Superannuations in the Transport
	1,150	V	Ÿ	and other Offices -
XI.	3,000,000	Q	Ŏ.	For Great Britain, "to enable His Majesty to take
44.77	7.5	•.	**	" fuch Measures as may be necessary to disappoint
				" or defeat any Enterprizes or Designs of His
				" Enemies, and as the Exigency of Affairs may
				" require."
XII.	\$00,c00	Q.	0	British Currency, " to enable His Majesty to take
•	. •	•	•	" luch Measures as the Exigency of Affairs may
				" require for Ireland."
XIII	400,000	Q.	Ő	For Engagements with His Sicilian Majesty.
•	•	•		.yıx

XIV.	£2,c00,000	0	0	For Portugal, "to enable His M maintain in his Pay a Body o and to give fuch further A the Government of Portugal Contest in which His Ma	of <i>Portuguese</i> Troops, Aid and Assistance to I as the Nature of the
V 17	0		0	" appear to him to require."	ione a that is to for
XV.	21,287,004			For Land Forces and other Serv	ices; that is to lay,
	7,299,879	10	6	For Land Forces at Home and	
				Abroad (except in the East	
				Indies, Foreign Corps in Bri-	-
			_	tish Pay and embodied Militia	
	31,499	14	2	For Five Troops of Dragoons	
				and Eighteen Companies of	,
				Foot for recruiting Corps	
,		_		ferving in <i>India</i> For embodied Militia of <i>Great</i>	
	3,098,910	5	3	Britain and Ireland and of the	
				Royal Corps of Miners of Devon and Cornwall -	
	E18 204		70	For General and Staff Officers	
•	518,294	7	10	and Officers of Hospitals at	
				Home and Abroad, and	
				Charge of Garrisons -	
	32,507	_	7	For Full Pay for Supernumerary	
	3-,507)	,	Officers of Forces -	
	281,534	14	7	For Principal Officers of feveral	
	201777	- 4	,	Publick Departments in	
				Great Britain and Ireland,	
				their Deputies, Clerks and	From
				Contingent Expences, and	
		•		Amount of Exchequer Fees	24th Dec. 1811.
				to be paid by the Paymaster	•
				General	
	221,993	10	0	For Half Pay to reduced Offi-	
				cers of Land Forces, including	
				British American Forces, and	·
			•	Scotch Brigade late in the Ser-	
	•	_		vice of the States General	,
	13,195	8	9	For Military Allowances to re-	
			-	duced Officers of Land	
				Forces, including British	
		_		American Forces -	
	494,354	18	9	For In and Out Penfioners of	
				Chelsea and Kilmainham Hos-	
				pitals, and Expences of the	,
	6			Hospitals	Į
	01,304	Į Z	11	For Pensions to Widows of Officers of Land Forces and	<i>}</i>
				Expences attending the same	•
				in Great Britain and Ireland	i i
	r66 022	~	0	For Volunteer Corps in Great	
	566,022	7	9	Britain and Ireland -	
	704,827	0	٥	For Local Militia Force in	i
Ľ-	. (54154)	•	•	Great Britain	
				£	£966,225

4	.,.		3	.4
£966,225	17	8	For Foreign Corps in the Service of Great Britain and Ireland	
19 ,497	16	,	For Allowances to retired Chaplains and Allowances to Clergymen officiating with Forces at Home and Abroad, including Allowance to retired Chaplain General and other Contingencies	·
1 32,764	5	9	For Medicines and Surgical Materials for Land Forces, and Hospital Contingencies	
23,376	, 6	8	For Allowances on the Compassionate List to Children of deceased Officers of Land Forces, and to Widows of Officers of said Forces not intitled to Pensions, including Allowance as of His Majesty's Royal Bounty to several Officers, and to the Relatives of certain deceased Officers	From 25th <i>Dec.</i> 1810, to 24th <i>Dec.</i> 1814.
500,433	18	5	For Barrack Department in Ireland	
283,352	12	I	For the Commissariat and Forage for the Cavalry in <i>Ireland</i>	
12,814	. 2	1	For Allowances, Compensations and Emoluments in the Nature of Superannuation or retired Allowances to Persons belonging to several Publick Departments in Great Britain and Ireland in respect of their having held Publick Offices of a Civil Nature	•
370	0	Ò	For Allowance to Two retired Clerks formerly employed in the Office of Comptrollers of Army Accounts	
482,025	0	0	For Barrack Department in Great Britain	
1,648,260	16	0	For Commissary in Chief's De-	For the Year 1811,
49,400	0		For Store Keeper General's Department	
6 27,098	19	5	For Extraordinary Expences of the Army not provided for	From 25th Dec. 1809, to 24th Dec. 1810.
\$,200,000	0		For Extraordinary Expences of the Army of Great Britain and Ireland	
17,061	3	-	For Allowance in addition to Pay of Lieutenant Colonels,	From 25th May 1811, to 24th Dec. following. Majors

XXÍ.

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Majors and Captains of em- From 25th May 1811.
                             bodied Militia in Great Bri-
                                                          to 24th Dec. following,
                             tain and Ireland
XVI. 3,412,211 11 10 For Office of Ordnance for
                             Land Service for Great Bri- For the Year 1811.
                           For Ditto not provided for in 1808.
                    6
            6,593
                      . 9
          190,836
                    8
                       I
                               Ditto
                                                     in 1809.
           188,793
                               Ditte
                    1
                                                     in 1810.
                           For Office of Ordnance for
           61,550
                             Great Britain on Account
                             of Pay of superannuated and
                             disabled Officers and Men,
                             Half Pay of reduced Officers,
                             Allowances to retired Officers
                             and to Officers for good Ser-
                             vices, and Penfions to Wi-
                             dows and Children of de-
                             ceased Officers late belonging
                             to Ordnance Military Corps
            19,493 19 6
                           For Allowances, Compensations
                             and Emoluments in the Na-
                             ture of superannuated or re-
                             tired Allowances to Perfons
                             late belonging to Office of
                             Ordnance in Great Britain
                             in respect of their having
                             held any Publick Offices or
                             Employments of a Civil Na- For the Year 1811.
                             ture, and also for Widows
                              Penfions.
          457,956 8 10
                           For Office of Ordnance for Ire-
                             land
            12,485 10 9
                          For Office of Ordnance for Ire-
                             land on Account of Pay of
                             retired Officers of late Irifb
                              Artillery and Penfions to
                              Widows of decealed Officers
                             of the fame .
             2,708 4 0 For Allowances, Compensations
                              and Emoluments in the Na-
                             ture of superannuated or re-
                              tired Allowances to Persons
                             late belonging to Office of
                              Ordnance in Ireland, in re-
                              spect of their having held any
                              Publick Offices or Employ-
                              ments of a Civil Nature, and
                             also for Widows Pensions
                            For discharging outstanding Exchequer Bills under
 XVII. 10,500,000 0
                                                                 50 G. 3. e. 2.
XVIII. 1,500,000
                           Ditto
                        0
                                                                       - 6.3.
                           Ditto for the Service of the Year 1810.
  XIX. 8,000,000 o
                       0
                                                              50 G. 3. c. 114.
                           Ditto
         1,500,000 0
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A.D. 1811.

C. 117.

340	0 , , .				. •
XXI.	4,850,300	0	0	For discharging outstanding Exchequer Bills under 50 G. 3. c. 60	
XXII.	2,530,500	0	0	Ditto c. 113	ζ.
XXIII.	11,632		3	To make good like Sum issued pursuant to Ad	ĺ-
		•		dresses of the House of Commons, not made goo	d
	•			by Parliament.	
XXIV.	Civil Establ	liſhn	nents	, viz.	
5 2227 V 1	3,400		0	Bahama Islands -	
	1,030		0		
	600		0	Dominica	
	10,450			Upper Cañada -	
•	12,965		ō	Nova Scotia -	
	5,600	0	0	New Brunswick - From 1st Jan. to	
		0	o		
	3,100		ō	Saint John in America, now	
	3,100	. •	Ŭ	called Prince Edward Island	
	3,901	0	0	Newfoundland -	
	13,308	15	0	New South Wales -	
	14:495	11	6	Sierra Leone - J	
XXV.	107,650	1	II	For paying Annuities under On 5th April 1811	i
				3/0.3.0.10.4.42 0.3.6.0.	
	5,766	I 2	0	Ditto - On 10th 08. 1811	•
	28,242	0	6	For Royal Military College From	
	25,894	11	6	For Royal Military Afylum 25th Dec. 1810 to at Chelsea - 24th Dec. 1811.	
	30,000	0	0	For Erection of Royal Mili-	
				tary College at <i>Sandburft</i> near <i>Bluckwater</i> in <i>Surrey</i>	
•	3,600	0	0	For Expenses incident to the Two Houses of Parliament	
	21,000	0	0	For Printing for the House	
	21,000	•		of Lords, and for printing	
	6,000	0	0	Acts of Parliament For printing 1,750 Copies of	•
				63d and 64th Vols. of	
				Journals of House of Com- mons	
	6,000	0	0	Towards reprinting Two Vo-	
				lumes of Journals and Two .	
				Volumes of Reports of the For the Year 1811	١.
				House of Commons	
	1,880	0	0	For Salaries to certain Offi-	
				cers of Two Houles of	
•				Parliament -	
	4,000	0	0	For extraordinary Expences for Profecutions, &c. re	
				lating to the Coin of this	
				Kingdom -	
	5,000	0	٥.	For paying Fees on passing publick Accounts	
-	175,000	0	0	For foreign and other secret	
	•			Services -	
	20,000	0	0	For Law Charges	
	78,700	0	0	For confining, maintaining	
				a r	ıd

	•		
		-	and employing Convicts at
£ 12,000	0	0	Home - For Publick Office in Bow
			Street > For the Year 1811.
7,909	12	0	For Superintendance of Aliens
3,300	0	0	For Stationary for the Two Houses of Parliament
2,100	0	ó	For printing Votes of the House of Commons
_,			during the present Session.
178,752	2	0	For Clergy and Laity of
			France, Toulonese, Dutch and Corsican Emigrants,
••			Saint Domingo Sufferers For the Year 1811.
		_	and American Loyalists
11,000	0	0	For Sheriffs for Conviction of Felons, and Over-payments
3,435	0	0	To Sheriffs for Convictions of
	,		To make good Felons and Over-payments. Deficiency of For extraordinary Expences
2,017	10	9	Grant in 1810 of Profecutions, &c. relating
			to the Coin of this Kingdom.
1,328	5	4	The new charitable and other)
			Allowances to the Poor of Saint Martin in the Fields,
			et al
17,000	0	0	To George Saunders Esquire, to discharge in
			part outstanding Demands of Artificers for Works done at Somerfet Place.
424	4	0	To Thomas Nettleship Esquire, for publishing
• •	•		average Price of Brown or Muscovado Su-
177	٥	0	gar for One Year to 1st Oc. 1810. To Henry Dealtry Esquire, as a Remuneration
-//	•	Ŭ	for his Services as Clerk to the Commissioners
			for ascertaining the saleable Offices in the
255	^	0	Courts of Law. To Charles Grooby and Francis William Barron
355	9	Ü	for lighting Lamps round New Square in
			Palace Tard Westminster, from 7th September
4,430	6	0	To Henry Dealtry Esquire, as a Remuneration for his Services as Clerk to the Commissioners for ascertaining the saleable Offices in the Courts of Law. To Charles Groody and Francis William Barron for lighting Lamps round New Square in Palace Tard Westminster, from 7th September 1807 to 2d June 1810. To William Chinnery Esquire, for Desiciency of Grant for 1810, for Expences attending the confining, maintaining and employing Couvicts at Home. To William Chinnery Esquire, to pay Bills drawn by T. Dumares and T. Le Briton, on account of Allowances granted for their Trouble, &c. in attending the Privy Council
4,430	٥	Ü	of Grant for 1810, for Expences attending
			the confining, maintaining and employing
624	10	0	Convicts at Home. To William Chinnery Esquire, to pay Bills
024		Ŭ	drawn by T. Dumarefq and T. Le Briton, on
			account of Allowances granted for their
		-	Trouble, &c. in attending the Privy Council respecting the Island of Jersey.
227	13	0	To William Chinnery Esquire, to be paid over
227	7		to Captain Aberdown and others, for Ex-
			pences attending Committee of House of Commons on late Expedition to the Scheldt.
79	3	0	To William Chinnery Esquire to discharge
			Melirs. Blanchard's and Ramfay's Expences
	•	•	on the Holybead Committee in Selfion 1810.
			£ 428

•			<u> </u>
£ 428′ 1			To John France Esquire, for his Assistance in forming an Index to the Rolls of Parliament.
1,582	9 6		To Edward Stracey Esquire for Services attending as Counsel upon Chairman of Committees of House of Peers during Session 1810.
1,151	8 d		To Thomas Brodie Equire for Salaries and other incidental Expenses in forming an Index to Journals of the House of Peers, for One Year to 5th July 1810.
533	14 0		To Thomas Brodie Esquire, for Trouble in forming an Index to Journals of the House of Peers for One Year to 5th July 1810.
4,640	11 0	Civil Lift	To James Read Esquire for Establishment of Horse Patrole for better Security of Publick Roads leading to the Metropolis for Three Quarters of a Year to 5th Jan. 1811.
Sog		riffued or	To Doctor Thomas Brooke Clarke for Trouble and Attendance in receiving and arranging Returns to Privy Council of Non-refident Clergy for One Year and half to 5th Jan. 1811.
1,582		Money	To William Watson Esquire, Serjeant at Arms to House of Lords, for Services during Session 1810.
475	14 5	ke good	To William Chinnery Esquire, for Messers of Houses of Parliament in Session 1810.
2,631	4 (То ша	To Lord Walfingham for Services as Chairman of Committees of House of Peers during Session 1810.
219	14 (To John Clementson Esquire, Deputy Serjeant at Arms to House of Commons, for One Year's Rent of a House in lieu of Apartments resigned at the House of Commons.
949	19 0		To Magistrates of Thames Police Office for further Expenses incurred in carrying into effect the Plan for the better Security of Shipping in the Port of London.
1,248	í4 (To Peter Grant Esquire, Secretary to Commis- fioners of Military Enquiry, for Expences of faid Commissioners in carrying the Act into Execution.
9,280	5 0	ni <i>la</i> :	Protestant Disserting Mi- sters in England and Ire- nd, and for Relief of poor strench Resugees
21,500		For at pl	Works already executed the New Mint, to com- ete Buildings and Offices are and to furnish them ith remaining Fixtures
4,000	0 0		additional Machinery fix- g by Mafter Rennie, and 9 other

			other Works by Meffrs.
			Bolton and Watt at the
£4,500	0	ó	New Mint For Expense of the Tunnel
-4,,,00	Ŭ	•	at the New Mint
4,800	0	0	For Board of Agriculture
1,600,000		0	For discharging Interest on Exchequer Bills.
30,000	0	0	To defray probable Amount of Bills drawn from
	_	^	New South Wales, in the course of the Year 1811. For Relief of the Inhabitants of such Parts of Per-
100,000	U	0	tugal as have suffered by the Invasion of that
			Country by the French.
9,500	0	0	For extra Charge for Contin-)
7.5			For extra Charge for Contingencies of Three Secre-
			taries of State For ortin Change for Motor
5,000	0	0	For extra Charge for Menen-
			gers of Three Secretaries of State
2,115	12	_	For Bills of the Usher of the
2,	• 3)	Court of Exchequer, for
			supplying the Court and
			Officers with Stationary;
			for keeping in repair the For the Year 1810.
			faid Court, and for accus-
			omed Fees or Allowances
			to the leveral Officers
0'		_	thereof For the Year 1811.
2,118 16,000	•		
10,000			lowances to certain retired
			Dutch Officers paid by Ge-
	•		neral Sontag
4,400	0	0	For Bills drawn from Jersey
			on account of Allowances For the Year 1811.
			to certain French Emi-
6;000	_	^	grants refident there For Allowances to certain
0,000		•	Corfican and Toulonese Emi-
			grants
3,000	0	0	For Repair of Henry the Seventh's Chapel.
20,000		0	For Roads and Bridges in
			Highlands in Scotland un-
41.700	~	_	der 43 G. 3. c. 80.
40,000	σ	0	gation from the Eaflern to For the Year 1811.
•			the Western Sea by Inver-
			ness and Fort William
7,100	0	0	For Works in progress at the
			Houses of Parliament
5,720	10	11	For rebuilding Light House and making an Oil Light at Heligoland.
10;500	0	Ø	For Compensation to Com-
			For Compensation to Com- missioners appointed to en- quire into the Public Ex-
			quire into the Public Ex- penditure
			benaras

			_
			penditure in certain Mili-
£3,000	0	0	tary Departments - For National Vaccine Esta- For the Year 1811.
23,0,00		•	blishment
6,000	Ð	Ō	For Royal Vault and Chapter
25,000	0	0	House erecting at Windsor \ For rebuilding public Edi-
3.			fices in the Island of Trini- For the Vear 1811
1			dad, destroyed by Fire in 1808
· 104	6	3	Deficiency of Grant for defraying the Expences of
-		_	Printing for the House of Commons in 1810.
16,000	0	0	For Printing Bills, &c. by Order of House of Com- mons during the present Session.
4,000	0	0	For Repairs and Works at the King's Bench Prison,
5,000	0	0	for the Year 1811. For repairing the Crinan Canal, in consequence of
5,000	Ŭ	Ū	an Inundation in the Year 1811.
1,000	0	0	For Bounties, &c. for taking
			and bringing Fish to the Cities of London and West.
•			minster)
12,000	0	0	For rebuilding Betblem Hospital, upon a Scale suffi- cient for the Reception of Two hundred Patients.
5,000	0	0	For the Improvement of
14 545	2	10	Holyhead Harbour For Improvements near to
14,545	_	.10	Wessminster Hall, &c. un- der 46 G. 2, 5, 80.
0	_	_	40 0.13.01.03.
47,383	7	2	For Buildings for a Naval Afylum, and Maintenance
		_	of faid Institution
7, 9 99	19	8	For Trustees of British Museum.
4,635	4	11	To Master Samuel Davis for Rent and Losses fustained on account of the Marshalfea Prison.
6,207	0	0	For Half the Charge of erect-
			For Half the Charge of erecting Bridges over the Rivers Cree and Kenn in Scotland For the Year 1811.
5,826	8	8	For Printing under the Record Commission.
4,163		0	For printing 1,250 Copies of the 40th, 41st and
. 100 000	^	0	42d Vols. of the Journals of the House of Peers. To the Governors of Queen Anne's Bounty for the
100,000	Ü	Ü	Poor Clergy.
4,300	0	0	For outstanding Demands for Works done at old
1,000	٥		Marshalsea Prison between 1802 and 1810. For Veterinary College, for the Year 1811.
5,856		0	For Works and Repairs of Military Roads in North
WITT In: A Comme			Britain.
XVI. Irifb Curre			- [In Ireland.]
250	0	0	Inspector General of Imports and Exports, pre- paring Accounts of Ireland.
200		0	First Clerk of Ditto, preparing Accounts.
200			Examinator of Excise, Ditto.
‡ 50	, •	•	Affistant Examinator of Excise, Ditto.

	_			
	£ 200			Examinator of Corn Bounties for keeping Accounts.
	200	0	0	Clerk in Auditor's Office, for preparing Accounts for Parliament.
XXVII.	25,000	0	0	For Criminal Profecutions and other Law Expences from 5th Jan. 1811 to 5th Jan. 1812.
	1,200	0	0	For printing, &c. 250 Copies of Public General Acts, 51 G. 3.
	2,500	0	0	Apprehending Public Of-
	9,481	0	0	Man-conforming Ministers From 5th Jan. 1811,
	1,047		2	Expence of Pratique in the Port of Dublin -
	3,791	٥	٥.	Support of seceding Ministers from the Synod of Ulster - From 25th March 1811, to 25th March 1812.
	4,000	0	0	Incidents of the Trea- From 5th Jan. 1811, to fury 5th Jan. 1812.
	740	٥	0	Clothing Battle Axe From 1st Dec. 1811, to Guards - Ist June 1813.
	10,500	O	0	Proclamations and other Matters in the Dublin 5th Jan. 1811, to Gazette, &c.
	32,447	I 2	0	Board of Works in Ireland For the Year 1811.
	22,391		8	Printing, &c. for Secre-
. •			•	taries' Offices, and From 5th Jan. 1811, to other Public Offices in 5th Jan. 1812. Dublin Castle.
	2,822	C	0	For Lottery Officers for One Year due 24th June 1811.
	40,000	0	0	Harbour of Howth, Works at.
	12,000		0	Draining Bogs under 49 G. 3. c. 102.
XXVIII.	10,000			Board of First Fruits for
	· .			building Churches and From 5th Jan. 1811, to Glebe Houses, and 5th Jan. 1812. purchasing Glebes
	21,600	0	0	Trustees of the Linen and Hempen Manufactures For One Year ending 5th Jan. 1812.
	9,020	٥	0	commissioners for making wide and convenient Streets in Dublin from 5th Jan. 1811, to 5th Jan. 1812.
	50,000	0	0	Trustees and Commissioners of First Fruits, towards building, &c. Churches and Chapels, &c.
	10,000	0	0	Dublin Society for promoting Husbandry, &c. From 5th Jan. 1811, to
	5,000	0	0	Farming Society of Ire- 5th Jan. 1812.
· XXIX.	39,737	0	0	For Protestant Charter Schools ?
	38,839	0	0	Foundling Hospital in Dublin
	48,584	0	0	House of Industry, Hospitals and Asylum for Industrious From 5th Jan. 1811,
	15,254	0	0	Children in Dublin Hibernian Society for Sol-
A	***			diers' Children at Dublin
51 G20.	. 1111			A a £3,255

23,255	0	0	Hibernian Marine Society
1,602	0	0	Female Orphan House near Dublin
8,973	0	0	Roman Catholic Seminary
7,411	0	0	Westmorland Lock Hospital in Dublin -
5,880	0	0	For erecting Buildings at the East Wing of Sir Patrick
	-		Dun's Hospital in Dublin
3,193	0	0	Lying-in Hospital in Dublin
1,000	0	Ø	For 180 Patients in House of
		•	Recovery and Fever Hof- pital in <i>Dublin</i>
559	σ	0	Doctor Stevens's Hospital at
600	0	0	For Office of Commissioners
			of Charitable Donations and Bequests
1,381	0	0	Affociation for discountenancing Vice
2,500	0	0	Cork Institution -
4.000		o	For Improvements and Repairs
T: 500		•	of Saint Patrick's Hospital
nlies A	all	he :	applied only to the Purpofes

From 5th Jan. 1811, to 5th Jan. 1812.

XXX. Supplies shall be applied only to the Purposes authorized, &c.

As in former Acts.

XXXI. Rules for Application of Half Pay

'XXXII. And whereas the Officers of the Royal Regiment of

tion contained in the Letter of Service under which they were raised, that they should be allowed to receive any Half Pay to which they might be entitled, notwithstanding their holding Subaltern Commissions in the said Corps, but no Provision has been made by Parliament for Payment of such Half Pay; and it is therefore expedient that Provision should now be made for Pav-' ment of the Arrears of Half Pay to such Officers as asoresaid;' Be it therefore enacted, That Officers who are entitled to Half Pay, and who accepted or held Subaltern Commissions in the Royal Regiment of Manx Fencibles, shall, notwithstanding their having had the full Pay of such Commissions, be entitled to receive the Arrears of fuch Half Pay for any Year or Time in which they shall not have before been allowed to receive the fame, upon taking an Oath before the Officer usually administering Oaths to Persons for the Purpose of their receiving Half Pay, that they had not in any Year or Time for which fuch Arrear is claimed, any Office or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty, besides their Allowance of Half Pay, fave and except their Pay as fuch Subaltern Officer of the Royal Regiment of Manx Fencibles, and taking the faid Oath. shall, without taking any other Oath, be sufficient to entitle such Officer to receive his Half Pay.

Mans Fencibles engaged to serve in the said Corps upon a Stipula-

Half Pay allowed to Officers of the Maux Fencibles.

* XXXIII. And whereas Chaplains of Regiments, who have been placed on Half Pay, have not been allowed to receive fuch Half Pay in fome Years, in confequence of being in Possession at

the time of certain Ecclesiastical Benefices or Preferments, though the same were not in the Patronage of the Crown: And whereas

it has been judged fair and reasonable that they should be allowed to receive such Half Pay, though in Possession of Ecclesiastical Preferment, provided the same was private Patronage, and not 6 derived from the Crown, and that they should also be allowed to receive the Arrears of Half Pay for fuch former Years as afore-' faid;' Be it therefore enacted, That all Chaplains, who, after Half Pay al-having been placed on Half Pay, shall have been refused or been lowed to Chapunable to receive such Half Pay in any Year, in consequence of lains of Regiholding any Ecclesiastical Benefice not derived from or in the Gift in Possession of of the Crown, shall be entitled to receive the Arrears of such Half Ecclesiastical Pay for such Years, upon making Affidavit before the proper Officer Benefices. for administering Oaths to Persons for entitling them to receive Half Pay, that they held no Ecclefiastical Benefice or Preferment in any fuch Year derived from the Crown, nor any Place or Employment of Profit under His Majesty; and the taking the said Oath shall, without taking any other Oath, be sufficient to entitle such Chaplain to receive his Half Pay.

XXXIV. Application of Overplus of Sum under 50 G. 3. c. 115. § 14. to reduced As in former Acts. Officers.

C A P. CXVIII.

An Act to permit the Interchange of the British and Irish. Militias respectively. [1st July 1811.]

WHEREAS it would materially conduce to the better Defence and Security of the United Kingdom, if the Services of the present Regular Militia of Great Britain and the Militia Force of Ireland were extended to all Parts of the United King-6 dom; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Persons who may be Men raised commissioned, raised and enrolled in and for the regular Militia of liable to serve in Great Britain, or in and for the Militia of Ireland, at any time after any Part of the paffing of this Act, whether by Ballot or otherwise, under any UnitedKingdome-Act now in force, or which may hereafter be in force for raising Men for the said Militia, shall be liable to serve in all Parts of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; any thing contained in any Act relating to the faid Militias respectively to the contrary not with standing.

II. And he it further enacted, That after the passing of this Act Oaths on Enrolfo much of the Act passed in the Forty second Year of His present ment of ballotted Majesty, intituled, An All for amending the Laws relating to the Men and fitutes by Militia in England, and for augmenting the Militia; fo much of an- 42 G. 3. c. 90. other Act passed in the Forty second Year, intituled, An Ad to \$ 41. raise and establish a Militia Force in Scotland; and so much of an 42 G. 3 c. 91. Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty, in- \$ 35, 36. tituled, An All for amending and reducing into one All of Parliament 49 G. 3. c. 120.
the several Laws for raising and training the Militia of Ireland. the several Laws for raising and training the Militia of Ireland, respectively, as prescribe the Form of Oaths to be taken by Persons ballotted, and by Substitutes and Volunteers raised under those respective Acts, shall be repealed; and instead thereof every Person who shall be raised by Ballot for the Militia in Great Britain or Aa2

Ireland, under any Acts in force at the passing of this Act, or under any future Act, and appearing and ferving in Person, shall take the following Oath:

C. 118.

Oath of ballotted 'I A. B. do fincerely promife and fwear, That I will be faithful Men. 'I A. B. do fincerely promife and fwear, That I will be faithful Men. 'I A. B. do fincerely promife and fwear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George, and that I will faithfully serve in the Militia in any Part of the United "Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, for the Defence of the fame, during the time of Five Years for which I am enrolled, ' unless I shall be sooner discharged.'

> And every Person raised under any of the said Acts, either as a Substitute, hired Man or Volunteer, or otherwise than by Ballot, shall take the following Oath:

Oath of Substigute or Volunteer.

A. B. do fincerely promife and swear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Maiestv King George, and that and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George, and that I will faithfully serve in the Militia in any Part of the United 6 Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, for the Defence of the fame, during the time of Five Years, or for such further time as the Militia shall remain embodied, if within the Space of Five ' Years His Majesty shall order and direct the Militia to be drawn out and embodied, unless I shall be sooner discharged.'

42 G. 3. c. 90. § 83. 42 G. 3. c. 91. § 77. 49 G. 3. c. 120. § 25.

III. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall be appointed to serve as a Serjeant, Corporal or Drummer in the Militia to be established under this Act for extended Service, instead of the Oath directed to be taken by any of the faid recited Acts, by Serjeants, Corporals and Drummers in the Militia, shall take the following Oath:

Oath.

I A. B. do fincerely promife and fwear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George, and that I will faithfully ferve in the Militia in any Part of the United Kingdom, for the Defence of the same, until I shall be legally discharged.

Militia railed as amder the former - **AR**A

IV. And be it further enacted, That the regular Militia to be raised under this Act in England and Scotland, and the Militia of Ireland, shall respectively be raised under the Provisions contained in the faid recited Acts of the Forty second Year aforesaid, and in the faid Act of the Forty ninth Year aforefaid, and in every other Act or Acts relative to the Militias of England, Scotland or Ireland, so far as the same or any of them were in force immediately before the passing of this Act, and are not hereby altered; and all Powers and Provisions, Clauses, Matters and Things contained in the said several last mentioned Acts shall, as far as the same were in sorce immediately before the passing of this Act, and are applicable, and are not hereby altered or repealed, be in force for the Purpoles aforefaid, and shall respectively relate to the Militia to be so raised in England, and Scotland, and Ireland, for Service in the United Kingdom, as if the same were expressly re-enacted and contained herein: Provided always, that nothing in this Act shall be construed to extend the Provisions of any Aca which relate only to the Militia of England or Scotland respectively, to the Militia to be raised in Ireland, nor any of the Provisions of any Act which relates to the Militia of Ireland only, to the Militia to be raised in England or Scotland.

Provide.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Powers, Provisions, Clauses, Provisions in Matters and Things contained in an Act passed in the Forty third 43 G. 3. c. 47. Year of His present Majesty, intituled, An All for consolidating and amending the several Laws for providing Relief for the Families of 49 G. 3. c. 90. Militia Men of England, when called out into actual Service; and in another Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, An Att for providing Relief for the Wives and Families of the Militia Men in Scotland, when called into actual Service; and in another Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty, intituled. An At to make Provision, in certain Cases, for the Wives 49 G. 3. c. 86. and Families of ballotted Men, Substitutes and Volunteers ferwing in relative to Rethe Militia of Ireland, or in any other Acts relative to granting lief to Families Relief to the Wives and Families of Persons serving in the Militias of Militia Men of England, Scotland or Ireland respectively, shall, as far as the same extended to Farelate to Allowances to the Wives and Families of ballotted Men be raised under this in force, and respectively relate to the Wives and Families of Persons Act. to be hereafter ballotted to serve, and thereupon personally serving in the Militias of England, Scotland and Ireland under the Provisions of this Act or any future Act: Provided always, that nothing in this Act shall be construed to extend any of the Provisions of any of the faid last mentioned Acts, which relate exclusively to the Wives and Families of Persons serving in the Militia of one of the said Parts of the United Kingdom, to the Wives and Families of Persons to be hereafter raifed in either of the faid other Parts of the United King-

dom for Service in the United Kingdom.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Force to be raifed in Called "The England, Scotland and Ireland, in manner aforesaid, for extended Militia of the Service, shall be called " The Militia of the United Kingdom;" and United Kingthe Parts of it to be raised in Great Britain or Ireland shall be re- dom." fpectively entitled to the fame Rank, Privileges and Exemptions, civil, military and religious, and subject to the same Rules and Regulations, as the faid Militias now are respectively entitled or subject to under any Act or Acts now in force relating to the Militia of Great Britain or Ireland, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament what so-

ever respectively.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Commissioned Officers Half Pay. of the faid Militias whose Service shall become extended to all Parts of the United Kingdom by virtue of this Act, who shall be disabled in actual Service, shall be entitled to Half Pay according to their Ranks; and all Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men of such Force so disabled, shall be entitled to the Benefit of Chelfea Hospital, and the Widows of all-such Commissioned Officers Chelsea Hospital killed in Service, shall be entitled to receive such Pensions for Life Widows Penas are given to Widows of Officers in His Majesty's Regular Forces.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That no Regiment, Battalion Limiting Period or Corps of British or Irish Militia shall continue to serve in Ireland for which British or Great Britain respectively, for any longer Period than Two Years or Irish Militia fucceffively; and that no greater Number than One Fourth Part of land or G. B. the Militia of Great Britain shall at any one time be employed in respectively. Ireland, nor any greater Number than One Third Part of the Militia of Ireland be at one time employed in Great Britain: Provided always, that in case of any actual Invasion or Rebellion of and in any Part of the United Kingdom, it shall be lawful for His Majesty to employ in Great Britain or Ireland, any Number of the faid Mili-

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tias of either Part of the United Kingdom which he may deem necessary for deseating or suppressing any such Invasion or Rebellion, or to retain in either Part of the United Kingdom during the Continuance of such Rebellion or Invasion, any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of the said Militias of either Part of the United Kingdom, although such Regiment, Battalion or Corps may have previously to the Suppression of such Rebellion or Invasion served its sull Period of Two Years in the other Part of the United Kingdom; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that so foon as any such Invasion or Rebellion shall have been deseated or suppressed (the same to be signified by His Majesty's Proclamation) every Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia which shall then have served its full Period of Two Years shall return to that Part of the United Kingdom for which it was originally serving.

IX. And be it further enacted, That no Regiment, Battalion or Corps of British or Irish Militia, having once performed its Period of Service in Ireland or Great Britain respectively, shall be again liable to serve in Ireland or Great Britain respectively, until the Expiration of Six or Four Years respectively, to be calculated from the Termination of such Period of Service: Provided always, that in case of any actual Invasion or Rebellion of or in any Part of the United Kingdom, it shall be lawful for His Majesty to employ in any Part of the United Kingdom any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of British or Irish Militia, although such Period of Six or Four Years respectively may not have elapsed since the Termination of its last

Period of Service in Ireland or Great Britain respectively.

X. And be it further enacted, That no Regiment, Battalion or Corps of the Militia of Great Britain shall be called upon to serve in Ireland, nor any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Irish Militia shall be called upon to serve in Great Britain, until His Majesty's Pleasure shall have been signified by the Secretary of State, or by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, as the

cafe may be.

4 XI. And whereas it is expedient that His Majesty should be empowered, in the mean time and until the Militia of the United 'Kingdom shall have been raised and enrolled by virtue of this Act, to avail himself of such voluntary Offers as may from time to time be made by any Regiments, Battalions and Corps of Militia of " Great Britain and Ireland refpedively, or by any Part or Parts of the fame, to extend their Services into all Parts of the United Kingdom, for the better Protection and Defence thereof; Be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty to employ in any Part of the United Kingdom, under the Regulations and Restrictions and in the Proportions specified in this Act, such Part of the present Regular Militia of Great Britain, and the Militia of Ireland respectively, as may make a voluntary Offer, duly certified by their respective Commanding Officers, of extending their Services to all Parts of the United Kingdom, and as His Majesty may think proper to permit to extend their Services in consequence of such voluntary Offers as aforefaid; and it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order figned by the Principal Secretary of State, or by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or by his or their Chief Secretary, directed to the Commanding Officer of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of the faid Militia Forces

once ferved in-One Part of the United Kingdom not to ferve there again but in Rotation.

British or Irish Militia having

Militia not to ferve until His Majesty's Plea. fure signified.

His Majefty eme powered to employ prefeut Militia making a voluntary Offer to serve. Ŀ

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Forces of Great Britain or Ireland, to propose to such Regiment. Battalion or Corps, or any Part or Parts thereof, to extend their Services to all Parts of the United Kingdom, under such Rules and Regulations as His Majesty may think fit to appoint.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be Bounty to Perlawful for His Majesty to direct that a Bounty not exceeding Two sons making vo-Guineas shall be allowed to every Non-commissioned Officer, Drum- luntary Offers. mer and Private Man who shall make such voluntary Offer as aforefaid; and that every Private Man making fuch voluntary Offer as aforesaid, shall, if he shall have been originally chosen by Ballot to ferve in the Militia, take the following Oath; videlicet,

I A. B. do fincerely promife and fwear, That I will be faithful Oath. and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George, and that I will faithfully ferve in the Militia in any Part of the United ' Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, for the Defence of the ' same, during the Remainder of the Term for which I was enrolled . to serve in the Militia within Great Britain [or, Ireland, as the case " may be unless I shall be sooner discharged."

And every fuch Man shall be then and there enrolled to serve in the Militia of the United Kingdom as a Private Militia Man, until the Expiration of the Period for which he was originally enrolled to ferve in the Militia of Great Britain, (or Ireland, as the case may be) and every Private Man making such voluntary Offer as aforesaid, who shall have been originally enrolled to serve as a Substitute, hired Man or Volunteer, shall be enrolled to serve in the Militia of the United Kingdom for the Remainder of the time for which he was originally enrolled to serve in the Militia of Great Britain (or, Ireland, as the case may be) or for such further time as the Militia may remain embodied; and shall take the following Oath; videlicet,

Land bear true Allegiance to His Maiesty King George, and that and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George, and that I will faithfully ferve in the Militia of Great Britain and Ireland, for the Defence of the same, during the Remainder of the time for which I have been enrolled to serve in the Militia within Great Britain [or, Ireland, as the case may be] or for such further time sas the Militia may remain embodied, unless I shall be sooner discharged.'

And every Non-commissioned Officer and Drummer making such voluntary Offer as aforefaid, shall also be enrolled to serve in the Militia of the United Kingdom, and shall take the Oaths hereinbefore directed to be taken by all Non-commissioned Officers and Drummers who may hereafter be enrolled to serve in the Militia of the United Kingdom by virtue of this Act; and such several Enrolments shall take place, and such Oaths shall be administered, at such times and under fuch Regulations, as His Majesty, by any Order to be figned by the Secretary of State or by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or his or their Secretary, shall in that behalf direct or appoint.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That no Person serving in the Commanding faid Militia of either Part of the United Kingdom shall be compelled Officer to explain to make such Offer, or be engaged to serve out of that Part of the that Offer to be United Kingdom for which he is enrolled and ferving, except by his voluntary. own Consent; and no Commanding Officer shall certify according to

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this Act any voluntary Offer previously to his having explained to every Person of the Militia offering so to serve, that the Offer is to

be purely voluntary on his Part.

Act to apply to Persons making a voluntary Offer of extending Services.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That all Provisions, Rules and Regulations contained in this Act, relating to Persons who may hereafter be commissioned, raised and enrolled in the Militia of the United Kingdom, shall be applicable to all Persons now serving in the regular Militia of Great Britain or the Militia Force of Ireland respectively, who may make a voluntary Offer of extending their Services to all Parts of the United Kingdom in manner aforefaid.

Act altered, &c.

XV. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, varied or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Seffion of Parliament.

[As to this All not affelling Cap. 20. ante. see Cap. 128. post.]

C A P. CXIX.

An Act for repealing Two Acts made in the Forty fecond and Forty seventh Years of His present Majesty, for the more effectual Administration of the Office of a Justice of the Peace, in such Parts of the Counties of Middlesex and Surrey as lie in and near the Metropolis, and for the more effectual Prevention of Felonies; and for making other Provisions in lieu thereof; to continue in force until the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and from thence until the Expiration of Six Weeks from the Commencement of the then next Seffion of Parliament. [1st July 1811.]

42 .G. 3. c. 76.

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An All for repealing Two Alls, made in the Thirty second and Thirty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, for the more effectual Administrastion of the Office of a Justice of the Peace, in Juch Parts of the · Counties of Middlesex and Surrey as lie in and near the Metro-* polis, and for the more effectual Prevention of Felonies; and for making other Provisions in lieu thereof; and for increasing the Salaries of the Justices at the Thames Police Office, until the First Day of June "One thousand eight hundred and seven, and from thence to the End of the then next Seffion of Parliament; which was to continue in of force until the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and feven, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Par-47 G. 3. Seff. 2. Iliament; which, by another Act, made in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, was continued until the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and ten, and from thence to the End of the then next Sellion of Parliament: And whereas it is expedient that the faid Acts should be repealed, and more effectual Provisions made in lieu thereof: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the faid Acts shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be and the fame are hereby repealed.

repealed,

C. 42.

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II. And be it enacted, That the several Public Offices now esta- The Seven Pubblished in the following Places, namely, the Parishes of Saint Mar- lic Offices congaret Westminster, Saint James Westminster, Saint James Clerkenwell, tinted. Saint Leonard Shoreditch, Saint Mary Whitechapel and Saint Paul Shadwell, in the County of Middlesex, and at or near Saint Margaret's Hill in the Borough of Southwark in the County of Surrey, shall be continued, and the several Persons appointed by His Majesty to execute the Office of Justice of the Peace at each of the faid Offices, by virtue of the faid Act, shall continue to execute the fame, together with fuch other Justices of the Peace for the said

Counties respectively as may think proper to attend.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful His Majestymay for His Majefty, from time to time, upon any Vacancy in any of the appoin Justices faid Offices, by Death or otherwise, to appoint other fit and proper to fill p Wacan-Persons, being Justices of the Peace of the said Counties of Middlesex cies. and Surrey respectively, to execute the Duties of the said Office in his Place; and that One or more of the faid Justices so appointed as aforefaid, shall diligently attend at each of the faid Publick Offices every Day from Ten of the Clock in the Morning until Eight of the Clock in the Evening, and at fuch other Times and Places as shall be found necessary; and that Two of the said Justices so to be appointed as aforefaid shall in like manner attend together at each of the faid Offices from Twelve of the Clock at Noon until Three in the Afternoon, and from Six of the Clock in the Evening until Eight of the Clock in the Evening of every Day: Provided always, that Provide the Attendance of One of the faid Justices may be supplied during the Hours at which the Attendance of Two is required as aforesaid, by any other Justice of the Peace for the said Counties of Middlesex or Surrey respectively.

IV. And be it enacted, That no Justice or Justices of the Peace Justice aking for the County of Middlefex, County of Surrey, City and Liberty Fees but at the of Westminster, or Liberty of the Tower of London, or his or their Public Offices. Clerk or Clerks, or any Person for them, other than at the said Publick Offices, shall directly or indirectly, upon any Pretence or under any Colour whatever, take or receive any Fee, Gratuity, Reward or Recompence, for any Act by him or them done or to be done in the Execution of his or their Office or Employ as Justice or Justices of the Peace, Clerk or Clerks as aforefaid, within the Limits of the Weekly Bills of Mortality, or within the Parishes of Saint Mary le bone, Paddington, Saint Pancras, Kensington and Saint Luke at Chelfea, in the faid County of Middlefex, upon Pain of forfeiting Penalty. the Sum of One hundred Pounds for every such Offence; to be recovered, One Moiety thereof to the Receiver appointed in the manner hereinafter mentioned, to be applied to the Purposes of this Act, and the other Moiety thereof, with full Costs of Suit, to the Person or Persons who shall sue for the same in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, by Action of Debt, Plaint or Information. wherein no Essoign, Privilege, Wager of Law or more than One Imparlance shall be allowed: Provided always nevertheless, that nothing Provide for Fees in this Act contained shall be construed to extend to any Fees taken for licensing at any General or Quarter-Seffions of the Peace, or at any Meet- Alehouses, and ing of Justices for the Purpose of licensing Alchouses, pursuant to Fers raken at an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of His late Majesty King Office in Bow George the Second, intituled, An All for regularing the Manner of 26 G. 2. c. 31.

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licensing Alebouses in that Part of Great Britain called England; and for the more easy convicting Persons selling Ale and other Liquors without Licence, or to any Fees taken at a certain Public Office within the Liberty of Westminster, known by the Name of The Public Office in Bow Street; or to any Fees taken by any Vestry Clerk or his Assistant, as Clerk to any Justice or Justices of the Peace acting within the Parish in which such Justice or Justices reside, for the Purpose of enforcing the Payment of any Taxes or Assessments arising within the same Parish, or for the Purpose of hearing and determining any Offence cognizable before a Justice or Justices of the Peace, by virtue of any Statute made and provided for the Special Regulation or Government of such Parish.

Account f Fees taken at to Seven Ofces delivered monthly. Amount of Fees paid Reciver.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Justices so appointed to attend at the faid Seven Public Offices as aforefaid, and their Clerks respectively, shall, in Books to be provided for that Purpose, keep a full, true and particular Account of all the Fees taken and received at each of the faid Offices, together with all Penalties and Forfeitures which shall have been recovered, levied or received, in purfuance of any Adjudication, Conviction or Order had or made, at any of the faid Seven Public Offices, or any Process or Warrant issuing from the same; to which said Books and Accounts, the Receiver to be appointed in manner hereinafter mentioned shall at all times have free Access; and the said Justices shall once in every Month deliver unto such Receiver, such Account, verified upon Oath by such Justice or Justices, their Clerk or Clerks, and such other Person or Perfons as shall be employed in keeping such Accounts respectively, or any Part thereof, before some Justice of the Peace for the said County of Middlesex or County of Surrey, as the case may be; which Oath fuch Justice is hereby authorized and required to administer, and shall pay and cause to be paid the Amount of all such Fees unto such Receiver, to be applied in manner hereinafter mentioned; any Law, Statute or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Penaltis (Exception recovered at Public Offices paid to Receiver. VI. And be it further enacted, That all fuch Penalties and Forfeitures and Shares of Penalties and Forfeitures as are or shall be limited and made payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or to any Description of Persons, other than the Informer or Informers who shall sue for the same, or any Party aggrieved, and which shall be recoverable in a summary way before a Justice or Justices of the Peace, and which shall be recovered or adjudged before any Justice or Justices of the Peace at either of the said Seven Public Offices, shall be accounted for and paid into the Hands of the Receiver, to be appointed in manner hereinaster mentioned, by the Justice, Clerk, Constable, Officer or other Person or Persons who shall levy or receive the same, to be applied by such Receiver in manner hereinaster mentioned; any Law, Statute or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

If Fees not accounted for, Receiver may fue for fame. VII. And be it further enacted, That if the faid Justices appointed as aforesaid, or any other Person having received any such Fees at any of the said Seven Public Offices, shall neglect to account for and pay the same in manner aforesaid; or if any Justice, Justices Clerk, Constable, Officer or other Person, who shall levy or receive such Penalties or Forseitures, or Shares of Penalties or Forseitures, shall neglect to pay the same into the Hands of such Receiver in manner aforesaid; or if any Person, having resigned such Office of Receiver

or having been removed from the fame, shall neglect, within Twenty one Days after Notice for that Purpole, to account for and pay into the Hands of the succeeding Receiver all such Sums of Money as shall remain in his Hands applicable to the Purposes of this Act, it shall be lawful for such Receiver for the time being, in his own proper Name only, or by his Name and Description of Office, to sue for and recover the same, with Double Costs of Suit, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, by Action of Debt or on the Case; in which Action it shall be sufficient for such Receiver to declare as for Money had and received to the Use of such Receiver for the Purposes of this Act, and the Defendant or Defendants in fuch Action may, at the Discretion of any Judge of such Court, be held to special Bail, in such competent Sum as such Judge shall order and direct; and in any such Action against any such Person so liable to account as aforefaid, the faid Court in which fuch Action shall be brought, may, if such Court shall think proper, at the Inflance of either of the Parties, refer the Account in Dispute, in a fummary manner, to be audited by any Officer of the faid Court, or other fit Person at their Discretion, who may examine both Plaintiff and Defendant upon Oath (which Oath the faid Person shall have Power to administer), and upon the Report of such Referee, unless either of the Parties shall shew good Cause to the contrary, such Court may make such a Rule or Order, either for the Payment of such Sum as upon such Report shall appear to be due, or for staying the Proceedings in such Cause, and upon such Terms and Conditions as to the same Court shall appear reasonable and just; or the said Court may order Judgment to be entered up by Confession for such Sum as upon such Report shall appear to be due.

VIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That in case of Receiver may the Death of any Receiver continued or appointed by virtue of this in Hends of de-Act, or of any Person having resigned or been removed from such ceased Receivers, Office, or of any of the other Persons whom the said Receiver for and recover from the time being is authorized to fue as aforefaid, then and in fuch Executors. case the Receiver for the time being may in his own proper Name only, or by his Name and Description of Office, sue for and recover fuch Sum of Money as shall have been remaining in the Hands of fuch deceased Receiver or other Person, applicable to the Purposes of this Act, or the Executors or Administrators of such Person deceased; in which Action it shall be sufficient for the Plaintiff in Subflance to state that the Deceased was indebted to the Plaintiff for Money had and received for the Purposes of this Act, or that the Deceased died possessed of Money had and received for the Purposes of this Act, whereby an Action accrued to the Plaintiff to demand and have the fame of fuch Executors or Administrators; and the like Action shall and may be brought against any Executors or Administrators of Executors or Administrators; in all which Actions, the Defendant or Defendants may plead in like manner and avail themselves of the like Matters in their Defence, as in any Action founded upon Simple Contracts of the original Testator or Intestate; and in all Actions to be brought by such Receiver by virtue of this Act, Proof of the Plaintiff's acting in the Execution of such Office shall be sufficient Evidence of his holding the fame, unless the contrary can be shewn in Evidence by the Defend-

ant or Defendants in such Action.

IX. And

A.D.1811.

Provide.

His Majesty in Council may order Salaries to Justices.

C. 119.

IX. And he it further enacted. That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by and with the Advice of his or their Privy Council, to direct the Salaries hereinafter mentioned, to be paid to the Justices so appointed to attend each of the faid Seven Public Offices, for their Time and Trouble, and fuch further Sums for the Expences of the faid Offices, and for the Payment of Clerks, Peace Officers and others therein employed, in fuch manner as to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by and with the Advice of his or their Privy Council, shall seem meet: Provided always, that the yearly Salary paid to each of the Justices shall be Five hundred Pounds, clear of all Taxes and Deductions whatever; provided also, that the whole Charges attending the said Offices (the faid Salaries being included), shall not exceed the annual Sum of Twenty one thousand Pounds, over and above the necessary Difburlements for hiring and repairing the Houses or Buildings wherein

Receiver conand in case of Death, His Majesty may appoint another. His Duty.

the faid Seven Public Offices shall be held. X. And be it further enacted, That the Receiver appointed by tinued in Office, virtue of the Act hereinbefore recited and repealed, may be continued in his faid Office, (a) it shall and may be lawful for His Majefty, his Heirs and Succeffors, by and with the Advice of his or their Privy Council, upon any Vacancy in the faid Office of Receiver by Death or otherwise, to appoint any other proper Person, not being One of the Justices appointed to act at either of the Offices aforelaid, to be the Receiver of the faid Seven Public Offices; which faid Receiver, or the Receiver now appointed under and by virtue of the hereinbefore recited Act, shall keep an exact and particular Account of all fuch Monies as shall be received by him by virtue of any Provisions of this Act, and shall apply the same Quarterly in Discharge of the Salaries, Expences and Charges attending the faid Public Offices, and the carrying this Act into Execution, and shall make all such Contracts and Diffourfements as shall be necessary for the hiring, fitting up and furnishing proper and sufficient Houses or Buildings, wherein the faid Seven Public Offices shall be held, in such manner as His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by and with the Advice and Confent of his or their Privy Council, shall think proper to direct and appoint; of which said Premises so to be hired, and the Fixtures and Furniture thereof, and of all other Necessaries to be purchased for the Purposes of this Act, the Property or Interest so acquired therein shall be vested in the Receiver for the time being, who shall and may in like manner sell, assign and dispose of the same or any Part thereof, under the like Directions and Appointment as Occasion shall require; and such Receiver shall forthwith, after his Appointment, prepare proper Plans and Estimates of all such Contracts and Difbursements as shall be necessary for the Purposes aforefaid, and shall deliver the same to His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department; and such Receiver shall further do and execute all such other lawful Matters and Things towards the Establishment of the faid Seven Public Offices, and towards the carrying this Act into Execution, as His Majery, his Heirs and Successors, by and with the Advice of his or their Privy Council, shall from time to time think proper to direct. in the original Ad.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That fuch Re-Receiver to render Accounts, ceiver shall every Six Months, and oftener if required, deliver to the ļ

Lord High Treasurer or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, a full and particular Account of all Monies by him received and paid as aforefaid, with Vouchers for the same; which Account shall be verified upon Oath before any Justice or Baron of any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster; and such Receiver, for his Care and Pains in the Execution of such Office, shall and may retain to his own Use, out of the Monies so received by him as aforesaid, such Sum, not exceeding Allowancete Four hundred Pounds in each Year, as His Majesty, his Heirs and Receiver. Successors, by and with the Advice of his or their Privy Council, shall direct and appoint: Provided always, that if it shall appear Deficiences prothat the Monies hereinbefore directed to be applied by the said Re-vided forceiver in discharge of the Salaries, Expences and Charges attending the faid Seven Public Offices, and the carrying this Act into Execution as aforesaid, shall not be sufficient to defray the same, the Deficiency shall be made up and supplied out of the Consolidated Fund; and if at the End of any Year there shall be any Surplus in the Hands of such Receiver, he shall pay the Amount of such Surplus and the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, and the same shall be Fund. carried to and made Part of the faid Confolidated Fund.

XII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by and alter Situation of with the Advice of his or their Privy Council, to make fuch Altera-Offices. tions in the Places where any of the faid Seven Public Offices shall be fituated, or to make such Alterations in the Hours of Attedance therein, and to make all such other Regulations to be observed in conducting the same, as he or they from time to time shall think

XIII. And be it further enacted, That where by any Law now be done by Juftice acting in the done by any Juftice or Justices of the Peace residing in or near next Public or During the done by any Justice acting in the peace residing in the peace residence of the Peace residen or next the Parish or Place where any Offence, or other Matter cog-Office. nizable before them, shall be committed, or shall arise, the same Jurisdiction shall and may be exercised by a Justice or Justices acting in such of the faid Seven Public Offices as may be lituated next or near such Parish or Place.

XIV. Provided always, and be it enacted and declared, That no Juffices incapable Justice of the Peace appointed as aforesaid shall, during the Con- of sitting in tinuance of such Appointment, be capable of being elected or of Parliament.

fitting as Members of the House of Commons.

XV. And be it further enacted, That no Justice, Receiver or Not to vote at Constable, nominated and appointed as aforesaid by virtue of this any Election. Act, shall, during the time he or they shall continue in their respective Offices, or within Six Months after he or they shall have quitted the same, be capable of giving his Vote for the Election of a Member to serve in Parliament for the Counties of Middlesen or Surrey, or for the City and Liberty of Westminster, or the Borough of Southwark respectively; nor shall by Word, Message, Writing, or in any other Manner, endeavour to persuade any Elector to give, or to dissuade any Elector from giving his Vote for his Choice of any Perion to be a Member to serve in Parliament for the faid Counties or for the faid City and Liberty of Westminster, or Borough of Southwark; and every such Justice, Receiver or Coustable as aforesaid offending therein, shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, Penalty.

Limitation of Action.

One Moiety thereof to the Informer, and the other Moiety thereof to the Use of the Poor of the Parish or Place where such Offence shall be committed; to be recovered by any Person that shall fue for the same by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of His Majethy's Courts of Record at Westminster, in which no Effoign, Protection, Privilege, Wager of Law or more than One Imparlance shall be allowed; such Action to be brought within the Space of One Year after such Offence so committed: Provided nevertheless, that nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to extend to subject any fuch Justice, Receiver or Constable as aforesaid, to any Penalty or Penalties for any Act or Acts done by him or them, at or concerning any of the faid Elections, in the Discharge of his or their Duty or Duties in their faid respective Capacities.

Juffices to employ Conflables.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the Justices appointed as aforesaid shall, in their respective Offices, retain and employ a sufficient Number of fit and able Men, whom they are hereby authorized and empowered to swear in to act as Constables, for preserving the Peace and preventing Robberies and other Felonies, and apprehending Offenders against the Peace within the said Counties of Middlefex and Surrey respectively, as well by Night as by Day; which faid Conftables to appointed and tworn as aforefaid, shall have all fuch Powers and Authorities, Privileges and Advantages, as any Conflable duly appointed now has or hereafter may have by virtue of any Law or Statute now made or hereafter to be made; and shall obey all fuch lawful Commands as they shall from time to time receive from the faid Justices for the apprehending Offenders or otherwife conducting themselves in the Execution of their said Office or Employment; and fuch Juffices or any Two of them shall and may at any time difmifs from his faid Employment every fuch Conftable belonging to their respective Offices, whom they shall think remiss or negligent in the Execution of his Duty or otherwise unfit for the fame, and appoint such others in their Stead as to them shall seem meet: Provided always, that no greater Number than Twelve shall at one and the same time be so retained as aforesaid, at any one of the faid Public Offices: Provided also, that if any Person so appointed a Constable as aforesaid shall be dismissed from his said Employment as aforefaid, all Powers and Authorities vested in him as a Constable under and by virtue of this Act, shall immediately cease and determine, to all Intents and Purposes whatever.

Proviso.

Provide.

Receivers to pay Contlables.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the faid Receiver, out of the Monies hereinbefore directed to be applied in discharge of the Salaries, Expences and Charges attending the faid Public Offices, shall and may pay to the Constables so appointed as aforesaid, for their Trouble and Attendance as aforesaid, any Sum not exceeding One Guinea per Week, and any extraordinary Expences they shall appear to have been necessarily put to, in apprehending Offenders and executing the Orders of the Justices acting under and by virtue of this Act; such Extraordinary Expences being first examined and approved of by the Justices attending the Office in which such Con-

stables shall have been respectively appointed.

' XVIII. And whereas divers ill disposed and suspected Persons and reputed Thieves frequent Places of Public Refort, the Avenucs leading thereto, and the Streets and Highways, with Intent to commit Felony on the Persons and Property of His Majesty's Sub-

iects there being; and although their evil Purpofes are sufficiently manifest, the Power of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, to demand of them Sureties for their good Behaviour, hath not been of fufficient Effect to prevent them from carrying their evil Purpole: ' into Execution;' Be it enacted, That, from and after the passing Constables may of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for any Constable, Head apprehend sufborough, Patrole or Watchman, to apprehend every fuch Perfor petted Perfors. and convey him or them before any Justice of the Peace; and if: shall appear before the faid Justice, upon the Oath of One or moe credible Witness or Witnesses, that such Person or Persons so brought before him by fuch Constable, Headborough, Patrole or Watchman, or by any other Person whatever, as well within the said Counties of Middlesex and Surrey as elsewhere, is or are a Person or Persons of evil Fame and a reputed Thief or Thieves, and fuch Person or Persons shall not be able to give a satisfactory Account of himself or themselves, and of his or their way of living, and it shall also appear to the Satisfaction of the faid Justice that there is just Ground to believe that such Person or Persons was or were in such Public Place of Resort, Avenue, Street or Highway as aforesaid, with such Intent as aforesaid, every such Person shall be deemed a Rogue and Vagabond within the Intent and Meaning of the Statute made in 17 G. 2. c. 5. the Seventeenth Year of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An All to amend and make more effectual the Laws relating to Rogues, Vagabonds, and other idle and diforderly Persons, and to Houses of Correllion.

C. 119.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That every fuch Conviction shall Form of Conbe in the following Form of Words, as the case may happen, or in viction. any other Form of Words to the like Effect:

RE it remembered, That on the

Day of

in the Year of our Lord

A. B. is brought before me C. D. Esquire, one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in and for the County [or, City, Liberty or Place, as the case may be], and charged before me the said Justice with being a Rogue and Vagabond; he the faid A. B. having been apprehended on the Day of

in a certain called in the faid County, [or, City, in the Parish of et cetera, as the cafe may be], and it appearing to me the said Justice, on the Oath of

· Witness, that the said A. B. is a Person of evil Fame and a reputed 4 Thief, and the faid A. B. on his Examination before me not being able to give a fatisfactory Account of himself or of his way of · living, and it also appearing to the Satisfaction of me the faid Justice, that there is just Ground to believe the said A. B. was in aforefaid, with Intent to commit Felony on the Person or Property of His Majesty's Subjects there being;

· I do therefore, in pursuance of an Act passed in the Fifty first Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intituled, [bere infert the • Title of this At] convict him the faid A. B. of the faid Offence,

and adjudge him to be a Rogue and Vagabond, within the Intent 17 G. 2. c. 5. sand Meaning of the Statute made in the Seventeenth Year of the • Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An

" All to amend and make more effectual the Laws relating to Rogues,

Vagabonds, and other idle and diforderly Persons, and to Houses of Correction; and that he for his said Offence be committed to the House of Correction for the said County, until the next General or Quarter [as the case may be] Sessions of the Peace to be sholden for the said County, City or Place, [as the case may be], then and there to be surther dealt with according to Law. [If the Party be committed for a less time than until the Sessions, then say, here to remain for the Space of

And that fuch Conviction shall be good and effectual in Law to all Inents and Purposes, and shall not be quashed or set aside, or adjuged void or insufficient, for want of any other form of Words whetever; nor shall the same be removed by Certiorani into His

Maeity's Court of King's Bench,

Certiorari. Appeal

Recognizance.

17 G.2. c. J.

Proviso.

Proviso for Lord Mayor, &c. cf London as to Jurisdiction in Southwark:

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person shall think himself aggrieved by the Judgment of such Justice as iforesaid, such Person may appeal to the Justices of the Peace at the next General or Quarter-Sellions of the Peace to be held for the County or Place wherein the cause of Complaint shall have arisen, such Person at the time of his Conviction entering into a Recognizance with two fufficient Sureties conditioned personally to appear at the faid Sellions to try fuch Appeal, and to abide the further Judgment of the Justices at fuch Sessions assembled; and in case such Conviction shall be affirmed at such Sessions, the said Justices may adjudge such Person to be a Rogue and Vagabond, and proceed against such Person in the same manner as they might have done if fuch Rogue and Vagabond had been committed to the House of Correction until fuch General or Quarter-Seffions; and in cafe fuch Person shall not appear pursuant to the said Recognizance, the Person so convicted by such Justice shall be deemed an incorrigible Rogue within the Intent and Meaning of an Act made and pessed in the Seventeenth Year of His late Majesty's Reign, intituled, As Att to amend and make more effectual the Laws relating to Rogues, Vagabonds, and other idle and disorderly Persons, and to Houses of Correction; and the faid Justices at such Sessions, or any Two of them, shall issue their Warrant to apprehend and commit the Person so deemed an incorrigible Rogue to some House of Correction or Common Gaol within their Jurisdiction, there to remain until the next General or Quarter-Sessions for the said County, [Liberty, or City, as the case may be], then and there to be further dealt with according to Law: Provided always, that no Person convicted under this Act, shall be deemed subject or liable to Punishment by whipping.

XXI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to deprive the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, of any Rights, Privileges or Jurisdictions which they have heretofore lawfully claimed, exercised or enjoyed, within the Town and Borough of Southwark and the Liberties thereof, or to prevent the Mayor of the City of London for the time being, and such of the Aldermen of the said City who have borne the Office of Mayoralty, and the Recorder of the said City for the time being, from acting as Justices of the Peace within the said Town and Borough of Southwark and the Liberties thereof, in such and the like manner as they could or might have done in case this Act had not been made.

XXII. Pro-

XXII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this And for Dean Act shall extend or be construed to extend to deprive the Dean of and High Stews and of Westthe Collegiate Church of Saint Peter Westminfter for the time being, minter. or the High Steward of the City and Liberty of Wellminster for the time being, or his lawful Deputy, of any Rights, Privileges or Jurisdictions which they have heretofore lawfully claimed, exercised or enjoyed, within the faid City and Liberty, in such and the like manner as they could or might have done in case this Act had not

' XXIII. And whereas by the faid recited Act, passed in the 42 G. 3. c. 76. Forty second Year of His Majesty's Reign, it is, amongst other § 23. things, provided, that the yearly Salary to be paid to each of the 39 & 40 G.2 4 Justices who shall be appointed to attend the Public Office established by an Act passed in the Thirty ninth and Fortieth Years of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Att for the more effectual Preevention of Depredations on the River Thames and in its Vicinity; and to amend an Atl made in the Second Year of the Reign of His prefent Majesty, to prevent the committing of Thests and Frauds by Perfons navigating Bum Boats and other Boats upon the River Thames, 47 G.3. Seff. 2. which by another Act made in the Forty seventh Year of the C42-Reign of His present Majesty, was continued until the Twenty Salary paid to fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, Justices. 4 shall be Five Hundred Pounds clear of all Taxes and Deductions whatfoever; Be it further enacted, That the Yearly Salary to be paid to each of the faid last mentioned Justices shall from and after the passing of this Act be Five Hundred Pounds clear of all Taxes and Deductions whatfoever: Provided also, that the whole Expences attending the faid last mentioned public Office, the last mentioned Salaries being included, shall not exceed the annual Sum of Eight thousand three hundred Pounds; any thing in the above recited Act of the Thirty ninth and Fortieth Years of His Majesty's Reign to

the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

* XXIV. And whereas it is expedient that the Officers and Officers and Pa-4 Patrole belonging to the faid Public Office in Bow Street should troles of Bow be sworn in as Constables, and be empowered to act within the street Office to Limits of the several Counties of Middlesex, Surrey, Essex and the several Counties of Middlesex, Surrey, Essex and the constables. * Kent, the City and Liberty of Westminster, and the Liberty of the Tower of London; Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Two Justices belonging to the said Public Office in Bow Street (the Chief Magistrate of such Office for the time being, being one) being Justices of the said several Counties, City and Liberties, to administer to such Persons respectively an Oath duly to execute the Office of Constable within the Limits aforefaid; and each of fuch Persons being sworn shall have Power to act as a Constable for the Preservation of the Peace, and for the Security of Property against Felonies and other unlawful Modes of obtaining the same within any and every of the said several Counties, City and Liberties, and for apprehending Offenders against the Peace, as well by Night as by Day; and within the Limits aforefaid, every such Constable shall have all such Powers and Authorities, Privileges and Advantages, as any Constable duly appointed now has or hereafter may have within his Constablewick: Provide. Provided always, that when any such Constable shall be dismissed 51 Ggo. III.

from his faid Employment, or cease to belong to the said Public Office in Bow Street, all Powers and Authorities, Allowances, Emoluments, Privileges and Advantages, vested in the Person so dismissed or ceasing to belong to the said Office, shall immediately cease and determine.

Continuance of Ad.

C. 119, 120, 121.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force until the First Day of June One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and from thence until the Expiration of Six Weeks from the Commencement of the then next Sellion of Parliament, and no longer.

CAP. CXX.

An Act to amend an Act of the Forty seventh (a) Year of His present Majesty, for more effectually preventing the Stealing of Deer. [1ft July 1811.]

42 G. 3. c. 107.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An All for · more effectually preventing the Stealing of Deer, no Provision is made for a Mitigation of the pecuniary Penalties thereby imposed for committing the feveral Offences therein mentioned; from the Want • whereof confiderable Inconvenience has arisen; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That on the Conviction of any Offender under the said Act, for wilfully courfing or hunting, or taking in any Slip, Noofe, Toil or Snare, or killing, wounding or destroying or shooting, or otherwise attempting to kill, wound or destroy, or carrying away, any Red or Fallow Deer, kept or being in the unenclosed Part of any Forest, Chase, Purlieu or ancient Wall (a), without the Consent of the Owner of fuch Deer, or without being otherwise duly authorized, or for knowingly being aiding, abetting or affifting therein or thereunto; it shall and may be lawful for the Magistrate or Magistrates by and before whom such Offender or Offenders shall be convicted to mitigate the Penalty of Fifty Pounds thereby imposed for the First Offence to any Sum at their Discretion not less than Twenty Pounds, to be levied in the manner directed by the faid recited Act: Provided always, that every other Part and Provision in the said recited Act shall be and remain in full force and effect as if this Act had not been made or passed.

Aci, Magistrate may miticate Penalty of 50l. to 201.

On Conviction

of Offenders under recited

Proviso.

(a) [So in the Original A8.]

C A P. CXXI.

An Act to suspend the Payment of all Drawbacks on Spirits made or distilled in Great Britain or Ireland, and exported from either Country to the other respectively; and to sufpend the Importation into Great Britain of any Spirits made or distilled in Ireland, except such as shall have been warehoused according to Law; and for regulating the Exportation of Home-made Spirits from Great Britain to Ireland and from Ireland to Great Britain, until Three Months after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament.

[2d Jaly 1811.]

WHEREAS by the Acts for the Union of Great Britain and 39 & 40 G. 3. Ireland, it is, among other things, provided, that any Ar- a 67ticles of the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of either Country, 40 G. 3. (1) which are or may be subject to internal Duty, or to Duty on the · Materials of which they are composed, may be made subject, on * their Importation into each Country respectively from the other, to such Countervailing Duty as shall appear to be just and reasonable, in respect of such internal Duty or Duties on the Materials; and that upon the Export of the faid Articles from each Country to the other respectively, a Drawback shall be given equal in Amount to the Countervailing Duty payable on fuch Articles on the Import thereof into the same Country from the other: And whereas by the faid Acts, and by other Acts of Parliament now in force, certain Countervailing Duties are chargeable on Spirits made or distilled in Great Britain, on the Importation thereof into Ireland, and on Spirits made or distilled in Ireland, on the Importation thereof into Great Britain, and certain Drawbacks are in certain cases payable on the Export of such Spirits from either Country to the other respectively: And whereas Doubts have arisen whether certain of the said Duties and Drawbacks are just and reasonable, and how far the same are therefore consistent with * the Letter and Spirit of the said Acts for the Union of Great · Britain and Ireland, For Remedy thereof and to the Intent that I fuch Countervailing Duties should be imposed, such Drawbacks e allowed, and fuch Provisions made as shall be judged proper for · putting the Trade between Great Britain and Ireland, in respect of Home-made Spirits, upon a just, fair and equitable Footing s according to the true Meaning and Spirit of the faid Acts for the Union of Great Britain and Ireland, and also that sufficient time may be afforded for ascertaining just and reasonable Countervailing Duties and Drawbacks, and for making fuch necessary Provisions • as aforefaid, it is expedient that the Payment of all Drawbacks upon the Export of fuch Spirits from each Country to the other respectively should be suspended for a limited time: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this prefent Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Fifteenth Day of June One Drawbacks on thousand eight hundred and eleven, the Payment of all Drawbacks Spirits exported for or in respect of such Spirits, on the Exportation thereof from between G.B. any Part of Great Britain to Ireland, or from Ireland to any Part and Ireland fufof Great Britain respectively, shall be suspended during the Continu-pended. ance of this Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Countervailing Duty and Foture Counter-Drawback, which shall be payable after such Period of Suspension vailing Duty and shall be expired, in respect of any Spirits which may have been or Drawback. shall be imported into and exported from each Country respectively, at any time after the Fifteenth Day of June last, shall be such as shall be ascertained and prescribed for that Purpose, by any Act of Parliament, to be passed in the next Session of Parliament, before the Expiration of the faid Three Months.

III. And

No Irish Spirits except fuch as have been warehe ufed.

III. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Fifteenth exported to G.B. Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and during the Continuance of this Act, it shall not be lawful for any Person to export or enter, or ship for Exportation, from any Port or Place in Ireland to any Part of Great Britain, any Spirits made or distilled in Ireland, except such Spirits as shall have been or shall be secured in Warehouses in Ireland, without Payment of the Duty of Excise payable in Ireland thereon, according to the several Acts in sorce in Ireland at the time of the passing of this Act, for regulating the making, distilling and warehousing of such Spirits in Ireland; and that all fuch Spirits shall be entered and shipped for Exportation from Ireland directly, from and out of fuch Warehouses only; and in case any Spirits shall be exported, or entered or shipped for Exportation, from any Port or Place in Ireland to or for any Part of Great Britain, other than such Spirits as are hereby permitted to be so exported, or in any other manner than is hereby directed, such Spirits to unlawfully exported, or entered or thipped for Exportation, together with the Calks and Packages containing the same, and also the Ships, Boats or Vessels on board which the same shall be laden or exported, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excile; any Act or Acts, Usage

Penalty.

Quantity and Strength of Spirits warehoused in Ireland ascertained.

or Cultom to the contrary notwithstanding. IV. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the faid Fifteenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and during the Continuance of this Act, no Spirits made or distilled in Ireland shall be permitted or allowed to be received into any such Warehouse or Warehouses, unless on the Delivery thereof for the Removal to such Warehouse or Warehouses the Quantity and Strength of each and every Cask or other Package thereof, and the full Capacity or Content of each such Cask or other Package, shall have been taken and afcertained by the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, by the Hydrometer called Clarke's Hydrometer, at the Distilery where the same shall have been made and distilled, nor unless such Quantity, Strength, Size, and full Content or Capacity, together with the Marks and Numbers, or Mark and Number of each fuch Cask on other Package, shall be specified in or indorsed on the Permit, to authorize the Removal of such Spirits from the said Distillery to such Warehouse as afonesaid; and if on the Arrival or Receipt of any such Spirits at such Warehouse, any Deficiency shall be discovered or found, by the proper Officer or Officers of Excife, in the Strength or Quantity of any fuch Spirits, below the Strength or Quantity of fuch Spirits specified in or indorfed on any fuch Permit, then and in every such case such Spirits, together with the Cask or other Package containing the same, shall be forseited; and the same respectively shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excile in Ireland.

Penalty.

Quantity and Strength of Spirits exported from Ireland to G. B. afcertained.

V. And be it further enacted, That, from and, after the faid Tifteenth Day of Jane One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and during the Continuance of this Act, no fuch Spirits made or distilled in Ireland shall be delivered from or out of any such Warehouse for Exportation to any Part of Great Britain, unless the Strength thereof shall on such Delivery have been taken and aftertained by the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, by the Hydrometer commonly called Clarke's Hydrometer; and such Officer or Officers that! give

give and grant to the Exporter thereof a Certificate in Writing, in which such Officer or Officers shall certify the Strength of the Spirits contained in each and every Cask or Package thereof, torether with the Size or full Content or Capacity of such Cask or Package, and the Marks and Numbers, or Mark or Number thereof, and the Quantity of fuch Spirits contained therein; and fuch Certificate shall accompany such Spirits to the Port or Place in Great Britain to which such Spirits shall be consigned or sent; and if on the Arrival or Landing of any such Spirits at such Port or Place in *Great Britain*, any Denciency shall be discovered or found by the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, in the Strength or Quantity of fuch Spirits below the Strength or Quantity thereof. specified in such Certificate; or if any Spirits made or distilled in Ireland shall be imported or brought into any Port or Place in Great Britain, without being accompanied by such Certificate as aforesaid, then and in every such case such Spirits, together with the Cask or Penalty. other Package containing the same, shall be forfeited, and the same respectively shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise in England and Scotland respectively: Provided Proviso. always nevertheless that no Spirits made or distilled in Ireland, nor any Cask or Package containing any such Spirits, shall be forfeited Allowance. for or by reason of any Desiciency of Strength of such Spirits, not more than Three per Centum below the Strength of such Spirits specified in any fuch Permit or Certificate; any thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

VI. Provided also, and be it hereby further enacted, That nothing Proviso for in this Act contained shall extend or be deemed or construed to ex- Spirits shipped tend to forfeit any Spirits exported from Ireland to any Part of Great from Ireland Britain under or by virtue of this Act, if it shall be proved to the 1811. Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Excise in England or Scotland, (as the case may require) such Proof being lest to the Judgment of them the faid Commillioners respectively) that such Spirits were actually shipped for such Exportation on or before the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and without any Knowledge of the Provisions of this Act by the Person

or Persons by whom such Spirits were so shipped.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons Forging Certifishall counterfeit or forge, or cause or procure to be counterfeited cates, &c. or forged, any Certificate by this Act authorized or required to be granted by any Officer or Officers of Excise, or any Specification by this Act authorized or required to be in or indorfed on any Permit, or if any Person or Persons shall knowingly or willingly give any false or untrue Certificate as aforefaid, or any Permit with a false or untrue Specification as aforefaid therein or indorfed thereon, or shall knowingly or willingly accept or receive any falle or untrue Certificate as aforefaid, or any Permit with a false or untrue Specification therein or indorfed thereon, or if any Person or Persons shall fraudulently alter or erale any such true Certificate after the same shall have been given or granted by the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, or any such true Specification in or indersed on any Permit, or if any Person or Persons shall knowingly or willingly publish or make use of any such Certificate so counterfeited, forged, false, untrue, altered or erafed, or any Permit having therein or having indorfed thereon any such Specification to counterfeited, forged,

before 24th June

Penalty.

English Distillers for Exportation to Ireland, under Regulations of 28 G. 3. c. 46. and 45 G. 3. c. 100, &c.

falle, untrue, altered or erafed, every Person or Persons so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, severally forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

VII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Fifmay diffill Spirits teenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, all and every Distiller and Distillers, in that Part of Great Britain called England, who shall be defirous of making or distilling Spirits in that Part of the United Kingdom for Exportation, from thence to Ireland, shall be at Liberty so to do, under and subject to the same Rules, Regulations, Reftrictions, Provisions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, fave as is hereinafter in that Behalf particularly provided, and under and fubject to the like Duty and Duties, for or in respect of any Decrease or Decreases by Rectification, as are by Two certain Acts of Parliament, One thereof made in the Twenty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, among other things, for better regulating the Exportation of British made Spirits from England to Scotland, and from Scotland to England; and the other thereof made in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His faid Majesty, among other things, for better regulating the distilling of Spirits in England for Exportation to Scotland, and in Scotland for Exportation to England; or by any other Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act, provided, fettled or established for or in respect of Distillers making or distilling Spirits in that Part of Great Britain called England, for Exportation from thence to that Part of Great Britain called Scotland; and all and fingular the faid Rules, Regulations, Rethrictions and Provisions, except as aforefaid, Fines, Penalties, Forfeitures and Duties aforesaid respectively, shall be, and the same are hereby respectively extended to, and shall be applied, practised and put in Execution, for and in respect of all and every Distiller and Distillers, who, from and after the said Fisteenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall make or distil any Spirits in that Part of Great Britain called England, for Exportation from thence to Ireland, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if all and singular the said Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions and Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, and Duties aforesaid, respectively, had been at large inserted in the Body of this Act, and been hereby re-enacted and made applicable to fuch Distillers so making Spirits in that Part of Great Britain called England, for Exportation from thence to Ireland, and to such Spirits fo made or distilled in that Part of Great Britain called England, and exported from thence to Ireland.

Scotch Distillers may dixil for Exportation to Ireland under faid Acta

IX. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Fifteenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, all and every Distiller and Distillers in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, who shall be desirous of making or distilling Spirits in that Part of the United Kingdom for Exportation from thence to Ireland, shall be at Liberty fo to do, under and subject to the same Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, fave as is hereinafter particularly provided, and under and subject to the like Duty and Duties for or in respect of any Decrease or Decreases by Rectification as are in or by the said Acts made in the Twenty eighth and Forty fifth Years aforefaid, or in or by any other Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of

this Act contained, provided, settled, established or imposed, for or in respect of Distillers making or distilling Spirits in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, for Exportation from thence to that Part of Great Britain called England; and all and fingular the faid Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions, except as aforesaid, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, and Duties aforefaid respectively, shall be and the same are hereby respectively extended to, and shall be applied, practifed and put in Execution for and in respect of all and every Distiller and Distillers who, from and after the said Fifteenth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and eleven, shall make or distil any Spirits in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland for Exportation from thence to Ireland, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if all and fingular the faid Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions, except as aforesaid, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, and Duties aforesaid respectively had been at large inferted in the Body of this Act, and been hereby re-enacted and made applicable to such Distillers so making Spirits in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland for Exportation from thence to Ireland, and to fuch Spirits fo made or distilled in that Part of the United Kingdom called Scotland, and exported from thence to Ire-

X. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in the faid Licences, &c. Act made in the Forty fifth Year aforesaid or in any other Act or may commence Acts of Parliament contained, shall extend, or be deemed or construed before 1st to extend to restrict any Distiller or Distillers in England or Scotland October. respectively, to the First Day of October, for the making Entry for distilling Spirits for Exportation to Ireland; or to restrict to the First Day of October the Commencement of any Licence to be granted to any such Distiller or Distillers, for distilling Spirits for such Exportation to Ireland.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Penalties and For-Recovery of feitures inflicted by this Act shall and may be sued for, and recovered, Penalties. levied and applied in fuch Manner and Form, and by fuch ways and means, and with fuch Powers and Authorities as are prefcribed, directed and appointed in and by an Act of Parliament made in Ireland, in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late 14 & 15 Car. 2. Majesty King Charles the Second, intituled, An Att for the fettling (L) Self. 4. c. & of the Excise or new Impost upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Succeffors, according to the Book of Rates therein inferted; or by any other Law or Laws relative to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise or Customs in force in Ireland, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purpofes, as if the same were particularly mentioned and expreffed and re-enacted in this Act, with like Remedy of Appeal to Appeal. and for the Party and Parties who shall think him, her or themselves aggrieved or injured, as in and by the faid Act of Excise or Customs in force in Ireland, or any Law or Laws relating to His Majesty's

Revenue of Excile is provided. XII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in Continuance of force until Three Months after the Commencement of the next Act. Seffion of Parliament, and no longer.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, Act altered, &c. amended or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Seffion of Parliament.

Bb 4

C A P. CXXII.

An Act to continue, until the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, an Act for appointing Commissioners to enquire and examine into the Nature and Extent of the several Bogs in Ireland, and the Practicability of draining and cultivating them, and the best Means of effecting the same.

[2d July 1811.]

49 G. 3. C 102.

HEREAS an Act was made in the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An All to appoint Commissioners to enquire and examine, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, into the Nature and Extent of the several Bogs in Ireland, and the Pradicability of draining and cultivating them, and the best Means of effecting the same: And whereas it is expedient that the said recited Act should be continued;' Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act of the Forty ninth Year aforesaid shall be, and the same is hereby surther continued until and upon the First Day of January One thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

continued till
Jan. 1, 1813.
Irith Treasury
may iffue
12,000l. to defray Expences.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in Ircland, or the Lord High Treasurer of Ireland, for the time being, and they are hereby authorized and required to iffue and cause to be issued, over and above the Sum mentioned in the said recited Act of the Forty ninth Year aforesaid, a further Sym of Money not exceeding Twelve thousand Pounds, upon the Warrant or Warrants of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, for the time being, out of any Part of the Public Monjes remaining in His Majesty's Exchequer of Ireland; which Sums so issued shall be employed by the faid Commissioners for the Payment of Surveyors, Engineers, Workmen, Clerks, Messengers and other Officers. and in defraying all the necessary Charges in or about the Execution of the Powers of the faid recited Act, in such manner and in such Proportions as shall be appointed by the said Commissioners under the faid recited Act, or any Four or more of them, by Writing under their Hands and Seals in that behalf; and that fuch Sums shall be accounted for by the faid Commissioners, or the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be issued or paid, before the Commissioners of Imprest Accounts in Ircland, in like manner as Monies granted or impressed for any public Work; and no Fees or other Charges shall be taken or demanded for the issuing or Payment of the same.

C A P. CXXIII.

An Act for the Relief of certain Insolvent Debtors in Ireland.
[2d July 1811.]

HEREAS it may be convenient in the present Condition of the Prisons and Gaols in that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Iseland, called Ireland, that some objects

the Prisoners who are now confined therein should be set at Li-' berty;' Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That, from and after the paffing of this Act, all and every Keeper or Gaoler of any Prison in any County, City, Town, Place or Liberty within that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, shall and is and are hereby required to make a true, exact and perfect Lult, alphabetically, of the Name or Names of all and every Person or Persons who, upon the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, was or were, or have fince continued to be under the Terms and Conditions herein mentioned, and at the time of making out every such List shall be really an actual Prisoner or Prisoners in the Custody of any Keeper or Keepers, Gaoler or Gaolers of any Prison respectively, upon any Process whatsoever, for or by reason of any Debt, Damage, Cofts, Sum or Sums of Money, or Contempt for Non-payment of Money, and an Account of the time when such Prisoner or Prisoners was or were respectively charged in Custody or received in Prison, together with the Name or Names of the Person or Persons at whose Suit or Profecution such Prisoner or Prisoners is or are detained, together with the Amount of such Debts as the said Prisoner or Prisoners are detained for, and shall deliver the same to the Justices of the Peace at their First or Second General Quarter-Session or General Session of the Peace, to be held after the passing of this A&, or at some Adjournment thereof, for such County, City, Town, Place or Liberty respectively.

Gaolers to make out Lifts of Prifoners in Cuffody.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Marshal of the Four Keepers of Courts Marshalsea, and every other Keeper and Gaoler of any other Prisons to take Prison in any Place or Liberty in Ireland, shall severally, on the de-line in a frame first before in their respective Cost and Cathering in Life. livering in of any such List of Prisoners in their respective Custody, take an Oath in open Court of such General Quarter-Session or General Session of the Peace, or Adjournment thereof, to the Essect following; that is to fay,

I A. B. upon my corporal Oath, in the Prefence of Almighty Oath. God, do folemuly Iwear, profess and declare, That all and every Person and Persons whose Name or Names is or are inserted and contained in the first Part of the List by me now delivered in and fubscribed, was or were to the best of my Knowledge and Belief, upon the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, really and truly Prisoners in actual Custody in the Prison of [infert the Name of the Prison] at the Suit or Suits of the feveral Person or Persons therein respectively mentioned; and also that all and every Person and Persons whose Name or Names is or are inferted or contained in the second Part of the said List, now by me delivered in and subscribed as aforesaid, have since the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven been committed or surrendered to the said Prison of [insert the Name of the Prison at the Suit or Suits of the several Person or Persons whose Name or Names is or are therein contained, was or were to f the best of my Knowledge and Belief really and truly Prisoners in sactual Custody on the faid First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, as appears by the Returns made to me on his f and their respective Commitments. So help me GOD. Which

Oath administered in open Court.

C. 123.

Which the faid Justices, at their First or Second General Quarter-Session or General Session aforesaid, or at some Adjournment thereof, within their respective Jurisdictions, are hereby empowered and required to administer in open Court, and the Words of the said Oath hereinbefore directed to be taken by the faid Marshal and other Keeper or Gaoler of any Prison respectively, shall be entered or written at the End or Bottom of the Lift which shall be delivered in by them respectively, and shall be subscribed and sworn to by them respectively in open Court; and every such List which shall be so delivered in, subscribed and sworn to in pursuance of this Act, shall be kept by the Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Person acting as Clerk of the Peace of every fuch County, City, Town, Place or Liberty respectively, in which any such List as aforesaid shall be sworn to, for the better Satisfaction of the said Justices and Information of all or any Prisoner or Prisoners therein named, and so as the same may from time to time be seen and examined by any Creditor or Creditors, or Prisoner or Prisoners, without Fee or Re-

Lifts kept by Clerk of the Peace, and examined gratis.

Copies of Lifts fixed up in Prifons. before Delivery to Seffions.

III. And be it further enacted, That all and every Keeper or Gaoler, Keepers or Gaolers of any fuch Prison or Gaol, is and are hereby required Ten Days at least before the First or Second General Quarter-Session or General Session of the Peace shall be beld after the passing of this Act for the County, City, Town, Place or Liberty in which any Prison or Goal shall be or to which the same shall belong, to fix up in some conspicuous Place or Places in every fuch Prison or Gaol, and at the most frequented or usual Gate, Door or Entrance into every fuch Prison or Gaol, Three or more true Copies of the Lift or Lifts proposed or intended to be delivered in by any fuch Keeper or Gaoler at the faid General Quarter-Sessions or at some Adjournment thereof.

Prisoners for what Sum to be discharged.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Perfon and Persons who, on the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, were charged in any Prison or Gaol for the Nonpayment of any Debt or Debts, Sum or Sums of Money which did not in the Whole amount to a greater Sum than One thouland five hundred Pounds, and whose Name or Names shall be inserted in any such Lift to be delivered in as aforefaid, taking the Oaths hereby directed to be taken, and who shall perform on his or her Part what is required to be done by him or her by this Act, shall, as to his Person and Effects respectively, be for ever released, discharged and exonerated, to fuch Extent and in fuch manner as is hereinafter provided, and no otherwise.

Justices may, on Pritoners deliiffue Warrants

V. And be it further enacted. That it shall and may be lawful for any Justice or Justices of the Peace of any County, City, Town, verine Schedules, Place or Liberty within this Kingdom, upon the Petition of any fuch Prisoner or Prisoners, to any Justice or Justices of the Peace Quarter-Sessions. within his or their respective Jurisdictions, upon every such Prisoner or Prisoners so petitioning, and at the time of his or her so petitioning leaving with the Justice or Justices of the Peace so petitioned a true Copy of the Schedule, containing his or her intended Difcovery of his or her Real and Personal Estate, to be sworn to at the First or Second General Quarter-Session next ensuing after every fuch Petition or some Adjournment thereof, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, or under their Hands and Seals, to require the

Sheriff or Sheriffs, Keepers or Gaolers of any fuch Prilon within the Jurisdiction of any such Justice or Justices, to bring before the Justices at the First or Second next General Quarter-Session or Contral Session of the Peace, or any Adjournment thereof, to be held as the case shall happen to be next after the Expiration of Ten Days from the Date of fuch Warrant, for fuch respective County, City, Town, Place or Liberty, the Body of any Person being in the said Prison as aforesaid, with the Warrant or Warrants of his or her Detainers, together with a Copy or Copies of the Cause or Causes which he, she or they is or are charged with in any Prison or Gaol as aforesaid, at the time aforesaid; for which Copy or Copies of such Cause or Causes such Prisoner shall apply to the faid Keeper or Gaoler of fuch Prison, who shall make out and transcribe the same at least Six Days before the time of his or her Appearance, which Warrant of every such Justice or Justices every such Sheriff and Sheriffs, Keeper or Gaoler, is and are hereby commanded to obey.

VI. And whereas confiderable time may intervene between the passing of this Act and the next General Quarter-Session or Gee neral Session of the Peace, which would be the Means of detaining in Prison a Number of Persons, who with their Families are in the f greatest Distress;' Be it further enacted, That it shall and may be Special Session. lawful for any Two or more of the Justices of the Peace for any County. City, Town, Place or Liberty, upon Petition from Debtors as aforesaid, to assemble their respective Courts as soon as may be after passing this Act, for the purpose of administering the Oaths and other the Matters required by this Act, and to appoint fuch Day or Days for the Discharge of Prisoners as they shall see proper.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Copy of every fuch Schedules to re-Schedule which shall be left or delivered in as aforefaid, shall be and main with Clerk remain with the Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer of the Peace. acting as Clerk of the Peace for the County, City, Town, Place or Liberty in which the same shall have been so left, there to remain and be inspected from time to time as Occasion shall require, by any Creditor of any fuch Prisoner who shall defire to inspect the same.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Debtor and Debtors intend-Debtors confined in any Gaol of that Part of the United Kingdom ing to apply for called Ireland, who shall intend to apply to be discharged and ex- Discharge to onerated under this Act, shall first cause public Notice to be inserted give Notice in in Three feveral Dublin Gazettes, previous to such General of Quarter-Seffion or General Seffion, or the Adjournment thereof, at which such Application shall be made; and if such Debtor shall be in Custody in any Gaol out of Dublin or the County of Dublin, or shall have moved himself by Hubeas Corpus from one Gaol to another. then also in some Newspaper in or near the County, City, Town or Liberty, in the Gaol whereof he or she shall be or have been so in Custody, containing the Name, Trade, Occupation and Description, and the Two last Places of Abode, if so many, of every such Debtor and Debtors, and the Prison wherein he, she or they is or are confined, and of his, her or their Intention to take the Benefit of this Act, and mentioning fuch Notice in such Gazette or Newspaper respectively to be the First, Second or Third Notice, according to the time of publishing each of such Notices; for the inserting each of the faid Notices in the Dublin Gazette, or in any other Newspaper, there shall be paid each time by every Prisoner the Sum of

Four Pence and no more, the First of which said Natices shall be so inserted in the said Gazettes respectively, and in the said other Newspapers, as the case may require. Twenty one Days at the least, and the last of the said Notices Six Days at the least, before any such First or Second General Quarter-Session or General Session or Adjournment thereof, shall be held as aforesaid, so that as well all the Creditors who have not charged the said Debtor or Debtors in Custody, as those Creditors who have charged such peptor on Debtors in Execution or on Mesne Process or otherwise, may have such sufficient Notice thereof.

Debtors to deliver Schedules to Gaolers previous to first Notice.

fuch sufficient Notice thereof. IK. And, to the Intent that all Creditors may have full and fufficient time to confider the Matters and Things contained in the Schedule or Schedules intended to be delivered in by any Debtor or Debtors, he it further enached. That every such Debtor where he or the shall, according to the Directions of this Act, publish the first Notice of an Intention to take the Benefit of this Act, he or the thalk in such Notice declare that the Schedule containing his or her intended Discovery of his or her Real and Personal Estate, to be fworn to in manner as by this Act is directed, is lodged in the Hands of the Keeper or Gapler, or the Deputy of such Keeper of Gaoler of the Prison wherein any such Debtor shall be confined; and every such Debtor is hereby directed and required to deliver such Schedule to fuch Keeper or Gaoler or Deputy, as the case may be, before he shall publish such first Notice as aforelaid, signed with his or her own Christian and Surname, to be attested by any such Keeper, Gaoler or Deputy, and in case any Debtor shall neglect or refuse to deliver one such Schedule to such Keeper, Gaoler or Deputy. prior to such his first Notice to be given as aforesaid, he or she upon due Proof made of such Neglect to the Satisfaction of the Court to which such Debter shall make Application, shall be remanded back to Prison, there to remain until he or the shall have complied with the Directions aforesaid; and every such Keeper, Gaoler or Deputy is hereby directed and required to attest the Signature of the Debtor's Name to such Schedule, and to receive the same into his Cultody and Charge, giving a Duplicate thereof to every such Debtor, with an Acknowledgment of his having received the Original, and he is hereby further required to deliver a true Copy of any such Schedule, figned by himself upon Request made to him by any Creditor for that Purpole in Writing, such Copy to be delivered to the Creditor himself, or to such Person as he shall appoint to receive the same, within Three Days after Demand made, and if any such Keeper, Gaoler or Deputy shall neglect or refuse to conform to the Directions hereby given him respecting such Schedule, every such Keeper, Gaoles or Deputy so offending shall be punished. (a) (a) [No in the Original A8.]

Form of Notice.

- X. And be it further enected. That the Notices to be given by every Debtor in manner directed by this Act shall be to the Effect following; that is to say,
- I [infert the Name, Trade, Occupation and Defeription, and Two last Places of Abode, if so many] now confined in [infert Name of Prifos and County,] and not being charged in Custody on the First
- Day of May One thousand eight hundred and claven, with any Debt or Debts, Sum or Sums of Money, exceeding in the Whole
- the Sum of One thousand five hundred Pounds, do hereby give this
 public

· public Notice, that I intend to take the Benefit of an Act puffed in the Fifty first Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An

· Att for the Relief of certain Infolvent Debtors in Ireland, and I do hereby give Notice, that a true and perfect Schedule, containing

the Discovery of all my Real and Personal Estate hereafter to be fworn to, is now ready to be delivered to any Creditor applying for

* the same to the Reeper or Gozser, or his Deputy of the faid · Prison.'

And every such Notice shall be figured by the Debtor and counterfigned by the Keeper or Gaoler, or Deputy of such Keeper or Gaoler of fuch Prison.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every fuch Debtor as afore. Debtors proving faid, not being charged as aforefaid on the faid First Day of May that Notices have One thousand eight hundred and eleven, with any Debt or Debts, in open Court Sum or Sums of Money, in the Whole to a greater Amount than deliver in certain the Sum of One thousand five hundred Pounds, who shall apply to Schedules, and the General or Quarter-Seffion, or any Adjournment thereof, shall, take Oath. in case it shall be proved upon Oath, or by producing the said Three Gazettes and Newspapers respectively before mentioned, to the said Jultiges at any such Session or the Adjournment thereof, that such Notices were inferted in the Dublin Gazettes and other Newspapers respectively, as were required in manner aforefaid; and that the Person or Persons so applying was or were actually a Prisoner of Prisoners on the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, in the Prison or Gaol in which his, her or their Name or Names is or are specified in the List delivered in at such First or Second Sellion or any Adjournment thereof, or in some other Prison or Gaol as aforefaid, in pursuance of this Act; and shall in open Court at the faid General Quarter-Sellion or General Sellion, or any Adjournment thereof, subscribe and deliver in a true Schedule or Account of all his or her Real Estate in Possession, Reversion, Remainder or Expectancy, and of any other Nature and Kind whatfoever, and also the Whole of his or her Personal Estate which he or the or any Person or Persons in trust for him or her; or for his or her Use, Benefit or Advantage, is or are seised of, interested in or entitled to, or was or were in his, her or their Policilion, Cultedy or Power, or which he, the or they, or fuch Berson or Persons had any Power of disposing of or changing for his, her or their Benefit or Advantage at any time fince his or her Commitment to Prifor, with the Names of his or her feveral Debtors, and where they respectively live or may be men with, and the feveral Sums of Money from them respectively owing, and how the same respectively became due and are feeured, and if by Mortgage, Specialty, Contract, Note or other Writing, then the Name and Names, and Places of Abode of the Teveral Witnesses who can prove such Debus or Contracts (if there be any fuch), and shall also make Oath and swear to the following Effect, according to the special Circumstances, so far as the same shall be confishent with the Provisions hereinafter contained; that is to fay,

been given flatl

I A.B. upon my corporal Oath, in the Presence of Almighty God, Oath. do solemnly swear, protest and declare, That on the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, I was really and

"truly a Prifoner in the actual Cultudy of

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in the Prifon or Gaol of at the Suit of without any Fraud or Collusion whatsoever. and that I have ever fince my Commitment continued a Prisoner within the Prison of in the actual Custody of the Keeper or Gaoler of the faid Prison of at the Suit of , and without any Fraud or Collusion whatsoever; and that the Schedule now delivered by me and subscribed doth contain to the best of my Knowledge, Remenbrance and Belief, a full, just, true and perfect Account and Difcovery of all the Goods, Effects and Estates, Real and Personal, in Possession, Reversion, Remainder or Expectancy, and of every other Nature and Kind what soever, which for any Person in trust for me or for my Benefit or Advantage are seized or possessed of, interested in or entitled to, or was or were in my Possession, Custody or Power, or in the Possession, Custody or Power of any such Person as aforesaid, or which I or such Person had any Power of disposing of or charging for my Benefit or Advantage, at any time fince my Commitment to Prison, and of all Debts to me owing, or to any Person or Persons in trust for me, and of all the Securities and Contracts whereby any Money now is or will or may hereafter become payable, or any Benefit or Advantage may accrue to me or to my Use, or to any Person or Persons in trust for me, and the Names and Places of Abode of the feveral Persons from whom · fuch Debts are due and owing, and of the Witnesses that can prove fuch Debts or Contracts [if any fuch there be], and that neither I, onor any Person or Persons in trust for me or for my Use, have any Lands, Money, Stock or Estate Real or Personal, in Possession, Reversion, Remainder or Expectancy, or of any Nature or Kind 4 foever, or Power of disposing of or charging for any Benefit or Advantage other than what are in the faid Schedule contained, except Wearing Apparel and Bedding for myself and Family, Working Tools and the necessary Implements for my Occupation and Calling, together with a Sum of Money not exceeding Five • Pounds, and these in the Whole not exceeding the Value of Thirty "Pounds; and that I have not nor any Person for me hath directly or indirectly fold, leffened or otherwife conveyed, difpofed of in s truft, or concealed all or any Part of my Lands, Money, Goods, Chattels, Stock, Debts, Securities, Contracts or Estates, Real or · Personal, whereby to secure the same or to receive or expect any Profit or Advantage therefrom, or with an Intent to defraud or deceive any Creditor or Creditors to whom I am or was indebted in any wife howfoever. So help me GOD.

Schedule and Oath fubscribed by Debtors.

And the faid Schedule and Oath shall be by every such Debtor subscribed in the Presence of the Justices in open Session of the Peace as hereby directed, and shall be kept by and remain with the Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace for the County, City, Liberty, Town or Place where the fame shall be subscribed and taken, for the better Information of all the Creditors of fuch Debtors, who shall defire or may have Occasion to refort thereto, and every fuch Creditor shall be at Liberty at seafonable times in the Day-time to peruse and examine the same.

Court at Request examine Gaolers ou Oath,

XII. And be it further enacted, That the Justices of the Peace of Creditor may within their respective Jurisdictions, at any such General Quarter-Sellions

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Sessions or General Session or Adjournment thereof, at the Request of any Creditor or Creditors of any fuch Debtor, are hereby authorized to cause the Marshal of the Four Courts Marshalsea or his Deputy, or any other Under Officer, Tipstaff and Turnkey of any Prison or Gaol, and any other Person within their respective Jurisdictions, to come before them and to examine them respectively on Oath, touching any of the Matters contained in any of the Oaths prescribed by this Act to be taken, and the Truth thereof; and if the Oath which shall have been taken in open Court by any Debtor or Debtors, shall not be disproved by good Testimony of any credible Person or Persons on Oath; and such Justices, or the major Part of them, present at any such General Quarter-Session or General Session or any Adjournment thereof, shall be satisfied with the Truth of the Oath taken by such respective Debtor, then such Justices shall in such Session or some Adjournment thereof, adjudge such Debtor or Debtors to be entitled to the Benefit of this Act, and shall order the faid Sheriff or Sheriffs, Keeper or Keepers, Gaoler or Gaolers of such Prison or Prisons forthwith to set at Liberty such Prisoner or Prisoners; and every such Order shall be sufficient Discharge to the Sheriff or Sheriffs, Keeper or Keepers, Gaoler or Gaolers of fuch Prison or Prisons, and shall indemnify him or them against any Escape or Escapes, Action or Actions whatsoever for Escape, which shall or may be brought, commenced or prosecuted against him or

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Estate. Right, Estates and Es-Title, Interest and Trust of such Debtor, of, in and unto all the fects of Debtor Real Estate, and to all the Personal Estate, Debts and Essets of discharged vested in Clerk of the every such Debtor, shall immediately after such Adjudication be and the same is hereby vested in the Clerk of the Peace. The same is hereby vested in the Clerk of the Peace. the same is hereby vested in the Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or affign same to other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace of and for the County, such Creditors as City, Town Corporate, Liberty or Place where any Debtor shall be Court shall direspectively discharged; and every such Clerk of the Peace, Town rect, in Trust. Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace, is hereby directed and required to make an Affigument and Conveyance of every such Debtor's Estate and Effects vested in such Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace as aforefaid, to fuch Creditor or Creditors of the faid Debtor, as the Justices at any General or Quarter-Session of the Peace, or at any Adjournment thereof, which shall be held by them within their respective Jurisdictions, shall order and direct, which Assignment and Conveyance shall be good and effectual in the Law to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, without being wrote on Parchment or Paper stamped, to vest the Estates thereby assigned and conveyed in the Party or Parties to whom the same shall be so assigned and conveyed, his, her and their Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Affigns, according to the Estate and Interest the Debtor had therein; and every such Assignment and Conveyance shall be in Trust for the Benefit of the Creditor or Creditors of every fuch Debtor to whom the fame shall be made, and the Rest of the Creditors of every such Debtor, in respect of or in Proportion to their respective Debts; and every Person or Persons to whom any such Assignment and Conveyance as aforefaid shall be made, is and are hereby fully empowered to fue from time to time, as there may be Occasion in his, her or their own Name or Names, for the Recovery and attaining any Estate

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Affignees to get in Debtor's Effects,

and to make Dividends.

Notice of the making I)ividenda

Affignees or Heirs not delivering over Effects, or Balance.

or Effects of any fuch Debtor, and allo to execute any Trust or Power vested in or created for the Use or Benefit of any such Debtor. but in Trust for the Benefit of him or them and the Rest of the Creditors of every fuch Debtor, and to give such Discharge and Discharges to any Person or Persons who shall respectively be indebted to such Debtor as may be requisite; and every such Assignee or Affignees shall with all convenient Speed, after his or their accepting fuck Affignment or Conveyance, use his and their best Endeavours to receive and get in the Estate and Essects of every such Debtor, and shall with all convenient Speed make Sale of all the Estates of such Debtor vested in such Assignee or Assignees; and if fuch Debtor shall be interested in or entitled to any Real Estate, either in Possession, Reversion or Expectancy, the same, within the Space of Two Months after such Affignment and Conveyance, shall be fold by Publick Auction, in fuch manner and at fuch Place as the major Part of the Creditors of any fuch Debtor who shall affemble together on any Notice in Writing published in the Dublin Gazette, or in some Daily Paper printed and published at Dublin, and if elsewhere, then in some Newspaper which shall be published in or near the County, City, Town, Liberty or Place in which such Debtor dwelled before he or the was committed to Prilon Thirty Days before any fuch Sale shall be made, shall under his Hand or their Hands agree on; and every such Assignee or Assignees, at the End of Three Months at farthest, from the time of his or their accepting eny fach Affignment or Conveyance as aforefaid, shall make a fair and just Dividend of all such Debtor's Estate and Effects which shall have been then recovered amongst his or her Creditors, in Proportion and in regard to each Creditor's respective Debt; but before any such Dividend shall be made, such Assignee or Assignees shall make up an Account of fuch Debtor's Estate, and make Oath in Writing before One or more Justice of Justices of the Peace of the County, Town, Liberty or Place in which any fuch Debtor shall have been discharged, that every such Account contains a fair and just Account of the Estate and Effects of every such Debtor got in by or for such Affiguee or Affiguees, and of all Payments made in respect thereof, and that all Payments in every such Account charged were truly and bona fide made and paid; and Notice of the making of every such Dividend shall be published in like manner as a Meeting of the Crediturs is hereinbefore directed to be published, Thirty Days at least before the fame shall be made; and no Creditor shall be allowed to receive any Share of fuch Dividend, until he shall have made out the Justiness and Identity of his Debt by Oath, or due Proof in Writing before some such Justice or Justices; and if any Creditor of such Debtor shall be diffatisfied with the Reality or Fairness of any Debt claimed by any other Creditor, then the same at the Request of any such Creditor or Creditors so diffatisfied shall be examined into by the Justices of the County, City, Liberty or Place in which fuch Debtor shall have been adjudged to have been entitled to the Benefit of this Act, at the next General or Quarter-Schoon, or some Adjournment thereof. XIV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Aflignee or

Assignees of the Estate and Essects of any Priloner discharged by virtue of this Act, or the Heirs, Executors or Administrators of any deceased Assignee or Assignees, shall not deliver over any Part of **fuch**

fuch Estate or Essects, or pay the Balance of the Produce of any fuch Estate or Essects found to be in the Hands of such Assignee or Affignees, or of fuch Heirs, Executors or Administrators as aforefaid, according to the Tenor of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Court before which the Prisoner was discharged, to order the Person or Persons so offending, to be arrested and committed to the next County Gaol, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, until fuch Imprisonment. Person or Persons shall have fulfilled the Duty required by the Act, or until fuch Court shall make other Order to the contrary.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all and Creditors for every Creditor and Creditors of any Debtor who shall be discharged Annuities to by virtue of this Act, for any Sum or Sums of Money payable by receive Diviby virtue of this Act, for any sum or sums or money payable by way of Indemnity or otherwise at any future time or times, by virtue Commission of of any Bond, Covenants, or other Securities of any Nature what: Communon Bankruptcy. foever, may be and shall be entitled to be admitted a Creditor or Creditors, and may and shall be entitled to receive a Dividend or Dividends of the Estate of such Debtor, in such manner and upon such Terms and Conditions as fuch Creditor or Creditors would have been entitled unto by the Laws now in force, if such Debtor had become Bankrupt, and without Prejudice in future to their respective Securities, otherwise than as the same would have been affected by a Proof made in respect thereof by the Creditor under a Commission of Bankrupt, and a Certificate obtained by the Bankrupt under fuch Commission.

XVI. And, to the Intent that no Loss may arise to any Creditor or Creditors, from any Neglect or Omission in the Schedule not containing the whole of the Estate Real or Personal belonging to any Debtor who shall apply for his or her Discharge under the Authority of this Act, be it enacted, That all the Estates, whether Real Estates of Debt. or Personal, which shall belong to any Debtor or Debtors, and of ors not interted which he, the or they shall be actually possessed or entitled unto at in Schedule the time of making such Schedule, shall be dremed and taken to be vested in Clerk Part of the Estate contained in such Schedule though not inserted therein; and shall in like manner become vested in the Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as such, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same had been contained in such Schedule. and had been delivered into the Court according to the Directions of this Act.

XVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Person hold- Holders of Secus ing any Security whatfoever, for which fuch Debtor never received rities without any valuable Confideration, shall be entitled to receive any Benefit Confideration not entitled to from the Estate of such Debtor, unless the Person holding such Se-Benefit. curity shall make it appear to the Satisfaction of the Justices at some General or Quarter-Session or Adjournment thereof, that he or the became possessed of the same bona fide and for good or valuable Confideration.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in case of the Estates to vest in Death or Removal of any Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Clerk of the Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace as aforesaid, in whom the Peace. Estate, Right, Title, Interest or Trust of any Debtor or Debtors shall have vested by the Authority of this Act, every such Estate, Right, Title, Interest and Trust shall become vested in the Successor or Successors to every such Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace as aforefaid respectively, as the 51 Gro. III.

case may be, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever under the Provifions of this Act.

No Suit, & c. without Confent of Majority of Creditors.

XIX. Provided further, and be it also enacted. That no Suit in Equity shall be commenced by any Assignee or Assignees of any fuch Debtor or Debtors' Estate and Effects, without the Consent of the major Part in Value of the Creditors of fuch Debtor, who shall meet together pursuant to a Notice to be given at least Ten Days before fuch Meeting, in the Dublin Gazette or other Newspaper which shall be published in the Neighbourhood of the last Residence of such Debtor or Debtors for that Purpole.

Martenges to take place of Claims of an inferior Nature.

XX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act shall extend, or be construed to hinder or prevent any Mortgage or Mortgages, Charges or Liens upon the Estate of such Debtor or Debtors, or any Part thereof, to take place upon the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or Personal Estate or Effects comprised in, or charged or affected by fuch Mortgage or Mortgages, Charges or Liens respectively, nor to prevent any Statute Staple, Statute Merchant, Recognizance or Judgment, acknowledged by or obtained against any such Debtor or Debtors, to take place upon the Lands, Tenements or Real Estates of such Debtor or Debtors; and also where any Inquisition shall have been taken upon any such Statute or Recognizance, or any Writ or Execution shall have been taken out and delivered to the Sheriff or proper Officer upon any fuch Judgment, before such Discharge shall be given in open Session to any fuch Debtor as aforefaid, the Personal Estate of any such Debtor respectively shall be subject thereto, in the first Place, for to much as shall remain due upon such Mortgage, Charge, Lien, Statute, Recognizance or Judgment respectively, in like manner as such Mortgagees and Persons having such Charges or Liens, and Creditors by Statute, Recognizance or Judgment, would have been preferred to others, Creditors of an inferior Nature, against the Real or Perfonal Estate of such Debtor or Debtors respectively if this Act had not been made; any thing bereinbefore contained to the contrary thereof in any wife not withstanding.

Power of leading, Lands, &c. verted in Af-·figner &

' XXI. And whereas many Persons who may be entitled to and claim the Benefit of this Act, are seised and possessed of Lands, 'Tenements and Hereditaments, to hold to such Debtors for the Term of their natural Lives, with power of granting Leafes and taking Fines, referring finall Rents on fuch Estates for One, Two or Three Lives in Possession or Reversion, or for some Number of 4 Years determinable upon Lives, or have Powers over Real or Perfonal Estate, which such Debtors could execute for their own Advantage, and which faid Powers ought to be executed for the 6. Benefit of the Creditors of fuch Debtors; Be it therefore enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, that in every such case all and every the Powers of leafing such Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, and all such other Powers as aforesaid over Real or Personal Estate. which are or shall be vested in any such Prisoner or Prisoners as aforefaid, shall be and are hereby vested in the Assignee or Assignees of the Real and Personal Estate of such Prisoner by virtue of this Act, to be by fuch Assignee or Assignees executed for the Benefit of all and every the Creditors of such Prisoners as aforesaid.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That the Justices at any Ge-Gaoler on Request of Creditor neral or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace, or Adjournment thereof, to to be fworn

which any fuch Prisoner shall be brought in pursuance of this Act, shall, if required by any Creditor or Creditors of any such Prisoner or Prisoners who shall oppose his or her Discharge, administer and give to the Keeper or Gaoler of any such Prison or Gaol, at the time of bringing up any fuch Prisoner in order to be discharged under this Ac, an Oath to the Effect following; that is to fay,

do swear, That

Oath,

was really and truly a Prisoner in my Custody in the Prison or in Custody in some other Prison [as " the case may be] to the best of my Knowledge and Belief, at or upon the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and that the Copy or Copies of the Caule or Caules of his [or her] Commitment or Detainer now by me brought, with the Body of the faid and • produced to the faid Court, is or are a true Copy or Copies of the ' Cause or Causes of such Commitment or Detainer, without any Fraud or Deceit by me or any other Person whatsoever, to the best of my Knowledge and Belief. So help me GOD.'

And if any Person who was a Keeper or Gaoler, or deputed Keeper If Person delior Caoler of any such Prison or Gaol on the said First Day of May vering in List One thousand eight hundred and eleven, or since, shall not happen to was not Gaoler be the Keeper or Gaoler, or deputed Keeper or Gaoler of any such on the 1st Day of Prison or Gaol at the time any such List as aforesaid is hereby re- May 1811, he shall take the quired to be delivered in, then the Justices at any such Sessions, or at. following Oath. any Adjournment thereof, may and are hereby required to administer and give to the respective Person or Persons who shall be Keeper. or Gaoler, or deputed Keeper or Gaoler, of any fuch Prison or Gaol, and deliver in fuch List as aforefaid at any fuch General or Quarter-Sessions, or any Adjournment thereof, an Oath touching the Commitments or Books of Commitment of any fuch Prison or Gaol, to the Effect following; that is to fay,

Commitments or Books kept of or concerning the Commitments of Prisoners to the Prison of and that · I do verily believe that the faid Commitments or Books of Com-6 mitment are really true and not fictitious, nor calculated for this · Purpole; and by them it doth appear that was, on the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, really and truly a Prisoner in the actual Custody of the then Keeper or Gaoler, or

Deputy Keeper or Gaoler of the faid Prison or Gaol, [or, other ' Prison, as the case may be without Fraud or Deceit by me or any

other Person or Persons to my Knowledge and Belief.

So help me GOD.

do fwear, That I have examined the Oath.

XXIII. And, in order to discover any fraudulent Entries or At Request of Commitments of Prisoners in any Prison or Gaol Books, be it further Creditors Gaolers enacted, That the Justices at any Genéral or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace, or any Adjournment thereof, are hereby authorized, at the sions, touching Request of any Creditor or Creditors of any Prisoner, to convene Commitments before them at some certain time to be appointed by them, any Person or Persons who was or were Keeper or Gaoler or deputed Keeper or Gaoler of any Prison or Gaol within their respective Jurisdictions, on the faid First Day of May one thousand eight hundred Ccs

Sheriffs, &c. difobeying Orders of Jultices.

and eleven, or at any time fince, and examine every fuch Keeper or Gaoler or deputed Keeper or Gaoler on Oath, touching the Commitment and Continuance in Custody of any such Prisoner, as the Justices at any such General or Quarter-Sessions or Adjournment thereof shall think fit; and if any Sheriff, Keeper or Gaoler, shall neglect or refule to bring before any fuch Justices, at any Session of the Peace or Adjournment thereof, any fuch Prisoner as shall be directed and required by Warrant of any Justice or Justices as aforefaid, or to attend on being summoned for that Purpose, he shall on Conviction fuffer Six Months Imprisonment; or if any Keeper or Gaoler attending shall refuse to make Answer and Discovery in the Premiles as shall be reasonably required, at such General Quarter-- Sessions, or any Adjournment thereof, he, she or they so offending in the Premises, shall, for every such Offence, pay the Sum of Ten Pounds, to any Berson who shall recover and sue for the same, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Dublin, by Action of Debt.

Penalty.

Gaoler and Printer of Gasette or Newfpaper not complying with Regulations of Act.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Keeper or Gaoler of any Prison, or his Deputy or Deputies, shall without just Cause, to be approved of by the Justices at some General Quarter-Session or General Seffion of the Peace or Adjournment thereof, within their respective Jurisdictions, refuse or delay to bring any such Prisoner or Prisoners as aforesaid to any such General Quarter-Sessions or General Session or Adjournment thereof, in order to his or her Discharge, or shall neglect or refuse, or designedly omit to insert in any such List the Name or Names of any such Prisoners who was or were actually in Custody in his or their respective Prison · or Gaol, on the faid First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, or fince, or shall neglect or refuse to make out, fix up or deliver fuch Lists as aforefaid; or if any Keeper or Gaoler or deputed Keeper or Gaoler shall neglect or refuse to take any of the faid Oaths before mentioned, and hereby required to be taken by him, or shall detain any such Priloner after he or she shall be discharged as aforesaid, or if the Printer of the Dublin Gazette or other Newspaper as aforesaid shall wilfully refuse or neglect to insert therein the Notice by this Act directed to be given, on reasonable Request to him made for that Purpose, every such Keeper and Gaoler of such Prison and Prisons, his Deputy or Deputies, and every such Printer as aforefaid, shall respectively forfeit and pay to each Prisoner in every fuch case injured, the Sum of One hundred Pounds, which shall and may be recovered with Treble Costs of Suit by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information in any one of the faid Courts of Record at Dublin, wherein no Effoign, Protection or Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance shall be allowed.

Penalty.

Gaolers commiting Perjury.

Gaoler or Gaolers, or any Deputy Keeper or Gaoler of any Prison shall, in taking of the afore mentioned Oaths, forswear and perjure themselves, and shall thereof be lawfully convicted, such Keeper or Gaoler of deputed Keeper or Gaoler of such Prison or Prisons shall sover and above the Penalties to be inslicted on Persons convicted of Perjury) upon every such Conviction, forfeit and pay the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, with sull Costs, by Bill, Plaint or Information, or Action of Debt, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Dublin, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law shall be allowed, by and in the Name of such Person or Persons, his and

Penalty.

their Executors and Administrators, to whom an Affignment or Conveyance in pursuance of this Act shall be made of the Estate and Effects of fuch Prifoner or Prifoners; and if no fuch Affignee or Affignees shall be living, then in the Name or Names of any other Creditor or Creditors who shall sue for the said Penalties, to be applied, one Moiety to the Informer or Informers, and the other Moiety towards Satisfaction of the Debts of fuch Creditor or Creditors.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Clerk of the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy or Town Clerk, or other Officer acting as Clerk Peace not giving of the Peace, field delay or refuse to give every or any fuch Prisoner Copies of Adjuadjudged to be entitled to his Discharge as aforesaid, within fourteen charges. Days after such Adjudication, a Copy of the Order of such Adjudication on the Payment of Two Shillings and Six Pence, or shall take more than Two Shillings and Six Pence for fuch Copy, or shall take more than One Shilling for an Affignment or Conveyance of fuch Prisoner's Estate and Effects, any such Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, or Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace, who shall so offend, and who shall be convicted at any such General or Quarter-Session of the Peace, or any Adjournment thereof, of any such Offence, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay to every such Prisoner the Sum of Twenty Pounds, as the Justices of the Penalty. Peace at such General or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace or Adjournment thereof shall order; and who are hereby empowered to cause the same to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods of any such Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy or Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace fo offending.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Debtor as afore- Debtors fallely said who shall take the Benefit of this Act, shall wilfully forswear swearing. and perjure himself, herself or themselves, in any Oath to be taken Perjury. under this Act, and shall be lawfully convicted thereof, he, she or they so offending shall suffer such Punishment as by Law may be in-Aicted on Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Persons entitled to Debtors disthe Benefit of this Act shall at any time hereafter be imprisoned by charged not listed on the state of the s Money only, or for any Debt, Bond, Damages, Contempts for Non- prior to 1ft May payment of Money, Costs, Sum or Sums of Money contracted, in- 1811. curred, occasioned, owing or growing due before the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, but that upon every Arrest upon every Judgment or such Decree, or for such Debts, Damages, Contempts, Costs, Sum and Sums of Money, it shall and may be lawful for any Judge of the Court where the Procels issued, or for any Two Justices of the Peace, upon shewing the Copy of the Order of Adjudication as aforesaid, to release and discharge out of Custody such Prisoners as aforesaid, and at the same time to order the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in such Suit or Suits to pay fuch Prisoner or Prisoners the Costs he, the or they shall have incurred on fuch Occasion, or so much thereof as to such Judge or Justices shall seem just and reasonable; and every such Judge is hereby empowered so to do on such Prisoner's causing a Common Appearance to be entered for him on every fuch Action or Sult.

' XXIX. And whereas under former Acts of this Kind, Doubts have arisen what was to be done with such Prisoners who applied Prisoners not difcharg d of Debtstublequent to 1it May 1811.

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at any Session to be discharged, who owed and stood charged with-Debts as well previous as subsequent to the Day limited by the ' respective Acts;' To remedy which, be it therefore enacted, That no Prisoner or Prisoners shall be discharged of any Debts incurred subsequent to the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven; and if it shall appear to the Justices at any Session or Adjournment, that any Prisoner or Prisoners then applying to them to be discharged, shall stand charged as well with Debts previous to as subsequent to the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, that in fuch cases it shall and may be lawful to and for the Julices to discharge the Person of such Prisoner on account of all Debts incurred previous to the faid First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and to remand him or her back to the Cultody of the Keeper of the Prilon from whence he or the was brought, for all Debts which he or the stands charged with in his Cultody incurred subsequent to the faid First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven.

Act pleaded to Action of Escape,

Treble Cofts. Act pleaded generally by Pr:-Loners.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That if any Action of Escape, or any Suit or Action be brought against any Justice or Justices of the Peace, Sheriff, Keeper or Gaoler of any Prison, for performing their Office in pursuance of this Act, they may plead the General Issue, and give this Act in Evidence, and if the Plaintiff be nonfuited or discontinue his Action, or Verdict pass against him, or Judgment upon Demurrer, the Defendant shall have Treble Costs.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Scire Facias, or Action of Debt or upon Judgment shall be brought against any Prifoner, his or her Heirs, Executors or Administrators, upon any Judgment obtained against any such Prisoner, or on any Statute or Recognizance acknowledged by him or her before the faid First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, with respect to Prifoners in actual Custody on the faid First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, it shall and may be lawful for any such Prisoner his or her Heirs, Executors or Administrators, to plead generally that such Prisoner was actually a Prisoner in such Prison or in some other Prison at such a Person's Suit, on the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and was or were duly discharged according to this Act, at the General Quarter-Session or General Session or Adjournment thereof, held at such Time and Place for such County, Liberty, City, Town or Place (as his, or her, or their case is) without pleading any Matter specially; and in case any other Suit or Action shall be commenced against him, her or them, for any other Debt, Sum or Sums of Money due before the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, to plead in discharge of his or her Person from Execution (over and above fuch Matters as aforesaid) that such Debt or Sum of Money (as the case shall happen) was contracted or due before the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, without pleading any other Matter specially, whereto the Plaintiff shall or may reply generally, and deny the Matters pleaded as aforefaid, or reply any other Matter or Thing which may shew the said Desendant not to be entitled to the Benefit of this Act, or not duly discharged according to it, in the same manner as the Plaintiff might have replied in case the Defendant had pleaded this Act, and his Discharge by virtue of this Act specially; and if the Plaintiff be nonfuited, discontinue his

Action, or Verdict pass against him, or Judgment or (a) Demurrer, the Defendant to have Treble Costs: Provided always, that nothing Treble Costs. in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to release. Act not to exor discharge any Attorney at Law, Solicitor or any other Person or tend to Attor-Persons acting or pretending to act as such, with regard to any Debt mes or Servants embezzling with which he or they shall stand charged for any Money or other Money; Effects recovered and received by him or them, for the Use of any Person or Persons, Bodies Corporate or Politick, and by any Attorney, Solicitor or other Person or Persons acting as such, embezzled, concealed or converted to his or their own Use; or to release or discharge any Servant or Agent, or any other Person or Persons employed or entrusted as such with regard to any Debt or Demand with which he, she or they shall stand charged for or on account of any Money, Goods or other Effects received or possessed by him, her or them, for the Use and on Account of his, her or their Master or Masters, or Employers, and by such Servant or Agent embezzled, concealed or converted to his, her or their own Use; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wife (a) [So in the original Att.] notwithstanding.

' XXXII. And whereas many evil disposed Persons, to support their profligate way of Life, have by various subtile Stratagems,

Threats and Devices, fraudulently obtained divers Sums of Money, Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, Bonds, Bills of Exchange, Pro-· missory Notes or other Securities for Money, to the great Injury of

industrious Families, and to the manifest Prejudice of Trade and " Credit;' Be it enacted, That no Prisoner who, knowingly and Nor to Persons designedly by false Pretence or Pretences, shall have obtained from obtaining Money any Person or Persons, Money, Goods, Wares, Merchandize, Bonds, on falle Pie-Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes or other Securities for Money. shall have or receive any Benefit or Discharge by or under this Act;

but the Justices at any General or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace, or any Adjournment thereof, before whom any such Prisoners shall be brought, upon due Proof of the Matter made to their Satisfaction. shall remand fu h Prisoners to the Custody of the Gaoler or Keeper

of the Prison from whence he or she shall have been brought; any

thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Truth of each of the Objections and Exceptions aforefaid, against the obtaining the Benefit of this Act, shall be proved by the Testimony upon Oath of One or more credible Witness or Witnesses, befides the Testimony upon Oath of the Person or Persons making fuch Objections, or other legal Proof or Evidence admissible in a Court of Law: Provided always, that no Prisoner who shall have Nor to Prisoners. been remanded to Prison under any Act heretofore passed for the remanded to Prison Relief of Infolvent Debtors, for having fraudulently obtained Money, fon under any Goods or Securities for Money on false Pretences, or for having indevent Act, for fraudulently fecretly or fraudulently removed Stock, Cattle or other Effects obtaining Mowhich were subject or liable to be detained for Rent, or who shall ney, &c. have lost or forfeited the Benefit of any such former Act, by having made any fraudulent Sale, Transfer, Conveyance or Affignment, fince his or her Imprisonment, to the Prejudice of the fair and honest Creditor, or who shall have obtained a Discharge under such former Act fraudulently, or shall have taken an Oath under such Act, any Part of which was not true, shall have or receive any Benefit or Cc 4 Discharge

Provide.

Nor to Persons charged in Execution for Damages recovered in any Action for Criminal cnvertation&c.

Nor to Perfons removing Effects of the Value of 201, liable to be distrained for Rent.

Discharge by or under this Act; but the Justices at any General or other Session of the Peace or any Adjournment thereof, before whom any such Prisoner shall be brought, upon due Proof of the Matter made to their Satisfaction, shall remand such Prisoner to the Custody of the Gaoler or Keeper of the Prison, from which he or she shall have been brought; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding; Provided always, that such Objections or Exceptions were supported by such Proof or Evidence as is bereinbefore provided and directed to be made under this present Act, and not otherwise; and that no Person shall be permitted to make the Objections in this Act mentioned against any Prisoner except a detaining Creditor, or such Person or Persons as have commenced their Action or Actions against such Prisoner previous to the First Day of May last past, grounded on the Matters in the said Exceptions mentioned: Provided also, that no Person charged in Execution for Damages recovered in any Action for Criminal Conversation with the Wife of the Plaintiff in fuch Action, or in any Action for feducing or carnally knowing the Daughter or female Servant of the Plaintiff, or in any Action for a malicious Profecution, or in any Action for any other malicious Injury, shall have any Benefit under this Act, except only in cases where the Plaintiff in such Actions respectively shall be dead, and no Person shall have obtained Probate of the Will or Letters of Administration of the Effects of such Plaintiff, within Twelve Months after the Decease of such Plaintiff. ! XXXIV. And whereas many Debtors for Rents of Land, Messuages, Houses and other Premises have, with fraudulent In-I tent to disappoint the Right of their respective Landlords, removed the Stock, Cattle, Furniture, Goods or other Effects which were subject and liable to be distrained for the Satisfaction of the said Rents; Be it therefore enacted, That no Prisoner or Prisoners who, in a secret, clandestine or fraudulent manner, shall have removed or caused to be removed within Six Years any such Stock, Cattle, Furniture, Goods or Effects of the Value of Twenty Pounds or upwards, which were subject or liable to be distrained by their respective Landlord or Landlords, for or in Payment of such Rent or Rents, whereby such Landlord or Landlords shall have lost all or fome Part of the Rent or Rents due to him, her or them as aforesaid, shall be discharged by or under this Act, but shall, on due Proof of the Matter as aforefaid, be remanded in manner hereinbefore mentioned; any thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary notwithstanding; provided such Proof shall be thereof made as is hereinbefore required upon Objections or Exceptious to be made under this present Act.

' XXXV. And whereas many Debtors have, with a View to defraud their Creditors, fold, transferred, conveyed or affigued their Estate and Effects to some Person or Persons, subsequent to their t being in Custody of Law or imprisoned under some Process for Debt: And whereas such Sale, Transfer, Conveyance or Affigu-! ment hath been fraudulently made to the infinite Prejudice of the fair and honest Creditor, though sufficient Proof could not be obtained to convict the Party of a fraudulent Defign; Be it Nor to Persons enacted, That whenever it shall be proved by one or more credible fellingor figning Witness or Witnesses to the Satisfaction of the Court to which any Effects: defraud Prisoner shall be brought up in order to obtain his or her Discharge. that

Cr. ditors.

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that fuch Prisoner has fold, transferred, conveyed or affigued to any Person or Persons all or any Part of his Estate or Essects subsequent to the time of his Imprisonment without just Cause for so doing, to . be allowed by the Justices presiding in such Court as aforesaid, every fuch Debtor shall lose all the Benefits and Advantages that he might have otherwise claimed under the Authority of this Act, and shall not be entitled to his or her Discharge; and every such Sale, Transfer, Coveyance or Affignment is hereby declared null and void.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That every Gaoler or Gaolers not per-Keeper of any Prison shall and is hereby required to suffer in the mitting Prisoners Day-time any Person or Persons desiring the same, to see and speak, to be spoken in the Lodge or fome convenient Room in the faid Prison, with any Prisoner or Prisoners whose Names are inserted in the before mento be seen. tioned Lift or Lifts, or the Dublin Gazette, or other Newspapers, or any of them, and also to see in the true and genuine Books of the faid Prison the Entries made of the Name or Names of such Prifoner or Prisoners, Debtor or Debtors, together with the Name or Names of the Person or Persons at whose Suit or Suits he, she or they are or were detained; and if any such Gaoler or Keeper shall refuse or neglect to comply with what is hereby above required, every fuch Gaoler or Keeper who shall so offend in the Premises, shall forfeit and pay to the Person so refused and aggrieved the Sum of Forty Pounds, to be recovered, with Cofts of Suit, by Action of Penalty. Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of the Courts at Dublin, wherein no Effoign, Protection, Wager of Law, or more than One Imparlance shall be allowed, by and in the Name or Names of the Person or Persons so refused and aggrieved.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Gaoler or Gaoler making Keeper or deputed Gaoler or Keeper of any Prison or Prisons, shall false Entries. make or cause to be made any false Entries in any Book or Books belonging to any Prison or Gaol under his Care, or of which he is or was Gaoler, or shall prepare or keep or cause to be prepared or kept any false Book or Books in order for any false or untrue Entry or Entries to be made therein, or shall insert in any Lift to be delivered in as aforesaid, the Name or Names of any Person or Persons who was not in actual Custody as aforesaid (except as in the Oath of any fuch Gaoler or Keeper shall be excepted) every such Gaoler or Keeper or deputed Gaoler or Keeper shall, over and above the Penalties which he shall be liable to for every such Fraud, forfeit and pay the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, to be recovered with Treble Costs Penalty. of Suit, by and in the Name and for the Use of any Person or Perfons who shall be prejudiced by any such false Entry or Entries, which Penalties shall and may be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Dublin, wherein no Effoign, Protection, Wager of Law or more than One Imparlance shall be allowed.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Debtor being Debtors refusing thereunto required by any Creditors, shall refuse to discover and de- to discover Trade clare the Trade or Occupation, and Habitation or last Place of and Abode of Abode of the Person or Persons at whose Suit he or she is or was Person at whose detained or charged in Custody, or if any Prisoner being called for detained or charged in Custody, or if any Prisoner being called for, cluded Benefit and defired by any Creditor or Creditors to come to the Lodge of of Act. the Prison in which any such Prisoner shall be confined, shall refuse to come, without some reasonable Cause being made appear to the

C. 123.

contrary, every such Debtor, upon Proof being made thereof before the Justices at any General or Quarter Session of the Peace, or any Adjournment thereof, to be held as aforefaid, shall not have or receive any Benefit or Discharge by or under this Act; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

Prisoners in Cuftody for Prifon Fees dif-«harged.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That all Debtors and others who were in Prison on or before the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven in any of the Gaols of this Kingdom and now remain for not paying their Fees, kent or other Demands due or claimed as due to the Keeper or Keepers of any Prifon respectively, or to any other Officer of such Prison, and upon no other Account, shall be discharged therefrom, he, she or they taking the Oath by this Act required to be taken by Prisoners.

Act not to extend to Debtors of the Crown or Offenders

XL. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That this Act shall not extend or be construed to extend to discharge any Prifoner feeking the Benefit of this Act, with respect to any Debt or Penalty with which he or she shall stand charged at the Suit of the Crown, or of any Person for any Offence committed against any Act or Acts of Parliament relative to His Majesty's Revenues of Customs, Excise, Stamps or Salt Duties, or any of them, or any Branches of the Public Revenue, or at the Suit of any Sheriff or other Public Officer, upon any Bail Bond entered into for the Appearance of any Person prosecuted for any Offence committed against any Act or Acts of Parliament relative to His Majesty's faid Revenues of Customs, Excise, Stamps or Salt Duties, or any other Branches of Public Revenue, unless any Three of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being shall certify their Confent under their Hands to the said Justices at their said Sessions or Adjournment thereof for the Discharge of such Prisoner as aforefaid.

' XLI. And whereas under former Acts, Creditors have been put to great Expence and Trouble in attending every Session and Adigournment during the whole Continuance of this Act (a), to oppose the Discharge of Debtors clearly excluded from any Benefit under the faid respective Acts, but who, after having been before one · Session and refused a Discharge, to harass their Creditors constantly gave fresh Notices for each subsequent Session and Adjournment of their intended Application to be discharged;' To remedy which, be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all cases whatever the Determination of the Jultices in Session or Adjournment shall be final to all Intents and Purposes, unless otherwise ordered and commanded by His Majesty's Court of King's Bench in Ireland, by His Majesty's Writ of Mandamus to be issued forth of faid Court, unless the Debtor shall, during the Continuance of this Act, get rid of the Objection or Objections for which they refused his Discharge; and that the same may be clear and certain, the Justices are hereby required to state the Objections why such Debtor's Discharge is refused by them; and in all cases whatever it shall and may be lawful to and for the Justices at some one subsequent Session. within the Space of Twelve Calendar Months after he shall have been fo remanded, upon Application from the Prisoner, and due Proof on Oath made to them by Two or more credible Witnesses (which Oath they are hereby empowered to administer) of such Objection (a) [So in the original A&.]

Determination of Justices final, unless Dator getsrid of Objections to Difcharge.

or Objections being removed, and on Proof of Notice ferved at least Twenty Days previous to fuch Application on the Creditor or Creditors who before opposed his Discharge, and of Notice likewise inserted in the Dublin Gazette in manner before directed by this Act, to order such Prisoner to be brought before them, and if they shall then be of Opinion the faid Debtor is entitled to the Benefit of this Act, to adjudge him or her to be entitled to the Benefit of this Act, and, if a Prisoner, to order him or her to be discharged, he or she taking the Oath, and in all other respects conforming to the Directions of this Act.

 XLII. And whereas it may happen that feveral Persons who ' may claim and be entitled to the Benefit of this Act, are seised of an Estate Tail in some Freehold Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, which Entail, with the Remainders thereon expectant, they have by Law Power to defeat and bar, either by levying a Fine or Fines, suffering a Common Recovery or Common Recoveries, whereby such Person or Persons' said Freehold Lands, · Tenements and Hereditaments, would be liable to the Payment · of their Debts, and be delivered up according to the Terms of this " Act for the Benefic of their Creditors;" Be it therefore further enacted, That in every such case, such Person or Persons so seised as Estates of which aforesaid, and who shall be entitled to and claim the Benefit of this Prisoners are Act, shall, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever in Law, be delivered up to deemed and taken, and is and are hereby declared to be seised of such to Creditors. Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments in Fee, and the fame shall be delivered up to fuch Creditor or Creditors of every fuch Prisoner in the fame manner as if such Person or Persons had actually levied a Fine, fuffered a Common Recovery or Recoveries, and thereby had become seised in Fee; any Law or Construction of Law to the

contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

* XLIII. And whereas many Persons who may be entitled to and, ' claim the Benefit of this Act, have been great Dealers or otherwise engaged in large Transactions, whereby they may be entitled to fundry and great Debts and Demands of various and intricate Natures, and they may be entitled to Equities of Redemption of Estates, subject and liable to Mortgages, Judgments or other Incumbrances, or to Reversions, Remainders or other contingent ' Estates, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or to other Trusts or Intents in Estates both Real and Personal, which may not be fufficiently described or discovered in the Schedule or Inventory before directed to be delivered in upon Oath by the Prisoner to be discharged as aforesaid, or which may want his Aid and Assistance to adjust, make out, recover or manage, for the Benefit of his " Creditors;' Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the respective Assignees of Assignees may the Estate and Essects of such Debtor or Debtors who shall obtain apply for suther his, her or their Discharge in pursuance of this Act, or any other Examination of Description or Person duly authorized by them for that Purpose, from Justices. time to time to apply to any Two or more of the Justices of the Peace for the County, City, Town, Place or Liberty, where such Debtor or Debtors shall be then residing, thereby desiring that such Debtor or Debtors may be further examined as to any Matters or Things relating to his, her or their Estate or Esfects, whereupon

fuch Justices shall send for or call before them such Debtor or

Debtors.

Debtors, by fuch Warrant, Summons, Ways or Means, as they shall think fit, and upon such Debtors appearing shall examine him. her or them, as well upon Oath as otherwise, as to such Matters and Things as such Assignee shall defire, relating to the Estate and Effects of fuch Debtor or Debtors; and if any Debtor or Debtors, on Payment or Tender of Payment of fuch reasonable Charges as fuch Justices shall judge sufficient, shall neglect or resuse to come or appear, not having a lawful Excuse to be made known to such Justices and by them allowed, or being come before them shall refuse to be fworn or to answer to all such Questions as by such Justices shall be put to him or them relating to the Discovery of his, her or their Estate or Effects so vested or intended to be vested in such Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace of (a) such Assignce as aforesaid, then it shall and may be lawful to and for fuch Justices, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, to apprehend fuch Debtor or Debtors fo offending as aforesaid, and him, her or them to commit to the Common Gaol, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize until fuch time as he, she or they shall fubmit him, her or themselves to such Justices, and answer upon Oath to all fuch lawful Questions as shall by fuch Justices be put to him, her or them, for the Purposes aforesaid. (a) [So in the original AA.

Fraudulent Difcharges soid. XLIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That notwithstanding the Discharge of any Debtor or Debtors by virtue of this Act, if it shall hereaster appear the same was obtained fraudulently, or that any Part of the Oath taken by any such Debtor was not true, then and in every such case every such Discharge shall be void and of none Effect.

Affiguees with Confent of Majority in Value of Creditors, may compound Debts and tubmin Disputes to Arbitration.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful at all times hereafter for any Affignee or Affignees of the Estate or Effects of any Debtor or Debtors who shall be chosen in pursuance of this Act, by and with the Confent of the major Part in Value of the Creditors of fuch Debtor or Debtors who shall be present at a Meeting, to be had on Twenty one Days Notice being previously given for the Purpose hereafter mentioned, if in Custody at Dublin or in the County of Dublin, in the Dublin Gazette, and if any other Place in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, then also in some Newspaper which shall be published in the County, City or Place in or near which such Person or Persons shall have been in Gaol, to make Compositions to any Person or Persons or Accountants to fuch Debtor or Debtors, where the same shall appear necessary or reasonable, and to take such reasonable Part of any such Debt as can upon any fuch Composition be gotten, in full Discharge of such Debts and Accounts, and also to submit any Difference or Dispute between such Assignee or Assignees, and any Person or Persons for or on account or by reason or means of any Matter, Cause or Thing relating to the Estate or Effects of such Debtor or Debtors, or to any Debt or Debts due or claimed to be due to or from such Debtor or Debtors, to the final End and Determination of Arbitrators to be chosen by the said Assignee or Assignees, and the major Part in Value of fuch Creditors, and the Party or Parties with whom they shall have such Difference, and to perform the Award of such Arbitrators, or of any Umpire to be chosen by them, or otherwise to settle and agree the Matters in Difference and Dispute between them, in

fuch manner as the faid Affignee or Affignees with fuch Confent as aforesaid shall think fit and can agree, and the same shall be binding to all the Creditors of such Debtor or Debtors; and every such Assignee or Assignees is and are hereby indemnished for what they

shall fairly do in the Premises in pursuance of this Act.

XLVI. And, for the better Discovery of the Estate and Effects Persons concealof any Debtor who shall be discharged by virtue of this Act, be it ing Debtor's further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That any Person or Personal Estates. ions who shall have accepted of any Trust or Trusts, and shall wilfully conceal or protect any Estate Real or Personal of any such Debtor from his Creditors, and shall not within Thirty Days after any Assignee or Assignees shall in pursuance of this Act be chosen of any fuch Debtor's Estate, discover and disclose to such Assignee or Affiguees fuch Trust and Estate in Writing, and deliver up or make over the same to such Assignee or Assignees, he, she or they so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One Penalty. hundred Pounds, and also Double the Value of the Estate either Real or Personal so conceased, to or for the Use of the Creditors of any fuch Debtor, to be recovered by Action of Debt in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Dublin, in the Name or Names of the Affiguee or Affiguees of fuch Debtor's Estate, together with Treble Cofts of Suit.

'XLVII. And whereas Provision ought to be made as to what fhould become of the Estate and Estects of any Debtor or Debtors on not got in, obtained or recovered by any Assignee or Assignees chose pursuant to the Direction of the several Acts, at the time of his or their Death or Deaths, and whose Heir or Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns refuse to act or meddle therein; To remedy which, be it enacted, That in all fuch cases it shall and If Assignees die, may be lawful to and for the Creditors of every fuch Debtor or others may be Debtors to chuse a new Assignee or Assignees in Manner and Form chosen. as hereinbefore is directed, and to obtain a new Affignment from the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as a Clerk of the Peace purluant to the Order of the Jultices, and which faid Order the faid Justices are hereby required and empowered to direct (on due Proof on Oath being made to them of the Death of such former Assignee or Assignees, and Resusal of his or their Heirs, Executors, Administrators or Assigns, to act or meddle therein), and the faid Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace, hereby conforming to all Orders and Directions made by this Act relative to them or any of them, and to be liable to all fuch Pains and Penalties as are inflicted on them or any of them by this Act for Disobedience in any Part thereof or Neglect of Duty whatever; and in case any fuch Assignee or Assignees shall die, and his Heirs, Executors, Administrators or Assigns shall refuse to act, that then and in such case it shall be lawful for such Justices of the Peace to appoint a new Assignee or Assignees, with like Powers and Authorities as are given by this Act; and the faid Justices shall have Power in a summary way to oblige the Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns of such Assignee or Assignees to account and deliver up all such Estate and Effects as shall remain in his or their Hands, to · be applied for the Purpoles of this Act.

Courts on Complaint may romove Affignees. C. 123.

XLVIII. And, to the Intent and Purpose that the Estate and Effects of fuch Debtor or Debtors as shall be discharged by virtue of this Act may be duly and faithfully applied for the Benefit of his, her or their real Creditors, be it enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the respective Courts at Dublin, and the Courts of limited Jurisdiction in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland, from whence any Process issued upon which any fuch Debtor or Debtors was or were committed, or where the Process issued out of any other Court, to and for the Judges of the Courts of King's Bench, Common Pleas, and Exchequer in Ireland, or any One of them, from time to time upon the Petition of any fuch Debtor, or the Creditor or Creditors of fuch Debtor, complaining of any Insufficiency, Fraud, Mismanagement or other Misbehaviour of any Assignee or Assignees of the Estate or Essects of any fuch Debtor or Debtors, to summon all Parties concerned, and upon hearing the Parties concerned therein to make and give such Orders and Directions therein, either for the Removal or displacing such Affignee or Affignees, and appointing any new Affignee or Affignees in the Place or Stead of fuch Assignee or Assignees so to be removed or displaced, and for the prudent, just and equitable Management or Distribution of the Estate and Essects of any such Debtor for the Benefit of the respective Creditor, as the said Courts or Judges respectively shall think fit; and in case of the Removal or displacing of any Assignee or Assignees, and the appointing of any new Affignee or Affignees, the Estate or Effects of such Debtor or Debtors shall from thenceforth be divested out of the Assignee or Affignees to removed or displaced, and be vested in and delivered over to fuch new Assignee or Assignees, in the same mainer and for the same Intents and Purposes as the same were before vested in the Affignee or Affignees first chosen as aforesaid; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XLIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in all cases where mutual Credit hath been given between any Debtor who shall be discharged in pursuance of this Act, and any other Person or Persons, or Bodies Corporate or Politic, before the Delivery of fuch Schedule or Inventory of the Estate and Essects of such Debtor or Debtors upon Oath as aforefaid, the respective Assignee or Affignees of such Debtor or Debtors is and are hereby authorized and required on his and their Parts to state and allow an Account between them and the other Party or Parties concerned, and nothing more shall be deemed to be vested in such Clerk of the Peace, or Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace, or fuch Assignee or Assignees as aforesaid, as the Estate or Essets of such

her or them respectively, as and for the Balance of such Account when truly stated.

L. And whereas many Persons are often committed by the Courts of Law and Equity for Contempts for not paying Money ordered or awarded to be paid, and also for not paying of Colls duly and regularly taxed and allowed by the proper Officer, after proper Demands made for that Purpose, and also upon the Writ of Ex-' communicato capiendo or other Process, for or grounded on the Nonpayment of Money, Cofts or Expences, in some Cause or Proceeding in some Ecclesiastical Court, or for Contempt to such Court

Debtor or Debtors, than what shall appear to be justly due to him,

Where mutual Credit has been given, Balance to be stated.

relating thereto; It is hereby declared and enacted. That all fuch Persons for not Persons are and shall be entitled to the Benefit of this Act, on paying Monies and subject to the same Terms, Conditions and Restrictions as are awarded, Costs, herein expressed and declared with respect to Prisoners for Debt

LI. And whereas a great Number of poor People have been and Persons impriare now imprisoned for Debt upon Processes issuing out of Courts foned by Courts of Conscience, it is hereby enacted and declared, That all such of Conscience. Prisoners shall be entitled to have the Benefit of this Act, and be discharged under the same, provided he, she or they conform to the Directions hereinbefore prescribed touching other Prisoners who shall be discharged by virtue of this Act.

LII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Person Proviso as to who shall have taken the Benefit of any Act heretofore passed for Persons having the Relief of Infolvent Debtors within the Space of Five Years last taken Benefit of past, shall have or receive any Benefit or Advantage of or under this Act, nor be deemed to be within the Intent and Meaning thereof fo as to be discharged under the same; any thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases wherein by Affirmation of this Act an Oath is required, the folemn Affirmation of any Person Quakers taken. being a Quaker shall and may be accepted and taken in lieu thereof; and every Person making such Affirmation, who shall be convicted of wilful and false Affirmation, shall incur and suffer such and the same

Penalties as are inflicted and imposed by this Act upon Persons con-

victed of wilful and corrupt Perjury.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That in all cases whatsoever the Insolvent, on Infolvent, upon his releasing any Interest he or she may have in the releasing Interest Residuum of his or her Estate, shall and may be admitted as a good Estate, a good and sufficient Witness in any Action or Cause to be instituted by his Witness. or her Ailignee or Affignees, for the Recovery of any Debts due to the faid Insolvent, in the same manner as a Bankrupt may after obtaining his Certificate.

LV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Prisoner Bankrupts; how against whom any Commission of Bankrupt shall have issued and shall far within Act. remain in force, and who shall not have obtained a Certificate of his or her Conformity to the several Statutes concerning. Bankrupts under fuch Commission duly allowed, shall be discharged by virtue of this Act from any Debt which shall have been or may be proved under fuch Commission, unless such Commission shall have issued, and such Bankrupt shall have duly surrendered himself or herself to the Commissioners or the major Part of them named in the said Commission, Two Years at the least before the passing of this Act, and shall in all Things have duly conformed himself or herself to the several Statutes. concerning Bankrupts, and unless the major Part of the Commissioners named in such Commission shall specially certify, which they are hereby authorized to do if they shall think fit, that such Bankrupt has fo duly conformed, and has in their Opinion made a full and fair Disclosure of all his or her Estate or Estects, and in all Things conducted himself or herself properly under such Commission; and in allfuch cases such Bankrupt shall be capable of being discharged in respect of all Debts which cannot be proved under such Commission, in the same manner and upon the same Terms as any other Prisonerspay be discharged by virtue of this Act, and shall and may be discharged

Notices of Bankrupt regulated.

charged as to Personal Arrest; for Debt in respect of all Debts proved or capable of being proved under fuch Commission; but nevertheless fuch Bankrupt and his or her Effects shall in all other respects whatfoever remain subject to the Laws in force concerning Bankrupts, as he or she would have been if this Act had not been made: Provided always, that in the Notices to be given by fuch Bankrupt and the Oath to be taken by him or her according to the Provisions of this Act, such Bankrupt shall be described as a Person against whom a Commission of Bankrupt has issued and is still in force, and who has not obtained a Certificate of his or her Conformity to the Statutes concerning Bankrupts duly allowed; and fuch Bankrupt, inflead of fwearing to the Truth of a Schedule of his or her Estate or Essets, shall swear that he or she has made a full Disclosure of his or her Effects under the faid Commission, and that he or she has no Estate or Effects which can be vested in an Assignee under this Act, all the Estate and Essects of such Bankrupt being vested in the Assignee or Affignees under fuch Commission, by virtue of fuch Commission, and the Assignment made in pursuance thereof: Provided always, that in case such Commission shall at any time thereafter be superseded, then and in such case the Discharge which shall be obtained by virtue of this Act, shall be null and void.

Commission fuperfeded, Difcharge void.

[See as to England, c.125. poft.]

C A P. CXXIV.

An Act further to extend and render more effectual certain Provisions of an Act passed in the Twelsth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, intituled, An AR to prevent frivolous and vexatious Arrefts; and of an Act paffed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second, to explain, amend and render more effectual the faid former Act; and of Two Acts passed in the Nineteenth and Forty third Years of the Reign of His present Majesty. extending the Provisions of the faid former Acts.

[2d July 1811.]

A.D.1811.

12 G. I. c. 29.

HEREAS by an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, intituled, An Aa to prevent frivolous and vexatious Arrefts, it was, among the other things, enacted, That, from and after the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand seven hundred and Twenty fix, no Perfons should be held to Special Bail upon any Process issuing out of any superior Court, where the Cause of Action should not amount to the Sum of Ten Pounds or upwards, nor out of any 4 inferior Court where the Cause of Action should not amount to the Sum of Forty Shillings or upwards; and that in all cases where the Caufe of Action should not amount to Ten Pounds or upwards in any fuch superior Court, or to Forty Shillings or upwards in any I fuch inferior Court, and the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs should proceed by way of Process against the Person, he, she or they should not arrest or cause to be arrested the Body of the Desendant or Desendants, but should serve him, her or them personally within the Jurisdiction of the Court, with a Copy of the Process, and if such Defendant or Defendants should not appear at the Return of the Process, or within

within Four Days after such Return, in such case it should be · lawful for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs upon Affidavit being made and filed in the proper Court of the perfonal Service of fuch Process as aforefaid (which Affidavit should be filed gratis) to enter a Com-• mon Appearance or file Common Bail for the Defendant or Defendants, and to proceed thereon as if fuch Defendant or Defendants had entered his, her or their Appearance or filed Common Bail; which Act was explained and amended by an Act paffed in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Second, 5 G. 2 c. 27. s intituled, An All to explain, amend and render more effectual an All made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majefly King George the First, intituled, An Att to prevent frivolous and vexatious Arrells: And whereas by the faid Act made in the Fifth 'Year of the Reign of His faid late Majesty King George the Second, it was enacted, that where the Caule of Action should § 5. Inot amount to Ten Pounds or upwards in any superior Court, or to Forty Shillings or upwards in any inferior Court, no Special Writ or Writs, nor any Process specially therein expressing the · Cause or Causes of Action, should be fued forth or issued from any fuch superior or inferior Court, to compel any Person or Persons * to appear thereon in such Court or Courts; and all Proceedings and Judgments on any such Writ are thereby declared to be void and of none Effect: And whereas the faid feveral Acts being temoporary, the fame were afterwards made perpetual by an Act passed • in the Twentieth (a) Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty 21 G 2. c. 3. King George the Second: And whereas by an Act palled in the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, 19 G. 3. c. 70. An At for extending the Provisions of an Att made in the Twelsth
 Year of the Reign of King George the First, intituled, An Att to
 prevent frivolous and vexatious Arrests, and for other Purposes, it was enacted, that, from and after the First Day of July One thou-§ 1. fand seven hundred and seventy nine, no Person should be arested or held to Special Bail upon any Process issuing out of any inserior Court, where the Cause of Action should not amount to the Sum of Ten Pounds or upwards; but that the like Copies of Process fibuld be ferved, and the like Proceedings had thereupon in fuch inferior Court, in all cales where the Cause of Action should not amount to Ten Pounds or upwards, as are directed to be had by the faid Act of the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King George the First, in such inferior Court, where the Cause of Action should not amount to the Sum of Forty Shillings; any Law or Usage to • the contrary notwithstanding; and surther Provisions were made • touching Proceedings in such inferior Courts, in conformity to the Provisions in the faid former Act; and so much of any Act ₹3. or Acts of Parliament passed for the Recovery of Debts within any Districts and Jurisdictions, as authorized Arrest and Imprisonment of Defendants where the Cause of Action should amount to less than Ten Pounds, was thereby repealed; and further Provisions were made touching. Actions in inferior Courts, where the Caufe of Action should not amount to Ten Pounds: And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of His Majesty's Reign, 43 0. 3. e. 46. intituted, An All for the more effectual Prevention of frivolous and wexatious Arrests and Suits; and to authorize the levying of Poundage (a) [The Twenty first: but the Original As is fo.] 51 Gro III. mpon

' upon Executions in certain Cases, it was enacted, that, from and · after the Eirst Day of June One thousand eight hundred and three,

C. 124.

Mo Person held to Special Bail, where Caule of Action under 131. (Exception;) Detendant not

to be arrested.

ono Person should be arrested or held to Special Bail upon any Process iffuing out of any Court within those Parts of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called England and Ireland, for a ' Cause of Action not originally amounting to such Sum for which fuch Person was by the Laws then in being liable to be arrested and held to Bail, over and above and exclusive of any Costs, Charges and Expences that may have been incurred, recovered or become chargeable in or about the fuing for or recovering the fame, or any Part thereof: And whereas it is expedient to extend and render of more effectual the Provisions of the faid recited Acts; Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the First Day of November One thousand eight hundred and eleven, no Person shall be held to Special Bail upon any Process issuing out of any Court where the Cause of Action shall not have originally amounted to the Sum of Fifteen Pounds or upwards, over and above and exclusive of any Costs, Charges and Expenses that may have been incurred, recovered or become chargeable, in or about the fuing for or recovering the same or any Part thereof (except where the Cause of such Action shall arise or be maintainable upon or by virtue of any Bill or Bills of Exchange, Promissory Note or Promissory Notes, in which cases the Parties liable thereupon may be held to Special Bail in fuch manner as if this Act had not been made); and that in all cases where the Cause of Action shall not amount to Fifteen Pounds or upwards, exclusive of fuch Costs, Charges and Expences as aforesaid, sexcept as hereinbefore is excepted) and the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall proceed by the Way of Process against the Person, he, she or they shall not arrest or cause to be arrested, the Body of the Defendant or Defendants, but shall serve him, her or them personally within the Jurisdiction of the Court, with a Copy of the Process and Proceedings thereupon, in such manner as by the said Act of the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, is provided in cases where the Cause of Action shall not amount to Ten Pounds or upwards in any superior Court, or to Forty Shillings or upwards No Special Writ in any inferior Court; and that where the Caufe of Action in any Court shall not amount to the Sum of Fisteen Pounds, exclusive of compel Appear- fuch Colls, Charges and Expences as aforefaid, (except as hereinbefore is excepted) no Special Writ or Writs, nor any Process specially therein expressing the Cause or Causes of Action, shall, from and after the faid First Day of Nevember, be fued forth or iffued from any Court, in order to compel any Person or Persons to appear the con in fuch Court; and all Proceedings and Judgments that shall, from and after the faid First Day of November, be had on any such Writ or Process, shall be, and are hereby declared to be void and of no

fuel forth, to Proceedings on fuch Writ or Proceis.veid.

> 'II. And whereas the Provisions in the Said Acts, authorizing Plaintiffs in Default of Appearance of Defendants to enter a · Common Appearance or file Common Bail as therein directed.

> are not deemed to extend to Proceedings by Original and other Writs, whereupon no Capias is issued, and it is expedient to

'extend

extend the Provisions of the faid former Acts to such Proceedings; Be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That in all cases No Distringues to where the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall proceed by Original or other issue, for default Writ and Summons, or Attachment thereupon, in any Action against of Appearance: 'any Person or Persons not having Privilege of Parliament, no Writ Defend interved of Distringas shall issue for Default of Appearance, but the Defendant or Defendants shall be served personally with the Summons or Attachment, at the Foot of which shall be written a Notice informing the Defendant or Defendants of the Intent and Meaning of such Service, to the Effect following:

* C. D. [naming the Defendant] You are ferved with this Process where Defendant at the Suit of A. B. [naming the Plaintiff or Plaintiff] to the Intent that you may appear by your Attorney in His Majelty's foundly served. at Westminster, at the Return hereof, being 4 the Day of in order to your Defence

in this Action: And take Notice, that in Delaule of your Ap-' pearance, the said A. B. will cause an Appearance to be entered for you, and proceed thereon as if you had yourfelf appeared by ' your Attorney.'

But in case it shall be made appear to the Satisfaction of the Court, In what C-fe or, in the Vacation, of any Judge of the Court, from which such Distringas issued. Process shall issue, or into which the same shall be returnable, that the Defendant or Defendants could not be personally served with such Summons or Attachment, and that such Process had been duly executed at the Dwelling House or Place of Abode of such Defendant or Defendants, that then it shall and may be lawful for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, by Leave of the Court, or Order of such Judge as aforesaid, to sue out a Writ of Disseringus to compel the Appearance of such Defendant or Defendants; and that at the Time of the Execution of such Writ of Distringas there shall be served on the Defendant or Defendants by the Officer executing such Writ, if he, she or they can be then met with; and if he, she or they cannot then be met with, there shall be left at his, her or their Dwelling House or other Place where such Distringus shall be executed, a written Notice in the following Form:

Specifying the Court in which the Notice. IN the Court of Suit shall be depending] between A. B. Plaintiff, and C. D. Defendant [naming the Parties.] Take Notice, that I have this Shillings, in confequence of your not having appeared by your Attorney in the faid Court, at the Return of a Writ of

returnable there on the Day of and that in Default of your appearing to the present Writ of Diffringas at the Return thereof, being the Day of' the faid A. B. will cause an Appearance to be entered for you, and proceed thereon, as if you had yourfelf

appeared by your Attorney. E.F.[The Name of the Sheriff's Officer.]

"To C. D. the above named Defendant."

And if such Defendant or Defendants shall not appear at the Return When the Deof such Original or other Writ, or of such Differenzas, is the case fendant does not may be, or within Eight Days after the Return thereof, in such appear, Plaintiff stafe it shall and may be lawful tot and for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, may proceed. D d 2

4.D.1811.

C: \$34, 125.

upon Affidavit being made and filed in the proper Court of the Perfonal Service of such Summons or Attachment, and Notice written on the Foot thereof as aforefaid, or of the due Execution of such Distringas, and of the Service of such Notice as hereby directed on the Execution of such Aistringas, as the Case may be, to enter a Common Appearance for the Defendant or Desendants, and to proceed thereon, as if such Desendant or Desendants had entered his, her or their Appearance; any Law or Ulage to the contrary not-withflanding; and that such Assidavit or Assidavits may be made refore any Judge or Commissioner of the Court, out of or into which fuch Writ shall issue or be returnable, authorized to take Assidavits in such Court, or elfe before the proper Officer for entering Common Appearances in such Court, or his lawful Deputy, and which Affidavit is hereby directed to be filed grat's.

19 G. 3. c. 70. respecting Actions for Sums lefs than 10l. extended to Sums under 151.

III. And Be'it further enacted, That all and every the Provisions contained in the faid Act of the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of His prefent Majefty, respecting Actions in inferior Courts, where the Caule of Action should amount to less than Ten Pounds, Sall be and the same are hereby, from and after the said First Day of November, extended to all Actions in such Courts where the Cause of Action shall not amount to Fifteen Pounds, exclusive of fuch Colts, Charges and Expences as aforefaid (except where the Caule of such Action shall arise or be maintainable upon or by virtue of any Bill of Bills of Exchange, Promissory Note or Promissory Notes, in which case the Parties hable thereupon may be held to Special Bail, So much of Acts in fuch manner as if this Act had not been made); and that to much of any Act or Acts of Parliament, heretofore passed for the Recovery of Debts within certain Districts and Jurisdictions, which may have authorized the Arrest and Imprisonment of Defendants, where the Caule of Action amounts to less than Fifteen Pounds, exclusive of fuch Costs, Charges and Expences as aforefaid, shall be and the fame is hereby, from and after the First Day of November, repealed. IV. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall

repealed.

authorizing Arrefts contrary,

Proviso for Scot. land and Ireland

Continuance.

dom called Scotland and Ireland. V. Provided always, and be it enacted, That this A& shall continue and be in force until the First Day of November, in the Year Que thouland eight hundred and fixteen, and thenceforth until the End

extend or be construed to extend to those Parts of the United King

C A P. CXXV.

of the then next Seffion of Parliament, and no longer.

19.4.e.119

An Act for the Relief of certain Infolvent Debtors in England. [oth July 1811.]

J.HEREAS it may be convenient in the present crowded State of the Prisons and Gaols in England and Wales, that fome of the Prisoners confined therein, truly surrendering their Effects to their Creditors, should be liberated, and enabled to ' pursue their different Professions and Occupations: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Autho-Cholers to make rity of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, all out lans of Pai. and every Keeper or Gaoler of any Prifon in any County, Riding,
Division,

Division, City, Town, Place or Liberty within England or Wales, soners in Custody shall and is and are hereby required to make a true, exact and perfect on 1st May 1811 List alphabetically of the Name or Names of all and every expension or Persons who upon the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, was or were, or have fince continued to be under the Terms and Conditions herein mentioned, and at the time of making out every such List shall be really an actual Prisoner or Prisoners in the Custody of any Keeper or Keepers, Gaoler or Gaolers of any Prison respectively, upon any Process whatsoever, for or by reason of any Debt, Damage, Costs, Sum or Sums of Money, or Contempt for Non-payment of Money; and an Account of the time when such Prisoner or Prisoners was or were respectively charged in Custody or received in Prison, together with the Name or Names of the Per-son or Persons at whose Suit or Prosecution such Prisoner or Prisoners is or are detained, together with the Amount of fugh Debts as the faid Priloner or Priloners are detained for; and shall deliver the same to the Justices of the Peace at their First or Second General Quarter-Sellion or General Sellion of the Peace, to be held after the palling

of this Act, or at fome Adjournment thereof, for such County, Riding, City, Division, Town, Place or Liberty respectively.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Warden of His Majesty's Keepers of Pri-Prison of the Fleet, and Marshal of the King's Bench Prison, and sons take Oath when they deevery other Keeper or Gaoler of any other Prison in any Place or when they de-Liberty in England or Wales, shall severally, on the delivering in of any fuch List of Prisoners in their respective Custody, take an Oath in the open Court of fuch General Quarter-Sellion of the Peace, or Adjournment thereof, to the Effect following; that is to fay,

I A.B. upon my corporal Oath, in the Presence of Almight's God, Oath. do folemnly swear, profess and declare, That all and every Person and Perlons whole Name or Names is or are inferted and contained in the First Part of the List by me now delivered in and subscribed, was or were to the best of my Knowledge and Belief, upon the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, really and truly Prisoners in actual Custody in the Prison of [infert:the Name of the Prison at the Sint or Suits of the Person or Persons therein respectively mentioned; and also that all and every Person. and Persons whose Mame or Names is or are inferted or contained in the Second Part of the faid Lift now by me delivered in and fiftscribed as aforesaid have since the said First Day of May One thoufand eight hundred and eleven, been committed or furrendered to the said Prison of [insert the Name of the Prison] at the Suit or Suits of the feveral Person or Persons therein respectively mentioned; and that the Perloq or Perlons whose Name or Names is or aretherein contained, was or were, to the best of my Knowledge and. Belief, really and truly Priloners in actual Cultody on the faid: First Day of May One thouland eight hundred and eleven, as. appears by the Returns made to me on his and their respective, So help me GOD, Commitments.

Which the faid Juffices, at their First or Second General Quarter. Oath admi-Sellion or General Sellion of the Peace aforefaid, or at fome Ad-niftered in open journment thereof, within their respective Jurisdictions, are hereby Court. empowered and required to administer in open Court; and the Words of the faid Oath hereinbefore directed to be taken by the laid Warden Dd3

Lifts to be kept by Clerk of the Peace, and examine | gratis.

and Marshal respectively, and other Keeper or Gaoler of any Prison. respectively, shall be entered or written at the End or Bottom of the Lift which shall be delivered in by them respectively, and shall be subscribed and sworn to by them respectively in open Court; and every fuch List which shall be so delivered in, subscribed and sworn to in pursuance of this Act, shall be kept by the Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace, of every fuch County, City, Town, Place or Liberty respectively in which any fuch Lift as aforesaid shall be sworn to, for the better Satisfaction of the faid Justices, and Information of all or any Prisoner or Prisoners therein named, and so us the same may from time to time be seen and examined by any Creditor or Creditors, or Prisoner or Prisoners, without Fee or Reward.

Copy of Lifs fixed up in Priions, before Delivery to Sessions.

III. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Keeper or Gaoler, Keepers or Gaolers of any fuch Prison or Gaol is and are hereby required, Ten Days at least before the First or Second General Ouarter-Seffion or General Seffion of the Peace shall be held after the passing of this Act, for the County, City, Town, Place or Liberty in which any Prison or Gaol shall be or to which the same shall belong, to fix up in some conspicuous Place or Places in every such Prison or Gaol, and at the most frequented or usual Gate, Door or Entrance into every fuch Prison or Gaol, Three or more true Copies of the List or Lists proposed or intended to be delivered in by any fuch Keeper or Gaoler at the faid General Quarter-Sessions, or at fome Adjournment thereof.

Prisoners for ing 2,000l. difcharged.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Debtnot exceed- Persons who on the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, were charged in any Prison or Gaol for the Non-payment of any Debt or Debts, Sum or Sums of Money, which did not in the Whole amount to a greater Sum than Two thousand Pounds, and whose Name or Names shall be inserted in any such Lift to be delivered in as aforesaid, taking the Oaths hereby directed to be taken, and who shall perform on his or her Part what is required to be done by him or her by this Act, shall as to his Person and Effects respectively be for ever released, discharged and exonerated to such Extent and in such manner as is hereinafter provided, and po other wife.

Further Extention of Relief in Cases where Pritoners have been in Cuftody Five or Ten

Years.

V. And whereas many honest but unfortunate Persons whose Debts exceed the Sum of Two thousand Pounds, although willing to furrender their Effects for the Benefit of their Creditors, have been confined in Gaol many Years, and but for the Interposition of the Legislature will be doomed to perpetual Imprisonment; Be it therefore enacted, That all and every the Person or Persons who on the First Day of May last was or were charged in Execution with any Debt or Debts not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of Three thousand Pounds, and who shall have been confined in any Gaol of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the Space of Five Years, for such or any other Debt or Debts; and all and every Person or Persons who on the said First Day of May last was or were charged in Execution with any Debt or Debts to any Amount, and who shall have been confined in any Gaol of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for such or any other Debt or Debts for the Space of Ten Years, shall, on taking the Oath hereby directed to be taken by other Debtors claiming their Discharge under this

Act, and in all other respects performing on his or her Part what is required to be done by him or her by this Act, be respectively discharged, released and exonerated, as to his Person and Effects, to fuch Extent and in fuch manner as is hereinafter provided, and not otherwise.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful Justices may, on for any Justice or Justices of the Peace of any County, City, Town, Prione's deli-Place or Liberty within England and Wales, upon the Petition of vering Sche-any such Prisoner or Prisoners to any Justices of the Peace, dules, issue Warwithin his or their respective Jurisdictions, upon every such Prisoner them to Quarteror Prisoners so petitioning, and at the time of his or her so petitioning, Sellious. leaving with the Justice or Justices so petitioning (a), a true Copy of the Schedule containing his or her intended Discovery of his or her Real and Personal Estate, to be sworn to at the First or Second General Quarter-Seffions next enfuing after every fuch Petition, or some Adjournment thereof, (and at the Foot of which faid Schedule the Gaoler or other proper Officer shall set forth and sign the Amount of the Debt or Debts with which fuch Prisoner was charged on the said First Day of May) by Warrant under his Hand and Scal, or under their Hands and Seals, to require the Sheriff or Sheriffs, Keepers or Gaolers of any fuch Prison within the Jurisdiction of any such Justice or Justices, to bring before the Justices at the First or Second next General Quarter-Seffion or General Seffion of the Peace, or any Adjournment thereof, to be held as the Case shall happen to be, next after the Expiration of Ten Days from the Date of such Warrant, for fuch respective County, City, Town, Place or Liberty, the Body of any Person being in the said Prison as aforesaid, with the Warrant or Warrants of his or her Detainers, together with a Copy or Copies of the Cause or Causes which he, she or they is or are charged with in any Prison or Gaol aforesaid at the time aforesaid; for which Copy or Copies of fuch Caufe or Caufes fuch Prisoner shall apply to the faid Keeper or Gaoler of fuch Prison, or to the Clerk of the Papers, or other proper Officer or Person, who shall make out and transcribe the same at least Six Days before the time of his or her Appearance; which Warrant of every such Justice or Justices, every such Sheriff and Sheriffs, Keeper or Gaoler, is and are hereby commanded to obey.

(a) [So in the Original A8.]
VII. And whereas confiderable time may intervene between the paffing of this Act and the next General Quarter-Seffion or General Seffion of the Peace, which would be the means of detaining in Prison a Number of Persons who with their Families are in the greatest Distress; Be it further enacted, That it shall and may Special Session. be lawful for any Two or more of the Justices of the Peace for any County, City, Town, Place or Liberty, upon Petition from Debtors as aforesaid, to assemble their respective Courts as soon as may be after paffing this Act, for the Purpole of administering the Oaths and

other the Matters required by this Act, and to appoint such Day or Days for the Discharge of Prisoners as they shall see proper. VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Copy of every fuch Schedules to re-

Schedule which shall be left or delivered in as aforefaid, shall be and main with Clerk remain with the Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer of the l'eace. acting as Clerk of the Peace for the County, City, Town, Place or Liberty in which the same shall have been so left, there to remain and .

be inspected from time to time as Occasion shall require, by any Creditor of any such Prisoner who shall desire to inspect the same.

51° GEO. III.

Debtors intending to apply for Discharge to give Notice in Gamette, &c.

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IX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Debtor and Debtors confined in any Gaol of that Part of the United Kingdom called England and Wales, who shall intend to apply to be discharged. and exonerated under this Act, shall first cause public Notice to be inserted in Three several London Gazettes, previous to such General or Quarter-Sellion or General Sellion of the Peace or Adjournment ' thereof, at which such Application shall be made; and if such Debtor shall be in Custody in any such Gaol, out of London, or the Weekly Bills of Mortality, or shall have moved himself by Habeas Corpus from one Gaol to another, then also in some Newspaper which shall be published in or near the County, Riding, Divifion, City, Town, Liberty or Place, in the Gaol whereof he or the shall be or have been so in Custody, containing the Name, Trade, Occupation and Description, and the Two last Places of Abode (if so many) of every such Debtor and Debtors, and the Prison wherein he, she or they is or are confined, and of his, her or their Intention to take the Benefit of this Act, and mentioning such Notice in such Gazette or Newspaper respectively, to be the First, Second or Third Notice, according to the time of publishing each of such Notices; and for the inferting each of the faid Notices in the London Gazette, or in any other Newspaper, there shall be paid each time by every Prisoner the Sum of Four Pence and no more; the First of which faid Notices shall be so inserted in the faid Gazettes respectively, and in the faid other Newspapers, as the Case may require, Twenty one Days at the least, and the last of the said Notices Six Days at the least before any such First or Second General Quarter-Session or General Seffion, or Adjournment thereof, shall be held as aforesaid, fo that as well all the Creditors who have not charged the faid Debtor or Debtors in Custody, as those Creditors who have charged such Debtor or Debtors in Execution, or on Melne Process or otherwise. may have sufficient Notice thereof.

Debtors to deliver Schedules to Gaoler, provious to first Notice.

X. And, to the Intent that all Creditors may have full and fufficient time to confider the Mattors and Things contained in the Schedule or Schedules intended to be delivered in by any Debtor or Debtors, be it further enacted, That every such Debtor, where he or the shall, according to the Directions of this Act, publish the First Notice of an Intention to take the Benefit of this Act, he or the shall in such Notice declare that the Schedule containing his or her intended Discovery of his or her Real and Personal Estate, to be form to in manner as by this. Act is directed, is lodged in the Hands of the Keeper or Gaoler, or the Deputy of fuch Keeper or Gaoler of the Prilon wherein any fuch Debtor shall be confined; and every fuch. Debtor is hereby directed and required to deliver such Schedule to such Keeper, or Gaoler, or Deputy, as the case may be, before he shall publish such First Notice as aforesaid, signed with his or her own Christian Name and Surname, to be attested by. any fuch Keeper, Gaoler or Deputy; and in case any Debtor shall neglect or refuse to deliver One such Schedule to such Keeper, Gaoler or Deputy, prior to fuch his First Notice to be given as aforefaid, he or the upon due Proof made of fuch Neglect or Refutal, to the Satisfaction of the Court to which fuch Debtor shall make Applica-

Application, shall be remanded back to Prifor, there to remain much he or the that have complied with the Directions afterefaid; and every such Keeper, Gaoler or Deputy, is beauty directed and required to attell the Signature of the Debtor's Name to fuch Schodule, and to receive the fame into his Custody and Charge, giving a Displicate thereof to every fuch Debtor, with an Askninwledgement of his having received the Original; and he is kereby further required to deliver a true Copy of any fach Schodule, figured by himself, when Request made to him by any Creditor for that Purpose in Writings. fuch Capy to be delivered to the Cueditor himself, or to fuch Person as he shall appoint to receive the famey within Thirty Days after Demand made; and if any fuch Reepers. Gaster or Deputy Stuff neglect or refuse to conform to the Directions hereby given him: respecting such Schedule, every such Keeper, Gaoler or Deputy for offending shall be penished. (a) (a) [No in the Original AE,]

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Notices to be given by every Debtor, in manner directed by this Act, shall be to the Effect.

following; that is to fay,

[insert the Name, Trade, Occupation Form of Notice, and Description, and the Two last Places of Abode, if so many ? onow confined in [infert the Name of the Prison and County] and not being charged in Cuffedy on the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, with any Debt or Debte, Sum or Sums of Money exceeding in the Whole the Sum of [ar the cafe may be] · [and if claiming to be discharged on account of the Length of Time of Imprisonment, then to set forth the time] do hereby give this Frieff, Second or Third] public Notice, that I intend to take the Benefit of an Accopathed in the Fifty first Year of His present Mujesty's . Reign, intituled, [bere fet forth the Title of this Aa, and if it be the forf Notice then add And I do hereby give Notice, that a true and perfect Schedule, duntaining a Discovery of all my Real and Personal Estate, hereaster to be sworm to, is now ready to be delivered to sny Creditor applying for the same to the Keeper or Gaoler or His Deputy of the faid Prifon.'

And every such Notice shall be signed by the Debtor, and counterfigned by the Keeper or Gaoler, or Deputy of such Keeper or Gaoler. of fuch Prilon.

XII. And be it further enacted, That every fuch Debtor as afore- Debtors proving said, not being charged as aforesaid, on the said First Day of May that Notices One thousand eight hundred and cleven, with any Debt or Debts, have been given, sum or Sums of Money, in the Whole to a greater Amount than the Sum of Two thousand Pounds, who shall apply to the General or court deliver in Quarter-Session, or any Adjournment thereof, shall in case it shall dules and take be proved upon Oath, or by producing the find Three Gazettes and Oath. Newspapers respectively before mentioned to the said Justices at any fuch Sellion or Adjournment thereof, that fuch Notices were inferted. in the London Gazettes and other Nowspapers respectively, as were required in manner aforefaid, and that the Person or Persons so applying was or were actually a Prisoner or Prisoners on the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, in the Prison or Gaol in which his, her or their Name or Names is or are specified. in a Lift delivered in at such First or Second Session, or any Adjournment thereof, or in some other Prison or Gaol as aforesaid, in pur-

fuance of this Act; and shall in open Court at the faid General' Quarter-Session or General Session, or any Adjournment thereof, subscribe or deliver in a true Schedule or Account of all his or her Real Estate in Possession, Reversion, Remainder or Expediency, and of any other Nature and Kind whatfoever, and also the Whole of his or her Personal Estate which he or she, or any Person or Persons in Trust for him or her, or for his or her Use, Benefit or Advantage, is or are feifed of, interested in or entitled unto, or was or were in his, her or their Possession, Custody or Power, or which he, she or they, or fuch Person or Persons had any Power of disposing of, or charging for his, her or their Benefit or Advantage, at any time fince his or her Commitment to Prison, with the Name of his or her several Debtors, and where they respectively live or may be met with, and the several Sums of Money from them respectively owing, and how the same respectively became due and are secured, and if by Mortgage, Specialty, Contract, Note or other Writing, then the Name and Names and Places of Abode of the several Witnesses who can prove such Debts or Contracts; and shall also make Oath and swear to the following Effect, according to the special Circumstances, so far as the fame shall be consistent with the Provisions hereinaster contained; that is to fay,

Oath.

* I.A.B. upon my corporal Oath, in the Presence of Almighty
* God, do solemnly swear, protest and declare, that on the First
* Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, I was really
* and truly a Prisoner in the actual Custody of

in the Prison or Gaol of at the Suit of

without any Fraud or Collusion whatsoever; and that I have ever fince my Commitment continued a Prisoner within the • Prifon of in the actual Custody of the Keeper or · Gaoler of the faid Prison of or mentioning some other · Prison, as the case may be] or within the Liberties thereof, at the and without any Fraud or Collusion 4 whatsoever; and that the Schedule now delivered by me and sub-4 scribed, doth contain, to the best of my Knowledge, Remembrance and Belief, a full, just, true and perfect Account and Discovery of all the Goods and Effects, Estates Real and Personal, in Possession, Reversion, Remainder or Expectancy, and of every other Nature 4 and Kind whatfoever, which I or any Person in Trust for me or for my Benefit or Advantage are feized or possessed of, interested in or entitled to, or was or were in my Possession, Custody or Power, or in the Possession, Custody or Power of any such Person as afore-· faid, or which I or fuch Person had any Power of disposing of or charging for my Benefit or Advantage, at any time fince my Com-6 mitment to Prison; and of all Debts to me owing, or to any Per-6 fon or Persons in Trust for me, and of all the Securities and Con-' tracts whereby any Money now is or will or may hereafter become ' payable, or any Benefit or Advantage may accrue to me or to my 6 Use, or to any Person or Persons in Trust for me, and the Names and Places of Abode of the feveral Persons from whom such Debts ' are due and owing, and of the Witnesses who can prove such Debts' or Contracts, (if any fuch there be); and that neither I, nor any · Person or Persons in Trust for me, or for my Use, have any Lands, 4 Money, Stock, or any Estate Real or Personal, in Possession, Reverfion, Remainder or Expectancy, or of any Nature or Kind foever, or

- Power of disposing of or charging for my Benefit or Advantage, other than what are in the said Schedule contained, except Wearing
- Apparel and Bedding for myself and Family, Working Tools, and the necessary Implements for my Occupation and calling, together
- with a Sum of Money not exceeding Five Pounds, and these in the Whole not exceeding the Value of Thirty Pounds; and that I
- have not, nor any Person for me, hath directly or indirectly sold,
- · leffened or otherwife conveyed, disposed of in Trust, or concealed
- all or any Part of my Lands, Money, Goods, Chattels, Stock, Debts, Securities, Contracts, or Estates Real or Personal, whereby
- to fecure the fame, or to receive or expect any Profit or Advantage therefrom, or with an Intent to defraud or deceive any Creditor or
- Creditors to whom I am or was indebted in any wife howfoever.

' So help me GOD.'

And the faid Schedule and Oath shall be by every such Debtor sub- Schedule and fcribed in the Presence of the Justices in open Session of the Peace Oath subscribed as hereby directed, and shall be kept by and remain with the Clerk by Debtore. of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace for the County, City, Liberty, Town or Place, where the fame shall be subscribed and taken, for the better Information of all the Creditors of fuch Debtots who shall defire or may have Occasion to resort thereto; and every such Creditor shall be at Liberty, at seasonable times in the Day-time, to peruse and examine the same.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the Justices of the Peace Court, at Rewithin their respective Jurisdictions at any such General Quarter- quest of Credi-Sessions or General Session, or Adjournment thereof, at the Request tors, may exaof any Creditor or Creditors of any such Debtor, are hereby authorized Oath. to cause the Deputy Warden and Marshal of the Fleet and King's Bench Prison, or any other under Officer, Tipstaff and Turnkey of any Prison or Gaol, or any other Person within their respective Jurisdictions, to come before them, and to examine them respectively on Oath touching any of the Matters contained in any of the Oaths precribed by this Act to be taken, and the Truth thereof; and if the Oath which shall have been taken in open Court by any Debtor or Debtors shall not be disproved by good Testimony of any credible Person or Persons on Oath, and such Justices or the major Part of them present at any such General Quarter-Session or General Session, or any Adjournment thereof, shall be satisfied with the Truth of the Oath taken by such respective Debtors, then such Justices shall, in fuch Session or some Adjournment thereof, adjudge such Debtor or Debtors to be entitled to the Benefit of this Act, and shall order the faid Sheriff or Sheriffs, Keeper or Keepers, Gaoler or Gaolers of fuch Prison or Prisons, forthwith to set at Liberty such Prisoner or Prisoners; and every such Order shall be a sufficient Discharge to the Sheriss or Sheriss, Keeper or Keepers, Gaoler or Gaolers of such Prison or Prisons, and shall indemnify him or them against any Escape or Escapes, Action or Actions whatsoever for Escape, which shall

or may be brought, commenced or profecuted against him or them.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That Estate and Estate Right, Title, Interest, and Trust of such Debtor, of, seeks of Debtors. in and unto all the Real Estate as well Freehold and Copyhold as discharged, vested Customary, and to all the Personal Estate, Debts and Essects of every fuch Debtor, shall immediately after such Adjudication be, and the Peace, who is to assign same to fame is hereby velled in the Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk, or other fuch Cleantors as

A.D. 1811.

Court shall direct, in Truft.

C. 125.

Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace of and for the County, Riding, City, Town Corporate, Division, Linerty or Place where any Debtors shall be respectively discharged; and every such Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace, is hereby directed and required to make an Allignment and Conveyance of every fuch Debtor's Effate and Effects, velled in fuch Clerk of the Peace. Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace as aforefaid, to fuch Creditor or Creditors of the faid Debtor, as the Justices at any General or Quarter-Session of the Peace, or at any Adjournment thereof, which shall be held by them within their respective Jurisdictions, shall order and direct; which Assignment and Conveyance shall be good and effectual in the Law to all Intents and Purpoles whatfoever, without being written on Parchment or Paper stamped, to vest the Estates thereby assigned and conveyed in the Party or Parties to whom the same shall be so assigned and conveyed, his, her and their Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, according to the Estate and Interest which the Debtor had therein; and every such Assignment and Conveyance shall be in Trust for the Benefit of the Creditor of Creditors of every such Debtor to whom the same sall be made, and the rest of the Creditors of every such Debtor in respect of or in Proportion to their respective Debts; and every Person or Persons to whom any such Amginment and Conveyance as aforesaid shall be made; is and are hereby fully empowered to sue from time to time as there may be Occasion, in his, her or their own Name or Names for the Repovery and obtaining any Estate or Effects of any fuch Debrot, and alfo to execute any Truff or Power vested in or created for the Use or Benefit of any such Debtor, but in Trust for the Benefit of him or them and the rest of the Creditors of every such Debtor, and to give fuch Discharge and Discharges to any Person or Persons with Mall respectively be indebted to such Debtor as may be requisite; all every such Affignee or Affignees shall with all convenlient Speed after his or their accepting fuch Allignment or Conveyance, use his and their bell Endeavours to receive and get in the Ettate and Rifects of every slich Debtor, and shall, with all convenient Speed; make Sale of all the Ettates of such Debtor velled in such Assignee of Assignee of Assignee of Estate, entire in Posters shall be interested in the convenient Assignee of Real Estate, entire in Posters shall be interested to any Real Estate, entire in Posters shall be interested. Expectancy, the same within the Space of Two Months after such Affigument and Conveyance shall be fold by public Auction, in such manner and at such Place at the millor Part of the Creditors of any fuch Debtor, who shall affemble together on any Notice in Writing published in the London Gazette, or in some Dally Paper printed and published in London, if the Debtor periore his or her going to Prilon resided in London, or within the Bills of Mortality, and if elsewhere, then in some grinted Newspaper which shall be published in or near the County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Liberty or Place in which such Debtor reliated before he or she was committed to Prilling Thirty Days before any stick Safe shall be made, shall under his Francis or their Hands agree on; and every such Assignee or Assignees, at the End of Three Months at the farthest from the time of his or their accepting any such Assignment or Conveyance at aforesaid, shall make a fair and just Dividend of all fuch Debtor's Efface and Effects which shall have been then recovered amongst his or the Creditors, in Proportion and in regard to each Creditor's respective Debt; but before

and to make Dividends.

Affignees to get

in Debtors

Effects;

any fuch Dividend shall be made, such Affignes or Affigness shall make up an Account of such Debtor's Estate, and make Cath in Writing before One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace of the County, Riding or Division, Town, Liberty or Place in which any such Debtor shall have been discharged, that excry such Account contains a sair and just Account of the Estate and Estate of every such Debtor got in by or for such Assignee or Assignees, and of all Payments made in respect thereof, and that all Payments in every such Account charged, were truly and bong fide made and paid; and Notice-Motice making of the making of every such Dividend shall be published in like manner Dividends. as a Meeting of the Creditors is hereinbefore directed to be published, Thirty Days at least before the same shall be made, and no Creditor shall be allowed to receive any Share of such Dividend, until he shall have made out the Justiness and Identity of his Debt. by Oath, on due Proof in Writing before some such Justice or Justices; and if any Creditor of such Debtor shall be diffatissed with the Reality or Fairnels of any Debt claimed by any other Creditor, then the fame, at the Requelt of any such Creditor or Creditors to diffatished, that he examined into by the Justices of the County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Liberty or Place in which such Debtor thall have been adjudged to have been entitled to the Benefit of this Act at the next General or Quarter-Section, or at some Adjournment thereof.

XV. And be it further enacted. That in case any Aflignee or As-Affignees ortheir fignees of the Estate and Effects of any Priloner descharged by virtue of this Act, or the Heirs, Executors or Administrators of any deceased Affignee or Affignees, shall not deliver over any Part of such lance. Estate or Essects, or pay the Balance of the Produce of any such Estate or Essects found to be in the Hands of such Assignee or Assignees, or of such Heirs, Executors or Administrators as aborelaid, according to the Tenor of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Court before which the Priloner was discharged, to order the Person or Persons so offending to be arrested and committed to the next County Imprisonment. Gaol, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize until such Person or Persons shall have fulfilled the Duty required by the Act, or until

such Court shall make other Order to the contrary.

XVI. Provided always, and he it further enacted, That all and Certain Credievery Creditor and Creditors of any Debtor who thall be discharged tors for Annuiby virtue of this Act, for any Sum or Sums of Money payable by way ties to receive of Annuity or otherwise at any future time or times, by virtue of any under Commit-Bond, Covenants or other Securities of any Nature whatever, may be fin of Bank. and shall be entitled to be admitted a Creditor or Creditors, and ruptey. shall be entitled to receive a Dividend or Dividends of the Estate of fuch Debtor, in such manner and upon such Terms and Conditions as such Creditor or Creditors would have been entitled unto by the Laws now in force if such Debtor had become Bankrupt, and without Prejudice in future to their respective Securities, otherwise than as the same would have been affected by a Proof made in respect thereof by the Creditor under a Commission of Bankrupt, and a Certificate obtained by the Bankrupt under fuch Commission.

XVII. And, to the Intent that no Lois may arise to any Creditor Estates of Debtor Creditors from any Neglect or Omillion in the Schedule not containing the Whole of the Estate Real or Personal, helonging to any
Debter who stall apply for his or her Discharge under the Authority

Vested in Clerk Debtor who shall apply for his or her Discharge under the Authority of the Peace. of this Act, he it enacted, That all the Estate, whether Real or Per-

foral, which shall belong to any Debtor or Debtors, and of which he, fine or they shall be actually possessed or entitled unto at the time of making such Schedule, shall be deemed and taken to be Part of the Estate contained in such Schedule, though not inserted therein, and shall in like manner become vested in the Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as such, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same had been contained in such Schedule, and had been delivered into the Court according to the Directions of this A&.

Holders of Securities without Confideration. not entitled to Bencht

XVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Person holding any Security what soever, for which such Debtor never received any valuable Confideration, shall be entitled to receive any Benefit from the Estate of such Debtor, unless the Person holding such Security shall make it appear to the Satisfaction of the Justices at some General or Quarter-Session or Adjournment thereof, that he or she became possessed of the same bona fide, and for good or valuable Confideration.

Effates to veft in Clerk of the l'eace for the time being.

XIX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in case of the Death or Removal of any Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace as aforefaid, in whom the Estate, Right, Title, Interest or Trust, of any Debtor or Debtors shall have vefted by the Authority of this Act, every such Estate, Right, Title, Interest and Trust, shall become vested in the Successor or Successors to every fuch Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace as aforefaid refeectively, as the cafe may be, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever under the Provisions of this

No Suit in Law or Equity without Confent of Majority of Creditors.

XX. Provided further, and be it also enacted, That no Smit is Law or Equity shall be commenced by any Affignee or Affignees of any fuch Debtor's Estate and Essects without the Consent of the major Part in Value of the Creditors of fuch Debtor, who shall meet together pursuant to a Notice to be given at least Ten Days before fuch Meeting in the London Gazette, or other Newspaper which shall be published in the Neighbourhood of the last Residence of such Debtor or Debtors, for that Purpole.

Mortgages to take place of Debts of an interior Nature.

XXI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to hinder or prevent any Mortgage or Mortgages, Charges or Liens upon the Estate of such Debtor or Debtors, or any Part thereof, to take place upon the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments or Personal Estate or Essects comprised in or charged or affected by fuch Mortgage or Mortgages, Charges or Liens respectively, nor to prevent any Statute Staple, Statute Merchant, Recognizance or Judgment, acknowledged by or obtained against any fuch Debtor or Debtors, to take place upon the Lands, Tenements or Real Estates of such Debtor or Debtors; and also, where any Inquifition shall have been taken upon any such Statute or Recognizance, or any Writ or Execution shall have been taken out and delivered to the Sheriff or proper Officer upon any fuch Judgment before such Discharge stiall be given in open Session to any such Debtor as aforesaid, the Personal Estate of any such Debtor respectively shall be subject thereto in the first Place for so much as thall remain due upon such Mortgage, Charge, Lien, Statute, Recognizance or Judgment respectively, in like manner as such Mortgagees and Persons having such Charges or Liens, and Creditors by Statute, Recognizance or Judgment respectively would have been preferred to other Creditors of an inferior Nature, against the Real or Personal

Personal Estate of such Debtor or Debtors respectively, if this Act had not been made; any thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary

notwithstanding.

· XXII. And whereas many Persons, who may be entitled to and claim the Benefit of this Act, are feifed and possessed of Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, to hold to such Debtars for the 4 Term of their natural Lives, with Power of granting Leafes and taking Fines, referving small Rents on such Estates for One, Two or Three Lives, in Possession or Reversion, or for some Number of Years determinable upon Lives, or have Powers over Real or Personal Estate, which such Debtors could execute for their own · Advantage, and which faid Powers ought to be executed for the Benefit of the Creditors of fuch Debtor; Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in every such case all and every Power of leasing the Powers of leasing such Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, Lands, &c. vested in Assures. and all other fuch Powers as aforefaid over Real or Personal Estate, which are or shall be vested in any such Prisoner or Prisoners as aforesaid, shall be and are hereby vested in the Assignee or Assignees of the Real and Personal Estate of such Prisoner by virtue of this Act, to be by such Assignee or Assignees executed for the Benefit of all and every the Creditors of fuch Priloners as aforesaid.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That the Justices at any Ge-Gaoler, on Reneral or Quarter-Session or Adjourned Session of the Peace to which any fuch Prisoner shall be brought in pursuance of this A& shall, if required by any Creditor or Creditors of any such Prisoner or Prifoners, who shall oppose his or her Discharge, administer to the Keeper or Gaoler of any fuch Prison or Gaol, at the time of bringing up any such Prisoner in order to be discharged under this Act, an Oath to the Effect following; that is to fay,

quest of Creditor.

do fwear, That

Oath.

was really and truly a Prisoner in my Custody, • in the Prison of or in Custody, in • some other Prison [as the case may be] to the best of my Know-· ledge and Belief, at or upon the First Day of May One thousand

eight hundred and eleven, and that the Copy or Copies of the · Cause or Causes of his [or, her] Commitment or Detainer, now

* by me brought, with the Body of the faid

and produced to the faid Court, is or are a true Copy or Copies of the Caufe or Caufes of fuch Commitment or De- tainer, without any Fraud or Deceit by me or any other Person, to the best of my Knowledge and Belief. So help me GOD.'

And if any Person who was a Keeper or Gaoler, or deputed Keeper Is Person deor Gaoler of any such Prison or Gaol, on the said First Day of May livering in List One thousand eight hundred and eleven, or fince, shall not happen to be the Keeper or Gaoler, or Deputy Keeper or Gaoler of any such he shall take the Prison or Gaol at the time any such List as aforesaid is hereby following Outh. required to be delivered in, then the Justices at any such Session or at any Adjourned Session may and are hereby required to administer to the respective Person or Persons who shall be Keeper or Gaoler of any fuch Prison or Gaol, or deputed Keeper thereof, and deliver in fuch Lift as aforefaid at any fuch General or Quarter-Sellion or Adjourned Seffion, an Oath touching the Commitments or Books

of Commitment of any fach Prison or Gaol, to the Effect following; that is to say,

Oath.

do swear, That I have reamined the Commitments or Books of or concerning the Commitments of Prisoners to the Prison of the County, City, Riding, Division, City, Town, Place or Likerty.] and that I do verily believe that the said Commitments or Books of Commitment are really true and not fictitious, nor calculated for this Purpose; and by them it doth appear that

was on the First Day of May One thousand
eight hundred and eleven, really and truly a Prisoner in the actual
Custody of
the then Keeper or Gaoler,
or Deputy Keeper or Gaoler of the said Prison or Gaol [or other
Prison, as the case may be] without Fraud or Deceit by me or any

other Person or Persons, to my Knowledge or Belief.

' So help me GOD.'

At Request of Creditors, Gaulers may be examined on 0 ith at Seffions, touching Commitments.

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XXIV. And, in order to difeever any fraudulent Entries or Commitmense of Priloness in any Prilon or Giol Books, he it further enacted, That the Judices at any General or Quarter-Seffion or Adjourned Session, are hereby authorized, at the Request of any Crediffer or Crediture of any Prilinner, to convene before them at fome certain time to be appointed by them, any Person or Persons who was ar more Keeper or Gauler, or deputed Keeper or Garder of any Prison or Gand within their respective Jurifdictions, on the faid First Day of May Que thewland eight hundred and eleven, or at any time fince, and enamine every fuch Keeper or Groler or deputed Keeper or Gaoler on Oath, touching the Commitment and Continuance in Custody of any such Prilibner, as the Justices at any fuch General or Quarter-Seffion or Adjourned Seffion shall think fit; and if any Sheriff, Gaoler or Keeper, or deputed Gaoler or Keeper, fixed neglect or refuse to bring before any such Justices, at any Session of the Peace or Adjournment thereof, any such Pritoner as thall be directed and required by Warrant of any Julice or Julices as aforefaid, or to attend on being fummoned for that Purpole, he fail on Conviction fuffer Six Months Imprisonment; or if any Keeper or Gaoler attending stiall refuse to make Answer and Discovery in the Premises as shall be reasonably required, at such General or Quarter-Bession or Adjourned Selsion, he, she or they so offending in the Premifes that for every such Offence pay the Sum of Ten Pounds to any Person who shall sue for and recover the same in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster by Action of Debt.

Sheriffs, &c. difoheying Orders of Juffices.

Imprisonment.

Penalty.

Gaoler shd Printer of Gazette or Newfpaper not complying with Regulations of Act.

XXV. And be it fluther enacted. That if any Keeper or Gabler of any Reifon, or his Deputy or Deputies, first without just Caufe, to be approved of he the Justices at some General Quarter-Seffion or General Seffion or Adjaurned Seffion of the Peace within their respective Jurisdictions, refuse or dulay to bring any such Prisoner or Prisoners as aforesaid to any such General Quarter-Seffion or General Seffion or Adjaurned Seffion of the Peace, in order to his or her Discharges or shall neglect, result or designedly omit to insert in any such List: the Name or Manner of any such Prisoner or Prisoners who was or were admally in Custody in his or their respective Prison or Gaol on the said First Day of May One thousand eight

ditors

bundred and eleven, or shall neglect or refuse to make out, fix up or deliver such Lists as aforesaid; or if any Keeper or Gaoler, or deputed Keeper or Gaoler shall neglect or refuse to take any of the faid Oaths before mentioned, and hereby required to be taken by him, or shall detain any such Prisoner after he or she shall be difcharged as aforesaid; or if the Printer of the London Gazette or other Newspaper as aforesaid shall wilfully refuse or neglect to insert therein. the Notice by this Act directed to be given, on reasonable Request made to him for that Purpole; every luch Keeper and Gaoler of fuch Prison and Prisons, his Deputy or Deputies, and every such Printer as aforefaid, shall respectively forfeit and pay to such Prisoner, in every such case injured, the Sum of One hundred Pounds, which Penalty. shall and may be recovered with Treble Costs of Suit by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information in any of the faid Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law, or more than One Imparlance shall be allowed.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Keeper or Keepers, Gaolers commit-Gaoler or Gaolers, or any Deputy Keeper or Gaoler of any Prifon, in Perjury. shall, in taking of the afore mentioned Oaths, forswear and perjure themselves, and shall thereof be lawfully convicted, such Keeper or Gaoler or deputed Keeper or Gaoler of such Prison or Prisons shall (over and above the Penalties to be inflicted on Persons convicted of Perjury) upon every fuch Conviction, forfeit and pay the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, to be recovered with full Cofts, by Penalty. Bill, Plaint or Information, or Action of Debt, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law, or more than One Imparlance shall be allowed, by and in the Name of fuch Person or Persons, his and their Executors and Administrators, to whom an Assignment or Conveyance in pursuance of this Act shall be made of the Estate and Effects of fuch Prisoner or Prisoners; and if no such Assignee or Assignces shall be living, then in the Name or Names of any other Creditor or Creditors who shall sue for the said Penalties, to be applied, One Moiety to the Informer or Informers, and the other Moiety towards Satisfaction of the Debts of such Creditor or Cre-

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Clerk of the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, or Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Peace not giving Clerk of the Peace, shall delay or refuse to give every or any such dication of Dis-Prisoner adjudged to be entitled to his Discharge as aforesaid, within charge. Fourteen Days after such Adjudication, a Copy of the Order of such Adjudication, on the Payment of Two Shillings, or shall take more than Two Shillings and Six Pence for fuch Copy, or shall take more than One Shilling for an Affigument or Conveyance of such Prisoner's Estate or Effects, every such Clerk of the Peace or his Departy, or Town Clerk, or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace, who shall so offend, and who shall be convicted at any such General or Quarter-Session of the Peace, or at any Adjournment thereof, of any such Offence, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay to every fuch Prisoner the Sum of Twenty Pounds, as the Penalty. Justices of the Peace at such General or Quarter-Session, or Adjournment thereof, shall order, and who are hereby empowered to cause the same to be levied by Diffress and Sale of the Goods of any 51 GEO. III. Еe

fuch Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, or Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace so offending.

Debtors falfely (wearing.

Perjury.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Debtor as aforefaid, who shall come or be brought up to such General or Quarter-Session, or Adjournment thereof, under the Provisions of this Act, shall wilfully forswear and perjure himself, herself or themselves, in any Oath to be taken under this Act, and shall be lawfully convicted thereof, he, she or they so offending shall suffer such Punishment as by Law may be insticted on Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury.

Debtors difcharged not liable to be imprifoned for Debts prior to 1st May 1811.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That no Person entitled to the Benefit of this Act shall at any time hereafter be imprisoned by reason of any Judgment or Decree obtained for Payment of Money only, or for any Debt, Bond, Damages, Contempts for Non-payment of Money, Costs, Sum or Sums of Money contracted, incurred, occasioned, owing or growing due before the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, but that upon every Arrest upon every Judgment or such Decree, or for such Debts, Damages, Contempts, Colts, Sum and Sums of Money, it shall and may be lawful for any Judge of the Court where the Process issued, or for any Two Justices of the Peace, upon shewing the Copy of the Order of Adjudication as aforefaid, to release and discharge out of Custody such Prisoners as aforesaid, and at the same time to order the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in fugh Suit or Suits to pay fuch Prisoner or Prisoners the Costs which he, she or they shall have incurred on fuch Occasion, or so much thereof as to such Judge or Justices shall seem just and reasonable; and every such Judge is hereby empowered to to do on fuch Prisoner's causing a Common Appearance to be entered for him on every fuch Action or Suit.

Prisoners not discharged of Debtstublequent to sit May 1811.

XXX. And whereas under former Acts of this kind, Doubts have arisen what was to be done with such Prisoners who applied ' at any Session to be discharged, who owed and stood charged with Debts as well previous as subsequent to the Day limited by the ' respective Acts;' To remedy which, be it therefore enacted, That no Prisoner or Prisoners shall be discharged of any Debts incurred subsequent to the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and if it shall appear to the Justices at any Session or Adjournment, that any Priloner or Priloners then applying to them to be discharged, shall stand charged as well with Debts previous to as subsequent to the said First Day of May One thousand eight bundred and eleven, that in such cases it shall and may be lawful to and for the Justices to discharge the Person of such Prisoner on account of all Debts which shall appear to their Satisfaction, by the Oath of such Prisoner not being disproved (or otherwise) to have been incurred previous to the faid First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and to remand him or her back to the Cuitody of the Keeper of the Prison from whence he or she was brought, for all Debts which he or she stands charged with in his Custody, which shall appear to the Justices to have been incurred fublequent to the faid First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven; and their Order for fuch Discharge shall indemnify the Sheriff or Sheriffs, Keeper or Keepers, Gaoler or Gaolers against any Escape or Escapes, Action or Actions whatsoever for Escapes,

which shall or may be brought, commenced or prosecuted against him or them; any thing to the contrary herein notwithstanding.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Action of Escape, Act pleaded to or any Suit or Action to be brought against any Justice or Justices Action of Escape, of the Peace, Sheriff, Keeper or Gaoler of any Prison, for per- &c. forming their Office in pursuance of this Act, they may plead the General Issue, and give this Act in Evidence; and if the Plaintiff be nonsuited or discontinue his Action, or Verdict pass against him, or Judgment upon Demurrer, the Defendant shall have Treble Treble Costs. Cofts.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Scire Facias or Act pleaded ge-Action of Debt or upon Judgment, shall be brought against any nerally by Pri-Prisoner, his or her Heirs, Executors or Administrators, upon any Judgment obtained against any such Prisoner, or on any Statute or Recognizance acknowledged by him or her before the faid First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, with respect to Prisoners in actual Custody on the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, it shall and may be lawful for any such Prisoner, his or her Heirs, Executors or Administrators, to plead generally that such Prisoner was actually a Prisoner in such Prison or in some other Prison, at such a Person's Suit on the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and was or were duly discharged according to this Act, at the General Quarter Seffion or General Seffion or Adjournment thereof, held at fuch Time and Place for fuch County, Liberty, City, Town or Place (according to his, her or their case) without pleading any Matter specially; and in case any other Suit or Action shall be commenced against him, her or them, for any other Debt, Sum or Sums of Money due before the faid First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, to plead in discharge of his or her Person from Execution, (over and above such Matters as aforesaid) that fuch Debt or Sum of Money (as the cafe may be) was contracted or due before the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, without pleading any other Matter specially, whereto the Plaintiff shall or may reply generally, and deny the Matters pleaded as aforefaid, or reply any other Matter or Thing which may shew the said Desendant not to be entitled to the Benefit of this Act, or not duly discharged according to it, in the same manner as the Plaintiff might have replied in case the Defendant had pleaded this Act, and his Discharge by virtue of this Act specially; and if the Plaintiff be nonfuited, discontinue his Action, or Verdict pass against him, or Judgment or (a) Demurrer, the Defendant to (a) [So in the Original Att.] have Treble Cofts.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority afore- Prisoners, who, faid, That in case any Person being a Prisoner charged in Execu- on Application tion on the faid First Day of May One thousand eight hundred as Insolvent and eleven, and having before or fince that Day petitioned any Court Debtors have to be discharged as an Insolvent Debtor, and having conformed to been remanded back, and sace the several Provisions of the Laws in being for that Purpose, shall discharged with have been brought up, and by the Court remanded back to the out their Con-Prison or Gaol from which such Prisoner was brought up, there sent, entitled to to continue in Execution, on the Undertaking of his or her Plaintiff Benefit of Act. or Plaintiffs to pay to him fuch weekly or other Allowance as by Law is directed to be paid in fuch case, during such time as such

Treble Cofts.

Prisoner should remain in Execution at the Suit of such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, and such Prisoner so continued in Execution shall have been or shall be discharged from such Execution by his or her Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, without his or her own Privity or Consent subsequent to the faid First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and before the Day whereon he or she might otherwise have applied to take the Benefit of this Act, every fuch Prisoner shall be entitled, notwithstanding such Discharge, to the same Relief and Advantage to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, which he or she might or could have otherwise obtained by virtue of this Act; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Ad not to exend to Attornies or Servants embezzling Money.

XXXIV. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to release or discharge any Attorney at Law, Solicitor or any other Person or Persons acting or pretending to act as such, with regard to any Debt with which he or they shall sland charged, for any Money or other Effects recovered or received by him or them for the Use of any Person or Persons, Bodies Corporate or Politick, and by any Attorney, Solicitor or any other Person or Persons acting as such, embezzled, concealed or converted to his or their own Use; or to release or discharge any Servant or Agent, or any other Person or Persons employed or entrusted as such, with regard to any Debt or Demand with which he, she or they shall stand charged, for or on account of any Money, Goods or other Effects received or possessed by him, her or them, for the Use and on Account of his, her or their Master or Masters or Employers, and by fuch Servant or Agent embezzled, concealed or converted to his, her or their own Use; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding; except where fuch Persons shall have been confined in Prison for the Space of Ten Years last past.

Exception.

Nor to Persons

obtaining Mone,

or Goods under

falle Pretences

or fictitious

Names.

'XXXV. And whereas many evil disposed Persons, to support their profligate Way of Life, by various subtile Stratagems, Threats and Devices, and under assumed and sictitious Name or Names for the Purpose of obtaining Credit, have fraudulently obtained divers Sums of Money, or Securities for Money, Goods and Merchandizes, to the great Injury of Trade and Credit; Be it enacted, That no Prisoner, who knowingly and designedly, by false Pretence or Pretences, or under any fictitious Name or Names assumed for the Purpose of obtaining Credit, shall have obtained from any Person or Persons Money, Goods, Wares, Merchandize, Bonds, Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes or other Securities for Money, shall have or receive any Benefit or Discharge by or under this Act; but on due Proof of such fraudulent Conduct as aforesaid, the Justices shall remand such Prisoner to the Custody of the Gaoler or Keeper of the Prison from which he or she shall have been brought up to take the Benefit of this Act; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding; except where such Person shall have been confined in Prison for the Space of Ten Years last past.

Exception.

Evidence of Obj chions given.

XXXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Truth of each of the Objections and Exceptions aforesaid against the obtaining the Benefit of this Act, shall be proved by the Teftimony upon Oath of One or more credible Witness or Witnesses. besides the Testimony upon Oath of the Person or Persons making such Objections, or other legal Proof or Evidence admissible in a

Court

Court of Law: Provided always, that no Prisoner, who shall have Proviso as to been remanded to Prison under any Act heretofore passed for the Prisoners re-Relief of Infolvent Debtors, for having fraudulently obtained Momanded to Prifor under any ney, Goods or Securities for Money on falle Pretences, or for having Infolvent Act, fecretly or fraudulently removed Stock, Cattle or other Effects, for fraudulently which were subject or liable to be detained for Rent, or who shall obtaining Mohave lost or forfeited the Benefit of any such former Act, by having ney, &c. made any fraudulent Sale, Transfer, Conveyance or Affignment, fince his or her Imprisonment, to the Prejudice of his Creditor or Creditors, or who shall have fraudulently obtained a Discharge under such former Act, or shall have taken a false Oath under such Act, shall have or receive any Benefit or Discharge under this Act, but shall be remanded to Prison as aforesaid by the Justices before whom he or she shall be brought up to take the Benefit of this Act: Pro- Provisa. vided always, that fuch Objections or Exceptions were supported by fuch Proof or Evidence as is hereinbefore provided and directed to be made under this present Act, and not otherwise; and that no Person shall be permitted to make the Objections in this Act mentioned against any Prisoner, except a detaining Creditor, or such Person or Persons as have commenced their Action or Actions against fuch Prisoner previous to the First Day of May last past, grounded on the Matters in the faid Exceptions mentioned: Provided also, that and as to Perno Person charged in Execution for Damages recovered in any Action Execution for for Criminal Conversation with the Wife of the Plaintiff in such Damages reco-Action, or in Action for seducing or carnally knowing the Daughter vered in Action or Female Servant of the Plaintiff, or in any Action for a malicious for Criminal Con-Profecution, or in any Action for any other malicious Injury, shall versation, &c. have any Benefit under this Act, except only in cafes where the Plaintiff in such Actions respectively shall be dead, and no Person shall have obtained Probate of the Will or Letters of Administration of the Effects of such Plaintiff within Twelve Months after his Decease; except where such Person shall have been confined in Prison Exception. for the Space of Ten Years last past.

'XXXVII. And whereas many Debtors for Rents of Lands, 'Meffuages, Houses and other Premises, have, with fraudulent Intent to disappoint the Right of their respective Landlords, re-' moved the Stock, Cattle, Furniture, Goods or other Effects, which were subject or liable to be distrained for the Satisfaction of the faid Rents; Be it therefore enacted, That no Prisoner or Pri- and as to Persons foners who in a fecret, claudestine or fraudulent manner, shall have removed or caused to be removed within Six Years, any such Stock, Cattle, Furniture, Goods or Effects of the Value of Thirty Pounds distrained for or upwards, which were subject or liable to be distrained by their Rent. respective Landlord or Landlords for or in Payment of such Rent or Rents, whereby such Landlord or Landlords shall have lost all or some Part of the Rent or Rents due to him, her or them as aforefaid, shall be discharged by or under this Act, but shall be remanded in manner hereinbefore mentioned; provided fuch Proof shall be made thereof as shall be satisfactory to the Justices before whom such Prifoner shall be brought up to take the Benefit of this Act, except Exception. where such Person shall have been confined in Prison for the Space of

Ten Years last past.

' XXXVIIL And whereas many Debtors have, with a View to 4 defraud their Creditors, fold, transferred, conveyed or affigned their Ee 3

wherein

Estate or Essects to some Person or Persons, subsequent to their being in Custody of Law or imprisoned under some Process of

Debt: And whereas fuch Sale, Transfer, Conveyance or Affigu-

and as to Persons felling or affigning Effects to defraud Creditors.

ment hath been fraudulently made, to the Injury of his Creditor or Creditors, though it hath been difficult to convict the Party of a fraudulent Defign; Be it enacted, That whenever it shall be proved by One or more credible Witness or Witnesses, that such Prisoner has sold, transferred, conveyed or assigned to any Person or Persons all or any Part of his Estate or Essects subsequent to the time of his Imprisonment, without just Cause for so doing, to be determined by the Justices before whom such Prisoner shall be brought up to take the Benefit of this Act, every such Debtor shall lose all the Benefits and Advantages that he might have otherwife claimed under the Authority of this Act, and shall be remanded in manner hereinbefore mentioned; and every fuch Sale, Transfer, Conveyance or Affignment is hereby declared null and void, except whete such Person shall have been confined in Prison for the Space of Ten Years last past.

Exception.

lofing Money at Play.

4 XXXIX. And whereas many Priloners squander and expend great Part of their remaining Property by playing at Cards, Dice or other unlawful Games, to the great Injury of their Creditors; and as to Persons Be it enacted, That nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to extend to discharge or release any Prisoner who hath or shall have loft, in any one Day since the Date of his Commitment to Prison for any Debt with which he stood charged on the First Day of May last, the Sum or Value of Twenty Pounds, or in the Whole since fuch Commitment as aforesaid, the Sum of One hundred Pounds in playing at or with Cards, Dice, Tables, Tennis, Bowls, Billiards or other Game or Games whatfoever, or in or by bearing a Share or Part in the Stakes, Wagers or Adventures, or in or by betting on the Sides or Hands of luch as do play as aforefaid; but on due Proof thereof, to the Satisfaction of the Justices affembled at such Quarter-Session or Adjourned Session before which such Prisoner shall be brought, it shall be lawful for such Justices, and they are hereby required to remand such Prisoner to Gaol; any thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary notwithstanding, except where such Person shall have been confined in Prison for the Space of Ten Years last

Exception.

Geolege nut permitting Prifoners to be spoken with, or Entry in Books of Prifon to be feen.

paft. XL. And be it further enacted, That every Gaoler or Keeper of any Prison shall and is hereby required to suffer any Person or Persons desiring the same to see and speak with in the Day-time, either in the Lodge or other convenient Room in the faid Prison, any Prisoner or Prisoners whose Names are inserted in the before mentioned List or Lists, or the London Gazette or other Newspapers, in manner aforesaid, and also to see in the true and genuine Books of the faid Prison the Entries made of the Name or Names of such Priloner or Priloners, Debtor or Debtors, together with the Name or Names of the Person or Persons at whose Suit or Suits he, the or they are or were detained; and if any such Keeper or Gaoler shall refuse or neglect to comply with what is hereby above required. every fuch Gaoler or Keeper who shall so offend in the Premises, shall forfeit and pay to the Person so refused and aggrieved the Sum of Forty Pounds, to be recovered with Coks of Suit by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of the Courts at Westmanstor,

Penalty.

wherein no Effoign, Protection, Wager of Law or more than One Imparlance shall be allowed, by and in the Name or Names of the

Persons so refused and aggrieved.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That if any Gaoler or Keeper, Gaoler making or deputed Gaoler or Keeper, of any Prison or Prisons shall make false Entries. or cause to be made any false Entries in any Book or Books belonging to any Prison or Gaol under his Care, or of which he is or was Gaoler, or shall prepare or keep, or cause to be prepared or kept, any false Book or Books, in order for any false or untrue Entry or Entries to be made therein, or shall insert in any List to be delivered in as aforefaid, the Name or Names of any Person or Persons who was or were not in actual Custody as aforesaid (except as in the Oath of any fuch Gaoler or Keeper, or deputed Gaoler or Keeper shall be excepted) every such Gaoler or Keeper, or deputed Gaoler or Keeper shall, over and above the Penalties which he shall be liable to for every such Fraud, forseit and pay the Sum of Five hundred Penalty. Pounds, to be recovered with Treble Costs of Suit, by and in the Name and for the Use of any Person or Persons who shall be prejudiced by any fuch false Entry or Entries, which Penalties shall and may be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Effoign, Protection, Wager of Law or more than One Imparlance shall be allowed.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That if any Debtor, being Debtors refusing thereunto required by any Creditor or Creditors, shall refuse to come to discoverTrade to the Lodge of the Prison in which any such Prisoner shall be confined, or when come to such Lodge shall refuse to discover and declare Suit detained, the Trade or Occupation and the last Place of Abode or Habitation, excluded Benefit to the best of his or her Knowledge or Belief, of the Person or of Act. Persons at whose Suit he or she was detained or charged in Custody, without fome reasonable Cause being shewn for such Refusal, every fuch Debtor, on Proof being made thereof before the Justices at any General or Quarter-Sellion of the Peace or any Adjournment thereof, to be held as aforefaid, shall not have or receive any Benefit or Discharge by or under this A&; any thing herein contained to the

contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.
' XLIII. And whereas the next General Quarter Session of the · Peace for the County of Surrey, which shall happen after the a passing of this Act, may be in the farthest Part of the County, and upwards of Twenty Miles from the Prisons where Debtors are eonfined; Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That it shall and may be lawful for such Justices as shall be affembled Jusices for at the General Quarter-Session of the Peace to be holden for the Surrey may ad-County of Surrey, next after the passing of this Act, and they are journ to Session hereby required forthwith to adjourn the faid Seffion to the Seffion House in Horse-House in Horsemonger Lane, in the Parish of Newington, in the said County of Surrey, for the Purpole of administering the Oaths required to be taken and subscribed by this Act by the several Gaolers within the faid County, and for the Discharge of Prisoners or other Debtors according to the Powers, Limitations and Directions of this Act; and it shall not be lawful for any Justice or Justices of the Peace for the faid County of Surrey, to iffue his or their Warrant or Warrants for the bringing up of any Prisoner or Prisoners in order to his, her or their Discharge under the Provisions of this Act, at

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monger Lane.

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any Quarter-Session or Adjourned Session of the Peace, other than such as shall be holden at the Session House in Hursemonger Lane, in the Parish of Newington asoresaid.

4 XLIV. And whereas there is but one Common or County Gaol for each of the respective Counties of York or Lincoln, which faid Counties are each of them divided into feveral Ridings or Di-. visions, all of which have several Commissions of the Peace; and if ' the Gaoler of these Gaols be obliged to carry the Debtors, Prifoners therein, to the Quarter-Session of such Riding or Division, the same will be a very great Charge, not only to such Gaoler but * also to the Prisoners in these large Counties; Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That it shall and may be lawful for Two or more Justices of the Peace for any of the Ridings or Divisions in the respective Counties, (or any other County or Counties where the Prisons are at a Distance from the Place where the Seffions are held) at the Common or County Gaol thereof respectively, or at any other Gaol or Gaols within the faid Counties, or at some convenient Place near thereto, and they are hereby required to affemble and meet and to hold Seffion there by Adjournment from their respective Quarter-Session, from time to time, for the Discharge of the respective Prisoners therein, according to the Powers, Lunitations and Directions of this Act.

Justices for York and Lincoln may hold a Seffion near to County Gaul.

> " XLV. And whereas the District or Division of Holland in the faid County of Lincoln, is distant near Forty Miles from the faid County Gaol, and it is highly inconvenient and expensive for the Justices of the Peace acting for the faid Division, to be biliged to travel to the faid Gaol, for the fole Purpose of discharging the Prisoners under the Powers by this Act given; Be it therefore enacted, That, for the several Purposes aforesaid, the Justices for the faid Division or District of Holland may adjourn their original Seffions to the County Gaol, or to some Place near thereunto; and it shall and may be lawful for any Two Justices of the Peace acting either for the Parts of Lindsey, Kesteven or Holland, to hold such adjourned Session for the sole Purpose of discharging such Prisoners. Notice of the Adjournment of such original Sessions being given by the Clerk of Sessions to such Justices, and who shall attend there to register the Proceedings of the said Court, so far as the same relate to or affect the Discharge of any Prisoner detained for Debt in the Division of Holland, and claiming the Benefit of this A&.

Juffices for Diffrict of Hol-Lind may hold an Adjourned Settion.

Prisoners in Custody for Paifon Fees, discharged.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That all Debtors and others, who were in Prison on or before the said First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eleven, in any of the Gaols of England and Wales, and now remain, for not paying their Fees, Rent or other Demands due or claimed as due to the Keeper or Keepers of any Prison respectively, or to any other Officer of such Prison, and upon no other Account, shall be discharged therefrom, he, she or they taking the Oath by this Act required to be taken by Pri-

Act not to extend to Dehtors of the Crown or such Offenders, unless Treasury eunient.

XLVII. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That this Act shall not extend or be construed to extend to discharge any Prisoner seeking the Benefit of this Act, with respect to any Debt or Penalty with which he or she shall stand charged at the Suit of the Crown, or of any Person for any Offence committed against any Act or Acts of Parliament relative to His Majesty's Revenues

of Cultoms, Excise, Stamps or Salt Duties, or any of them, or any Branches of the Public Revenue, or at the Suit of any Sheriff or other public Officer upon any Bail Bond entered into for the Appearance of any Person prosecuted for any Offence committed against any Act or Acts of Parliament relative to His Majesty's said Revenues of Customs, Excise, Stamps or Salt Duties, or any other Branches of Public Revenue, unless any Three of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being shall certify their Confent, under their Hands, to the faid Justices at their said Session or Adjournment thereof, for the Discharge of such Prisoner as

4 XLVIII. And whereas under former Acts Creditors have been ' put to great Expence and Trouble in attending every Seffion and Adjournment, during the whole Continuance of this Act (a), to oppole the Discharge of Debtors clearly excluded from any Benefit under the faid respective Acts, but who, after having been before one Session and resused a Discharge, gave fresh Notices for each subsequent Session and Adjournment of their intended Application to be discharged, with the sole View of harassing and subjecting to Inconvenience their Creditors;' To remedy which, be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all cases whatever, the Determination Determination of the Justices in Session or Adjournment shall be final of Justices similar to all Intents and Purposes, unless the Debtor shall get rid of the unless Debtor Objection or Objections for which they refused his Discharge; and sets id of Obthat the same may be clear and certain, the Justices are hereby charge. required to state the Objections why such Debtor's Discharge is refused by them; and in all cases whatever, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Justices, at some one subsequent Session within the Space of Twelve Calendar Months after he shall have been so remanded, upon Application of the Prisoner, and due Proof on Oath or otherwise to the Satisfaction of the Justices in Session or Adjournment, of fuch Objection or Objections being removed, and on Proof of Notice served at least Twenty. Days previous to such Application on the Creditor or Creditors who before opposed his Discharge, and of Notice likewise inserted in the London Gazette in manner before directed by this Act, to order such Prisoner to be brought before them, and if they shall then be of Opinion that the faid Debtor is entitled to the Benefit of this Act, to adjudge him or her to be entitled thereto, and, if a Priloner, to order him or her to be difcharged, he or she taking the Oath, and in all other respects conforming to the Directions of this Act. (a) [So in the Original

' XLIX. And whereas it may happen that several Persons who 4 may claim and be entitled to the Benefit of this Act, are feifed of an Estate Tail in some Freehold Lands, Tenements or Heredita-· ments, which Entail, with the Remainders thereon expectant, they have by Law Power to defeat and bar, either by levying a Fine or Fines, suffering a Common Recovery or Common Recoveries whereby the faid Freehold Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments of fuch Person or Persons would be liable to the Payment of their Debts, and be delivered up according to the Terms of this Act, for the Benefit of their Creditors; Be it therefore further enacted, That in every such case such Person or Persons so seised as afore. Effectes of which faid, and who shall be entitled to and claim the Benefit of this Act, Prisoners are

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feifed in Tail, delivered up to Creditors. shall to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever in Law be deemed and taken, and is and are hereby declared to be seised of such Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments in Fee, and the same shall be delivered up to such Creditor or Creditors of every such Prisoner in the same manner as if such Person or Persons had actually levied a Fine, suffered a Common Recovery or Common Recoveries, and thereby had become seised in Fee; any Law or Construction of Law to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

L. And whereas many Persons who may be entitled to and claim the Benefit of this Act have been great Dealers, or otherwise en-' gaged in large Transactions, whereby they may be entitled to sundry ' and great Debts and Demands of various and intricate Natures, and they may be entitled to Equities of Redemption of Estates " fubject and liable to Mortgages, Judgments or other Incumbrances, or to Reversions, Remainders, or other contingent Estates, Lands, ⁶ Tenements or Hereditaments, or to other Trusts or Interests in Estates both Real and Personal, which may not be sufficiently 4 described or discovered in the Schedule or Inventory before directed 6 to be delivered in upon Oath by the Priloner to be discharged as aforesaid, or which may want his Aid and Assistance to adjust, make out, recover or manage for the Benefit of his Creditors: Be it therefore enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the respective Assignees of the Estate and Estects of such Debtor or Debtors who shall obtain his, her or their Discharge in pursuance of this Act, or any other Person or Persons duly authorized by them for that Purpole, from time to time to apply to any Two or more of the Justices of the Peace for the County, City, Town, Place or Liberty where such Debtor or Debtors shall be then refiding, thereby defiring that fuch Debtor or Debtors may be further examined as to any Matters and Things relating to his, her or their Estate or Effects; whereupon such Justices shall send for or call before them such Debtor or Debtors by such Warrant, Summons, Ways or Means as they shall think fit, and upon such Debtor's appearing, shall examine him, her or them, as well upon Oath or otherwise, as to such Matters and Things as such Assignee shall defire, relating to the Estate and Essects of such Debtor or Debtors; and if any Debtor or Debtors, on Payment or Tender of Payment of fuch reasonable Charges as such Justices shall judge fufficient, shall neglect or refuse to come or appear, not having a lawful Excuse, allowed by such Justices, or being come before them thall refuse to be sworn or to answer such Questions as by such Justices shall be put to him, her or them relating to the Discovery of him. her or their Estate or Essects so vested or intended to be vested in fuch Clerk of the Peace, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace of (a) such Assignees as aforesaid, then it shall and may be lawful to and for fuch Justices by Warrant under their Hands and Scals to apprehend such Debtor or Debtors so offending as aforesaid, and him, her or them to commit to the Common Gaol, there to remain without Buil or Mainprize until fuch time as he, she or they shall fubmit him, her or themselves to such Justices, and answer upon Oath to all fuch lawful Questions as shall by fuch Justices be put to him, her or them, for the Purposes aforesaid. (a) So in the Original Ad.

Affignees may apply for further Examination of Debtors to Two Justices.

LI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That notwithstanding the Fraudulent Dif-Discharge of any Debtor or Debtors by virtue of this Act, if it shall charges void. hereafter appear that the same was obtained fraudulently, or that any Part of the Oath taken by any fuch Debtor was not true, then and in every such case every such Discharge shall be void and of none Effect.

LII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful Affignees, with at all times hereafter, for any Assignee or Assignees of the Estate or Content of Majority in Value Effects of any Debtor or Debtors, who shall be chosen in pursuance of Creditors, of this Act, by and with the Confent of the major Part in Value of may compound the Creditors of such Debtor or Debtors who shall be present at a Debts and sub-Meeting to be had on Twenty one Days' Notice being previously mit Disputes to given for the Purpose hereafter mentioned, in the London Gazette, Arbitration. if the Debtor was in Custody in London, or within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, and if not, then also in some Newspaper which shall be published in the County, City or Place in or near which such Person or Persons shall have been in Gaol, to make Compositions with any Person or Persons or Accountants to such Debtor or Debtors. where the same shall appear necessary or reasonable, and to take fuch reasonable Part of any such Debt as can upon any such Composition be gotten, in full Discharge of such Debts and Accounts: and also to submit any Difference or Dispute between such Assignee or Assignces and any Person or Persons for or on account or by reason of any Matter, Cause or Thing relating to the Estate and Effects of such Debtor or Debtors; and every such Assignee or Affiguees is and are hereby indemnified for what they shall fairly do in the Premises in pursuance of this Act.

LIII. And whereas Provision ought to be made as to what • should become of the Estate and Essects of any Debtor or Debtors ont got in, obtained or recovered by any Assignee or Assignees at the Time of his or their Death or Deaths, and whose Heir or 4 Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns refuse to act or meddle therein; To remedy which, be it enacted, That in all If Assignees die, such cases it shall and may be lawful to and for the Creditors of others may be every such Debtor or Debtors to chuse a new Assignce or Assignees, chosen. and to obtain a new Affignment from the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace purfuant to the Order of the Justices, and which said Order the

faid Justices are hereby required and empowered to direct (on due Proof on Oath being made to them of the Death of such former

Assignee or Assignees, and Refusal of his or their Heirs, Executors. Administrators and Assigns to act or meddle therein) and the said Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, Town Clerk or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace, hereby conforming to all Orders and Directions made by this Act relative to them or any of them, and to be liable to all fuch Pains and Penalties as are indicted on them or any of them by this Act for Disobedience in any Part thereof or Neglect of Duty whatever; and in case any such Assignee or Assignees shall die, and his Heira, Executors, Administrators or Assigns shall refuse to act, that then and in such case it shall be lawful for fuch Justices of the Peace to appoint a new Assignee or Assignees with like Powers and Authorities as are given by this A&: and the faid Justices shall have Power in a summary way to oblige

the Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns of such Assignee or Assignees to account for and deliver up all such Estate and Estects as shall remain in his or their Hands, to be applied for the Purposes of this Act.

Courts on Complaint may remove Assignees.

LIV. And, to the Intent and Purpose that the Estate and Effects of fuch Debtor or Debtors as shall be discharged by virtue of this Act, may be duly and faithfully applied for the Benefit of his, her or their real Creditors, be it enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the respective Courts at Westminster, and the Courts of Great Sessions in Wales, and the Counties Palatine of Chester, Lancaster and Durham respectively, from whence any Process issued upon which any such Debtor or Debtors was or were committed, or where the Process issued out of any other Court, to and for the Judges of the Court of King's Bench, Common Pleas and Exchequer, or of Great Sessions, or Counties Palatine aforesaid, within their respective Jurisdictions, or any one of them, from time to time upon the Petition of any fuch Debtor, or the Creditor or Creditors of fuch Debtor, complaining of any Insufficiency, Fraud or Misconduct of any Assignce or Assignees of the Estate or Essects of any such Debtor or Debtors, to summon all Parties concerned, and upon hearing the Parties concerned therein to make and give fuch Orders and Directions therein, either for the Removal of fuch Affignee or Affignees, and appointing any new Affignee or Affignees in the Place of Such Affignee or Affignees to be removed, and for the prudent, just and equitable Management or Distribution of the Estate and Effects of any such Debtor, for the Benefit of the respective Creditors, as the said Courts or Judges respectively shall think sit; and in case of the Removal of any A slignee or Affignees, and the appointing of any new Affignee or Affignees, the Estate and Essects of such Debtor or Debtors shall from thenceforth be divested out of the Assignee or Assignces so removed, and be volted in and delivered over to fuch new Affignee or Affignees, in the fame manner and for the fame Intents and Purposes as the same were before veited in the Affignees or Affignees first chosen; any thing in

In cases of mutual Credit Balance to be stated.

- this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

 LV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in all Cases where mutual Credit hath been given between any Debtor who shall be discharged in pursuance of this Act and any other Person or Persons, or Bodies Corporate or Politick, before the Delivery of such Schedule or Inventory of the Estate and Estects of such Debtor or Debtors upon Oath as aforesaid, the respective Assignee or Assignees of such Debtor or Debtors is and are hereby authorized and required on his and their Parts to state and allow an Account between them and the other Party or Parties concerned; and nothing more shall be deemed to be vested in such Clerk of the Peace or Town Clerk, or other Officer acting as Clerk of the Peace, or such Assignee or Assignees as aforesaid, as the Estate or Essects of such Debtor or Debtors than what shall appear to be justly due to him, her or them respectively, as and for the Balance of such Accounts when truly stated.
- LVI. And whereas great Numbers of poor People have been and are now imprisoned for Debt upon Processes issuing out of Courts of Conscience; it is hereby enacted and declared, That all such

such Prisoners shall be entitled to have the Benefit of this Act, and Person impribe discharged under the same, provided he, she and they conform fined by Courts to the Directions hereinbefore prescribed, touching other Prisoners of Conscience who shall be discharged by virtue of this Act; and the Keeper or fit of Act.

Keepers, Gasler or Gaslery, of all and every Gasl. Keepers, Gaoler or Gaolers, of all and every Gaol, Prilon or other Lifts to be re-Place of Confinement, in which any Person or Persons are confined, turned of them or charged in Execution with Debts under Process or Processes to Selli n. issuing out of or from such Courts of Conscience, are hereby required to make out and deliver to the Justices assembled at the next Quarter-Session or Adjourned Session of the Peace, a true List or Lists of the Prisoners in their Custody so confined or charged in Execution, in like manner as the Gaolers or Keepers of other Prisons are directed by this Act.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases wherein by Affirmation of this Act an Oath is required, the solemn Affirmation of any Person Quakers taken. being a Quaker shall and may be accepted and taken in lieu thereof; and every Person making such Affirmation, who shall be convicted of wilful and false Affirmation, shall incur and suffer such and the fame Penalties as are inflicted and imposed by this Act upon Persons

convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury.

LVIII. And whereas Debtors are frequently, to the Injury of themselves and their Creditors, remanded back to Prison on account of mere Errors or Omissions in point of Form relating to their Notices or the making out of their Schedules, or other Proceedings directed by this Act;' it is hereby enacted and declared, That Justices may it shall and may be lawful to and for the Justices assembled at such amend Notices Quarter-Session or Adjournment thereof as aforesaid, to amend such Mattersof Form. Matters of Form or to supply such Omissions, or to correct such. Errors in the faid Notices, Schedules or other Proceedings directed. by this Act, as shall appear to the said Justices to have arisen from Ignorance or Miftake of the Parties, without remanding back the faid Prisoner or Prisoners; any thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary not withit anding.

LIX. And be it further enacted, That in all cafes whatfoever the Infolvent, on re-Infolvent, upon his releasing any Interest he or she may have in the leasing his In-Refiduum of his or her Estate, shall and may be admitted as a good witness. and sufficient Witness in any Action or Cause to be instituted by his or her Assignee or Assignees for the Recovery of any Debts due to. the faid Infolvent, in the fame manner as a Bankrupt may after obtaining his Certificate.

LX. And be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained Future Effates of shall be deemed or taken to discharge the future Estate or Esseds, Debtors dis-Real or Personal, of any Person or Persons discharged under this charged under Act, whether such Person or Persons shall or shall not have been charged in Execution of or from the Payment of any Debts, Damages, Cofts, Sum or Sums of Money due, owing or demandable. from any fuch Person or Persons, or in respect of which any such: Person or Persons was or were in Custody; and all and every Perfon or Persons entitled to receive or be paid any such Debt, Damages, Costs, Sum or Sums of Money, shall have all such and the like Remedies in Law or Equity against such suture Estate and Effects, other than and except the necessary Apparel and Bedding of fuch Person or Persons and their Family, and the necessary Tools.

C. 125.

for his, her or their Trade and Occupation, not exceeding the Value of Forty Pounds, but not against the Person of the Party for Payment thereof, as he, she or they might have had if this Act had not been made; and in any case in which the Payment or Recovery of such Demands or Sums of Money could, before the passing of this Act, have been ensorced only by Commitment, either on the Ground of Contempt or otherwise, of the Persons liable thereto, the Party interested therein shall be and is hereby enabled to sue the Person or Persons who ought to have paid the same for what shall remain unsatisfied thereof, in like manner as if the Sum remaining unsatisfied had been Money lent and advanced by or Money had and received for the Use of the Person having such Demand, but shall be entitled to recover or have Execution out of or against such suture Estates and Essets only, and shall not be entitled to arrest or take in Execution the Party against whom such Demand shall be enforced.

What Perfons not entitled to Relief. LXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Person who shall have taken the Benefit of any Act heretofore passed for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, within the Space of Five Years last pass, shall have or receive any Benefit or Advantage of or under this Act, nor be deemed to be within the Intent and Meaning thereof, so as to be discharged under the same; any thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

Bankrupts, how far availed by this Act.

LXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Prifoner against whom any Commission of Bankrupt shall have issued and shall remain in force, and who shall not have obtained a Certificate of his or her Conformity to the feveral Statutes concerning Bankrupts under fuch Commission duly allowed, shall be discharged by virtue of this Act from any Debt which shall have been or may be proved under such Commission, unless such Commission shall have iffued, and fuch Bankrupt shall have duly surrendered himself or herself to the Commissioners, or the major Part of them named in the faid Commission, Two Years at the least before the passing of this Aci, and shall in all things have duly conformed himself or herself to the feveral Statutes concerning Bankrupts; and unless the major Part of the Commissioners named in such Commission shall specially certify, which they are hereby authorized to do if they shall think fit, that fuch Bankrupt has fo duly conformed, and has in their Opinion made a full and fair Disclosure of all his or her Estate or Esteds. and in all things conducted himself or herfelf properly under such Commission; and in all such cases such Bankrupt shall be capable of being discharged in respect of all Debts which cannot be proved under fuch Commission, in the same manner and upon the same Terms as any other Prisoner may be discharged by virtue of this Act, and shall and may be discharged as to personal Arrest for Debt in respect of all Debts proved or capable of being proved under such Commission; but nevertheless such Bankrupt, and his or her Effects, shall in all other respects whatsoever remain subject to the Laws in force concerning Bankrupts, as he or the would have been if this Act had not been made.

Notices of fuch Bankrupt regulated. LXIII. Provided always, That in the Notices to be given by fuch Bankrupt, and the Oath to be taken by him or her according to the Provisions of this Act, such Bankrupt shall be described as a Person against whom a Commission of Bankrupt has issued and is

still in force, and who has not obtained a Certificate of his or her Conformity to the Statutes concerning Bankrupts duly allowed; and such Bankrupt, instead of swearing to the Truth of a Schedule of his or her Estate or Essects, shall Iwear that he or she has made a full Discolure of his or her Effects under the said Commission, and that he or she has no Estate or Essects which can be vested in an Affiguee under this Act, all the Estate and Essects of such Bankrupt being vested in the Assignee or Assignees under such Commission by virtue of such Commission, and the Assignment made in pursuance thereof.

LXIV. Provided always, That in case such Commission shall at When Commisany time thereafter be superfeded, then and in such case the Dif- sion is superfeded, charge which shall be obtained by virtue of this Act shall be null and Discharge void

[See as to Ireland, c. 123. ante.]

C A P. CXXVI.

An Act to extend an Act made in the Eighteenth Year of His late Majesty King George the Second, to explain and amendthe Laws touching the Elections of Knights of the Shire to serve in Parliament for England, respecting the Expences of Hustings and Poll Clerks, so far as regards the City of Westminster. [9th July 1811.]

TITHEREAS by an Act passed in the Eighteenth Year of the 18G. 2 c. 18. Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, An All to explain and amend the Laws, touching the Eletions of Knights of the Shire to serve in Parliament for that Part of the United Kingdom called England, it is, amongst other things, provided, that the Expences of erecting Booths and of engaging Poll "Clerks, should be borne and defrayed by the respective Candidate or Candidates at fuch Elections, in the cases and in manner as in the same Act are more particularly mentioned and provided for: · And whereas the Right of Election of Citizens to ferve in Par-6 liament for the City and Liberty of Westminster, is, by the last 6 Determination of the House of Commons, of the Nineteenth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety sive, declared to be in the Inhabitants Householders, paying Scot and Lot, of the United Parishes of Saint Margaret and Saint John, 4 and of the feveral Parishes of Saint Paul Covent Garden, Saint 4. Anne, Saint James, Saint George Hanover Square, Saint Martin in the Fields, Saint Clement Danes and Saint Mary le Strand, (including so much and such Parts of the said Parishes of Saint Martin in the Fields, Saint Clement Danes and Saint Mary le Strand, * as are within the Liberties, Districts, Limits or Jurisdictions of the Duchy of Lancaster) and of the Liberty or Diltrict of Saint Martin le Grand, in the County of Middlesen, and of the Precincu of The Savoy: And whereas the Number of Persons entitled to · vote under and by virtue of fuch last Determination, is very confiderable, and far exceeding in Number the Voters in many of the Counties of the Kingdom; and there is no convenient public Buildsing within the faid City, wherein to hold the Election, and to

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C. 126.

take a Poll in Writing of the Electors, in the Event of the same being legally demanded: And whereas by reason of the Populouse ness of the said City, the taking of a Poll in Writing is attended with confiderable Expence, from the Number of Clerks necessarily employed therein: And whereas Controversies having of late arisen. as to the Payment of the Expences attending the building of a convenient Booth or Hustings, heretofore usually erected for the · holding of fuch Election, and of the Expences attending the Clerks employed in the taking of a Poll, when demanded, it has been deemed expedient, under the Circumstances aforesaid, to make some certain Provision for detraying such necessary Expences by extending the Directions and Provisions of the faid Act in that Behalf to the Election of Citizens to ferve in Parliament for the City and Liberty of Westminster: Now, to the Intent that a Stop may in future be put to fuch Controversies as aforesaid, and the ill ' Consequences of the same, and for maintaining good Order and " Uniformity of Proceedings within that populous City and Borough, which is of great Consequence to the whole Kingdom: Be it therefore enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That at all times from and after the paffing of this Act, upon every Election of a Citizen or Citizens to ferve for the faid City of Westminster in Parliament, the Builiff, or in his Absence his sufficient Deputy, shall appoint, make or erect, or cause to be appointed, made or erected at the Expence of the Candidate or Candidates, a convenient Booth or Place for holding the Election; and the faid Bailiff or Deputy shall, in case of a Poil being demanded by any of the Candidates, or any Two or more of the Electors, appoint a convenient Number of Clerks, not exceeding in the Whole the Number of Twenty fix, to take the Poll (which faid Clerks shall be at the Expence of the Candidates as aforefaid, and be paid not exceeding (Ine Guinea per Day each Clerk); and the faid Bailiff or Deputy shall also make out a List of the several Parishes, Districts or Divisions, (not exceeding Eleven in Number in the Whole) into which the faid Booth or Polling Places shall be apportioned or allotted, and shall upon Request made deliver a true Copy thereof to any of the Candidates or their Agents who shall defire the same, taking for each of the said Copies the Sum of Two Shillings, and no more.

Booth erected at Expence of Candidates. Poll Clerks appointed by Bailiff at Expence of Candidates.

> II. And be it further enacted, That the Bailiff, or in his Absence. his sufficient Deputy, shall, at every such Election, allow a Cheque Book for every Poll Book for each Candidate, to be kept by their respective Inspectors, at the Place where the Poll for such Election

shall be taken or carried on.

Bailiff offending. profecuted.

Cheque Book for every Poll

Book.

III. And be it further enacted, That in case any such Bailiff or his Deputy as aforefaid shall wilfully offend against or act contrars to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, such Bailiff or Depaty shall be liable to be prosecuted, by Information or Indiament, in His Majesty's Court of King's Bench at Westminster, in which so Noli Profequi or Ceffet Processus shall be granted; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be sufficient Proceedings in for the Plaintiff, in any Action of Debt given by this Act, to fet case of Offence forth in the Declaration or Bill, that the Defendant is indebted to against A&. him in the Sum of affedge the particular Offence for which the Action or Suit is brought, and that the Defendant hath acted contrary to this Act, without mentioning the Writ of Summons to Parliament, the Precept thereon, or the Return thereto; and it shall be sufficient in any Indictment or Information for any Offence committed contrary to this Act, to alledge the particular Offence charged upon the Defendant, and that the Defendant is guilty thereof, without mentioning the Writ of Summons to Parliament, the Precept thereon, or the Return thereto; and upon Trial of any Issue in any such Action, Suit, Indicament or Information, the Plaintiff, Profecutor or Informer shall not be obliged to prove the Writ of Summons to Parliament, the Precept thereon, or the Return thereto, or any Warrant or Authority to the Bailiff, grounded upon any fuch Writ of Summons.

V. Provided always, That every Action, Suit, Indictment or Limitation of Information given by this Act shall be commenced within the Space Actions. of Six Calendar Months after the Fact upon which the same is

grounded shall have been committed.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all the Statutes of Jeofails Statutes of Jeoand Amendments of the Law whatfoever shall and may be construed fails, &c. extendto extend to all Proceedings in any Action, Suit, Indictment or Information, given or allowed by this Act, or which shall be brought in pursuance thereof.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case Treble Costs. the Plaintiff or Informer in any Action, Suit, Indictment or Information given by this Act, shall discontinue the same or be non-fuited, or Judgment be otherwise given against him, then and in any of the said cases the Defendant against whom such Action, Suit or Information shall have been brought, shall recover his Treble Cofts.

VIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That all and every Former Acts in the Clauses, Powers, Directions, Provisions, Penalties and Forfeitures force. mentioned and contained in the feveral Acts made and now in force, concerning Elections for Cities and Boroughs not herein or hereby specifically altered or otherwise provided for, shall be construed as heretofore to extend to the City and Liberty of Westminster, in the fame manner as if the same and every of them were severally repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this present Act; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding,

IX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue and Continuance of be in force from the passing thereof until the First Day of August Act.

One thousand eight hundred and thirteen.

C A P. CXXVII.

An A& for making more effectual Provision for preventing the Current Gold Coin of the Realm from being paid or accepted for a greater Value than the current Value of fuch Coin; for preventing any Note or Bill of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England from being received for any smaller Sum than the Sum therein specified; and 51 GEO. III.

for staying Proceedings upon any Distress by Tender of such Notes. [24th July 1811.]

"WHEREAS it is expedient to enact as is hereinafter provided:' Be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, no Person shall receive or pay for any Gold Coin lawfully current within the Realm, any more in Value, Benesit, Profit or Advantage, than the true lawful Value of such Coin, whether such Value, Benesit, Profit or Advantage, be paid, made or taken in lawful Money, or in any Note or Notes, Bill or Bills of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or in any Silver Token or Tokens issued by the said Governor and Company, or by any or all of the said means wholly or partly, or by any other means, Device, Shift or Contrivance whatsoever; and every Person who shall offend herein shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of a Mis-

Current Gold
Coin received
or paid for more
than the true
Value.

Mildemeanor.

Notes of Bank not received or paid for less than Amount expressed.

Misdemeanor.

Proceedings by Diffrets, &c. stayed in case Payment is tendered in Notes of the Bank of England, &c. demeanor.

II. And be it further enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person shall by any Means, Device, Shift or Contrivance whatsoever, receive or pay any Note or Notes, Bill or Bills of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, for less than the Amount of lawful Money expressed therein, and to be thereby made payable, except only lawful Discount on such Note or Bill as shall not be expressed to be payable on Demand; and every Person who shall offend herein shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of a Misdemeanor.

III. And be it enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any Person shall proceed by Distress or Poinding to recover from any Tenant or other Person liable to such Distress or Peinding, any Rent or Sum of Money due from fuch Tenant or other Person, it shall be lawful for such Tenant or other Person, in every fuch case to tender Notes of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, expressed to be payable on Demand, to the Amoust of fuch Rent or Sum so due, either alone or together with a sufficient Sum of lawful Money, to the Person on whose Behalf such Diffress or Poinding is made, or to the Officer or Person making fuch Diffress or Poinding on his Behalf; and in case such Tender shall be accepted, or in case such Tender shall be made and refused, the Goods taken in such Distress or Poinding shall be forthwith returned to the Party distrained upon, or against whom such Poinding shall have been used, unless the Party distraining or poinding and refusing to accept such Tender shall insist that a greater Sum is due than the Sum so tendered, and in such case the Parties shall proceed as usual in such Cases; but if it shall appear that no more was due than the Sum so tendered, then the Party who tendered fuch Sum shall be entitled to the Costs of all subsequent Proceedings: Provided always, that the Person to whom such Rent or Sum of Money is due shall have and be entitled to all such other Remedies for the Recovery thereof, exclusive of Distress or Pointing, as such Person had or was entitled to at the time of making such Diffress or Poinding, if such Person shall not think proper to accept fuch Tender so made as aforesaid: Provided also, that nothing herein

Provide.

Provide.

contained shall affect the Right of any Tenant, or other such Perfon as aforefaid having Right to replevy or recover the Goods fo taken in Diffress or Poinding, in case, without making such Tender as aforefaid, he shall so think fit.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That every Person who Offences in Scotshall commit in Scotland any Offence against this Act, which by the land. Provisions thereof is constituted a Misdemeanor, shall be liable to be punished by Fine and Imprisonment, or by one or the other of the faid Punishments as the Judge or Judges before whom such Offender shall be tried and convicted may direct.

V. Provided always, That nothing in this A& contained shall Ireland.

extend to Ireland.

flanding.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That this Act Continuance of shall continue and be in force to and until the Twenty fifth Day of Act. March One thousand eight hundred and twelve, and no longer.

C A P. CXXVIII.

An Act to explain an Act passed in this present Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act to permit the Interchange of the British and Irish Militias respectively. [24th *July* 1811.]

HEREAS an Act passed in the present Session of Parlia- 51 G. 3. c. 20. ment, intituled, An All to allow a certain Proportion of the . Militia of Great Britain to enlift annually into the Regular Forces; ' and to provide for the gradual Reduction of the said Militia, whereby it was, amongst other things, enacted, that the Allowance to Wives and Families of Militia Men enrolled after the faid · At should be confined to the Wives and Families of ballotted Men only: And whereas an Act passed in the present Session of Parlia- 51 G. 3. c. 118. " ment, intituled, An All to permit the Interchange of the British and ' Irish Militias respectively: And whereas Doubts bave arisen as to "whether Substitutes and Volunteers enrolled before the passing of the faid first recited Act, and whose Wives and Families are or · may be entitled to Allowances, would, after volunteering to serve " under the said last recited Act in Ireland, continue to be entitled to claim such Allowances for their Wives and Families, and it is expedient that fuch Doubts should be removed: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That nothing in the faid last recited Act of this Session of Parliament Volunteering to contained shall extend or be construed to extend to deprive any Men ferve in Ireland enrolled in the Militia, or the Wives or Families of any Men enrolled not to deprive Militia Men or in the Militia before the passing of the said first recited Act, of any Families, from Claim to demand, have and receive the Allowances and Provisions receiving effa-

§ 20.

to which they are or may be entitled under the Acts relating to the bliffed Allow-Militia, by reason of any such Men volunteering to serve in Ireland; ances and Proany thing in the faid recited Act contained to the contrary notwith- visions.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS

TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED;

QR PRINTED COPIES WHEREOF ARE DECLARED TO BE EVIDENCE.

- N. B.—The Continuance of fuch of the following Als as are temporary will be known (where it is not expressly stated) by referring to the following List, according to the corresponding Letter in the Title.
 - (a) For 21 Years, &c. [i. c. to the End of the next Seffion] from a Day named in the A8.

(b) For 21 Years, &c. from the passing of the A&.

- (c) For 21 Years, &c. after the End of the Term under former
- All Alls in this Lift, not diffinguished by the Letters (q.P.) are Publick Acts; to each of which is annexed a Clause in the Form following:
 - "And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed
- ss and taken to be a Publick Act, and shall be judicially taken so Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without

" being specially pleaded."

- (q.P.) Quant Publick Acts, i. e. Acts to each of which is annexed a Claufe in the Form following:
- "And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be printed by the Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty, and a "Copy thereof, so printed, shall be admitted as Evidence thereof

" by all Judges, Juffices and others."

Cap. i.

An Act for enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty for rebuilding the Parish Church of East Grinstead, in the County of Sussex. [8th March 1811.]

Cap. ii.

17 G. 2. c. 43.
9 G. 3. c. 52.
32 G. 3. c. 134.
repealed.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from the Seffions
House in the Town of Buckingbam, to Hanwell, in the County
of Oxford. (a)

[22d March 1811.]

Cap. iii.

An Act to continue the Term and enlarge the Powers of Three Acts of the Twentieth Year of His late Majefty, and the Eighth and Twenty ninth Years of His present Majefty, for repairing the Read from Sunderland near the Sea to the City of Durham. (c)

[22d March 1811.]

[Additional Trustees. Former Tolls to cease, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. iv.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His 9 G. 3. c. 79.

present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from Beverley 14 G. 3. c. 117.

to the Ferry at Hessle, and from the Malton Guide Post to the

Gravel Pit at Cottingham, in the County of York. (c)

[22d March 1811.]

Cap. v.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present 29 G. 3 c. 89. Majesty, for repairing the Road from Odibam, in the County of Sauthampton, to Farnham, in the County of Surrey. (c)

[22d March 1811.]

[Formor Tolls to cease, and new Tolls granted. Additional Tolis on Sunday.]

Cap. vi.

An Act for continuing and amending an Act of His prefent Majesty, 23 C. 3 c. 81. for repairing the Road from Bishop Wearmouth to Norton, in the County of Durham. (a) [22d March 1811.]

Cap. vii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Humlet of Rangeworthy, in the Parish of Thornbury, in the County of Gloucester. (q. P.)
[22d March 1811]

Cap, vin.

An Act for lighting, watching and improving the Streets and otherpublic Passages within the Town of Ware, in the County of Hertford. [25th March 1811.]

Cap. ix.

An Act for better paving, lighting, cleanfing, watching and other wise improving the Town of Bury Saint Edmund's, in the County of Suffolk.

[4th April 1811.]

Cap. x.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His 10 G. 3. c. 65. present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Bridge on the 29 G. 3. c. 94. Old River at Barton to Brandon Bridge, in the County of Suffolk. (c)

[4th April 1811.]

[Additional Trustees. Former Tolle repealed, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. xi.

An Act for enabling the Company of Proprietors of the Creydon 4x G. 3. (U.K.)

Canal to raise Money * to complete the said Canal and Works; acxivit,
and for amending the former Acts passed relative thereto.

* [80,000/.] [4th April 1811.]

Cap. xii.

An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and amending the 32 G. 3. c. 156.

Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the 41 G. 3. (UK.)

Road from Golden Grove Park to the Turnpike Road leading from c.v.

the new Bridge to the Lime Kilns, and other Roads in the said

F f 3

Acts mentioned, in the County of Carmarthen; and for making Two new Branches of Road to communicate with the faid Roads. (a)

[4th April 1811.]

[Former Tolls to ceafe, and new Tolls granted. Double Tolls on Sun.lay.]

Cap. xiii.

35 G. 3. c. 142. An Act for enlarging the Term* and Powers of an Act of His prefent Majesty, for repairing the Road from Hyde Park Corner to Counter's Bridge, and certain other Roads in the County of Middlesex. [4th April 1811.]

[* For 14 Years, &c.]

[Former Tolls to cease, and new Tolls granted. Collettors of Sunday Tolls under 5 G. 3. c. 13. and 50 G. 3. c. xxviii. to cause their Christian and Surnames with the Words "Sunday Toll" to be painted on a Board, and hung up in Front of Toll House.]

Cap. xiv.

24 G. 2. c. 25. An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of so much of an Act of His late Majesty, for making a Road for the Passage of Troops and Carriages, from the City of Carlisle to the Town of Newcastle upon Tyne, as relates to the County of Cumberland.

[4th April 1811.]

[Additional Trustees. Former Tolls to cease, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. xv.

An Act for widening and improving the Street called the Nethergate, in the Burgh of Dundee, in the County of Forfar.

Cap. xvi.

[4th April 1811.]

An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His prefent Majesty, for repairing the Roads from the South Gate of King's Lynn, into the Parishes of East Walton, Narborough, Stoke Ferry and Downham Market, in the County of Norfolk. (c)

Cap. xvii.

10 G. 3. c. 86.
31 G. 3. c. 113.

An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His prefent Majesty, for repairing the Roads from the East Gate of King's Lynn, to the North End of Babingley Lane, and to extend the Road from thence to Darsingham, in the County of Norfolk. (c)

[4th April 1811.]

Cap. xviii.

31 G. 3. c. 107.
32 G. 3. c. 120.
39 G. 3. c. 120.
39 G. 3. c. 120.
49 G. 3. c. 120.
[4th April 1811.]

Cap. xix.

An Act for repairing the Road leading from Shankhill in the County of Kilkenny, to the City of Waterford. (a) [4th April 1811.]

Cap. xx.

An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of Three Acts of His 32 G. 3 c. 120. present Majesty, for making and repairing the Roads from the New 35 G. 3. C. 150. Bridge over the Water of Almond, on the Confines of the Counties 38 G. 3. C. XXXVI of Edinburgh and Linlithgow, by the Town of Bathgate to Baillieflon, in the County of Lanark, and several other Roads mentioned in the faid Acts. [4th April 1811.]

[Former Tolls to cease, and new Tolls granted. For Term under sormer Aas.]

Cap. xxi.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Whickham, in the County of Durham. (q. P.) [4th April 1811.]

Cap. xxii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Barnham Broom, and Parish or Hamlet of Bickerstone, in the County of Norfolk. (q. P.) [4th April 1811.]

Cap. xxiii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Finchley, in the County of Middlesex. (q.P.) "Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 27. [4th *April* 1811.]

Cap. xxiv.

An Act for inclosing and exonerating from Tythes, Lands in the Townships of Lune, Holwick and Romaldkirk, in the North Riding of the County of York. (q P.) [4th April 1811.]

Cap. xxv.

An A& for inclosing certain Lands in the Hamlets of Chadlington West, Chadlington East and Chilson, in the Parish of Charlbury, in the County of Oxford. (q P.) [4th April 1811.] " Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 26.29.

Cap. xxvi.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of By well Saint Peter, in the County of Northumberland. (q P.) [4th April 1811.]

Cap. xxvii.

An Act to continue and amend an Act of His present Majesty, for 34 G. 3. c. 114. repairing the Road from Norwich to Aylfham, in the County of Norfolk; and to make and maintain the Road from Aylsbam to Cromer, and Part of the Road leading towards Wolterton, branching off from the Cromer Road, to the Eagle Inn in Erpingham, in the faid County. (a)[11th April 1811.]

[Additional Trustees. Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted.]

´ Cap. xxviii.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His pre- 30 G. 3. c. 102. fent Majesty, for repairing the Road from Dudley to the New Inn, Pattingham, and also the Road from Shut End, to join the Wol-Ff4 verbampton

verhampton Turnpike Road, in the Counties of Worcester, Stafford and Salop. (b) [11th April 1811.]
[Additional Trustees. Former Tolls to cease, and new Tolls granted.

Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. xxix.

10 G. t. c. 9. 16 G. 2. c. 19. 9 G. 3. c. 63. 27 G. 3. c. 69. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts for repairing the Road from Harlow Bush Common, in the Parish of Harlow, to Woodford, in the County of Essex, and the Road from Epping, through the Parishes of Northweald, Bassett, Bobbingworth, High Ongar, Chipping Ongar and Shelley, to the Four Want Way, in the Parish of Shelley, and from thence through the Parishes of High Ongar and Norton Mandeville, to the Parish of Writtle, in the said County. (c)

[New Trussees. Additional Tolls.]

Cap. xxx.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Hatfield, Thorne and Fishlake, in the Manor of Haitefeld, in the West Riding of the County of York. (q. P.) [11th April 1811.]

4 Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 26.

Cap. xxxi.

An Act for amending the Road from Barton Bridge into the Manchester and Altrincham Turnpike Road; and also a Branch therefrom, into the said Turnpike Road; all in the County of Lancaster. (b) [6th May 1811.]

Cap. xxxii.

An Act for better affeffing and collecting the Poor and other Rates in the Parish of Christ Church in the County of Surrey; for better regulating the Poor thereof; and for cleansing, watching, lighting and otherwise improving the Streets, Lanes and other Public Passages and Places in the said Parish, and for other Purposes relating thereto.

[6th May 1811.]

Cap. xxxiii.

An Act for erecting and maintaining a Harbour, and Works connected therewith, at *Dunure*, in the County of Agr.

[6th May 1811.]

Cap. xxxiv.

An Act for paving, lighting and cleanfing the City of Perth, and for maintaining Police and good Order within the faid City.

[6th May 1811.]

Cap. xxxv.

An Act for widening, paving, improving and keeping in Repair the Streets, Lanes and other Paffages in the Royal Burgh of Kirk-caldy, in the County of Fife, for the better supplying the Inhabitants thereof with Water; and for other Purposes of Utility to the said Burgh.

[6th May 1811.]

Cap. xxxvi.

An Act to amend an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Twenty fixth Year of His present Majesty, for making and repair-

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ing Public Roads in the County of Dublin, with respect to the Roads within those Parts of the Baronies of Uppercross and Newcaftle, which are fituate on the South East Side of the great Turnpike Road leading from Dublis to Cork, by Rathcoole and Naas. [6th May 1811.]

Cap. xxxvii.

An A& for continuing several A&s for laying a Duty of Two Pen- 3 G. t. c. 6. nies Scats, or One Sixth Part of a Penny Sterling, on every Pint 10 G. 2. c. 7. of Ale, Beer or Porter, that shall be vended or sold within the 2 G.3 c. 55. Town of Dumfries and Privileges thereof. (b)

[6th May 1811.]

Cap. xxxviii.

An Act for building and maintaining a Bridge over the Water of Doon, which runs between the Parishes of Ayr and Maybole, in the County of Ayr. [6th May 1811.]

"Trustees under 45 G. 3. c. xxviii. to be Trustees for building Bridge

" under this A.C. To continue during 45 G. 3.

Cap. xxxix.

An Act for building a Bridge over the River Northelk near the Village of Marykirk, in the County of Kincardine.

[6th May 1811.]

Cap. xl.

An Act for more effectually repairing certain Roads in the County 32 G. 3. c. 149. of Berwick, and for building a Bridge over the River Whitadder, as to Roads [6th May 1811.] authorited to be in the said County. (b)

made Turnpike only, repealed.

Cap. zli.

An Act to continue and enlarge the Term and Powers of Two Acts 27 G. 3. c. 89. of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road leading from Ber- 45 G.3. c. Ivi, wick upon Tweed, by Ayton Bridge, to Dunglas Bridge; and the Roads from Billie Caufeway and Presson Bridge, to join the said Road at or near Cockburnspath Tower, in the County of Berwick. (b) [6th May 1811.]

[Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. xlii.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts of His 42 G. 3. a.c. present Majesty, for making and maintaining the Roads communi- 44 G. 3. c. xxxvil. cating with the West India and East India Docks, and for repairing the Cannon Street Road, and for making and maintaining a new
Road to Barking, and a Road from the Romford and Whitechapel
Road to Tilbum Fort in the Committee of Table 2019. Road to Tilbury Fort, in the Counties of Middlefex and Effex. (b) [6th May 1811]

Cap. xliii.

An Act for improving the Navigation from the Hythe at Colchester to 9 & 10 W. 3. Wivenboe in the County of Effex; and for better paving, lighting, c. 19. 5 G. I. C. 31. watching, cleaning and improving the faid Town of Colchefter. [6th May 1811.] 13 G. 2 c. 30. 21 G. 3. c. 30. Cap. repealed.

Cap. xliv.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from the Wem and Whitchurch Road, to the Sandford and Hodnet Road, both in the County of Salop. (b) [6th May 1811.]

· *Cap*. xlv.

10 G. 3. c. 78. 31 G. 3. c. 100. An Act to continue and amend Two Acts of His present Majesty for repairing feveral Roads leading from the Bell, in Stoke Ferry, in the County of Norfolk, and the Road from Methwold Warren House to a Place called the Devil's Ditch, in the faid County. (c) [6th May 1811.]

[Former Tolls to ceafe, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. xlvi.

8 G. 3. c. 61. 30 G. 3. c. 106. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His prefent Majesty, for repairing the Road from Abingdon to Swinford, in the County of Berks. (b) [6th May 1811.]

[Additional Truflees.]

Cap. xlvii.

II G. 3. c. 94. 31 G. 3. c. 104.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Vineball, in the County of Suffex, to Cripps's Corner, and from thence to Staplecross, and from Cripps's Corner to the Town of Rye, in the laid County. (c) [6th May 1811.] [Additional Truflees. Former Tolls to cense, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. klviii.

31 G. 2. c. 49. 7 G. 3. c. 62. 41 G. 3. (U. K.) e. xxvi. repealed.

An A& for repairing and improving the Roads leading to and from Tiverton, in the County of Devon. (b) [6th May 1811.] [Additional Tolls on Sunday, except on Waggons.]

Cap. xlix.

An Act for regulating the Rates and Charges to be received by the London Dock Company, upon Wines and Spirits landed and warehoused in the London Docks. [5th May 1811.]

39 & 40 G. 3. c. xlvii.

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Fortieth Year of the Reign of His prosent Mainly installed of His present Majesty, intituled, An All for making Wes Docks, Basins, Cuts, and other Works, for the greater Accommodation and Security of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue, within the Port of · London: And whereas the London Dock Company, established by the said Act, have, under the Provisions thereof, and of divers other · Acts of Parliament passed since the said Act, for extending, enlarging, altering and amending the Powers of the faid Act, made and erected extensive and commodious Wet Docks, Basins, Cuts and other Works and Warehouses, for the Accommodation and Security of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue, within the Port of 43 G. 3. c. 132. London: And whereas, under the Authority of an Act, passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majelly, for e permitting certain Goods imported into Great Britain, to be fecured in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty, and another Act,

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passed in the Forty sourth Year of the Reign of His present 44 G. 3-c. 100. Majefty, for warehousing Goods within the Limits of the Docks o made by the London Dock Company, and for making Regulations relating to the faid Docks, very large Quantities of Wines and Spirits have been landed, deposited and secured, in the said Docks, for the Benefit of the Revenue, and of the Importers and Owners of the faid Goods: And whereas Disputes have from time to time arisen on the subject of the Charges to be made by the London Dock Company, in respect of such Wines and Spirits, for Landing, Wharfage, Warehousing, Care and Custody thereof, and other incidental Charges; and it is effential to the Interests of the London Dock Company, and of the Importers and Owners of Wines and Spirits landed and deposited in the said Docks under the Authority of the faid Acts, that further and more particular Regulations than are contained in the faid Acts, should be made in Relation to the receiving and Care of fuch Wines and Spirits, and the Charges of the faid Company thereon; but the fame cannot be accomplished. without the Interpolition and Aid of Parliament: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this prefent Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That Company authe faid London Dock Company shall be allowed and authorized, and therized to take are hereby empowered and authorized to charge and demand, and to Rates specified receive, take and collect, for and upon all Wines and Spirits which for loading and from and after the passing of this Act shall be landed and deposited unleading Wines in the faid London Docks, fuch Rates and Charges as to the Direc- and Spirits. tors of the faid Company, or any Thirteen or more of them, shall from time to time appear reasonable and proper, not exceeding the feveral Rates and Charges in the Schedules annexed to this Act fpecified and fet forth; and the faid Schedules, and all Rules, Regulations, Directions, Provisions, Matters and Things therein contained, shall be deemed and taken to be, and construed as Part of this Act, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were severally and separately enacted and contained in the Body of this Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Company au-Directors of the faid Company, or any Thirteen or more of them, thorized to refrom time to time to reduce, alter, vary or discontinue, any of such duce and revive Rates or Charges; and also, at any time thereafter, from time to time again to revive, raife or advance, all or any of fuch Rates or Charges in such manner, either in the Whole or in Part, and in such Proportion, and as to such Articles of Charge, as to them shall seem expedient and proper, so as that the said Rates and Charges, when so advanced, shall in no case exceed the several Rates or Charges specified or fet forth in the faid Schedules to this Act annexed: Provided always, that when any of fuch Rates or Charges shall be so reduced, altered, varied or discontinued, revived, raised or advanced as aforesaid, a Table and Notice thereof shall be put up at some conspicuous Place at and in the faid Docks, so as that the same may at all times, when the faid Docks are open, be inspected by all Persons interested therein; any thing in any Act or Acts relating to the said London Dock Company to the contrary notwithstanding; and all Rates and Charges contained in the Schedules to this Act annexed,

or in any such Tables or Notices as aforefaid, shall be levied and outleded, and may be recovered, and shall be received, shall out and applied as the Rates and Charges under the said recited Ast passed in the Fortieth Year of Elis present Majesty's Reign, or any other of the Acts relating to the said Docks, are directed to be levied, collected, recovered, received and applied, and under such Rules, Regulations, Provisions, Clauses, Penalties and Forfeitures as are in the said Acts contained, in relation to the levying, collecting, receiving, laying out and applying the Rates and Charges contained in the said Acts, as far as the same are or can be made applicable (except so far as the same are by this Act or the Schedules thereunto annexed, varied, altered or repealed) as sully and effectually as if all such Rules, Regulations, Provisions, Clauses, Penalties and Forfeitures were in this Act or the Schedules thereto annexed, severally and separately repeated and re-enacted in this Act, and made Part thereof.

Publick Act,

III. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such, by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

The SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

TABLE, No. 1. ON all Wines and Spirits which shall be landed at the London

Docks in Casks not of Oak, there shall be payable the Consoli-

dated and other Rates and Charges following, as the require:	cale	may
1st.—In lieu of all Charges attending the Landing and Delivery of such Wines and Spirits as are removed from the Landon Dock Quay within Three Days after being guaged;	£	s. d,
Per Tun of 2 Pipes, 4 Hogsheads, or on 252 Gallons 2d,—In lieu of all Charges attending the Landing, Housing for Exportation, and Delivery of all such Wines and Spirits from the Company's Stores not		7 —
laid up, but taken out within Three Days, per Tun as above 3d.—In lieu of all Charges of Landing, Wharfage, Housing, Superintendance for One Year and Delivery.	-	10 -

and of all other Charges, except Warehouse Rent and Cooperage, and the special Charges hereinaster enu-

Per Tun of 2 Pipes, 4 Hogsheads, or on 252 Gallons

Warehouse Rent per Week, from the Day of the Ship's beginning to work, per Tun as above Cooperage as the Proprietor may direct agreeably

merated;

in unfizeable Casks

to the Rates in this Schedule,

797 A TEXT 37 S.F.		
TABLE, No. 2. On all Wines and Spirits which first be landed in Oak O	- B	1 .
London Docks, under a Warehousing Entry, there shall	hanks at 1	ine
the Confolidated Dock and other Rates and Charges a	s under-	26
the cafe may require;	o unoci,	
tft In lieu of all Charges attending Landing and De-	L s.	1
livery of fuch Wines and Spirits as are removed from	æ 1.	-
the London Dock Quay within Three Days after		
being guaged, per Pipe or Puncheon	- 2	6
2d.—In lieu of all Charges attending Landing, Housing	J	•
for Exportation without laying up in Cellars, and for		
Delivery from the Company's Stores within Three		
Days, per Pipe or Puncheon	- 5	~
3d.—In lieu of Rent for Three Calendar Months from		
the Day of the Ship's beginning to work, and for all		
other Charges whatever, fave as in this Schedule is		
hereinafter mentioned, as follows; and for which Rates		
as under mentioned, the Company shall make good all	•	
Deficiencies (from whatever Cause arising) which shall exceed		
One Gallon on each deficient Pipe or Puncheon, for		
any Period of Custody less than One Year.		1
Two Gallons, for any Period of Custody above One		
Year and less than Two Years; and in like		
Proportion for fucceeding Years; provided that		
fuch Deficiencies shall be claimed within Six		
Months of Delivery, and be established by the		
Excise Guage on Landing and Delivery;	•	
Ist.—On Port, Lisbon, and all other Wines hooped in		
a fimilar way, and which the London Dock Company		
engages to house and deliver with Ten Iron	•	
Hoops on each,		
If imported with that Number of Iron Hoops, per	_	
Pipe	1 —	_
If with only Eight ditto If with only Six ditto	1 1	
2d.—On Sherry, and on all Wines in like Casks, to be	* 3	_
housed and delivered with Eight Iron		
Hoops,		
If imported with that Number of Iron Hoops, per		
Pipe or Butt	1 -	
If with only Six Iron Hoops	1 1	
3d.—On Spanish Red Wines in straight bouged Pipes,		
and on all Wines in like Casks to be housed and de-		
livered with Six Iron Hoops,		
If imported with that Number of Iron Hoops, per		
Pipe	I —	
If - with Four Iron Hoops	I I	_
If with Two ditto	I 2	
4th.—On Madeira, and all Wines in like Casks, per Pipe 5th.—On Wine in Hogsheads, being hooped according	- 19	_
to the Cultom of the Port of Shipping, half the Rate		
payable upon the fame Kind of Wine in Pipes.		
Entance also and annual and it me as bear	6th	

6th.—On Claret, and all Wines in fimilar Casks which the Company engages to house and deliver with	£	s.	d.
Six Iron Hoops, If imported with that Number of Iron Hoops, per Hogshead If with only Four Iron Hoops If with only Two ditto If without Iron Hoops 7th.—On Spirits, the Casks to be housed and delivered, with Six Iron Hoops,		11 12 13 15	6 6 6
If imported with that Number of Iron Hoops, per Pipe or Puncheon If - with only Four Iron Hoops If - with only Two ditto 8th.—On Wines or Spirits in unfizeable Casks, proportionably to their Contents over and above a regular Pipe of Wine, or Piece of Brandy or other Spirits.	- I	3	_
oth—On every Cask of Wine talted, in Store, under a written Order for each Time N. B. Tasting not to be permitted, except to the Proprietor himself, unless under a written Order Moreover there shall be payable on all Wines and Spirits, landed under a Warehousing Entry (the Company being at liberty to house the same, after the Expiration of Three Days from their being guaged) whether chargeable under Table No. 1. or Table No. 2. the		-	3
following SPECIAL CHARGES ON DELIVERY;	viz.		
rst —In all cases where the Importer shall require his Casks to be left on the Quay beyond Three Days, after being guaged, he shall pay Quay Rent on each Pipe or Puncheon per Day, for every Day after such Three Days			6
And, WATCHING, agreeably to the Rates hereinafter mentioned; viz.	,		
On I to 20 Casks, per Night 21 to 30 Do. Do. 31 to 40 Do. Do. 41 to 50 Do. Do. 51 to 60 Do. Do. 61 to 70 Do. Do. 71 to 80 Do. Do. 81 to 90 Do. Do. 91 to 100 Do. Do. And on any larger Quantity, per Night But the Charge for Watching to cease as follows; viz.		1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 6	6 6 6
After 6 Nights, on any Quantity not exceeding 100 Pipe 7 Do Do 200 Do. 8 Do Do 400 Do.	•	A	.

C.xlix.

COOPER'S

COO	PER'S V	vork,	and MA	TERIALS	upplied; viz.
Wimmin	_				£ s. d.
Trimming Driving	g	•	•	•	· — 2 —
	ops, per H	Podn			1 -
Pieces of	Lead, ea	rh rh	_	_	
Rivets, e			-	-	9
Chimes,		_			— — 6
Uncaling	, per Pipe	or Punc	heon	•	· — 1 —
Casing	- 1.	Do.	•	•	· — I —
Racking		Dó.	•		2 6
Housing	and Carvin	ng	-	•	· — ı —
Breaking	out for C	ooperag	e, and lay	ing up again	6
Unhousir	ig and Lo	ading fro	m the Qu	ay	- — I 4
Unhousin	ig, Wharf	age and	Shipping	•	2 -
Loading	from the	Quay		-	8
Shipping	from Do.		•	. •	8
Quay Re	ents on all	Wines at	nd Spirits	not landed un	der a ·
Wareh	outing E	itry, noi	ordered	(within Five]	Days
after b	eginning t	o land)	to be hou	fed, on each	
per Da	y	-	• • •		· 6
Store or	Cellar Rei	nt on Wi	nes and	pirits, (order	ed to
be hou	iled at the	time of	landing)	for the first T	hree
Calend	ar Months	on eac	n Pipe, p	r Week	•
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	to 50	- -	Do.	-	2 -
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On 21 and upwards - 7 6
And if on an entire Cargo - 1 1 —
Copy of Certificate - 1 —

N. B. Hogsheads of Wine to pay Half the Rates chargeable on Pipes; and unfizeable Casks to pay an increased Rate proportionably to their Contents, over and above a regular Pipe of Wine or Piece of Brandy.

Landing, Wharfage and Delivery from the Quay, per & s. d.
Pipe or Puncheon, exclusive of Cooperage on Delivery as ordered; and also of Quay Rent and Watching as above, beyond the Fifth Day after beginning to land

Cap. 1.

An Act for vesting certain Estates late of the Right Honourable George Lord Viscount Sackville deceased, situate in the Borough Town and Parish of East Grinslead, in the County of Sussex, in Trustees, upon Trust to sell the same; and to lay out the Monies thence arising in the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled to the same Uses as the Estates so sold. (q. P.) [6th May 1811.]

Cap. li.

An Act for effectually feparating the several Churches or Chapelries of Nailsea and Bourton otherwise Flax Bourton otherwise Boreton, in the County of Somerset, from the Rectory and Parish Church of Wraxhall, in the said County, and for uniting the several Churches or Chapelries of Nailsea and Bourton otherwise Flax Bourton otherwise Boreton aforesaid, into and making the same one distinct and separate Rectory. (q. P.) [6th May 1811.]

Cap. lii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in Scarning, Hoe, Worthing and Dillington, in the County of Norfolk. (q. P.) [6th May 1811.]

Cap. liii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor, Lordship or Forest of Westward, in the Parish of Westward, in the County of Cumberland. (q P.) [6th May 1811.]

"Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 19, 20.

Cap. liv.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of Cholmondeston, in the Parish of Allon, in the County of Chester. (q. P.)

[6th May 1811.]

Cap. lv.

An Act for inclosing certain Tracts, or Parcels of Common and Waste Grounds, called Fulwood Moor and Cadeley Moor, within and Parcel of the Forest of Fulwood, in the County Palatine of Lancoster. (q. P.)

[6th May 1811.]

44 Allotment to His Majesty. § 28.

Cap. lvi.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Long Compton, in the County of Warwick. (q. P.)

4 Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 31, 32. 47.

Cap. lvii.

An Act for inclosing and exonerating from Tythes, Lands in the Parishes of Great Paxton and Toseland, in the County of Huntingdon.

(q. P.)

[6th May 1811.]

Cap. lviii.
for inclosing Lands in the Town

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships of Wigton, Woodside and Waverton, within and Parcel of the Barony of Wigton in the County of Cumberland. (q. P.) [6th May 1811.]

4 Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 18, 19, 20.

Cap. lix.

An At for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Saint John the Baptist Peterborough, in the County of Northampton. (q. P)
[6th May 1811.]

4 Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 20. 22, 23, 24.

Cap. lx.

An Act for making a navigable Canal from the River Avon, at or near Morgan's Pill, in the Parish of Easton in Gordano otherwise Saint George's, in the County of Somerset, to or near the River Tone, in the Parish of Saint James in Taunton, in the said County, and a certain navigable Cut therein described.

[14th May 1811.]

[420,000 l. and if not sufficient additional 150,000 l.]

Cap. lxi.

An Act for paving, lighting, cleanfing, widening and otherways improving the Streets of the Burgh of Dunfermline, increasing the Supply of Water, extending the Royalty of the faid Burgh; and for other Purposes therein mentioned relative thereto.

[14th May 181.] Cap. lxii.

An Act for repealing fo much of an Act of the Thirty ninth and Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Village of Magor to the Bridge Foot in the Town of Chepflow, in the County of Monmouth; and several other Roads in the Counties of Monmouth, Gloucester, Hereford and Brecon, as relates to the Newport District of Roads; and for granting further and other Powers for repairing the Roads in the said District. (a)

[14th May 1811.]
[Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. lxiii.

24 G. 2. c. 35.

An A& for rendering more effectual feveral A&s for repairing the
Turnpike Road from Cramond Bridge to the Town of Queensferry
in the County of Linlithgow; and for altering and repairing the
High

High Road leading from the West End of the said Town of Queensferry to the Town of Linkingow. (a)

[14th May 1811.] By the Words of this At the whole of the Three Atts in the Margin are repealed, but it feems as though the subole of 11 G. 3. c. 79, and of 32 G. 3. c. 125, and Part only of 24 G. 2. c. 35. was meant to be repealed.]

Cap. lxiv.

An Act for providing a Workhouse for the Use of the Parish of 2 G. 3. c. 21. Saint Mary le Strand, in the County of Middlesex, and Liberty 3 G. 3. c. 23. of Westminster; and for better paving, lighting, cleanfing and 4 G.3. c. 39. watching the faid Parish; and for other Purpoles therein men- 11 G. s. c. 22.

[14th *May* 1811.] 30 G. 3. c. 53.

e Power of making a Rate for watching under 14 G. 3. c. 90. repealed as to " extended.

Parish of Saint Mary le Strand.

Cap. lxv. An Act for continuing the Term and amending the Powers of an 31 G. 3. c. 102. Act for repairing the Road leading from Robeston Wathan to Saint Clears, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of Pembroke and Carmarthen. (c) [14th May 1811.]

[Additional Truflees. Former Tolls to cease, and new Tolls granted. Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. lxvi.

An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act of His present Majesty, for maintaining and improving the Docks and Warehouses, called The Commercial Docks, in the Parish of Saint Mary Rotherbibe, in the County of Surrey; and for extending the Powers of the faid Act. [14th May 1811.]

HEREAS an Act was passed in the Fistieth Year of the 50 G.3. c cerii. Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An All for maintaining and improving the Docks and Warehouses called The Commercial Docks, and for making and maintaining other Docks and Warehouses to communicate therewith, all in the Parish of Saint Mary * Rotherhithe, in the County of Surrey: whereby the several Persons therein named, and other Persons therein described, were created a 4 Joint Stock Company by the Name of The Commercial Dock Company, for the Purpole of maintaining and improving a certain Dock ⁴ formerly called Greenland Dock, and other Docks and Premifes adjoining thereto, and making other Docks, Timber Ponds, Sluices, Outlets and other Works, necessary for the Accommodation of Vessels laden with Timber and other Articles in the faid Act mentioned: And whereas by the faid Act the faid Company were authorized to raife and contribute among themselves, for the • Purposes set forth in the said Act, in addition to the Shares then already escated or Sums then already subscribed for, a further Sum, not exceeding the Sum of One hundred and thirty thousand Pounds, in manner therein mentioned; and which additional Sum of One hundred and thirty thousand Pounds, together with the Sum of One hundred and thirty thousand Pounds then already subscribed

· \$ 5+

for, in manner is the faid Act mentioned, it was thereby enacted, . Should form one joint Capital Stock of the faid Company: And whereas the whole of the original Subscription of One hundred

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and thirty thousand Pounds has been expended towards the Purposes of the said Act in the Purchase of the said Docks. Land, and in Works: And whereas the faid Company have proceeded to raife the faid further Sum of One hundred and thirty thousand Pounds, by the Creation of One thousand three hundred new Shares, purfuant to the Provisions in the said Act contained; and have made a Call pursuant to the Power in the said Act contained, in part of the faid further Sum of One hundred and thirty thousand Pounds, - thereby authorized to be raifed; the Amount of which Call has been paid and expended for the Purposes of the said Act; and the faid Company are proceeding to get in the whole thereof as quick as by the Provisions of the said Act they are empowered to do: And whereas the faid Company find that they cannot make the faid Dock complete and commodious to the Public for Reception and Discharge of Timber Ships, and the Admission and Storing of Timber, and other Purpoles in the faid Act mentioned, without purchasing divers Lands, Messuages, Tenements and Hereditaments, and other Premises near to the said Commercial Docks, all in the said Parish of Saint Mary Rotherhithe, in Addition to the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, and other Premises, which by the faid Act they were authorized to purchase; and without making additional Cuts, Communications and Entrances into or out of the River Thames, and also additional Wharfs, Quays and other Works, and altering and varying some of the Roads, Ways and Streets, near to the faid Docks, and making other Improvements: And whereas the same cannot be carried into Execution without the Aid of Parliament, nor unless the said Company are empowered to raise a further Sum, in Addition to the said Sums now raised, and authorized to be raised, as aforesaid: And whereas the said · Company are willing to raife, amongst themselves, whatever Sum ' may be necessary for executing the Purposes aforesaid;' May it therefore please Your Majesty, That it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by and with the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the said Company to raile and contribute amongst themselves, in Addition to the Two thousand fix hundred Shares already created, or Sums already subscribed for or authorized to be raised as aforesaid, a competent Sum of Money for the improving, completing and maintaining the Docks, Feeders, Aqueducts, Entrances, Ways, Roads, Bridges, Offices, Sluices, Wharfs, Warehouses and Works already made and intended, er by the faid Act and hereby authorized to be made, not exceeding in the whole, in Addition to the faid Two thousand fix hundred Shares already subscribed for, and the Sums by the said Act authorized to be raifed, the Sum of One hundred and thirty thousand Pounds; and the same Sum of One hundred and thirty thousand Pounds shall be divided into Two thousand six hundred Shares of Fifty Pounds each; and the faid Two thousand fix hundred Shares shall be and are hereby vested in the several Persons who shall, purfuant to the Provisions in the said recited Act or in this Act contained or fet forth, subscribe for the same, and their several and respective Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns, to their and every of their proper Use and Benefit, proportionably to

Company enabled to raife Money to carry on Works,

aivided into Shares; vefted in certain Persons.

the Sums they shall severally raise and contribute; and all Bodies Politic, Corporate and Collegiate, and all Persons, and their several and respective Successors, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, who shall severally subscribe for one or more Share or Shares, or fuch Sum or Sums as shall be demanded in lieu thereof, shall, after the Expiration of the Period hereinafter mentioned, be entitled to and receive the net and entire Distribution of an equal proportionable Part, according to the Number of Shares to be possessed by him or them, or the Money so by them respectively paid, of all the Profits and Advantages which shall or may arise and accrue to the faid Company, by reason of any Sums of Money to be received by the faid Company, by the Authority of this Act or otherwise, in respect of or for the Use of the Docks, Ponds, Quays, Wharfs or other Premises belonging to the said Company.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the feveral When new Sub-Persons who shall subscribe for the said Two thousand six hundred scribers entitled new Shares hereby authorized to be raifed or created, or any of them, to Profis. shall not be entitled to any rateable Share or Proportion of the Profits of the faid Company until after the Expiration of One Year, to be computed from the Day on which the said Two thousand fix hundred new Shares shall be created; and that in the mean time the entitled to Inseveral Persons who shall subscribe for new Shares as a oresaid shall terest. be entitled to receive, and the Company shall pay to him or them respectively, Interest on the several Sums to be paid by them or him in respect of such new Shares at and after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, from the time or times on or at which such

Sum or Sums of Money shall be by them or him paid.

III. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That previous to Notice of the Creation or Making of the faid Two thousand fix hundred new creating new Shares hereby authorized to be created or raifed as aforefaid, or of Shares, in Lonany of them, Notice of the Intention to create the same shall be given don Gazette, &c. in the London Gazette, and Three of the Daily Newspapers in London, for the Space of Fourteen Days at least; and that the time when the faid new Shares shall be created, and the first Call thereon shall be paid, and all other Rules and Regulations concerning the fame, shall be settled and determined by Two several General Courts of Proprietors of the faid Company, the first of which said General First General Courts shall be held not sooner than Fourteen Days after such Court, Notice as aforefaid, and the last of which said General Courts shall be held at a Distance not less than Ten Days from such first General Court; and in case all the said new Shares shall not be subscribed If new Shares for, by the feveral Persons hereby authorized to subscribe for the not subscribed same, the said Company of Proprietors may dispose of such Shares for, Company as shall not be subscribed for by such Persons as aforesaid, in such man- may dispute of ner as shall be determined on by Two several Courts of Proprietors to them. be held for fuch Purpose.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the faid Sum of One hun- New Shares dred and thirty thousand Pounds, allowed to be raised under this A& Committee Joint upon Two thousand fix hundred Shares, and the Shares already created, shall make one Joint Capital Stock of the said Company.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all or any Old Subscribers Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, who at the time of entitled to interthe creating or making the Two thousand fix hundred Shares hereby Shares, Reauthorized to be subscribed for, shall be possessed of any of the firitions.

Shares already subscribed for, shall be entitled, if they so please, to subscribe for any Number of the said Two thousand six hundred new Shares, not exceeding the Number of old Shares of which he or they shall be then possessed.

50 G. 3. e. cevii. § 16. repealed.

VI. And whereas the Days appointed by the faid Act for holding General Courts are not convenient; Be it therefore enacted, That so much of the said Act as requires General Courts to be held on the Second Friday in January, and Second Friday in July in each Year, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and that from and after the passing of this Act the said Company shall hold General Courts of General Courts. the faid Company Twice at least in each and every Year, on the following Days; that is to say, on the Second Friday in January, and

the Second Friday in June, in each and every Year. VII. And whereas Maps and Plans describing the Place at which

Books of Reference,&c.

it may become necessary to make another Entrance into the said Docks, belides fuch as are described in the faid recited Act, and fuch other Improvements as may also be beneficial for the effecting Maps and Plans, 4 the Purposes of the said Act and this Act, in affording the Accommodation authorized to be given thereby; and Books of Reference, containing a Lift of the Owners or reputed Owners and Occupiers of the Lands and Premiles necessary to be taken for the · Purposes of the said Act and this Act, have been deposited in the Office of the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Surrey;' Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the faid Com. pany to make another Entrance into the River Thames, between Lavender Dock and the Ordnance Wharf, at or near the Place marked in the Plan deposited with the Clerk of the Peace for the County of Surrey, for the Purpoles of this Act; any thing in the faid recited Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding: And all and every the Powers, Clauses and Provisions of the said recited A&, for enabling the faid Company to purchase Lands, Tenements Houses, Premises and other Hereditaments under the said Act, for the Purposes thereof, and for enabling Corporate Bodies and incapacitated Persons to sell; and for assessing the Value of any Lands, Tenements, Houses, Premises and other Hereditaments purchased or taken under the said recited Act, by a Jury, in case of Refusal or Incapacity of the Parties to fell; and directing the Application of Purchase Money; and for vesting Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments purchased by the said Company, in the said Company; and all other Powers, Clauses and Provisions in the faid recited Act contained, as to Purchases and Compensations, shall be and the same are hereby extended to all such additional Works or Entrances, or Roads, Bridges or other Improvements, by this Act authorized to be made, or referred to, or marked, or described on the Map or Plan deposited with the Clerk of the Peace as aforesaid, on the passing of this Act, as fully and effectually as if the same were in this Act severally and separately repeated, and made part of this Act.

Plan open for public Inspection.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the faid Map or Plan, and Book of Reference, shall remain in the Custody of the Clerk of the Peace for the faid County, to the end that all Persons may at all seafonable times have Liberty to inspect and peruse, and to take Copies or Extracts thereof at their Will and Pleasure, paying the Clerk of the Peace the Sum of One Shilling for every such Inspection, and after the Rate of Four Pence for every Seventy two Words of Inch Copies

. Copies or Extracts of the faid Book of Reference; and that the faid Company of Proprietors, in making the faid Entrance hereby authorized to be made between Lavender Dock and the Ordnance Wharf, both in the Parish of Saint Mary Rotherbithe, in the County of Surrey, and in making all or any other of the Improvements hereby authorized to be made, shall not deviate from or extend beyond the Line described in the said Map or Plan, without the Consent in Writing of the Person or Persons whose Lands or Premises shall be wanted for their Purpose: Provided always, that nothing in this Proviso. Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to authorize or empower the faid Company, or any Person or Persons on their Behalf, to take or use for the Purpoles of this A&, any Houses, Gardens or Orchards, without the Consent of the Owners or Proprietors thereof in Writing first had and obtained, save and except the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and other Hereditaments, mentioned and described in the Schedule hereunto annexed, marked (A.)

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in Limitation as to this Act contained shall be deemed or taken to empower the said purchase of Company to purchase any Land fronting to the said River Thomes be- Lands tween Lavender Dock and the Ordnance Wharf, exceeding Two hundred and fifty Feet in the Front thereof; nor shall any thing contained in this Act or the Schedule marked (A.) to this Act annexed, empower the faid Company to purchase in the whole a greater Extent of Land than Twenty Acres.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in Proviso for this Act contained shall be deemed or taken or be construed so as in Powers elicady any way to prejudice or derogate from the Estates, Rights, Inte-in Company. rests, Privileges or Franchises, which it is provided by the said recited Act shall not be prejudiced or derogated from, except inasmuch as the same may be affected by the particular Provisions of this Act.

' XI. And whereas a shorter and more convenient Footway may A new Foot-way be made, leading from Grove Street to Great Ruffel Street, in the from Grove Parish of Saint Mary, Rotherbithe; Be it therefore further enacted, Street to Great that it shall be lawful for the said Company, by and with the Au-Russell Street. thority and Permission of Two Justices of the Peace for the County of Surrey, to be by them certified in Writing under their Hands, to shorten and make more convenient the Footway leading from Grove Street to Great Ruffel Street aforesaid; and for that Purpose, and in fuch case, and with such Authority and Permission, to stop up or make fuch Alteration in the present Footway as may be necessary; any thing in the faid Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in Provide for East

this Act contained shall authorize the said Company to make any Country Dock Alteration in or upon that Part of the faid Footpath which runs Company. across the Hereditaments and Premises of or belonging to the East Country Dock Company, unless with the Consent of the Directors of such Company, or the Majority of them for the time being.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the faid Company shall swivel Bridger have full Power and Authority, and they are hereby authorized, to erected. make and fet up one or more Swivel Bridge or Bridges, in the manner and of the Dimensions, and subject to the Regulations hereinafter mentioned, as the case shall require, over any of the public Roads or other Ways, under the Controll of the Truftees of the Roads there, within the Line described in the said Plan, deposited with the Gg4

Clerk of the Peace, in lieu and instead of the Bridges required by the faid Act; any thing therein contained to the contrary notwith**ftanding**

Mode of making Swivel Bridges.

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That each and every fuch Swivel or other Bridge or Bridges to be made, fet up or placed over any Cut, Canal or Lock made or to be made in any public Road, Street or other Way, shall be made with good found Materials, with a Road or Way over the same, and proper Approaches thereto, for the Passage of all and every Person and Perfons, Carriages, Horses, Beatle and other Cattle; and which said Road or Way over every fuch Cut, Canal or Lock shall be of the Width of Fifteen Feet, Seven Feet whereof at the least shall be set out for a Carriage Way, and Two Paths or Causeways for Foot Passengers of the Width of Four Feet each at the least, the said Footway to be raifed Seven Inches above the Level of the Carriage Way, and the same shall at all times be properly fenced, inclosed and secured from the Carriage Way, with stout Iron Railing of the Heighth of Three Feet at the least, for the safe and commodious passing of Perfons, Horses, Beasts and Carriages over the same.

To be properly secured.

XV. And be it further enacted, That such Bridge or Bridges shall at all times be kept shut and closed, and properly and effectually secured for the fafe passing and repassing of all Persons, Horses, Beasts and Carriages, upon or over the same, except as is hereinafter mentioned.

At what Hours Swivel Bridges opened, and Road-way flopped.

XVI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the faid Bridge or Bridges shall and may be opened for the Passage of Vessels through any Cut, Canal or Lock into or from the faid Dock or Bafin, at any time between the Hours of Five of the Clock and Eight of the Clock in the Forenoon, and between the Hours of Six of the Clock and Eight of the Clock in the Afternoon, from Lady Day to Michaelmas Day yearly, and between the Hours of Seven of the Clock and Nine of the Clock in the Forenoon, and the Hours of Four the of Clock and Five of the Clock in the Afternoon, from Michaelmas Day to Lady Day yearly, so that the same shall not remain, or be continued open, or the Paffage over the same prevented or hindered beyond the Space of Fifteen Minutes at any One time, and so that immediately after the Expiration of such Fifteen Minutes the said Bridge and Bridges be properly fastened and secured, and not again opened when any Person or Persons shall be waiting to pass over the same, until after the Expiration of Ten Minutes from the shutting thereof.

Lamps affixed at Corner of Bridges.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the faid Company of Proprietors shall and they are hereby required, from and after any and every Bridge or Bridges shall be made, to affix and place one Glass Lamp, with proper Burners, at each Corner of every fuch Bridge or Bridges, and to cause the same to be properly lighted and kept in Light from the time of Sun-set to the time of Sun-rise every Evening and Morning throughout the Year, for the safe and commodious passing of Persons, Horses, Beasts and Carriages, over the said Bridge or Bridges.

Afcent and De-Bridges.

XVIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted. That the scent to and from Ascents and Descents, or inclined Planes leading to or from any and every Bridge or Bridges, made or to be made by or under the Authority of this or the faid hereinbefore recited Act, shall be regular

and gradual and shall not be steeper than at and after the Rate of Eighteen Feet for every Foot of perpendicular Heighth, to be meafured from the Surface of the Street, Road or Way in which any Cut, Canal or Lock, shall be made; and that (for and not withstanding any thing in the said former Act contained) all and every the faid Swivel or Swing Bridge or Bridges fo made, and the Paffage, Way and Ways over the fame, and the Lamps fo directed to be placed and affixed as aforefaid, shall at all times be maintained and kept in repair, fenced in and fecured, supported, amended, reinstated and kept in good and fafe Condition for the Accommodation of the Public, by and at the proper Costs and Charges of the said Com-

XIX. And be it further enacted, That in case the said Company, Opening Swivel or their Servants or Workmen, shall open or cause to be opened Bridges, or preany Bridge or Bridges by this or the faid former Act authorized to be made over any Cut, Canal or Lock to be made as aforefaid, in or otherwise than by Act authorized to Wary under the Control of the Taufeer across any Road, Street or Way, under the Controll of the Trustees rized, of the Road there, at any Hour or Time other than by this Act permitted, or shall at any Time when any Person or Persons shall be waiting to pass over the same, open or re-open such Bridge or Bridges before the Expiration of Ten Minutes from such shutting thereof; or in case the said Company, their Servants or Workmen, or any of them, shall at any time permit or suffer the said Bridge or Bridges to be re-opened or kept open contrary to the Provisions of this Act, or shall not fasten, sence or secure the same for the free, safe and commodious Passage of Persons, Horses and Carriages over the fame, then, and in every fuch case, the said Company of Proprietors, or their Successors, shall, for every such Offence, Neglect or Omisfion, forfeit and pay to any and every Person and Persons, who or whose Horse, Beast or Carriage shall be stayed or hindered in passing over any Bridge so kept open or re-opened, any Sum of Money not exceeding Five Pounds, nor lefs than Twenty Shillings, at the Penalty. Difcretion of any Justice or Justices of the Peace for the said County of Surrey, together with the reasonable Expences of the Information, Summons, Hearing and Warrant, the same to be levied and recovered from time to time by Diffress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Treasurer, Clerk or Agent to the said Company, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of fuch Justice or Justices of the Peace before whom any such Complaint shall be heard.

XX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in case any Person Company liable or Persons shall at any time or times, by or through the Negligence, to Costs. Carelessness or Omission of the said Company of Proprietors, their Servants or Workmen, fuffer or fuftain any Damage or Injury exceeding the Sum of Five Pounds, then, and in every fuch case, the whole of the Damages so suffered or sustained shall and may be recovered from the faid Company of Proprietors or their Treasurer for the time being, in any of His Majesty's Courts at Westminster, by Action of Debt or on the Cafe, or by Bill, Plaint or Information, together with Costs of Suit; and in which Action no Essoign, Privilege or Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance, shall be

4 XXI. And whereas by the faid recited Act, the Solicitor or 50 G. 3. c. ccvii. Clerk to the faid Company is required to enter, as therein men- § 12f tioned,

tioned, a Memorial of every Transfer or Sale of a Share or Shares

Registry of Transfers.

in the Stock of the faid Company: And whereas Certificates figned by Three of the Directors of the faid Company for the time being, of the Number of Shares in the Stock of the faid Company held by each of the Proprietors respectively, have been delivered to the faid Proprietors respectively: And whereas it is expedient to re-' gulate the Entry of fuch Memorial;' Be it therefore enacted, That no Memorial of any Transfer and Sale of any Share or Shares of and in the Stock of the faid Company shall be made or entered unless and until the Certificate or Certificates which has or have been, or shall be given and signed by Three of the Directors of the faid Company for the time being, of or in respect of such Share or Shares, or the Deed of Transfer to the Seller, which has or shall have been previously executed and entered in the Book or Books of the faid Company, shall be produced to the Solicitor or Clerk of the faid Company at the Office of the faid Company for the time being: Provided always, that in case it shall appear to the Satisfaction of the Directors of the faid Company for the time being, or any Seven of them, that such Certificate or Certificates, or Deed of Transfer is lost or missaid, so as that the same cannot be produced, it shall be lawful for the said Directors, or any Seven of them, by Notice in Writing, figned by them, to direct the Solicitor or Clerk to make and enter such Memorial as is by the faid Act directed to be made, notwithstanding such Certificate or Certificates, or Deed of Transfer, shall not be produced as aforesaid.

Company may take Pollession of certain Houses, &c. marked in Schedule (A.)

XXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the faid Company shall and may make the said Dock or Docks, and the Roads and Bridges connected therewith, and take Possession for the Purposes of this Act of any of the Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, mentioned and described in the Schedule marked (A.) to this Act annexed, notwithstanding the Name or Names of any Person or Persons shall or may have been omitted or improperly mentioned or spelled in the said Schedule, in case it appear to any Two or more Justices of the Peace for the said County of Surrey, and be certified by Writing under their Hands that such Error or

improper Description proceeded from Mistake.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That so much of the said recited Act as restrains the said Company from demanding, taking and receiving any greater Sums of Money, for the Dockage of Ships and Vessels, and for the receiving, warehousing and storing of Timber, Wood and Merchandize, than are mentioned and specified in the Schedule marked (B.) to the faid Act annexed, shall be and the

same is hereby repealed.

Rates of Dockage. &c. accord-

50 G. 3. c. cevii. § 65. and Sch.B,

repealed.

XXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacled, That it shall be lawful for the faid Company, from and after the passing of this in to Schedule B. Act, to demand, take and receive for the Dockage of Ships and Veffels, and for the receiving, warehousing and storing of Timbers Wood and other Merchandize, any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding the Sums of Money mentioned and specified in the Schedule marked (B.) to this Act annexed.

XXV. And whereas no Provision is made in the faid Act for the Recovery of the Dockage and other Rates and Charges upon Ships or Vessels resorting to, or on Timber and other Goods, Wares and Merchandize, deposited in the said Docks and Premises of the

' faid Company ;' Be it therefore further enacted, That in case any Proviso as to Owner, or Master or other Person having the Command or Rule of Cases when any Ship or Veffel, charged or chargeable with the Dockage and Dockage Rates other Rates and Charges allowed to be demanded and taken by the not paid. faid Act or this Act, shall refuse to pay the same, then, and in such cafe, it shall and may be lawful for the Directors of the said Company, or such Person or Persons as they shall appoint to be their Collector or Collectors as aforefaid, or any or either of them, from time to time to go on board such Ship or Vessel, to demand, collect and receive the same, and on Non payment thereof, to take and distrain every fuch Ship or Veffel, and all her Tackle, Apparel and Furniture or any Part thereof, either on Board or on Shore, and the same to detain until he or they be satisfied and paid the said Rates and Charges; and in case of any Neglect or Delay in Payment thereof, that then it shall and may be lawful for the faid Directors and their Successors, and such Person or Persons as they shall appoint as aforefaid, their Collectors or Collectors, Receiver or Receivers, to cause the same to be appraised by Two or more sworn Appraisers or other fufficient Persons, and afterwards to sell the said Distress and Distreffes, and therewith to fatisfy himself or themselves, as well for and concerning the faid Rates and Charges so neglected or delayed to be paid, and for which such Distress and Distresses shall be taken as aforefaid, as also for his or their reasonable charges in taking, keeping, appraising and selling such Distress, rendering to the Master or other Person having the Rule or Command of the said Ship or Vessel, in, to or from which such Distress shall be so taken or belong, the Overplus (if any there shall be) on Demand; and that if any Owner, Confignor, or Confignee respectively, of any Timber, Goods, Wares or Merchandize, chargeable with any of the Rates or Charges mentioned in the Schedule to the said Act or to this Act annexed, or allowed to be taken under the Provisions of this Act, shall neglect or refuse to pay the faid Rates and Charges before such Goods, Wares or Merchandize shall be shipped or removed from the Place where the same shall be landed (as the case may be), then it shall and may be lawful for the faid Directors, or their Collector or Collectors, to detain the faid Timber, Goods, Wares or Merchandize till the faid Rates and Charges, together with the reasonable Charges of keeping the faid Timber, Goods, Wares and Merchandize, shall be paid and fatisfied; and in case such Goods, Wares or Merchandize shall happen to be removed before the Rates and Charges payable for the same shall be fully paid, then it shall be lawful for the said Directors, or their faid Collector or Collectors, to take and distrain any Goods or Chattels of the Owner, Confignor or Confignee respectively, and to detain and fell the same in manner before mentioned; or the said Company shall and may prosecute any Action or Actions at Law for Recovery of the said Duties.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Master, Com- Eluding Paymander or Owner of any Ship or Vessels shall at any time after the ment of Rates Rates and Charges by this Act charged shall become payable, elude or avoid the Payment thereof, by any Method what soever, such Master, Commander or Owner of fuch Ship or Vessel, shall stand charged with and be liable to the Payment of the same; and the same shall be recovered from such Master or Owner by the same Method by which

Fines

Fines and Penalties imposed by the said Act are directed to be levied and recovered, or by any Action or Actions at Law.

Former Act extended to Act.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Powers, Provisions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things in the said recited Act contained, shall (as far as the same are not hereby altered, varied or repealed) extend to and be executed, applied, used and put in Force to all Intents and Purposes as to this Act and the several Matters and Things therein contained; and all the Clauses, Powers and Provisions of the said recited Act and this Act shall be put in Force, and used and applied for carrying into Execution the Purposes of the said Act and of this Act; and the said Act and this Act shall be construed together as one Act, as fully and effectually as if all the Powers and Provisions, Matters and Things in the said Act were repeated and re-enacted in this Act and made Part thereof.

Expences of Act

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Charges and Expences incident to and attending the passing of this Act shall be paid out of the further Monies to be raised after the passing of this Act, under the Provisions of the said recited Act or this Act.

_ Public Act.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and takes to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers:

SCHEDULE (A.)

No. on PLAN.	DESCRIPTION.	0	WNER	S.	occupiers.
τ.	Meadow	Grev	Honble ret, Re ille, and Gower	ev ^d l Ge- {	Gray.
2.	- Do	nciai	Do.	ر	Showell.
1	- Do	_	Do.	-	Daniel Brent.
3.	- Do		Do.	_	Joseph Read.
4.	(Garden, Workshop,)	_	20.	_	· ·
5.	Yard, New-built		•		Sexton, Watson,
6.	Cottage and Dwel-	_	Do.	<u>.</u>	Cole, Bell and others
7.	lings -		D 0.		()
1	C mige				Messrs. Blackett,
8.	Warehouse and Wharf	-	Do.	•	Gardner and Young
	Do. and Do.		Do.		Beech and Company.
. 9.	Dwelling and Garden -		Do.	•	Mosfe Rigg.
10.	[Two small Dwellings]	_	20.	•	Houselander and
11.	and Garden -	•	Do.	-	Townsend.
ì	(Wharf, Warehouses)			•	
12.	and Dwellings -	-	Do.	-	Taylor and Alloway.
	(Small Dwellings in)	1			
		1	Do.		SFifield, Smith, Picku
13.	the Passage to Pa-	•	170.	•	and Harrison.
	geant's Stairs - J	1	Do.		Grayfoot and Coy.
14.	Carver's Shop -	•	Do.	-	Ciayiostana coy.
15.	Paffage to Stairs - Public House and Yard	1 -	Do.	•	Chevet.
16.		-	10.	-	
. 17.	Dwelling House and	-	Do.	-	Taylor jun.
18.	Yard - J Sheds and Warehouses		Do.		Witt, and Coy and
19.	13				Scott.
20.	Stave Yard -	-	Do.	•	Taylor.
21.	Sheds, Dwelling and Yard	-	Do.	•	Scott.
22.	Dwelling, Wharf, Sheds, Warehouses,		Do.	-	Jennings.
1.	Garden and Stable	Ì			1
23.	Wharf, &c.	-	Do.	-	Rodgers.
1	(Two Dwellings and)	1	D-		"
24.	Gardens -	•	Do.	•	Branham and Sedger.
	Dwelling, Carpen-	1	_		
25.	ter's Shop and Gar-	-	Do.	-	Hutchinfon.
7	den - J	1	_		l
26.	Wharf and Warehouses	-	D٥		Jennings.
1	Dwelling, Outhouses		Do		Steel.
27.	and Garden - S	1			
28.	Yard or Court -	1 .	Do	• •	Showell.

SCHEDULE B.

SCHEDULE D							
Per Regista	er Ton.						
	d.						
Dockage on Laden Ships, with	0						
Letininon or miles							
Weeks							
After that time, if remaining							
with a Cargo on board, per > 0	2						
Week 3							
Or if remaining without a	1						
Cargo on board, per Week)	•						
Ships coming in light for the	6						
first Six Weeks -J	•						
And if exceeding that time,	1						
per Week							
A R Dimend Weffels coming to							
load Goods in the Dock	9						
All Ships to pay for							
docag							
7100 101 0000							
Algueria,							
Small Craft to pais	s. d.						
without Charge.	(Rent while stored on the Pre-)						
Wharfage of Oak and other	mifes of the Company, per 4 6						
heavy Timber per Load - 3							
neavy 1 miber per 25-25	Load per Quarter - J						
and Com of Oak and other	Rent while stored on the Pre-						
Wharfage of Oak and other	o miles of the Company, per 4 6						
heavy Planks per Load - 5	Load per Quarter -1						
Deck Plank, per Load 4	6						
	(Rent while stored on the Pre-						
Wharfage on large Timber and	o miss of the Company, per 2 •						
Masts, per Load	Load per Quarter						
Ď.	(Rent while stored on the Pre-)						
Wharfage on small Timber,	o a mises of the Company, per 3 0						
per Load	Load per Quarter -)						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Rent while stored on the Pre-						
Wharfage on Deals from the	miles of the Company, per						
Baltic, per reduced Stand- 5	Quarter per reduced Standard						
ard of 120	of 120 -						
4	(Rent while stored on the Pre-)						
Wharfage on Deals from Ame-	mifes of the Company, per						
rica, per reduced Standard 5	Quarter per reduced Standard 5						
of 120 -	of 120						
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(Rent while stored on the Pre-)						
Wharfage on Oak Pipe and	16 6 1 0						
Hogshead Staves from the \$15	o miles of the Company, per 20 o						
Raltic, per Thousand - J	Quarter, per l'ilouand						
Wharfage on Oak Barrel and	Rent while stored on the Pre-						
Heading Staves from the > 13	o mises of the Company, per 15 0						
Baltic, per Thousand -	Cuarter per Thomas						
j	Rent while stored or ware-						
Wharfage on Hemp and Flax.	housed on the Premises of						
per Ton	the Company, per vices						
p., 20	per Ton -						
•	Wharfage						

A.D. 1811.

Wharfage on Tallow, per Ton	s. i	d. 6 {	Rent while stored or ware- boused on the Premises of the Company, per Week	s .	<i>d.</i> 6
Wharfage on Pitch, Tar and Turpentine per Barrel from America or elsewhere	o	3 {	Rent while stored or ware- housed on the Premises of the Company, per Week per Barrel	O	2
Wharfage on Oil, 252 Gallons, per Ton -	2	6 {	Rent while stored or ware- housed on the Premises of the Company, per Week	1	0
Wharfage on Whalebone, per	3	6 {	Rent while stored or ware- housed on the Premises of the Company, per Week	I	•
Use of the Coppers for boiling of Blubber, 252 Gallons, per Ton	30	0	•		

Cap. lxvii.

An Act for vefting in the Justices of the Peace for the County of Rutland the New Gaol and Bridewell for that County, and the Ground purchased for the Scites thereof, and for confirming certain Rates and Proceedings relative thereto.

[14th May 1811.]

C. lxvi-lxxii.

Cap. lxviii.

An Act to repeal certain Parts of an Act of His present Majesty 12 G. 3. e.64. for building Two Chapels, and providing Burial Grounds thereto, in the Town of Birmingham, in the County of Warwick, and for amending the faid Act. [14th May 1811.]

Cap. lxix.

An Act for building and establishing a Church or Chapel of Ease, at Buxton, in the County of Derby. [14th May 1811.]

Cap. lxx.

An Act for erecting and maintaining a Bridge over the River Clyde, near Garion and Dalferf, in the County of Lanark.

[14th May 1811.]

Cap. lxxi.

An Act for repealing so much of an Act of His present Majesty, 34 G. 3. c. 2003. as relates to making a Public Way over Fosdyke Wash, in the County of Lincoln; and for granting further Powers for building [14th May 1811.] a Bridge over the faid Wash.

[Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. lxxii.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His pre- 30 G. 3. c. 114. fent Majefty, for repairing the Road from Bromham Bridge, in the County of Bedford, to Olney, and other Places, in the County of [14th May 1811.] Bucks. (c)

[Additional Truflees.]

Cap. lxxiii.

4 G. 3. c. 61. 25 G. 3. c. 107. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Derby to Mansfield, and several other Roads in the County of Nottingham. (b)

[14th *May* 1811.]

[Additional Trustees. Former Tolls to cease, and new Tolls granted.

Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. lxxiv.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from the Guide Post below Haddon, out of the Bakewell Turnpike Road, by Grange Mill, into the Bentley and Albbourne Turnpike Road, in the County of Derby. (b) [14th May 1811.] [Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. lxxv.

35 G. 3 c. 164. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from Little Sheffield, in the County of York, to Sparrow Pit Gate, and several other Places in the County of Derby; and for amending and making certain other Roads to communicate therewith. (b) [14th May 1811.]

[Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted. Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. lxxvi.

30 G. 3. c. 100. An Act repair

An Act to continue and amend an Act of His present Majesty for repairing the Road from Fosbrook, in the Parish of Dillorn, to Chedleton, in the County of Stafford. (a) [14th May 1811.]

[Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. lxxvii.

9 G. 3. c. 86. 11 G. 3. c. 57. An Act for continuing and amending Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from Baldock to Royslon, and from Royslon to Bourn Bridge, in the Counties of Heriford and Cambridge. (a) [14th May 1811]

[Additional Trustees. Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. lxxviii.

6 G. 1. c. 25. 12 G. 1. c. 10. 28 G. 2. c. 30. 9 G. 3. c. 64. 18 G. 3. c. 82. An Act for continuing and amending feveral Acts for repairing the Roads from Stevenage, in the County of Hertford, to Bigglefwade, in the County of Bedford; and other Roads therein described. (a)

[14th May 1811.]

[Former Tolls to cease, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. lxxix.

6 G 3. c. 68. 28 G. 3. c. 91. An Act for reviving, continuing and enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from Wimborne Minster to Blandford Forum, in the County of Dorset. (b)

[14th May 1811]

[Additional Trustees]

Cap. lxxx.

An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from or near 9 G. 3. c. 55.

a Place called The Five Oaks, in the Parish of Billingsburss, in 30 G. 3. c. 111.
the County of Sussex, to join the Horsbam and Guildford Turn
pike Road on Broadbridge Heath, in the said County. (a)

[14th May 1811.]

[Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. lxxxi.

An Act for continuing and amending Two Acts of His present 9 G. 3. c. 43. Majesty, for repairing the Roads from Golford Green, in the 29 G. 3. c. 84. Parish of Cranbrooke, to the Turnpike Road in the Parish of Sandburst, and from the Green near Benenden Church to Rolvenden Cross, in the County of Kent. (a) [14th May 1811.]

[Former Tolls to cease, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. lxxxii.

An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His prefent Majesty, for repairing several Roads to and from Shawbury, in the County of Salop. (b) [14th May 1811.] [Additional Trussees.]

Cap. lxxxiii.

An Ad for allotting and inclosing Lands in the Parish of Brightwell, in the County of Berks. (q. P.) [14th May 1811.]

Cap. lxxxiv.

An Act for enclosing Lands in the Parish of Fyfield, in the County of Berks. (q. P.) [14th May 1811.]

4 Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 23.

Cap. lxxxv.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Garfington in the County of Oxford. (q. P.) [14th May 1811.]

Cap. lxxxvi.

An Act for enclosing, and exonerating from Tythes, Lands in the Parish of Little Ponton otherwise Little Paunton, in the County of Lincoln. (q. P.) [14th May 1811.]

Cap. lxxxvii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manors of Llanfyllin and Mechen Uchoed, in the County of Montgomery. (q. P.) [14th May 1811.]

Cap. lxxxviii.

An Act for inclosing, and exonerating from Tythes, Lands in the Parish of Somerby, in the County of Lincoln. (q. P.)

[14th May 1811.]

Cap. lxxxix.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of Teirtref, in the County of Montgomery. (q. P.) [14th May 1811.]

C.xc-c.

Cap. xc.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of Beeley, in the County of Derby. (q. P.) [14th May 1811.]

"Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 18, 19, 20.

Cap. xci.

An Act for inclosing and exonerating from Tithes, Lands in the Parish of Wilden, in the County of Bedford. (q. P.) [14th May 1811.]

" Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 20.

Cap. xcii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Astley, in the County of Worcester. (q. P.) [14th May 1811.]

Cap. xciii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Westbury upon Trym, - Membery and Compton Greenfield, in the County of Gloucefter. (q.P.) [14th May 1811.]

Cap. xciv.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manors and Townships of Leighton and Thornton, in the Parish of Great Neston, in the County of Chefter. (q. P.) [14th May 1811.]

Cap. xcv.

An Act for allotting, and exonerating from Tithes, Lands in the-Parishes of Great Chishill and Little Chishill, in the County of Effex. (q. P.) [14th May 1811.]

Cap, xcvi.

An Act for inclosing, and exonerating from Tithes, Lands in the Parish of Pirton, in the County of Hertford. (q. P.) [14th May 1811.]

Cap. xcvii.

An Act for inclosing, and exonerating from Tithes, Lands in the Township of Ofgodby, and Parish of Hemingbrough, in the East. Riding of the Gounty of York, (q. P.) [14th May 1811.]. 1500

Cap. zeviii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Lyons, Kill. · Siettecher Gelbridgt and Dentagemport, in the County of Kik. dare (d.P.) [14th May 1811.]

Cap. xcix.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Stewkley, in the County of Buckingham. (q. P.) [14th May 1811.] 44 Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 25, 26.

Cap. c.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Woolbampton, and other Parishes and Places therein mentioned, in the County of Berks. (q. P.) [14th May 1811.] Lap.

Cap. ci.

An Act for more effectually repairing and improving certain Roads 30 G. 3 c. 108. in the County of Stirling, and the Road from or near from the West End of the Town of Linlithgow to Stirling, in the Counties of Linlithgow and Stirling. (b) [21ft May 1811.]

Cap. cii.

An Act for improving the Town of Plymouth, in the County of Deven. [21st May 1811.]

Cap. ciii.

An Act to enable Doctor Robert John Thornton to dispose of his Collection of Paintings, Drawings and Engravings, together with feveral Copies of certain Books therein mentioned, by way of Chance. [21ft May 1811.]

Cap. civ.

An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act of His 47 G. 3. Sett 2. present Majesty, for paving, cleansing, lighting and watching the class. Parish of Saint Michael, in the Liberties of the City of Limerick, and adjoining the faid City, and for preventing and removing Nuisances therein. [21ft May 1811.] [Former Rate 2s. 6d. repealed, and Rate of 3s. kwied.]

Cap. cv.

An Act for enlarging the Powers of several Acts of His present 8 G. 3. c. 38. Majesty, for making and maintaining the Birmingham Canal Na 9 G. 3. c. 53. vigations, and for further extending and improving the same.

[21st May 1811]

24 G. 3. Seff. 2. c. 4. 34 G. 3. c. 87. 46 G. 3. c. xcii.

Cap. cvi.

An Act for making and maintaining a navigable Canal and a Rail. way or Tram Road from the River Burry, at or near the Village of Penclawdd, in the Parish of Lanridian, into the Township or Borough of Loughor; and divers Branches therefrom, all in the County of Glamorgan. [21st May 1811.]

[12,000 l. and, if necessary, 8,000 l. additional.]

Cap. cvii.

An Act for better affelling and collecting the Poor and other Parochial Rates of the Parith of Clapham, in the County of Surrey; and to alter, enlarge, rebuild or repair the prefent Workhoule, and to regulate the Poor thereof, and for other Purposes relating thereto; and to amend so much of an Act of the Fourteenth Year of His present Majesty, for rebuilding a Parish Church, as 14 G. 3. c. fa. relates to the affeffing the Church Rates by the Land Tax.

[21st May 1811.]

Cap. cviii.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His pre- 33 G.3.c. 228. fent Majesty, for repairing the Roads from Infurich to the Scale Inn Road, and from Claydon to the Bury St. Edmand's Road, and from Taxley Bull to Eye and Lanthorn Green, in the County of Suffolk. (c) [zift May 18tr.] [New Trustees. Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted.] Hh 2

Cap. cix.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from King flow upon Thames to Leatherhead, in the County of Surrey. (b) [21ft May 1811.]

Cap. cx.

8 G. 3. c. 35. 30 G. 3. c. 90.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads leading to and through the Town of Goudburft, in the County of Kent. (c)

[21ft Mag. 1811.]

[Additional Tolls.]

Cap. cxi.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from Long Prefion to Sawley, in the West Riding of the County of York. [21st May 1811.]

[Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. cxii.

6 G. 3. c. 80 26 G, 3. c. 149. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts, of His prefent Majesty, for repairing the Roads from Brimmington and Chesterfield, to several Places, all in the County of Derby. (a) [21ft May 1811.]

Additional Truftees. Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted. Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. cxiii.

36 G. 3. c. 142. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act, of His prefent Majesty, for repairing the Road from Little Yarmouth to Blythburgh, and from Brampton to Halesworth, in the County of . Suffolk. (b) [21ft May 1811.] [Additional Trustees. Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. cxiv.

An Act for effectuating an Agreement between the Reverend Anthony Hamilton Doctor of Divinity, Rector of the Rectory and Parish Church of Great Hadham, in the County of Hertford, and James Gordon Esquire; and for accelerating the Sale to the said James Gordon of certain Lands heretofore enjoyed, as Parcel of the faid Rectory, for the Purpose of redeeming the Land Tax of such Rectory. (q. P.) [21st May 1811.]

Cap. cxv.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township and Parish of Seaton Ross, in the East Riding of the County of York. (q. P.) [21ft May 1811.]

Cap. cxvi.

An Act to enable the Master and Brethren of the Hospital of King James, in Gatesbead, in the County of Durbam, to grant Leases of Lands thereto belonging, and to enable the Lord Bishop of Darbam to make Statutes and Ordinances for the Government of the faid Hospital. (q. P.) [21ft May 1811.]

Cap.

Cap. exvii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Newmarket and Com, in the County of Flint. (q. P.) [21st May 1811.]

44 Allotment to His Majesty. § 18.

Cap. cxviii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Llanarmon, Llandegla and Bryneglawys, in the Counties of Denbigh and Flint. (q. P.)
[21st May 1811.]

" Allotment to His Majesty. § 19.

Cap. cxix.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Fundenball and Ashwellthorpe, in the County of Norfolk. (q.P.) [21st May 1811.]

Cop. cxx.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Stoke Talmage, in the County of Oxford. (q. P.) [21st May 1811.] "Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 16.

Cap. cxxi.

An Act for inclosing and embanking Lands within the Townships of Warton with Lindeth and Silverdale, in the Parish of Warton, in the County Palatine of Lancaster. (q. P.) [21st May 1811.] "Allotment to His Majesty. § 29.

Cop. cxxii.

An Act for making and maintaining a Railway from or near the Public Wharf of the Brecknock and Abergavenny Canal, in the Parish of Saint John the Evangelist, in the County of Brecon, to or near to a certain Place called Parton Cross, in the Parish of Eardisley, in the County of Hereford. [25th May 1811.]

Cap. cxxiii.

An Act for making a Railway from the Brecknock and Abergavenny. Canal, in the Parish of Llanwenarth, to or near to Llanwihangel Crucorney, in the County of Monmouth. [25th May 1811.]

[20,000l. and if necessary 15,000l. additional.]

Cap. cxxiv.

An Act for inclosing, draining and embanking Lands in Braunton, in the County of Devon. [25th May 1811.]

Cap. CXXV.

An Act for more equally affessing and collecting the Poor Rates, in the Parish of Bromley Saint Leonord, in the County of Middlefex.

[25th May 1811.]

Cap. exxvi.

An Act for repairing, enlarging and improving the Parish Church of Hungerford, in the Counties of Berks and Wilts.

[25th May 1811.]

23 G. 2. c. 17. repealed, 9 G. 3. c. 74. in part repealed, and 33 G. 3. c. 163. and 44 G. 3. c. li. repealed,

Cap. exxvii.

An Act for more effectually making and repairing certain Roads in the County of Haddington; and for rendering more effectual the Statute Labour of the faid County. (b) [25th May 1811.]
49 G. 3. c. 74. as to regulating the Statute Labour, and as amended by this Act, made perpetual.

Cap. cxxviii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of Pudsey, in the Parish of Calverley, in the West Riding of the County of York. (q. P.)
[25th May 1811.]

Cop. cxxix.

An Act for inclosing Lands in, or belonging to the Parishes of Caiflor, North Kelfey, South Kelfey, Clixby, Grafby and Searby cum Ownby, in the County of Lincoln. (q. P.) [25th May 1811.]

46 Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 24.

Cap. cxxx.

An Act for dividing, allotting and inclosing Lands, in the feveral Parishes of Biddestone Saint Nicholas, Biddestone Saint Peters and Slaughterford, in the County of Wilts. (q. P.) [25th May 1811.]

Cap. cxxxi.

An Act for inclosing Quernmore Moor within and Parcel of the Forest of Quernmore, in the Parish of Lancaster, in the County Palatine of Lancaster. (q. P.) [25th May 1811.]

4 Allotment to His Majesty. § 28.

Cap. cxxxii.

28 G.3. c.71. 30 G.3. c.59. An IAC for enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for inclosing and embanking the Marsh called Malldraeth and Corfddaugau, in the County of Anglesey; and for draining and preserving the inclosed Lowlands contiguous thereto.

[31st May 1811.]

Cap. exxxiii.

An Act for making and maintaining a Railway from or near Spittal, in the County of Durbam, to Kelfa, in the County of Rowburgh; and for erecting and maintaining a Bridge over the River Tweed from the Parish of Norbam, in the County of Durbam, to the Parish of Coldstream, in the County of Berwick. [31st May 1811.]

[100,000 l. and if necessary 50,000 l. additional.]

Cap. cxxxiv.

An Act for providing a Chapel of Ease and an additional Burial Ground for the Parish of Saint Mary Islington, in the County of Middlesee: [31st May 1811.]

Cap. CXXXV.

An Act for authorizing the Payment into the Bank of England, under the Direction of His Majerty's High Court of Chancery, in the Name of the Accountant General of the faid Court, of the Portions provided for the younger Children of the Most Honourable

able Arthur late Marquis of Downshire, by the Most Honourable Mary now Marchioness Downsger of Downshire and Baroness Sandys, by the Setslement made after, in pursuance of Articles executed before their Marriage, and for exonerating the Estates comprised in the said Articles and Settlement from the same. (q. P.)

Cap. cxxxvi,

An Act for enabling the Archbishop of Canterbury to guant Building and Repairing Leases of Estates at Deal and Chiffe, in the County of Kent, belonging to the See of Canterbury; and for other Purposes. (q. P.)

[31st May 1811.]

Cap. cxxxvii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Elmsquell, Great Alberteld, Hunston and Norton, in the County of Suffolk. (q. P.)

[31st May 1811.]

" Alletment and Compensation for Tithes § 17.

Cap. cxxxviii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Hampton, in the County of Middlefex. (q. P.)

[31st May 1811.]

"Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 20. 23, 24. No Leafe

" by Vicar of Hampton of Lands in Right of Vicarage of Hampton good without the Confent of the King. § 28. Allotment to the

1 King. § 31.

Cap. cxxxix.

An Act for allotting Lands in the Parishes of Wells next the Sea, Warbam All Saints, Warbam Saint Mary Magdalon and Warbam Saint Mary the Virgin, in the County of Norfolk. (q. P.):
[328 May 1811.]

Cap. cxl.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of Killington, in the Parish of Kirkby Lonfdale, in the County of Westmorland. (q. P.)

[31st May 1811.]

" Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. \$ 25, 26,

Cap. exli.

An Ast for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Tileburs, in the County of Berks. (q. P.)

[31th May 1811.]

Cap. cxhi.

An Act for inclosing several Open and Common Fields, Meadows, Pastures and other Commonable and Waste Lands in the several Parishes of Beenham and Padworth, in Berks. (q. P.)

[31st May 1811.]

4. Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 22, 23, 24, 25.

Cap. exlui.

An Act for the Improvement of the Port and Town of Liverpool, 3 G. i. c. i. PR. and amending the several Acts relating to the Docks, Quays and ii G. 2. c. 32. other Works belonging to the faid Port. [10th June 1811.] 2 G.3 c. 86. Hh 4 Cap. 25 G.3 c. 15. 39 G.3. c. 15.

Cap. cxliv.

An A& for making a Harbour and Wet Dock, at or near Saint Nicholas Bay, in the Parish of Saint Nicholas and All Saints, in the Isle of Thanet, in the County of Kent; and for making a Navigable Canal from the said Harbour to the City of Canterbury.

[10th June 1811.]

[160,000 l., and if necessary 80,000 l. additional.]

Cap. cxlv.

• [100,000k] 49 G. 3. e.dxxii. An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the Kent Water Works to raise a further Sum of Money*, and to alter and enlarge the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for making the said Water Works, and to extend the same. [10th June 1811.]

Cap. cxlvi.

An A& for paving, cleanfing, lighting and watching the Streets, and otherwise regulating the Police of the Town of Dumfries. (b)

[10th June 1811.]

46 27 G. 3. c. 57. as to paving, lighting and cleaning Llumfries, 46 and regulating the Police, and raifing an Affestment for those Pur-47 poses, repealed.

Cap. cxlvii.

20 G. 2. c. 7. 2. G. 3. c. 55. 27 G. 3. c. 57. in part repealed.

An Act for improving the Harbour of Dumfries, and the Navigation of the River Nith. [10th June 1811.]

Cap. exlviii.

An Act for extending the Horse Towing Path on the Banks of the River Severn from Worcester Bridge to a certain Place below the City of Gloucester, called the Lower Parting, situate at the Corner of Portham Mead, in the County of Gloucester. [10th June 1811.]

. [10,000l. and if necessary 5,000l. additional.]

Cap. cxlix.

An Act for inclosing and draining Lands in the Parish of Llanasa, in the County of Flint. [10th June 1811.]

44 Allotment to His Majesty. § 41.

Cap. cl.

13 Car. 2. c. 37. An Act for amending an Act of King Charles the Second, for making the Precinct of Covent Garden Parochial; and for increasing the Stipends of the Rector, Curate, Clerk and Sextons of the faid Parish.

[10th June 1811.]

Cap. cli.

TO G. 3. c. 112, An Act to enable the Vestrymen of the Parish of Saint Mary le Bone, in the County of Middlesex, to build a new Parish Church, and Two or more Chapels; and for other Purposes relating thereto.

[10th June 1811.]

46 Vestrymen under 35 G. 3. c. 73. to carry Act into execution. § 2.

Cap. clii.

An Act for repairing the Parish Church of Sevenoaks, in the County [10th June 1811.] of Kent.

Cap. cliii.

An Act for amending an Act of His present Majesty, for more equally 50 G. 3. c. cciz. and effectually affeffing and collecting the Poor Rates, within the Parish of Saint Botolph without Aldgate, in the County of Mid-[10th June 1811.] dlesex.

Cap. cliv.

An Act for paving, improving and regulating the Streets and Public Places in the Borough and Parish of Barnstable; and for the better Regulation of the present Markets, and providing others therein. [10th June 1811.]

Cap. clv.

An Act for paving and improving the Streets and other Public Paffages and Places which are or shall be made upon a Piece of Ground belonging to the Brewers' Company, in the Parish of Saint Pancras, in the County of Middlesex. [10th June 1811.]

Cap. clvi.

An Act for making a Public Carriage Road from Kentish Town to Upper Holloway, in the County of Middlesex. (b) [10th June 1811.]

Cap. clvii.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from Ightham, in the County of Kent, to the Turnpike Road leading from London to Maidstone, in the said County. (b) [10th June 1811.]

Cap. clviii.

An Act for repairing the Road through the Parishes of Saint 31 G. 3. c. 108. Michael, Saint Alban, Saint Peter, Shenley Ridge and South Mims, repealed. in the Counties of Hertford and Middlesex. (a) [10th June 1811.]

[Additional Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. clix.

An Act to continue and amend Two Acts of His present Majesty 9 G. 3. c. 69. for repairing several Roads leading to and through the Borough 26 G. 3. c. 129. of Bodmin, in the County of Cornwall; and for amending certain other Roads passing through the said Borough and the Parish of Lanbydrock, in the faid County. (c) [10th June 1811.]

[New Truftees. New Tolls. Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. clx.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of Kirtlington, in the County of Oxford. (q. P.) [10th June 1811.] . 6 Allotment and Compensation for Tithes. § 19. 22.

Cop. clxi.

- An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of New Radger, in the County of Radger. (q. P.) [10th June 1811.]
- " No Lease made by Rector of New Radnor of his Allotment with-
- " out the Consent of His Majesty. § 26.

Cap. glxii.

- An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Dolgelley and Llangelynin, commonly called Celynin, in the County of Merioneth.

 [10th June 1811.]
- 46 Allotment to His Majesty. § 18, 19. Note, This Act does not 46 contain the Publick or Evidence Clause,

Cap. clxin.

- An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of Langlet otherwise Langlide, in the Parish of Penistos, in the West Riding of the County of Tork. (q. P.) [10th June 1813.]
- Allotment to His Majesty. § 14. Allotment and Compensation of for Tithes, § 24.

Cap. clxiv. .

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of Burbam, in the County of Kent. (q. P.) [19th June 1811.]

Cap. clxv.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of Llanarthuey, Llanon, Llandebye and Llansibangel Aberbythick, in the County of Carmarthen. (q. P.) [10th June 1811.]

Cap. clxvi.

- An Act for erecting a Bridge over the River Thames from or near the Three Cranes, in the Parishes of Saint James Garlick Hythe and Saint Martin Vintry, in the City of London, to the opposite Bank of the said River, in the Parish of Saint Saviour, in the County of Surrey; and for making proper Streets and Avenues to communicate therewith.

 [15th June 1811.]
- * WHEREAS from the great Increase of Buildings and of Population in the Borough of Southwark, and the Parishes and Places contiguous thereto, and in a Line of Communication
- therewith, great Inconvenience and Interruptions are occasioned to
 the Transit of Carriages of all Descriptions, and to Persons passing
- over London Bridge; and it will be of Advantage to the Inha-
- bitants of the faid Borough of Southwark, and of the Parishes and
- * Places lying adjacent thereto, and also to the Inhabitants of the
- City of London and the Public in general, if a Bridge was erected
 over the River Thames, from or near a certain Wharf or Place called
- * The Three Cranes, fituate on the North Bank of the said River,
- in the Parishes of Saint James Garlick Hythe and Saint Martin
- Fintry, in the City of London, to the opposite Bank on the South
- Side of the faid River, in the Parish of Saint Saviour in the County
- of Surrey, and if proper Streets and Avenues were made to cornmunicate with the faid Bridge on the North and South Enda
 thereof

thereof respectively: And whereas the several Persons hereinaster and are willing and defirous, at their own Costs and Charges, to make and maintain fuch Bridge, and widen and make Streets communicating therewith: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this Parliament affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That Sir William Abdy Proprietors Baronet, William Abbott, Daniel Adams, Mary Allmond, Anne All- Names. mond, John Allnutt, Barclay, Perkins and Company; Charles Bartram, Elhanan Bicknell, the Reverend Henry Blinkinfop, Thomas Brandram, Charles Burrell, James Browell, Thomas Blunt, Charles Burne, James Brewer, David Caddell, Robert Child, William Child Senior, William Child Junier, Ward J. Christie, Richard Clarke, Richard Cox, Thomas Croucher, John Curwood, A. Davidson, John Dallimore, Frederick Dietrickson, Michael Dodd, Thomas Elgar, C. Augustus Eschke, Samuel Evans, William Ferrant, Thomas Fitzgerald, Sir Charles Flower Baronet, G. Gorft, N. Graham, William Greaves. Robert Griffin, George Gwilt, Godwin and Company, Gilbert Handesyde, Gilbert Handesyde, John Harper, John Hammett, William Higley, Charles Hutton, James Jacks, John Jackson, James Johnson, William Jefferys, Alexander Johnston, George Julian, Henry Kensington, Thomas King, Benjamin Kent, H. Ladbrooke, John Leeks, S. Lobb, James Lomas, Robert Lyfon, Robert Lyfon, John Sudlow, William Mardall, R. Mardall, D. Mardall, L. Martineau, John Maud, James Millnes, William Moyfes, Charles Motley, J. P. Mufpratt, Nixon Mudford, Andrew Nash, George Nash, Thomas Nettlesbipp, William Nettlesbipp, Samuel Nettlesbipp, John Newman, N. Nicholls, M. A. Often, A. C. D. Ofbourn, Samuel Paynter, John Paynter, Lewis Paleske, Robert Pott, Arthur Pott, Charles l'rice, James Pitcher, John Perrell, George Ranking, Benjamin Rankin, Richard Rankin, Joseph Ranking, Ramshottom and Company, John Ramsbottom, J. Ramsbottom Junior, Richard Ramsbottom, James Ramsbottom, William Rotherey, J. P. Ripley, Hor. Ripley, the Reverend William Ripley, George Ripley, Philip Ripley, F. P. Ripley, Samuel Robinson, William Salte, Joseph Sales, William Stoffell, Robert Slade, William Slade, John Snowden, William Legb Snowden, Thomas Stanger, Hugh Stanger, John Taylor, Augustus Thesiger, Robert Vaux, William Walker, J. Watson, Robert Watmore, Ralph Wewitzer, John Whitehead, J. B. A. Wiltre, Joseph Wilson, James Wilson, G. Wilt-Shire, John Wyatt, Robert Withy, W. Wyllie, Walter Honeywood Yates, Florence Young, Count Zenobio, and all and every Person and Persons, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, who shall at any time hereafter subscribe or contribute to the raising of the Capital hereinafter mentioned, and their respective Successors, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, shall be and are hereby accordingly united into a Company for the carrying on, making, completing, widening and maintaining the faid Bridge, Streets and other Works hereby authorized to be made, according to the Rules, Orders and Directions hereinafter mentioned and expressed, and shall for that Purpole be One Body Politic and Corporate, by the Name and Style of "The Southwark Bridge Company," and by that Name shall have perpetual Succession and a Common Seal; and by that Name shall and may sue and be sued; and also shall and may have

full Power and Authority to purchase Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, to them and their Successors, for the Use of the said Bridge, Streets and other Works hereby authorized to be widened and made, and for the several other Purposes herein mentioned, without incurring any of the Penalties or Forseitures of the Statutes of Mortmain; and also to resell any of the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to be purchased by virtue of this Act in manner hereinaster mentioned.

Company may raile among themselves a Sum not exceeding 400,000l.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the faid Company of Proprietors to raife and contribute among themfelves any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Four hundred thousand Pounds (except as hereinafter is mentioned), which faid Sum or Sums of Money shall be laid out and applied in the first Place in discharging the Expences of obtaining and passing this Act, and of the Surveys, Plans and Estimates, and other incidental Expences relating thereto, and then for and towards the making and completing of the faid Bridge, and paying the Purchase Money for the Messuages, Lands and Hereditaments hereby authorized to be purchased, and for the forming, widening, making and completing of the necessary Streets thereto, and otherwise for putting this Act into Execution, and that the faid Sum of Four hundred thousand Pounds shall be divided into Shares of One hundred Pounds each, and that the faid Shares shall be and they are hereby vested in the said several Persons, and Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate fo subscribing, and their several and respective Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns, to their and every of their proper Use and Benefit, proportionably to the Sums they shall severally pay and contribute; and all Bodies Politic, Corporate and Collegiate, and all other Persons, their several and respective Successors, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, who shall severally subscribe for One or more Share or Shares, shall be entitled to and receive an equal proportionable Part, according to the Money so by them respectively paid, of the Profits and Advantages that shall and may arise and accrue by the Tolls, Rates and other Sums of Money to be railed, recovered or received by the faid Company of Proprietors by the Authority of this Act, as hereinafter mentioned; and every Body Politic, Corporate and Collegiate, and Person and Persons having fuch Property in the faid Undertaking as aforefaid, shall bear and pay a proportionable Sum towards carrying on the same in manner herein directed and appointed.

Shares personal Estate. III. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Shares and Proportions of all Bodies Politic, Corporate and Collegiate, and all other Person and Persons of and in the said Undertaking, or the Joint Stock or Fund of the said Company of Proprietors, shall be deemed Personal Estate and transmissible as such, and not of the Nature of Real Property.

Subscribers to have Votes according to Number of Shares. Not to exceed Five Votes. IV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Body and Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or other Person or Persons who shall, by virtue of this Act, have subscribed or undertaken for Five Shares in the said Undertaking, his, her or their respective Successors, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, shall have one Vote in the several Assemblies to be holden as hereinaster appointed for carrying on the said Undertaking, for such Five Shares, and if possessed of Ten Shares Two Votes, if Fifteen Shares Three Votes,

and if Twenty Shares Four Votes, and Twenty five Shares and upwards Five Votes: and every Question, Matter or Thing which shall be proposed, discussed or considered in any General or Special General Assembly of the said Company of Proprietors, shall be determined by the Majority of Votes then present, such Majority not being less than Two thirds of the Votes then present, computing the Votes as above mentioned, not exceeding Five Votes in the whole for each Proprietor as aforefaid; provided that the Members prefent be possessed of not less than One hundred and fifty Shares, which Vote or Votes may be given by them, him or her, or by their, his . or her Proxies or Proxy, constituted under the Seal of such Body Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or under the Hand of such other Person, every such Proxy being a Proprietor in the said Undertaking, and every such Vote by Proxy shall be as good and sufficient to all Intents and Purpoles as if such Principal had voted in Person; and every Question, Matter and Thing which shall be proposed, difcussed or considered in any General or Special General Assembly of the faid Company, shall be determined by the Majority of Votes and Proxies then present: Provided nevertheless, that no Person shall give or deliver in Proxies for more than Five Shares, the Appointment of which Proxies may be made according to the Form following:

• T A.B. of , one of the Pro- Form of Apprietors of the Southwark Bridge, do hereby nominate, constitute pointment of , to be my Proxies. and appoint C. D. of

- Proxy in my Name, and in my Absence, to vote or give my Assent
- or Diffent to any Business, Matter or Thing, relating to the said " Undertaking, that shall be mentioned or proposed at any Assembly of the said Company, in such manner as the said C.D. shall think
- ' proper, according to his Opinion and Judgment, for the Benefit
- of the said Undertaking, or any thing appertaining thereto. In
- Witness whereof, I have hereunto set my Hand, the
- ' Day of

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That, from and Proprietors not after the first General Meeting to be held under this Act, no Pro- entitled to vote prietor or Proprietors shall be deemed to be qualified or entitled to unless possessed vote, who has or have not possessed his, her or their Shares, and Calendar whose Name or Names hath or have not been entered in manner Months. hereinafter directed, in the Books of the faid Company, as the Polfessor or Possessors and Proprietor or Proprietors of such Shares, for the Space of Six Months then next preceding, at any General or Special General Assembly of the Proprietors of the said Undertaking, under Pain of forfeiting his, her or their said Shares, and all Benefit, Profit and Advantage, due and to become due thereon, to the Use of the said Company, unless it shall appear that it shall be owing to the Default of the Clerk of the faid Company, that the faid Party so claiming to vote as aforesaid, has not been entered in the Books of the faid Company, as herein directed, or to the Default of any other Person other than the Party so claiming to vote as aforesaid: Provided also, that no Proprietor or Proprietors shall be Provide. or be deemed to be entitled to vote for any Shares, unless he possess the same bona fide and in his own Right, and not in the Right or as the Property of any other Person whomsoever, upon Pain of for-

feiting the faid Shares, and all Benefit, Profit and Advantage, due and to become due thereon, to the Use of the said Company.

Power to raife a further Sum.

C. cixvi.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in case the said Sum of Four hundred thousand Pounds, hereinbefore authorized to be raised, shall be found insufficient for the building and completing of the said Bridge, and the widening, forming and making of the faid Streets, and other Works hereby authorized to be made, and all necessary Charges and Expences relating thereto, and such other Charges and Expences as aforefaid, then and in such case, it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid Company of Proprietors, to raife and contribute among themselves in manner and form aforesaid, and in such Shares and Proportions as to them shall seem meet, or to raise by the Admission of new Subscribers, any further or other Sum of Money for perfecting the faid Undertaking, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of One hundred thouland Pounds, and all and every Person and Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Subscribers towards raising such further or other Sum of Money, shall be a Proprietor or Proprietors in the faid Undertaking, and shall have a like Vote or Votes in respect of every of his, her or their Shares of the faid additional Sum to to be raised, and shall also be liable to such Porfeitures, and stand interested in all the Profits of the said Undertaking, in proportion to the Sum he, she or they shall or may subscribe thereunto, and generally and extensively to all Intents and Porpoles, as if such further or other Sum hereby allowed to be subscribed for, and raised as aforesaid, had originally been Part of the said Sum of Four hundred thousand Pounds; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

Power to raife such further sum by Mortgage or Annuities.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in cafe the faid Company of Proprietors shall be defirous of raising the said Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds, or any Part thereof, by Mortgage of the faid Undertaking, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors to borrow and take up at Interest all or any Part of the faid Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds, either by way of Mortgage of the faid Bridge, and the Tolls, Pontage of Duties thereof, or by granting Annuities, to be payable out of the faid Tolls, Pontage or Duties of the faid Bridge, during the mitural Life of the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, or of such Person or Persons as shall be nominated by and on the Behalf of such Purchaser or Purchasers; which Annuity or Annuities shall be granted and made payable either with or without Benefit of Survivor-flip, and in such manner as the said Company of Proprietors shall think proper; and the faid Company are hereby fully authorized and empowered, under their Common Seal, to grant or affign over the fall Bridge, and the Tolls, Pontage or Duties thereof, as a Security for any Sum or Sum of Money to to be borrowed, with Interest for the fame, or for the due and regular Payment of the faid Amuity or Americas for to be granted, as to them shall seem meet.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every fuch Grant or Affigument to to be given as a Security for any luch Sum or Sums of Money to to be borrowed by way of Mortgage, shall and may be made in the Words following, or by any other Words to the like

Effect; that is to fay,

BY virtue of an Act made and pulled in the Fifty first Year of the Form of Mon-Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled, An 8480-At [here fet forth the Title of the At], We, the Southwark Bridge 6 Company, incorporated under and by virtue of the faid Act, in con-' fideration of the Sum of to us lent and advanced by A.B. of do grant and convey unto the faid A.B. his or her Executors, Ade ministrators and Assigns, the said Bridge, and Toll House or Toll · Houses thereunto belonging, and all and singular the Tolls arising by virtue of the faid Act, and all our Right, Title and Interest • of, in and to the same, To hold unto the said A.B.(a) Successors or Executors, Administrators and Assigns, until the said Sum of with Interest for the same after the Rate of per Centum per Annum, shall be fully paid < and fatisfied. Given under our Common Seal, this in the Year of Our Lord • Day of (a) [So in Original A8.]

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And all and every Person and Persons, Bodies Politick, Corporate Mortgagess and or Collegiate, Aggregate or Sole, to whom such Grant or Con-titled to Security veyance shall be made, shall be equally entitled to the respective without Presen-Portions of the faid Tolls and Revenues of the faid Company of Proprietors, according to the respective Sums in such Assignment mentioned to be advanced, to secure the Repayment of such respective Sums, with the Interest, without any Prescrence by reason of Priority of any Grant or Conveyance, or any other Account whatfoever.

IX. And be it further enacted, That every Grant of any fuch Form of Come Annuity, to be made as hereinbefore mentioned, shall and may be of Annaity. made in the Words or to the Effect following; that is to fay,

BY virtue of an Act made and passed in the Fifty first Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled, An · All [here fet forth the Title of the All], We, the Southwark Bridge Company, incorporated by and under the faid Act, in confideration to us paid by A.B. of of the Sum of do grant unto the faid A.B. (b) Successors or Executors, Admi-" niftrators or Affigns, out of the Tolls and Pontage Duties of the faid Bridge and Undertaking, One Annuity or yearly Sum of to be paid and payable to the faid A.B. (B) Successors or Executors, Administrators or Assigns, for and during the natural Life of or natural Lives of " [if more than One], and the Life of the Survivor of them [as the · cose may be], and a proportionable Part of the said Annuity up to · the Day of the Decease of of to the Day of the Decease of the Survivor of them [as the case may be]. Given under our Common Seal, this Day of in the Year • of our Lord

And every such Grant shall entitle the Purchaser or Purchasers of every fuch Annuity to the Payment thereof, and to all Benefit and Advantage thereto accruing, according to the Purport, true Intent and Meaning of this Act. (b) [So in Original Att.]

K. And be it enacted, That a Transcript or Copy of every such Entries of Mortes Grant or Conveyance, or an Entry or Memorial thereof, containing gages and Annuithe Dates, Names of the Parties, and Sums of Money paid, shall ties in Com-

be pany's Books.

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be made in a Book or Books to be kept for that Purpose, by the Clerk or Clerks of the faid Company, which Book or Books shall be perused at all seasonable times by any of the Proprietors of the said Undertaking, without Fee or Reward.

Mortgages and Annuities transferrable.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and. Persons, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, to whom any such Grant or Conveyance shall be made as aforesaid, may from time to time personally, or by Attorney thereunto lawfully authorized, assign. and transfer such Grant or Conveyance to any Person or Persons, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, and so totics quoties; and that the Affignment and Transfer shall and may be made by Indorsement on such Grant or Conveyance, and in the Words or to the Effect following, and be figned and sealed, or sealed (as the case may be) in the Presence of One credible Witness, who shall subscribe his Name and Place of Abode thereto: that is to fay,

• T A.B. [or We C. and D.] in confideration of the Sum of paid by E.F. of

do hereby affign and transfer the within Security, and 'all my [or our] Right, Title and Interest, in and to the same, and · all Benefit and Advantages to arise therefrom, unto the said E.F. Successors or Executors, Administrators and

Affigns. Witness my Hand and Seal, [or our Hands and Seals, or our Common Seal] this Day of

in the Year of our Lord

Entries of Transfers in Company's Books.

XII. And be it further enacted, That every Transfer shall, within Thirty Days after the Date thereof, be produced and left with the faid Clerk or Clerks, who shall within Ten Days then next, cause an Entry or Memorial to be made thereof in like Manner as of the original Grants or Conveyances, and after such Entry made, but not till then, every Person or Persons to whom such Assignment or Transfer shall be made, his, her or their Successors, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, shall be entitled to the Benefit of such Grant or Conveyance, and the future Payments thereon, and to all Benefit and Advantage arising therefrom, and for the Entry of every such. original Grant or Conveyance, and of every such Assignment and Transfer, the faid Clerk or Clerks shall be paid by the Party to whom such Grant, Conveyance or Transfer shall be made, the Sum of Five Shillings and no more.

Interest and Annuities paid

Half yearly.

Fee.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the Interest of the Money which shall be borrowed on Mortgage as aforesaid, and the several Annuities so to be granted as aforesaid, shall from the time the respective Principal Monies fo to be lent or paid shall have been advanced, be paid Half-yearly to the feveral Parties entitled thereto, in preference to any Dividends or Distribution to the said Proprietors of the faid Company or any of them, and shall be duly provided for and fet apart before such Dividend or Distribution shall be made or declared.

Mortgagees and Annuitants not confidered as Proprietors of Shares. .

XIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Person or Perfons to whom such Annuity shall be granted, or Mortgage or Assignment shall be made or transferred as aforesaid, shall be deemed a Proprietor or Proprietors of any Share or Shares, or be capable of acting or voting by virtue of any fuch Annuity, Mortgage or Assignment, at any Assembly or Meeting of the said Company of Proprietors, for

or on account of his, her or their having paid, advanced or lent any Money on the Credit of the faid Undertaking, and the Tolls thereof as aforefaid.

XV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Sum or Sums Notice of paying of Money fo lent and advanced on Mortgage shall be paid off and off Mortgages, discharged (fave and except with the Consent of the Person or Perfons entitled to receive fuch Sum or Sums of Money), unless Six Calendar Months previous Notice under the Common Seal of the faid Company of Proprietors shall have been given to the Person or Perfons entitled to receive such Sum or Sums of Money, or left at his or their last or usual Place or Places of Abode, of such their Intention

to pay off and discharge the same.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the First General Assembly First General of the said Company of Proprietors for putting this Act into Execution shall be held at the London Tavern, or such other Place as the Committee or Court of Directors hereinafter appointed shall direct, upon the Twenty first Day after the passing of this Act, or within Thirty one Days from that Day, or as foon after as conveniently may be, between the Hours of Twelve and Two o'Clock, and all future General Affemblies of the faid Company of Proprietors (except fuch Special General Affemblies as hereinafter mentioned) shall be held on the First Tuesday in the Month of May in each and every Year, between the Hours of Twelve and Two o'Clock, at such Place or Places as the Committee or Court of Directors hereinafter appointed for the time being may direct, of which future General Affemblies Ten Days previous Notice at leaft shall be given by Public Advertisement, to be inserted in One or more of the London Newspapers, or in such other manner as the said Company of Proprietors at their respective General Assemblies shall direct; and in case no Place or Places shall have been so appointed, then such General Assembly shall be holden where the last General Assembly was holden; and at fuch General Assemblies it shall be the Duty of the Committee or Court of Directors of the faid Company to report to the Proprietors at large the State of the faid Undertaking, and their Proceedings in carrying this Act into Execution; which Report shall be fairly entered into the Book or Books of the Company kept for that Purpose by the Clerk, and a Copy of the same shall be left at the Clerk's Office for the Perusal of the Proprietors, who shall have access thereto during fuch Hours as the faid Office is usually open.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the faid Company of Chairman. Proprietors, at their respective General and Special General Assemblies, shall and may appoint a Chairman, and such Chairman shall not only vote as a Proprietor, but in case of an Equality of Votes,

shall have the decifive or casting Vote.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That, for the better managing Committee of and conducting the Affairs of the faid Company, there shall be a Proprietors. Committee or Court of Directors of Fourteen Proprietors, and that John Allnutt, James Brewer, John Curwood, Charles Hutton, John Jackson, Henry Perkins, Rubert Pott, John Ramsbottom, George Ranking, John Richard Ripley, William Salte, William Slade, Robert Wilks and John Wyatt, shall be the First Committee or Court of Directors, and called The Court of Direction, and shall continue until the Third General Meeting to be held after the passing of this A&, and until others shall be chosen in their Stead, unless any Member 51 GEO. III.

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of the faid Committee or Court of Direction shall die or be removed, or shall dispose of his Stock, so as to reduce the same below Ten Shares: Provided always, that no Person or Persons holding any Place, Office, Employment or Contract under the faid Company shall be capable of being elected or of serving upon such Committee or Court of Direction during the time of his Continuance in fuch Place, Office, Employment, or holding such Contract, nor unless he shall possess and hold in his own Right Five Shares of the Capital Stock of the faid Company.

Committee to appoint Chair-

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the faid Committee or Court of Direction shall and may at every Meeting holden by them during the Continuance of their faid Office, the Number of the faid Committee or Court of Direction not being less than Three, appoint a Chairman by and out of the faid Committee or Court of Direction; and that no Member of any Committee or Court of Direction shall have more than one Vote upon any Question that may be agitated in the said Committee or Court of Direction, except in case of an Equality of Votes, and in that case the Chairman shall have the decifive or casting Vote, although he might have given one Vote before.

Power to Ge-

XX. And be it further enacted, That the faid Company of Promeral Affemblies. priefors shall have Power and Authority at any General Assembly or Special General Assembly convened for that Purpose, to remove and displace any Member or Members of the Committee or Court of Direction nominated and appointed by virtue of this A&, and thereupon elect any other Person or Persons in his or their Room or Stead; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors, at any General or Special General Assembly convened for that Purpose, to order and dispose of the Custody of their Common Seal, and the Use and Application thereof, and to make fuch Rules, Bye-Laws and Orders for the good Government of the faid Company, of the faid Committee or Court of Direction, and of their Servants, Agents or Workmen, and for the Superintendance and Management of the said Undertaking, and from time to time to alter and repeal the faid Bye-Laws, Rules, Orders and Regulations, or any of them, and to impole and inflict such reasonable Fines and Forfeitures upon all Persons who shall offend against such Rules, Bye-Laws or Orders, as to fuch General or Special General Affembly shall seem meet not exceeding the Sum of Ten Pounds for any one Offence; and all fuch Rules, Bye Laws and Orders being reduced into Writing, under the Common Seal of the faid Company of Proprietors, and printed, shall be binding upon and observed by all Perfons concerned in the faid Undertaking, and shall be sufficient in any Court of Law or Equity to justify all Persons who shall act under the same; provided that the same be not inconsistent with, or repugnant to the Laws of that Part of the United Kingdom called England, or to the Provisions and Directions in this Act contained, or to any of them; and fuch Rules, Orders and Bye-Laws shall be subject to appeal in manner herein directed; and all Accounts of Money received, laid out and disbursed on account of the said Undertaking, or on any of the Works thereunto belonging, by the Treasurers. Receivers, Collectors, Clerk or Clerks, and other Officers by them appointed, or by any other Person or Persons whomsoever employed by or concerned for or under them, in or about the faid Undertaking or the Works thereunto belonging, shall be laid before the faid

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General or Special General Affembly, to be audited and fettled; and the faid Company of Proprietors shall have Power to adjourn themselves from time to time to such Place or Places as shall at such General or Special General Affembly be thought proper and conve-

XXI. And be it further enacted, That the faid Committee or Subsequent Ap-Court of Direction fo appointed, or the Person or Persons elected in pointment of their Room or Stead by virtue of this Act, shall continue in Office Committee by until the First Tuesday in May after such Election, and on such Day Proprietors, in Four of the said Committee or Court of Direction shall go out of going out of Office, and cease to be upon the Committee or Court of Direction of Office by Retathe faid Company, unless re-elected as after mentioned; and in order tion. to determine who of the faid Committee or Court of Direction shall go out of Office, the Clerk of the faid Company, at the General Affembly of the faid Company, to be holden on that Day, or some Adjournment thereof, shall, and he is hereby required to write upon Fourteen Pieces of Paper of equal Size, the Name of One of the faid Committee or Court of Direction, on each of fuch Papers, and all such Papers shall be rolled up in the same Form, as near as may be, and be put into a Box or Wheel, and Four of such Papers shall then be drawn out of fuch Box or Wheel by fuch Clerk, one by one, and those Four of the Committee or Court of Direction, whose Names shall be upon such Papers respectively so drawn, shall go out of Office, and cease to be upon the Committee or Court of Direction of the faid Company, unless re-elected as after mentioned, and the faid Company shall then elect by Ballot as aforesaid Four Members of the faid Company, who shall severally be possessed of and entitled in their own Right to Five Shares at the least in the said Undertaking; and fuch Four Persons so elected shall continue in Office for the Space of three Years, except in case of Death or Refusal to act, or ceasing to be qualified in manner by this Act directed, or being removed or displaced by the said Company of Proprietors, at any General Affembly or Special (a) Affembly convened for that Purpose. and no longer; and on the First Tuesday in the next succeeding Month of May, Five more of the Committee or Court of Direction first elected by virtue of this Act, as Part of the Committee or Court of Direction, or the Person or Persons elected in his or their Room or Stead, shall go out of Office, and cease to be upon the Committee or Court of Direction of the faid Company, unless re-elected as after mentioned; and in order to determine who of fuch Five of the Committee or Court of Direction shall go out of Office, the Clerk of the said Company at the General Assembly of the said Company, to be holden on that Day, or some Adjournment thereof, shall, and he is hereby required to write upon Ten distinct Pieces of Paper of an equal Size, the Name of One of each of the Committee or Court of Direction on each of the faid Papers, and all such Papers shall be rolled up in the same Form, as near as may be, and be put into a Box or Wheel by fuch Clerk, and Five of fuch Papers strall be then drawn out of such Box or Wheel by such Clerk, one by one, and those of the Committee or Court of Direction whose Names shall be upon such Papers respectively so drawn shall go out of Office, unless re-elected; and the said Company shall then elect by Ballot as aforesaid Five Members of the said Company, qualified as (a) [So in Original Ad.]

aforesaid, to be upon the Committee or Court of Direction of the faid Company; and such Persons so elected shall continue in Office for the Space of Two Years (except in case of Death or Refusal to act, or ceasing to be qualified in manner by this Act directed, or being removed or displaced as aforesaid), and no longer; and on the First Tuesday in the next succeeding Month of May the Five remaining Members of the Committee or Court of Direction first appointed by virtue of this Act, or the Person or Persons elected in his or their Room or Stead shall go out of Office, unless re-elected as after mentioned; and the faid Company shall, at their General Assembly to be holden on that Day, or some Adjournment thereof, elect by Ballot as aforesaid Five Members of the said Company qualified as aforesaid, to be upon the Committee or Court of Direction of the faid Company; and such Five Persons so elected shall continue in Office for the Space of One Year, (except in case of Death, or Refusal to act, or ceasing to be qualified in manner by this Act directed, or being removed or displaced as aforesaid) and no longer; and on the First Tuesday in every succeeding Month of May in each and every Year, Four or Five Persons, as the case may require, out of the Members of the faid Company, qualified as aforefaid; shall be elected by Ballot as aforesaid by the said Company, to be Members of the Committee or Court of Direction of the faid Company; and fuch Four or Five Persons as may be so elected shall continue in Office for the Space of Three Years (except in case of Death, or Refusal to act, or ceasing to be qualified in manner by this Act directed, or being removed or displaced as aforesaid), and no longer: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid Company of Proprietors to nominate and appoint any fuch Person or Persons so qualified as aforesaid, and going out of Office, again to be a Member or Members of the faid Committee or Court of Direction.

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In case Committee not ap pointed on Day mentioned, another Meeting for that Purpole.

XXII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That in case on any such Tuesday in the Month of May in any Year, no such Nomination and Appointment of such Members of the Committee or Court of Direction shall be made, then and in every such case another Meeting of the faid Company shall be holden on the Tuesday Fortnight following for the Purpole of making fuch Election; and in case no fuch Nomination and Appointment shall be then made, then and in every fuch case another Meeting of the said Company shall be holden on the Tuesday Fortnight following for the Purpose of making fuch Election, and so toties queties until such Members of the Committee or Court of Direction shall be chosen, but such Members of the Committee or Court of Direction shall not continue in Office or be Members of the faid Committee or Court of Direction for any longer Space of time than if he or they had been elected on the faid First Tuesday in May as aforesaid.

Subsequent Appointment of Committee in Room of those who shall die, refule to act, or be-

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person or Persons elected by the said Company as a Member or Members of the Committee or Court of Direction of the said Company shall die or refuse to act in the Execution of this Act, or shall cease to be entitled to Five Shares at the least in the said Undertaking, or shall hold come disqualified. any Place, Office, Employment or Contract under the Taid Company, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for the Committee or Court of Direction to elect out of the faid Company

of Proprietors some Person or Persons qualified as aforesaid, to be a Member or Members of the Committee or Court of Direction of the faid Company in the Room or Stead of the Member or Members of. the Committee so dying or refusing to act, or ceasing to be qualified, or holding any Place, Office, Employment or Contract under the faid Company; and every such Election of a Member of the said Committee or Court of Direction shall be submitted by the said Committee or Court of Direction to the faid Company of Proprietors at their then next General or Special (a) Affembly, when the Election of such Person or Persons shall either be confirmed, or such other Person or Persons qualified as aforesaid shall be elected a Member or Members of fuch Committee or Court of Direction as the faid Company of Proprietors at fuch General or Special General Affembly shall think proper; and every Person or Persons so elected shall have the like Powers and Authorities, and be subject to the like Rules, Regulations and Restrictions as the Person or Persons in whose Room or Stead he or they shall be so elected, and shall continue in Office as a Member or Members of the Committee or Court of Direction for fuch time and no longer, as the Person or Persons in whose Room or Stead he or they shall be so elected would have continued in Office. (a) [So in Original Att.]

XXIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Member Member of or Members of the faid Committee or Court of Direction, shall for Committee nethe Space of Three Months refuse or neglect to attend a Meeting of slecting to the faid Committee or Court of Direction to be holden in pursuance Months, another of this Act, then and in every fuch case such Member or Members so not attending, shall cease to be of the said Committee or Court of Direction, and it shall and may be lawful to and for the remaining Members of the faid Committee or Court of Direction at any of their Meetings, or a Majority of them, and they are hereby required to elect another Person or Persons qualified as aforesaid, to be a Member or Members of the said Committee or Court of Direction, in the Room or Stead of the Person or Persons so not attending; and each and every Person and Persons so elected, shall have the like Powers and Authorities, and be subject to the like Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, and shall continue in Office as a Member or Members of the said Committee or Court of Direction, for such time and no longer as the Person or Persons in whose Room or Stead he or they

shall be so elected would have continued in Office.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That no Person who shall hold No Person conany Contract or enjoy any Place of Profit created by this Act, or be cerned in any beneficially employed, or in any manner interested or concerned directly or indirectly in supplying any Articles or Materials for the Use of mittee. the faid Company, shall have any Voice or be entitled to a Vote at any Meeting or Meetings of the said Committee or Court of Direction during the time that he shall be so employed, concerned or interested as aforesaid; and in case any Person being a Member of the faid Committee or Court of Direction, shall hold any Contract or enjoy any Place of Profit created by this Act, or shall be in any manner beneficially employed or concerned, directly or indirectly, in supplying any Article or Materials for the Use of the said Company, and shall vote at any such Meeting or Meetings of the faid Committee. or Court of Direction, then and in every such case every such Person so voting at any such Meeting or Meetings, shall forfeit and pay,

appointed.

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for every such Offence, the Sum of One hundred Pounds, together, with full Costs of Suit, to any Person or Persons who shall sue for the same, to be recovered in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, by Action of Debt, or on the Case, or by Bill, Plaint or Information, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law, or more than One Imparlance shall be allowed, and One Moiety of such Penalty when recovered, shall be paid to the Person or Persons who shall sue for the same, and the other Moiety shall be paid to the said Company, to be applied to the Purposes of this Act, and the Person or Persons so convicted shall be absolutely disqualified from acting any longer as a Member or Members of the Committee or Court of Direction of the faid Company, and no Proprietor of the faid Company, or any Member of the faid Committee or Court of Direction of the faid Company interested in any such Contract, Matter or Thing. as aforesaid, shall vote in any Question touching or concerning the fame.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That if it shall at any time

Affemblies of Proprietors speeially convened.

Notice.

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Committee to

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be appoint Officers. lawful to and for the Committee or Court of Direction for the managing and conducting the Affairs of the faid Company of Proprietors.

appear, that for the more effectually putting this Act into Execution a Special General Assembly of the said Company of Proprietors is necessary to be holden, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Ten or more of the faid Proprietors who collectively may be possessed of or entitled to One hundred Shares at the least in the said Undertaking, by a Notice under their Hands to be given to the Clerk of the faid Company to require the faid Clerk to give Notice of such Special General Affembly, and the faid Clerk shall and he is hereby required, within Seven Days from the Receipt of such Notice, to give Fourteen Days Notice of fuch Special General Affembly in One or more of the London Newspapers, or in such other manner, as the faid Company of Proprietors may at any General Assembly direct and appoint, specifying in such Notice the Reason, Occasion and Intention of requesting such Special General Assembly, and the time when and Place where the same shall be holden, which Place shall be within Three Miles of the faid Bridge, and the faid Proprictors are hereby authorized to meet pursuant to such Notice; and fuch of them as shall be present at such Special General Assembly shall proceed to the Execution of the Powers by this Act given to the faid Company of Proprietors, with respect to the Matters so specified in such Notice only; and all such Acts, Orders or Determinations of the faid Proprietors, or the Majority of them met together at every such Special General Assembly, provided that the Proprietors present and represented by Proxy, shall be possessed in their own Right of at least Two hundred and fifty Shares in the faid Undertaking, shall be as valid with respect to the Mattera specified in such Notice, as if the same had been done at any stated General Assembly: Provided always, that in case the said Clerk shall not when so required call the said General Assembly, it shall and may be lawful for the faid Ten Proprietors by a fimilar Notice to call fuch Special General Affembly; which faid Special General Assembly shall have the same Power, Privilege and Authority, and be in all Respects considered the same as if it had been called by the Clerk of the faid Company.

prietors, and they are hereby authorized and required, from time to time, to nominate and appoint a Treasurer or Treasurers, Engineer or Engineers, Architect or Architects, Surveyor or Surveyors, Clerk or Clerks, Collector or Collectors, Receiver or Receivers of the Rates and Tolls herein allowed to be demanded and taken, and fuch other Officers as to the faid Committee or Court of Direction shall feem proper, and from time to time to remove any fuch Treasurer or Treasurers, Engineer or Engineers, Architect or Architects, Surveyor or Surveyors, Clerk or Clerks, Collector or Collectors, Receiver or Receivers, or other Officers, or any of them, and to nominate and appoint another Person or Persons in his or their Room or Stead in manner aforesaid, taking such Security from every such Treasurer, Engineer, Surveyor, Architect, Clerk, Collector or Receiver, or other Officer, for the due Execution of their respective Offices, and granting to them respectively such Salary and Compensation as the said Committee or Court of Direction shall think proper; and fuch Clerk or Clerks shall, in a proper Book or Books to be provided by the faid Committee or Court of Direction for that Purpose, enter and keep a true and perfect Account of the Names and Places of Abode of the feveral Proprietors of the faid Undertaking, and of the several Persons who shall from time to time become Owners and Proprietors of, or entitled to any Share or Shares therein, and of all Acts, Proceedings and Transactions of the said Company of Proprietors and Committee or Court of Direction respectively; and each of the said Proprietors of the said Undertaking Inspection of shall and may, at all convenient times, have Recourse to and peruse Proceedings. and inspect the same, paying for such Perusal and Inspection the Sum of One Shilling and no more, and may demand and have Copies thereof, or of any Part thereof, paying for every One hundred Words fo to be copied the Sum of Nine Pence, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Number of Words; and if any such Clerk or Clerks to the faid Company of Propietors shall refuse to permit any Proprietor or Proprietors so interested as aforesaid, to inspect or peruse such Book or Books of Accounts and Proceedings at all convenient Times or Seasons, or refuse to make any such Copy or Copies at the Rate or Price aforesaid, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be Appointment of lawful to and for the faid Committee or Court of Direction to remove Officers in cale any Treasurer, Engineer, Architect, Surveyor, Clerk, Collector, of Vacancies. Receiver or other Officer or Servant of the said Company; and in case any such Treasurer, Engineer, Surveyor, Architect, Glerk, Collector, Receiver or other Officer or Servant of the faid Company, shall die, be removed from, or quit the Service of the said Company of Proprietors, or of the said Committee or Court of Direction, then and in every fuch case it shall and may be lawful to and for the Committee or Court of Direction to appoint any other fit Person or Persons to execute such Office or Offices in the Place of the Person or Persons who shall die, be removed from, or quit the Service of the faid Proprietors, or of the faid Committee or Court of Direction; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the Committee or Court of Direction of the faid Company to suspend any Treasurer, Engineer, Architect, Surveyor, Clerk, Collector, Receiver or other Officer or Servant of the faid Company, and to ap-

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Penalty.

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point any other fit Person or Persons to execute such Office or Offices in the Room and Stead of the Person or Persons so suspended from the Service of the said Company, and also from time to time to appoint any new Officer or Officers as they the Committee or Court of Direction shall think necessary for the Assairs of the said Company, consequent upon such Suspension.

Officers, &c. to account.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That every fuch Treasurer, Engineer, Architect, Surveyor, Clerk, Collecto., Receiver or other Officer or Servant of the faid Company to to be appointed as aforefaid, shall, under his or their Hand or Hands, at such time and times, and in such manner as the said Company of Proprietors or such Committee or Court of Direction shall direct, deliver to the said Company of Proprietors or to such Committee or Court of Direction, or to fuch Person or Persons as they respectively shall appoint, true and perfect Accounts in Writing of all Matters and Things committed to his or their Charge by virtue of this Act, and also of all the Monies which shall have been by such Treasurer, Engineer, Architect, Surveyor, Clerk, Collector, Receiver or other Officer or Servant of the faid Company and Person or Persons respectively received by virtue and for the Purpoles of this Act, and how much thereof hath been paid and disbursed, and for what Purposes, together with the proper and legal Receipts or Vouchers for fuch Payments, and shall pay all such Monies as shall remain in his or their respective Hand or Hands to the faid Company of Proprietors, or to such Committee or Court of Directors (a), or to such Person or Persons as they shall respectively appoint; and if any such Treasurer, Engineer, Architect, Surveyor, Clerk, Collector, Receiver, Officer or other Person, shall refuse to produce or deliver up such Accounts, Receipts or Vouchers, or to make Payment as aforefaid, or shall not deliver to the faid Company of Proprietors, or to fuch Committee or Court of Direction, or to such Person or Persons as they shall respectively appoint, within Twenty Days after being thereunto required by the faid Company of Proprietors, or by fuch Committee or Court of Direction, all Books, Papers and Writings in his or their Custody or Power, relating to the Execution of this Act, or shall refuse or neglect to pay such Monies as upon the Balance of any Account or Accounts shall appear to be in his or their respective Hands to the faid Company of Proprietors, or to such Committee or Court of Direction, or as they shall respectively direct and appoint, then and in either of the cases aforesaid, the said Company of Proprietors may, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to bring or cause to be brought any Action or Actions against the said Treasurer, Engineer, Architect, Surveyor, Clerk, Collector, Receiver, Officer or Officers, Person or Persons so neglecting or refusing as aforesaid, in order for the Recovery of the Monies that shall be in the Hands of fuch Treasurer, Engineer, Architect, Surveyor, Clerk, Collector, Receiver, Officer or Officers, Person or Persons respectively; or if Complaint shall be made by the said Company of Proprietors, or by fuch Committee or Court of Direction, or by fuch Person or Persons as they respectively shall appoint for that Purpose, of any such Refusal or Neglect as aforesaid, to any Two or more Justices of the Peace for the County, City or Place wherein the faid Treasurer, Engineer, Architect, Surveyor, Clerk, Collector, Receiver, Officer (a) [So in Original Atl.]

or Officers, Person or Persons so neglecting or resuling, without some reasonable Excuse, shall be and reside, such Justices may and they are hereby authorized and required, by a Warra or Warrants under their Hands and Seals, to cause the Treasurer, Engineer, Architect. Surveyor, Clerk, Collector, Receiver, Officer or Officers, Person or Persons so neglecting or refusing, to be brought before them, and upon his, her or their appearing, or not being to be found, to hear and determine the Matter in a fummary way; and if upon the Confession of the Party or Parties, or by the Testimony of any credible Witness or Witnesses upon Oath, it shall appear to such Justices that any of the Monies that shall have been collected, raised or received by virtue of this Act shall be in the Hands of such Treasurer, Engineer, Architect, Surveyor, Clerk, Collector, Receiver, Officer or Officers, Person or Persons, such Justices may, and they are hereby authorized and required, upon Non payment thereof, by Warrant or Warrants under their Hands and Seals, to cause such Money to be levied by Diftress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of fuch Treasurer, Engineer, Architect, Surveyor, Clerk, Collector, Receiver, Officer or Officers, Person or Persons respectively; and if no Goods or Chattels of fuch Treasurer, Engineer, Architect, Surveyor, Clerk, Collector, Receiver, Officer or Officers, Person or Persons can be found sufficient to answer and satisfy the said Money, and the Charges of making and levying the fame, or if fuch Treafurer, Engineer, Architect, Surveyor, Clerk, Collector, Receiver, Officer or Officers, Person or Persons, shall still persist in resusing or neglecting to deliver up all fuch Monies, Accounts, Receipts, Vouchers, Books, Papers and Writings as aforesaid to the said Company of Proprietors, or to such Committee or Court of Direction, or other Person or Persons as they respectively shall appoint, then and in any or either of the cases aforesaid, such Justices shall Imprisonment, commit every fuch Offender to the Common Gaol for fuch County, City or Place, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, until he shall give and make a true and perfect Account and Payment as aforefaid, or until he shall compound with the faid Company of Proprietors, or with the said Committee or Court of Direction, and shall have paid fuch Composition, in such manner as they respectively shall appoint, and until he shall deliver up such Monies, Accounts, Receipts, Vouchers, Books, Papers and Writings as aforesaid, or give Satisfaction in respect thereof to the said Company of Proprietors, or to fuch Committee or Court of Direction; but no Treasurer, Engineer, Architect, Surveyor, Clerk, Collector, Receiver, Officer or Person so committed for want of sufficient Distress shall be confined or detained in Prison by virtue of this Act for any longer Space of time than Three Months.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers and Autho- Powers of rities hereby vested in or directed to be exercised by the said Committee Committee. or Court of Direction, may be done and exercised by the major Part of the Persons present at their respective Meetings, the whole Number present not being less than Three, and every such Committee or Court of Direction shall from time to time make Report of their Proceedings to the faid General Affemblies of the Proprietors, and shall obey their Orders and Directions; and the faid Committee or Court of Direction shall (subject nevertheless at all times to such Orders and Directions as aforesaid) meet at such Times and Places, and shall from time to time

adjourn themselves to such other Times and Places as they shall think fit; and in order to defray the Expences of their Meetings the said Committee or Court of Direction shall from time to time receive out of the Capital Stock of the faid Company of Proprietors such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be directed, adjusted and settled by the said Company of Proprietors at such General Assemblies; and the said Committee or Court of Direction shall and may contract for and agree for the Purchase of the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments that may be taken or used for the Purposes of the said Bridge, Street or Streets, or other Works thereunto belonging, and shall and may make Agreements, Contracts and Bargains with the Workmen, Agents, Undertakers and other Persons employed or concerned in making, continuing and completing the faid Bridge, Street or Streets, or other Works hereby authorized, and all and every Part or Parts thereof; and the said Committee or Court of Direction shall (subject nevertheless to the Orders and Directions of such General or Special General Assemblies as aforesaid), have full Power and Authority to direct and manage all and every the Affairs of the faid Company of Proprietors, and the faid Committee or Court of Direction shall by themselves or the Clerk or Clerks for the said Company of Proprietors keep a full, correct and true Account of all Monies disbursed and Payments made by the faid Committee or Court of Direction, and by all and every Person and Persons employed by or under them, and of all and every Sum and Sums of Money which they shall receive on Behalf or in respect of the said Undertaking from any Collector or Collectors of the faid Rates or Tolls, or from any other Officer or Officers, or from any other Person or Persons whomsoever employed in or having any Concerns, Dealings or Transactions with the said Undertaking, or in or with any Part or Parts thereof, and shall regularly by themselves or their Clerk or Clerks of (a) the said Company as aforefaid, write, insert and enter in a Book or Books to be from time to time provided at the Expence of the faid Company of Proprietors, Notes, Minutes or Copies (as the case shall require), of any fuch Contract, Bargain, Receipt and Disbursement, and of all their Orders and Proceedings, which Book or Books shall be deposited with and kept under the Care and Direction of the faid Committee or Court of Direction, or the Clerk or Clerks of the faid Company aforefaid: Provided always, that every Proprietor in the faid Undertaking shall have free Access thereto upon every reasonable Desire for his or her Inspection, on Payment for such Inspection of the Sum of Two Shillings and Six Pence. (a) [So in Original A&]

Frovisa.

Proceedings entered in Books of Company, Evidence.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That all Orders and Proceedings of the said Company of Proprietors at their several and respective General or Special General Assemblies, or of their Committee or Court of Direction, or any Three or more of them, at their several Meetings shall be entered in a Book or Books to be kept for such Purposes respectively, and such Orders and Proceedings so entered shall be signed respectively by the Chairman of such General or Special General Assembly, or by the Clerk of the said Company, or by the Chairman of such Committee or Court of Direction, or by their Clerk, and such Order and Proceedings respectively shall be deemed and taken to be Originals.

Committees may make Calls. XXXII. And it enacted, That the faid Committee or Court of Direction, shall have Power from time to time, to make such Call or Calla

Calls of Money from the Subscribers to and Proprietors of and in the faid Undertaking, to defray the Expences of or to carry on the same, as they the faid Committee or Court of Direction, from time to time shall find wanting and necessary for those Purposes, so that no such Call shall exceed the Sum of Ten Pounds for every One hundred Pounds, (except as hereinafter mentioned) and such Calls shall not be made but at the Distance of Thirty Days at least from each other, and Twenty one Days Notice at least shall be given of all such Calls as aforesaid, by Advertisement in One or more of the London Newspapers, or in such other manner as the said Company of Proprietors shall at any General Affembly direct and appoint; provided that it provides shall not be lawful to make any further Call upon any Proprietor or Proprietors who shall have paid to the said Company in Obedience to their faid Calls or otherwise, the full Amount of the Sum which by his, her or their Subscription, he, she or they had undertaken to pay, for his, her or their faid Share or Shares, and every Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, of any Share or Shares in the faid Undertaking, shall pay his, her or their rateable Proportions of the Monies to be called for as aforefaid, to fuch Person or Persons, and at such Time and Place as the faid Committee or Court of Direction shall from time to time order and direct; and if any Person or Persons Calls not said. mall neglect or refuse to pay his, her or their rateable or proportionable Part of the Money so called for as aforesaid, at the Time and Place appointed by such Committee or Court of Direction, or within Fourteen Days next enfuing, he, the or they to neglecting or refuting, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Shillings for every Share he. she or they shall have in the said Undertaking; and in case such Penalty. Person or Persons shall continue to neglect or resuse to pay his, her or their rateable Call or Calls as aforesaid, for the Space of Three Months next after the time so appointed for Payment thereof, then and in every fuch case, he, she or they so neglecting or refusing, shall forfeit his, her or their respective Share and Shares in the said Undertaking, and all the Profits and Benefits thereof, all which Shares so forfeited, shall be velled in the faid Company of Proprietors, Shares forfeited, in trust for, and for the Benefit of all the rest of the said Proprietors, in proportion to their respective Interests in the said Undertaking, or shall at the Discretion of any of the said General or Special (a) Assemblies, be publicly fold for the Use of the rest of the said Proprietors, whose Shares and Interests shall not have been forfeited as aforesaid: Provided nevertheless, that no Forfeiture of any Share or Shares in No Advantage the faid Undertaking shall be, or be deemed to be incurred, fave and tiken of Forexcept personal Notice of such Call or Calls in Writing, signed by sciture without the Clerk or Clerks to the said Committee or Court of Direction, Notice. shall have been given to or left at the last or usual Place or Places of Abode, of the Owner or Owners of fuch Share or Shares respectively, and in case the Place or Places of Abode of any such Owner or Owners shall not be known to the Clerk or Clerks of the faid Committee or Court of Direction, then such Notice shall be inserted once in the London Gazette, nor until all fuch Share or Shares shall likewise have been declared to be forfeited at some General or Special General Assembly of the said Company of Proprietors. (a) [So in Original Aa.

XXXIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the respective Subscribers to Persons who have subscribed, or who shall hereafter subscribe or pay Subscriptions

advance on Calls by Committee.

advance any Money for and towards the faid Undertaking, or shall be Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors of any Share or Shares in the faid Undertaking, shall, and he, she and they is and are hereby required to pay the Sum or Sums by them respectively subscribed (or such Parts and Proportions thereof as shall from time to time be called for by the Committee or Court of Direction of the faid Company of Proprietors, by virtue of and agreeable to the Powers and Directions of this Act), at such Times and Places, and in such manner as shall be directed by the said Committee or Court of Direction; and in case any such Subscriber or Subscribers shall neglect or refuse to pay the same at the Time and Place and Manner so required for that Purpose, the said Company of Proprietors are hereby empowered to sue for and recover the same in any of His Majesty's

51° GEO. III.

Fzilure.

Sued

Proceedings in

Courts of Law or Equity whatever. XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That in all Actions brought Actions for Calls. by the faid Company of Proprietors against any Person or Persons who hath or have subscribed, or who shall hereafter subscribe or advance any Money for and towards the faid Undertaking, or against any Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors of any Share or Shares in the faid Undertaking, to recover any Sum or Sums of Money due and payable to the faid Company for or by reason of any Call or Calls made by virtue of this Act, it shall be sufficient for the faid Company to declare and alledge that the Defendant or Defendants, being an Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors of such or so many Share or Shares in the faid Undertaking, is or are indebted to the faid Company in fuch Sum or Sums of Money as the Call or Calls in Arrear shall amount to for such and so many Call or Calls of fuch and so many Sum and Sums of Money upon such or so many Share or Shares belonging to the faid Defendant or Defendants (as the case may happen to be), whereby an Action hath accrued to the faid Company by virtue of this Act, without fetting forth the Special Matter; and on the Trial of fuch Action, it shall be only necessary to prove, that the Defendant or Defendants, at the time of making such Call or Calls, was or were an Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors of some Share or Shares in the said Undertaking, and that fuch Call or Calls was or were in Fact made, and that such Notice was given thereof as is directed by this Act, and the faid Company shall thereupon be entitled to recover what shall appear to be due, unless it shall appear that any such Call exceeded the Sum of Ten Pounds for every One hundred Pounds, or was made within the Diftance of Thirty Days from the last preceding Call, or without Notice given as aforefaid; and after Judgment shall be given for the faid Company in any such Action, Execution shall not be stayed by reason of any Writ of Error brought by the Defendant or Defendants therein, unless such Defendant or Defendants, with Two sufficient Sureties, shall first become bound to the said Company by Recognizance, to be acknowledged in the Court in which such Judgment shall be given, in Double the Sum adjudged to the said Company by such Judgment, to prosecute the said Writ of Error with Essea, and also, if the said Judgment shall be affirmed or the said Writ of Error be nonproffed, to fatisfy and pay the Debt, Damages and Cofts -adjudged by the faid Judgment, and all Costs and Damages to be awarded for Delay of Execution.

XXXV Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Subscriber Committee may or Subscribers to the said Undertaking shall be minded and desirous allow interest to to pay and advance immediately into the Hands of the faid ComPayment in
Mittee or Court of Direction, or of the Person or Persons whom
Advance. they shall appoint to receive the same, the full Amount of his, her or their Subscription or Subscriptions for such Share or Shares, for which he, she or they, may have subscribed, or any Part thereof, not being a less Sum than One hundred Pounds, without waiting for the faid Call or Calls to be made, then and in such case it shall be lawful for the faid Committee or Court of Direction to pay to the faid Subscriber or Subscribers so paying in Advance as aforesaid, out of the Funds of the faid Company, Interest upon the Sum or Sums so advanced, at the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, upon the Amount which fuch Payment in Advance may be over and above the faid Calls, and from the time of advancing the same up to the Period of each subsequent Call respectively, according to the Sum then in Advance over and above the Amount of the faid Call.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person Power to Geand Persons, Body or Bodies Corporate and Politic, his, her or their neral Assemblies leveral and respective Successors, Executors, Administrators and to give Interest. Affigns, who shall have feverally subscribed, and shall pay in the Sum or Sums of Money so subscribed by him, her or them, or such Part or Parts thereof as shall or may be demanded of him, her or them, from time to time in lieu thereof, on Account of his, her or their respective Subscriptions or Stock, towards the carrying on and completing the Works aforefaid, shall be entitled, with the Assent of a General Court of Proprietors held for that Purpose, to Interest on every Instalment so demanded and paid, at a Rate not exceeding Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, which Interest shall commence from the time or times that such Instalments shall have been respectively paid, or from such subsequent time or times as such General Court shall appoint.

Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, of any Share or Shares in the Subscribers befaid Undertaking, shall happen to die before such Call or Calls shall fore Shares comhave been made for the full Sum or Sums to be advanced on any pleted, Executors, &c. may de Share or Shares which he, she or they shall have been possessed of or it, entitled to, without having made Provision by Will or otherwise how and in what manner such Share or Shares shall be disposed of, and how and by what means the future Calls in respect thereof shall be paid to the faid Company of Proprietors for the Purposes of the faid Undertaking, then and in such case the Executor or Executors, Administrator or Administrators of every such Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors fo dying, or the Trustee or Trustees, Committee or Committees of any Lunatic or Lunatics, Guardian or Guardians of any Infant or Infants, or of any other Person or Persons entitled to the Estate and Effects of any such deceased Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, shall be indemnified against all and every such Infant or Infants, and against all and every other Person or Persons whomsoever, for or on Account of his, her or their having paid any Sum or Sums of Money, when called for as aforefaid, to complete every such Subscription; and if such deceased Owner

or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, shall not have left Affets sufficient, or in case the Executor or Executors, Administrator or

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Owner or On Death of

Administrators,

Administrators, Trustee or Trustees, Committee or Committees, Guardian or Guardians, shall refuse or neglect to answer such Calls for the Space of Six Calendar Months after Notice in Writing, figned by the Clerk of the faid Company of Proprietors, shall have been given to him, her or them, or left at his, her or their last or usual Place or Places of Abode, the faid Company of Proprietors shall be, and they are hereby authorized and required to admit any other Perion or Persons to be an Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, of the Share or Shares of fuch deceased Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, on Condition that he, she or they, so admitted, do and shall, on or before such Admission, pay to the Executor or Executors, Administrator or Administrators of such deceased Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, or to the Trustee or Trustees, Committee or Committees, Guardian or Guardians, of the Infant or Infants, or other Person or Persons who may be entitled to his, her or their Effects, the full Sum or Sums of Money which shall have been paid by fuch Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors, in his, her or their Life-time, by virtue of any Call or Calls, or otherwise, upon such Share or Shares, or such other Sum or Sums of Money as the same can be fold for; and in case no Person or Persons shall be found who is or are willing to be admitted upon fuch Condition as aforesaid, then and in every such case such Share or Shares shall be forfeited to and become vested in the Rest of the faid Company of Proprietors of the said Undertaking, in Trust for and for the equal Benefit of all the Rest of the said Proprietors in Proportion to their respective Interests in the said Undertaking; and shall be subject to be fold and disposed of in like manner as other forfeited Shares may be fold and disposed of by virtue of this Act.

51° GEO. III.

Penalty.

Shares may be fold

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid several Proprietors of the faid Undertaking, his, her or their respective Executors, Administrators and Assigns, to sell and dispose of any Share or Shares to which he, she or they may be entitled therein, subject to the Rules and Conditions herein mentioned, the Conveyance of which Shares shall be in the Form or to the Effect following; videlicet,

Form of Couveyance of Shares,

' T A. B. of in Confideration of paid to me by C. D. of do hereby bargain, fell, affign and transfer to the faid C. D. the Capital Stock of and in the Southwark Bridge, being of my Share in the faid Undertaking, To hold to Executors, Administrators and f the faid C. D. Assigns, subject to the same Rules, Orders and Restrictions, and on the same Conditions that I held the same immediately before the Execution hereof; and I the faid C. D. do hereby agree to take and accept the faid Capital Stock or Share of fubject to the same Rules, Orders, Restrictions and Conditions. As witness our Hands and Seals, this in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and

And on every fuch Sale the faid Deed or Conveyance (being executed by the Seller or Sellers, and the Purchaser or Purchasers of fuch Share or Shares) shall be kept by the said Purchaser or Purchasers for his, her or their Security, after the Clerk or Clerks to the faid Company of Proprietors shall have entered in a proper Book or Books to be kept for that Purpole, a Memorial of fuch Transfer and Sale, for the Use of the said Company, and have tellified and indorfed the Entry of such Memorial on the said Deed of Sale or Transfer, for which no more than Two Shillings and Six Fee, pence shall be paid; and the said Clerk or Clerks is and are hereby required to make such Entry or Memorial accordingly, and until fuch Memorial shall have been made and entered as above directed, fuch Purchaser or Purchasers shall have no Part or Share of the Profits of the said Undertaking, nor any Interest for such Share or Shares paid to him, her or them, nor any Vote in respect thereof as a Proprietor or Proprietors of the faid Undertaking.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That after any Call of fuch No Shares fold Money shall have been made by the said Committee or Court of after a Call till Direction as aforefaid, no Perfon or Perfons shall fell or transfer any Money paid. Share or Shares which he, she or they shall possess in the said Undertaking on Pain of forfeiting his, her or their respective Share or Shares therein to the faid Company of Proprietors, in Trust for the Benefit of all the faid Proprietors, unless at the time of fuch Sale or Transfer, such Person or Persons shall have paid and discharged to the Treasurer of the said Company of Proprietors, the whole and entire Sum of Money which shall have been called for upon each Share fo fold or transferred, fuch Forfeiture nevertheless to be notified and declared at a General or Special General Affembly, in manner

before directed.

' XL. And whereas, in Cases where the original Subscriber or Acquisition of Subscribers of One or more Share or Shares in the faid Undertaking Shares by Marfhall marry, die, become Infolvent or Bankrupt, or go out of the ringe, Will or in Kingdom, or shall transfer his or her Right and Interest to some Course of Adother Person, and no Register shall have been made of the Transfer thereof with the faid Clerk, as directed by this Act, it may not be in the Power of the faid Company of Proprietors, or their Treafurer or Clerk, to know who is the Owner or Proprietor of fuch Share or Shares, in order to give him, her or them Notice or · Notices of Calls made on fuch Share or Shares, as is hereby required, and to maintain any Action or Actions against him, her or them for the Recovery of the same, or for the Purpose of fafely paying to him, her or them the Interest or Dividends to which he, she or they may be entitled by virtue thereof; Be it therefore further enacted, That before any Person or Persons who shall claim any Part or Share of the Profits arising from the faid Undertaking in Right of Marriage shall be entitled to receive the By Marriage; same, an Affidavit, containing a Copy of the Register of such Marriage, shall be made and sworn to by some credible Person before One of the Judges of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or a Master or Master Extraordinary in Chancery, or any One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, who are hereby authorized and empowered to swear any such Person to such Assidavit, and such Affidavit shall be transmitted to the Clerk or Clerks to the said Company for the time being, who shall file the same, and make an Entry thereof in the Book or Books which shall be kept by the faid Clerk or Clerks for the Entry of Transfers and Sales of Shares

By Will or in Course of Administration.

By any other

Means.

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in the faid Undertaking; and that before any Person or Persons who shall claim any Part or Share of the Profits of the said Undertaking, by virtue of any Bequest or Will, or in a Course of Administration, shall be entitled to receive the same, the said Will, or the Probate thereof, shall be produced and shewn to the said Clerk or Clerks, or an Affidavit containing a Copy of so much of such Will as shall relate to the Share or Shares of the Testator, or of the Letters of Administration in case the Proprietor shall have died Intestate, shall be made and sworn to by any Executor or Executors of such Will, or by any Administrator or Administrators of the Estate and Effects (as the case may happen to be) before One of the Judges of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, a Master or Master Extraordinary in Chancery, or One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, and shall also be transmitted to the said Clerk or Clerks, who shall file and enter the same in the manner herein mentioned, and that in all cases other than as hereinbefore mentioned, where the Right and Property in one or more Share or Shares in the faid Undertaking shall pass from the original Proprietor thereof to any other Person or Persons by any other legal means than by a Transfer or Conveyance thereof as herein directed, an Affidavit shall be made and sworn to by Two credible Persons, before One of the Judges in (a) His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or a Master or Master Extraordinary in Chancery, or One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, stating the manner in which such Share or Shares hath or have passed to such other Person or Persons; and the said Judges, Master or Master Extraordinary in Chancery, or Justices of the Peace, are hereby authorized and empowered to swear any such Person to such Affidavit, and such Affidavit shall be transmitted to the Clerk or Clerks of the faid Company of Proprietors, to the Intent that he may and he is hereby required to enter and register the Name or Names of every fuch new Proprietor or Proprietors, in the Register Book or List of Proprietors in the said Undertaking; and that in all or any of the faid cases it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors, at any General or Special General Affembly, after Six Calendar Months Notice shall have been given by the faid Treafurer or Clerk to the Person or Persons claiming by such Affidavit to be Owner or Owners thereof, and fuch Person or Persons shall not have paid his, her or their Proportion of the Money becoming pavable by virtue of any Call or Calls as aforefaid, and after Notice thereof shall have been given Three times, at the Intervals of Seven Days between each Advertisement, in some One or more of the London Newspapers, to declare the same Share or Shares to be forfeited. and in such case the same shall be and become forfeited and sold, and disposed of in such manner as the said Company of Proprietors shall direct, or otherwise become consolidated in the General Fund of the (a) | So in Original Ad.] faid Company.

Names of Proprictors and Numbers of Shares entered, and Certificates of Number delivered.

XLI. And, for the better Security of the several Proprietors of the faid Undertaking, as to their respective Shares therein, be it further enacted, That the said Company of Proprietors shall, and they are hereby required at their First or at some subsequent General Affembly, or as foon as conveniently may be, to cause the Names and proper Additions of the several Persons who shall be then entitled to any Share or Shares in the faid Undertaking, with the Number of Shares which they are then respectively entitled to hold, and also the proper Number by which every Share shall be distinguished, to be fairly and diffinctly entered in a Book or Books to be kept by the Clerk to the faid Company of Proprietors, and after such Entry made, to cause their Common Seal to be affixed thereto, and shall also cause a Certificate or Instrument, with the Common Seal of the faid Company affixed thereto, to be delivered to every such Subscriber upon Demand, specifying the Share or Shares to which he, fhe or they is or are entitled in the faid Undertaking, or a Certificate for each separate and distinct Share, in case any Proprietor of more than One Share shall request the same, every such Proprietor paying to the Clerk Two Shillings and Six Pence, and no more, for every such Certificate or Instrument, and such Certificate or Inftrument shall be admitted in all Courts whatever, as Evidence of the Title of fuch Subscribers, his, her or their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, to the Share or Shares therein specified, but the Want of such Certificate or Instrument shall not hinder or prevent the Owner or Proprietor of any Share or Shares from felling. or disposing thereof; and in case any such. Certificate or Instrument shall become defaced, worn out or damaged, or shall be ascertained to have been loft or destroyed, then and in such case another Certificate shall be made out and entered by the Clerk on the same Terms and Conditions as aforefaid.

. XLII. And it is hereby further enacted, That all and every Sum Power to Proand Sums of Money which shall, previous to the passing of this Act, prietors to rehave been paid by any Subscriber or Subscribers to the faid Under- cover Money taking, for or on account of any Share or Shares therein, to any of Shares pre-paid on account of Shares pre-paid on account of Shares pre-vious to passing Person or Persons, to the said Company of Proprietors, or their of Act. Committee, or Court of Direction, and shall be paid to the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Direction, or to fuch Person or Persons, and at such time or times as they shall respectively appoint; and in case of Non-payment thereof, the same shall and may be recovered by the said Company of Proprietors, from the Person or Persons to whom or to whose Account the same shall have been paid in such and the like manner, and by such ways and means, as if fuch Sum or Sums of Money had been advanced and paid by or received on Account of the said Company of Proprietors, after the passing of this A&.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful Authority to to and for the faid Company, and their Successors, their Deputies, Company to Agents, Servants, Workmen and Affistants, and they are hereby build Bridge authorized and empowered to defign, direct, order and build, or cause to be built, and to complete, maintain and keep in Repair with Stone and Iron a Bridge across the River Thames, from the Bank or Shore thereof at or near a certain Wharf or Place on the North Side of the faid River called the Three Cranes, in the Parishes of Saint James Garlick Hythe, and Saint Martin Vintry, in the City of London, to the opposite Bank on the South Side of the faid River. in the Parish of Saint Saviour, in the County of Surrey, and to dig and make proper Foundations in the faid River, and on the Lands and Grounds lying on each Side thereof, for the Piers and Abutaments of the faid Bridge, and to cut and level the Banks of the faid. River in such manner as shall be necessary and proper for building the faid Bridge, and to cut, remove, take and carry away 51 GEO. III. K k

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ull Trees, Roots of Trees, Beds of Gravel, Sand, Mud or any other Impediment whatsoever, which may in any wise tend to hinder the erecting and completing the faid Bridge, and execute all other Things requisite and necessary, useful or convenient for erecting and building, maintaining and supporting the said Bridge, according to the Tenor and true Meaning of this Act; and further, that for the Purpose of erecting, building, maintaining, repairing and supporting the faid Bridge, the faid Company shall, from time to time, have full Power and Authority to land on either Side of the faid River, within One hundred Yards of the Scite of the faid Bridge, all Materials and other Things to be used in and about the same, and there to work and use such Materials and Things, according as they the faid Company, and the Persons to be by them appointed shall think proper, without any previous Agreement with the Owner or Owners of the Property on which such Materials and other Things shall be landed, worked or used, or of the Tenant or Tenants thereof; doing as little Damage as may be, and making fuch Satisfaction as hereinafter mentioned to the respective Owners and Occupiers of all Lands and Grounds, Tenements and Hereditaments, which shall be altered, damaged, spoiled, taken or made use of by means, or for the Purposes of this present Act.

To build Stairs and plying Places at each Side of each End of the Bridge.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That there shall be constructed at each End of the said Bridge, and on each Side of each End thereof, convenient Stone Stairs and plying Places for the Use of the Watermen and Wherrymen rowing upon the River Thames, from Windsor in the County of Berks to Gravefend in the County of Kent; and that they the faid Watermen and Wherrymen shall have the free Use of the faid Stairs in the same manner as they have of the Stairs and plying Places at Westminster Bridge and Blackfriars Bridge, and which faid Stairs and plying Places shall, at all times after the same shall be made, be kept in Repair by the faid Company of Proprietors and their Successors.

Places for Materials.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That the faid Company shall be, and they are hereby empowered to take upon Leafe, or to agree for the Use and Occupation of proper Places within Three hundred Yards of the Approach to the faid Bridge on the South Side thereof, for the Purpose of depositing Stone, Iron, Timber and other Materials for building the faid Bridge, and to fell the fame, in such and the like manner as is hereinafter directed with respect to Lands not wanted for the Purpoles of this Act.

A free Passage left for the Water of Six hundred and fixty Feet.

XLVI. And, to the Intent that the Navigation of the faid River Thames may not be obstructed, be it further enacted, That there shall always be and remain a free and open Passage or Passages for the Water to pals and repals through the Arches of the Bridge to be built by virtue of this Act, fo as to constitute a clear Water Way of Six hundred and fixty Feet, at the least, within the Banks of the River, and that none of the Arches shall have a less Waterway than Two hundred and ten Feet in Width through each and every of the faid Arches; and that the faid Company of Proprietors shall not make any Embankment or Embankments above or below the faid Bridge, on either Side thereof, that shall extend more than Fifty Feet in Length, above or below the faid Bridge, or make fuch Embankment to extend into the River, within Five Feet of the nearest Part of either of the Arches next to the River Banks.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That the faid Company of Not more than Proprietors in building and erecting the faid Bridge, shall not erect Two Centres or place more than Two Centres at one time under the Arches or River at the intended Arches of the faid Bridge whilst the same shall be building, same time. and shall not begin to erect any other Centre until One of the said Centres shall have been entirely removed, so that there shall not at any time be more than Two whole Centres standing, being or remaining under the Arches, or intended Arches of the said Bridge; nor shall the said Company of Proprietors cause or permit any other unneceffary Obstruction to the Navigation in the Erection of the faid Bridge; and in case more than Two Centres shall be standing, erecting or remaining at the same time, or any other unnecessary Obstruction made as aforesaid, the said Company of Proprietors shall remove the same within Twenty Days after Notice in Writing shall be delivered to them, or left with any of their Agents, Clerks, Servants or Workmen, by or by the Order of the Lord Mayor for the time being of the City of London for that Purpose; and if the said Company of Proprietors stall neglect to remove within the time specified in fuch Notice, fuch Centres, or other Obstructions, then it shall be lawful for the faid Lord Mayor for the time being, to remove, or cause the same to be removed, and from time to time as the same shall occur, and the Charges and Expences of any fuch Removal shall be forthwith paid by the faid Company to the faid Lord Mayor for the time being, or his Order, together with the Sum of Twenty Pounds Penalty. for every Neglect to remove any fuch Centre or Centres, or Ob-Aruction, when required as before mentioned; the faid Sum of Twenty Pounds to be recovered by Action at Law in any of His Majefly's Courts of Record at Westminster.

I shall have been completed and in use, the same may receive Damage Bridge by unforeseen Accidents, so that the Passage thereof may for a * time become dangerous and impracticable;' Be it further enacted, That when and as often as it shall so happen it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Direction, or any Three or more of them, or fuch Person or Persons as they shall and may appoint for that Purpole from time to time, as often as Occasion shall require, to erect or build a Temporary Bridge at fuch Place or Places near to the Scite of the faid Bridge as they shall judge to be most proper and convenient, and there to take and receive for Passage over the River Thames by fuch Temporary Bridge fuch Tolls as are hereinbefore authorized to be taken for passing over the said Bridge: Provided always, that removed. fuch Temporary Bridge shall continue for such time only as shall be

" XLVIII. And whereas it may happen that after the faid Bridge Temporary

the Passage over the same safe and commodious. XLIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be law- Company may ful to and for the faid Company of Proprietors, at their own proper widen Queen Costs and Charges, to lower or raise such Parts of a certain Street Street. called Queen Street, in the City of London, and to widen and make other Alterations therein as may be deemed proper for the more convenient and fuitable Access to the said Bridge, and to allot and lay out such Part thereof for Carriages, and such Part thereof for Foot Paffengers as they shall think proper, and to cause to be dug up and carried away, out of, or to be brought into Queen Street aforefaid,

necessary for repairing and rebuilding the faid Bridge, and rendering

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fuch Gravel, Stone, Sand and other Materials, and to employ fuch Artificers, Labourers, Carriers and others, and to do all other Acts which they shall judge necessary or conducive to the Purposes aforefaid, and to fell and dispose of the old Materials, and to apply the Money arising thereby towards re-imbursing their Charges, and likewife that it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid Company of Proprietors, if they shall think fit, at their own proper Costs and Charges, to raife, fink or otherwise alter the Position of any of the Spurs, Steps, Areas, Cellar Windows and Watercourses, Pipes or Spouts belonging to any of the Houses, and also the Leaden or other Pipes, which for the Purpose of conveying Water into any House or other Place shall be laid into or from any Pipe laid down by any of the Companies or Societies who furnish the Inhabitants of the City of London with Water, and to remove and alter the Course and Direction of any Sewers or Drains, and to remove all other Obstructions, fo as the same respectively be done with as little Detriment and Inconvenience to the faid Companies, Societies and Inhabitants, as the Circumstances of the case will admit, and so the said Company of Proprietors do relay all necessary Pavements, and make all necessary Drains and Sewers in the Room and Stead of those they shall so remove or alter as aforefaid: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to charge the said Company of Proprietors with repairing or making good fuch Pavements, Sewers, Drains or Alterations in future; but that from and after the same shall be so relaid. altered, repaired and made good as aforefaid, the same shall for ever thereafter be kept in Repair by such Person or Persons, Companies or Societies as now are or hereafter shall be chargeable therewith.

Provilo.

Street from Bankfide to BlackmanStreet.

L. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid Company of Proprietors, and they are hereby empowered to defign, lay out, open and make a spacious and convenient Street, Way or Passage, not less than Sixty Feet in Width from House to House, from the South Side of the said Bridge, at or near a certain Place or Alley called Horse Shoe Alley to Blackman Street, both in Southwark aforesaid, so as to open opposite, or as nearly opposite as may be, a certain Road made or intended to be made purfuant to an Act made in the last Session (a) of Parliament, intituled, An All for making and maintaining a Road from the Borough of Southwark to the Kent Road in the County of Surrey. (a) [Tbis does not appear to be an At of the last Session, but to be 49 G. 3. c. clxxxvi. See Cap. clxxv. post.

Company taking Land belonging to the See of Winchester.

LI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or any wife be construed to extend so as to authorize and empower the faid Company of Proprietors to take any further or greater Quantity of Lands or Hereditaments belonging to the See of Winchester, for the Purpole of making, completing and maintaining the faid new Street intended to be made from Horse Shoe Alley to Blackman Street aforesaid, than shall be deemed necesfary and fufficient for the making, completing and maintaining fuch new intended Street, without the Confent in Writing of the Lord Bishop of Winchester, and his Successors for the time being, first had and obtained for that Purpole.

· LII. And whereas, in order to make a gradual Ascent to the faid Bridge, on the South Side thereof, without destroying or ins commoding the free Passage of Persons, Horses and Carriages,

along

along the present Street or Road, called Bankfide, Southwark, it • may be necessary to construct an Arch over the said Road or Street, under the ascending Avenue or Entrance to the said Bridge, on • the South Side thereof: And whereas in making the faid Street to communicate with the faid Bridge, on the South Side thereof, • from Blackman Street, Southwark, it may be necessary to take up and remove the Pavements of divers Alleys, Lanes, Courts and Streets, through or over which the said new Street from Black-* man Street aforesaid is intended to be made; Be it therefore further Power to make enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid Com- an Archway over pany of Proprietors, and they are hereby required, at their own Bankside. proper Costs and Charges, to make or cause to be made an Archway over the faid Street or Road called Bankfide aforefaid, of a Width not being less than Twenty four Feet, at the Bottom or widest Space thereof, of a Height being not less than Fourteen Feet from the Centre of the faid Arch to the Level of the faid Road; and also, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid Company of Proprietors, and they are hereby also required, at their own proper Costs and Charges, to take up or cause to be taken up, all or any Part of the Pavements of the several Alleys. Lanes, Courts and Streets aforesaid, through or over which the faid new Street is intended to pass, and to repair, raife, relay and pave the Carriage-way of the faid new Street with Scotch Granite, and the Foot-way with Yorkshire Flag Stones, and put up and affix a sufficient Number of Posts, Lamp Posts and Lamp Irons, and otherwise make the said new Street fit for the Transit of Persons, Horses and Carriages, and to allot and lay out such Parts thereof for Carriages, and such Parts thereof for Foot Passengers, as the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee, or Court of Direction, shall think proper, and to cause to be dug up, and carried away out of the faid Alleys, Lanes, Courts and Streets aforesaid, and to be brought into the said intended new Street, such Gravel, Stones and other Materials, and to employ such Artificers, Labourers, Carriers and others, and to do all other Acts which they shall judge necessary or conducive to the Purposes aforefaid, and to repair, raise and relay the Pavement of the Alleys, Lanes, Courts and Streets on each Side of the faid intended new Street, through and over which the same is intended to pass, so as the free Passage of the said Alleys, Lanes, Courts and Streets may not be obstructed or impeded, and to sell and dispose of the old Materials, and to apply the Money arising thereby, towards re-imbursing their Charges; and likewife, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid Company of Proprietors, if they shall think fit, at their own proper Costs and Charges, to raise, fink or otherwise alter the Position of any of the Spurs, Steps, Areas, Cellar Windows and Watercourses, Pipes or Spouts, belonging to any of the Houses, and also the Leaden or other Pipes, which for the Purpose of conveying Water: into any House or other Place, shall be laid into or from any Pipe laid down by any of the Companies or Societies who furnish the Inhabitants of the faid Borough of Southwark with Water, and to remove all Drains, Sewers and other Obstructions whatever, so as the same be done with as little Detriment and Inconvenience to the faid Companies, Societies and Inhabitants, as the Circumstances of the: Case will admit, and so as all proper new Drains, Sewers and Watercourses be substituted in the Room or Stead of such Drains, Sewers Kk 3

Provide.

and Watercourfes which shall or may be so removed as aforesaid: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or beconstrued to extend, to charge the faid Company of Proprietors with repairing or making good such Streets or Ways, Pavements or Alterations in future, but that from and after the same shall be so made as aforefaid, the same shall for ever thereafter be repaired and maintained out of fuch Funds or Rates, and by fuch Person or Persons, Companies or Societies, as shall by Law be chargeable therewith.

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Procuring River Thames.

LIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted. That all such Gravel from the Ballast, Sand, Gravel, Earth or other Materials as the said Company of Proprietors, or the Person employed or to be employed by them, shall at any time raise or take from and out of the said River Thames, for the Purpose of forming the said Streets, or any other Purpose whatsoever, under or by virtue of this Act, shall be raised and taken from such Parts of the said River only as the Lord Mayor. of the faid City for the time being, as Conservator of the faid River, or the Person or Persons acting under his Authority, shall, on Request of the said Company of Proprietors in Writing, direct and

No Gravel, &c. returned or thrown back.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That all the Gravel, Ballaft, Sand, Earth or other Materials which shall at any time or times hereafter be raifed or taken from or out of the faid River under the Authority of this Act shall be wholly removed, carried and conveyed from the faid River, without screening or returning of any Part thereof into the faid River after the same shall have been so raised or taken from and out of the faid River; and in case any Person shall throw or return into the said River any Part of such Gravel, Ballast, Sand, Earth or other Materials so to be raised or taken from and out of the said River, after the same shall have been raised or taken from and out of the faid River as aforefaid, every Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfest and Pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be recovered before the Mayor or either of the Aldermen of the faid City, by Information upon the Oath of the Informer, or One or more Witness or Witnesses, and that One Moiety of the faid Penalty, when recovered, shall be given to the Informer, and the other Moiety shall be paid to or for the Use of the Mayor, Commonalty and Citizens of the same City.

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LV. And whereas divers Wharfs, Warehouses, and other Buildings are fituated on the Banks of the faid River, near and contiguous to the Places from and to which the faid Bridge is proposed to be erected and built; Be it therefore further enacted. That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors to take and use the Lands occupied by the said Wharfs, Warehouses and other Buildings, if requifite to be taken and used for and towards the Erection and Building of the faid Bridge, and to take down and remove such Wharfs, Warehouses and other Buildings, upon giving Six Months Notice of fuch their Intention to the Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers thereof, first making Satisfaction to the Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers of fuch Wharfs, Warehouses and other Buildings, in manner hereinaster directed, in respect of the Owners of other Lands.

To take and ule Wharfs and Warehouses on Compensation.

> LVI. And whereas it may be expedient and necessary to take down and remove certain Houses near and contiguous to the Place from

from and to which the faid Bridge is proposed to be erected and built, for the Purpose of widening, enlarging and improving the Accels to the faid Bridge, Be it therefore further enacted, That it Power to take shall and may be lawful to and for the faid Company of Proprietors down Houses on to take down and remove any House or Houses which it may be Compensation. deemed necessary and expedient to take down and remove, for the Purpole of erecting and building the said Bridge, and for widening, enlarging and improving the Accesses and Avenues thereto, upon giving Six Months Notice of fuch their Intention to the Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers of fuch House or Houses, and first making fuch Satisfaction to the Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers of fuch House or Houses in manner hereinaster directed, in respect of the Owners of Lands to be taken and used for the Purposes of this Act.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful Power to take to and for the said Company of Proprietors to take and use any Lands for Lands, Grounds, Houses, Erections, Buildings, Tenements, Wharfs and Accesses and Accesses to and the many be deemed necessary and convenient from Bridge. for the widening, making and conftructing the Streets, Accesses or Avenues to and from the faid Bridge which they the faid Company of Proprietors are authorized to make and construct by virtue of this Act, upon giving Six Months Notice of fuch their Intention to the Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers of fuch Lands, Grounds, Houses, Erections, Buildings, Tenements, Wharfs and Hereditaments, and first making Satisfaction to the Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers of fuch Lands, Grounds, Houses, Erections, Buildings, Tenements, Wharfs and Hereditaments, in manner hereinafter directed: Provided always, that no Wharf, Ground, Ware- Provide. house, House or Building, Garden, Planted Walk or Yard belonging to a House, shall be taken or made use of by the said Company of Proprietors for the Purpole of this Act, except such as are mentioned in the Schedules hereunto annexed, without the Confent in Writing of the Owner or Owners thereof being first had and obtained for that Purpose.

LVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Proviso for Prefaid Company of Proprietors by virtue of this Act shall not be mises of Messrs. entitled or authorifed to take down and remove any of the Tenementa Child. or Buildings now in the Occupation of Messrs. Child and Sons, situate on the West Side of Horse Shoe Alley aforesaid, except the Tenement used for a Press Shop, without first giving Eighteen Months Notice to the faid Messrs. Child and Sons, or the Occupier or Occupiers of the faid Premises, of such their Intention to take down and remove the same.

LIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing Company to in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to have 300,000L authorize or empower the faid Company of Proprietors to take any raifed before Act Lands, Grounds, Houses, Tenements or Premises, for the Purposes Execution. of this Act, or to proceed with the Works herein authorized to be made, until a sufficient Number of Subscribers shall have been obtained, who will undertake to raise the Sum of Three hundred thoufand Pounds, such Subscription to be obtained within the Space of Eighteen Calendar Months from the passing of this Act, to be proved to the Satisfaction of the Lord Mayor, and Court of Aldermen of the City of London, or to the Justices of the Peace for the County of

Surrey, affembled at any General Quarter Seffions of the Peace to be holden in and for the faid County, and to be subject to all the Provisoes and Enactments herein contained in respect of any other fuch Sum or Sums of Money mentioned in this Act.

Proviso as to Misnomer or wrong Descriptions in Schedule C. clxvi.

LX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any of the Houses, Lands, Grounds, Gardens, Yards, Buildings, Erections, Wharfs and Hereditaments mentioned and described in the Schedules hereunto annexed, or any of the Persons in whose Possession or Occupation the same or any Part thereof are or is stated or described to be shall happen to be omitted, misnamed or inaccurately described, then and in such case, on the same being certified by any Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County, City or Place where the fame shall lie or be situated, such Omission, Missiomer or inaccurate Description shall not prevent or retard the Execution of this Act; but the same Premises, and every Part thereof shall and may be purchased and sold, or assessed and valued in manner hereinafter mentioned, and conveyed, disposed of and applied for and to the Purposes of this Act, as fully and effectually as if the same was on were properly named or described in the said Schedules.

30,000l. invefted in Names of Truffees previous to Lands being purchased or Works begun.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That before any Lands, Grounds, Erections, Buildings, Houses, Tenements, Wharfs or Hereditaments shall be purchased or taken by virtue of the Powers and Authorities of this Act, and before the said Bridge or Streets and Accesses thereto shall be begun to be erected, built, widened or made, the said Company of Proprietors shall and they are hereby required to invest in the Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated Bank Annuities, in the Names of Sir Charles Price and Sir William Curtis Baronets, and of George Holme Sumner, Samuel Thornton, and William Mellish Esquires, or the Survivor or Survivors of them, the Sum of Thirty thousand Pounds, which Sum, when so invested, together with all the Interest and Dividends to accrue therefrom, and which are hereby directed to be invested from time to time as they shall become payable, in the faid Fund, in Accumulation with the faid Sum of Thirty thousand Pounds shall be and continue in Trust for the Purposes hereinafter directed concerning the same; and when and as soon as it shall appear to the Satisfaction of the faid Trustees for the time being, or the Majority of them, that the faid Bridge and Streets, and the Works connected therewith shall be so far erected, built and made, that the said Sum of Money fo invested in the Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated Bank Annuities as hereinbefore directed, together with the Accumulations as aforesaid, will be sufficient to finish and complete the said Bridge, Streets and Works, then the faid Trustees shall and they are hereby authorized and required to transfer the same to the said Company of Proprietors, or as they shall direct, to be applied for that Purpose; and in case the said Company of Proprietors shall not within Years from and after the passing of this Act complete the said Bridge, Streets and Works, then the faid Sum of Thirty thousand Pounds, together with the Accumulations before mentioned, shall be applied in removing such Parts of the Bridge and Works as shall or may be then erected and left unfinished in such manner as they the said Trustees, or a Majority of them for the time being, shall order and d rect; or in case the said Company of Proprietors shall at any time after the passing of this Act neglect or omit, for the Space of Six Calendar

Calendar Months in Succession to proceed with or make reasonable Progress in erecting, building and making the said Bridge, Streets and Works, it shall and may be lawful for the said Trustees, or the Majority of them for the time being, if they shall in their Discretion think proper, forthwith to apply the faid Trust Funds and Accumulations in removing such Part or Parts of the faid Bridge or Works as shall have been erected, built and made, and which shall have been so left unfinished in the same manner as if the aforesaid Term of Ten Years had actually expired.

LXII. And it is hereby further enacted, That it shall and may Committee be lawful for the faid Committee or Court of Direction, and they are empowered to hereby authorized and empowered to make Call or Calls from the call for 400,000L Subscribers to and Proprietors of and in the said Undertaking, for his, her or their rateable and proportionable Part of the said Sum of Four hundred thousand Pounds according to the Amount of his, her or their respective Subscriptions; and if any Person or Persons shall refuse or neglect, on having been duly required by Notice to be given in manner last hereinbefore mentioned, to pay within Thirty Days from the Date thereof the Amount of his, her or their rateable or proportionable Part of the Money so to be called for as aforesaid; then and in such case, and immediately thereupon he, she or they so refuling or neglecting shall forfeit his, her or their Share or respective Penalty. Shares in the said Undertaking, and all the Profits and Benefits thereof; all which Shares so forfeited as last mentioned shall be publicly fold for the Use of the rest of the said Proprietors whose Shares and Interests shall not have been forfeited as last aforesaid; and the Purchaser or respective Purchasers of such Share or Shares shall, within Fourteen Days next after such Purchase or respective Purchases shall be made, pay such rateable or proportionable Part of the Money so to be called for as aforesaid, on the Amount of the Share or Shares which they shall so purchase, or so much thereof as shall not have been paid by the Person or Persons to whom such Share or respective Shares shall have previously belonged, or otherwise such their respective Shares so purchased shall again be subject to Forfeiture and Sale in the same manner as hereinbefore provided in case of Nonpayment by the faid Subscribers or Proprietors.

LXIII. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That New Truftees as often as any of the faid Trustees hereby appointed, shall die or instead of those refuse to act, or on any Account become incapable of acting during during the Existence of any of the Trusts hereby created, it shall be lawful for the surviving or remaining Trustees, or the major Part of them, by Writing under their respective Hands, to nominate and appoint One or more fit Person or Persons to be a Trustee or Trustees in the Place of him or them so dying, refusing to act, or becoming incapable of acting, and the Person or Persons so elected shall have the same Powers and Authorities as the Trustees herein named.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That if the faid Company Bridge and of Proprietors shall not within Ten Years from and after the passing Street completed of this Act complete the said Bridge, and also the said Street from in Ten Years. the faid Bridge to Blackman Street aforefaid, so as to make the same passable for Horses and Carriages, that then and from thenceforth all and fingular the Powers and Authorities vested in them by this A& shall cease and determine to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

Bodies Politick and other incapacitated Perfour empowered to fell and convey Linds, &c.

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LXV. And be it further enacted, That after any Lands, Grounds, Erections, Buildings, Houses, Tenements, Wharfs or Hereditaments shall be set out and ascertained for building the said Bridge, and for making, widening and conftructing the Streets, Accesses and Avenues thereto, or any Part or Parts thereof, or any of them, it shall and may be lawful to and for all Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate. Ecclesiastical or Civil, Corporations Aggregate or Sole, and to and for all Tenants for Life, and Tenants in Fee Tail, General or Special, or for Years determinable on any Life or Lives whether in Possession, Reversion, Remainder, Expectancy or otherwise, and to and for all Husbands, Guardians, Trustees and Feoffees in Trust for Charitable and other Purposes, Committees, Executors and Administrators, and all other Trustees and Persons whomsoever, not only for and on behalf of themselves, their Heirs and Successors, but also for and on behalf of their Cestuique Trusts, whether Infants, Issue unborn, Lunatics, Idiots, Femes Covert, or other Person or Persons, and to and for all Femes Covert who are or shall be seised, possessed of or interested in their own Right, or entitled to Dower or other Interest therein, and to and for all and every other Person or Persons whomfoever, who is, or are, or shall be seised, possessed of or interested in any Lands, Grounds, Erections, Buildings, Houses, Tenements, Wharfs or Hereditaments which shall be so set out and ascertained for the Purpoles aforesaid, to contract for, lease, sell and convey the fame and every Part thereof to the faid Company of Proprietors, and all such Contracts, Agreements, Leases, Sales, Conveyances and Assurances shall be made at the Expence of the said Company of Proprietors, which said Leases, Sales, Conveyances and Assurances shall be kept by the Clerk or Clerks to the faid Company of Proprietors; who shall from time to time, when requested, deliver attested Copies thereof to any Person or Persons interested therein requiring the same, and shall have and receive Nine Pence for every One hundred Words of each fuch attested Copy, and so in proportion for any less Number of Words; and every such Conveyance to be made by virtue of this Act, in the Manner and Form aforefaid, shall be valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; any Law, Statute, Usage or Custom to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

Satisfaction made.

LXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all and. every Body and Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Ecclefiastical or Civil, and Tenant and Tenants for Life, and Tenant and Tenants in Fee Tail, General or Special, or for Years determinable on any Life or Lives, whether in Possession, Remainder, Reversion, Expectancy or otherwise; and all Feoffees in Trust, Executors, Administrators, Femes Covert, Husbands, Guardians, Committees, Trustees, and all and every other Person or Persons who is or are seized, possessed of or interested in any Lands, Grounds, Erections, Buildings, Houses, Tenements. Wharfs and Hereditaments through, in or upon which the faid Bridge, Streets, Accesses or Avenues thereto, and other Works hereby authorized to be built, made and conflructed, are intended to be built, made and conftructed, may accept and receive Satisfaction for the Value of such Lands, Grounds, Erections, Buildings, Houses, Tenements, Wharfs and Hereditaments, and for the Damages to be fullained by the making and completing the faid Works herein directed and authorized to be made, cither in gross Sums or by annual Rents (except in cases of Spiritual

Дa,

Persons to whom Compensation for Glebe and Tythes shall be made in manner hereinafter directed), as shall be agreed upon by aud between the faid Parties interested respectively, or any of them, and the faid Company of Proprietors or their Committee or Court of Direction, and in case the said Parties so interested in the said Lands. Grounds, Waters (a), Erections, Buildings, Houses, Tenements, Wharfs and Hereditaments, or any of them, and the faid Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Direction, cannot agree as to the Amount or Value of such Satisfaction, the same shall be settled and ascertained as is hereinafter directed; and all such yearly Rents or Sums as shall be agreed on between the faid Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Direction, and the said Parties so interested in such Lands, Waters (a), Erections, Buildings, Houses, Grounds, Tenements, Wharfs and Hereditaments, or any of them, or as shall be so ascertained and settled, shall be charged on the Tolls and Rates arising by virtue of this Act; and fuch Rents or Sums shall be paid by the said Company of Proprietors either Yearly or Half Yearly, as the same shall be agreed to become due and payable; and in case the same shall not be paid within Thirty Days next after the fame shall so become due and payable, it shall and may be lawful to and for any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County where such Lands, Grounds, Erections, Buildings, Houses, Tenements, Wharfs or Hereditaments may happen to lie, upon Affidavit made before them that the same has been due and payable for upwards of Thirty Days, and is not yet paid and discharged, by an Order under their Hands to appoint One or more Person or Persons to receive the Rates and Tolls hereby granted and made payable, and to pay the same to such Person or Persons to whom such yearly Rents or Sums shall be due and unpaid as aforefaid, the faid Justices taking such Security from every such Person for the due and faithful Execution of his Office, as they shall judge proper and sufficient, and every such Person so appointed shall be deemed a Collector of the said Rates and Tolls, and shall have the same Power and Authority for collecting the same, and shall be subject to the same Penalties, Rules and Regulations, and shall receive and retain thereout such reasonable Satisfaction. for his Trouble therein as the faid Justices respectively shall determine, in like manner as if he had been appointed a Collector of the faid Rates and Tolls by the faid Company of Proprietors, or their faid Committee or Court of Direction, until fuch yearly Rents or Sums, together with all Costs and Damages by reason of the Nonpayment thereof, shall be fully satisfied and paid; and it shall and may be lawful to and for fuch Bodies Politic, Corporate, Collegiate, Ecclefinitical or Civil, and Tenant and Tenants for Life, whether in Possessino, Remainder, Reversion or Expectancy, and Tenant or Tenants in Fee Tail, General or Special, or for Years determinable on any Life or Lives; and all Feoffees in Truft, Executors, Administrators, Femes Covert, Husbands, Guardians, Committees, Trustees and all and every other Person or Persons to whom such yearly Rents or Sums shall be due and owing as aforesaid, to sue for . and recover the same with full Costs of Suit, by Action of Debt in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or otherwise . to feize and diffrain the Tolls and Rates arising by virtue of this (a) [So in Original Act.]

C. clxvi.

Act, (Information of such Distress being immediately given to the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Direction, by Notice in Writing delivered at the Office of the Clerk of the said Company, or affixed to some of their Gates or Toll Houses, near to the Place where such Distress was made) and to detain as much of the said Rates and Tolls as shall amount to such Sum or Sums of Money so due and unpaid as aforesaid, together with the reasonable Charges attending such Distress.

If Parties difintistied, Jury,

LXVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any fuch Body Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, or any Feoffee or Feoffees in Trust, Executor, Administrator, Husband, Guardian, Trustee, Committee of or for any Idiot or Lunatic, or any Feme Covert, or any Person whether Tenant for Life, or in Fee Tail, General or Special, or for Years determinable on any Life or Lives, or any other Person or Persons so interested or entitled as aforesaid. cannot agree with the faid Committee or Court of Direction, respecting the Purchase of or the annual Rent for any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or the Satisfaction to be made for any Damages that may be fustained from time to time by him, her or them, by the making, widening or maintaining of the faid Bridge or Streets, or any Part or Parts thereof, or any of the Works to be made and maintained by virtue of this Act, and shall give Notice in Writing to the Clerk of the faid Company, or of the faid Committee or Court of Direction, requiring a Jury to be summoned for the Purpose of determining fuch Purchase, annual Rent or Satisfaction; or if any fuch Body Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or any Person or Persons to interested or entitled as aforefaid, shall, upon Notice in Writing, given by the Clerk of the faid Company, or of the faid Committee or Court of Direction, to the principal Officers of any fuch Body Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or to such Feoffee or Feoffees in Trust, Exegutors, Administrators, Husband, Guardian, Trustee, Committee of or for any Idiot, Lunatic or any Feme Covert, or to such Tenant for Life, or in Fee Tail, General or Special, or for Years determinable on any Life or Lives, or other Person or Persons so interested or entitled as aforefaid respectively, or left at the last or usual Place or Places of his, her or their Abode, or with the Tenant or Tenants, Occupier or Occupiers of any Lands or other Hereditaments, to be made use of for the Purposes of this Act, for the Space of Twenty one Days next after such Notice, neglect or refuse to treat, or shall not agree with the faid Company of Proprietors, or by reason of Absence, or otherwise, shall be prevented from treating, or through Difability, by Nonage, Coverture or other Impediment, cannot treat for themselves, or make such Agreement or Agreements as shall be necessary for the Purposes aforesaid, or shall not within the before mentioned Space of Twenty one Days, produce and fully disclose the State of the Title to the Premiles which he, the or they respectively is or are, or shall be in Possession of, and the Interest which he, she or they respectively may claim therein, then and in every such Case the faid Committee or Court of Direction, or any Three or more of them, fhall, and they are hereby empowered and required within Twenty one Days after the Receipt of fuch Notice by the Clerk to the faid Company of Proprietors, or of the faid Committee or Court of Dia. rection, in case Security in manner herein required shall be given, or after the Expiration of Twenty one Days after the Delivery of fuch

fuch Notice by the faid Clerk (as the case may be) to issue a Warrant under their Hands and Seals, directed to the Sheriffs of London, or to the Sheriff of the County of Surrey, as the case shall require, and in case the said Sheriff or Sheriffs, or his or their Under Sheriff shall be One of the faid Company of Proprietors, or enjoy any Office or Place of Profit or Trust under them, or shall be otherwise interested in the Matter in question, then to any One of the Coroners of the faid City or County who shall not be so interested as aforesaid, and in case all the said Coroners of the said City or County shall be so interested, then to the last Person or Persons who filled the Office of Sheriffs of London, or Sheriff of the County of Surrey, who shall not be interested as aforesaid; commanding such Sheriffs or Sheriff, Jury impend-Under Sheriff, Coroner or such other Person to impannel, summon ling. and return a Jury, and the faid Sheriffs or Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Coroner or fuch other Persons or Person, are and is hereby required accordingly to impannel, fummon and return a Jury of Twenty four honeft, sufficient and indifferent Men, qualified according to the Laws of this Realm to be returned for the Trials of Issues in His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, to appear before the said Sheriffs or Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Coroner or fuch other Person or Persons at such Time and Place, as in such Warrant shall be appointed, fuch time not being less than Eight or more than Fourteen Days after such Warrant shall be served upon the said Sheriffs or Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Coroner or such other Persons or Person, and Eight Days Notice at the least in Writing, under the Hands of the said Committee or Court of Direction, or any Three or more of them, is hereby required to be given to fuch Owners, Proprietors, Occupiers, Corporations, Truftees or any other Persons or Person as afore-Taid, interested in any such Lands or other Hereditaments or to be left at the respective Dwelling Houses or Places of Abode of such Person or Persons, or of the Head Officer or Officers of such Corporation, or at the House of the Tenant in possession of such Lands or other Hereditaments of the Time and Place of the faid Jury being so impannelled, summoned and returned, and the said Sheriffs or Sheriff, Under Sheriffs, Coroner or fuch other Persons or Person, are or is hereby required, out of the Persons so impannelled, summoned Jury sworz. and returned, or out of fuch of them as shall appear upon such Summons, to swear or cause to be sworn Twelve, who shall be the Jury for the Purpoles aforefaid, and in default of a sufficient Number of Jurymen, the faid Sheriffs or Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Coroner, or fuch other Persons or Person, shall return other honest, sufficient and indifferent Men of the Standers-by, or that can be speedily pro-.cured, to attend that Service (being qualified as last aforesaid) to make up the faid Jury to the Number of Twelve; and it shall and may be lawful to and for all Persons concerned, by themselves, their Counsel and Solicitors, to attend and be heard, and to adduce Evidence before the faid Sheriffs or Sheriff, Under Sheriffs, Coroner or fuch other Persons or Person respectively, and such Persons shall also -have their lawful Challenges against any of the faid Jurymen, when Challenge. they come to be fworn, but shall not challenge the Array; and the .faid Sheriffs or Sheriff, Under Sheriffs, Coroner or fuch other Person or Persons, is and are hereby empowered and required, by a Summons or Notice to be figued by fuch Sheriffs or Sheriff, Under -Sheriffs, Coroner or fuch other Persons or Person, either previous to

Damagee

or at the time of any fuch Meeting or Meetings, to call before them all and every Person or Persons who shall be thought necessary Examining Wit- and proper to be examined as a Witness or Witnesses upon Oath, touching and concerning the Premises; and the said Sheriffs or Sheriff, Under Sheriffs, Coroner or such other Persons or Person, may order and authorize the faid Jury, or any Three or more of them, to view the Place or Places, or Matter or Matters in question, if there be Occasion, and to use all other lawful ways and means, as well for his and their own as for the Jury's better Information in the Premises, as the said Sherisss or Sheriss, Under Sherisss, Coroner or fuch other Persons or Person shall think fit; which Jury upon their Oaths (which Oaths, as well as the Oaths to fuch Person or Persons as shall be called upon to give Evidence, the said Sheriffs or Sheriff, Under Sheriffs, Coroner or fuch other Persons or Person, are and is hereby empowered and required to administer) shall enquire of, affels and afcertain the Sum of Money or annual Rent to be paid for the Purchase of such Lands or other Hereditaments, or what Damages will be fustained by and what Recompence and Satisfaction shall be made to such Owners, Occupiers or other Person or Persons interested for or on account of the taking of such Lands or other Hereditaments for the Purposes of this Act, or of turning any Part or Parts of the faid Street or Streets, Avenues or Accesses to the faid Bridge, into, over or through the fame Lands or other Hereditaments, and shall assess separate Damages for the same; and after the faid Jury shall have enquired of, ascertained and settled such Damage, Recompence and Satisfaction, the faid Sheriffs or Sheriff, Under Sheriffs, Coroner or such other Persons or Person, shall thereupon order the Sum or Sums of Money so assessed by the said Jury to be raid by the faid Company of Proprietors, or by the faid Committee or Court of Direction on their Behalf, to the faid Owners or Occupiers of or other Person or Persons interested in the said Lands or other Hereditaments, according to such Verdict or Inquisition of the faid Jury, and shall give Judgment for such Purchase Monies, Rent, Recompence or Satisfaction to be affested by such Jury, which faid Verdict or Inquifition, Order and Judgment, thereon pronounced as aforefaid, shall be figned by the said Sheriffs or Sheriff, Under Sheriffs, Coroner or fuch other Persons or Person, and shall be final, binding and conclusive to all Intents and Purposes, against all Parties and Persons whomsoever claiming any Estate in Fee Simple or Fee Tail, for Life or Lives, in Possession, Reversion, Remainder, Expectancy, or otherwise, their Heirs, Successors, Executors and Administrators, Infants, Issue unborn, Femes Covert, Persons beyond the Seas, and under any other Difability whatfoever, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Ecclefiaftical or Civil, Corporations Aggregate or Sole, as well as all other Persons whomsoever, and shall not be removed by Certiorari or other Process into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or any other Courts; any Law or Statute to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

Proceedings Final.

Certiorari.

Sheriff, &c. to fummon Jury.

Penalty.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Sheriffs or Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Coroner, or fuch other Persons or Person so directed to impannel, summon and return a Jury as aforesaid, or his or their Deputy or Agent, shall make Default in the Premises, he or they shall, for every such Ossence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds, to be recovered by Action of Debt, or on the Cafe, in any

of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, by the said Company of Proprietors, or by fuch Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Ecclesiastical or Civil, or any other Person or Persons interested in the Matter in question; and if any Person so impannelled, summoned and returned as aforefaid upon such Jury shall not appear, without some reasonable Excuse, or, appearing, shall refuse to be fworn on the faid Jury, or, being fo sworn, shall refuse to give, or shall not give his Verdict, or shall in any other manner wilfully neglect his Duty therein, contrary to the true Intent and Mezning of this Act, he shall be liable and subject to the same Regulations, and to the same Pains and Penalties for such Default, as if he had been impannelled, summoned and returned for the Trial of any Issue joined in any of His Majesty's Courts at Westminster; and if any Person Summons and so summoned and required to give Evidence before the faid Jury, Neglect. touching the Premises, shall neglect or refuse to appear, or shall not alledge a sufficient Excuse to the said Sheriss or Sheriss, Under Sheriffs, Coroner, or fuch other Persons or Person, for not appearing, or, appearing, shall refuse to be sworn and examined, or to give Evidence, then and in every such case, every such Person so offending, upon Proof thereof made before One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the City or County, in which the Matter of Question shall arise upon the Oath of One or more credible Witness or Witneffes, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not Penalty. exceeding Five Pounds, according to the Discretion of the said Justice; and in case any such Penalty shall not be forthwith paid, it shall and may be levied by virtue of any Warrant under the Hand and Seal of the faid Justice, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person so offending, rendering to such Person the Overplus; after such Penalty and the Charges of such Distress and Sale shall be deducted, and every such Penalty which shall be paid by or recovered from any Person who shall be impannelled, summoned and returned on fuch Jury, or to give Evidence as aforefaid, shall go and be paid to the Person or Persons, who shall appear to the said Justice to be injured by the Default of such Persons.

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person or Perjuty; Persons, who, in any Examination to be taken upon Oath by virtue of this Act, shall wilfully and corruptly give false Evidence, or otherwife forfwear themselves, before any such Jury, or before any Justice of the Peace, acting as such in the Execution of this Act, shall and may be profecuted for the same, and, upon Conviction thereof, shall be subject and liable to such and the same Pains and Penalties, as Persons guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury, are by the Laws in

being subject and liable to.

LXX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Body and Persons request-Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, Ecclefiastical or Civil, and ing Juries, to Person or Persons requesting a Jury to be summoned, shall (before fuch Warrant shall be issued for that Purpose) enter into a Bond with Two fufficient Sureties to the Clerk or Treasurer to the said Company of Proprietors, in a Penalty of Two hundred and fifty Pounds, with Condition to pay and bear the Costs and Expences of Summoning such Jury, and taking such Verdict, in case the same shall be given for no greater or for a less Sum or Rent than had been offered by or on behalf of the said Company of Proprietors, before the impannelling, fummoning and returning the faid Jury or Juries for

enter into Bonds

the Purchase of, or as a Recompence for any Lands or other Hereditaments, or as a Compensation for any Damages, or in case no Verdict shall be found for Damages where the whole Dispute was whether any Damages were or were not done as aforesaid.

Company not to notice Complaint, unless previous Applieation. C. clxvi.

LXXI. And be it further enacted, That the faid Company of Proprietors, or their faid Committee or Court of Direction shall not, nor shall any of them be obliged or allowed, by virtue of this Act, to receive or take Notice of any Complaint or Complaints to be made by any Person or Persons whomsoever, for any Injury or Damage by him, her or them sustained or supposed to be sustained by virtue or in consequence of this Act, unless Notice shall have been given thereof, by or on behalf of such Person or Persons to the Clerk of the said Company, or of the said Committee or Court of Direction, within the Space of Two Calendar Months next after the time that such supposed Injury or Damage shall have been sustained, or the doing or committing thereof shall have ceased.

Satisfaction for Tythes.

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That full Recompence. Satisfaction and Compensation shall be made by the said Company of Proprietors for all the Tythes both Great and Small, of the Lands which shall or may be taken or made use of by the said Company for the Purposes and in pursuance of the Powers of this Act, to the respective Persons entitled or who would have been entitled to fuch Tythes, in case such Lands had not been so taken or made use of according to their respective Interests therein, such Tythes to be estimated at the average Value of Four Years, commencing at Michaelmas, in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and fix, such average Value to be ascertained (in case of any Difference concerning the same) in like manner as the Value of any Lands or other Hereditaments is hereinbefore directed to be afcertained: Provided always, that the Recompence and Satisfaction to be given by virtue of this Act for all Glebe Lands and Tythes, belonging to Spiritual Persons, shall be made to such Persons by an annual Rent.

Provilo.

Expense of Jury and Witnesses, by whom paid.

LXXIII. And be it further enacted, That in each and every case where a Verdict shall be given for more Money, or for a greater annual Rent, for a Recompence or Satisfaction for the absolute Sale of any Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments of or belonging to any Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Ecclefiastical or Civil, or to any Person or Persons unknown, or as a Compensation for any Damages done or to be done to any Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments or other Property than had been previously offered by or on behalf of the faid Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Direction, or where any Verdict shall be found for any Damages where the Dispute is for Damages only, and where no Compensation, or a smaller Sum than shall be given by such Verdict had been previously offered or tendered in respect thereof, by or on behalf of the faid Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Direction, or where by reason of Absence in Foreign Countries, or other Impediment or Disability as aforesaid, there shall not be found any Person or Persons at hand who may be legally capacitated to enter into a Contract with and make Conveyances to and receive Compensations from the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Direction as hereinbefore mentioned, then and is all fuch cases all the Expences of impannelling, summoning and returning returning such Jusy, and taking such Verdict, shall be settled by the faid Sheriffs or Sheriff, Under Sheriffs, Coroner, or fuch other Persons or Person so impannelling, summoning and returning such Jury, and taking such Verdict as aforesaid, and be defrayed by the said Company of Proprietors; but if any Verdict shall be given for the same Sum or Rent as had been previously offered by or on behalf of the said Company, or their Committee or Court of Direction, or for a less Sum than had been so previously offered, or for Damages where the Dispute is for Damages only; or in case of such Refusal or Neglect to enter into Treaty with or make Conveyances to or receive Compensation from the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Direction, by any Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Ecclefiaftical or Civil, by any Person or Persons whomsoever, who is or are by the Provisions of this Act or otherwise legally capacitated to treat and convey, or receive such Compensation, as aforelaid, then and in all fuch cases (except where by reason of Absence or otherwise any Person or Persons shall have been prevented from treating and agreeing as aforefaid, when such Costs and Expences shall be paid by the said Proprietors), the Costs and Expences of impannelling, fummoning and returning fuch Jury, and taking such Verdict, shall be settled in like manner by the said Sheriss or Sheriff, Under Sheriffs, Coroner, or fuch other Persons or Person so impannelling, fummoning and returning such Jury and taking such Verdict, and be borne and paid by the Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Ecclesiastical or Civil, or other Person or Persons with whom the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Direction, shall have such Concerns, Disputes or Controversies, which said Costs and Expences having been so settled, shall and may be deducted out of the Money to afferfied, and adjudged as so much Money advanced to and for the Use of such Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Ecclefiastical or Civil, or other Person or Persons as aforesaid, and the Payment or Tender of the Remainder of fuch Sum or Sums of Money shall be deemed and taken, to all Intents and Purpoles, to be a Payment or Tender of the whole Sum or Sums fo affeffed and adjudged; and in cafe no Damages shall be given by such Verdict, where the Dispute is for Damages only, such Costs and Expences, after having been to ascertained and settled as aforesaid, shall and may be recovered by the faid Company, by fuch ways and means as are herein provided for the Recovery of any Penalty or Forfeiture incurred by this Act.

LXXIV. And be it further enacted, That the faid Sheriffs, Under The Value of Sheriffs, Coroner, or fuch other Persons or Person, and Juries respectional Comtively, in their Awards, Determinations, Adjudications, Judgments pentation for and Verdicts, concerning the Value of Lands, Tenements and other feparately. Hereditaments shall separately and distinctly proportion off any particular Estate, Terms or Interests, and also any Damages suttained or to be fultained by any Body Politic or Bodies Politic, Corporate, Collegiate, Ecclefiaftical or Civil, or any other Person or Persons whomseever, by or in consequence of the Execution of any Powers of this Act, and shall assess and adjudge the Value set upon such Estate, Term and Interest, and the Money assessed and adjudged for

fuch Damages as aforesaid distinct and apart from each other.

LXXV. And be it further enacted, That upon Payment or legal Lands to vertin Tender of fuch Sum or Sums of Money, or giving Security for Pay. Company on 51 GEO. III.

ment Payment or give

ing Security for Value or Amount of Damages.

ment of any such annual Rent as shall have been contracted or agreed for between the Parties, or adjusted and determined by the said Committee or Court of Direction, or affessed by such Juries in manner respectively as aforesaid for the Purchase or Rent of any such Lands, Tythes or other Hereditaments, or as a Recompence for any yearly Produce or Profits thereof as hereinbefore mentioned to the Proprietor or Proprietors of such Lands, Tythes or other Hereditaments, or to fuch other Person or Persons as shall be interested therein, or entitled to receive such Purchase Money or Rent respectively, or his, her or their Agent or Agents at any time after the same shall have been actually so agreed for, determined or assessed, or depositing the fame in the Bank of England, in manner by this Act directed, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors and their Agents, Workmen and Servants, immediately to enter upon fuch Lands. Tenements or other Hereditaments respectively for before such Payment or Tender or Security given by Leave of the Owners or Occupiers thereof) and then and thereupon such Lands, Tenements and other Hereditaments, together with the yearly Profits thereof, and all the Estate, Use, Trust and Interest of any Person or Persons therein shall from thenceforth be vested in and become the fole Property of the faid Company of Proprietors to and for the Purposes of this Act for ever; and such Payment, Tender or Deposit shall not only bar all Right, Title, Claim, Interest or Demand of the Person or Persons to whom the same shall or ought to have been made, but also shall extend to and be deemed and construed to bar the Dower of the Wife of every fuch Person, and all Estates Tail and other Estates in Reversion, Remainder, Expectancy or otherwise of his, her or their Issue, and of all and every other Person and Perfons interested therein: Provided nevertheless, that before such Payment, Security, Tender, Investment or Deposit made or given as aforefaid shall be made, it shall not be lawful to or for the faid Company of Proprietors, or any Person or Persons acting under or by virtue their of Authority, to dig or cut or otherwise affect any Lands or Grounds, or to take down, remove or otherwise affect any Lands or Grounds, Tenements or other Hereditaments of the Person or Persons entitled to such Payment or Security for the Purpose of building or erecting the faid Bridge, or of making or conftructing any of the Streets, Accesses or Avenues to or from the same, or any of the Works thereunto belonging, without the Leave and Confent of

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Verdicts of Juries recorded.

Inspection.

fuch Person or Persons respectively.

LXXVI. And be it surther enacted, That the said Judgments and Verdicts so given shall be transmitted to and be kept by the respective Clerks of the Peace, or other Person or Persons having the Custody of the Records of the Quarter-Sessions of the said City of London and County of Surrey respectively, where such Verdict shall have been given, and shall be deposited with and be deemed to be Records of such Quarter-Sessions respectively, to all Intents and Purposes, and the same, or true Copies thereof, shall be allowed to be good Evidence in all Courts whatsoever, and all Persons shall have Liberty to inspect the same, paying for such Inspection the Sum of One Shilling, or to have Copies thereof, paying for every Copy the Sum of Nine pence for every One hundred Words; and so in Proportion for any greater or less Number of Words.

LXXVII. And be it further enacted, That the Conveyance of Bargains and any such Estate or Interest of any Feme Covert to the faid Com- Sales to have pany of Proprietors, or any Person or Persons in Trust for them, the sorce of by Indenture or Indentures of Bargain and Sale, sealed and delivered coveries. by fuch Feme Covert in the Presence of and attested by Two credible Witnesses, and duly acknowledged and enrolled in the Court of Hustings of the City of London, in case the Premises in question lie within such City or the Liberties thereof; but if not within such City or Liberties, then to be involled in the High Court of Chancery within Six Calendar Months after the making thereof, shall as effectually and absolutely convey the Estate and Interest of such Feme Covert in the Premises as any Fine or Fines, Recovery or Recoveries would or could do if levied or suffered thereof in due Form of Law: and further, that all Bargains and Sales whatfoever to be made of any such Houses, Buildings, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, shall be purchased by the said Company of Proprietors by virtue of and for the Purpoles of this Act, and involled as aforefaid, shall have the like Force, Effect and Operation in Law, to all Intents and Purposes, as any Fine or Fines, Recovery or Recoveries what-soever would have had if levied or suffered by the Bargainer or Bargainers, or any Person or Persons seized of or entitled to any Effate or Interest in the Premises, in Trust for such Bargainer or Bargainers, in any legal Manner or Form whatfoever.

LXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That in all Grants and 'grant, bargain Conveyances to be made by the faid Company of Proprietors, under 'and fell,' to or by virtue, and in pursuance of the several Powers and Authorities to them hereby given, the Words "grant, bargain and fell," shall amount to and be confirmed and adjudged in all Courts of Judicature to be express Covenants to the Grantee, Lessee or other Purchaser, his, her and their Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, from the faid Company of Proprietors, for themselves and their Successors, that they the faid Company of Proprietors, notwithstanding any Act done by them, were at the time of the Execution of every such Grant or Conveyance seized of the Hereditaments and Premises thereby granted, conveyed and fold of an indefeafible Estate of Inheritance in Fee Simple, free from all Incumbrances, for quiet Enjoyment thereof, against the said Company of Proprietors, their Successors and Assigns, and all claiming under them; and that all such Purchasers shall be indemnified and saved harmless by the said

Company of Proprietors and their Successors.

4 I.XXIX. And whereas, in order to carry into Effect the Purposes of this Act, and to avoid Disputes with the Owners of Lands, Grounds, Erections, Buildings, Houses, Tenements, Wharfs or Hereditaments which may be affected by building the faid Bridge, and by making, widening and constructing the Streets, * Avenues and Accesses, the said Company of Proprietors may purchase Lands, Grounds, Erections, Buildings, Houses, Wharfs, · Tenements or Hereditaments not necessary to be made use of for the Purpoles of this Act;' Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid Company of Company em-Proprietors to fell and dispose of and by Indenture under their Com- powered to re-mon Seal, absolutely to grant and convey such Part or Parts of the sell Lands which Lands, Grounds, Erections, Buildings, Houses, Wharfs, Tenements may not be or Hereditaments which shall be so purchased by and conveyed to

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be wanted for the Purpoles of this Act; and also to lay out and appropriate any Part of the faid Lands, Grounds, Erections, Buildings, Houses, Wharfs, Tenements and Hereditaments, as and for

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a Street or Streets, Way or Ways, Avenue or Avenues, Passage or Passages, and that all such Conveyances from the said Company of Proprietors shall be valid and effectual; any Law, Statute or Custom to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding; and upon Payment of the Money which shall arise by the Sale or Sales of fuch Lands, Grounds, Erections, Buildings, Houses, Wharfs, Tenements or Hereditaments, or any Parts or Parcels thereof, it shall be lawful for the Treasurer or Treasurers, for the time being, to the faid Company of Proprietors to fign and give Receipts for the Money for which the same shall be sold, which Receipts shall be sufficient Discharges to any Person or Persons for the Purchase Money for fuch Lands, Grounds, Erections, Buildings, Houses, Wharfs, Tenements or Hereditaments, or any Parts or Parcels thereof as shall be fold, or for so much thereof as in such Receipts respectively shall be expressed to be received; and such Person or Persons shall not afterwards be answerable or accountable for any Loss, Misapplication or Non-application of such Purchase Money or any Part thereof: Provided always, That the faid Company of Proprietors, before they shall sell and dispose of such Lands, Grounds, Erections, Buildings, Houses, Tenements or Hereditaments, or any Estate or Interest therein, shall first offer to resell the same to any Person or Persons from whom they shall have purchased the same, for such Estate or Interest as such Person or Persons had therein, and fold to the faid Company of Proprietors for and at a Price to be paid by the faid Company; and in case the said Company and such Perfon or Persons shall differ and not agree as to the Price or Prices thereof, and fuch Person or Persons shall nevertheless signify his. her or their Desire to purchase the same by a Notice in Writing to be given or left with the Clerk of the faid Company within Fourteen Days after such Offer, at a Price to be adjusted and settled by a Jury to be summoned as in case of Purchases made by the said Company as herein mentioned, mutatis mutandis, which Notice shall be deemed an actual Contract for purchase of the said Premises, as against the Party or Parties giving the same at the Price which shall be adjusted and settled by such Jury; and in case such Person or Perfons shall not agree to repurchase such aforesaid Interest therein, or shall not give such Notice of his, her or their Intention of purchasing the same within Fourteen Days after such Offer of Sale, then and in every such case, an Affidavit being made and sworn before a Master or a Mafter Extraordinary in the High Court of Chancery, or before One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the City or County where such Lands, Grounds, Erections, Buildings, Houses, Tenements or Hereditaments shall be situated, by some competent Person or Persons stating that such Offer was made by or on the Behalf of the faid Company of Proprietors, and was not then and thereupon agreed to by the Person or Persons to whom the same was so made: and that such Notice as aforesaid was given, shall in all Courts be fufficient Evidence and Proof that such Offer was made and was not agreed to by the Person or Persons to whom it was made (as the case may be), and that such Notice as aforesaid was not given; and

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that all Money which shall arise by any Sale or Sales, or Demise or Demises which may be made by the said Company of Proprietors of such Premises, Estates and Interests as aforesaid, shall be applied to the Purpoles of this Act; but the Purchaser or Purchasers, Lessee or Lesses thereof shall not be answerable or accountable for any Mis-

application or Non-application of fuch Money.

LXXX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person or Persons entitled Persons who would be entitled to recover the Mesne Profits of the to Mesne Pro-Premises, against the Person or Persons in Possession, in case the same Interest of Purhad not been conveyed to or vested in the said Company of Pro-chase Money. prietors as aforefaid, shall be entitled to recover Interest after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum, on fuch Sum or Sums fo paid by the faid Company of Proprietors, for the Purchase of fuch Premises, by Action of Debt or otherwise, against the Person or Persons who shall receive the same.

LXXXI. And be it further enacted, That all Sum and Sums Purchase Moof Money which are to be paid to any Bodies Politic, Corporate or 'nies, and Com-Collegiate, Ecclefiaftical or Civil, Feoffees in Trust, Executors, Ad- pensations to ministrators, Husbands, Guardians, Committees or other Trustees, dies, &c. laid out acting as Guardians, Committees or other Trustees, for or on Behalf to the same Uses. of any Lunatics, Idiots, Femes Covert or other Ceftuique Trusts; or to any Person or Persons whose Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments, are limited in Strict or other Settlement; or to any Person under any other Disability or Incapacity whatsoever, for the Purchase of or the Damages to be done to any such Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments, by virtue of the Powers in this Act contained, shall, in case the same shall amount to or exceed the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, to be placed to his Account ex parte, The Southwark Bridge Company, to the Intent that such Money shall be applied under the Direction and with the Approbation of the faid Court, to be fignified by an Order made upon a Petition, to be preferred in a fummary way, by the Person or Persons who would have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the faid Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments, in the Redemption or Purchase of the Land Tax, or towards the Discharge of any Debt or Debts, or such other Charge or Incumbrance or Part thereof, as the faid Court shall authorize to be paid affecting the same Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments, or affecting other Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments standing settled therewith, to the same or the like Uses, Intents or Purposes; or where such Money shall not be so applied, then the same shall be laid out and invested under the like Direction and Approbation of the said Court, in the Purchase of other Lands, Messuages, Tenements or Hereditaments, which shall be conveyed and fettled to, for and upon fuch and the like Uses, Trusts and Purposes, and in the same manner as the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments which shall be so purchased, taken and used as aforesaid, stood settled or limited, or such of them as at the time of making fuch Conveyance and Settlement shall be existing, undetermined and capable of taking Effect, and in the mean time, and until fuch Purchase shall be made, the said Money shall, by Order of the faid Court of Chancery, upon Application thereto, be invested by the said Accountant General in his Name, in the Ll3 Purchase

Purchase of Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated or Three Pounds per Centum Reduced Bank Annuities: and in the mean time, and until the said Bank Annuities shall be ordered by the said Court to be fold for the Purposes aforesaid, the Dividends and annual Proceeds of the faid Confolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities, shall from time to time be paid by Order of the said Court, to the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the faid Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments, so hereby directed to be purchased in case such Purchase and Settlement were made.

Application where Purchale Money is less than 2001, and above sol,

LXXXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Money so agreed or awarded to be paid for any Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments purchased, taken or used for the Purposes aforesaid, and belonging to any Corporation, or to any Person or Persons under Disability or Incapacity as aforesaid, shall be less than the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and shall amount to or exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then and in all such cases the same shall, at the Option of the Person or Persons for the time being entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments so purchased, taken or used, in respect whereof the same shall be paid, or of his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, in case of Infancy or Lunacy, Trustee or Truftees, Receiver or Receivers, or other Person or Persons acting as such as aforesaid, to be signified in Writing under their respective Hands, be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privity of the said Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, and be placed to his Account as aforefaid, in order to be applied in manner hereinbefore directed, or otherwise the same shall be paid at the like Option to Two Trustees, to be nominated by the Person or Persons making such Option, and approved of by Three or more of the said Committee or Court of Direction of the faid Company (such Nomination and Approbation to be fignified under the Hands of the nominating and approving Parties), in order that fuch Principal Money and the Dividends arising thereon may be applied in manner hereinbefore directed, so far as the case may be applicable, without obtaining or being required to obtain the Direction or Approbation of the faid Court of Chancery.

Application where Money is lefs than 201

LXXXIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That where fuch Money so agreed or awarded to be paid as next before mentioned shall be less than Twenty Pounds, then and in all such Cases the same shall be applied to the Use of the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Hereditaments in respect whereof the same shall be paid, in such manner as the faid Committee or Court of Direction, or any Three or more of them, shall think fit; or in case of Infancy or Lunscy, then to his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, Truftee or Truftees, or other Person or Persons acting as fuch, to and for the Use and Benefit of such Person or Persons so entitled respectively, and the Receipt or Receipts of the Person or Persons to whom the said Committee or Court of Direction, or any Three or more of them, shall direct the same to be paid, shall be a

sufficient Discharge for the same.

How Monies paid in case of Failure in

LXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That in case the Person or Persons to whom any Sum or Sums of Money shall be awarded for

for the Purchase of any Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments making out to be purchased, taken or used by virtue of this Act, shall refuse to Tkles. accept the same, or shall not be able to make a good Title to the Premiles, to the Satisfaction of the said Committee or Court of Direction, or any Three or more of them; or in case the Person or Persons entitled to fuch Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments be not known or discovered, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid Committee or Court of Direction, or any Three or more of them, to order the said Sum or Sums of Money so awarded as aforesaid to be paid into the Bank of England, in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, to be placed to his Account to the Credit of the Parties interested in the faid Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, (describing them) subject to the Order, Controll and Disposition of the said Court of Chancery, which said Court of Chancery, on the Application of any Person or Persons making Claim to fuch Sum or Sums of Money, or any Part thereof, by Motion or Petition, shall be and is hereby empowered, in a summary way of Proceeding or otherwise, as to the same Court shall seem meet, to order the same to be laid out and invested in the Public Funds, or to order Distribution thereof, or Payment of the Dividends thereof, according to the respective Estate or Estates, Title or Interest of the Person or Persons making Claim thereto, and to make such other Order in the Premises as to the said Court shall seem just and reasonable; and the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of England, who shall receive such Sum or Sums of Money, is or are hereby required to give a Recept or Receipts for such Sum or Sums of Money, mentioning and specifying for what and for whose Use the same is or are received, to such Person or Persons as shall pay any such Sum or Sums of Money into the Bank as aforefaid.

LXXXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That Where Question where any Question shall arise touching the Title of any Person or as to Title to Persons to any Money to be paid into the Bank of England, in the Person Poster Name and with the Privity of the Accountant General of the High fion of Lands, Court of Chancery in pursuance of this Act, for the Purchase of any &c. deemed en-Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments, or of any Estate, Right sided thereto. or Interest in any Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments to be purchased in pursuance thereof, or to any Bank Annuities to be purchased with any such Money, or the Dividends or Interest of any fuch Bank Annuities, the Person or Persons who shall have been in Possession of such Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments, in respect whereof such Money shall have been so paid at the time of passing this Act, and all Persons claiming under such Person or Persons, or under the Possession of such Person or Persons, shall be deemed and taken to have been lawfully entitled to such Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments according to such Possession, until the contrary shall be shewn to the Satisfaction of the said Court of Chancery, and the Dividends or Interests of the Bank Annuities to be purchased with such Money, and also the Capital of fuch Bank Annuities shall be paid, applied and disposed of accordingly, unless it shall be made appear to the faid Court that such Possession was a wrongful Possession, or that some other Person or Persons was or were lawfully entitled to such Lands, Tenements or He-

reditaments, or to some Estate or Interest therein.

LXXXVI. Pro-

The Court may oreer realouable Expences to be paid by Company.

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LXXXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where by reason of any Disability or Incapacity of the Person or Persons, or Corporation entitled to any Lands, Tenements or other Hereditaments, to be purchased under the Authority of this Act, the Purchase Money for the same shall be required to be paid into the faid Court, and to be applied in the Purchase of other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, to be settled to the like uses in purfuance of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid. Court to order the Expences of all Purchases from time to time to be made in pursuance of this Act, or so much of such Expences as the faid Court shall deem reasonable, together with the necessary Costs and Charges of obtaining such Order, to be paid by the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Direction, who shall from time to time pay such Sum and Sums of Money for fuch Purposes as the faid Court shall direct and order.

Tenants at Will to deliver Polfellion at Three Months' Notice.

LXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That every Tenant at Will, or Lessee for a Year, or from Year to Year, shall deliver up the Possession of such Premises to the said Company of Proprietors, or to such Person or Persons as they shall appoint to take Possession. of the same, upon having Three Calendar Months Notice to quit fuch Possession, from the Clerk to the said Company of Proprietors, or from the Person or Persons so authorized by them to take such Possession: and such Person or Persons in Possession shall, at the End of the faid Three Calendar Months, whether fuch Notice begiven with Reference to the time or times of such Tenants holding. or not, or so soon after as he, she or they shall be required, peaceably and quietly deliver up the Possession of the said Premises to the faid Company of Proprietors, or to such Person or Persons authorized by them to take Possession thereof, such Authority being fignified under the Hands of the Committee or Court of Direction of the faid Company of Proprietors, or any Three or more of them; and in case any such Person or Persons so in Possession as aforesaid, shall refuse to give such Possession as aforesaid, all reasonable Satisfaction being first made or tendered, it Thall be lawful for the Committee or Court of Direction of the faid Company, or any three or more of them, to iffue their Precept or Precepts to the Sheriffs of London, or Sheriff of the County in which the Premises shall be fituate, to deliver Possession of the said Premises to such Person or Persons as shall in such Precept or Precepts be nominated to receive the same; and the said Sheriffs or Sheriff are and is hereby required to deliver Possession of the said Premises accordingly, and to levy fuch Costs as shall accrue from the issuing and Execution of such Precept or Precepts on the Person or Persons so refusing to give Possession as aforesaid, by Distress and Sale of his, her or their Goods.

Mortgage s to ecavey.

LXXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Perfon and Persons who shall have any Mortgage or Mortgages on such Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, not being in Possession thereof by virtue of such Mortgage or Mortgages, shall, on the Tender of the Principal Money and Interest due thereon, together with the Amount of Six Calendar Months Interest on the faid Principal Money by the faid Company of Proprietors, or their faid Committee or Court of Direction, or by such Person or Persons as they shall appoint; or in case such Mortgagee or Mortgagees shall have Notice

in Writing from the faid Company of Proprietors, or their faid Committee or Court of Direction, or from such Person or Persons as they shall appoint, that they will pay off and discharge the Principal Money and Interest which shall be due on the said Mortgage or Mortgages at the End or Expiration of Six Months, to be computed from the Day of giving such Notice, then and in such case, at the End of the said Six Months, on Payment of the Principal and Interest so due, such Mortgagee or Mortgagees shall convey, affign and transfer his, her or their Interest in the Premises to the said Company of Proprietors, or their said Committee or Court of Direction, or to such Person or Persons as shall be appointed in Trust for them; and in case such Mortgagee or Mortgagees shall refuse to convey or affign as aforefaid, on fuch Tender or Payment, then and in such case all Interest on every such Mortgage or Mortgages shall from thenceforth cease and determine: Provided always, that Provisoin case the Sum due upon any such Mortgage or Mortgages, with all Interest due thereon, shall amount to more than the real Value of the Premises, to be ascertained as directed by this Act, then and in fuch case the said Company of Proprietors shall not be liable to pay the Mortgagee or Mortgagees more than the real Value of such Premiles to ascertained as aforesaid: Provided also, that in case any fuch Mortgagee or Mortgagees shall neglect or refuse to convey or assign as aforesaid, then upon Payment of the Principal Money and Interest due on any such Mortgage or Mortgages as aforesaid, into the Bank of England, at the End of Six Months from the Day of giving fuch Notice as aforelaid, for the Use of the Mortgagee or Mortgagees, the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank shall give a Receipt or Receipts for the faid Money in like manner as is hereinbefore directed in cases of other Payments into the Bank; and thereupon all the Estate, Right, Title, Interest, Use, Trust, Property, Claim and Demand, of the faid Mortgagee or Mortgagees, and of all and every Person and Persons, in Truit for him, her or them, shall vest in the said Company, and they shall be deemed to be in the actual Possession of the Premiles comprised in such Mortgage or Mortgages, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

LXXXIX. And be it further enacted, That the faid Company Company may of Proprietors, or their Committee, shall and may erect and set up, erect Gates and or cause to be erected and set up. One or more Gate or Gates. Turnpikes on or cause to be erected and set up, One or more Gate or Gates, Turnpu Bridge. Turnpike or Turnpikes, in, upon and across the said intended Bridge, or within Twenty Yards thereof, together with Toll Houses and proper and necessary Buildings, Conveniencies and Fences, near to each Gate or Turnpike, across the said intended Bridge, or the Street or Avenue immediately communicating therewith, and within Twenty Yards of the faid Bridge; and that the respective Tolls following may be demanded and taken by such Person or Persons as the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Direction, shall from time to time appoint at each of the faid Gates or Turnpikes, for each and every Time of paffing over the

faid Bridge; that is to fay,

For every Coach, Berlin, Landau, Vis-a-Vis, Chariot, Chaife, Tolk. Calash and Pleasure Carriage, and for every Hearse, Litter, or other fuch Carriage having Four or Three Wheels, and drawn by Six Horses or other Beasts of Draught, a Sum not exceeding One Shilling and Six Pence:

For any of the like Carriages or Vehicles, drawn by Four Horses or other Beafts of Draught, a Sum not exceeding One Shilling:

For any of the like Carriages or Vehicles, drawn by lefs than Four Horses or other Beasts of Draught, and more than One Horse or other Beaft of Draught, a Sum not exceeding Nine Pence:

For every Chaife, Chair or other such Vehicle drawn by One Horse or other Beast of Draught, a Sum not exceeding Four

For every Waggon, Wain, Dray, Car, Cart or fuch other Four Wheeled Carriage as last aforesaid, laden with Hay or Straw, having Wheels of the Breadth of Six Inches or upwards on the Bottom or Sole thereof, being horizontal on the Surface of the Tire, and rolling an even Surface, drawn by Six or more Horles or other Beafts of Draught, a Sum not exceeding One Shilling;

For every Waggon, Wain, Dray, Car, Cart or such other Four Wheeled Carriage as last aforesaid, drawn by Four and not more than Six Horses or other Beasts of Draught, a Sum not exceeding Eight

Pence:

For every fuch Waggon, Wain, Dray, Car, Cart or other Four Wheeled Carriage as last aforesaid, drawn by Two or Three Horses, or other Beast of Draught, a Sum not exceeding Six Pence:

For every fuch Waggon, Wain, Dray, Car, Cart or other Four Wheeled Carriage as last aforesaid, drawn by One Horse or other

Beaft of Draught, a Sum not exceeding Four Pence:

For every Cart, Car or other Two Wheeled Carriage drawn by One Horse or other Beast of Draught, a Sum not exceeding Three Pence:

For every Horse, Mare, Gelding, Mule or Ass, laden or unladen, and not drawing, a Sum not exceeding One Penny Halfpenny:

For every Foot Passenger, a Sum not exceeding One Penny: For every Drove of Oxen or Neat Cattle, a Sum not exceeding Eight Pence per Score, and so in proportion for any greater or lesa

Number: For every Drove of Calves, Hogs, Sheep or Lambs, a Sum not exceeding Four Pence per Score, and so in proportion for any greater or less Number.

Tolls may be

altered.

XC. And be it further enacted, That the faid Company of Proprietors shall have full Power from time to time at any General or Special General Assembly to lower or reduce all or any of the said Tolls, but no Reduction of any such Tolls shall be made or take place unless a Majority of the Proprietors present at such General or Special General Affembly as hereinbefore directed shall affent thereto; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors in like manner again to raife the faid Tolls to fuch Sum or Sums as they shall think proper, not exceeding the Sums before mentioned, as often as it shall be deemed necessary for the Interest of the said Undertaking.

Carriages may

XCI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Person or Perreturn Toll-free fons having Occasion to pass through any Turnpike or Toll Bar erected or to be erected where the Toll is or shall be taken by virtue of this present Act with any Coach, Berlin, Chariot, Landau, Calash, Chaise, Chair, Hearse, Litter, Waggon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage, Horse, Gelding, Mare, Mule, Ass, Oxen, Cows, Hogs, Sheep or any other Sort of Cattle, and who shall return the same Day

Day through the same Turapike or Toll Bar before Twelve of the Clock at Night with the fame Coach, Berlin, Chariot, Landau, Calash, Chaise, Chair, Hearse, Litter, Waggon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage, Horse, Gelding, Mare, Mule, Asa, Oxen, Cows, Hoge, Sheep or any other Sort of Cattle for which fuch Tolls have been paid, shall be liable or compelled to pay on his, her or their Return

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the faid Tolls at fuch Tumpike or Toll Bar.

XCII. Provided always, and be it enacted and declared, That General Exem no Toll whatfoever shall be demanded or taken for any Horse, tions from Tolls Beaft, Cattle or Carriage of whatever Description, employed or to be employed in conveying, fetching or guarding Mails of Letters and Expresses under the Authority of His Majesty's Postmaster General, either when employed in conveying, fetching or guarding such Mails or Expresses, or returning back from conveying or guarding the fame, or for any Soldiers upon their March, or upon Duty, or for any Horse, Beast, Cattle or Carriages attending them with their Arms and Baggage, or returning after having been so employed, nor for any Waggon, Wain, Cart or other Carriage whatfoever, or the Horse or Horses, or other Cattle drawing the same, which shall be employed in conveying any Ordnance, Barrack or Commissariat or other publick Stores, of or belonging to His Majesty, or for the Use of His Majesty's Forces, or for any Horse, Beast, Cattle or other Carriage, travelling with Vagrants, sent by legal Passes, or for any Volunteers upon their March, or upon Duty, or in going to or returning from the Place appointed for and on the Days of Exercise, or for any Horse, Mare or Gelding, furnished by or for or belonging to any Corps of Yeomanry or Volunteer Cavalry, and rode by them in going to or returning from the Place appointed for and on the Days of Exercise, provided that such Persons be dressed in the Uniforms of their respective Corps, and have their Arms, Furniture and Accoutrements, according to the Regulations provided for such Corps respectively, at the time of claiming such Exemptions as aforesaid, or for any Coach, Berlin, Landau, Chariot, Calash, Chair or other Carriage, or Passenger on Horseback, going to or returning from any Election of a Member or Members to serve in Parliament for the City of London, or County of Surrey, on the Day or Days of fuch Election, or on the Day before or after fuch Election shall begin or be concluded; and if any Person shall claim and take the Benefit of any of the Exemptions by this Act granted, not being entitled to the same, such Person or Persons for every such Offence, shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings, to be Penalty. recovered and applied as other Penalties are by this Act directed to be recovered and applied.

XCIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the faid Turopikes not Gates, Turnpikes, or Toll Houses, shall not in any manner or by to impede Patany means whatever obstruct or impede the free Passage and Transit sage of Streets. to, from and through the several Streets, Lanes, Courts, Yards, Alleys or Passages, situate on the South Side of the said intended Bridge, or subject any Person or Persons, or any Horse, Beast, Cattle, Carriage or other Thing, passing and repassing to, from or through the several Streets, Lanes, Courts, Yards, Alleys or Passages last

aforefaid, to the before mentioned Tolls, or any of them.

XCIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be law. To enforce Payful to and for the Collector or Collectors of the faid Tolls, or any of ment of Tolks them.

them, to stop and prevent the Passage of any Person or Person neglecting or refusing to pay the said Tolls, or any of them, or of the Horse, Beast, Cattle, Carriage or other Thing, for or in respect whereof the said Tolls ought to be paid; or it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Collector or Collectors to seize and detain the Goods and Chattels of such Person or Persons, or such Horse, Beast, Cattle, Carriage or other Thing; and in case the said Tolls shall not be fully paid and satisfied, together with all reasonable Costs and Charges of making, detaining and keeping such Distress, within the Space of Fourteen Days, the said Collector or Collectors shall and may sell the same, rendering the Overplus (if any) after deducting such Costs and Charges of making, detaining, keeping and selling such Distress to the Owner or Owners thereof.

Disputes respecting Tolls and Charges how settled.

XCV. And be it further enacted, That if any Dispute shall arise about the Quantity of Tolls due, or the Costs and Charges of distraining, keeping or felling any Distress, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Collector or Person so distraining to detain the Distress or the Money arising from the Sale thereof, until the Quantity of the Tolls or the Charges of distraining, keeping and felling the Distress, as the Case may be, shall be ascertained by some Justice of the Peace for the County, City or Place wherein such Dispute shall arise, who upon Application made to him for that Purpose shall examine the faid Matters upon the Oath or Oaths of the Parties or other Witness or Witnesses, and shall determine the Quantity of Tolls due, and shall also affess the Charges of such Distress and Sale, and all other reasonable Costs; all which Sum or Sums so determined or assessed shall be paid to the Collector before he shall be obliged to return the said Diffress, or the Overplus after the Sale thereof, or of any Part thereof.

Counterfeiting Toll Tickets. XCVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall forge, counterfeit or alter, or shall deliver to or receive of any other Person or Persons any Note or Ticket which shall be given to any Person by the Collector of the said Tolls, with Intent to avoid the Payment of any or any Part of the said Tolls, or if any Person or Persons shall unload or cause to be unloaded any Goods or Merchandize upon the Bridge, then and in every such case every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, to be recovered in like manner as any other Penalties or Forseitures can or may be recovered by virtue of this Act, One Moiety whereof shall be paid to the Informer, and the other Moiety shall be applied in such manner as other Penalties and Forseitures are herein directed to be applied.

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XCVII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Dispute, Suit or Litigation shall arise touching or in any wise relating to the said Tolls or any of them, the Person or Persons appointed to collect the same, or any other Person or Persons acting by or under the Authority of the said Company of Proprietors, shall not be disqualisted from giving Evidence in any such Dispute, Suit or Litigation, by reason of his, her or their being appointed to collect such Tolls.

Collectors of Tolls may give Evidence.

XCVIII. And be it further enacted, That every Gate Keeper, Toll Gatherer or Collector or Receiver of the Tolls on or near the faid intended Bridge shall and he and they is and are hereby required to place his Christian and Surname, painted on a Board in White Letters on a Black Ground, in fair legible Characters of such Size as

Toll Collectors to put up their Names. the Committee or Court of Direction of the faid Company of Proprietors or any Three or more of them shall direct, in the Front of the Toll House where he or they shall be stationed to collect the faid Tolls immediately on his coming on Duty, and shall continue the same so placed during the whole time he shall be upon such Duty; and if any Collector or Receiver of the faid Tolls shall not place such Board as aforelaid in the manner and during the time aforefaid, or shall demand or take a greater or less Toll from any Person than he shall be authorized to do by virtue of the Powers of this Act, or shall refuse to permit or suffer, or shall in any wise hinder any Person or Persons from reading such Christian or Surname, or shall refuse to tell his Christian or Surname to any Person or Persons who shall demand the same, upon having paid the said Tolls or any of them, or shall give a false Name or Names upon such Demand. then and in every luch case every such Collector or Receiver shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings for every Penalty. fuch Offence, and fuch Penalty shall be recovered and applied as other

Penalties are by this Act directed to be recovered and applied. XCIX. And be it further enacted, That the Tolls that shall be Application of collected and received under or by virtue of this Act, shall be applied and disposed of in manner hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, in the First Place, in paying the Expences for the time being of carry, ing this Act into Execution, and of keeping the faid Bridge in proper Repair and Condition, and of lighting and watching the fame, and in the Payment of any yearly Rents, Rates, Affelinents or Contributions, which may be charged upon or referved or made or become payable for or in respect of any of the Lands or Heredita, ments to be purchased or taken under or for the Purposes of this Act; and in the next Place, in paying to the Mortgagees and Annuftants under this Act, the Interest and Annuities to which they shall be respectively entitled in manner hereinbefore provided; and the Surplus thereof shall be divided amongst the said Proprietors in proportion to the Amount of their respective Shares, in manner following; that is to fay, the faid Proprietors shall be entitled to and receive out of the Tolls hereinbefore allowed to be taken and received, Interest after the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum per Annum upon the respective Sum or Sums of Money which shall have been paid from time to time upon their respective Shares for and towards the Execution of the faid Undertaking, which Interest shall commence and be computed from the time or respective times of Payment of such Sum or Sums of Money, or of the Instalments thereof respectively, and from and after the time when the faid Bridge shall be opened for the Passage of Horses and Carriages over and across the same, the said Proprietors shall be entitled to and receive an Interest and Dividend upon their respective Shares out of the said Tolls, so as that such Proprietors do not receive more than Ten Pounds per Centum per Annum upon or in respect of the Amount of such Shares, from the time of the Opening of the faid Bridge; and if, and when and as foon as such Surplus shall be more than sufficient to pay such Ten Pounds per Centum as last mentioned, then the Excels shall from time to time be laid out in the Name of the faid Company of Proprietors, in the Purchase of Three Pounds per Centum Consolidated Bank Annuities; and the Income refulting therefrom shall be accumulated in the nature of Compound Interest, until such Excess and Accumulations shall be

Tolls, and when

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sufficient to yield, by the Dividends thereof, Ten Pounds per Centum per Annum to the faid Proprietors upon the Amount of their respective Shares; and when and as foon as fuch Excess and Accumulations shall be sufficient for the Purpose last mentioned, the Stock arising therefrom, or the Produce of such Stock, shall be divided amongst the faid Company of Proprietors in Proportion to the Amount of their respective Shares; who shall thereupon cease to receive or be entitled to any further Proportion of the faid Tolls, or any Payment in respect thereof; and the said Tolls shall be subject after the Payment of such Expences, Rents, Interest and Annuities as aforefaid, from thenceforth be laid out (a) and invested in the Purchase of Three Pounds per Centum Confolidated Bank Annuities, and accumulated in like manner as last hereinbefore directed, until a Sum shall be raifed sufficient for the paying off the then sublisting Mortgages under this Act, which Sum when raifed shall be applied accordingly; and that after fuch Application as last mentioned, such Tolls, subject as aforefaid, shall be accumulated in manner hereinbefore mentioned, until a further Sum shall be raised sufficient by the Dividends or Interest thereof, to pay such yearly Rents as aforesaid, and the Annuities that may then be subsisting under this Act, and which shall be applied accordingly, and also to produce the annual Sum of Six hundred Pounds; which faid last mentioned annual Sum, as well as the Dividends or Interest of the Fund which shall be raised as last mentioned, for the Payment of the said Rents and Annuities, subject to the Payment thereof, shall be appropriated towards paying the Expences of repairing, lighting and watching the faid Bridge, as and when there shall be Occasion; and when and as soon as the said last mentioned Sum shall be raised, the Tolls and Duties hereby authorized to be collected and taken, on and for the faid Bridge, shall wholly ceafe. (a) [The Reading is so in Original A&.]

Repair of Bridge in case Tolls infufficient.

C. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case the faid Bridge shall be at any time or times out of Repair, and the Tolla to be collected under or by virtue of this Act during the current Year shall be insufficient to defray the Expences of such Repairs and other Expences and annual Payments provided for and directed to be paid by this Act previously to a Division of such Tolls, or the Surplus thereof, amongst the said Proprietors, and also to pay to the said Proprietors the Sum of Ten Pounds per Centum per Annum on the Amount of their respective Shares, and there shall be at such time or times a subfifting accumulated Fund from the Surplus of the faid Tolls theretofore collected; then and in each and every such case fuch accumulated Fund shall be applied in the first Place in defraying the Expences of fuch Repairs, in the next Place in paying the other Expences and annual Payments provided for and directed to be paid by this Act previously to a Division of such Tolls, or the Surplus thereof, amongst the said Proprietors, and afterwards in paying or making good to the faid Proprietors the Sum of Ten Pounds per Centum per Annum on the Amount of their respective Shares; and in case such subfisting accumulated Fund shall be insufficient for the Purposes last hereinbefore mentioned, then the future Tolls to be collected and received under or by virtue of this Act shall be applied in making good such Deficiency before any further Accumulation of the Surplus of such future Tolls shall be made.

CI. And be it further enacted, That the faid Company of Pro- Company to prietors, and their Successors who shall or may be Proprietors of continue Trus-Shares at the time when the faid Tolls are hereinbefore directed to tees of Bridge. ctase, shall be and they are hereby constituted and appointed a Company, to continue and be Trustees of the said Bridge, and have a Committee or Court of Direction continued and regulated as beforedirected, and subject to all other Regulations, Rules, Orders and Refirictions, Penalties and Forfeitures hereinbefore provided in respect of the faid Company or their Committee or Court of Direction, and the said Company, or their Committee or Court of Direction, or any Three or more of them, shall have Power and Authority to do and perform all Matters and Things which to them shall seem meet and necessary in and about the maintaining, repairing and supporting of the said Bridge, and the several Lamps, Watch Boxes and other Works, Matters and Things to be maintained, repaired and supported by virtue of this Act, in such manner as to them the said Company, or their Committee or Court of Direction, or any Three or more of them, shall seem meet; and such Company or their Successors. or their Committee or Court of Direction, or any Three or more of them, shall have Power and Authority, by an Order or Draft under the Common Seal of the faid Company, or under the Hands of at least Three of the Committee or Court of Direction of the faid Company, which Seal or Signatures shall be attested by the Clerk to the faid Company for the time being, to disburse the Interest or Dividends of the Money hereinbefore directed to be raifed and applied for that Purpole, as may be required, and to apply the same in and about fuch Repairs, Paving, Watching, Lighting, or any other Matters or Things relating or appertaining to the faid Bridge, Lamps, Watch Boxes and other Matters and Things to be maintained, repaired and supported by virtue of this Act as aforesaid; and when all such Expences, Cofts and Charges of repairing, paving, watching or lighting the faid Bridge, or of any other Matters or Things relating or appertaining thereto, shall be fully paid and satisfied out of the Interest or Dividends aforesaid, the said Company may, and they are hereby empowered to make and declare a Dividend of the Overplus or Interest of such Interest Money as aforesaid, among the said Company or their Successors, according to the Shares they may respectively be entitled to.

CII. And be it further enacted, That if the faid Bridge or the faid Company may Lamps, Watch Boxes, or other Works to be maintained and repaired be indicated for by virtue of this Act, or any Part or Parts thereof, shall become and Failure & Rebe out of Repair, or if the faid Bridge, or any Part or Parts thereof, Pair. shall not continue to be watched or lighted in manner hereinbefore directed, then the faid Company, or their Committee or Court of Direction, or any Three or more of them, shall forthwith cause the faid Bridge, Lamps, Watch Boxes, and other Works to be repaired, or the faid Bridge to be watched or lighted as hereinbefore directed; and in case the said Company, or their Committee or Court of Direction, or any Three or more of them, shall fail within One Week after Notice to their Clerk to that Effect, to commence such Repairs, or to cause the said Bridge to be watched or lighted as hereinbefore directed, then it shall be lawful to or for any Person or Persons to prefer or profecute any Bill or Bills of Indictment against the faid Company for such Failure, and if the said Company shall be found

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Guilty upon the Trial of such Bill or Bills of Indictment, they the faid Company shall forfeit and lose to the Person or Persons who shall have preferred and prosecuted such Bill or Bills of Indictment, the Sum of Fifty Pounds for every such Failure, and shall be subject and liable to commence such Repairs as aforesaid, and to cause the said Bridge to be watched and lighted as hereinbefore is directed, within Twenty one Days after such Verdict or Verdicts on such Bill or Bills of Indictment, and in case of Failure in the Whole or in any Part thereof, the said Company shall again become subject and liable to such Bill or Bills of Indictment, and so totics quoties until the said Repairs on the said Bridge shall be completed, or the Pavement thereof shall be repaired and relaid, or the same shall be watched and sighted as hereinbefore directed.

Fixing Lamps.

CIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Direction, and they are hereby empowered and required from time to time, to cause such and so many Lamp Irons or Lamp Posts to be put up or affixed in, upon or along the Sides of the said Bridge, and upon any Wall or Palisade, adjoining to and connected with the said Bridge, as they shall think proper; and also to cause such Number of Lamps of such Sizes and Sorts, to be provided and affixed, to put upon such Lamp Irons and Lamp Posts as they shall think necessary for lighting of the said Bridge, and every or any Part thereof.

Wilfully damaging Lamps.

CIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully break, throw down, or otherwise damage or destroy any of the faid Lamps which shall be so erected or continued by the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Direction, or any of the Polts, Irons, or other Furniture thereof, or take away, or throw any of the Oil from or out of the faid Lamps, or extinguish any of the said Lamps when lighted, it shall be lawful for any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace for the City or County in which the Offence shall be committed, and he and they is and are hereby required, upon Oath made of the Commission of any such Offence, to iffue a Warrant or Warrants for apprehending the Party or Parties accused; and it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons whomsoever, who shall see such Offence committed, to apprehend, as also for any other Person or Persons to assist in apprehending the Offender or Offenders, and by the Authority of this Act, and without any other Warrant to convey him, her or them, or to deliver him, her or them into the Custody of a Peace Officer, in order to be secured and conveyed before any such Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, to be dealt with as hereinafter is directed, and the Party or Parties accused being brought before any such Justice, or Oath being made before him that such Party or Parties cannot be found and apprehended, such Justice shall proceed to examine upon Oath any Witness or Witnesses who shall appear or be produced to give Information touching such Offence, and if the Party or Parties accused shall be convicted of such Offence, either by his, her or their own Confession, or upon such Information as aforesaid, he, she or they so convicted shall forfeit any Sum not exceeding Ten Shillings for each Lamp, Furniture and Oil so broken, damaged, destroyed, taken away, thrown out or extinguished as aforesaid, and for the Second Offence, any Sum not exceeding Twenty Shillings, and for the Third and every other subsequent Offence, any Sum not exceed-

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ing Forty Shillings; and full Satisfaction shall be made to the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Direction. or to their Surveyor, by such Offender or Offenders for the Damage so by him, her or them done as aforesaid; and in case such Offender or Offenders shall not on Conviction pay such Forseiture by him, her or them incurred, and make such Satisfaction as aforesaid, the Justice before whom fuch Offender or Offenders shall be convicted, is hereby required to commit him, her or them to the House of Correction for the respective City or County where the Offence shall be committed, there to be kept to hard Labour for any time not exceed. ing Six Months, and such Offender or Offenders shall not be difcharged before the Expiration of the time for which he, she or they shall be committed, unless such Forfeiture and Satisfaction shall be fooner paid and given; and if any Person shall negligently or accidently break, throw down or otherwise damage, destroy, take away or waste any of the said Lamps or Oil, or any of the Posts, Irons, or other Furniture thereof, and shall not upon Demand make Satisfaction to the said Company or their Committee or Court of Direction, or to their Surveyor for the Damage by such Person so done. it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, and he is hereby required, upon Complaint to be made by the faid Company or their Committee or Court of Direction, or any Three or more of them, or by their Clerk or Surveyor, to fummon the Party complained of, and upon his or her Appearance, or making Default to appear (Oath being made that the Party complained of was ferved with fuch Summous, or that the same was left at his, her or their Dwelling House or Place of Abode, if known, or that he or she could not be found), such Justice shall proceed to examine the Matter of the said Complaint, and upon Proof thereof, either by the Confession of the Party complained of, or by the Oath of One or more credible Witness or Witnesses, shall award and order such Satisfaction to be made by the Party complained of, and for the Damage fo by him or her done, as to fuch Justice shall appear just and reasonable, and shall cause the Sum so awarded, in case the same shall not be paid forthwith upon the making of such Award, to be levied by Diffress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender, rendering to him or her the Overplus (if any be) upon Demand, after the Charges of profecuting fuch Complaint, and of fuch Diftress and Sale, shall be deducted; and in case sufficient Distress cannot be found, such Justice shall commit the Party complained of to the Common Gaol or House of Correction for the City or County where the Offence shall have been committed, for any time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, or until he or she shall pay the Sum so awarded, together with Costs and Charges as aforesaid.

CV. And be it further enacted, That the faid Company of Pro- Guarding and prietors, or their said Committee or Court of Direction, are hereby watching Bridge. empowered from time to time, if they see Occasion, to appoint such Number of fit and able bodied Men, as they shall think proper, to be armed and clothed in such manner as the said Company of Proprietors, or their faid Committee or Court of Direction, shall direct. to be employed as Watchmen, Guards or Patroles, either on Foot or on Horseback, upon the said Bridge, and to appoint any Person or Persons to be Superintendant or Superintendants thereof, and from time to time to remove any of the said Superintendants, Watch-.. 51 GEO. III. M m

men, Guards or Patroles, and to appoint others in their Room, and from time to time to make fuch Rules, Orders and Regulations, for the better governing the Superintendants, Watchmen, Guzrds or Patroles, and for the watching and guarding the faid Bridge, and keeping the Peace thereon, and on every of them, as the faid Company of Proprietors shall think proper.

Duty of Patrole and Watchmen.

CVI. And be it further enacted, That the Superintendants, Watchmen, Guards and Patroles, shall use their best Endeavours to prevent Fires, Murders, Burglaries, Robberies, Disturbances, Breaches of the Peace, and all Outrages, Misdemeanors and Disorders on the said Bridge, and to that End are hereby jointly and feverally empowered and required, without further Warrant, to arrest, apprehend and detain in the Watch House of the Parish or Place, wherein the Offence shall be committed, or in any other Watch House or convenient Place, (whether provided or appointed by the faid Company or otherwise), all Malefactors, Rogues, Vagabonds and other diforderly and fuspicious Persons, who shall be found committing any Disorder or Offence, or loitering, wandering or misbehaving themfelves, or whom the faid Superintendants, Watchmen, Guards or Patroles, shall have just cause or reason to suspect of any evil Design, and the Person or Persons so apprehended, to convey as soon as conveniently may be before One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace acting in and for the City or County wherein such Arrest, Apprehension or Detention shall take place, to be examined and dealt with according to Law.

CVII. And, in order to remove all Doubts where and before whom Offences committed on the faid Bridge shall and may be cognizable, and how and by whom the Offenders in such cases may be punished, be it further enacted, That the Half of the faid Bridge, when built, next adjoining to the City of London, shall be deemed to be in the faid City and Part of and in the Parish of Saint Martin Vintry, and the other Half of the faid Bridge in the County of Surrey shall be deemed to be in the faid County of Surrey, and Part of and in the Parish of Saint Saviour Southwark; but such Bridge shall not be deemed or taken to be a County Bridge, so as to subject the said City of London or County of Surrey, or any of the Parishes or Places hereinbefore mentioned, or either of them, to the repairing or sup-

porting of the fame.

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CVIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Alteration shall be made in any of the Pavements, Sewers or Drains in the City of London under or by virtue of this Act, without the Consent and Approbation of the Commissioners of Sewers for the City of London, and that all fuch Alterations shall be executed under the Direction of the Surveyor to the faid Commissioners for the time being; and that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prejudice, diminish, alter or take away any the Rights, Powers or Authorities vested in the Commissioners of Sewers for the City London aforefaid; but that all the Rights, Powers and Authorities vested in them shall be and remain as good, valid and effectual in all respects as if this Act had not been made.

Prevido for Acts Southwark.

CIX. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained for Pavement of shall extend or be construed to give to or invest the said Company of Proprietors, or any other Person or Persons whomsoever, with any Right, Power or Authority which may at all interfere with the

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Rights, Powers, Authorities or Provisions heretofore granted by an Act paffed in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, 6 G. 3 c. 24. intituled, An Act for paving the Streets and Lanes within the Town and Borough of Southwark, and certain Parts adjacent, in the County of Survey; and for cleanfing, lighting and watching the same; and also the Courts, Yards, Alleys and Passages adjoining thereto; and for preventing Annoyances therein; and by an Act passed in the Eleventh 11 G.3. c.17. Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An All to explain and amend so much of an All of the Sixth Year of His present Majesty, for paving the Town and Borough of Southwark in the County of Surrey, as relate to the Commissioners of Sewers; and for regulating the Manner of taxing Churches and other public Buildings within the Limits of the said All; and also by another Act passed in the Twenty 26 G. 3. c. 120. fixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An AB for paving, cleanfing, lighting and watching the Streets, Lanes and other public Passages and Places within the Manor of Southwark, otherwise called The Clink, or Bishop of Winchester's Liberty, in the Parish of Saint Saviour Southwark in the County of Surrey; for the Removal of present and preventing of future Increachments, Nuifances and Annoyances therein; for laying out Two new Streets, and widening and regulating several other of the Streets and Passages within the said Liberty; for discontinuing the Passage through Globe Alley; and for sbutting up, in the Night time, the Way leading from Clink Street, in the said Liberty, to the River Side; or by an Act passed in the Twenty fixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, 26 G. 3. c. 132. An A& for making, widening and keeping in Repair certain Roads in the several Parishes of Lambeth, Newington, Saint George Southwark, Bermondsey and Christ Church, in the County of Surrey; and for watching and lighting the faid Roads; and also by an Act passed in the Twenty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, 28 G. 3. c. 68. intituled, An Att for enabling the Commissioners for putting in Execution an Atl made in the Sixth Tear of the Reign of His present Majesty, for paving the Streets and Lanes within the Town and Borough of Southwark, and certain Parts adjacent, in the County of Surrey; and for cleanfing, lighting and watching the fame, and also the Courts, Yards, Alleys and Paffages adjoining thereto; and for preventing Annoyances therein; to open, widen and better regulate the several Streets, Lanes and Paffages within the East Division in the said A& described; and also by another Act passed in the Forty sourth Year 44 G. 3. of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Att for altering a laxavi. and amending an All passed in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majely, for paving the Streets and Lanes within the Borough of Southwark, and certain Parts adjacent, in the County of Surrey, and for cleanfing, lighting and watching the same, and also the Courts, Tards, Alleys and Passages adjoining thereto, and for preventing Annoyances therein, so far as the same relates to the West Division thereof, as therein mentioned; and by another Act passed in the Forty 47 G. 3. Sell. 2. feventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An c. cxv. AS for enlarging the Powers of an AS of the Twenty fixth Year of His present Majesty, for making and keeping in Repair certain Roads in the Parishes of Lambeth, Newington, Saint George Southwark, Bermondsey and Christ Church, in the County of Surrey, and for evatching and lighting the fame Roads; and also of an Act passed in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, inti- 42 G. 3. c. lxxvi. M m g tuled.

Strect

tuled, An Att for repealing the Att passed in the Twenty sists Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, for more effetiually repairing the Roads leading from the Stones End in Blackman Street in the Borough of Southwark in the County of Surrey, to Highgate in the County of Suffex, and several other Roads therein mentioned; and for granting other Powers for those Purposes; but all the Rights, Powers and Authorities vested in the several Commissioners for carrying the said several Acts respectively into Execution, shall be as good, valid and effectual as if this Act had not been made, save and except as in and by this Act is herein particularly otherwise declared and enacted.

Compensation to Commissioners of Borough and ClinkPavements for Rates.

declared and enacted. CX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Direction, or their Treasurer or Treasurers for the time being, and they are hereby authorized, empowered and directed, by and out of the Monies to arise and be received under and by virtue of this Act, to pay or cause to be paid to the respective Commissioners appointed for carrying into Execution the before mentioned and recited Acts of Parliament of the Sixth, Eleventh, Twenty fixth and Forty fourth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, and their Successors, Commissioners for the time being, or any Five or more of them, or to their respective Collectors or Receivers duly appointed under and by virtue of the faid several Acts or any or either of them, such annual Sum and Sums of Money as shall have been actually paid to the said respective Commissioners, or their Collectors or Receivers as aforefaid, in pursuance of the faid several Acts, or any or either of them, by and from the Owners and Occupiers of such Houses as are situate within the aforesaid Divisions, or either of them (and which shall be pulled down by or under the Authorities or for the Purpoles of this A&), for and towards the Rates or Assessments made in pursuance of the laid several Acts of the Sixth, Eleventh, Twenty fixth and Forty fourth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, or any or either of them, within the Year preceding the twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven, after deducting the Expences payable thereout, for and in respect of the paving, cleansing, lighting and watching the faid Streets, Lanes or Passages, or Part of Streets, Lanes and Passages, to be included in the said new intended Street, as an Equivalent for the Lofs the faid respective Commissioners may sustain by the Nonpayment of the faid Rates or Assessments from the said Owners and Occupiers of the faid House or Houses within the aforesaid Divisions, or either of them, so pulled down as aforesaid; and they the faid respective Commissioners and their Successors, or any Five or more of them, or the faid respective Collectors or Receivers may, and they are hereby fully authorized and empowered, from time to time, as often as the faid Rates or Affeliments shall be made and allowed, conformable to the Directions of the faid several Acts, or any or either of them, to demand, recover and receive the fame, of and from the faid Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Direction, or their Treasurer or Treasurers for the time being, as an Equivalent and in lieu of such Rates or Assestments payable as aforefaid: Provided also, that when and so soon as a sufficient Number of Houses shall be erected and built on the Sides of the faid intended Street from Horse Shoe Alley to Blackman

Provito.

Street aforesaid, and shall be rated by virtue of the said several recited Acts, or any or either of them, and the Rates thereof shall amount to as much Money as the Houses before mentioned were rated at, at the time of their being pulled down as aforefaid, that then and from thenceforth the Equivalent above mentioned and directed to be paid by the faid Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Direction, or their Treasurer or Treasurers for the time being, to the faid respective Commissioners and their Successors, or to their respective Collectors or Receivers as aforesaid, shall cease and be no longer payable; and that when and so soon as any House or Houses shall be built, and the Rates thereon not sufficient to answer the said Equivalent, that then the faid respective Commissioners and their Buccessors as aforesaid, and also their said respective Collectors or Receivers, shall allow and give Credit to the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Direction, or their Treasurer or Treasurers for the time being, for so much Money as shall be received in respect of the said several Rates or Assessments, from the Owners and Occupiers of such House or Houses, in Discharge of the faid Equivalents, as far as the same will extend, they the faid Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Direction, or their Treasurer or Treasurers for the time being, paying and being liable to pay the Remainder of the faid Equivalent: Provided also, that the said Deductions shall only be made from the said Equivalents, until the said new intended Street shall be repaired and maintained by the faid respective Commissioners; and in case any Difference or Dispute shall arise with respect to the Amount of the Equivalents to be paid as aforesaid by the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Direction, or their Treasurer or Treasurers for the time being, the same shall be adjusted and fettled by any Two or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace acting in and for the faid County of Surrey, whose Adjustment and Determination shall be binding and conclusive on all Parties concerned.

CXI. And be it further enacted, That the faid Company of Pro- Compensation to prietors, or Three or more of them, shall be, and are hereby em- Watermen. powered and required, before the faid Bridge shall be completely finished and made passable, to settle, assess and determine the Recompence fit and proper to be made to the Company of Watermen, Wherrymen and Lightermen, for and in respect of the Sunday Ferries, from the Three Cranes in the City of London to the opposite Shore, and the Stairs and Places adjacent thereto; and in case such Recompence cannot be fettled by Agreement between the faid Company of Proprietors and the faid Company of Watermen, Wherrymen and Lightermen, then the faid Company of Proprietors shall be, and are hereby empowered and required, within the Space of Two Calendar Months, to be computed from the Day the faid Bridge shall be completely finished and made passable, to proceed to affels the same by a Jury or Juries of the City of London, by the fame Methods and in the fame manner as is hereinbefore directed in the case of assessing Damages of Houses or Ground directed to be purchased by this present Act, and the Verdict of such Jury thereupon shall be binding to all Parties; and the said Company of Proprietors are hereby authorized and required to cause the Sum of Money so to be settled and determined by the said Company of Pro-Mm 3

C. clxvi.

prietors, or given by the Verdicts of the faid Jury, as the case may be, to be made and paid out of the Monies intended to be raifed for the Purposes of this present Act, to the Rulers, Auditors and Affistants of the faid Company of Watermen, Wherrymen and Lightermen, or such Person as they shall appoint to receive the same, within One Calendar Month after such Verdict or Judgment shall be obtained; which Sum or Sums of Money so to be paid, shall be laid out in the Public Funds, by the Rulers, Auditors and Assistants of the faid Company of Watermen, Wherrymen and Lightermen, or distributed among the said Watermen, and the Interest and yearly Produce thereof shall be applied by the said Rulers, Auditors and Affistants of the faid Company of Watermen, Wherrymen and Lightermen, after the Remuneration to be made to the Watermen fuffering or fustaining a Loss by the building the said Bridge, as the Money arifing from such Ferries hath hitherto been applied.

Deftroying Works.

CXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully and maliciously, and to the Prejudice of the faid Undertaking, break, throw down or destroy any of the Works to be erected and made by virtue of this Act, every fuch Person shall be judged guilty of Felony, and every fuch Person so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be subject to the like Punishments and Penalties as in cases of Grand Larceny; and the Court by or before whom fuch Person shall be tried and convicted shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person to be punished in like manner as Felons are directed to be punished by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm; or in Mitigation of such Punishment such Court may award such Sentence as the Law directs in cases of Petit

Punishment.

Removing Annoyances,

Larceny. CXIII. And be it further enacted. That it shall be lawful for the faid Surveyor or Surveyors appointed or to be appointed by the faid Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Direction, and such Persons as he or they shall respectively appoint, from time to time, to remove all Obstructions, Annoyances and Encroachments on the faid Bridge, or on or by the Side or Sides of any Part of the faid Bridge, or the Avenues immediately leading thereto, by any Erections whatfoever, within Fifty Feet of the faid Bridge, or by Timber, Stone or Carriages, or by any Water Troughs, Tubs or other Things for watering Horses or Cattle, or for any other Purpole, or by Saw Pits, Hovels, Ashes, Rubbish, Stone, or otherwise by laying or placing Goods, Wares and Merchandize, or other Matters or Things in or upon the said Bridge, or in Front of any House within Fifty Feet of the said Bridge, or by any other ways or means what soever, and to turn any Watercourses, Sinks or Drains running along into the River Thames out of any Street which shall interfere with the faid Bridge, and be necessary to be removed for the Construction, Preservation and Safety thereof, and to turn any Watercourfes, Sinks or Drains running along into the faid River Thames, or out of any Street, to the Prejudice and Hurt of the faid Bridge, and to open, scour, cleanse, widen or make deeper any Watercourles adjoining or near thereto, and make the same as deep and large as they shall think necessary.

Throwing Rub. bith on Bridge.

CXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall, from and after the said Bridge shall be erected, throw, cast or lay any Dust, Dirt, Ashea, Rubbish, Dung or other Filth or Anpoyance

noyance in or upon the faid Bridge, every fuch Person and Persons being convicted thereof shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Two Pounds for every such Offence, over and above the Charges of Penalty. removing such Filth or Annoyance, which the said Surveyor or Surveyors is and are bereby authorized to remove; and all the faid Forfeitures, as well as the Charges of removing fuch Annoyances, which Charges the Committee or Court of Direction of the faid Company, or any Three or more of them, are hereby authorized to fettle and ascertain, shall, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of the Lord Mayor of the City of London, or any Alderman of the faid City, or of One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace of the County of Surrey, who is and are hereby authorized and required to grant the same, directed to the Constable or Peace Officer for the same Parish or Place where the Offence shall be committed, be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Distress. Persons so offending, rendering the Overplus upon Demand (if any) after all Charges paid to the Person or Persons whose Goods and Chattels shall be distrained and sold, and in Default of such Distress or Nonpayment of the said Penalty, the Offender or Offenders shall be committed to the Common Gaol by the faid Lord Mayor or Alderman, or any fuch Justice or Justices as aforesaid, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for any time not exceeding Six Calendar Months: Provided nevertheless, that all and every Person and Proviso. Persons so committed shall, upon Payment of such Forseitures and Charges, be immediately released from his, her or their Confinement.

CXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons Drawing Timber. shall draw or cause to be drawn upon the said Bridge any Tree or Piece of Timber, or any Stone otherwise than upon Wheel Carriages, or shall suffer any Part of any Tree or Piece of Timber which shall be conveyed upon any Wheel Carriage to trail upon any Part of the faid Bridge to the Prejudice thereof, every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Two Penalty.

Pounds.

CXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be conftrued to extend to take and Corporation or deposits from the Rights Intends. Privileges and Corporation away, prejudice or derogate from the Rights, Interests, Privileges, of London, Franchises, Jurisdictions or Authorities of the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, or their Successors, or the Lord Mayor of the faid City for the time being, or to prohibit, defeat, alter or diminish any Power, Authority or Jurisdiction which at the time of making this Act the faid Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens, or the faid Lord Mayor for the time being, as Conservator of the faid River Thames or otherwise, did or might lawfully claim, use or exercise, other than and except to remove any Shelves, Gravel, Sand, Mud or other Obstructions, or to embank, deepen or widen the faid River as aforefaid, in creeting the faid Bridge, and making the Landing Places adjoining thereto, and for facilitating the Access or Accesses to the said Bridge, and to do and effect every other Matter or Thing which shall or may be necessary to be done and effected for the erecting, maintaining and supporting the said Bridge and Landing Places.

CXVII. Provided always, and be it further declared and enacted, Rights of Com-That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be deemed or con- missioners of M m 4

firued Sewers for

Eurrey and Kent,

strued to extend to prejudice, diminish, alter or take away any of the Rights, Powers or Authorities vested in the Commissioners of Sewers for the Limits extending from East Mouldsey, in the County of Surrey, to Ravensbourne, in the County of Kent, but all the Rights, Powers and Authorities vested in them shall be as good, valid and effectual, as if this Act had not been made.

Penalties how recovered and applied.

CXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines hereby inflicted or authorized to be imposed (the manner of levying and recovering whereof is not herein otherwife directed) shall, upon Proof of the Offences respectively before any One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the City, County or Place where the Offence or Offences shall be committed, either by the Confession of the Party or Parties offending, or by the Oath of One or more Witness or Witnesses (which Oath such Justice is hereby empowered to administer) be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Party or Parties offending, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of fuch Justice, which Warrant such Justice is hereby empowered to grant for fuch Purpole, and the Overplus, after such Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines, and the Charges of fuch Diffress and Sale are recovered and deducted, shall be returned upon Demand unto the Owner or Owners of such Goods and Chattels, and the Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines, when paid or levied (if not otherwise directed to be applied by this Act), shall be from time to time paid to the Treasurer or Treasurers of the said Company, and applied to the Purpoles of this Act; and in case sufficient Distress shall not be found, and such Penalties and Forfeitures shall not be forthwith paid, it shall and may be lawful for any fuch Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, and he is hereby authorized and required, by Warrant or Warrants under his Hand and Seal, to cause fuch Offender or Offenders to be committed to the Common Gaol of fuch County, City or Place, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, for any time not exceeding Six Months, unless such Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines, and all reasonable Charges, shall be sooner paid or fatisfied.

Informer Part of Penalties.

CXIX. Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Company, from time to time, if they shall fee Cause, to pay and apply such Part of the said Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines, or any of them, to and for the Use of the Informer or Informers, or any Person or Persons (not being a Witness or Witneffes) aiding or affifting in the Apprehension of any Offender or Offenders therein, or any of them; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

CompellingWit-

CXX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons peffes to attend, who shall be summoned as a Witness or Witnesses to attend and give Evidence before any Justice of the Peace touching any Matter of Fact contained in any Information or Complaint for any Offence against this Act, either on the Part of the Profecutor or the Person or Persons accused; shall, on being paid or tendered a reasonable Sum for his or her Loss of time, Cotts, Charges and Expences, refuse or neglect to appear at the time and Place to be for that Purpose appointed, without a reasonable Excuse for his, her or their Refusal or Neglect, or, appearing, shall refuse to be examined upon Oath (or in case of a Quaker or Quakers on solemn Affirmation) and to give Evidence before such Justice of the Peace, then and in every such case every

fuch Person shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence any Sum not Penalty.

exceeding Ten Pounds.

CXXI. And whereas Persons guilty of Offences against this Act may be transient Persons unknown to the Collectors, Surveyors and other Persons under this Act, be it further enacted, That it shall and Transient Ofmay be lawful to and for the faid Collectors, Surveyors or other fenders secured. Officers respectively to seize and detain any such unknown Person or Persons guilty of any Offence against this Act, and to convey him or them before any One or more of the Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County or Place where any fuch Offence shall be committed, without any other Warrant or Authority than this Act for fo doing.

CXXII. And, for the more easy and speedy Conviction of Offenders Conviction of against this Act, be it further enacted, That all and every the Justice Offenders. and Justices of the Peace, before whom any Person or Persons shall be convicted of any Offence against this Act, shall and may cause the Conviction to be drawn up in the following Form of Words, or in any other Form of Words to the same Effect, as the case shall happen: that is to fay,

RE it remembered, That on the in the Year of our Lord Day of

Form of Con-

A. B. is convicted before me C. D. [or before us C. D. and E. F.] One [or Two] of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of [specifying the Offence, and Time and Place when and where the same was committed, as the case ' shall be.] Given under my Hand and Seal, [or, our Hands and "Seals] the Day and Year first above mentioned."

CXXIII. And be it further enacted, That where any Distress Distress not shall be made for any Sum of Money to be levied by virtue of this unlawful for Act, the Distress itself shall not be deemed unlawful, nor the Party Want of Form. or Parties making the same be considered a Trespasser or Trespassers on account of any Defect or Want of Form in the Information, Summons, Conviction, Warrant of Distress, or the Appointment of the Collector or Collectors, Receiver or Receivers, Surveyor or Surveyors, or in any other Proceeding relating thereto, nor shall the faid Party or Parties distraining, be deemed or considered a Trespasser or Trespassers ab initio, on account of any Irregularity which shall afterwards happen to be done by the Party or Parties so distraining in making fuch Diffress; but the Person or Persons aggrieved by such Irregularity, shall and may recover full Satisfaction for the special Damage which he, she or they shall have sustained thereby, with usual Costs, and no more, in an Action of Trespass, or on the Case, at the

Election of the Person or Persons so aggrieved. CXXIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Plaintiff Plaintiff not to or Plaintiffs shall recover in any Action to be commenced against any recover without Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, unless Notice, after Notice in Writing shall have been given to the Defendant or Defend- Tender of ants, or left at his, her or their last or usual Place or Places of Abode Thirty Days before such Action shall be commenced, of such intended Action, figned by the Attorney for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, specifying the Cause of such Action; nor shall the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs recover in such Action if Tender of good and sufficient Amends shall have been made to him, her or them, or to his, her or their Attorney by or on the Behalf of the Defendant or Defendants, before such Action

Action brought; nor if such Tender of Amends shall be made at any time after the said Action brought, and before the Trial thereof, together with Costs of Suit to the time of such last mentioned Tender, but on Proof of such Tender on any Trial to be had in such Action, the Plaintiss or Plaintiss shall suffer Judgment, as in cases of Nonsuit, with Treble Costs, to be recovered in the same manner as any Defendant or Defendants may recover Costs in any another case by Law; or in case no such Tender shall have been made, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action, by leave of the Court where such Action shall depend, at any time before Issue joined, to pay into Court such Sum of Money as he, she or they shall think sit; whereupon such Proceedings, Order and Judgment shall be had, made and given in, and by such Court, as in other Actions where the Defendant is allowed to pay Money into Court.

Appeal

CXXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by any Order or Judgment made or given in pursuance of any Rule, Bye-Law or Order of the faid Company of Proprietors, or of their Committee or Court of Direction, or by any Order, Judgment or Determination of any Justice or Justices of the Peace, relating to any Matter or Thing in this Act mentioned or contained, then and in every such case such Person or Persons may, within Six Months next after such Order, Judgment or Determination shall have been made or given, appeal to the Justices of the Peace at the General or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace to be holden in and for the County, City or Place in which the Cause of Appeal shall arise, (first giving Fourteen Days Notice of fuch Appeal to the Person or Persons appealed against, and of the Nature and Matter thereof, and forthwith after such Notice entering into a Recognizance before fome Justice of the Peace for fuch County, City or Place, with Two fufficient Sureties conditioned to try such Appeal, and to abide the Order and Award of the faid Court thereon;) and the faid Justices shall, in a summary way, either hear and determine the faid Appeal at such General or Quarter-Seffions, or if they think proper may adjourn the Hearing thereof to the next General or Quarter-Sessions of the Peace to be holden for fuch County, City or Place, and the faid Justices may, if they see Cause, mitigate any Forseiture or Fine, and may order any Money to be returned which shall have been levied in pursuance of fuch Rule, Bye-Law, Order, Judgment or Determination, and may also order and award such further Satisfaction to be made to the Party injured as they shall judge reasonable.

Notice.

Recognizance.

Limitation of Actions.

General Iffue.

CXXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Action or Suit shall be brought against any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick, Corporate or Collegiate, for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, after Three Calendar Months after the Fact committed; and every such Action or Suit shall be laid, brought and tried in the City of London, or Counties of Middleson or Surrey, (as the case may be) and not elsewhere, and the Desendant or Desendants in every such Action or Suit, may, at his, her or their Election, plead Specially, or the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and under the Authority of this Act;

and if the same shall appear to be so done, or that such Action or Suit shall have been brought before Thirty Days Notice shall have been given, or after a sufficient Satisfaction made and tendered as aforefaid, or after the time limited for bringing the same as aforesaid, or shall be brought in any other City or County than the City of London, or Counties of Middlefex or Surrey, then and in every such case, the Jury shall find for the Desendant or Desendants, and upon fuch Verdict, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be nonfuited, or discontinue his, her or their Action or Suit, after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if, upon Demurrer, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, then the Defendant or Defendants shall recover Treble Costs, and shall have such Remedy Treble Costs. for recovering the same as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for his, her or their Costs in any other cases by Law.

CXXVII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be Public Act. deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE, No. 1. LIST of Owners and Occupiers on the North Side of the Bridge.

occupiers.	DESCRIPTION.	owners.
William Backhouse, Askew Hillcourt and John Backhouse	Three Crane Wharf with the Crane Houses, &c. &c.	Merchant Taylors Com- pany.
John Man	Dwelling House and Count- ing House on the Ground Floor Under Lease from Back- house and Co.	Same.
William Backhouse, Askew Hillcourt and John Backhouse	Warehouse Ground Floor only	Same.
Messrs. Thomas Hodg- fon, Brothers and Co.	House and Passage, Ground Floor Under Lease from Back- house and Co.	Same.
A Passage in Common John Man	Brick Warehouses	Same.
701111 1/1 4(1	Under Leafe from Back-	· Same.
Thomas Atkin -	White Horse Alehouseon the East Side of Queen Street Under Lease from Back- house and Co.	Same.

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Schedule, No. 1 .- continued.

OCCUPIEDS	DECORUMINA	OWNERS.
OCCUPIERS.	DESCRIPTION.	OWNERS.
William Backhouse, Askew Hillcourt and John Backhouse The same	Brick Warehouse Brick Warehouse QUEEN STREET,	Merchant Taylors Company. Same.
	East Side.	
Chriftopher Magnay and William Picker- ing -	Stack of Brick Warehouses	Same.
Paffages in Common -		Same.
William Jones and Thomas Jones - S Benjamin Severa and	Two Houses, No. 56 and 57.	Same.
Frederick Benjamin King	House, No. 58	Same.
The fame	Brick Warehouses	Same.
The fame	House, No. 59	Same.
Richard and Benjamin Tucker	House Corner of Thames Street	Same.
Joseph Dempsey -	House South Side Thames	Same.
John Thomas Skerrow	House South Side Thames Street	Vintners Company.
Vintners Company -	Part of Vintners Hall Offices QUEEN STREET, West Side.	Same.
Adams -	House, No. 41, Queen Street	Same.
Priest Shrubb - Samuel Pearson -	Old House, No. 42. Do. Old House, No. 43. Queen Street	Same.
	Part of Ground Floor occupied by Vintners Company	Same.
Phillip Hurd	Do. No 44.	Same.
John London	Do. No. 45.	Same.
1	Do. No. 46.	Same. Same.
Empty -	Do. No. 47	Same.
Empty -	Do. 49.	Same.
Empty -	Do	Same.
Empty Brown Young	Brick Warehouses -	Same.
Jonathan Sills, Sons	House -	Same.
Same	Warehouse	Same.
Same	House	Same.
Same	Warehouse • •	Same.

Schedule, No. 1 .- continued.

occupiers.	DESCRIPTION.	owners.
and Co Same	Hambro' Wharf, Crane Houses and Sheds Old Warehouses Scite of Church Lane Passage Brick Warehouses	Vintners Company. Same. Merchant Taylors Company. Same. Same. Same. Same. Same. Same.

SCHEDULE, No. 2.

LIST of Owners and Occupiers on the South Side of the Bridge.

OCCUPIERS.	DESCRIPTION.	OWNERS.
Matthew Sowden - Thomas Collyer -	BANKSIDE. House, No. 20. and Stone Yard The Rose and Bell Alehouse, Shed and Yard	St. Saviour's Grammar School. Same.
Messrs. Bowring and } Rivington - {	Stack of Warehouses, No. 18.	Joseph Burnett.
	House, No. 17	Anthony Horpe.
William and John Sutton	House, Yard, and Ware-	Henry Westfield Bishop
John Hamer	House, No. 15. Sheds, Ware-	Same.
Thomas Job Mowbray	House, No. 14. Kitchen and	Same.
John and Mead Raymond	Brick Warehouse, No. 13. and Timber Warehouse	Colonel Hammond.
William Child and Sons	HORSE SHOE ALLEY. Part of the Dyehouse on the West Side, Engine House and Yard, and Part of the Scite of Horse Shoe Al- ley, and Lean-too Ware- house on West Side of Horse Shoe Alley	William Child and Sons and Cordwainers Com pany.
Messrs. Birkett and Co.	Wood Yard, small House and Shed	Cordwainers Company.

Schedule, No. 2.—continued.

occu pier 6.	description.	owners.
Elizabeth Cooper	Windmill Alchaufe, Yard and Shed - Scite of Horfe Shoe Alley	Cordwainers Company.
William Ilett	MAID LANE. House, No. 9. Yard and Workshop}	(Thomas Powell, a Mi-
Richard Vickers	House, No. 10, Yard and Shed	
Edward Churcher	House, No. 11. Yard and Shed, and Warehouse in Smith's Rents	Thomas Mann, of Poplar.
George Windfor	The Two Brewers Alehouse, Sheds and Passage	Powell.
Hugh Stevens	SMITH'S RENTS. House, No. 14. Passage and Privy	Mary Stevens, Life Estate, then Tho- mas Mann.
John Bratt -	House, No. 15. and Shed -	Lorimer, of City of Edinburgh.
Jane Pugh -	House, No. 16	Same.
John Byford William Simmons Abraham Norman John Churcher John Evans John Jones John Callan Julia Butcher Martha Barker John Such Benjamin Elmes Abel Jones	Scite of Yard and Privies in common House, No. 17. House, No. 18. House, No. 19. Yard inclosed with Walls House, No. 13. Yard and Washhouse House, No. 12. Shed and Yard House, No. 11. Shed and Yard House, No. 10. Shed and Yard House, No. 9. Shed and Yard House, No. 9. Shed and Yard House, No. 8. Shed and Yard House, No. 7. Shed and Yard House, No. 7. Shed and Yard House, No. 6. Shed and Yard	Same. Same. Same.
Ellen Davis - John Scott -	House, No. 5. Shed and Yard BANKSIDE continued. House, No. 21, Warehouses, several Sheds and Yards	Part Freehold of John Scott, Part on Lease to John Scott for 999 Years at a Peppercorn, other Part the Parish of Bread Street.

Schedule, No. 2.—continued.

OCCUPIERS.	DESCRIPTION.	OWNERS.
Joseph Hallam John Bird John Griffiths George Bell	SMITH'S RENTS continued. House, No. 4. and Yard House, No. 3. and Yard House, No. 2. and Yard House, No. 1. and Yard	Joseph Burnett. Same. Same. Anthony Horne.
Robert Drusy, John Channing and James Scott William Child and Sons	MAID LANE continued. Dwelling House, Store-houses, Stables, Store Cellars, Cooperage, Vat Houses, Shops and Yards Stable, Loft, Chaise House and Yard	Cordwainers Company.
David Henderson Sarah Brown and others John Jones Empty	FOUNTAIN ALLEY. House, No. 1. and Yard House, No. 2. and Yard House, No. 3. and Yard House, No. 4. and Yard	Thornton of Ox-
John Macdonald John Lambert Samuel Bridges Timothy Raerdon Joseph Horton	House, No. 5. and Yard House, No. 6. and Yard House, No. 7. and Yard House, No. 8. and Yard House, No. 9. and Yard House, No. 10. and Yard	Same. Same. Same. Same. Same. Same. Same.
Patrick Mahony Empty -	CASTLE LANE. House, No. 16. and Yard House, No. 17. House, No. 18. and Shed	
Robert Potkin Robert Bayley Empty John Butler John Davis Elizabeth Coyne	GRUBB'S YARD. House, No. 2. and Yard House, No. 2. and Yard Ruinous House and Yard House, Yard and Shed	Trial Carrier 1
Robert Drury, John Channing and James Scott John Shears Edward Greeley John Jones Ann Parith	Yard only House, Yard and Sheds Shed House House	Bishop of Winchester.
Elizabeth Walters Richard Brown	House and Shed Scite of the Yard in Common CASTLE LANE continued. House, Shed and Yard	

Schedule, No. 2. -continued.

occupiers.	DESCRIPTION.	OWNERS.
Elizabeth Airs	House, Shed and Yard	1
	MORRIS'S WALK.	İ
Richard Hardon	House	į.
Samuel Mitchell	House and Yard	1
William Bannister	House, Yard and Shed -	ì
William Wyatt	House, Yard and Shed -	
Joen Peck	House, Yard and Shed	
John Huson -	House, Yard and Shed -	•
Mary Slote	House and Yard	
Evan Lloyd Thomas Thomas	House and Yard	
i nomas i nomas .	House, Shed and Yard -	
Cornelius Miney .	Vacant Ground	
	House and Yard	
Thomas Marys	House, Shed and Yard	1
1	Scite of Ground, Morris's Walk	?
	CASTLE LANE continued.	
George Page	House, No. 21	
Samuel and Isaac Day -	Three Dwelling Houses,	<u>"</u>
	Stables, Smith's Shop,	
•	Wheeler's Shop, Wood	
	House and Yards - J	
Robert Gill	House, No. 26. Shed and Yard	
	House, No. 27. Shed and Yard	
John Goddard -	House, No. 28.	
Richard Oats	House, ——— and Shed - House, ——— and Yard -	Bishop of Winchester.
Thomas Cliff		•
	NEW COURT.	·
Mary Ding and others -		
William Mason -	House, No. 7. and Yard -	, .
	House, No. 6. and Yard -	
David Mahony -	House, No. 5. and Yard	
·	Scite of Yard and Court in]	
E . I	common 5	
	House, No. 4. and Yard -	
John Twisleton -	House, No. 3. and Yard	
	House, No. 2. and Yard	
David Evans -	House, No. 1. and Yard	
	CASTLE LANE continued	
	House, No. 32. and Shed	1
Empty	House, No. 33. and Sheds	- 1
Thomas Cliff	House, No. 34. Shed and Yard	
Corfon -	House, No. 35.	·
Mary Thomas and others		
	IN THE COURT.	·
Thomas Cliff	House -	4
Ann Cooper and others	House -	
'	The Court Yard and Shed	•
		4

Schedule, No. 2 .- continued.

OCCUPIER3.	DESCRIPTION.	owners.
David Davies —— Carney and others	CASTLE LANE continued. House, No. 38. House]
Elizabeth Collins Ann Afhford Thomas Adams	COLEMAN'S COURT House, No. 1 House, No. 2 House, No. 3 Scite of Court and Privies.	
John Pearfon - Samuel Hutchins	CASTLE STREET. House, No. 38. Shed and Yard House, No. 36. Shed and Yard	
Robert and Arthur ? Pott, Efgrs.	ORTON'S BUILDINGS. Stables and Coach House	
Empty Richard Hughes Samuel Linton	House, No. 2. and Yard House, No. 3. and Yard House, No. 4. Passage, Yard and Shed	
	House, No. 5. Yard and Shed	
Richard Fairclough John Nash - Charles Mountain John Klyne -	AMERICA PLACE. Part of a Pavior's Yard House, No. 12. and Shed House, No. 13. Yard and Shed House, No. 14. Yard and Shed	Bishop of Winchester.
George Weedon Peter Thorne	AMERICA STREET. House, No. 15 and Yard House, Yard and Shed House, Yard and Shed	
Robert Ramfay William Dixon	AMERICA PLACE continued. House, No. 14. Yard and Shed House, No. 15. Yard and Shed OUEEN STREET,	
George Acton	North Side. House, No. 23. Workshops, } Yard and Shed	
Elizabeth Clarke Robert Ayres	House, No. 22. and Yard - House, No. 24	
William Cowell Samuel Tilley Philip Bishop	BROWN BEAR COURT. House, No. 1. House, Yard and Shed House	
51 GEO. III.	Scite of Brown Bear Court N n	[. د

Schedule, No. 2 .- continued.

OCCUPIERS.	DESCRIPTION.	OWNERS.
1 (QUEEN STREET continued. House, No. 25. Shop, Shed and Yard House, No. 26. QUEEN STREET,	
John Gray William Clark -	South Side. House, No. 82. Brown Bear Alchouse, Sheds	
William Hawkins -	House, No. 84. Sheds and	
·	House, No. 85. Workshops, Yard and Garden House, No. 86. Smith's Shop	
Henry James William Cropman -	and Yard Part of Yard in rear of	
<u>-</u>	House, No. 87 Stable, Shed and Yard -	
Frederick Morley	WHITE CROSS STREET, South Side. House, No. 9. and Yard Paul's Head Alehouse, Yard and Skittle Shed House and Yard House, No. 12. and Yard House, No. 13. and Yard House and Yard	Bishop of Winchester
Same	House, No. 17. Yard and Passage	·
William Sanders and Inmates John Nausen	House, No. 18. and Yard Part of Laystall and Yard QUEEN STREET,	
Robert Ware	North Side. House, No. 21. Shed and Yard	,
George and Thomas Sadler Benjamin Gilpin James Wagstaff Owen Mac Carty	AMERICA PLACE. House, Gateway, Oil and Mustard Mills, Counting House, Sheds and Yard Black Bull Alehouse, Shed and Yard House, No. 4. Shed and Yard House, No. 5. Yard and Workshops	

Schedule, No. 2 .- continued.

Richard Clark House, No. 6. Sheds, Yard and Garden, and Part of Carmans Yard House, No. 11. Yard and Shed House, No. 10. and Yard ORTON'S BUILDINGS. House, No. 6. House, No. 7. House, No. 8. House, No. 9. CASTLE STREET. Ditto CASTLE STREET. Ditto WHITE CROSS STREET. Coach House and Stable, No. 3. Ditto Thomas Cooke Ditto Three Warehouses and Part of Yard Two Timber Stables Cart Shed, Warehouse and?	OCCUPIERS.	DESCRIPTION.	OWNERS.
and Garden, and Part of Carmans Yard House, No. 11. Yard and Shed House, No. 10. and Yard ORTON'S BUILDINGS. House, No. 6. William Halliwell Empty Charles Orley Richard Coling Ditto CASTLE STREET. Ditto WHITE CROSS STREET. Coach House and Stable, No. 3. Ditto WHITE CROSS STREET. Coach House and Stable, No. 3. Ditto Thomas Cooke Ditto Three Warehouses and Part of Yard Thomas Cooke James Peters Two Timber Stables Cart Shed, Warehouse and	OCCUI ILLIA	DESCRITION.	UNIBRO
Margaret Ritchie Ann Jackson - House, No. 10. and Yard ORTON'S BUILDINGS. House, No. 6. William Halliwell Empty - House, No. 9. Charles Orley Richard Coling Ditto CASTLE STREET. Ditto WHITE CROSS STREET. Coach House and Stable, No. 3 Ditto White Cross and Part of Yard Thomas Cooke Ditto Three Warehouse and Part of Yard Thomas Cooke James Peters Two Timber Stables Cart Shed, Warehouse and	Richard Clark -	and Garden, and Part of	
Simon Hale William Halliwell Empty Charles Orley Richard Coling Ditto Ditto CASTLE STREET Ditto WHITE CROSS STREET. Coach House and Stable, No. 3 Ditto William Lovegreve Thomas Cooke James Peters William Stables Cart Shed, Warehouse and		- House, No. 11. Yard and Shee House, No. 10. and Yard	- [
Ditto WHITE CROSS STREET. Coach House and Stable, No. 3 Ditto No. 4 William Lovegreve Three Warehouses and Part of Yard Thomas Cooke James Peters Ditto No. 3 Ditto No. 4 Three Warehouse and Part of Yard Thomas Cooke Two Timber Stables Cart Shed, Warehouse and	William Halliwell - Empty - Charles Orley - Richard Coling -	House, No. 6. House, No. 7. House, No. 8. House, No. 9. House, Building and unco- vered Ground	-
Thomas Cooke Ditto Ditto Ditto No. 4 William Lovegreve Thomas Cooke James Peters Coach House and Stable, No. 3. Ditto No. 4 Three Warehouse and Part of Yard Two Timber Stables Cart Shed, Warehouse and	Ditto	,	Richard Winds
Empty - Large Range of Timber Warehouses Thomas Cooke - Timber Warehouse RED CROSS STREET. James Jones - House, No. 41. and Yard - House, No. 42. Sheds and Yard - House, No. 43. and Shed - House, No. 44. and Shed - House, No. 44. and Shed - Part of open Yard - House, No. 44. and Shed - Part of House and Front Shop - Part of the Duke's Head Alehouse - House, No. 45. Robert Wear - Ralph Woollet - House and Yard, and Work shops in Falcon Court - Mrs. Jones, Residence unknown.	Ditto William Lovegreve Thomas Cooke James Peters Thomas Cooke James Jones Samuel Makepeace Samuel Lazanus Edward Heaver Thomas Cooke Ralph Woollett William Blunt Jofeph Woollard Robert Wear	Coach House and Stable, No. 3 Ditto No 4 Three Warehouses and Part of Yard Two Timber Stables Cart Shed, Warehouse and Two Rooms Large Range of Timber Warehouses Timber Warehouse RED CROSS STREET. House, No. 41. and Yard House, No. 42. Sheds and Yard House, No. 43. and Shed House, No. 44. and Shed Part of open Yard Brick Shop Part of House and Front Shop Part of the Duke's Head Alehouse House, No. 45. House and Yard, and Work shops in Falcon Court	Unknown. Unknown. Colonel Bullock. Bishop of Winchester
Richard Prior William Williams Inmates William Linton LITTLE FALCON COURT. House, No. 3. and Yard House, No. 4. and Yard Part of Yard of No. 5. Back Sheds of No. 6.	William Williams -	COURT House, No. 3. and Yard - House, No. 4. and Yard - Part of Yard of No. 5.	Bishop of Winchester.

Schedule, No. 2 .- continued.

OCCUPIERS.	DESCRIPTION.	owners.
Thomas Price	RED CROSS STREET continued. House, Workshops, Shed and Yard	
\$	PRINCE'S COURT. Timber House and Shed The Scite of Passage and Yard House House and Yard House and Yard	
Thomas Dawes - Nancy Griffith - John Cooper -	BIRD CAGE WALK. House, Workshops, Sheds and Yard Workshops, Shed and Garden House, No. 1. Shed, Yard and	•
Thomas Sauntry -	Garden House, No. 2. Shed, Yard and Garden	1
William Hodges - Sarah Ellis Inmates	The Bull Alehouse and Yard House, Yard and Shed Part of Yard House House House	
Innacca	BOROUGH HIGH STREET.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
William Tanner -{	Dunn Horse Livery Stables; the House, Stables, Coach House and Part of Yard House, No. 158. Cooperage,	Maffire Halman and Ca
Henry Pigeon and William Dixon - William And Richard	Cart Houses, Warehouse and Distillery House, No. 157. Buildings and	
Yate S Anthony Sterry	Yard - House, No. 156 Buildings and Yard -	
William Nott John Welch Benjamin Francis -	MINT STREET. House, No. 1. and Warehouse House, No. 2. Shed and Yard House, No. 3. Shed and Yard House, No. 4. and Yard House, No. 5. and Slaughter House The Scite of the Passage	
William Smith -	Part of Yard and Stable to No. 6.	id []

Schedule, No. 2.—continued.

OCCUPIERS.	DESCRIPTION.	OWNERS.
Empty - Henry Orgar -	- Yard and Skittle Ground to the King's Arms Alehouse - House, No. 1. and 2. and Pas sage	I Color I D H I
James Peters Edward Peters John Birt Thomas Snelling	BLACKMAN STREET. House, No. 130. House, No. 129. and Shed House, No. 128. and Shop is Rear House, No. 127. and Yard	City of London and Colonel Bullock. City of London and Colonel Bullock.

Cap. clxvii.

An Act for making a Navigable Canal between the Cities of Bath and Briffel; and also for supplying with Water the Inhabitants of the City of Briflel, and its Neighbourhood. [15th June 1811.]

[500,000 l. and if necessary 150,000 l. additional.]

Cap. clxviii.

An A& to vary and alter the Line of a Cut authorifed to be made by an A& of the Thirty fixth Year of His present Majesty, for making a Canal from the River Exe, near Top/bam, in the County of Devon, to the River Tone, near Taunton, in the County of Somerfet; and to amend the said A&.

[15th June 1811.]

Cap. clxix.

An Act for confirming certain Articles of Agreement entered into See 38 G. 3. between the Company of Proprietors of the Grand Junction Canal c. xxxiii. and certain Persons, for supplying with Water the Inhabitants of the Parish of Paddington, and the Parishes and Streets adjacent, in the County of Middlesex. [15th June 1811.]

Cap. clxx.

An Act to enable The Company of Proprietors of the Grand Surrey 41 G. 3. (U.K.) Canal to make a Collateral Cut communicating therewith in the c. xxxi.

Parish of Saint Mary, Rotherbithe, in the County of Surrey, and 47 G. 3. Seff. 2. to enable the said Company to complete the said Canal; and for c. lux. amending the several Acts relating thereto. [15th June 1811.] 48 G. 3. c. xcix.

[150,000 l. additional may be raised.]

Cap. clxxi.

An Act for completing and maintaining the East Country Dock at Rotherbithe, in the County of Surrey. [15th June 1811.]

HEREAS divers Persons, Proprietors of certain Premises called the East Country Dock, fituated on the South Side of the River Thames, in the Parish of Saint Mary Rotherbithe, in the County of Surrey, adjoining the Dock lately called the Greenland Dock, and now called the Commercial Dock, have subfcribed among themselves for the converting the same into a Dock. for the Convenience of the Trade to the East Country, and for the Reception of fuch Articles of Merchandize as are usually imported ' in East Country Ships and other Goods, and have expended the . whole of the Money fo subscribed in making the said Dock and Premises thereto belonging: And whereas the said Dock and Premiles are not yet complete, although the faid Proprietors are indebted in a large Sum of Money beyond the Sums subscribed, and a further Sum will be necessary to complete the said Dock 4 and Premises: And whereas the faid Proprietors are desirous of araifing the additional Sum necessary to complete the faid Dock and • Premifes by transferrable Shares, and also to become a Joint Stock "Company with transferrable Shares, as to the Sums already subfcribed, and also as to the Sums to be received in pursuance of this Act: And whereas the Purposes of the said Dock and Premises will be more conveniently answered, and great Advantage will arise from the same being done: May it therefore please Your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by and with the Authority of the same, That Thomas Afton, George Allen Aylwin, William Armstrong, Michael Andrews, John Powell Ashley, William Arthur, Thomas Ashton, John Butterworth, John Branton, James Browning, Edward Browne, Thomas Burnefs, Joseph Boucock, James Bell, James Benfon, John Bainbridge, Gilbert Burn, John Cotton, John Collett, Mrs. Martha Cawfton, Auron Clark, Miss Florellab Cohen, John Collins, Joseph Cobb, John Crouch, Thomas Champion, Edmund Drayton, Charles Downes, Thomas Day, Joseph Doane, Ralph Day, John Eykyn, Richard Eykyn, Walter Emmett, William Forman, Richard Farmer, Charles Fisher, Arthur French, William French, Philip French, Henry Fountain, Daniel Folkard, Robert Grant, Samuel Garratt, Thomas Graves, John Henry Hecker, James Harlewood, Luder Hoffbam, Matthew Hutchinfon, William Hobson, William Hebb, Solomon Hougham, Jeremiab Hobson, John Louten Hillier, Matthew Heather, William Hewer, Robert Hitchins, John Daniel Humbert, Thomas James, William Jourdain, Nicholas Jourdain, Nicholas Jourdain, John Idle, John David Jones, Robert Kingston, George Leyburn, Richard Lloyd, Thomas Leonard, William Legge, Samuel Langhorn, Mathew Moody, Thomas Malthy, Rolert Humpbrey Martin, David Mathews, Henry Madywick, Thomas Neck, Nourse, Charles Price, Ralph Price, Richard Price, Robert Pedder, Mifs Harriet Perry, John Powell, Richard Fuck, Richard Parwin, William Parker, George Penny, Thomas Piper,

Names of Proprietors.

Thomas Paffard, Charles Seymour Pearson, Joseph Robbins, James Robins, Valentine Rutter, Thomas Reynolds, Thomas Raggett, Edward Robinson, Thomas Reeve, George Syme, Hasket Smith, Robert Henry Sparks, Miss Jane Sorel, Miss Elina Sorel, Benjamin Sewell, William Thompson, Thomas Taylor, John Thornton, Samuel Thornton, Morris. Tobias, John Tilftone, Samuel Ward, John Ward, Thomas Wilfon, Thomas Wace, Thomas Wilde, Thomas Wilson, Joseph Wolfe, William . Wade, together with such other Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, as shall, according to the Conditions and Restrictions in this Act contained, be possessed of any Part of the Joint Stock of the said Company, their several and respective Executors, Administrators and Assigns, being a Proprietor or Proprietors of any Share or Shares in the faid Dock or Docks, shall have full Power and Authority to keep, direct and order the Docks, Basons, Quays, Wharfs and Works now erected and made, and to complete and maintain the same, and all other Basons, Quays, Wharfs, Works, Entrances, Bridges, Buildings, Machines and other Matters and Things appertaining thereto, and shall for that Purpose be a Joint Stock Company, by the Name and Stile of The East Country Dock Company.

II. And be it further enacted, That the faid Company shall have Power to supply full Power and Authority to supply the said Docks, Basons or other Docks with Works, or any of them, at all times with Water from the River Water. Thames, and all fuch Brooks, Springs, Rivulets, Waters and Watercourses as are or shall flow or be found in the completing the said

Docks and Basons, and other Works respectively.

III. And be it further enacted, That the faid East Country Dock To scour Bed of Company shall have full Power and Authority by their Servants, the River. Agents and Workmen, to enter on and deepen, and scour out the Beach and Bed of the River Thames at the Entrance to the faid. Docks, and for ever after maintain and preserve the Depth so made from the Docks, Piers or other Works, at the Enrance from the River to the faid Docks, so as to admit Vessels navigating or entering into the said Basons and Docks from the said River Thames, with the same or a greater Depth of Water than is on the Sills of the Docks or Entrance to the faid Basons or Docks.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all the Messuages, Lands, Premises to vest Tenements and Hereditaments, which now belong or may hereafter in Subscribers. belong to the faid Company, and all Buildings, Erections and other Matters and Things thereon and thereunto belonging, and also all Basons or Docks, Cuts, Quays, Wharfs, Works, Machines and requifits Roads, Ways, Sluices, Drains, Matters and Things, which shall be made, built, provided or established by the faid Company, shall be and the same are hereby vested in the said Company; and it Power to bring shall be lawful for the said Company, in the Name of the Treasurer Actions. of the said Company for the time being, to bring any Action or Actions, and to prefer or prosecute any Bill or Bills of Indictment against any Person or Persons, who shall cut, damage or injure, or cause to be cut, damaged or injured, any of the Works to be made, erected, established, amended or repaired by virtue of this Act, or who shall injure or destroy the same whilst doing, or impede the doing thereof, or shall steal, purloin or wrongfully take away Stones, Lead, Iron, Wood, Bricks or other Materials and Machines, Engines or Utenfils, provided or to be provided from Nn4

A.D. 1811.

C. clxvi.

time to time, or used, or intended so to be used thereon, or for any other Purposes of this Act, or who shall wilfully do or suffer, or consent to do any thing whereby Damage may accrue to the Meffuages, Erections and Buildings to be purchased, or the Works or Machines to be made or erected by virtue of this Act; and all the Damages which shall be so recovered by the said Company, by any Suit, Process or Action, after deducting the Costs of Suit, shall be applied as hereinafter directed.

General Meetiug.

V. And be it further enacted, That a General Court of the faid East Country Dock Company shall be held every Year at such time as the Directors shall appoint.

Special Meetings called at Request of Twelve Subscribers.

VI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Twelve or more of the faid Company, who shall severally be Proprietors of One hundred Pounds or upwards of the faid Stock, shall judge it necessary or expedient for the carrying into Execution the Purpoles of this Act, to have an extraordinary General Meeting of the faid Company called, and shall request the same so to be called by Notice in Writing under their respective Hands, delivered to the Clerk or Treasurer of the faid Company for the time being, specifying in every such Notice the Business intended to be proceeded upon at such Meetings, the Directors of the faid Company to be appointed as hereinafter directed, or any Three or more of them, shall, within Ten Days after the Delivery of fuch Notice, and they and their Successors are hereby authorized and required to call fuch extraordinary Meeting to affemble at such Time and Place, within the Limits aforesaid, as they shall judge expedient within Twenty one Days from and after such Notice: and fuch Meeting shall be deemed a public one, and all Proceedings then duly had and confirmed by a subsequent Meeting, ordinary or extraordinary, shall be deemed as valid and effectual, to all Intents and Purpoles whatfoever, as if the same had been done at Meetings in the manner hereinbefore appointed.

Fresent Directors.

VII. And be it further enacted, That Thomas Wilson, John Branton, John Collett, Robert Grant, John Eykyn, James Benson, Hesketh Smith, Thomas Malthy and Joseph Boucock, shall be and continue Directors of the said Company until the Second Thursday in the Month of May One thousand eight hundred and twelve, unless fuch Directors or either of them shall die, be removed by the Court of Proprietors or otherwise, or dispose of his, her or their Shares in the faid Stock, so as to reduce the same under the Number of Five, in any of which cases it shall and may be lawful to and for the next General Meeting of the faid Company, ordinary or extraordinary, to nominate and appoint by Ballot a new or other Director in the Room of fuch Director or Directors so dying, being removed or having difposed of his or their said Stock, for the Remainder of the Term which fuch Director should have been in Office, and so on from time to time as Occasion may require; and that on the faid Second Thursday in the Month of May One thousand eight hundred and twelve, Three of the present Directors, or of such of them as shall then remain in Office, and the Person or Persons who shall be substituted in the Place or Places of any of them who shall in the mean time cease to be a Director or Directors, shall retire from their said Office, and on the Second Thursday in the Month of May One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, Three of the remaining Six of the present Directors or the Person or Persons who shall have been appointed in

Three of the present Directors to retire on the 2d Thursday in May 1812.

Riection of Directors.

the Place or Places of any of them, shall retire in like manner; and it shall be decided amongst the Directors by Lot, which Three of the faid present Directors, or of such Person or Persons as aforefaid, shall retire at the respective times aforesaid; and that after the Retiring Difaid Second Thursday in the Month of May One thousand eight rectors decided hundred and thirteen, Three Directors shall retire from Office on by Lot. the Second Thursday in the Month of May in every subsequent Year; and the Directors fo retiring shall be those Directors who shall have been in Office for Three Years, or who shall have been subflituted in the Place of such Directors, as would, if they had not ceased to be Directors, have been then in Office for that Period; Provided always nevertheless, that no Person shall be eligible to be Directors to appointed a Director of the faid Company, who shall not hold at hold Five Shares. leaft Five Shares of One hundred Pounds each, of the Stock of the faid Company.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That not less than Three of the Quorum. faid Directors shall be a Quorum capable of acting in Execution of this Act, and that all Motions and Questions to be made and put at fuch Meetings shall be decided by a Majority of the Directors present ; and if the Numbers on each Side shall happen to be equal, the Chair-

man of the Meeting shall in every such Case give the Casting Vote. IX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Body and Regulation of Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or other Person or Persons Votes. who shall by virtue of this Act have subscribed or undertaken for One Share in the faid Undertaking, his, her or their respective Executors, Administrators and Assigns shall have One Vote in the several Assemblies to be holden as hereinafter appointed for carrying on the faid Undertaking; and the Holder or Holders of One Share shall have One Vote, and the Holder or Holders of Two Shares shall have One Vote, Three Shares Two Votes, Four Shares Two Votes, Five Shares Three Votes, Ten Shares Four Votes, Twenty Shares Five Votes; but no Holder or Holders of Shares shall, by reason of any Number of Shares, have more than Five Votes, which Vote or Votes may be given by him, her or them, or by his, her or their Proxy or Proxy. Proxies, constituted under the Seal of such Body Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or the Hand and Seal of fuch other Person, every such Proxy being a Proprietor in the faid Undertaking; and every fuch Vote by Proxy shall be as good, sufficient and valid, to all Intents and Purposes, as if such Principal had voted in Person; and every Question, Matter or Thing which shall be proposed, discussed or confidered in any General or Special Assembly of the said Company, shall be determined by the Majority of Votes and Proxies then prefent: Provided nevertheless, that no Person shall give or deliver in Number of Proxies for more than Five Share-holders, the Appointment of which Proxies. Proxies may be made according to the Form following:

I. B. One of the Proprietors of the East Country Docks, do hereby nominate, constitute and appoint C. D. of

to be my Proxy in my Name, and in my Absence to vote or give any Assent or Diffent to any Meafure, Business or Thing relating to the said Docks and Undertaking, that shall be mentioned or proposed at any Assembly of the · Company of Proprietors of the faid Docks, in fuch manner as he the faid C.D. shall think proper, according to his Opinion and.

· Judgment,

Judgment, for the Benefit of the faid Docks and Undertaking, or any thing appertaining thereto. In Witness whereof I have hereunto fet my Hand and Seal the Day of

Power to raile Forty thouland Pounds

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid Company to raife and contribute amongst themfelves, a competent Sum of Money for completing and maintaining the faid Dock or Docks, and all the Feeders, Aqueducts, Ways, Roads, Bridges, Offices, Sluices, Wharfs and all other Works belonging or requisite thereto, and for paying such Sums of Money as may be due, by reason of the Expences already incurred in making the same, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Forty thousand Pounds (fave and except as hereinafter mentioned) in Addition to the Sum already subscribed; and the same shall be divided into Shares of One hundred Pounds each, and the faid Shares, as well . those already subscribed for, as those which shall be hereafter subscribed for, in pursuance of this Act, shall be and are hereby vested in the several Persons so subscribing, and their several and respective Executors, Administrators, Successors and Assigns, to their and every of their proper Use and Benefit, proportionably to the Sums they shall severally raise and contribute; and all Bodies Politic, Corporate and Collegiate, and all Persons, their several and respective Successors, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, feverally subscribe for One or more Share or Shares, or such Sum or Sums as shall be demanded in lieu thereof towards completing the said. Dock or Docks, and other the Purposes of the said Subscription, shall be entitled to and receive the entire and net Distribution of an equal proportionable Part, according to the Money so by them respectively paid, of the Profits and Advantages that shall and may arrie and accrue by the Tolls, Rates, Wharfage and other Sums of Money to be raised, recovered and received by the said Company by the Authority of this Act.

Joint Steck to he Perfonal Estate.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Shares and Proportions of all Bodies Politic, Corporate and Collegiate, and of all other Persons of and in the said Dock or Docks, or the Joint Stock or Fund of the said Company, shall be and be deemed to be the Personal Estate and transmissible as such, and distributable as such, and not in any respect of the Nature of Real Property.

Not liable to Attachments XII. And be it further enacted, That no Share or Shares of the faid Dock or Docks shall be liable to be attached by any foreign Attachment within the City of London for any Debt or Demand; any Law, Usage or Custom of the City of London to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

Power to raife a further Sum by new Shares. XIII. And be it further enacted, That in case the Money hereinbefore authorized to be raised, shall be found insufficient for the completing and maintaining the said Dock or Docks, and other Works hereby authorized to be made, and all necessary Charges and Expences relating thereto, then, and in such case, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company, to raise and contribute amongst themselves in Manner and Form aforesaid, or to raise by the Admission of new Subscribers (the Consent of a General Meeting being previously had and obtained for that Purpose) any further or other Sum of Money for completing and perfecting the said Undertaking, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds;

Pounds; and every Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, subscribing towards raising such further or other Sum of Money, shall be deemed a Member or Members of the said Company, and shall have all Rights and Privileges of the said Company in as full and perfect a manner as if he, she or they had been nominated and appointed at the General Meeting holden for the Purposes of this Act, and shall also be liable to such Forfeitures, and be interested in all the Profits of the said Undertaking, in proportion to the Sum he, she or they shall or may subscribe thereunto, as generally and extensively to all Intents and Purposes as if such further or other Sum hereby allowed to be subscribed for and raised,

had originally been Part of the faid first Sum.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the Directors for managing Directors to the Concerns of the faid Company, to be appointed as hereinafter is audit Accounts, expressed, or any Three or more of them, shall have Power from and make Colle. time to time to call for, audit and fettle all Accounts of Money laid out and disbursed for the Purposes of this Act, by Officers and Persons employed under the Authority of this Act, and to make such Call or Calls of Money from the Subscribers, their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, according to the Amount of their respective Subscriptions or Shares, for the Purpose of defraying the Expences of this Act or the carrying on the Works authorized or directed by this Act, as by them the faid Directors, or any Three or more of them, shall from time to time be deemed necessary for those Purposes, so that no Call shall exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every No Call exceed Hundred Pounds on the Sum or Sums so subscribed, and so as no sol. Call to that Amount be made but at the Interval of One Calendar Month at the least from the preceding Call, which Money so called for shall be paid to such Person or Persons, and in such manner as the faid Directors shall from time to time appoint or direct for the Use of the said Undertaking; and the Owner or Owners of Stock in the faid Undertaking, shall pay his, her or their Proportion or Proportions of the Monies called for as aforefaid at fuch Time and Place, and in such manner as shall be appointed for that Purpole as aforelaid; and if any Person or Persons, Body or Calls recovered Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporations Aggregate or by Action. Sole, shall neglect or refuse to pay his, her or their rateable or proportionable Part or Share, Parts or Shares of the faid Monies to be called for as aforefaid at the Time and Place to be appointed by the faid Directors, the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic. Corporate or Collegiate, Corporations Aggregate or Sole, so neglecting or refuling to pay the fame, shall forfeit the Sum of Five Penalty. Pounds for every Hundred Pounds of his, her or their respective Subscriptions or Stock, or Part and Interest in the faid Undertaking; and in every fuch case, the faid Dock Company are hereby empowered to fue for and recover in any Court or Courts of Law or Equity (as the case may require) every or any such Part or Share, or any Part thereof so neglected or refused to be paid, and also the said Penalty of Five Pounds per Share; and in case such Perfon or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporations Aggregate or Sole, shall neglect or refuse to pay his, her or their rateable or proportion able Part or Parts, or Shares of the faid Money to be called for as aforefaid, for the Space of One

Penzity.

No Advantage taken for Forfeiture uptil Notice, and until declared for-Meeting.

In case of Death. Executors, &c. answerable for Calls.

Month after the time or any of the respective times to be appointed for Payment thereof as aforesaid, then and in every such case the same may be fued for and recovered by the faid Dock Company, as last hereinbefore is mentioned; or otherwise at the Option of the said Directors, or of any Three or more of them, of the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporations Aggregate or Sole, so neglecting to pay the same, shall forfeit all his, her or their respective Stock or Part and Interests in the said Undertaking and Premises, all which Forseitures shall go to and for the Benefit of the rest of the Proprietors, their Successors, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, (holding for the time being Shares of the faid Stock) in proportion to their respective Interests.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Advantage shall be taken of any Forfeiture of any such Stock or any Part thereof, until Notice of fuch Forfeiture in Writing shall have been previously given or left by some Officer of the said Company to Seited at General or with the Owner or Owners of fuch Stock, or left at his, her or their usual or last known Place of Abode, nor unless the same shall be declared to be forfeited at fonce General Meeting of the faid Company, to be held within Six Calendar Months next after such Forfeiture shall happen to be made; and in case of such Forseiture, the fame shall be an Indemnification to and for every Proprietor so forfeiting all his or her Stock, Part and Interest as aforesaid against all and every Action or Actions, Suits or Profecutions what soever to be commenced or profecuted for any Breach of Contract or other Agreement betwixt fuch Proprietor or Proprietors so forfeiting, and the rest of the Proprietors with regard to carrying on the said Works.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons subscribing or holding any Stock of the said Company, shall die before fuch Call or Calls shall have been made for the full Sum to be advanced on the Sum or Sums fo subscribed, without having made Provision by Will, or otherwise in Writing, how the Money shall be paid upon Calls for the future, then, and in every fuch case, the Executors or Administrators of such Owner or Owners, shall be chargeable in respect of such Calls as for the Debts of that Testator or Intestate; and in case the Executors and Administrators, or Perfon or Persons entitled to the Personal Estate, shall refuse or neglect for the Space of Three Calendar Months to answer such Calls and Payments, the faid Company shall be at Liberty, and are hereby authorized and required to admit any other Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporations Aggregate or Sole, to be Proprietor or Proprietors of the Stock of fuch Owner or Owners so deceased, on Condition that he, she or they so admitted, do and shall on or before such Admission, pay to the Executors or Administrators of such deceased Owner or Owners, the full Sum or Sums of Money which shall have been paid by such Owner or Owners in his, her or their Lifetime, by virtue of any such Call or Calls, or otherwife upon fuch Share or Shares of fuch Stock, or fuch other Sum or Sums of Money as the same can be fold for, first deducting the Penalties that may have been incurred.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said several Proprietors of the said Undertaking, his, her or their respective Executors and Administrators, to sell and dispose of any Share or Shares to which he, she or they may be entitled therein, subject to the Rules and Conditions herein mentioned; the Conveyance of which Shares shall be in the Form following:

I A. B. of in Confideration Form of Transof paid to me by of do hereby bargain, fell, affign and ' transfer to the said the Sum of Capital Stock of and in the East Country Dock, being part [or, the whole, as the case may be,] of my Share in the Dock, To hold to the faid Executors. 4 Administrators and Affigns, subject to the same Rules, Orders and Restrictions, and on the same Conditions that I held the same ' immediately before the Execution hereof; and I the faid C. D. do hereby agree to take and accept the faid Capital Stock or fubject to the same Rules. Orders, Restrictions and Conditions. As Witness our Hands and Scals the Day of

And on every such Sale the said Deed of Conveyance (being executed Transfer lage by the Seller or Sellers, and the Purchaser and Purchasers of such by Purchaser. Share or Shares) shall be kept by the said Purchaser or Purchasers for his, her or their Security, after the Solicitor or Clerk or Clerks to the faid Company of Proprietors shall have entered in a proper Book or Books, to be kept for that Purpose, a Memorial of such Transfer and Sale for the Use of the said Company, and have testified or indorfed the Entry of fuch Memorial in the faid Deed of Sale or Transfer, for which no more than Five Shillings shall be paid; and the faid Solicitor or Clerk or Clerks is and are hereby required to make fuch Entry or Memorial accordingly; and until fuch Memorial shall have been made and entered as above directed, such Purchaser or Purchasers shall have no Part or Share of the Profits of the said Dock, nor any Interest for such Share or Shares paid to him, her or them, nor any Vote in respect thereof as a Proprietor or Proprietors of the faid Dock.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That after any Call of fuch No Person to Money shall have been made by such Committee as aforesaid, no sell after Call Person or Persons shall sell or transfer any Share or Shares, which till paid. he, she or they shall possess in the said Dock, on Pain of forfeiting his, her or their respective Share or Shares therein to the said Company of Proprietors, in Trust for the Benefit of all the faid Proprietors, unless he, she or they, at the time of such Sale and Transfer, shall have paid and discharged to the Treasurer of the said Company of Proprietors the whole and entire Sum of Money which shall have been called for upon each Share so sold or transferred, such Forfeiture nevertheless to be notified and declared at a General or Special Assembly in manner before directed: Provided always, that Power to raise in case the said Company shall be desirous of raising the said Sum, not Twenty thouexceeding Twenty thousand Pounds, by Mortgage of the said Under- sand Pounds by taking, or shall at any time hereafter be desirous of raising by such Mortgage. Mortgage a Sum not exceeding Twenty thousand Pounds of the Capital Sum subscribed, it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid Company to borrow and take up at Interest all or any Part of the faid Sums on the Credit of the Rates, Tolls or Profits of the faid

Docks, and to affign the Property of the faid Docks, and the Rates and Profits arising or to arise to the said Company by or from the faid Docks, or to mortgage any Part or Parts thereof (the Costs and Charges of affigning the same to be paid out of such Rates and Profits as a Security to any Person or Persons, or to his, her or their Trustee or Trustees who shall advance the same,) all which said Affignments shall be made and signed by Three or more of the Directors of the faid Company, and shall be in the Form or to the Effect following; that is to fay,

Form of Mortgage.

BY virtue We, the Company of Proprietors of the East Country Dock Company, in Confideration of the Sum of to us in Hand paid by do hereby bargain, fell and affign to the faid his Executors, Administrators and Affigns, the faid Dock or Docks, and all and fingular the · Profits arising therefrom, or payable to us by virtue and all our Estate, Right, Title and Interest of, and in and to the same, To hold unto the said A. B. his Exe-* cutors, Administrators and Assigns, until the said Sum of

with the Interest for the same, after the Rate of per Centum per Annum,

And all and every Person or Persons to whom such Assignment shall

shall be fully paid and satisfied.

Not to have Preference.

Mortgages entered, and open

to Inspection.

be made, shall be equally entitled, one with the other, to their Proportions of the faid Rates, and Profits and Purchases, according to the respective Sums in such Assignments mentioned to be advanced, without any Preference whatfoever; and the Date, Name or Names of Assignees, with their Addition or Additions, the Sum of Money borrowed, and Rate of Interest, shall, within Twenty one Days from the Date of every such Affignment, be entered in One or more Book or Books, to be kept by the Clerk to the faid Company, which Book or Books shall and may be inspected at all reasonable times by any of the Proprietors or Creditors of the faid Dock, and any other Person or Persons interested therein, upon Payment for every fuch Inspection of the Sum of Two Shillings and Six Pence; and the Person or Persons to whom such Assignment shall be made as aforesaid, or who shall be entitled to the Money due thereon, shall and may from time to time transfer his, her or their Right or

Interest therein to any Person or Persons by Writing under his, her or their Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals, in the Form or to the

Mortgages transferrable

Form of Transfer.

Effect following; that is to fay, I A. B. of in Confideration of the Sum of • paid by the said C. D. of do hereby transfer a certain Mortgage made by the Company of Proprietors of the East Country Docks, bearing Date ' the for fecuring Day of and all the Interest • the Sum of onow due and to become due thereon, and all my Right and Property therein, to the said C. D. his Executors, Administrators and Assigns, dated this Day of And

And every such Transfer shall, within Seven Days after the Date Transfer thereof, be produced to the Solicitor or Clerk of the faid Company, entered. who shall cause a Memorial to be made thereof, for which the said Solicitor or Clerk shall be paid the Sum of Five Shillings and no more; and every such Entry made of such Transfer shall from thence- Interest paid beforth vest all Interest in the said Mortgage in the Assignee or Assignees, fore Dividents. his, her or their Executors, Administrators and Assigns; and the Interest of the Money which shall be borrowed or raised by Mortgage. as aforefaid, shall be provided for and paid to the several Persons entitled thereto, before any Interest or Dividends due to the said Company of Proprietors or any of them shall be paid, made or divided.

XIX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Person Mortgagees not shall be capable of voting by reason of any Mortgage or Assignment, to vote. or any Transfer of the same, either as Principal or Proxy at any Assembly or Meeting of the said Company, for or on account of his or her having lent or advanced any Money on the Credit of fuch Affignment.

XX. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons, Subscribers not Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, who may be Proprietor or liable beyond Proprietors of any Shares of the faid Company, shall be liable to his, her or their Real or Personal Estates being chargeable with any Debt or Demand whatsoever, due or to become due from the said Company, beyond the Extent of his, her or their Share or Shares in the Stock of the faid Company; any Law, Custom or Usage to

the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That when the Docks and Power to make Works shall be completed for the Reception of Shipping, or as soon after as a competent Judgment can be formed of the Profits which may accrue, the faid Company shall, and they are hereby empowered and directed to make and declare fuch Dividend or Dividends on the Stock of the faid Company to be paid Yearly or Half yearly out of the Profits which shall accrue to the said Company, as may and shall be fettled and approved by a General Meeting of the faid Company, to be from time to time called for the Purpole of making and de claring Dividends.

point Officers.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful Directors to apfor the faid Directors or any Three or more of them to appoint a Solicitor, Clerk or Clerks, Collector or Collectors, Receiver or Receivers, Treasurer or Treasurers, Watchman or Watchmen, and fuch other Officers and Servants as they shall find necessary for the Purpoles of this Act, taking such Security or Securities for the faithful Execution of their respective Offices as the said Directors, or any Three or more of them, shall from time to time think fit; and out of the Money to be raised by this Act to pay or allow unto such Person or Persons such Salaries, Allowances or Recompences yearly or otherwise, for their Time and Trouble, as to them shall seem meet and reasonable, and from time to time to remove and suspend them, or any of them, and appoint others in their Stead, or in the Room of fuch as shall die or be removed, suspended or become incapable of performing their Office or Offices.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That the faid Company, or Power to make the major Part of them in General Court affembled, shall and may Bye-Laws. make, ordain and conflitute such and so many Bye-Laws, Conflitutions.

flitutions, Rules and Ordinances, as to them, or the major Part of them, so affembled as aforesaid shall seem meet and convenient for the better governing, regulating, ordering and managing of the faid Company, and the Officers, Servants and Persons employed on or to be employed in and about the Affairs of the faid Company, and to alter, change, revoke, repeal or make void the same from time to time, and as often as they or the major Part of them so assembled as aforefaid, shall judge necessary and expedient; provided that such Bye-Laws, Constitution, Rules and Ordinances be printed, and be not contrary or repugnant to the Statutes, Customs or Laws of that Part of the United Kingdom called England, or to the Provisions in this Act contained; but no Order, Bye-Law, Conftitution, Rules or Ordinance so made shall be good and valid, without being confirmed at a subsequent General Meeting of the said Company, ordinary or extraordinary, to be held as hereinafter mentioned.

Limitation of Deftroying Works, &c.

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XXIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Penalty Penalty in Bye to be imposed by any Bye-Law, made, ordained and constituted by Authority of this Act, shall exceed the Sum of Five Pounds.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall steal, take away, break, demolish or throw down any Lamp or Lamps, Lamp Irons or Posts, which the said Company shall or may fet up near, unto and about the said Dock or Docks and other Works, or any of the Premises belonging to the said Company, or shall wilfully extinguish the Lights within the same Lamp or Lamps, or damage the Iron or other Furniture thereof, it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons who shall see such Offence committed, and also for any other Persons to assist, when called upon, to arrest the Ofsender or Offenders by Authority of this Act, and, without any other Warrant, to convey him, her or them into the Custody of a Peace Officer, in order to be conveyed before a Justice or Justices of the Peace for the Counties of Kent or Surrey; and that such Justice or Justices shall proceed to examine upon Oath any Witness or Witnesses who shall appear to give any Information touching such Offence (which Oath the faid Justice or Justices is or are hereby authorized and required to administer), and that if the Party or Parties accused shall be convicted of such Offence, either by Confession or by the Teltimony of any credible Witness or Witnesses as aforesaid, he, she or they shall forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings for each Lamp, Lamp Iron or Post, or other Furniture so broke, thrown down or damaged, or for every Light extinguished, and moreover shall make full Satisfaction to the said Directors, or to such Person as they shall appoint to receive the same for the Damage so done; and that in case such Offender or Offenders shall not, on Conviction, pay the Forfeiture affeffed, and make Satisfaction as aforefaid, such Justice or Justices is or are hereby required to commit him, her or them to the House of Correction for any time not exceeding Two Calendar Months.

Penky.

Imprifoament.

Dock Mafter.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the faid Directors, or any Three or more of them, and they are hereby authorized and required from time to time, as Occasion shall require, to nominate and appoint a proper Person or Persons to be Superintendant Dock Master or Dock Masters, and to remove, sufpend or dismiss the same, which said Superintendant Dock Master or Dock Masters shall have full Power and Authority to direct the mooring,

mooring, unmooring, moving and removing of all Ships and Vessels. Lighters, and Craft coming into, lying or being in the faid Dock or Docks, or any of them, either as to the time or times and the manner of their Entrance into, lying or going out of the same, and their Pofitious, loading and discharging therein, and the time or times of opening and shutting the several Gates thereof; and in case the Owner, Master, Pilot, Servant or other Person having the Care of any Ship or Vessel, shall refuse or neglect to moor, unmoor, move or remove the fame according to fuch Direction within Three Hours after Notice to him or them given in Writing, or left with some Person or Persons on board the said Ship or Vessel for that Purpose, then it shall be lawful for the said Dock Master or Dock Masters, or his or their Assistants, and he and they is and are hereby required to moor, unmoor, move or remove such Ship or Vessel, and the Charges and Expences thereof respectively shall be paid, together with a Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds for each Offence, by the Owner or Penalty. Owners of fuch Ship or Vessel, and may be recovered by the said Company of the Owner of fuch Ship or Veffel in case of Nonpayment thereof, on Demand, by fuch ways and means as Penalties and Forfeitures are by this Act to be recovered; and in case any Master, Commander, Mate, Pilot or other Person or Persons whomsoever, shall obstruct or hinder the mooring, unmooring, moving or removing of any Ship or Veffel, such Person or Persons shall, for every such Offence. forfeit a Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, to be recovered and applied Penalty. as hereinafter declared

XXVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That as foon as the No Ship to lie faid intended Dock or Docks are fo far completed as to admit Ships, within One hun-Veffels or Craft to enter therein, no Ship or other Veffels dred Yards of shall lie within the Distance of One hundred Yards of the Entrances of the faid Docks, unless it is for the Purpose of coming in or going out of the Dock, so that at all times the Entrance may be kept clear and without Obstruction; and over this Space the Dock Master shall have Controul, so far as relates to the placing or transporting Ships or Vessels coming in or going out of the Dock.

XXVIII. And, for the better making and preserving a free and Ships lying clear Paffage and Entrance from the River Thames into and out of across, &c. the faid Docks for all Ships, Vessels, Lighters, Barges and Boats of every Description, be it further enacted, That no Ship, Veffel, Lighter, Barge, Craft or Boat of any Description whatsoever, shall lie across, in, or in any way obstruct any of the Entrances or Passages into or from any of the faid Docks, Basons or Cuts, except only fuch Ships, Vessels, Lighters, Barges, Crafts and Boats of whatsoever Description as shall have come out of or are intended to go into the faid Dock, under a Penalty not exceeding Five Pounds for Penalty. every fuch Offence.

XXIX. Provided always and be it further enacted, That nothing Provide. herein contained shall extend to prohibit any Ship or Vessel lying at or alongfide of the Wharfs and Premises to the South Side of the faid Docks or Balons, in fuch manner as fuch Ship or Vessel before the passing of this Act by Law might have done.

XXX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Slip or Slips, Graving Docks, Dry Docks, Graving Dock Way or other Place for the building, Ways, &c. heaving down or repairing of Ships or other Vessels, shall at any sime hereafter be made or built, or permitted or suffered to be made

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or built, within the Walls surrounding any of the said Docks hereby authorized to be made, or of the Basons or Entrances which shall belong thereto; nor shall any Communication at any time hereafter be made into the said East Country Dock, or to any of the Basons or Entrances which may belong thereto, from any Wet Dock, Slip or Slips, Dry Docks, Graving Dock Way or other Place for the building, heaving down or repairing of Ships or other Vessels which may hereafter be adjoining to the said East Country Docks, or to any of the Basons or Entrances which may belong thereto; nor shall the said East Country Dock Company at any time or times hereafter carry on or be otherwise concerned in the Trade or Business of building or repairing the Hulls or Masts of Ships or Vessels for Hire or Profit.

Combustible
Matter remaining on the Premies.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That no Tar, Pitch, Rosin, Hemp, Flax, Faggots, Furze, Brandy or other Spirituous Liquors, Turpentine, Oil, Hay, Straw, Tallow, Grease, Shavings of Wood or combustible or inflammable Matter whatsoever of any Kind, shall be suffered to be or remain on the Quays or Wharfs aforesaid, or any Part thereof, or upon the Deck of any Ship or other Veffel in the faid Bason or Docks, Cuts or other Works, or any of them, above the Space of Twelve Hours after passing the Custom House Offices; and that in case such Goods, Merchandize or Things cannot be conveniently removed therefrom by Day-light, that then and in every fuch case, the Owner or Owners of such Goods. Merchandize or Things respectively, if on the Quays or Wharfs, or the Commander, Master or Mate, if on board of any Ship or Vessel, shall be obliged, and are hereby required to set and maintain at their own Expence a fufficient Number of fober Persons to guard and watch over the same, for such and so many Hours, according to the Season of the Year, as the said Superintendant Dock Master or Dock Masters, or his or their Assistants, shall direct or appoint; and in case the Owner or Owners of such Goods, Merchandize or other Things, or the Commanders, Master or Mate of any Ship or other Vessels shall make Default herein by neglecting the same, then and in that case the said Superintendant Dock Master or Dock Makers, or his or their Affiftants, shall set and appoint such sufficient Number of careful Persons as may be requisite to watch and guard over the same, at the Expence of the said Owner or Owners of such Goods or Ship or Ships; and every such Person shall forseit and pay for every such Offence a Sum not exceeding Fifty Pounds, exclusive of the full Charges of watching and attending the same.

Penalty.

Removing Wracks, &c.

XXXII. Be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Directors, or any Three or more of them, their Agents, Servants or Workmen, as often as Occasion shall require, well and sufficiently to cleanse, scour, open, deepen, widen or cut through and take away any Banks, Hills, Earth, Soil or Rubbish in the said intended Works and Entrances to the said Docks, Basons or Cuts, in such manner as the said Directors, or any Three or more of them, or any Person appointed by them for that Purpose, shall think proper for the Security, Entrance and Accommodation of Shipping in the same; and also to remove and take away any Wrecks of Ships or Vessels, or any Ship or Vessels that shall be sunk therein, or any Wood, Timber, Anchors or other Obstructions, or other Impediments of the like nature that may be sound or arise therein; and in

case the Owner or Owners of any fuch Ship or Vessel, or other Obfiructions to to be removed, shall refuse or neglect to pay the Charge of removing the same for the Space of Seven Days after Demand thereof made by any Officer of the faid Company, then the Owner or Owners of any fuch Wrecks, or Ships or Vessels, or any Ship or Vessel that shall be funk therein, or any Wood, Timber, Anchors or other Obstructions or Impediments of the like nature, shall, for every fuch Offence, forfeit to the faid Company, exclusive of the Expences incurred by removing the fame, a Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds; Penalty. and the same shall be recovered and applied in such manner as other Penalties and Forfeitures are by this Act directed to be recovered and

applied.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Nuisances in Persons whomsoever shall throw, cast or put any Ballast, Earth, Docks. Duft, Afhes, Stones or other Things into or upon any of the Works to be made in pursuance of this Act to the Prejudice thereof, or do any other Annoyance to the same or any Part thereof, and Complaint be made thereof, upon Oath, by any of the faid Directors or their Clerk, or other Officer, or any other Person, the same shall be examined into and determined by One or more of His Majefty's Justices of the Peace for the County of Kent or Surrey; and they are hereby authorized to impose upon the Offender or Offenders (other than and except as is hereinafter mentioned) fuch Fine or Fines, not exceeding Twenty Pounds for such Offence, as they the Pensity. faid Justices shall think reasonable; and in case any Owner or Owners, Master or Commander, Seaman or Servent of or belonging to any Ship or other Veffel, shall be guilty of any of the faid Offences, upon Proof thereof by the Oath of One or more credible Witness or Witnesses before any of the faid Justices, the Person or Persons so offending shall for such Offence forfeit to the said Company a Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, and in case of Non-payment of Penalty. fuch last mentioned Twenty Pounds for the Space of Three Days after the same shall be demanded, it shall be lawful for such Justices, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, to levy the same, together with the Costs and Charges incident thereto, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of every fuch Owner, Mafter or Commander, Seaman or Servant or other Person or Persons so offending, or the Tackle, Apparel or Furniture of or belonging to such Ship or Vessel, rendering the Overplus (if any) to the Person whose Goods vener, remained shall be so distrained; and if sufficient Distress or other Things shall be so distrained; and if sufficient Distress cannot be found, then it shall be lawful for such Justices, by Warrant under their Hand and Seals, to commit such Offender or Offenders to the House of Correction, there to be kept to hard Imprisonment. Unencer for any Time not exceeding Two Calendar Months, unless

fooner discharged. XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person Destroying or Persons whomsoever shall wilfully or maliciously cut or break, Ropes. or in any manner destroy any Rope or other Thing, by which any or in any or other Vessel lying in the said Dock or Docks, Bason or Balons, or Cuts, shall be moored or fastened, such Person or Perfons shall, for every such Offence, forseit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds: Provided always, that nothing herein contained Penalty. fall hinder or restrain the Dock Master or Dock Masters to be appointed in pursuance of this Act, or his or their Assistant or Affistants,

Affistants, from exercifing in a due and reasonable manner any of the Powers or Authorities hereby vested in them.

Accidents by Fire.

XXXV. And, for preventing Accidents by Fire in the faid Docks or Basons, or Cuts or other Works, be it further enacted, That no Person whomsoever shall have or keep, or cause to be had or kept, any Fire, Candle or Lamp lighted on board any Ship or other Veffel within the same at any time or times whatsoever, between the Twenty. ninth Day of September and the Twenth fifth Day of March in every Year, after the Hour of Nine in the Evening, or before the Hour of Eight in the Morning, nor at any time or times whatfoever between the Twenty fifth Day of March and the Twenty pinth Day of September in every Year after the Hour of Nine of the Clock in the Evening, or before the Hour of Six of the Clock in the Morning, under Pala of forfeiting for every Offence a Sum not exceeding Five

Penalty.

Boiling, &c. Combuttible Matter.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Pitch, Tar, Rosin, Turpentine, Oil or other combustible or inflammable Matter shall at any time hereafter be boiled or heated on board any Ship or other Vessel, Lighter, Craft or Boat lying in the said Dock or Docks, Bason or Basons, or Cuts or other Works, or any of them, nor in any Place or Places within the faid Docks, Premises or Cuts, except in fuch Place or Places, and in such manner as shall be appointed by the faid Directors or any Three or more of them, or by their known Agents, for that Purpole; nor shall any Gunpowder or loaded Gun whatever be brought into the faid Docks, Basons or Cuts, or be suffered to remain on board any Ship or any other Vessel, upon Pain that every such Master, Commander or Owner of any Ship or Vessel, or other Persons so offending in manner as aforesaid, shall forfeit for

Penalty.

Matters and Commanders of Ships answerable for Damage.

every fuch Offence a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That the Master or Owner of every Ship, Boat, Barge, Lighter or other Vessel shall be, and is hereby made answerable for any Damage, Spoil or Mischief that shall be done by any Ship, Boat, Barge, Lighter or other Vessel, or any of the Boatmen, Watermen or others belonging to or employed in or about the same, unto the Docks, Basons, Cuts, or any of the Bridges, Locks, Dams, Engines or other Works, in, upon or belonging to the faid Docks, Cuts and Basons or any of them, or any of the Trenches, Sluices and Passages to be made as aforesaid, or by loading or unloading any Ship, Boat, Barge, Lighter or other Vessel, or for any Trespals or Damage that shall or may be done to the Owners or Occupiers of any Buildings, Erections, Mills, Dams, Gauges, Weirs, Lands or Tenements adjoining or lying near the fame or any of them. by leaving open the Gates or otherwise, or for any other Trespais whatfoever; and the faid Mafter or Owner of any fuch Ship, Boat, Barge, Lighter or other Veffel may be fued and profecuted for the same in any Court of Record; and if a Verdict or Judgment shall be given against him, either on Proof made, or by Default, or upon Demurrer, the Plaintiff in any such case shall recover his Damages thereby sustained, with full Costs of Suit; and in case the Master or Owner of any fuch Ship, Boat, Lighter or other Vessel as aforesaid, Servant liable to shall be compelled to pay any Penalty, or to make Satisfaction for Penalty, see any Damage or Trespais, by reason of any wilful Act or Default

done or committed by his Servant or Servants, every fuch Servant or Servants shall be hable to pay such Penalty, or the Money paid for any such Damage or Trespals, to such Master or Owner, and in case of Nonpayment thereof, on Demand, the same shall be recovered by such Master or Owner in like manner as any Penalty is

hereinafter directed to be recovered.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That notwithstanding any Vessels laden thing contained in an Act of Parliament made and pailed in the with Timber Nineteenth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Ad may unload in to explain so much of an Act made in the Twelsth Year of the Reign of Docks. King Charles the Second, intituled, An Act for the encouraging and inereasing of Shipping and Navigation, as relates to the Importation into this Kingdom, and other His Majesty's Dominions, of Goods and Commodities of the Growth or Production of Africa. Afia or America, which are manufactured in foreign Parts; for preventing Masters of Ships removing their Veffels out of the Stream, except to the lawful Quays in the Port of London, before the Goods are discharged or their Veffels are cleared by the proper Officers inwards or outwards; and for allowing the Officers of the Customs and Excise to make use of Lights on board Ships in the Haven, Dock or Bason at the Port of Kingston upon Hull; it shall and may be lawful for any Ship or Vessel laden with Timber or Wood only, or Timber or Wood as the principal Part of the Cargo, and not bound by Law to enter any particular Dock, to enter and go into the faid Wet Docks or Basons: Provided Provise always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend to authorife the loading or unloading, or to alter or vary the Right or Practice, if any, of loading or unloading Goods from the faid Ship or Veffel in the faid Dock or Bason; but the same Right or Practice, if any, shall remain, continue and be subject to all such Constraint, Restriction and Limitation, as it would have been if this Act had not passed.

· XXXIX. And whereas it is expedient that the Trade and Bufi. Platform Bridge ness of the Inhabitants of the Parish of & Rotherhithe should be inter- for Rotherhithe. rupted as little as may be;' Be it therefore enacted, That the faid Dock Company shall construct, make and keep Two Platform Bridges, with proper and fafe Rails or Chains over the Cut or Sluice made, or to be made, for connecting the faid Docks with the River Thames, and that One of such Platform Bridges shall be shut for the Use of Passengers, unless in cases where it shall be necessary to

keep open both the faid Bridges.

XL. And be it further enacted, That the faid Company shall Bridges, &c. and may likewife cause to be made and provided, altered or varied, fuch Sluices, Bridges, Footways, Paths, Ways or Roads, on, in or leading to the faid Dock or Docks, or other Works, as they shall from time to time judge necessary, for the more convenient Use thereof, and of the Wharfs and other Works appertaining thereto.

XLI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Tumpike Roads

Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to authorize or not to be interempower the faid Company of Proprietors to make any Bridge over meddled with empower the land Collipany of the Turnpike Roads under without Confent or upon, or to turn, divert or after any of the Turnpike Roads under of Truffees. the Care and Conservation of the Trustees appointed or to be ap- 43 G. 3. pointed for putting into Execution an Act of Parliament, made and c. exxist. passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Att for enlarging and altering the Term and Powers of several Alls of Parliament, for making a Road from New Street Southwark, to the Places therein mentioned, and from Freeschool Street Southwark, to Dockhead and Lilliput Hall Bridge, in Ber-O 0 3 mondley,

mondley, and from the Stone's End in Kent Street Southwark, Dartford, so far as respects the Road leading from the Stone's End i Bermondley Street towards Saint Thomas a Waterings, and also so repairing and maintaining a certain Lane, called Long Lane, in 18 Parish of Bermondsey in the County of Surrey, or any of the Act therein mentioned or recited, without the Confent and Approbation of the faid Trustees assembled at two successive General Meetings made and given.

Commissioners of Sewers.

XLII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to infringe upon the Rights, Powers and Authorities of the Commisfioners of Sewers for the Limits extending from East Mouldsey, in the

County of Surrey, to Ravensborne in the County of Kent.

Setting Fire to Premiles.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall knowingly, wilfully or maliciously demolish, break down, cut down or destroy any of the Works to be made by virtue of this Act, or any Ship or Vessel, Barge, Lighter or Craft, or Goods and Merchandize therein lying in the faid Dock, Cuts, Bason or Basons, then every such Offender or Offenders, being convicted thereof, shall fuffer Punishment by Fine, Imprisonment or Transportation for a Term not exceeding Seven Years, at the Discretion of the Judge or Judges before whom such Offender or Offenders shall be tried and convicted.

Punishment.

No Director or his Partner to supply any Ma terials.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That no Director nor any Person in any manner connected in Business as Partner with such Director, shall hold any Contract or enjoy any Place of Profit created by this Act, or be beneficially employed, or in any manner interested or concerned, directly or indirectly, in supplying any Article or Materials for the Use of the said Company; and in case any Director shall hold any Contract, or enjoy any Place of Profit created by this Act, or shall be in any manner beneficially employed or concerned. directly or indirectly, in supplying any Articles or Materials for the Use of the said Company, every such Director shall forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, together with full Costs of Suit, to any Person or Persons who shall sue for the same, to be recovered in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, by Action of Debt, or on the Case, or by Bill, Plaint or Information, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law, or more than One Imparlance shall be allowed; and One Moiety of such Penalty when recovered, shall be paid to the Person or Persons who shall sue for the same, and the other Moiety shall be paid to the said Company, to be applied to the Purposes of this Act; and the Person or Persons fo convicted, shall be absolutely disqualified from acting any longer as a Director or Directors of the faid Company; and no Director interested in any such Contract, Matter or Thing as aforesaid, shall vote in any Question touching or concerning the same.

Penalty.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That, in confideration of the great Charges and Expences which the making, building, erecting and providing fuch Dock or Docks, Quays and Wharfs, Sluices, Bridges, Roads and other Works, and the supporting and maintaining, and keeping the same in repair, for the future, there shall be payable and paid to the faid Company, or to their Collectors or Deputies for their Use, for every Ship or Vessel in entering into the said Docks or Cuts, or any or either of them, by the Master or Commander,

Rates

Owner or Owners of every fuch Ship or other Vessel, the several Rates or Duties according to the Tonnage of the faid Ship or Veffel, hereinafter particularly rated and described in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (A); and the Mafter or other Person having the Command of each and every fuch Ship or Veffel is hereby required to produce such Certificate of Registry at the time of Payment of the faid Rates to the Dock Master or other Officer appointed to receive the same.

XLVI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That Lighters and Proviso for Craft entering into the Docks or Basons to discharge or receive Lighters with Ballast or Goods to or from on board any Ships, shall be exempted Ballast. from any Rates or Duties, such Goods paying Dues as in other cales.

XLVII. And, to the Intent that the Rates or Duties imposed Power to compel by this Act may be more effectually collected and levied, be it fur- Payment of ther enacted, That in case any Owner or Owners, or Master or other Rates. Persons having the Charge or Concern of any Ship or other Vessel charged or chargeable with any of the Rates or Duties granted by this Act, shall refuse or neglect to pay the same, then, and in every fuch case, it shall from time to time be lawful for the Collector or Collectors, to be duly appointed in pursuance of this Act, to go on board fuch Ship or other Vessel, to demand, collect and receive the faid Rates and Duties, and on Nonpayment thereof to take and diftrain fuch Ship or other Veffel, and all her Tackle, Apparel and Furniture belonging thereto or any Part thereof, and the fame to detain until the respective Rates or Duties shall be satisfied and paid: and in case of any Neglect or Default in Payment of the said Rates and Duties for the Space of Five Days after any Diftress or Diftresses so made or taken, that then it shall be lawful for the faid Collector or Collectors to cause the same to be appraised by One or more SwornAppraisers, or other sufficient Persons not interested therein, and afterwards to sell the said Distress or Distresses, and therewith to fatisfy himself or themselves, as well for and in respect of Rates or Duties so neglected or refused to be paid, and for which such Distress or Distresses shall have been made or taken as aforesaid, as for and in respect of his or their reasonable Charges in taking, keeping, appraising and felling the same, rendering the Overplus (if any there be) to the Master, Commander, Owner or Owners of such Ship or Vessel upon

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Master, Owner Persons eluding or Owners, or other Person or Persons having the Charge or Com- Payment of mand of any Ship or other Veffel, shall by any means what soever at Rates to conany time or times clude or evade the Payment of the Rates and Duties tinue chargeable. hereby made payable or any Part thereof, each and every Person eluding or evading Payment as aforefaid shall stand charged with and be liable to the Payment of the same; and such Rates and Duties shall and may be recovered from such Master or Owner or Owners respectively, by the same ways and means, and in such manner as are hereinafter described for levying and recovering the Penalties and Forfestures by this Act inflicted or authorized to be imposed.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That the faid Superintendant Rent paid by Dock Master or Dock Masters shall, and + they are hereby authorized Vessels. and directed, upon giving Twenty four Hours previous Notice in

Q 0 4

† [Sic Orig. A8.] Writing Ships.

Penalty.

Dock Master to Writing to the Owners or Masters thereof, or other Person having the order out useless Care of such Ship or Vessel respectively, to order out light Ships and fuch as are unfit for Service, whenever the fame shall incumber the faid Bason or Dock, Basons or Docks, or any of them, or impede the Business thereof; and that all and every such Master or Masters, or Owner or Owners of any Ship or Vessel-tho shall refuse or neglect to comply with such Order, shall forfeit for every such Offence a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds for every fuch Refusal or Neglect: and ip case of Neglect or Refusal, the Dock Master or Dock Masters, his or their Affistant or Affistants, may remove or cause to be removed all fuch Veffels out of the faid Docks and Basons, or Cuts, or any of them, and lay or moor the same in any Part of the River Thames within High Water Mark, as conveniently as may be; and that after Demand of Payment shall have been made by such Dock Mafter or Dock Mafters, Affistant or Affistants, to the Owner or Owners, Masters, Commanders or Agents of such Ship or Ships, or other Vessel or Vessels, of the Charges of removing and mooring the faid Ships or other Vessels, (such Charges and Expences being first allowed by the faid Directors or any Three or more of them) and upon Neglect or Refufal to pay fuch Charges so allowed as aforesaid for the Space of Two Days, it shall be lawful for the faid Dock Master or Assistants to distrain and sell such Ship or Vessel, or any of her Tackle, Apparel or Furniture, or any Part thereof, for Payment of fuch Charges and Expences of removing and mooring as aforefaid, rendering the Overplus (if any) after deducting the Charges of taking, keeping and felling of such Distress, to the Owner or Owners, Master or Masters, Factor and Agents of or for such Ship or Vessel,

Dirles

Proviso for Rights of Commercial Dock Company.

upon the same being demanded. L. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall authorize the faid Company to make any Alteration in any Sluice, Bridge, Footway, Road, Way or Paffage that runs into or across, leads to or communicates with the Hereditaments and Premises of or belonging to the Commercial Dock Company, unless with the Consent of the Directors of such Company, or the Majority of them for the time being, except such Part of any such Sluice, Bridge, Footpath, Street, Road, Path or Way as rone through and along the Premises belonging to the East Country Dock Company.

Saving Power to ommercial Dock Company. 50 G. 3. c. ccvii.

LI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall be construed in any way to restrict, limit or interfere with the Authorities or Powers given and granted to the Commercial Dock Company in and by an Act of the Fiftieth Year of King George the Third; intituled, An At for maintaining and improving the Docks and Warehouses called The Commercial Docks, and for making and maintaining other Docks and Warehouses to communicate therewith, all in the Parish of Saint Mary Rotherhithe, in the County of Surrey; with respect to the keeping clear the Entrance of the faid Docks from Obstructions, and to the Controll of the Dock Master to place and transport Ships and Vessels coming in and going out of the Commercial Docks, it being hereby declared that nothing in this Act contained is intended to prevent the faid Commercial Dock Company from exercifing all the Rights and Powers given and created by the faid Act, according to the full Effect and Meaning of this Act; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

swided also, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That Provision for this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend Rights of other or affect the Rights of the West India Dock Companies. by an Act made in the Thirty minth Year of His present 39 G. 3. c. kir. Reign, intituled, An All for rendering more commodious and slating the Port of London; or of the London Dock Comablished by an Act made in the Thirty ninth and Fortieth 39 & 40 G. His present Majesty, intituled, An Ad for making Wet c. xlvil Basons, Cuts and other Works, for the greater Accommodation urity of Shipping, Commerce and Revenue, within the Port of ; or of the East India Dock Company, established by an Act the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, intituled, An 43 G.3. c. cxxvi. r the further Improvement of the Port of London, by making

and other Works at Blackwall, for the Accommodation of East Shipping in the faid Port.

II. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in For Rights of Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend to prevent Fellowship Porinder the Mayor and Commonalty, and Citizens of the City of ters and Meters. don, or their Deputies, Meters or Fellowship Porters (otherwise ing [gate Porters] from exercifing and enjoying within the faid t Docks, and other Works already, made, or to be made by virtue this Act, the Right of Measurage and Porterage of all Coal, rn, Grain and Seed of what Kind soever, and of all Salt and Fruit. d of all other Merchandizes measurable or to be measured at the ates and Prices as regulated and fettled or to be regulated and fettled y the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commons of the City of London Common Council affembled, in fuch and the same manner in every espect as they now and heretofore have enjoyed such Right of Measurage and Porterage in any Part of the Port of London.

LIV. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted and declared, That For Rights of nothing in this Act contained thall extend or be construed to extend His Majesty and or derogate from the Estates, Rights, Interests, Privileges, Francisco City of London, as Conservator chiles or Authority of the King's Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of the Themes or of the Mayor and Commonalty of the Citizens of the City of and Medway. London, or their Successors, or the Lord Mayor of the faid City for the time being, or to prohibit, defeat alter or diminish any Power or Authority or Jurisdiction, which at the time of making this Act His Majesty, or the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of London, or the Lord Mayor of the faid City for the time being, as Confervator of the River Thames and Waters of Medeway, did or might lawfully claim, use or exercise; and further, that it shall be lawful for the said Lord Mayor of the said City for the time being, in like manner as he hath used legally to do in other Cases, to inquire of, hear and determine by Presentment or Indictment taken before him as Conservator of the said River and Waters, all Offences; contrary to this Act, or fuch Bye-Laws, Rules, Orders and Regulations as shall be made as aforesaid; and upon Conviction of the Offender or Offenders, to impose a Penalty or Penalties on him, heror them, not exceeding the Penalty or Penalties hereby inflicted in and by the faid Bye-Laws, Rules, Orders and Regulations for such Offence or Offences; but no Person shall be punished Twice for One and the same Offence.

LV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in Proviso for this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to pro- Mayor and his it Commons'ty's

hibit, Right of guaging.

or diminish any Power, Authority or Jurisdiction, of making this Act, the Mayor or Commonalty, lity of London, or the Lord Mayor of the saiding, or his Deputy, to the Exercise of guaging ney and other gaugeable Merchandize imported said Wet Docks already made or to be made by by the River of Thames, or to be exported therece or derogate from any other the Rights, Pri-Tolls, Customs, Dues, Duties and Commodities Commonalty and Citizens of the City of Lonfaid Mayor for the time being or his Deputy, njoy the Rights of gauging within the said Wet he or to be made as aforesaid upon the Banks, in the Warehouses thereto belonging, as fully Intents and Purposes as if this Act had not been

always, and be it further enacted, That nothing d shall extend or be construed to extend to prefrom any of the Rights or Privileges of the nd Assistants of the Trinity House, Deptford.

it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and by this Act, or by any Rule or Bye-Law which ade in pursuance of this Act, may be levied and welve Months after the Offence or Offences comuffice or Juffices of the Peace for the Counties ; and fuch Juffice or Juffices is and are hereby aired, upon Complaint to him or them made, to o bring before him or them fuch Offender or ime and Place in fuch Warrant specified; and in t thereof, on Conviction of the Offenders respectheir Confession, or on the Evidence of any One Vitness or Witnesses, examined on Oath (which ce or Justices is or are hereby required and emter), shall be levied by Diffress and Sale of the of the Offender or Offenders, by Warrant under or Hands or + Seals of fuch Justice or Justices; orfeitures, when recovered, shall go and be applied, 10 will fue or inform, and the other Half to the npany, to be paid into the Hands of their Treaof fufficient Diffress, or in case the Fine, Penalty ot be forthwith paid, it shall be lawful for such by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal ls, to commit any fuch Offender to the Common Correction, there to remain without Bail or Mainnot exceeding Three Calendar Months, unlefs or Forfeiture, and all reasonable Charges attending of, shall be fooner paid. + [Sic Orig. Ad.] d always, and be it enacted, That no Plaintiff or ver in any Action to be commenced against any for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, Triting shall have been given to the Defendant or at his, her or their last or usual Place or Places Days before fuch Action shall be commenced, of fuch fuch intended Action, figned by the Plaintiffs, specifying the Cause of sucl or Plaintiffs, recover in such Action Amends shall have been made to hi or their Attorney, by or on Behalf o before fuch Action brought, nor if f made at any time after the faid Actio thereof, together with Costs of Suit tioned Tender; but on Proof of fucl in such Action, the Plaintiff or Pla cases of Non-suit, with Treble Co manner as any Defendant or Defen other case by Law; or in case no s it shall and may be lawful to and for any fuch Action, by Leave of the depend, at any time before Issue jo of Money as he, she or they shall the ings, Order and Judgment shall be such Court as in other Actions w pay Money into Court.

LIX. And be it further enacted made for any Sum or Sums of MAct, the Diffress itself shall not Party or Parties making the same passers, on account of any Defect Conviction, Warrant of Distress, on or shall the Party or Parties distrespassers ab initio, on account afterwards committed by the Person or Persons aggrieved by recover full Satisfaction for the

the Case.

LX. And, for the more easy against this Act, be it further Peace before whom any Perfer against this Act, shall and may according to the following Form

BE it remembered, that on in the Year of our Lord A. B. is convicted before me of the Peace for the County Offence, and the Time and I an Act of Parliament passed of King George the Third,

· Day and Year first mention

LXI. And be it further e fhall think himself, herself or Judgment made or given in Order of the said Company ment or Determination of a lating to any Matter or This then, and in such Case, he,

Attorney for the Plaintiff or Action; nor shall the Plaintiff tender of good and fufficient 1, her or them, or to his, her the Defendant or Defendants ch Tender or Amends shall be i brought, and before the Trial to the time of such last men-Tender on any Trial to be had stiffs shall suffer Judgment as in ts, to be recovered in the same dants may recover Costs in any ch Tender shall have been made, the Defendant or Defendants in Court where such Action shall red, to pay into Court such Sum nk fit, whereupon fuch Proceedhad, made and given in and by ere the Defendant is allowed to

, That where any Distress shall be Distress not unoney to be levied by virtue of this lawful for Defect deemed unlawful, nor shall the in Form. be deemed a Trespasser or Tresor want of Form in the Summons. other Proceedings relating thereto. aining be deemed a Trespasser or of any Irregularity which shall be rty or Parties distraining, but the fuch Irregularity shall and may pecial Damage in an Action upon

and speedy Conviction of Offenders enacted, That every Justice of the shall be convicted of any Offence rufe the Conviction to be drawn up : 012-

Day of

Form of Conviction.

. D. One of His Majesty's Justices [specifying the ice, as the case may be | contrary to Year of the Reign the † tituled, † Given under my Hand and Seal, the

† [Sic Orig. Atl.]

cted, That if any Person or Persons Person argriced hemselves aggrieved by any Order or by Byc-Law to urfuance of any Rule, Bye-Law or appeal. Proprietors, or by any Order, Judg-Jullice or Jullices of the Peace, rein this Act mentioned or contained, or they may, within Twelve Calendar Months

A.D.1811.

after the Caufe of Complaint shall have arisen, appeal of the Peace at the General Quarter-Seffions to be for the County in which the Caufe of Appeal shall ing Three Months Notice of such Appeal to the ons appealed against, and of the Nature thereof, and Days after such Notice entering into a Recognizance flice of the Peace for fuch County or Place, with Two ties conditioned to try fuch Appeal, and abide the rard of the faid Court thereon); and the faid Justices : Proof of fuch Notice and Recognizance having been red into, either hear and determine the said Appeal 1 Quarter-Sessions, or if they think proper, may ading thereof until the next General Quarter-Sessions of be holden for fuch County; and the faid justices may, le, mitigate any Forfeiture or Fine, and may order be returned which shall have been levied in pursuance Byc-Law, Order or Determination, and may also d fuch further Satisfaction to be made to the Party shall judge reasonable; but no Proceedings to be had irfuance of this Act shall be quashed or vacated for or be removed by Certiorari or by any other Writ or ever, into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at elsewhere; any Law or Statute to the contrary not-

be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall commenced against any Person or Persons, Bodies orate, for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, tion or Suit shall be brought or commenced within next after the Fact committed, or in case there nuation of Damages, then within Three Months next or committing such Damages shall have ceased, and and shall be laid and brought in the County where Dispute or Cause shall arise, and not elsewhere; and or Defendants in such Action or Suit shall and may ral Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in y Trial to be had thereon, and that the same was done d by the Authority of this Act; and if it shall appear done, or if any such Action or Suit shall be brought fo limited for bringing the fame, or in any other, e than as aforefaid, then, and in every fuch case, the for the Defendant or Defendants; or if the Plaintiff Il become nonfuited, or fuffer a Discontinuance of his. tion or Suit after the Defendant or Defendants shall or if a Verdict shall pass against the Plaintiff or Plainn Demurrer or otherwise Judgment shall be given ntiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall ofts, and shall have such Remedy for the same as any for Cofts of Suit in other Cases of Law. be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed

a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice all Judges, Justices and others, without being spe-

The SCHEDI

Per

Dockage on Laden Ships, with Permission of laying Six Weeks

After that time, if remaining with a Cargo on board, per Week

Or if remaining without Cargo on board, per Wee Ships coming in light for th first Six Weeks

And if exceeding that time per Week

All Rigged Veffels coming load Goods in the Dock All Ships to pay for docking

And for undocking Lighters, Barges Small Craft to without Charge

Wharfage of Oak and heavy Timber per Lo

Wharfage of Oak and heavy Planks per Lo Dock + Plank, pe

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Wharfage on Deale Baltic, per reduc ard of 120

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51° GEO. III.

Cap. clxxii.

erecting a New Market Place in the Town or Borough or of Gosport in the County of Southampton. [15th June 1811.]

Cap. clxxiii.

or paving and improving the Streets and other publick and Places in the Parishes of Saint John the Baptist and enedia, in the Town of Glastonbury, in the County of [15th June 1811.]

Cap. clxxiv.

or enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His Majetty, for repairing the Road from Doncaster to Bawtry, punty of York. (a) [15th June 1811.] l Trustees. Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted. Additional Toll of One Half on Sundays.]

Cap. clxxv.

amend and render more effectual an Act of His present for making and maintaining a Road from the Borough wark to the Kent Road, in the County of Surrey. [15th June 1811.]

Cap. clxxvi.

r inclosing certain Lands called Coe otherwise Cow Fen the Parish of Saint Mary the Left, in the Town of Camn the County of Cambridge. [15th June 1811.]

, This A8 has neither the Public or Evidence Clause.]

A.D.1811.

An Act for inclosing Lands of Wilte. (4.P.)

4 Allotment and Compensa of Aflotment to Vicar of

Consent of His Majesty.

An A& for vefting certai in the County of Dog tees, to be fold for Pa out the Surplus of th chase of other Estate the Estates so sold.

An Act for making, Court of Chancer Estates of the R in conformity to

An Act for vesting land, devised by in Trustees, to under the Dire Estates to be f

An Act to enal: and Undivide Leafes of ce of Dublin, 2 beretofore I

An Act for kis Succe working Wolverbe the Colle (q. F.)

> An A& Moiety of Effe of Ea

XVII.

Parish of Tilfbead, in the County [15th June 1841.]

Tithes. § 21, 22.25. No Leafe I, in right of Vicarage, without

XVIII.

te of George Hamilton of Tyrella, nd, Esquire, deceased, in Trusbts and Legacies, and for laying fing from such Sale in the Pucto be settled to the same Uses as [15th June 1811.]

xxix.

irection of His Majefty's High Partition of Part of the Irish le Edward late Earl Beaulieu, n mentioned. (q. P.)

[15th June 1811.]

XX.

n the County of Tyrone in Irereorge Savile, Baronet, deceased, laying out the Purchase Money, 1 Court of Chancery, in other f, and to the same Uses. (q. P.) [15th June 1811.]

zxi.

Cathedral Church of the Holy
to accept Surrenders and grant
Dean's Grange, in the County
especting the Validity of Leases
[15th June 1811.]

xii.

indfor and Wolverhampton, and and Licences for opening and s belonging to the Manor of ng the Income of the Sacrift of ree Chapel of Wolverhampton.

[15th June 1811.]

Kiii.

r Daubuz Esquire, an undivided at Low Layton, in the County urchase Money in the Purchase the subsiding Uses of the Will P.) [15th June 18:1.]

Cap. clxxxiv.

owering the Truftees of certain Lands, Tenements ents in the Counties of Lincoln and Nottingham, reed Lands, to make Sale of a sufficient Part ing off Incumbrances. (q. P.) [15th June 1811.]

Cap. clxxxv.

ng Part of the devised Estates of Henry Vipont ruftees, to be fold, and for laying out the whole ey, under the Direction of the High Court of he Purchase of other Estates, to be settled in lieu the fame Uses. (q. P.) [15th June 1811.]

Cap. clxxxvi.

e the Trustees of the Will of Thomas Peter Legh led, to purchase Estates for the Benesit of their fell certain of the Estates devised by the Will of Peter Legh, for raising Money to pay for such tes, and for re-imburfing a Sum expended in the the Land Tax, charged on other Estates of the said [15th June 1811.] .egh. (q. P.)

Cap. clxxxvii.

fing and dividing the Commons and Waste Lands of Hornchurch, Romford and Havering, within the perty of Havering atte Bower, in the County of [15th June 1811.]

lis Majesty. § 27.

Cap. clxxxvni.

ing Lands in the Manor and Township of Norbury Stockport, in the County of Chefter. (q. P.) [15th June 1811.]

Cap. clxxxix.

ing Lands in the Parish of Kingston, in the County [15th June 1811.]

Cap. exc.

ng Lands in the Parish of Brombam, in the County [15th June 1811.]

Cap. exci.

ng Lands in the Parish of Minty, in the County [15th June 1811.]

Cap. excii.

fing, and exonerating from Tythes, Lands in the at Wymondley, Little Wymondley and Ippollitts, in lertford. (q. P.) [15th Jung 1811.]

Cap

An Act to enable the Severn at to raise a further Sum of M. Works, and for levying a T Goods now exempted; and ! to the faid Company.

An Act for erecting Five disti Rectory and Parish of Simland; and for separating t Church of Simonburn; and Yards and Parsonage Hou the Commissioners and Gov men at Greenwich, in the (Rectory of Simonburn, on fons than Chaplains in the

An Act for constructing a I in the County of Cornwal

An Act for the Improveme Port of Ply mouth, in the

An Act for regulating and County of Perth, and for the Highways, Bridges

† [As to 29 G.

Act for more effectual and Bridges in the Coun

An Act for establishing a in the County of Kent [D]

An Act for building a C Counties of Down and

An Act to amend an Majesty, for erecting 51 GEO. III,

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Cap. exciii.

A to enable the Severn and Wye Railway and Canal Company 49 G. 3. c. cliz. ife a further Sum of Money * for the Completion of their 50 G. 2. c. ccxv. rks, and for levying a Tonnage Rate on certain Vessels and ads now exempted; and further to extend the Powers granted * [30,000 l.] he faid Company. [26th June 1811.]

Cap. exciv.

18 for ereding Five diftinct Rectories and Parishes within the ectory and Parish of Simonburn, in the County of Northumbernd; and for separating the same from the Rectory and Parish hurch of Simonburn; and for providing Parish Churches, Church ards and Parsonage Houses for the same; and for restraining he Commissioners and Governors of the Royal Hospital for Seanen at Greenwich, in the County of Kent, from presenting to the Rectory of Simonburn, on the faid new Rectories, any other Per-[26th June 1811.] fons than Chaplains in the Royal Navy.

Cap. exev.

in Act for constructing a Harbour at Porthleven, in Mount's Bay, in the County of Cornwall. [60,000 l.] [26th June 1811.]

Cap. cxcvi.

An Act for the Improvement of the Harbour of Sutton Pool, in the Port of Plymouth, in the County of Devon. [26th June 1811.] [20,000].]

Cap. exevii.

An Act for regulating and converting the Statute Services in the 25 G. 3. c. 13. County of Perth, and for more effectually making and regulating repealed, and the Highways, Bridges and Ferries within the faid County. [26th June 1811.] therein men-

† [As to 29 G. 3. c. 17. See Cap. exeviii. poft.]

29 G. 3. C. 17. repealed + as . tioned.

Cap. exeviii.

An Act for more effectually repairing and maintaining certain Roads 29 G. 3. c. 17. [26th June 1811.] 36 G. 3. c. 158. and Bridges in the County of Perth. (b) 73 G. 3. c. 164. 39 & 40 G. 3. c. XXXIVe

Cap. excix.

. An Act for establishing a Ferry across the River Thames at Woolswich, 47 G. 3. Sett 2in the County of Kent. [26th June 1811.] c.xx. repealed,

[Double Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. cc.

An Att for building a Church in and for the Parish of Newry, in the Counties of Down and Armagh. [26th June 1811.]

Cap. cci.

An Act to amend an Act of the Forty ninth Year of His present 49 G.3. Majelty, for erecting a new Gaol and House of Correction, and eccession Pρ 51 Gro. III.

for the County Palatine of *Durham*, and making ate for those Purposes. [26th June 1811.]

Cap. ccii,

g the Rates on Coals conveyed on the River ity of Southampton; and for amending and renal the several Acts relating thereto.

[26th June 1811.]

Cap. cciii.

additional Sum of Money * for carrying into ral Acts for widening the Entrance into the r Temple Bar, for making a more commodious l, and for raising Money on the Credit of the these Purposes; and for extending the Powers * [40,000 l.] [26th June 1811.]

Cap. cciv.

the Term and Powers of an Act of His prepairing the Road from Bawtry to Selby, in the County of York. (a) [26th June 1811.]

Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. ecv.

an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing Road from the Eynesford Turnpike Road in the in the County of Kent, to the Turnpike Road raborough, leading from Seven Oaks to Bromty.

[26th June 1811.]

Cap. ccvi.

the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His repairing the Road from the Brick Kilns on to Pembury Green, and from Brand Bridges in the County of Kent; and for making a to the Mereworth and Hadlow Road, in the [26th June 1811.]

Cap. ccvii.

rtain Articles of Agreement between the Most of Atholl, the Right Honourable Edward Earl ht Reverend Claudius Lord Bishop of Sodor purable Edward Stanley commonly called Lord and Daniel Mylrea, William Scott, John Cosnar of the Isle of Man; and for other Purposes.

[26th June 1811.]

Cap. ccviii.

ting all Rights of Common and other Rights, be Land belonging to the Church of Harthill refler, in, upon or under the uninclosed Waste ship of Harthill in the same County, and such ame Township as have been heretofore inclosed Waste Lands in the same Township; and for resting

A.D.1811. veiling a Piece or Parcel o the same Township (subject Reverend Hugh Cholmondele of Hartbill aforefaid, in 1 (q. P.) An Act for confirming cert ington, in the County of ter of Canterbury, jointl Esquire, not warranted by Fourteenth Year of the empowering the faid De the time being of their I Leafes of Parts of the fa therein mentioned. (q. P. An A& for velling in the Parish of Saint Mary County of Middlesex, Parts, belonging to the at Sandon and Much B enable the faid Trufter and Lands; and for ot An Act for vefting certa Grabam Efquire, in apply the Money to and Incumbrances as Thomas Graham in Fe freed from Incumbra Eflates hereby direct An Act for vefting in Wallenger Arnold W to be holden of the Boy er, in the Coun Frust to Sell (9. Ad for velting for modestro T lo to convey the fam-Cortain Parts ! Sum of Money fuch Monies in t Names of the T

vefling a Piece or Parcel of Land called Hook Loom, fituate in the same Township (subject as therein mentioned), in the Very Reverend Hugh Cholmondeley and his Successors, perpetual Curates of Hartbill aforesaid, in lieu and satisfaction of such Rights. [26th June 1811.] (q. P.)

51° GEO. III.

Cap. ccix.

As A& for confirming certain Building Leafes of Lands in Newington, in the County of Surrey, granted by the Dean and Chapter of Canterbury, jointly with their Leffee Thomas Brandon Esquire, not warranted by the Provisions of an Act made in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty; and for 14 G. 3. c. 43. empowering the faid Dean and Chapter, and their Lessees for PR. the time being of their Estates in Newington, to grant Building Leafes of Parts of the faid Premiles; and for other the Purpofes therein mentioned. (q. P.) [26th June 1811.]

Cap. ccx.

An Act for vefting in the Truftees of the Charity Schools of the Parish of Saint Mary Matselon otherwise White Chapel, in the County of Middlesen, the legal Estate of Two undivided Third Parts, belonging to the faid Charity Schools, in a Farm and Lands at Sandon and Much Baddow, in the County of Effex; and to enable the said Trustees to perfect a Partition of the said Farm and Lands; and for other Purposes. (q. P.) [26th June 1811.]

Cap. ecxi.

An Act for verting certain Parts of the entailed Estates of Thomas Grabam Esquire, in Trustees, in Trust to sell the same, and to apply the Money to arise by such Sale in purchasing the Debts and Incumbrances affecting certain Lands belonging to the faid Thomas Graham in Fee Simple, and thereafter to entail those Lands freed from Incumbrances in lieu of those Parts of the entailed Estates hereby directed to be fold. (q. P.) [26th June 1811.]

Cap. cexii.

An Act for vesting in the surviving Trustees of the Will of John Wallinger Arnold Wallinger Efquire, deceased, in ancient Demesne to be holden of the Liberty, Honour or Manor of Havering atte Bower, in the County of Effex, a certain Estate called Hare Hall, [26th June 1811.] in Trust to sell. (q. P.)

Cap. cexiii.

An Act for veiling in Trustees the Two undivided Sixteenth Parts and One Thirty fecond Part, late of John Ulric Collins Esquire, deceased, of a certain Messuage, Farm and Lands in the Parishes of Tottenbam and Edmonton in the County of Middlesex, in Trust, to convey the same respectively unto William Horton Esquire, as to certain Parts thereof, and as to the remaining Parts, to James Clark Esquire, upon Payment by them respectively of a certain Sum of Money for the Purchase of the same; and for investing fuch Monies in the Purchase of Lands and Hereditaments in the Names of the Trustees, for the Benefit of Charlotte Collins the Widow.

f the Infant Children of the faid John Ulric Collins, amed in his Will. (q. P.) [26th June 1811.]

Cap. ccxiv.

anging an Estate belonging to Michael Hicks Beach ee, for Part of his Estate under Settlement. (q.P.)

[26th June 1811.]

Cap.ccxv.

uating an Exchange between William Squire Esquire, bomas Squire an Infant, of a Fee Simple Estate bese said William Squire, and situate in the Parish of a County of Huntingdon, for an undivided Moiety, the said William Thomas Squire, in certain Public ands, situate in the several Counties of Northampton, ingdon and the Isle of Ely, in Cambridgeshire. (q.B.)

Cap. ccxvi.

ble the Trustees of certain Lands called the Stone in the Parish of Saint Mary Islington, in the County to grant Building Leases thereof. (q.P.)

[26th Juhe 1811.]

Cap. ccxvii.

ofing Lands in the Parish of Drayton, in the County P.) [26th June 1811.] d Compensation for Tithes. § 16, 17, 18.

Cap. ccxviii.

iclosing Lands in the United Parishes Sulbamssead ulbamssead Bannister otherwise Meales, in the County P.) [26th June 1811.]

Cap. cexix.

closing Lands in the Parishes of Great Walding field and Great Cornard, in the County of Suffolk. (q.P.)
[26th June 1811.]

Cap. ccxx.

king and maintaining a Road from the Kent Road, y of Surrey, to Deptford, in the County of Kent; a therefrom, to Horfleydown, in the faid County of [1st July 1811.]

Cap. ccxxi.

viding, and exonerating from Tithes, certain Lands of Ecclesfield, and West Riding of the County of [9th July 1811.]



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* Signifies thai

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Sugar (Annual Duties) 2 Sugar (Bounties, Drawbacks and	&c.) 97
Sub (Bounties, Drawbacks and	Transportation (Felons) - 63
nuntervailing Duties) - 13	Veffels (Seizure of) - 06
	Wash (Excise Duties) - 59
(Duties) 27	Westminster Election (Hustings and
armuation Fund (Customs) 55	Poll Clerks) 126
Super te Courts (Labrador) 45 Surroy (Duties) 43	White Herring Fishery (British) tot
Surros (Duties) - 43	Wives and Families (Soldiers) 106
Timbe (Annual Duties) - 2	Wood (Duties on) 43
Timbe (Annual Duties) 2 Tobacc (Duties) 27	